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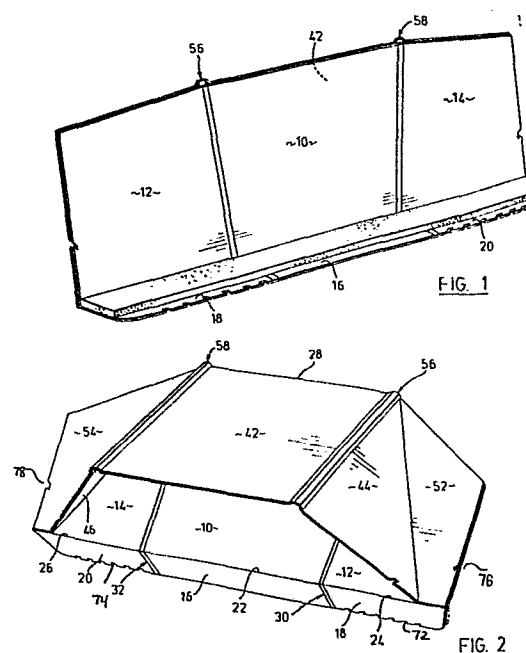
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54 Collapsible support structure, e.g. for books.

57 Light-weight collapsible support structures in the nature of easels, book rests and the like which are self sustaining in a predetermined fully erected configuration, comprise in the fully erected configuration a multiplicity of forwardly facing panels (10, 12, 14) upstanding in a rearwardly inclined or substantially vertical position to provide support surfaces for the displaying, supporting or anchoring of articles such as pads, books or the like. Forwardly extending ledge portions (16, 18, 20) from the bottom edges of such support surfaces, said ledges serving to rigidify and stabilize the erect configuration of these structures against collapse, but so adapted as to be foldable into a position allowing for such structures to be compactly folded up and collapsed for storage or for carrying when not in use. Behind the support surfaces, a plurality of panels (42, 44, 46) secures the various panels of the support structure against relative displacement.



TITLE MODIFIED

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"Improvements in Collapsible Support Structures"

This invention relates to improvements in lightweight collapsible support structures in the nature of easels, book rests, book ends or similar articles that upon unfolding and erection provide
5 upstanding inclined or substantially vertical support or abutment surfaces for display purposes or for supporting or anchoring articles such as pads, books or similar items.

Lightweight collapsible structures useful for
10 a variety of purposes have been disclosed in a number of United States patents and Canadian patents exemplified by the following:

U.S.P. 433,635 issued August 1890;
U.S.P. 844,066 issued February 1907;
15 U.S.P 1,875,460 issued September 1932; -
U.S.P reissue patent 21371 issued February 1940;
U.S.P 2,587,316 issued February 1952;
Can. Pat. 312,291 issued June 1931;
20 Can. Pat. 315,615 issued September 29, 1931;
Can. Pat. 641,733 issued May 1962.

This invention relates to improvements in such collapsible structures but particularly of the nature disclosed in my United States patent No.3,990,669
25 which issued November 9, 1976 and the Canadian counterpart, Canadian patent No.1,010,008 issued May 10, 1977.

The principal object of this invention is to provide an improved, self-sustaining, lightweight collapsible support structure including several hingedly interconnected panels adapted upon being
5 extended from a folded state to assume a substantially independent upright stable configuration presenting a principal surface of generally planar configuration from several panels either inclined or supported substantially vertically for display purposes or as
10 a support abutment surface for pads or books or the like.

It is another very important object to provide an improved collapsible support structure of the type described which folds compactly for storing or for
15 shipping or carrying but upon being unfolded and extended and deposited upon a suitable supporting surface assumes a stable configuration.

Still another object is to provide a support structure of minimal components readily unfolded and
20 extended into its stable configuration and vice versa.

Still another important object is to provide a support structure which can be produced in several configurations for particular uses each having
25 an overall appearance that is pleasing.

Still another object is to provide support structures capable of being fabricated from stiff lightweight sheet materials using fundamental
30 manufacturing steps and apparatus which ensure efficiency in production.

