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**(54) VERTICALLY ADJUSTABLE CASTER WHEEL APPARATUS**

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ROULETTE RÉGLABLE EN HAUTEUR

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## Description

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

**[0001]** The present invention relates to the field of adjustable caster wheels, and in particular, a caster wheel having a polyurethane cylinder for absorbing high levels of forces realized by the caster wheel while also providing a vertical adjustment of the caster wheel without having to fully disassemble and reassemble the caster wheel.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

**[0002]** Heavy-duty caster wheels are well-known within the industry, especially the forklift truck industry. Such heavy-duty casters are used to support relatively heavy loads transported by small forklift trucks, material handling carts, and the like. Such heavy-duty caster wheels commonly use various biasing means or elastomeric means to absorb high levels of forces or loads applied to the roller or wheel of the caster wheel. Such biasing means and elastomeric means improve the load bearing capability of the caster wheel resulting in smoother operation of the caster wheel, ease of movement of the caster supported truck or vehicle, and improved truck travel operation due to the reduced wear of the caster wheel.

**[0003]** Previous caster wheel designs have utilized various forms of the biasing means and the elastomeric means. For instance, steel compression or torsional coil springs have been used to bias resiliently supported casters, but such springs are relatively large and heavy and not readily adaptable for many caster wheel installations, wherein the overall vertical dimension available for the caster wheel is limited, and the vertical profile of the caster wheel assembly must be concise. In addition, such springs are typically expensive, thereby leading to inefficiencies that are undesirable in the caster wheel industry.

**[0004]** Other known designs have implemented polyurethane blocks as a means for absorbing compressive loads applied to the roller or wheel of the caster wheel. Such designs are typically less expensive than the above-noted steel compression or torsional coil springs; however, such polyurethane blocks typically break down after extended use and cycled loads, thereby requiring replacement and/or repair of the caster wheel.

**[0005]** Heavy duty caster wheel assemblies also lack a quick and simple method of vertically adjusting the roller or wheel height of the caster wheel assembly. To provide vertical adjustment of the roller or wheel of the caster wheel assembly, many caster wheel assemblies require that the roller or wheel be disassembled and reassembled onto a different rotational axis provided on the caster wheel assembly. Other designs require a partial or complete disassembly and reassembly of the caster wheel assembly in order to provide vertical adjustment of the roller or wheel of the caster wheel assembly.

**[0006]** Various configurations of caster wheel assembly are disclosed in the following prior art documents. DE19753412 discloses a caster wheel assembly equipped with an actuator which is operably, by means of an electronic control unit, to alter the vertical position of the wheel relative to the vehicle on which it is mounted. JPH06127201 and JP2012116336 also disclose a vertically adjustable caster wheel assembly in which the vertical height of the caster wheel automatically changes as the load on the wheel changes. In both cases, this is facilitated by the provision of a coil spring which extends between a wheel frame and a yoke frame mounted on the vehicle. DE29501456, FR-A-2399328, and JP2001277807 disclose a caster wheel apparatus having a yoke frame and a wheel frame on which a wheel is rotatably mounted, the wheel frame being pivotably connected to the yoke frame, there being provided a damper mechanism which extends between the yoke frame and the wheel frame to control movement of the wheel relative to the yoke frame. US2004/0055108 and US2009/205164 also disclose such a caster wheel assembly, but in these cases, the damper element comprises an elastomeric block which is fixed relative to the yoke frame. US5,036,941 discloses a caster wheel is pivotably mounted to a central region of the wheel frame, there being a damper comprising a coil spring extending between the vehicle chassis and end portion of the wheel frame. US2,661,206 and FR852602 disclose a suspension device for a wheel which includes a retainer with a threaded aperture and lock nut used for adjusting the compression of a suspension spring. JPS5660707 discloses a suspension coil spring which is pivotably connected at its ends to the vehicle chassis and a pivotably mounted wheel frame by means of retainer comprising a pair of rods. US5,400,469 discloses a caster wheel assembly which comprises a cylindrical collar polyurethane tube spring.

**[0007]** It would be desirable to provide a heavy-duty caster wheel assembly that provided a simple and efficient method for providing vertical adjustment of the roller or wheel of the caster wheel assembly while also providing an inexpensive and high-quality elastomeric or biasing means for absorbing heavy loads to a heavy-duty caster wheel assembly.

**[0008]** DE19753412 discloses a truck which has at least one stabilizer wheel equipped with an actuator, which alters the vertical position of the wheel relative to the chassis. A control unit operates the actuator in response to parameters such as e.g. hydraulic pressure in the lift ram, height of load, inclination, speed acceleration, steering angle, and/or drive wheel slippage.

**[0009]** JPH06127201 discloses a supporting arm of L-form as viewed from the side which is connected rotatably in vertical direction by a rotating center shaft between the lower ends opposite to each other of a support leg body of a turning table. A wheel is applied rotatably to the lower end of the supporting arm. A supporting rod is fixed horizontally to the upper end of the supporting arm.

A supporting body in which the supporting rod is inserted supportedly and movably in forward and backward directions is connected rotatably between the upper ends opposite to each other of the support leg body by a pivot shaft. The support rod is always energized supportedly between the supporting body and a spring retaining body at the top of the supporting rod, and a spring to always hold a wheel at a specified ground contact position through the supporting arm is installed.

[0010] JP2012116336 discloses a spring presser piece fixed to a support lever part which is provided between a horizontal rack piece formed behind a support lever part which is pivotally fitted to a yoke which is turnably attached to a base board for mounting and an upper holder of a coil spring which is fitted around a guide pin pivotally attached to the yoke. The spring presser piece has a pair of presser pieces extending in right and left both sides of the guide pin, and a tip of the arm carries out abutting near the axis line position of the guide pin on the upper holder.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0011] The present invention provides a vertically adjustable caster wheel apparatus for use on various forklift trucks, material handling carts, and the like. The caster wheel apparatus of the present invention comprises the features of claim 1. Optional features are as claimed in the dependent claims.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0012] The various features, advantages and other uses of the present apparatus will become more apparent by referring to the following detailed description and drawings in which:

**FIG. 1** is a front plan view of the caster wheel apparatus of the present invention showing a first embodiment of the vertical height adjusting means;

**FIG. 2** is a side view of the caster wheel apparatus of the present invention showing the first embodiment of the vertical height adjusting means;

**FIG. 3** is an exploded view of the caster wheel apparatus of the present invention showing the first embodiment of the vertical height adjusting means;

**FIG. 4** is a front plan view of the caster wheel apparatus of the present invention showing a second embodiment of the vertical height adjusting means;

**FIG. 5** is a plan side view of the caster wheel apparatus of the present invention showing the second embodiment of the vertical height adjusting means;

**FIG. 6** is an exploded view of the caster wheel apparatus of the present invention showing the second embodiment of the vertical height adjusting means;

**FIG. 7** is an exploded view of the caster wheel apparatus of the present invention showing the set screw for locking the threaded fastener;

**FIG. 8** is a plan side view of the caster wheel apparatus of the present invention having the set screw for locking the threaded fastener;

**FIG. 9** is a top plan view of the set screw in the floating retainer of the caster wheel apparatus of the present invention; and

**FIG. 10** is a plan side view of the floating retainer for receiving the set screw of the caster wheel apparatus of the present invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

[0013] The present invention provides a vertically-adjustable caster wheel apparatus 10 for use on various types of vehicles, including, but not limited to, forklift trucks (not shown), material handling carts (not shown), and the like. As seen in **FIGS. 1-6**, the caster wheel apparatus 10 provides a swivel bearing assembly 12 that is connected to a vehicle (not shown). A yolk frame 14 is rotatably connected to the swivel bearing assembly 12 and is pivotally connected to a wheel frame 16 through the use of a hinge pin 18. A wheel or roller 20 is rotatably connected to the wheel frame 16 by an axle 22. An elastic compression assembly 24 is pivotally connected to the yolk frame 14 and connected to a means for adjusting 26 the vertical height of the wheel 20. The vertical height adjusting means 26 is in turn connected to the wheel frame 16. The elastic compression assembly 24 assists in absorbing loads and forces applied to the wheel 20 of the caster wheel apparatus 10 so as to improve the performance of the caster wheel apparatus 10. The vertical height adjusting means 26 allows for the adjustment of the angle between the wheel frame 16 and the yolk frame 14, thereby adjusting the vertical height of the wheel 20 relative to the vehicle. The vertical height adjusting means 26 provides vertical height adjustment of the wheel 20 without having to completely disassemble and reassemble the caster wheel apparatus 10.

