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(54) **DRAINAGE DEVICE FOR KITCHEN AND BATH FACILITIES**

ABLAUFVORRICHTUNG FÜR KÜCHEN- UND BADEINRICHTUNGEN

DISPOSITIF DE DRAINAGE POUR CUISINE ET SALLE DE BAINS

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Description**Brief Description of the Drawings****Background of the Present Invention****[0006]****Field of Invention**

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[0001] The present invention relates to a drainage device for kitchen and bath facilities.

FIG. 1 is a sectional view taken along the line M-M shown in FIG. 5, illustrating the drainage state of a drainage device applied to a sink according to a first embodiment of the present invention.

Description of Related Arts

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[0002] At present, there are two main kinds of drainage device for being applied to a basin in a kitchen or bathroom. One is a traditional lifting type, in which the lifting part is installed on the back of the faucet. This drainage device is easily destroyed and is inconvenient to operate. The other drainage device provides an open-and-close member directly plugged into the outlet of the basin. This method is easy to operate and not easily destroyed. But its disadvantage is that during the opening and closing operation, a user has to contact the used water in the basin. Examples of a drainage device according to the state of the art are disclosed in DE931760C, US2348093A, DE202004008315U1 and JP11001949A.

FIG. 2 is a sectional view taken along the line M-M shown in FIG. 5, illustrating the storage state of the drainage device applied to a sink according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

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FIG. 3 is a sectional view of the drainage mechanism according the first embodiment of the present invention.

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FIG. 4 is a sectional view of the operating mechanism according the first embodiment of the present invention.

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FIG. 5 is a top view of the drainage device according the first embodiment of the present invention.

Summary of the Present Invention

[0003] An object of the present invention is to provide a drainage device for kitchen and bath facilities which has the advantage of easy operation, good sealing effect and is in line with user-friendly design.

FIG. 6 is a schematic view of a sliding shaft of the operating mechanism as shown in FIG. 1.

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FIG. 7 is a schematic view of the sliding shaft positioning at unidirectional sliding slots and positions as shown in FIG. 6.

[0004] Accordingly, in order to accomplish the above object, the present invention provides a drainage device according to claim 1 comprising a drainage mechanism and an operating mechanism. The drainage mechanism comprises a downspout body and a pipe cover, wherein the downspout body is provided with a rotatable linkage unit which is capable of bending and stretching in a vertical direction and a guide unit for guiding vertical movement. The pipe cover is connected with an upper portion of the linkage unit, and a coupling member is led out from the sidewall of the downspout body, wherein one end of the coupling member is connected with the linkage unit, and the other end of the coupling member is connected with the operating mechanism which is adapted to operate the linkage unit. Due to above structure, the present invention has two operating methods. One is to use the operating mechanism to operate the linkage unit to switch drainage and storage. The other is to directly operate the pipe cover to switch two states. Both methods provide convenient operation for the user, and have good sealing effect.

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FIG. 8 is a sectional view of the drainage device applied to a sink according to the second embodiment of the present invention, illustrating the drainage state of the drainage device.

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FIG. 9 is a sectional view of the drainage device applied to a sink according to the second embodiment of the present invention, illustrating the storage state of the drainage device.

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FIG. 10 is a sectional view of the drainage mechanism according the second embodiment of the present invention.

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FIG. 11 is a top view according to the second embodiment of the present invention.

[0005] These and other objectives, features, and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description, the accompanying drawings, and the appended claims.

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FIG. 12 is a sectional view of the drainage device applied to a sink according to the third embodiment of the present invention, illustrating the drainage state of the drainage device.

FIG. 13 is a sectional view of the drainage device applied to a sink according to the third embodiment of the present invention, illustrating the storage state of the drainage device.

FIG. 14 is a top view according to the third embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 15 is a sectional view of the drainage device applied to a sink according to the fourth embodiment of the present invention, illustrating the drainage state of the drainage device.

FIG. 16 is a sectional view of the drainage device applied to a sink according to the fourth embodiment of the present invention, illustrating the storage state of the drainage device.

FIG. 17 is a top view according to the fourth embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 18 is a sectional view of the drainage device applied to a bathtub according to the fifth embodiment of the present invention, illustrating the storage state of the drainage device.

FIG. 19 is a sectional view of the drainage device applied to a sink according to the fifth embodiment of the present invention, illustrating the drainage state of the drainage device.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

[0007] Referring to FIG. 1 to FIG. 7 of the drawings, a first embodiment of a drainage device is illustrated, in which the drainage device is applied to a sink C.

[0008] The drainage device comprises a drainage mechanism B and an operating mechanism A. The drainage mechanism B is placed on a lower outlet of the sink C.

[0009] The drainage mechanism B comprises a downspout body B1 and a pipe cover B2, wherein the downspout body B1 is provided with a rotatable linkage unit which is capable of bending and stretching in a vertical direction and a guide unit for guiding vertical movement.

[0010] According to the first embodiment, the downspout body B1 comprises an upper pipe B11 and a lower pipe B12, wherein the upper pipe B11 is threadedly engaged with the lower pipe B12. The guide unit is located in the upper pipe B11, and the linkage unit is located in the lower pipe B12, so as to facilitate manufacture and installation.

[0011] The guide unit comprises a guide pipe B4, wherein the guide pipe B4 is connected with the upper portion of the downspout body B1 via a first frame B41, that is, according to the first embodiment, the guide pipe B4 is connected with the upper pipe B11 of the downspout body B1.

[0012] A coupling member is led out from the sidewall of the downspout body B1, wherein one end of the coupling member is connected with the linkage unit, and the other end of the coupling member is connected with the operating mechanism A which is adapted to operate the

linkage unit. The linkage unit comprises a lower rocking rod B62, a middle linking rod B61 hingedly connected with the lower rocking rod B62, and a lifting rod B3 guided by the guide unit. The lifting rod B3 passes through the guide pipe B4 so as to be guided by the guide pipe B4. The pipe cover B2 is connected with the lifting rod B3, and the coupling member is connected with the lower rocking rod B62. According to the first embodiment, the lower portion of the downspout body B1, specifically, a second frame B63 is provided in the lower pipe B12 of the downspout body B1, and the lower end of the lower rocking rod B62 is hingedly connected with the second frame B63.

[0013] The coupling member comprises a coupling wire B71 made of steel and a coupling base B72, wherein the coupling base B72 is connected with the lower rocking rod B62, so as to facilitate the coupling member to take a push-pull effect on the linkage unit. A first coupling ball B73 is provided on one end of the coupling wire B71, and rotatably stuck in the coupling base B72. A block B74 is connected with the coupling base B72 and matched with the coupling ball B73 for pushing and resisting the first coupling ball B73.

[0014] The operating mechanism A comprises a sliding shaft 2 having a head 21 and a tail 24, a fixing casing 1 with a hollow structure, wherein the sliding shaft 2 is slidably located in the fixing casing 1 and connected with the coupling wire B71. The operating mechanism A further comprises a spring 3 at a position to resist the sliding shaft 2 from head 21 to tail 24. Preferably, along the direction of the spring resisting up, there is a first position 71 and a second position 72 provided for being capable of keeping the sliding shaft 2 stopping at different heights.

[0015] The head 21 of the sliding shaft 2 is threadedly engaged with a nut 4, and a second coupling ball B75 is provided on the other end of the coupling wire B71 and stuck in the nut 4.

[0016] According to the first embodiment, the operating mechanism A is mounted on the sink C or a platform for supporting the sink C at a position beside the faucet D. The outer wall of the fixing casing 1 is step-shaped, and the fixing casing 1 is stuck and then fixed on the sink C or the platform by a fixing nut 5. The other components of the operating mechanism A are all supported by the fixing casing 1.

[0017] The operating mechanism A further comprises a button 23 connected with the tail 24 of the sliding shaft 2.

[0018] A spring cover 6 is connected with the lower end of the fixing casing 1, wherein the spring 3 is mounted in the spring cover 6 to resist up the sliding shaft 2.

[0019] According to the first embodiment, the fixing casing 1 comprises a casing plug 7 threadedly engaged with the fixing casing 1, wherein the sliding shaft 2 is passed through the casing plug 7. The sliding shaft 2 has a positioning slot 22 along the axial direction and matched with the casing plug 7 to position the sliding shaft 2 in the circumferential direction.

[0020] The operating mechanism A further comprises

a stop hook 8 having a hook member and a connecting member hooked the casing plug 7, in such a manner that the casing plug 7 is capable of being used to connect and match with the stop hook 8. Furthermore, a circle spring 9 is provided outside the casing plug 7 for fixing the stop hook 8.