The principal feature of this invention resides in providing in a collapsible self-sustaining support structure having a substantial measure of rigidity derived from sheet-like panel portions hingedly interconnected along their common abutting edges to define fold axes for limited swinging movement towards and away from one another, a central panel portion flanked by hingedly interconnected side panel portions which are arranged to be supported in substantially fully extended upstanding side-by-side relation in which the central panel portion has a uniform generally quadrilateral perimetral configuration with its uppermost edge having an extent greater than the extent of its lowermost edge, the central and side panel portions flanking same each presenting hingedly interconnected ledge panel portions along their respective lowermost edges in side-by-side relation with the configuration of the lowermost edges being such that the hingedly interconnected ledge panel portions are foldable in unison into a generally horizontal disposition only when the aforementioned central and side panel portions are in substantially fully extended side-by-side relation.

The aforementioned structure provides a relationship of panels whose relative positions can be fixed or secured against displacement through the manipulations outlined and when deposited upon a flat supporting surface is sufficiently rigid and stable so as to support or accommodate articles for display or books or in certain embodiments

serve as book ends.

It is also a feature within the structure embodying the invention to provide through selected dimensioning of the principal central panels a range of self-sustaining configurations useful for a variety of purposes as earlier mentioned.

Still another feature resides in providing multiple or compound fold axes between the principal central panels and associated side or gusset panels whereby upon collapse and folding of the panel portions one upon the other one section can be received within the other whereby compactness may be readily achieved.

Still another feature resides in providing structures of the type indicated which can be cut or struck from a single sheet of suitable material with fold lines defining fold axes inscribed or impressed therein whereby jointing, bonding or interconnecting of only a minimum number of panel portions is required.

These and other objects and features are to be found in the following description to be read in conjunction with the accompanying sheets of drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of one preferred form of support structure embodying the invention in extended erect stable disposition illustrating one arrangement of three forwardly facing inclined panel portions with the lowermost locking ledge panel portions extending forwardly.

Figure 2 is a perspective view of the support structure of Figure 1 taken from a point to the rear and to the left below the support structure as viewed in Figure 1.

5 Figure 3 is a perspective view of the support structure of Figures 1 and 2 with the outermost side panel portions and associated ledge panel portions folded over upon each other and upon the central panels illustrating the fully collapsed position of same.

10 Figure 4 is a plan view of a flattened sheet of suitable material having a perimetral configuration and impressed or inscribed with lines defining fold axes from which the support structure of Figures 1, 2 and 3 is derived.

15 Figure 5 is an end elevational view of the support structure of Figure 1 taken from the right side thereof.

 Figure 6 is a perspective view of the second preferred form of support structure embodying the
20 invention in fully extended erect stable disposition.

 Figure 7 is a perspective view of the embodiment of Figure 6 taken from a point to the rear and to the right below same.

 Figure 8 is a plan view of a flattened sheet
25 of suitable material having a perimetral configuration and impressed or inscribed with fold axes from which the support structure of Figures 6 and 7 is derived.

 Figure 9 is a perspective view of the support structure of Figures 6 and 7 with the outermost side
30 panel portions and associated ledge panel portions folded over upon each other and upon the central panels illustrating the fully collapsed position.

 Figure 10 is a perspective view of still another preferred form of support structure embodying
35 the invention which is similar to the support structure illustrated in Figures 6 to 9 inclusive except that the arrangement of three forwardly facing panel portions

extends substantially vertically in the fully erect stable disposition and with the forwardly presented ledge formation at substantially right angles to the aforementioned panel portions.

5 Figure 11 is a perspective view of the embodiment of Figure 10 taken from a point to the rear and left below same.

 Figure 12 is a plan view of a flattened sheet of suitable material having a perimetral configuration
10 and impressed or inscribed with fold axes from which the support structure of Figures 10 and 11 is derived.

 Figure 13 is a perspective view of the support structure of Figures 10 and 11 with the extended
outermost side panels and associated ledge panel
15 portions folded over upon each other in the manner indicated by the arrows and upon the central panels illustrating the fully collapsed disposition thereof.

 The several embodiments of the support structures illustrated in Figures 1 to 13 inclusive,
20 when unfolded and secured in the preferred configuration against collapse and deposited upon a suitable supporting surface are independently self-sustaining notwithstanding that they can be readily folded up compactly as illustrated in Figures 3, 9 and 13
25 respectively.

 All embodiments illustrated and described are intended to be cut from a single stiff sheet of suitable material such as polyethylene or equivalent plastic sheeting or from suitable stiff cardboard sheeting.

30 Where desired the panel portions may take the form of stiff rigid perimetral inserts encased in suitable plastic sheeting or like material with the respective fold axes of such composite article being defined by several thicknesses of such sheeting formed
35 together by sealing or by stitching or otherwise adhered.