[0014] The swivel bearing assembly 12 of the caster wheel apparatus 10 allows the caster wheel apparatus 10 to rotate with respect to the vehicle. In the alternative (not shown), the caster wheel apparatus 10 may be rigidly connected to the vehicle so that the caster wheel apparatus does not rotate with respect to the vehicle. The swivel bearing assembly 12 provides a substantially rectangular mounting plate 28 having four apertures 30 extending therethrough. Conventional fasteners (not shown) may be inserted through the apertures 30 in the mounting plate 28 and into the vehicle to secure the mounting plate 28 to the vehicle. A substantially cylindrical casing 32 is connected to and extends outward from the mounting plate 28 of the swivel bearing assembly 12. A swivel bearing 34 is mounted within an arcuate recess provided within the cylinder casing 32. The swivel bearing 34 and the casing 32 receive a substantially cylindrical portion 36 of the yolk frame 14, thereby securing the yolk frame 14 to the swivel bearing assembly 12 while also allowing the yolk frame 14 and the remaining portion of

the caster wheel apparatus 10 to rotate with respect to the swivel bearing assembly 12 and the vehicle.

**[0015]** In order to assist in supporting the loads and forces to the caster wheel apparatus 10, the yolk frame 14 provides a substantially U-shaped configuration having a bottom side 38 and a pair

of substantially parallel side walls 40 integrally connected to and extending away from the bottom side 38 of the yolk frame 14. The underside of the bottom side 38 of the yolk frame 14 is connected to the cylindrical portion 36 of the yolk frame 14 which is received by the swivel bearing 34 of the swivel bearing assembly 12, as previously described. The side walls 40 of the yolk frame 14 may have a substantially J-shaped configuration such that a pair of flanges or short side of the J-shaped configurations 41 rise from the bottom side 38 of the yolk frame 14, as seen in **FIGS. 1-5**. Alternatively, the side walls 40 of the yolk frame 14 may be substantially straight, wherein a pair of bosses 43 may be connected to an inside surface of the side walls 40 of the yolk frame 14, as seen in **FIG. 6**. The side walls 40 of the yolk frame 14 each have a pair of apertures 42, 44 extending through the side walls 40, wherein the apertures 42, 44 are coaxially aligned in each of the side walls 40 of the yolk frame 14. The apertures 42 may extend through the flanges 41, as seen in **FIGS. 1-5**, or the bosses 43, as seen in **FIG. 6**, and the apertures 44 may extend through the side walls 40 of the yolk frame 14. Each set of apertures 42, 44 receives a pivot pin 46, 48 that extends across the yolk frame 14 through each of the pair of apertures 42, 44. The pivot pins 46, 48 may be secured to the yolk frame 14 through conventional means, such as providing a tab 50 connected to one end of the pivot pins 46, 48 and inserting a conventional fastener 52 through an aperture 54 provided in the tab 50 of the pivot pins 46, 48. The fasteners 52 may be received by a threaded aperture (not shown) in the side walls 40 of the yolk frame 14.

**[0016]** The pivot pin 46 may secure the elastic assembly 24 to the yolk frame 14 by having the pivot pin 46 extend through a substantially first cylindrical portion 56 of a lower retainer 58 of the elastic assembly 24. The lower retainer 58 of the elastic assembly 24 has a second substantially cylindrical portion 60 connected to the first cylindrical portion 56. The first cylindrical portion 56 of the lower retainer 58 has a longitudinal axis that is coaxial with a longitudinal axis of the pivot pin 46, whereas the second cylindrical portion 60 of the lower retainer 58 has a longitudinal axis that is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the first cylindrical portion 56. By having the lower retainer 58 mounted to the pivot pin 46, the elastic assembly 24 may pivot on the pivot pin 46, as will be described further herein.

**[0017]** To support the wheel 20 of the caster wheel apparatus 10, the wheel frame 16 provides a pair of opposing and substantially parallel plates 62. The plates 62 have a pair of coaxially aligned apertures 64 extending therethrough for receiving the pivot pin 48 of the yolk frame 14. The pivot pin 48 allows the wheel frame 16 to

pivot with respect to the yolk frame 14. At the opposite end of the plates 62, the wheel frame 16 provides an additional pair of coaxially-aligned apertures 66 extending through the plates 62. The apertures 66 receive the axle 22 of the wheel 20 for rotatably supporting the wheel 20 with respect to the wheel frame 16. A set of bearings 68 and washers 70 may be provided on each side of the wheel 20 and mounted to the axle 22 to assist in the rolling of the wheel 20 with respect to the axle 20.

**[0018]** In order to absorb the loads and forces realized by the wheel 20 of the caster wheel apparatus 10, the elastic assembly 24 includes a substantially cylindrical elastic member, such as a polyurethane tube 74, that is press fit onto the cylindrical portion 60 of the lower retainer 58. It is also anticipated that the elastic member 74 may take on different shapes and configurations and comprise a plurality of elastic members 74 stacked in a gang type application to create different spring rates of the elastic member 74. The cylindrical portion 60 of the lower retainer 58 may include a raised protuberance 75 for maintaining the lower retainer 58 on the polyurethane tube 74 after being press fit into a corresponding annular recess provided in the polyurethane tube 74. The lower retainer 58 includes a base portion 72 which extends outward from the cylindrical portion 60 of the lower retainer 58 such that one end of the polyurethane tube 74 abuts the base portion 72 of the lower retainer 58. At the opposite end of the polyurethane tube 74, an upper retainer 76, similar to the lower retainer 58, is press fit into the opposite end of the polyurethane tube 74. The upper retainer 76 also has a raised protuberance 77 for maintaining the upper retainer 76 within the polyurethane tube 74 after being press fit into a corresponding annular recess provided in the polyurethane tube 74. The upper retainer 76 also has a substantially cylindrical portion 78 that is received by the polyurethane tube 74 and a base portion 80 that abuts the end of the polyurethane tube 74. The cylindrical portion 78 of the upper retainer 76 has a threaded aperture 81 extending through the upper retainer 76 along a longitudinal axis of the upper retainer 76. By press fitting the upper retainer 76 and the lower retainer 58 into the elastic member 74, the elastic member 74 may be utilized for both retention and compression of the caster wheel assembly 10.

**[0019]** It is important to note that the end of the cylindrical portion 78 of the upper retainer 76 and the end of the cylindrical portion 60 of the lower retainer 58 are spaced within the polyurethane tube 74. When relatively stable and average loads are applied to the wheel 20 of the caster wheel apparatus 10, the polyurethane tube 74 is not extensively compressed thereby maintaining the spacing between the ends of the lower retainer 58 and the upper retainer 76. However, when significantly high loads are applied to the wheel 20 of the caster wheel apparatus 10, the polyurethane tube 74 extensively compresses, thereby allowing the ends of the cylindrical portion 78 of the upper retainer 76 and the cylindrical portion 60 of the lower retainer 58 to engage and abut one an-

other to prevent the polyurethane tube 74 from being overloaded. This prevents the polyurethane tube 74 from realizing forces that may break down and damage the polyurethane tube 74, thereby causing the polyurethane tube 74 to be replaced. The engagement of the ends of the upper retainer 76 and the lower retainer 58 under significant loads prevents the breaking down or the failure of the polyurethane tube 74. This reduces the maintenance required of the caster wheel apparatus 10, thereby increasing the efficiency of the caster wheel apparatus 10.