[0021] The first position 71 and the second position 72 are provided at different heights of the surface of the sliding shaft 2 and matched with the stop hook 8, wherein the first position 71 is nearer to the head 21 of the sliding shaft 2 than the second position 72. The sliding shaft 2 has a first unidirectional sliding slot in the surface thereof for guiding the sliding shaft 2 matched with the hook member of the stop hook 8 to move from the first position 71 to the second position 72, and a second unidirectional sliding slot in the surface thereof for guiding the sliding shaft 2 matched with the hook member of the stop hook 8 to move from the second position 72 to the first position 71. The first unidirectional sliding slot comprises a first sliding segment 81 which starts from the first position 71, and a second sliding segment 82 which is connected with the first sliding segment 81 and extended to the second position 72, wherein a first joint 91 of the first sliding segment 81 and the second sliding segment 82 is farther to the head 21 of the sliding shaft 2 than the second position 72. Similarly, the second unidirectional sliding slot comprises a third sliding segment 83 which starts from the second position 72, and a fourth sliding segment 84 which is connected with the third sliding segment 83, wherein a second joint 92 of the third sliding segment 83 and the fourth sliding segment 84 is farther to the head 21 of the sliding shaft 2 than the second position 72. The fourth sliding segment 84 is communicated to the first sliding segment 81, or connected with the first position 71.

[0022] To achieve the unidirectional relative movement between the sliding slots and the stop hook 8, there are two ways: by designing the sidewalls of the sliding slots or by designing the bottom of the sliding slots. The first embodiment applies to designing the bottom of the sliding slots to achieve the above purpose, and to make the switch action reliable and long service life. The concrete implementation is that the first sliding segment 81 is connected with the second sliding segment 82 in a step-shaped manner, wherein at the first joint 91 of the first sliding segment 81 and the second sliding segment 82, the bottom of the second sliding segment 82 is lower than the first sliding segment 81. In the same way, the third sliding segment 83 is connected with the fourth sliding segment 84 in a step-shaped manner, wherein at the second joint 92 of the third sliding segment 83 and the fourth sliding segment 84, the bottom of the fourth sliding segment 84 is lower than the third sliding segment 83. The second sliding segment 82 has a downward stepped portion 93 at a position near to the second position 72. The fourth sliding segment 84 is connected with the first sliding segment 81 in a step-shaped manner, wherein at a third joint 94 of the fourth sliding segment 84 and the first sliding segment 81, the bottom of the first sliding

segment 81 is lower than the fourth sliding segment 84.

[0023] In the first embodiment, the stop hook 8 which is capable of being moved in a certain range matches with the unrotatable sliding segments 81, 82, 83, 84 in the sliding shaft 2. Alternatively, a rotatable sliding shaft 2 may be used to be rotated in a certain range so as to achieve the relative movement between the sliding segments 81, 82, 83, 84 and the stop hook 8. However, the first embodiment is more comfortable and convenient.

[0024] According to the first embodiment, the button 23 is used to control operation. To press the button 23 so as to move down the sliding shaft 2, then under the effect of the circle spring 9, the connecting member of the stop hook 8 is fixed at the casing plug 7, while the hook member of the stop hook 8 slides up from the first position 71 along the first sliding segment 81. Continue pressing the button 23, the hook member of the stop hook 8 passes through the first joint 91 and enters to the second sliding segment 82. When the button 23 is released, the sliding shaft 2 will move up under the effect of the spring 3. But owing to the step-shaped connection between the first sliding segment 81 and the second sliding segment 82, and also because the bottom of the second sliding segment 82 is lower than the first sliding segment 81 at the first joint 91, the hook member of the stop hook 8 is not able to backtrack and is only able to move down along the second sliding segment 82 to the area of the second position 72 and then to hook the second position 72 to complete a downward movement of the sliding shaft 2. This state is a first stop state of the operating mechanism A, in which the spring 3 is compressed, and under the effect of the coupling wire B71, the states of the linkage unit and the pipe cover B2 are as shown in FIG. 2. At this moment, the lower outlet of the sink C is closed by the pipe cover B2.

[0025] To press down the button 23 again, due to the second sliding segment 82 having a downward stepped portion 93 at a position near to the second position 72, the hook member of the stop hook 8 is not able to backtrack and is only able to move up along the third sliding segment 83 and to enter the fourth sliding segment 84. When the button 23 is released, the sliding shaft 2 will move up under the effect of the spring 3. But owing to the step-shaped connection between the third sliding segment 83 and the fourth sliding segment 84, and also because the bottom of the fourth sliding segment 84 is lower than the third sliding segment 83 at the second joint 92, the hook member of the stop hook 8 is not able to backtrack and is only able to move down along the fourth sliding segment 84 to the first position 71 or along the fourth sliding segment 84 to enter the first sliding segment 81 and then reach the first position 71 and hook the first position 71, so as to complete an upward movement of the sliding shaft 2. This state is a second stop state of the operating mechanism A, in which the states of the linkage unit and the pipe cover B2 under the effect of the coupling wire B71 are as shown in FIG. 1., At this moment, the lower outlet of the sink C is open.

[0026] In an alternative operation, opening and closing of the pipe cover B2 may be accomplished via reverse operation. Concretely, to press down the pipe cover B2, the linkage unit and the coupling wire B71 of the coupling member will take effect on the operating mechanism A, so as to make the button 23 or other operating rod move down. The operation for closing the pipe cover B2 is completed. In order to open the pipe cover B2, the button 23 or other operating rod is needed to be pressed down continually. Here, the sliding track of the sliding shaft 2 in this operation is same to that in the first embodiment.

[0027] Referring to FIG. 8 to FIG. 11 of the drawings, a second embodiment of a drainage device is illustrated, wherein the reference members shown in the FIG. 8 to FIG. 11 are same to and standing for identical meanings with those shown in the FIG. 1 to FIG. 7.

[0028] According to the second embodiment, the main body of the drainage mechanism B is identical to that in the first embodiment. The different point is that the upper pipe B11 is connected with the lower pipe B12 via a threaded member. The threaded member comprises a nut B81, a threaded head B82, and an inner threaded connector B83, wherein a bolt B5 is provided at the upper end of the lifting rod B3, and the pipe cover B2 is threaded engaged with the bolt B5. In such a manner, the height of the pipe cover B2 is capable of being adjusted at a certain range so as to better cooperate with the bending and stretching movement of the linkage mechanism.

[0029] Furthermore, according to the second embodiment, the hinged joint B60 of the lower rocking rod B62 and the second frame B63 deviates from the centre of the downspout body B1 and is near to the side connected with the coupling member. In such a manner, the coupling member can be more convenient to push the lower rocking rod B62, so as to make the bending and stretching movement of the linkage unit smoother, which is benefit for fast opening and closing the pipe cover B2.

[0030] Compared with the first embodiment, the second embodiment provides the same operating mechanism A but adopts a different installation position. Furthermore, an operating rod 201 is adopted to replace the button 23.

[0031] The faucet D is connected with a press plate 202, and is mounted on the sink C or a platform for supporting the sink C via the press plate 202. The press plate 202 has a threaded hole therein, and the fixing casing 1 of the operating mechanism A is threadedly engaged with the threaded hole. The faucet D has a bias through hole 203 extended from the back thereof to the bottom thereof for passing the operating rod 201 therethrough.

[0032] The reference member C stands for sink.

[0033] Referring to FIG. 12 to FIG. 14 of the drawings, a third embodiment of a drainage device is illustrated, in which a same operating mechanism A and a different installation position of the operating mechanism A are provided. And the drainage mechanism B is also the same as that in the first embodiment.

[0034] According to the first embodiment, the operat-

ing mechanism A is mounted on the sink C or a platform for supporting the sink C at a position beside the faucet D. The outer wall of the fixing casing 1 is step-shaped, and the fixing casing 1 is stuck and then fixed on the sink C or the platform by the nut 4. The other components of the operating mechanism A are all supported by the fixing casing 1.

[0035] The operating mechanism A comprises an operating rod 301 connected with the sliding shaft 2. Two handles D2 of the faucet D are separated from the outlet part D1 at a position outside the outlet part D1, wherein the handles D2 are communicated to the outlet part D1 via pipes. The operating mechanism A is vertically installed on a three-way connector D3 which is mounted on the inlet pipe underneath the outlet part D1, wherein the installation is completed via a nut adapter D4. Concretely, the nut adapter D4 connects the three-way connector D3 to the fixing casing 1. The outlet part D1 has a vertical hole 302 therein for passing the sliding shaft 2 and the operating rod 301 (or button) therethrough. Furthermore, on the section passing through the outlet pipe, the operating rod 301 is enclosed within an isolated sleeve 303.

[0036] The reference member C stands for sink.

[0037] Referring to FIG. 15 to FIG. 17 of the drawings, a fourth embodiment of a drainage device is illustrated, in which the same operating mechanism A and a different installation position of the operating mechanism A are provided. In the fourth embodiment, some of the components of the operating mechanism A are integrated into the faucet D, and the drainage mechanism B is also the same as that in the first embodiment.

[0038] The operating mechanism A comprises an operating rod 401 (or button) connected with the sliding shaft 2. The faucet D has a bias through hole 402 extended from the back thereof to the bottom thereof for passing the sliding shaft 2 and the operating rod 401 (or button) therethrough. The operating mechanism A is obliquely mounted on the faucet D. Concretely, the faucet D has a threaded hole provided in the bottom thereof, and the fixing casing 1 of the operating mechanism A is threadedly engaged with the threaded hole.