The fold axes or hinged interconnections are coincident with the panel portion edges. According to the preferred approach which utilizes suitable stiff plastic sheeting the fold axes are defined by impressing or inscribing lines in such plastic sheeting in the die cutting operation. This leaves a minimal number of joints to be fabricated by heat sealing or by using appropriate adhesives.

The embodiment of Figures 1 to 5 inclusive is preferably derived from a one-piece layout or blank having the configuration illustrated in Figure 4.

The blank of Figure 4 includes a centrally located first panel portion 10 flanked by side panel portions 12 and 14 of opposite symmetry, along each of panel portions 10, 12 and 14 are presented integral ledge panel portions 16, 18 and 20 along lowermost edges 22, 24 and 26 respectively.

Central panel portion 10 has a uniform generally quadrilateral configuration with uppermost edge 28 thereof having a greater extent than lowermost edge 22 such that side edge formations separating the respective associated central and side panel portions and ledge panel portions generally indicated at 30, 32 are angled convergingly downwardly respectively and are constituted by pairs of impressed or inscribed fold lines indicated at 34a, 34b, 36a and 36b in Figure 4.

Hingedly connected along uppermost edge 28 constituted by an impressed or inscribed fold line as indicated in Figure 4 is a second central panel portion 42 adapted to support first mentioned central panel portion 10 in upstanding relation as may be better understood from Figure 2 of the drawings. The hinged connection of the two central panel portions 10 and 42 allows for swinging movement of the central panel 10 with respect to the central panel 42 first forwardly

from a next adjacent folded position to an inclined position, and then reversely when the structure is to be collapsed.

The preferred embodiment reveals a hinged
5 connection along uppermost edge 28, whereas this connection may be omitted to provide a gap or slot therebetween for the reception of a flap or cover by means of which a pad can be anchored against dislodgement.

10 Central panel 42 is flanked by and hingedly connected to generally triangularly shaped side panel portions or gussets 44 and 46 which present along their respective hypotenuses as at 48 and 50 anchoring panel
15 portions 52 and 54 which are adapted to be secured in abutting relation against the respective rear surfaces side panel portions 12 and 14 as best seen in Figure 2 of the drawings.

The hinged connections extending along side edges of central panel portion 42 and flanking side
20 panel portions 44 and 46 as indicated generally at 56 and 58 in Figure 4 comprise separated pairs of fold lines in the case of hinge connections 56 as at 60a, 60b, 60c and 60d and in the case of hinge connection 58 as at 62a, 62b, 62c and 62d.

25 The hinged connections 56 and 58 so defined have an extent so as to embrace the enclosed central panel portions 10 and 42 and associated side panel and gussets when the support structure is collapsed as revealed by Figure 3 of the drawings.

30 Also such hinged connections 56 and 58 add stability derived from the assumed column or shaping when the article is extended into the fully erect position revealed by Figure 2.

It will be observed from the layout or blank
35 of Figure 4 from which the article of Figures 1, 2, 3 and 5 is derived that by joining panel portions 52 and 54 to the rear surfaces of panel portions 12 and 14

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along their abutting surfaces shown particularly in Figure 2 that alignment of lower edges 22, 24 and 26 of panel portions 10, 12 and 14 respectively can be established only when they are arranged in substantially fully extended coplanar side-by-side relation emphasized in Figures 1, 2, and 5 of the drawings. In such fully-extended side-by-side relation ledge panel portions 16, 18 and 20 can be folded in unison about their common respective edges or fold axes 22, 24 and 26 which secures panel portions 10, 12 and 14 respectively in substantially fully extended coplanar relation against collapse thereby inherently preserving the erect configuration, which structure so defined has a loading capability, and resists deformation when deposited upon a suitable supporting surface.

The support structure of Figures 1 to 5 inclusive is intended to carry an opened book supported lowermost on a suitable sponge pad 70 or the like mounted upon ledge panel portions 18 and 20 which sponge pad tends to prevent the cover of the book and pages from closing.

Ledge portions 18 and 20 are provided with notches 72 and 74 respectively which notches are adapted to cooperate with notches 76 and 78 respectively presented by side panel portions 12 and 14 in that elastics can be looped around the respective side panel 12 and ledge panel 18 and side panel 14 and ledge panel 20 and anchored in the aforementioned respective notches to hold the leaves or pages from flipping over.