**[0020]** To provide vertical adjustment of the wheel 20 of the caster wheel apparatus 10, a first embodiment of the vertical adjusting means 26 of the caster wheel apparatus 10 is shown in **FIGS. 1-3**. To connect the elastic assembly 24 to the wheel frame 16, the vertical adjusting means 26 provides a swivel plate 82 having a substantially cylindrical body portion 84 with a threaded aperture extending therethrough. A pair of substantially cylindrical rods 86 extend integrally outward from the cylindrical portion 84 of the swivel plate 82. The rods 86 of the swivel plate 82 are received by a pair of coaxially aligned apertures 88 provided in the plates 62 of the wheel frame 16. Steel washers or spacers 90 may be inserted on one or both sides of the swivel plate 82 and are placed atop the upper retainer 76 of the elastic assembly 24. A threaded fastener or bolt 92 is inserted through the steel washers 90 and threaded through the threaded apertures in the cylindrical portion 84 of the swivel plate 82 and into the threaded aperture provided in the cylindrical portion 78 of the upper retainer 76 of the elastic assembly 24. The steel washers 90 are used as spacers in the vertical adjusting means 26. In order to raise the vertical height of the wheel 20 with respect to the vehicle, more washers 90 are simply added to the assembly by unthreading the fastener 92 and adding additional washers 90 to the fastener 92. In order to lower the wheel 20, the fastener 92 is removed, and the desired number of washers 90 are removed from the fastener 92. This provides an easy and simple manner in which to adjust the vertical height of the wheel 20 of the caster wheel apparatus 10 without having to fully disassemble and re-assemble the caster wheel apparatus 10.

**[0021]** The vertical adjusting means 26 may also take on a different structure, as shown in the second embodiment of the present invention in **FIGS. 4-6**. In this embodiment, the vertical adjusting means 26 provides a floating retainer 94 having a substantially U-shaped plate-like configuration with a threaded aperture 96 extending therethrough. A pair of substantially cylindrical rods 98 are integrally connected to and extend outwardly from the floating retainer 94. The rods 98 of the floating retainer 94 are received by the coaxial apertures 88 provided in the plates 62 of the wheel frame 16. This allows the elastic assembly 24 to pivot with respect to the wheel frame 16. A swivel lock nut 100 having a threaded aperture 102 extending therethrough is aligned with and connected to the underside of the floating retainer 94 in the

upper retainer 76 of the elastic assembly 24. The swivel lock nut 100 has a similar configuration to that of the upper retainer 76 wherein a substantially cylindrical portion 104 is connected to a broader cylindrical base 106. A threaded fastener 108 is threaded through the aperture 96 provided in the floating retainer 94 and through the threaded aperture 102 provided in the swivel lock nut 100 and the threaded aperture in the upper retainer 76. The swivel lock nut 100 and the floating retainer 94 allow the threaded fastener 108 to be threaded in and out of the vertical adjustment means 26, thereby adjusting the vertical height of the wheel 20 by adjusting the angle between the wheel frame 16 and the yolk frame 14. This particular embodiment has the advantage of not having to remove the fastener 108 from the caster wheel apparatus 10, but rather, the vertical height of the wheel 20 may be adjusted by simply turning the fastener 108 of the vertical adjustment means 26.

**[0022]** In order to prevent the threaded fastener 108 from rotating undesirably, the threaded fastener 108 may be locked in a set position, as shown in **FIGS. 7-10**. In this embodiment, the caster wheel apparatus 10 is similar to the embodiment described in **FIGS. 4-6**; however, the adjusting means 26 provides a floating retainer 110 having a plate-like configuration with a pair of rods 112 extending from each side of the floating retainer 110. The rods 112 engage the apertures 88 in the wheel frame 16, as previously described. The floating retainer 110 has a stepped inner aperture 114 for matingly receiving a swivel lock nut 116 having a stepped outer diameter that is connected to the floating retainer 110. The swivel lock nut 116 has a threaded aperture 118 extending there through for threadably receiving the threaded fastener 108. A washer 120 is connected to the underside of the head of the threaded fastener 108 such that the washer 120 abuts the floating retainer 110 when the threaded fastener 108 is fully threaded into the threaded aperture 118 of the swivel lock nut 116. The floating retainer 110 also has a threaded aperture 122 extending through one side of the floating retainer 110. The threaded aperture 122 threadably receives a set screw 124, wherein the head of the set screw 124 engages an arcuate recess 126 provided on an outer circumference of the washer 120. The washer 120 may have numerous arcuate recesses 126 formed on the washer 120. **FIG. 9** shows four arcuate recesses 126 spaced at 90° degree intervals on the washer 120; however, the present invention anticipates different positions and intervals of the arcuate recesses 126 on the washer 120. When the set screw 124 engages one of the arcuate recesses 126 formed on the washer 120, the washer 120 and the threaded fastener 108 are prohibited from rotating thereby locking the threaded fastener 108 and the adjusting means 26 into a set position. This is defined as the locked position. To adjust the vertical height of the wheel 20, the set screw 124 is loosened or threaded away from the floating retainer 110 such that the head of the set screw 124 no longer engages the arcuate recess 126 formed in the

washer 120. This allows the threaded fastener 108 to turn thereby adjusting the vertical height of the wheel 20. This is defined as the unlocked position. Once a desired position of the wheel is achieved, the set screw 124 is threaded back into the floating retainer 110 so as to engage one of the arcuate recesses 126 in the washer 120 thereby locking the wheel 20 in a set position.

**[0023]** In use, the caster wheel apparatus 10 of the present invention is mounted to a vehicle by mounting the mounting plate 28 of the swivel bearing assembly 12 to the vehicle through the use of conventional fasteners. In the first embodiment, the vertical height of the wheel 20 may be adjusted by removing the fastener 92 and inserting or removing washers 90 between the swivel plate 82 and the upper retainer 76. Once the proper number of washers 90 are in place, the fastener 92 is threaded back into the vertical adjusting means 26. In the second embodiment, the vertical height of the wheel 20 is adjusted by simply threading the fastener 108 into or out of the vertical adjusting means 26 until the wheel 20 has reached the desired height. In an additional embodiment, the set screw 124 may be utilized to prevent the threaded fastener 108 from rotating thereby locking the vertical height of the wheel 20 into position.

#### Claims

1. A vertically adjustable caster wheel apparatus (10) having a yolk frame (14) and a wheel frame (16), said yolk frame (14) having a pivot pin (46) connected to and extending through said yolk frame (14), and said wheel frame (16) having one end pivotally connected to said yolk frame (14) and a second end rotatably connected to a wheel (20), comprising:

an elastic member (24) having a first retainer (58) connected to one end of said elastic member (24) and a second retainer (76) connected to an opposite end of said elastic member (24), wherein said first retainer (58) is connected to said pivot pin (46) of said yolk frame (14) to allow said elastic member (24) to pivot with respect to said yolk frame (14), **characterized in that** said second retainer (76) having a threaded aperture (81) extending there through along a longitudinal axis;

a swivel plate (82) coupled to said wheel frame (16) and having a threaded aperture extending there through and coaxial with said longitudinal axis;

a threaded fastener (92) releasably engaging said threaded aperture in said swivel plate (82) and said threaded aperture in said second retainer (76); and

a spacer (90) positioned between said second retainer (76) and said swivel plate (82) for adjusting a vertical height of said wheel (20) by

adjusting an angle of said wheel frame (16) relative to said yolk frame (14).