[0039] The reference member C stands for sink.

[0040] Referring to FIG. 18 to FIG. 19 of the drawings, a fifth embodiment of the drainage device applied to a bathtub is illustrated, in which different installation positions of the downspout B1 and the guide unit are provided. And the operating mechanism A and the drainage mechanism B are the same as those in the first embodiment.

[0041] One skilled in the art will understand that the embodiment of the present invention as shown in the drawings and described above is exemplary only and is not intended to be limiting.

[0042] It will thus be seen that the objects of the present invention have been fully and effectively accomplished. Its embodiments have been shown and described for the purposes of illustrating the functional and structural prin-

principles of the present invention and is subject to change without departure from such principles. Therefore, this invention includes all modifications encompassed within the spirit and scope of the following claims.

Claims

1. A drainage device for kitchen and bath facilities, said drainage device comprising:
a drainage mechanism (B) and an operating mechanism (A), said drainage mechanism (B) is configured to be placed on a lower outlet of a basin (C), said drainage mechanism (B) comprising:

a downspout body (B1) provided with a hinged linkage unit operable to move an upper portion of the linkage in a vertical direction and a guide unit for guiding vertical movement;

a pipe cover (B2) connected with an upper portion (B3) of the linkage unit; and

a coupling member which is led out from a side-wall of the downspout body, wherein one end of the coupling member is connected with the linkage unit, and the other end of the coupling member is connected with an operating mechanism (A) which is adapted to operate the linkage unit; wherein the linkage unit comprises a lower rocking rod (B62), a middle linking rod (B61) hingedly connected with the lower rocking rod (B62), and a lifting rod (B3) guided by the guide unit, wherein the coupling member is connected with the lower rocking rod (B62), and a lower frame (B63) is provided in the downspout body (B1), wherein a lower end of the lower rocking rod (B62) is hingedly connected with the lower frame (B63); wherein the coupling member comprises a coupling wire (B71) made of steel and a coupling base (B72), wherein the coupling base (B72) is connected with the lower rocking rod (B62), **characterized in that** a first coupling ball (B73) is provided on one end of the coupling wire and rotatably stuck in the coupling base (B72).

2. A drainage device according to claim 1, wherein a block (B74) is connected with the coupling base and matched with the coupling ball (B73) for pushing and resisting the first coupling ball.

3. A drainage device, according to any preceding claim, wherein the downspout body (B1) comprises an upper pipe and a lower pipe, wherein the upper pipe is threaded engaged with the lower pipe, and an upper frame is provided in the upper pipe.

4. A drainage device according to any preceding claim, wherein the downspout body comprises an upper pipe (B11) and a lower pipe (B12), wherein the upper

pipe (B11) is threaded engaged with the lower pipe (B12) via a thread member, and a lower frame (B63) is provided in the lower pipe.

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Patentansprüche

1. Ablaufvorrichtung für Küchen- und Badeinrichtungen, wobei die Ablaufvorrichtung Folgendes umfasst:

einen Ablaufmechanismus (B) und einen Betätigungsmechanismus (A), wobei der Ablaufmechanismus (B) dazu konfiguriert ist, an einem unteren Auslass eines Beckens (C) platziert zu werden, wobei der Ablaufmechanismus (B) Folgendes umfasst:

einen Fallrohrkörper (B1), der mit einer angelenkten Gestängeeinheit, die dahingehend betreibbar ist, einen oberen Abschnitt des Gestänges in einer vertikalen Richtung zu bewegen, und einer Führungseinheit zum Führen einer vertikalen Bewegung versehen ist;

eine Rohrabdeckung (B2), die mit einem oberen Abschnitt (B3) der Gestängeeinheit verbunden ist; und

ein Kopplungsglied, das aus einer Seitenwand des Fallrohrkörpers herausführt,

wobei ein Ende des Kopplungsglieds mit der Gestängeeinheit verbunden ist und das andere Ende des Kopplungsglieds mit einem Betätigungsmechanismus (A), der dazu ausgeführt ist, die Gestängeeinheit zu betätigen, verbunden ist; wobei die Gestängeeinheit eine untere Kippstange (B62), eine mittige Verbindungsstange (B61), die mit der unteren Kippstange (B62) gelenkig verbunden ist, und eine Hebestange (B3), die von der Führungseinheit geführt wird, umfasst, wobei das Kopplungsglied mit der unteren Kippstange (B62) verbunden ist und ein unterer Rahmen (B63) in dem Fallrohrkörper (B1) vorgesehen ist, wobei ein unteres Ende der unteren Kippstange (B62) mit dem unteren Rahmen (B63) gelenkig verbunden ist; wobei das Kopplungsglied einen Kopplungsdraht (B71) aus Stahl und eine Kopplungsbasis (B72) umfasst, wobei die Kopplungsbasis (B72) mit der unteren Kippstange (B62) verbunden ist, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** eine erste Kopplungskugel (B73) an einem Ende des Kopplungsdrahts vorgesehen ist und drehbar in der Kopplungsbasis (B72) steckt.

2. Ablaufvorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei ein Block (B74) zum Wegschieben und Widerstehen der ers-

ten Kopplungskugel mit der Kopplungsbasis verbunden und mit der Kopplungskugel (B73) zusammengepasst ist.

3. Ablaufvorrichtung nach einem vorhergehenden Anspruch, wobei der Fallrohrkörper (B1) ein oberes Rohr und ein unteres Rohr umfasst, wobei das obere Rohr in Gewindeeingriff mit dem unteren Rohr steht und ein oberer Rahmen in dem oberen Rohr vorgesehen ist. 5
4. Ablaufvorrichtung nach einem vorhergehenden Anspruch, wobei der Fallrohrkörper ein oberes Rohr (B11) und ein unteres Rohr (B12) umfasst, wobei das obere Rohr (B11) über ein Gewindeglied in Gewindeeingriff mit dem unteren Rohr (B12) steht und ein unterer Rahmen (B63) in dem unteren Rohr vorgesehen ist. 10

Revendications

1. Dispositif de drainage pour installations de cuisines et salles de bains, ledit dispositif de drainage comprenant : 15

un mécanisme de drainage (B) et un mécanisme d'actionnement (A), ledit mécanisme de drainage (B) est configuré pour être placé sur une sortie inférieure d'une cuvette (C), ledit mécanisme de drainage (B) comprenant :

un corps de tuyau de descente (B1) pourvu d'une unité de liaison articulée pouvant être actionnée pour déplacer une partie supérieure de la liaison dans une direction verticale et d'une unité de guidage pour guider le mouvement vertical ;

un recouvrement de tuyau (B2) connecté à une partie supérieure (B3) de l'unité de liaison ; et

un organe de raccordement qui est conduit hors d'une paroi latérale du corps de tuyau de descente, une extrémité de l'organe de raccordement étant connectée à l'unité de liaison, et l'autre extrémité de l'organe de raccordement étant connectée à un mécanisme d'actionnement (A) qui est prévu pour actionner l'unité de liaison ; 30

l'unité de liaison comprenant une tige de basculement inférieure (B62), une tige de liaison centrale (B61) connectée de manière articulée à la tige de basculement inférieure (B62), et une tige de levage (B3) guidée par l'unité de guidage, l'organe de raccordement étant connecté à la tige de basculement inférieure (B62), et un cadre inférieur (B63) étant prévu dans le corps de 35

tuyau de descente (B1), une extrémité inférieure de la tige de basculement inférieure (B62) étant connectée de manière articulée au cadre inférieur (B63) ;

l'organe de raccordement comprenant un fil de raccordement (B71) fabriqué en acier et une base de raccordement (B72), la base de raccordement (B72) étant connectée à la tige de basculement inférieure (B62), **caractérisé en ce que**

une première bille de raccordement (B73) est prévue sur une extrémité du fil de raccordement et est coincée de manière rotative dans la base de raccordement (B72).

