

Title (en)
CURRENT AND VOLTAGE MEASURING UNIT

Title (de)
STROM- UND SPANNUNGSMESSEINHEIT

Title (fr)
UNITÉ DE MESURE DE COURANT ET DE TENSION

Publication
EP 3918350 C0 20240313 (EN)

Application
EP 20701423 A 20200116

Priority
• CH 892019 A 20190128
• EP 2020051066 W 20200116

Abstract (en)
[origin: WO2020156826A1] Power generation is becoming more diverse as renewable energy becomes more widely available - smart meters can help with calculating the energy supplied, ensuring a correct degree of compensation and tracing down sources of problems such as faults, short-circuits, power spikes, unbalanced loads and a drop in power quality. Current smart meters are often difficult to install, often due to the clamps that must be clipped around the conductors to measure current - several different diameters must be provided to reduce the risk that the diameter is unsuitable. A measuring unit (100) is provided for simultaneous measurement of two current values and two voltage values of a power line (300) with three high-voltage conductors, the measuring unit (100) comprising three two-pole electrical interconnections, each interconnection being configured to be connected between two separated ends of a high-voltage conductor; a first (610) and second (630) current sensor, configured and arranged to measure a current through the first interconnection (210) and through the third (230) interconnection respectively; and a first (710) and second (720) voltage sensor, configured and arranged to measure a voltage between the first (210) and second (220) interconnection and between the second (220) and third (230) interconnection; the measurement of the two current values and the two voltage values is at a floating potential. This measuring unit (100) may be installed directly on all three phases, of a substation for example, with its own internal power source and with no ground connection. The actual measurements are done between the phases. Current may be measured using a Hall sensor, a shunt sensor, a Rogowski coil current sensor or a transformer, as for instance a nano-core current transformer. Voltage may be measured using a voltage divider. Based on high accuracy, the device may perform both commercial energy metering and measurements/monitoring of electrical parameters for technical purposes (e.g. power quality, voltage or current variations). Such features are important for power systems with high penetration of variable renewable energy resources such as solar PV or wind.

IPC 8 full level
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CPC (source: CH EP US)
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Designated contracting state (EPC)
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Participating member state (EPC – UP)
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WO 2020156826 A1 20200806; **WO 2020156826 A8 20211007**; CH 716185 A1 20201113; EA 202191916 A1 20211013; EP 3918350 A1 20211208; EP 3918350 B1 20240313; EP 3918350 C0 20240313; US 11977105 B2 20240507; US 2022187347 A1 20220616

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