2. The vertically adjustable caster wheel apparatus (10) as stated in claim 1, said spacer (90) further comprising:
  - at least one washer (90) having an aperture for receiving said threaded fastener (92).
3. The vertically adjustable caster wheel apparatus (10) as stated in claim 1, further comprising:
  - said swivel plate (82) having a pair of rods (86) received by a pair of apertures (88) in said wheel frame (16) to allow rotation of said swivel plate (82) relative to said wheel frame (16).
4. The vertically adjustable caster wheel apparatus (10) as stated in claim 1, further comprising:
  - a swivel bearing assembly (12) coupled to said yolk frame (14) for rotatably supporting said yolk frame (14).
5. The vertically adjustable caster wheel apparatus (10) as stated in claim 1, further comprising:
  - said elastic member (24) fabricated from a polyurethane material.
6. The vertically adjustable caster wheel apparatus (10) as stated in claim 1, said elastic member (24) further comprising:
  - at least one substantially cylindrical polyurethane tube (74).
7. The vertically adjustable caster wheel apparatus (10) as stated in claim 1, further comprising:
  - said elastic member (24) having a substantially cylindrical configuration having an aperture extending there through along a longitudinal axis; said first retainer (58) received by said aperture at one end of said elastic member and said second retainer (76) received by said aperture at said opposite end of said elastic member; and said first retainer (58) and said second retainer (76) spaced in said aperture of said elastic member (24) when said elastic member (24) is not extensively compressed, and said first retainer (58) and said second retainer (76) engaging one another in said aperture of said elastic member (24) when said elastic member (24) is extensively compressed.
8. The vertically adjustable caster wheel apparatus (10) as stated in claim 7, further comprising:
  - said first retainer (58) and said second retainer (76) each having an annular protuberance (75, 77) extending therefrom, and said first retainer (58) and said second retainer (76) having said annular protu-

berance (75, 77) press fit into said aperture of said elastic member (24) to prevent movement of said first retainer (58) and said second retainer (76) relative to said elastic member (24).

9. The vertically adjustable caster wheel apparatus (10) of claim 1, further comprising:

said wheel frame (16) pivotally connected to said yolk frame (14) via a second pivot pin (48);  
said elastic member (24) includes a substantially cylindrical polyurethane tube (74) having an aperture extending there through along a longitudinal axis; and

said first retainer (58) received by said aperture at one end of said polyurethane tube (74), and said second retainer (76) received by said aperture at an opposite end of said polyurethane tube (24), wherein said first retainer (58) is connected to said pivot pin (46) of said yolk frame (14) to allow said polyurethane tube (74) to pivot with respect to said yolk frame (14).

#### Patentansprüche

1. Höhenverstellbare Schwenkrolle (10) mit einem Gabelrahmen (14) und einem Radgestell (16), wobei der Gabelrahmen (14) einen Schwenkstift (46) aufweist, der mit dem Gabelrahmen (14) verbunden ist und sich durch diesen erstreckt, und das Radgestell (16) ein Ende, das schwenkend mit dem Gabelrahmen (14) verbunden ist, und ein zweites Ende, das drehbar mit einem Rad (20) verbunden ist, aufweist, umfassend:

ein elastisches Element (24) mit einer ersten Haltevorrichtung (58), die mit einem Ende des elastischen Elements (24) verbunden ist, und einer zweiten Haltevorrichtung (76), die mit einem entgegengesetzten Ende des elastischen Elements (24) verbunden ist, worin die erste Haltevorrichtung (58) mit dem Schwenkstift (46) des Gabelrahmens (14) verbunden ist, damit das elastische Element (24) mit Bezug auf den Gabelrahmen (14) schwenken kann, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die zweite Haltevorrichtung (76) eine Gewindeöffnung (81) aufweist, die sich entlang einer Längsachse dort hindurch erstreckt;

eine Schwenkplatte (82), die mit dem Radgestell (16) gekoppelt ist und eine Gewindeöffnung aufweist, die sich dort hindurch und koaxial zu der Längsachse erstreckt;

ein Gewindebefestigungselement (92), das lösbar in die Gewindeöffnung in der Schwenkplatte (82) und die Gewindeöffnung in der zweiten Haltevorrichtung (76) eingreift; und

ein Distanzstück (90) mit Positionierung zwischen der zweiten Haltevorrichtung (76) und der Schwenkplatte (82) zum Einstellen einer vertikalen Höhe des Rades (20) durch Einstellen eines Winkels des Radgestells (16) relativ zu dem Gabelrahmen (14).

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2. Höhenverstellbare Schwenkrolle (10) wie Anspruch 1 angegeben, wobei das Distanzstück (90) ferner umfasst:  
mindestens eine Unterlegscheibe (90) mit einem Durchlass zum Aufnehmen des Gewindebefestigungselements (92).

3. Höhenverstellbare Schwenkrolle (10) wie Anspruch 1 angegeben, ferner umfassend:  
die Schwenkplatte (82) mit einem Paar Stangen (86), das durch ein Paar Öffnungen (88) in dem Radgestell (16) aufgenommen wird, um Drehung der Schwenkplatte (82) relativ zu dem Radgestell (16) zu erlauben.

4. Höhenverstellbare Schwenkrolle (10) wie Anspruch 1 angegeben, ferner umfassend:  
eine Schwenklageranordnung (12), die mit dem Gabelrahmen (14) zum drehbaren Lagern des Gabelrahmens (14) gekoppelt ist.

5. Höhenverstellbare Schwenkrolle (10) wie Anspruch 1 angegeben, ferner umfassend:  
das elastische Element (24), das aus einem Polyurethanmaterial hergestellt ist.

6. Höhenverstellbare Schwenkrolle (10) wie Anspruch 1 angegeben, wobei das elastische Element (24) ferner umfasst:  
mindestens ein im Wesentlichen zylindrisches Polyurethanrohr (74).

7. Höhenverstellbare Schwenkrolle (10) wie Anspruch 1 angegeben, ferner umfassend:

das elastische Element (24) mit einer im Wesentlichen zylindrischen Konfiguration mit einer Öffnung, die sich entlang einer Längsachse dort hindurch erstreckt;

die erste Haltevorrichtung (58), die von der Öffnung an einem Ende des elastischen Elements aufgenommen wird, und die zweite Haltevorrichtung (76), die von der Öffnung an dem entgegengesetzten Ende des elastischen Elements aufgenommen wird; und  
die erste Haltevorrichtung (58) und die zweite Haltevorrichtung (76), die in der Öffnung des elastischen Elements (24) beabstandet sind, wenn das elastische Element (24) nicht extensiv komprimiert ist, und die erste Haltevorrichtung (58) und die zweite Haltevorrichtung (76), die in

der Öffnung des elastischen Elements (24) ineinandergreifen, wenn das elastische Element (24) extensiv komprimiert ist.

8. Höhenverstellbare Schwenkrolle (10) wie Anspruch 7 angegeben, ferner umfassend: die erste Haltevorrichtung (58) und die zweite Haltevorrichtung (76), die jeweils einen sich von dort erstreckenden ringförmigen Vorsprung (75, 77) aufweisen, und die erste Haltevorrichtung (58) und die zweite Haltevorrichtung (76), die den ringförmigen Vorsprung (75, 77) mit Presspassung in die Öffnung des elastischen Elements (24) aufweisen, um Bewegung der ersten Haltevorrichtung (58) und der zweiten Haltevorrichtung (76) relativ zu dem elastischen Element (24) zu verhindern.

9. Höhenverstellbare Schwenkrolle (10) nach Anspruch 1, ferner umfassend:

das Radgestell (16), das schwenkend mit dem Gabelrahmen (14) über einen zweiten Schwenkstift (48) verbunden ist; das elastische Element (24) mit einem im Wesentlichen zylindrischen Polyurethanrohr (74), das eine Öffnung aufweist, die sich entlang einer Längsachse dort hindurch erstreckt; und die erste Haltevorrichtung (58), die von dem Durchlass an einem Ende des Polyurethanrohres (74) aufgenommen wird, und die zweite Haltevorrichtung (76), die von dem Durchlass an einem entgegengesetzten Ende des Polyurethanrohres (74) aufgenommen wird, worin die erste Haltevorrichtung (58) mit dem Schwenkstift (46) des Gabelrahmens (14) verbunden ist, damit das Polyurethanrohr (74) mit Bezug auf den Gabelrahmen (14) schwenken kann.