2. Dispositif de drainage selon la revendication 1, dans lequel un bloc (B74) est connecté à la base de raccordement et est accouplé à la bille de raccordement (B73) pour pousser la première bille de raccordement, et résister à celle-ci. 40

3. Dispositif de drainage selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel le corps de tuyau de descente (B1) comprend un tuyau supérieur et un tuyau inférieur, le tuyau supérieur étant engagé par filetage avec le tuyau inférieur, un cadre supérieur étant prévu dans le tuyau supérieur. 45

4. Dispositif de drainage selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel le corps de tuyau de descente comprend un tuyau supérieur (B11) et un tuyau inférieur (B12), le tuyau supérieur (B11) étant engagé par filetage avec le tuyau inférieur (B12) par le biais d'un organe de filetage, et un cadre inférieur (B63) étant prévu dans le tuyau inférieur. 50

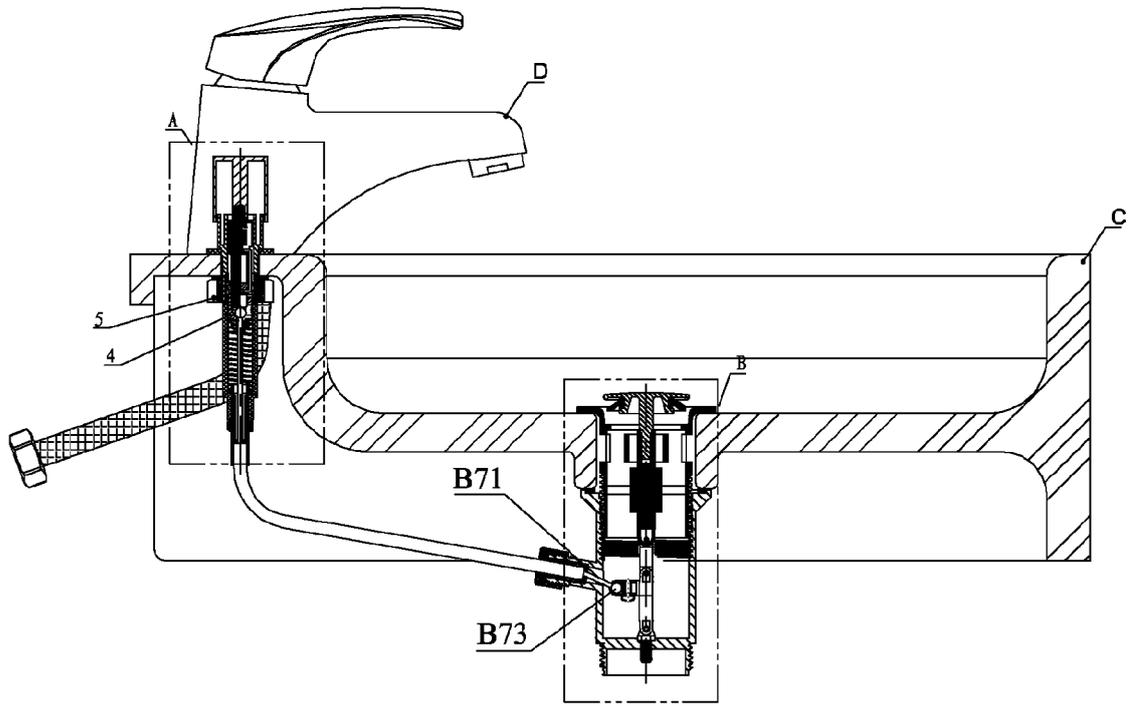


FIG.1

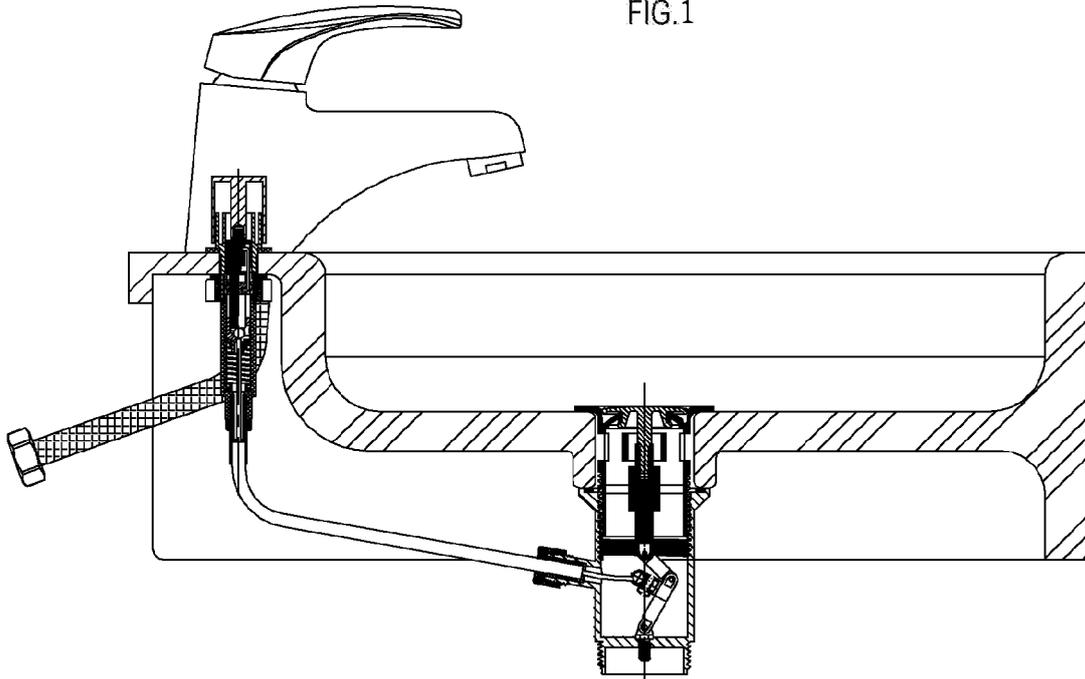


FIG.2

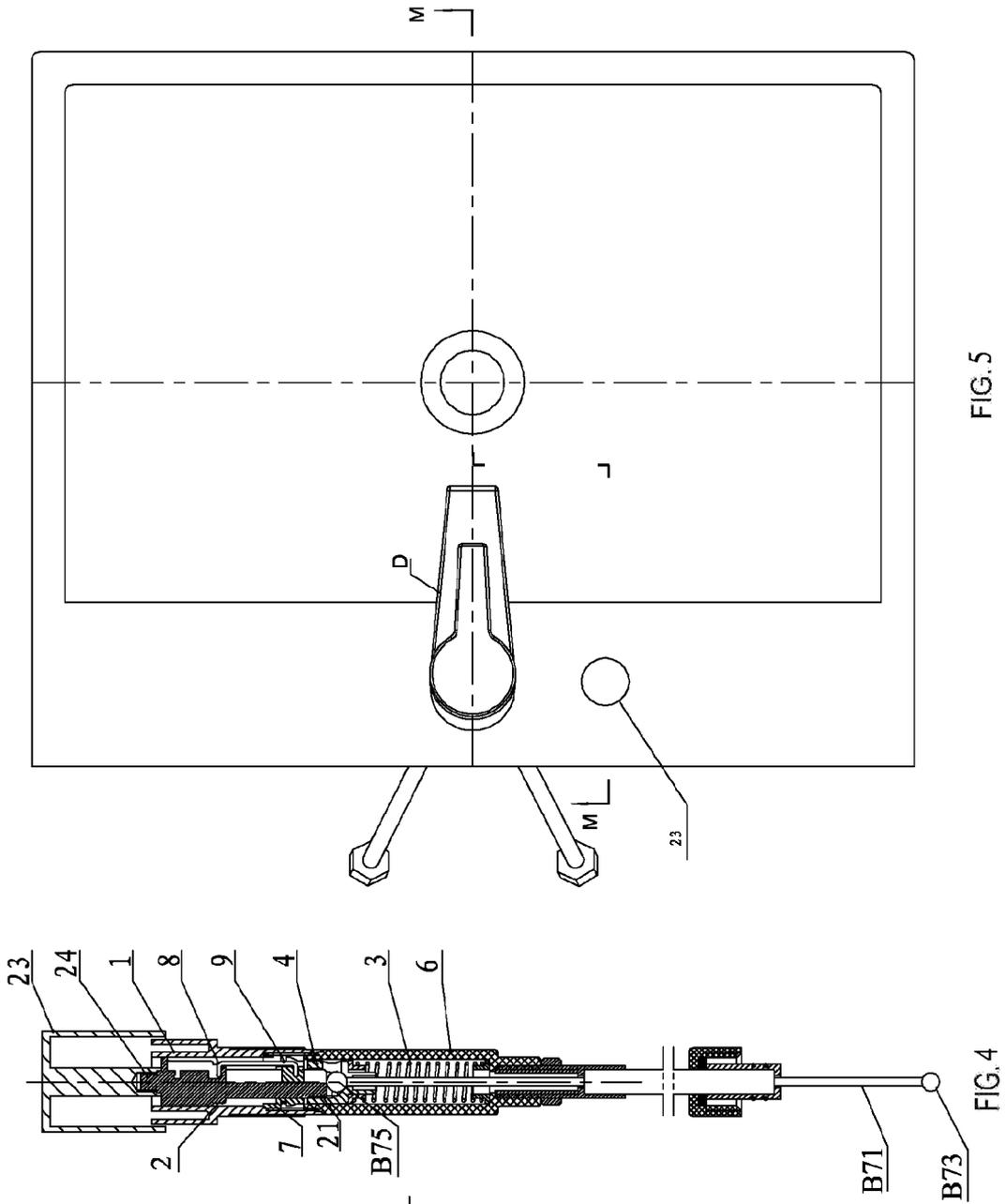


FIG. 5

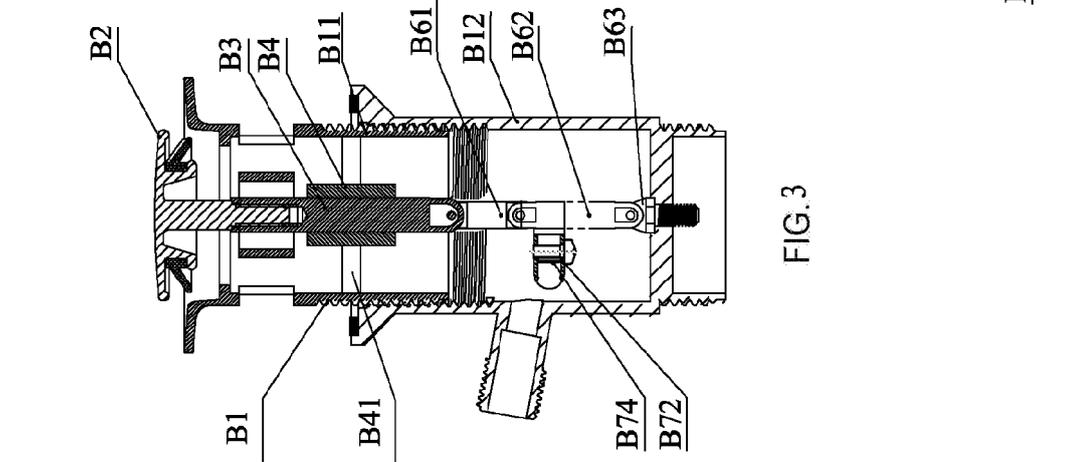


FIG. 3

FIG. 4

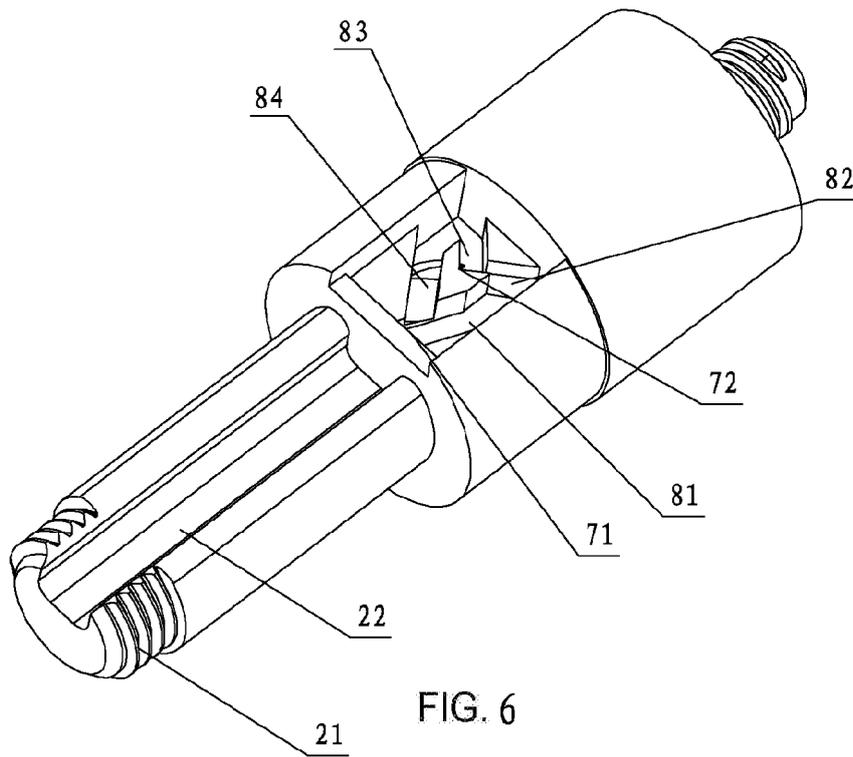


FIG. 6

