

Title (en)
CRYPTOGRAPHIC ENGINE USING BASE CONVERSION, LOGIC OPERATIONS AND PRNG IN DATA ARRAYS TO INCREASE DISPERSION IN CIPHERTEXT

Title (de)
KRYPTOGRAPHISCHE VORRICHTUNG UNTER VERWENDUNG EINER BASISUMWANDLUNG, LOGISCHE OPERATIONEN UND ZUFALLSZAHLENGENERATOR IN EINEM DATENFELD ZUR VERGRÖßERUNG DER DISPERSION IN EINEM VERSCHLÜSSELTEN TEXT

Title (fr)
MOTEUR CRYPTOGRAPHIQUE UTILISANT LA CONVERSION DE BASE DE NUMERATION, DES OPERATIONS LOGIQUES ET UN GENERATEUR DE NOMBRES PSEUDO-ALEATOIRES POUR DES MATRICES DE DONNEES DE FA ON A AUGMENTER LA DISPERSION DANS LE TEXTE CHIFFRE

Publication
EP 1179243 A4 20050720 (EN)

Application
EP 99927081 A 19990518

Priority
US 9910967 W 19990518

Abstract (en)
[origin: CA2371452A1] The plaintext is partitioned, block-by-block, the block size being a user selectable power of 2 in size (step 1). The data bytes in the input block are selected M bytes at a time, where $M \geq 2$, with permuted addressing to form a single concatenated data byte, CDB. The CDB is modified by rotating (or barrel shifting) a random bit distance (step 7). The CDB may also be modified before or after rotation by simple arithmetic/logic operations (step 12). After modification, the CDB is broken up into M bytes and each of the M bytes is placed into the output block with permuted addressing (step 4). The output block, or ciphertext, may again be used as an input block and the process repeated with a new output block. This scheme may be used as an encryption method by itself or in conjunction with other block encryption methods. The latter may be accomplished by using this scheme between successive stages of other encryption methods on blocked data, or between an internal stage of the other methods. The sources of random number (step 2) used to determine the distance for the random rotation operation can be from: a pseudo-random number generator, sampled music CD-ROMs, entries in tables arrays, buffers, or any other digital source.

IPC 1-7
H04L 9/28

IPC 8 full level
G09C 1/00 (2006.01); **H04L 9/06** (2006.01)

CPC (source: EP)
H04L 9/0618 (2013.01); **H04L 9/0662** (2013.01); **H04L 2209/04** (2013.01); **H04L 2209/12** (2013.01)

Citation (search report)

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- [X] RIVEST R L: "THE RC5 ENCRYPTION ALGORITHM", FAST SOFTWARE ENCRYPTION. INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP, 1995, pages 86 - 95, XP000890159
- See references of WO 0070819A1

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