## Revendications

1. Appareil de roulette réglable verticalement (10) ayant un bâti d'étrier (14) et un bâti de roue (16), ledit bâti d'étrier (14) ayant un axe de pivotement (46) relié à et s'étendant à travers ledit bâti d'étrier (14), et ledit bâti de roue (16) ayant une extrémité reliée de façon à pouvoir pivoter audit bâti d'étrier (14) et une deuxième extrémité étant reliée de manière rotative à une roue (20), comprenant :

un élément élastique (24) ayant un premier élément de retenue (58) relié à une extrémité dudit élément élastique (24) et un deuxième élément de retenue (76) relié à une extrémité opposée dudit élément élastique (24), dans lequel ledit premier élément de retenue (58) est relié audit axe de pivotement (46) dudit bâti d'étrier (14) pour permettre audit élément élastique (24) de

pivoter par rapport audit bâti d'étrier (14), **caractérisé en ce que** ledit deuxième élément de retenue (76) a une ouverture fileté (81) s'étendant à travers celui-ci le long d'un axe longitudinal ;

une plaque pivotante (82) accouplée audit bâti de roue (16) et ayant une ouverture fileté s'étendant à travers celui-ci et coaxiale avec ledit axe longitudinal ;

un élément de fixation fileté (92) en prise de manière libérable avec ladite ouverture fileté dans ladite plaque pivotante (82) et ladite ouverture fileté dans ledit deuxième élément de retenue (76) ; et

une entretoise (90) positionnée entre ledit deuxième élément de retenue (76) et ladite plaque pivotante (82) permettant de régler une hauteur verticale de ladite roue (20) en réglant un angle dudit bâti de roue (16) par rapport audit bâti d'étrier (14).

2. Appareil de roulette réglable verticalement (10) selon la revendication 1, ladite entretoise (90) comprenant en outre :  
une ou plusieurs rondelles (90) ayant une ouverture pour recevoir ledit élément de fixation fileté (92).

3. Appareil de roulette réglable verticalement (10) selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre :  
ladite plaque pivotante (82) ayant une paire de tiges (86) reçues par une paire d'ouvertures (88) dans ledit bâti de roue (16) pour permettre la rotation de ladite plaque pivotante (82) par rapport audit bâti de roue (16).

4. Appareil de roulette réglable verticalement (10) selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre :  
un ensemble palier pivotant (12) accouplé audit bâti d'étrier (14) pour soutenir de manière rotative ledit bâti d'étrier (14).

5. Appareil de roulette réglable verticalement (10) selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre :  
ledit élément élastique (24) fabriqué à partir d'un matériau de polyuréthane.

6. Appareil de roulette réglable verticalement (10) selon la revendication 1, ledit élément élastique (24) comprenant en outre :  
un ou plusieurs tubes de polyuréthane sensiblement cylindriques (74).

7. Appareil de roulette réglable verticalement (10) selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre :

ledit élément élastique (24) ayant une configuration sensiblement cylindrique ayant une ouverture s'étendant à travers celui-ci le long



d'un axe longitudinal ;

ledit premier élément de retenue (58) étant reçu par ladite ouverture à une extrémité dudit élément élastique et ledit deuxième élément de retenue (76) étant reçu par ladite ouverture à ladite extrémité opposée dudit élément élastique ; et ledit premier élément de retenue (58) et ledit deuxième élément de retenue (76) étant écartés dans ladite ouverture dudit élément élastique (24) quand ledit élément élastique (24) n'est pas fortement comprimé, et ledit premier élément de retenue (58) et ledit deuxième élément de retenue (76) étant en prise l'un avec l'autre dans ladite ouverture dudit élément élastique (24) quand ledit élément élastique (24) est fortement comprimé.

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8. Appareil de roulette réglable verticalement (10) selon la revendication 7, comprenant en outre :  
 ledit premier élément de retenue (58) et ledit deuxième élément de retenue (76) ayant chacun une protubérance annulaire (75, 77) s'étendant de celui-ci, et ledit premier élément de retenue (58) et ledit deuxième élément de retenue (76) ayant ladite protubérance annulaire (75, 77) s'ajustent de manière serrée dans ladite ouverture dudit élément élastique (24) afin d'empêcher le déplacement dudit premier élément de retenue (58) et dudit deuxième élément de retenue (76) par rapport audit élément élastique (24).

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9. Appareil de roulette réglable verticalement (10) selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre :

ledit bâti de roue (16) relié de manière pivotante audit bâti d'étrier (14) par un deuxième axe de pivotement (48) ;

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ledit élément élastique (24) inclut un tube de polyuréthane sensiblement cylindrique (74) ayant une ouverture s'étendant à travers celui-ci le long d'un axe longitudinal ; et

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ledit premier élément de retenue (58) étant reçu par ladite ouverture à une extrémité dudit tube de polyuréthane (74) et ledit deuxième élément de retenue (76) étant reçu par ladite ouverture à une extrémité opposée dudit tube de polyuréthane (74), dans lequel ledit premier élément de retenue (58) est relié audit axe de pivotement (46) dudit bâti d'étrier (14) pour permettre audit tube de polyuréthane (74) de pivoter par rapport audit bâti d'étrier (14).

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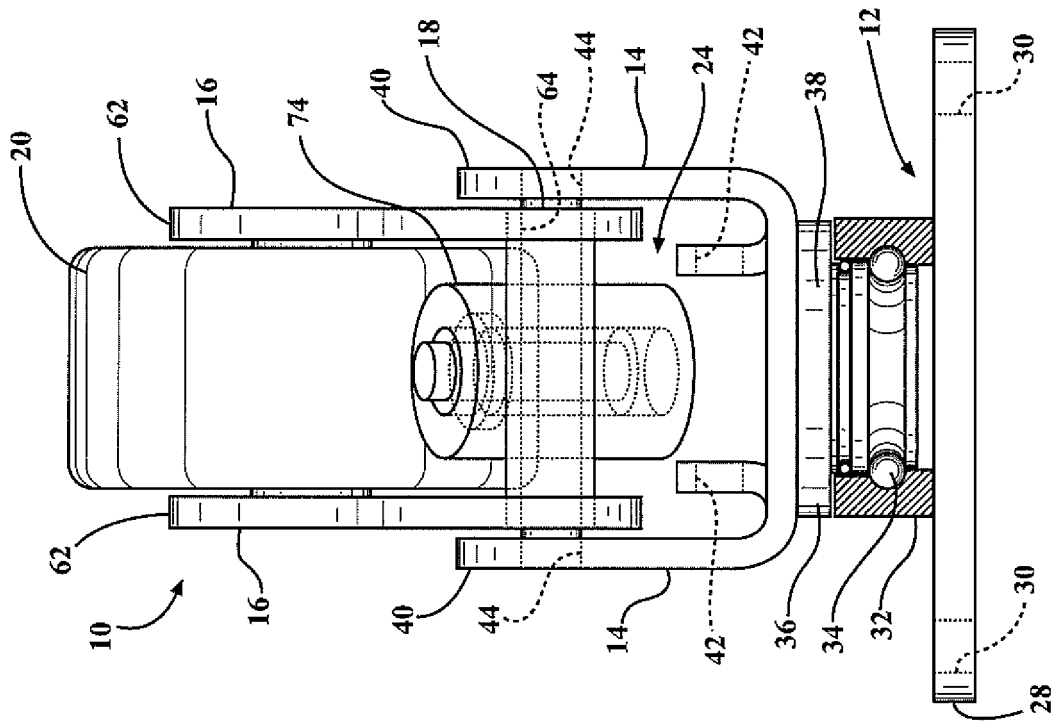