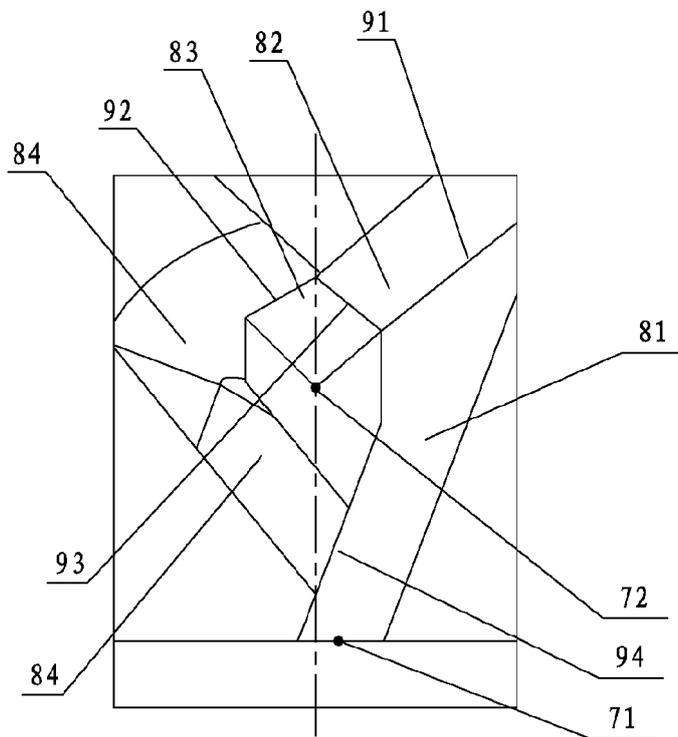


FIG. 7

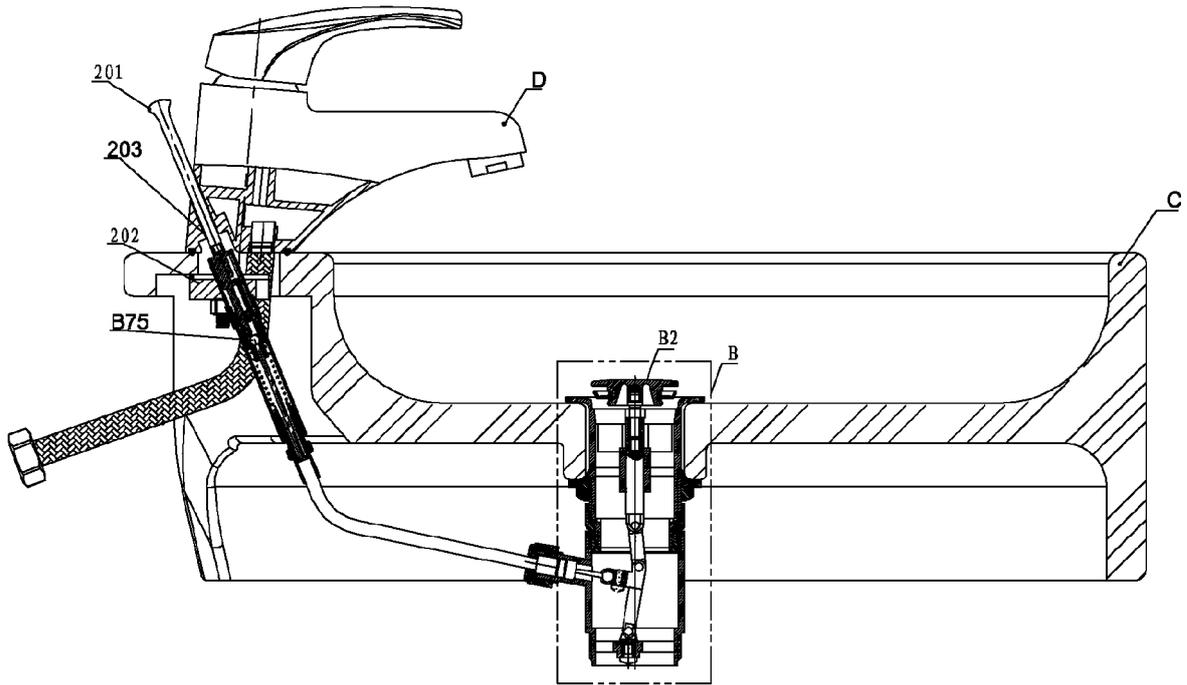


FIG. 8

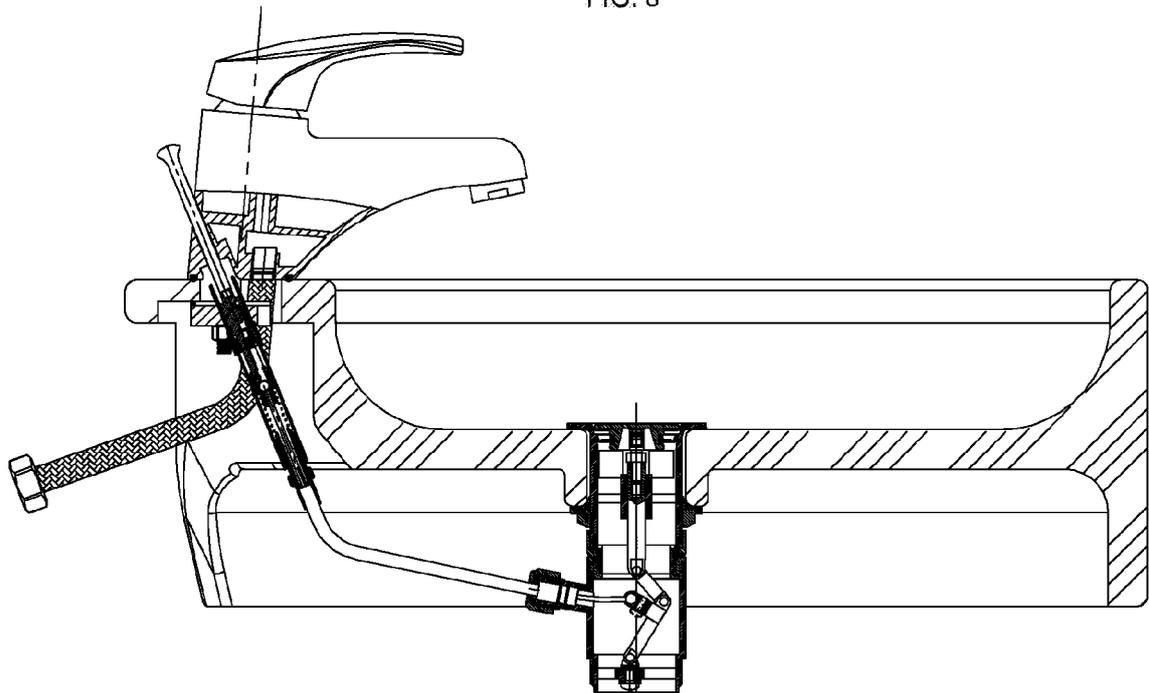


FIG. 9

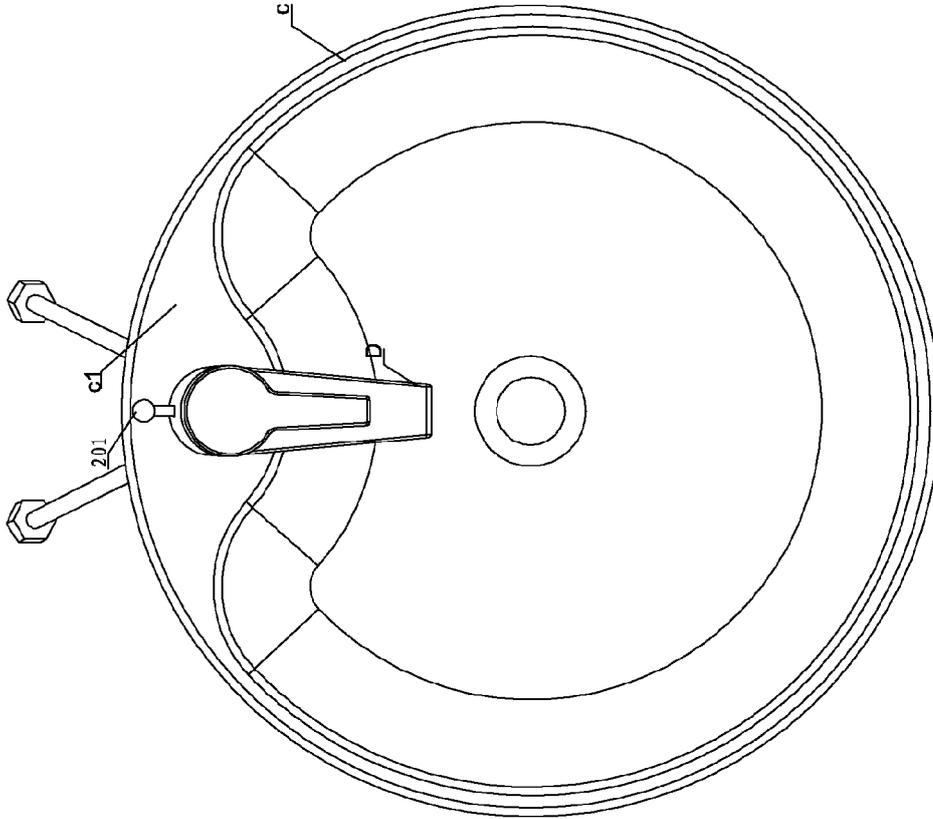


FIG.11

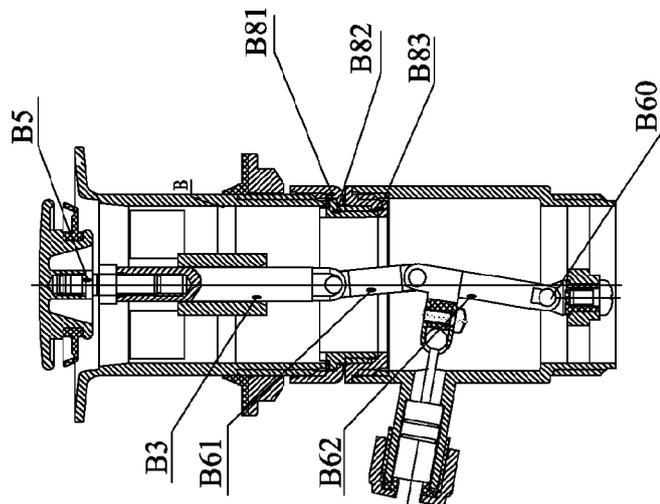


FIG.10

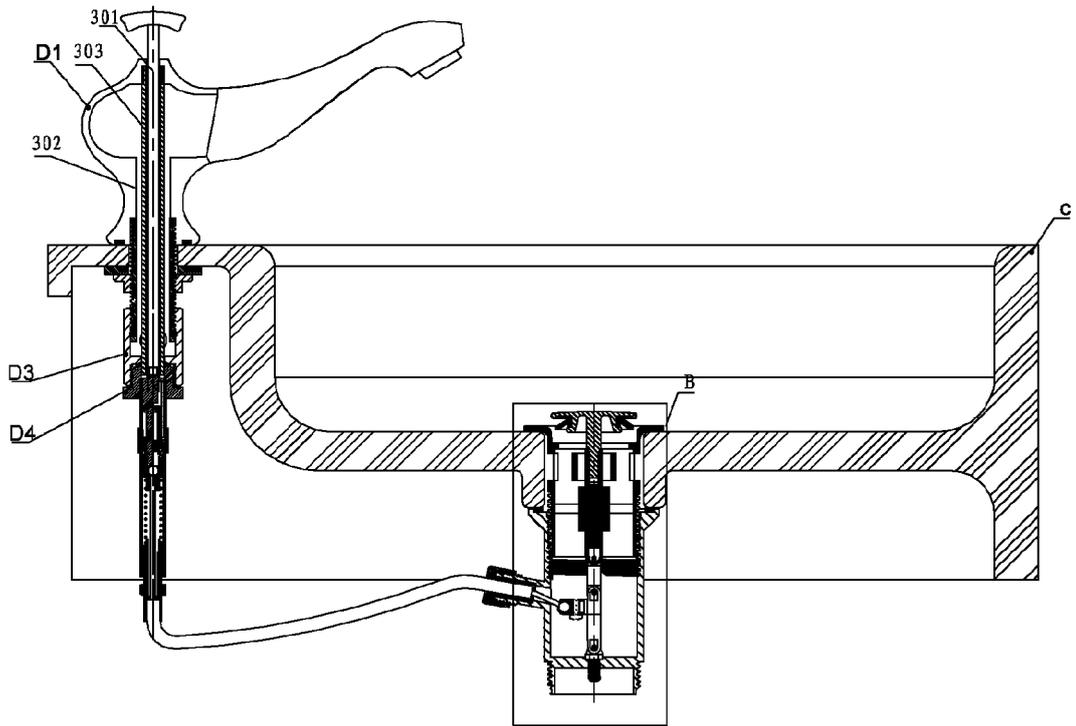


FIG.12

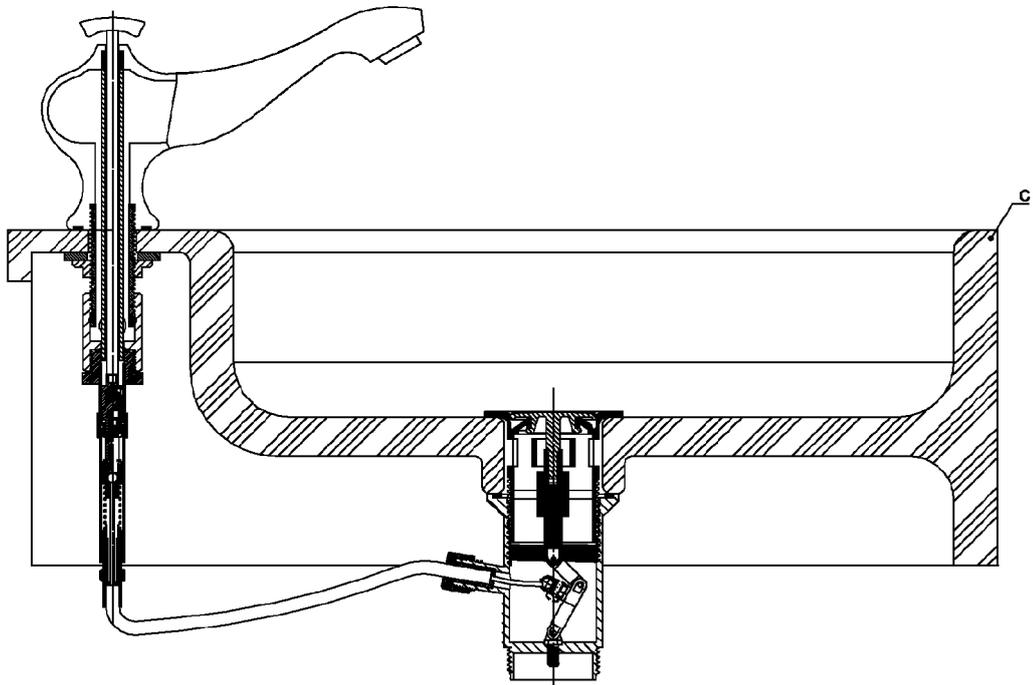


FIG.13

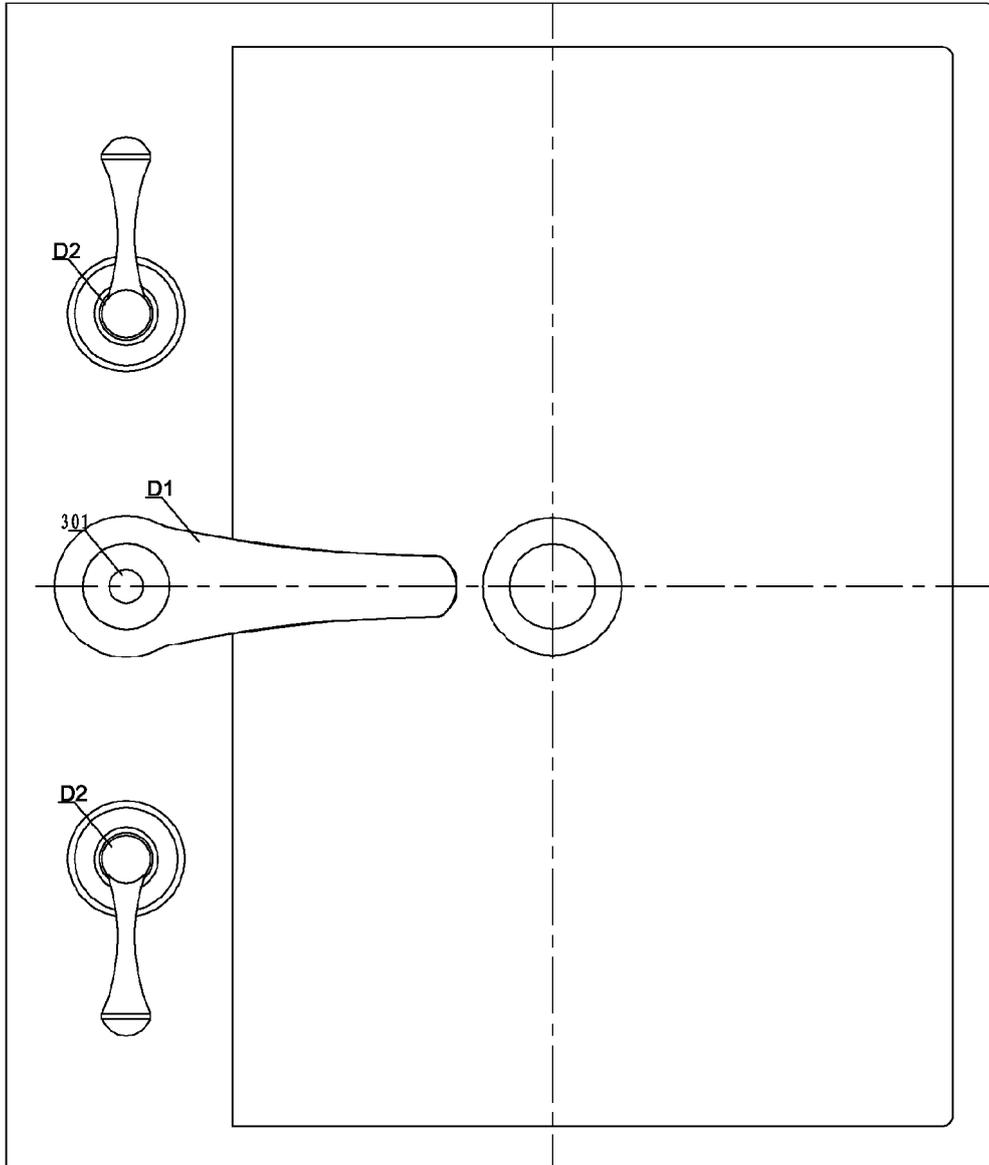