FIG. 2

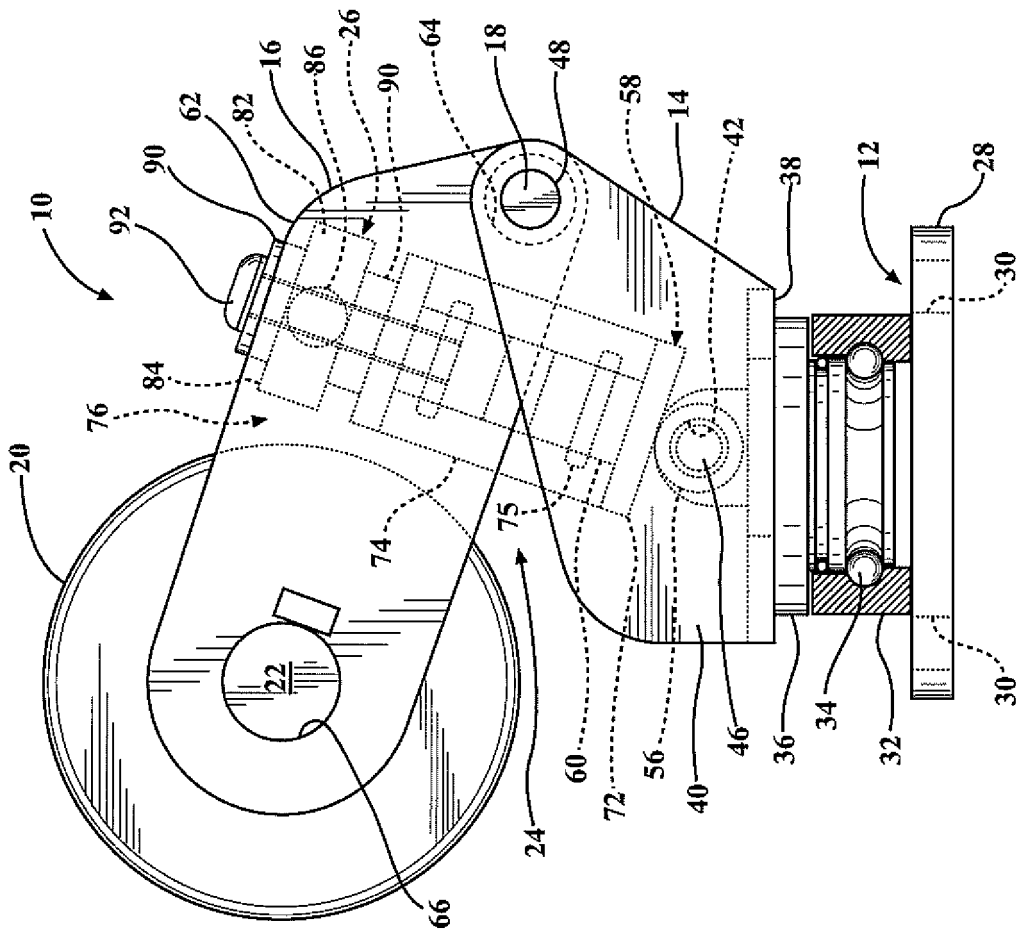


FIG. 1

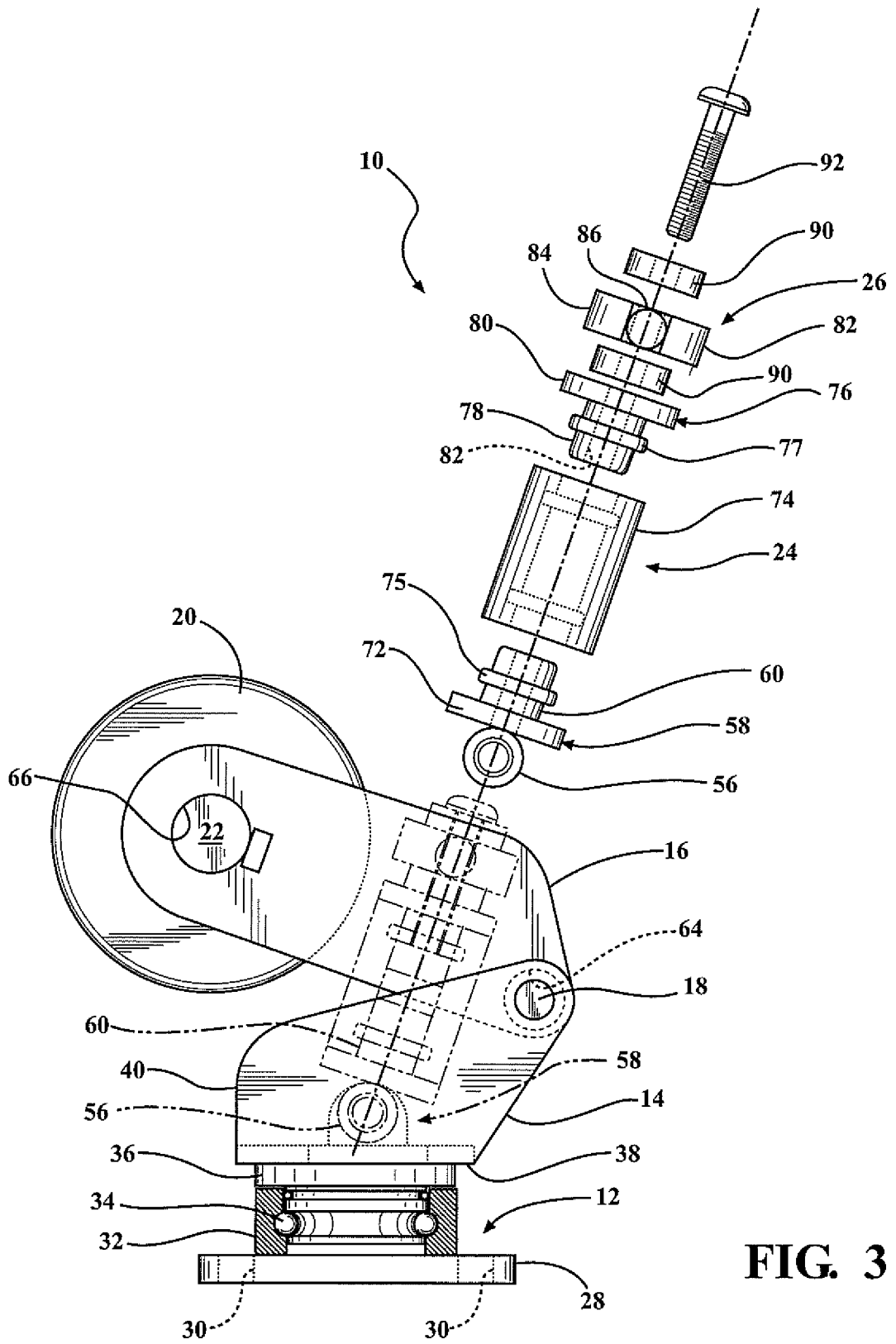


FIG. 3

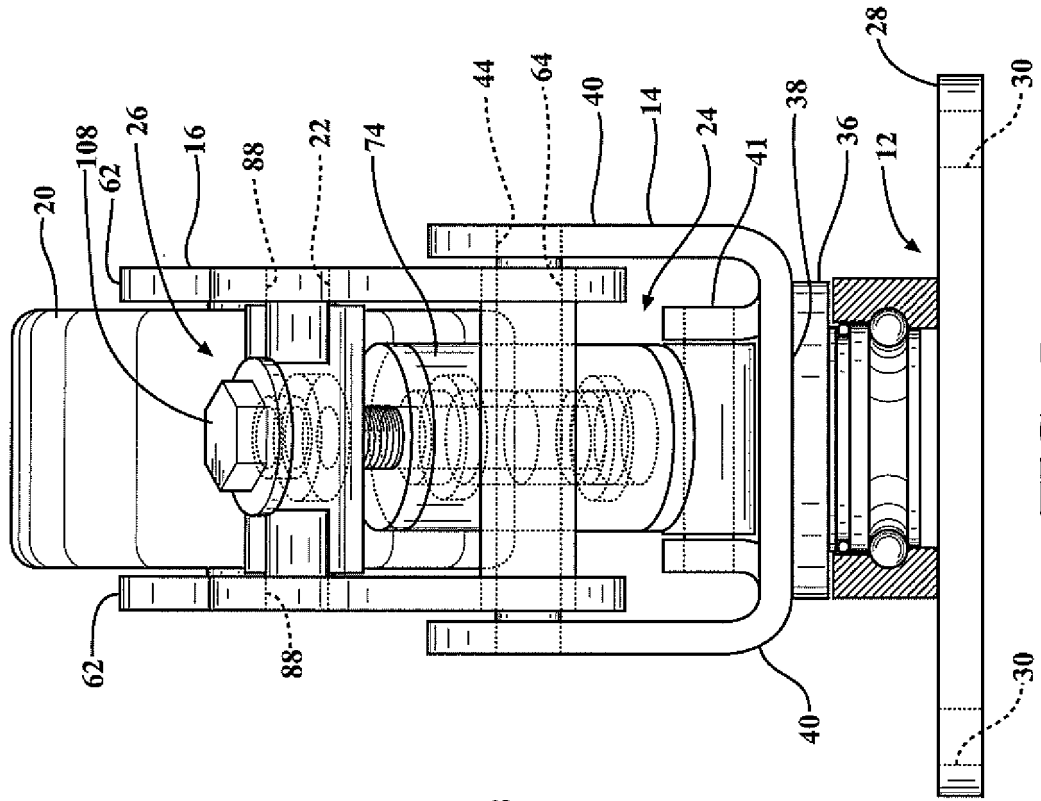


FIG. 5

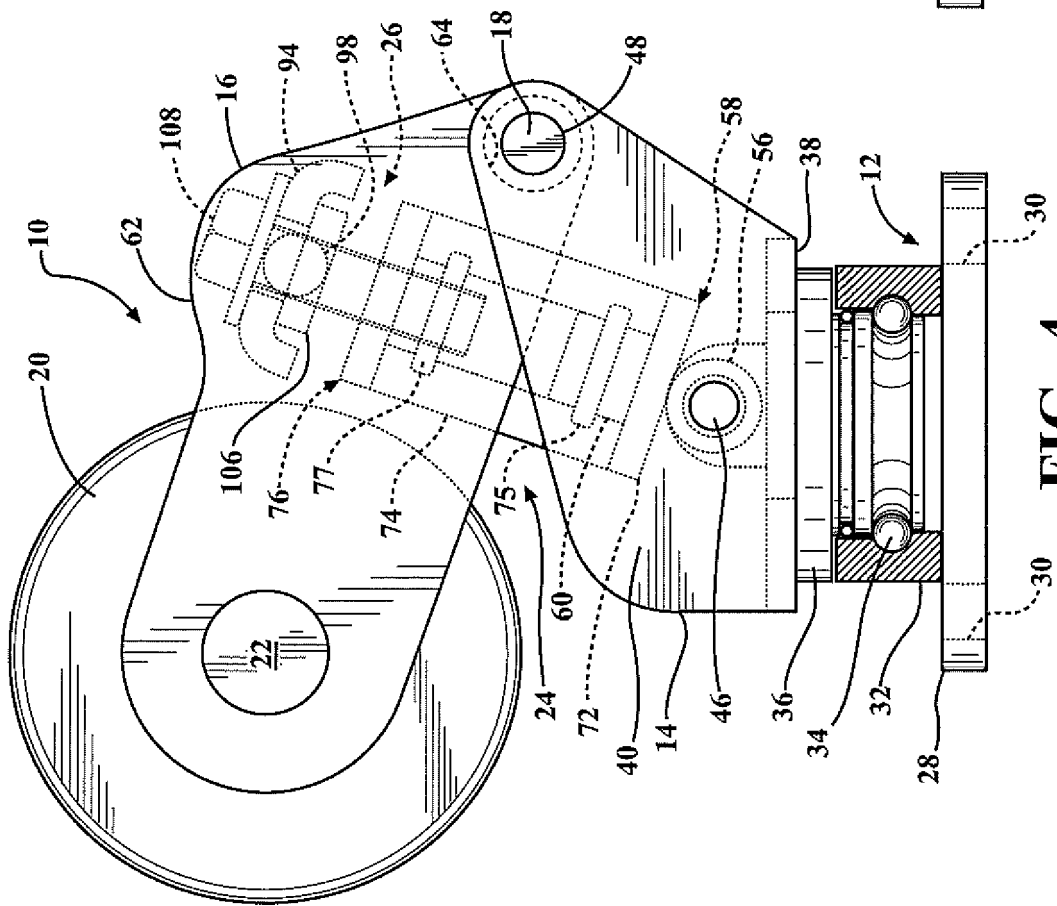


FIG. 4

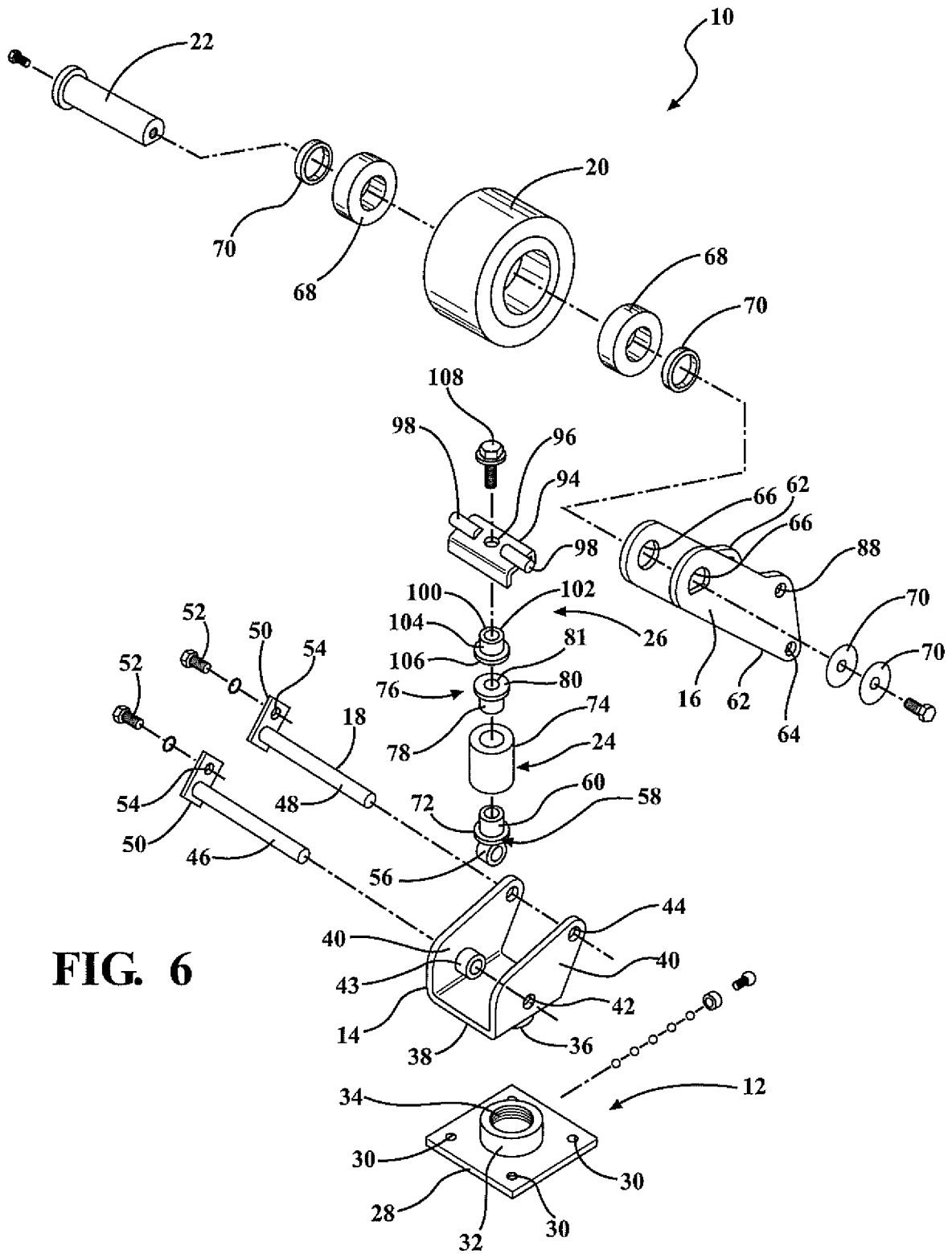


FIG. 6

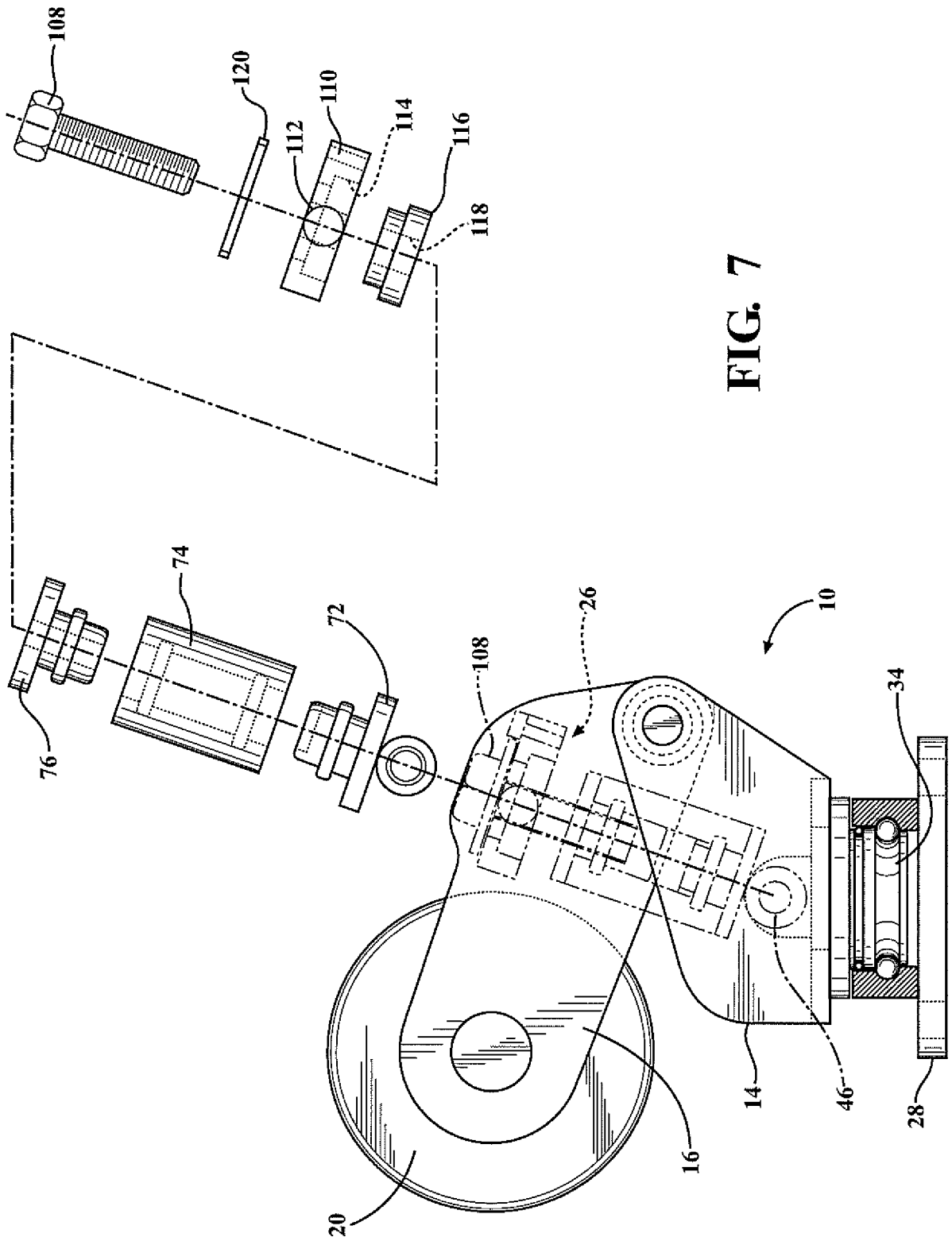
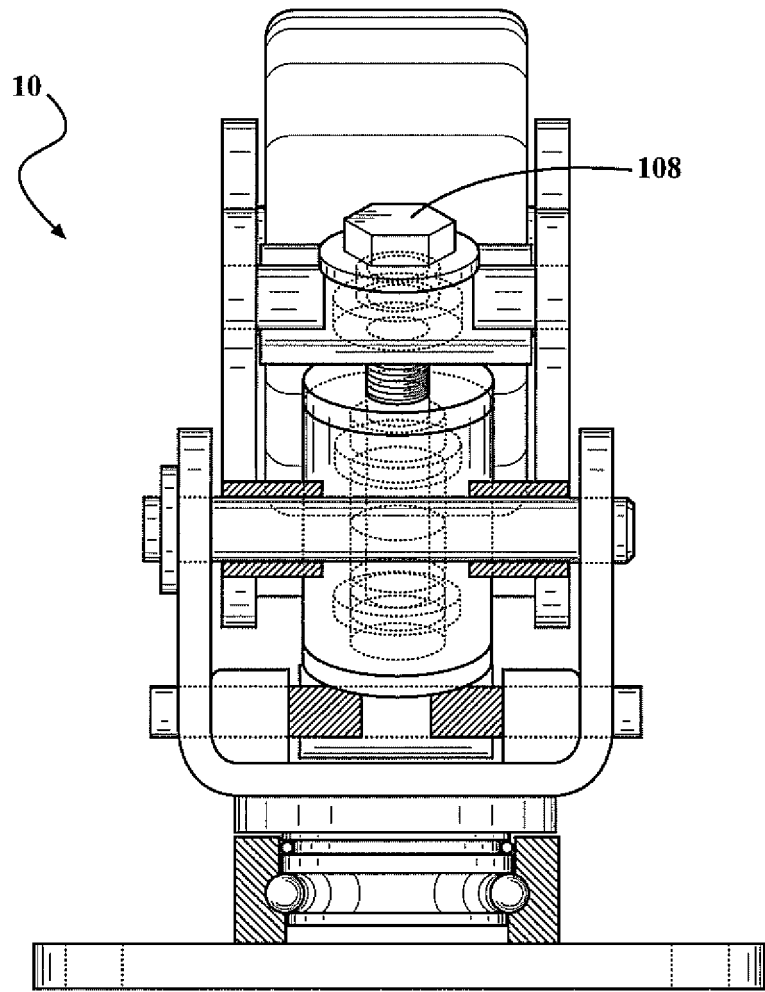
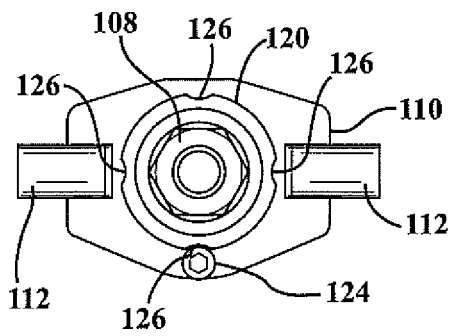


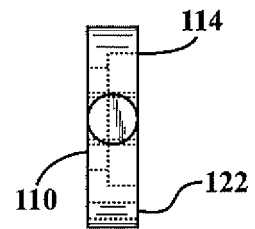
FIG. 7



**FIG. 8**



**FIG. 9**



**FIG. 10**

**REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION**

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