FIG. 14

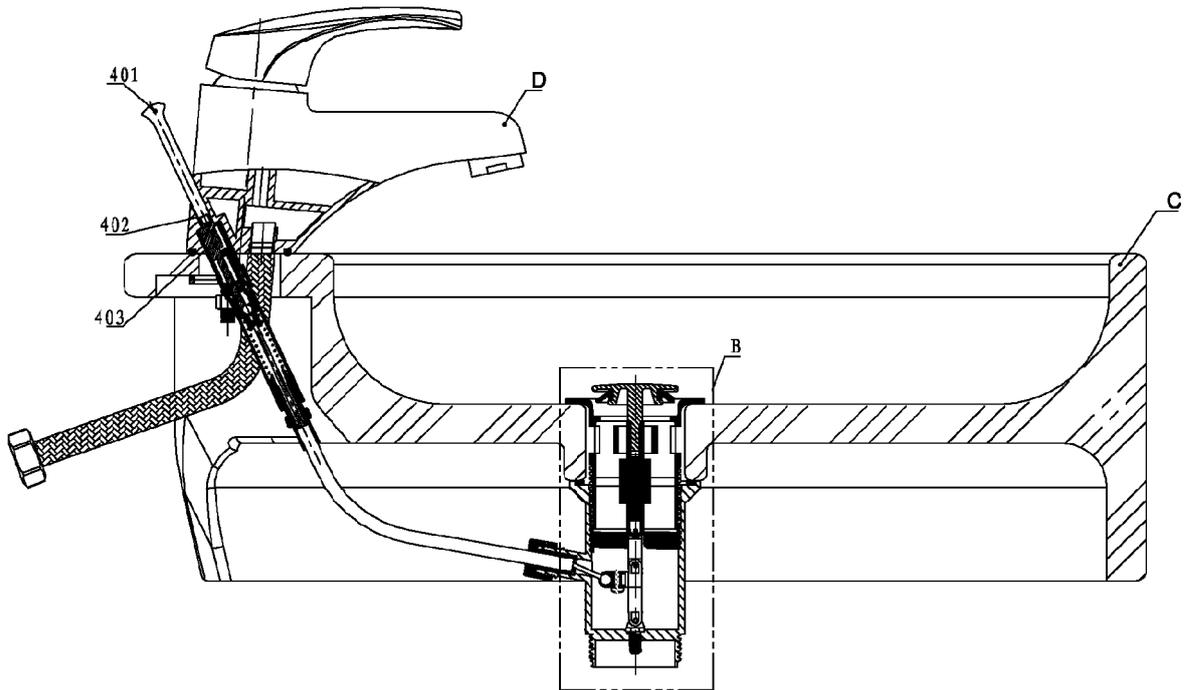


FIG. 15

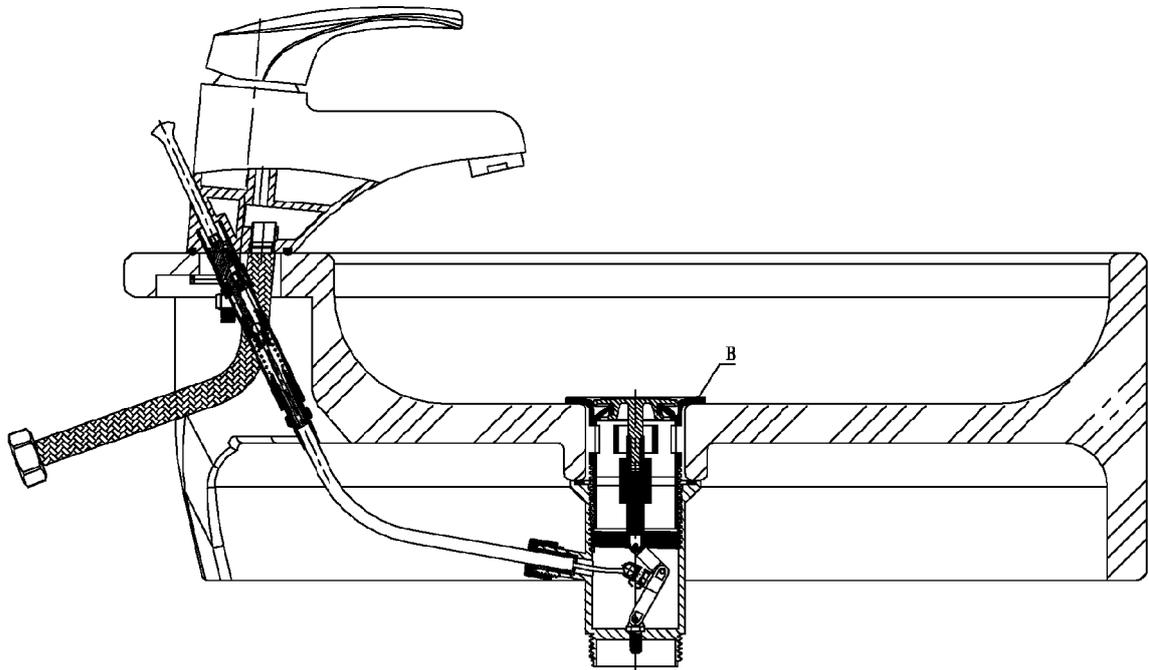


FIG. 16

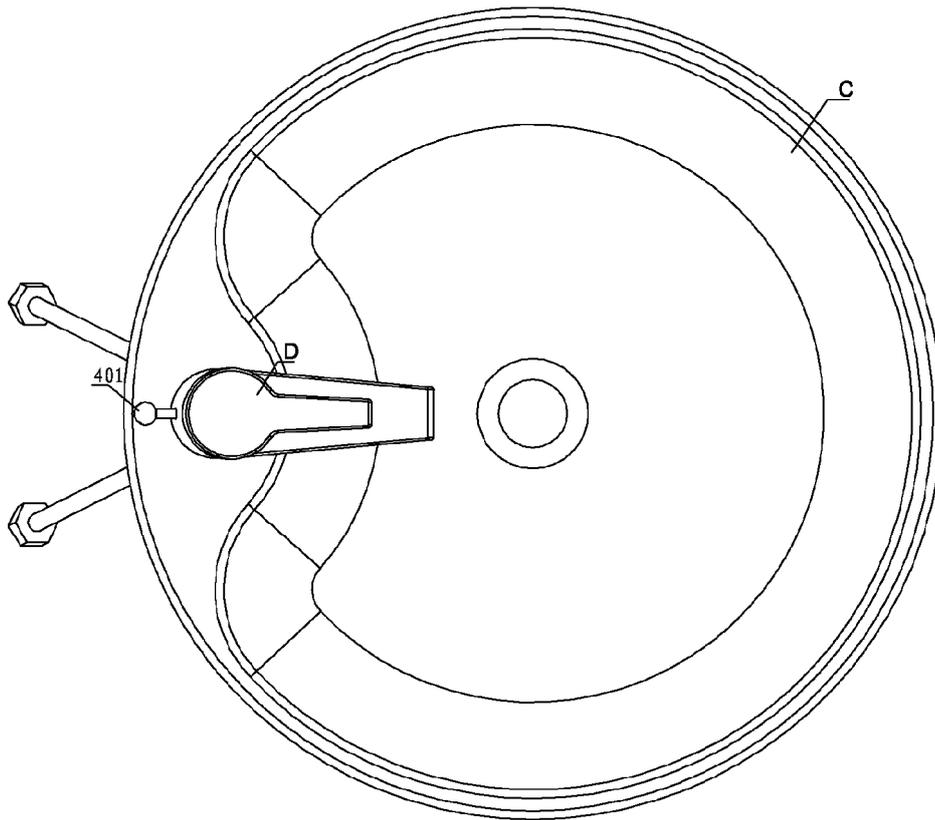


FIG.17

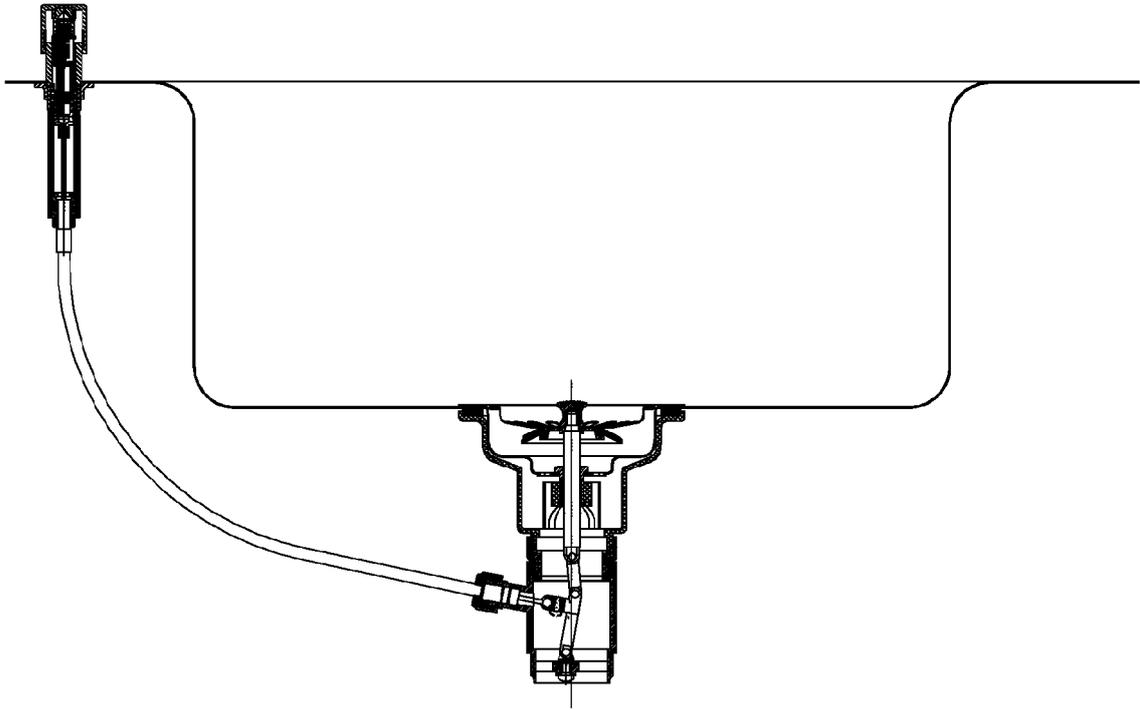


FIG. 18

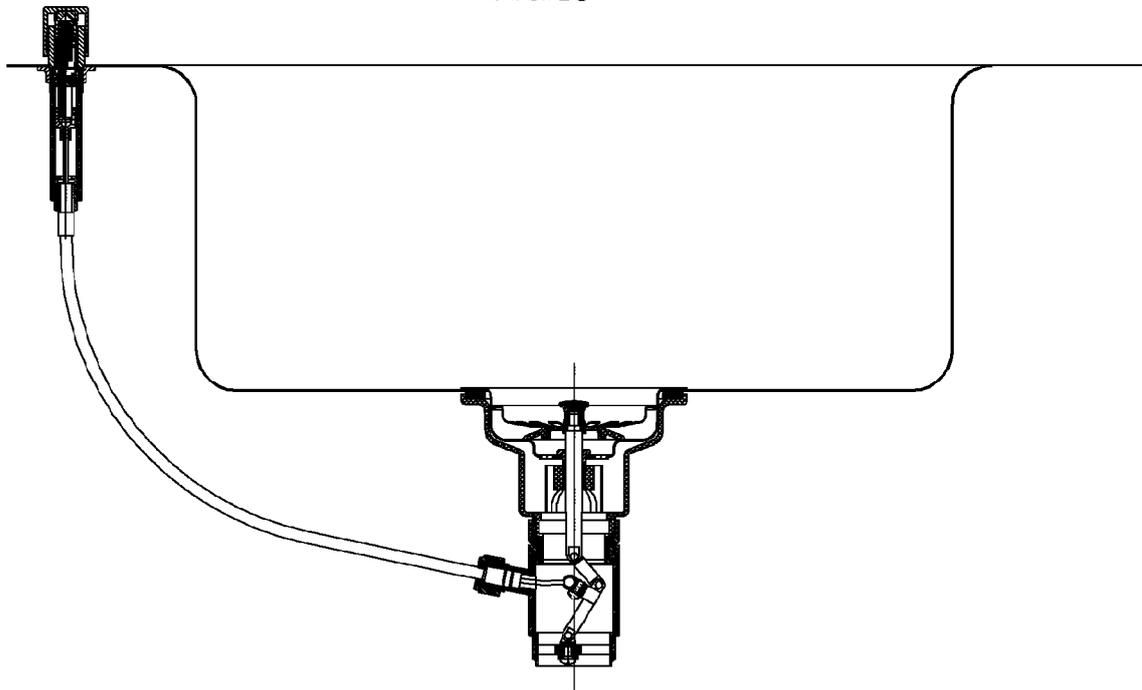


FIG. 19

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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