It will be understood, having regard to the embodiment of the invention illustrated in Figures 6 to 9 inclusive, that a modification to the pattern or layout of Figure 4 may be undertaken without departing from the concept presented by Figures 1 to 5.

This may be understood first by considering the blank of Figure 8 which includes the first central panel portion 80 flanked by and hingedly connected to

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side panel portions 82 and 84 each presenting hingedly inter-connected ledge panel portions 86, 88 and 90 lowermost respectively.

Fold axes formations indicated generally at 92 and 94 of Figure 8 separate panel portions 80 from side panel portions 82 and 84 respectively with the uppermost edge 96 of central panel portion 80 constituting a fold axis of perimetral extent greater than the perimetral extent of lowermost edge 98a but provided with a slotted arrangement as at 98b.

Lowermost edge 98a defining the fold axis between central panel portion 80 and ledge panel portion 86 in the fully extended disposition is aligned with the fold axes 100 and 102 of ledge panel portions 88 and 90 respectively.

Central panel portion 80 is hingedly connected along the unslotted portion of uppermost edge 96 to a second central panel portion 104 flanked by gussets 106 and 108 along hinged connections 110 and 112 respectively in the same manner as described in relation to the embodiment of Figures 1 to 5 exclusive.

Gussets 106, 108 present securing panel portions 118 and 120 separated by fold lines 114, 116 respectively which are adapted to be secured to panel portions 82 and 84 respectively of central panel portion 80 as best seen in Figure 7.

Upon erection of the embodiment of Figures 6 to 9 inclusive from the collapsed state of Figure 9 to that of Figures 6 and 7 the panel portions are extended to the point where panels 80, 82 and 84 approach fully extended substantial coplanarity and fold axes 98a, 100 and 102 of ledge portions 86, 88 and 90 move into alignment for swinging in unison forwardly to secure all panel portions against collapse and so preserve the erect condition of the unit with panel portions 80, 82 and 84 inclined rearwardly from lowermost to uppermost edges and with the slot 98b uppermost serving as an

aperture for anchoring a note book or pad by its cover to incline downwardly when resting upon same.

Figures 10 to 13 inclusive disclose still another preferred embodiment of the invention.

5 Figure 12 illustrates the layout blank used to fabricate the articles depicted in Figures 10, 11 and 13 and as with the embodiment of Figures 6 to 9 inclusive the layout blank includes a first central panel portion 120 flanked by and hingedly connected to side panel portions 122 and 124 each provided lowermost with ledge panel portions 126, 128 and 130 respectively. The uppermost perimetral edge 150 defines a fold axis along which a second central panel portion 132 is hingedly connected to first central panel portion 120. Central
10 panel portion 132 is also flanked by side panel portions or gussets 134 and 136 carrying outermost connecting panel portions 138, 140 respectively, the fold axes defined by hinge formations 142 and 144 corresponding to those earlier described in connection with the first
15 preferred embodiment of Figures 1 to 5 inclusive at 30 and 32 and the fold axes or hinges indicated at 146 and 148 reflecting a structure similar to those indicated at 56 and 58 of the embodiment of Figures 1 to 5 inclusive.

25 The erect support structure depicted in Figures 10 and 11 is achieved by securing connecting panels 138 and 140 to the rear surfaces of side panel portions 122 and 124 respectively, as best seen in Figure 11. So erected, such structure presents front
30 panel portions 120, 122 and 124 in substantially perpendicular relation to the composite forwardly extending ledge formation comprising ledge portions 126, 128 and 130.

 This is achieved by selecting a dimension for
35 front central panel portion 120 measured vertically that is less than as indicated at "a" in Figure 12. The corresponding dimension of rear central panel portion "b"

is distinguished from the measurements "a" and "b" of figures 4 and 8 where "a" exceeds "b".

The collapsed configuration of the embodiment of Figures 10 to 12 and the direction of folding for that arrangement is as revealed in Figure 13 by arrows 152 and 154.

In other respects the preferred embodiment of figures 10 to 13 is fabricated and operates in a manner similar to that described in relation to the embodiments of Figures 1 to 5 inclusive and 6 to 9 inclusive.

It is emphasized that the substantially fully extended coplanarity achieved in accordance with the embodiments illustrated among the principal panel portions 10, 12 and 14 of Figure 1, 80, 82 and 84 of Figure 6 and 120, 122 and 124 of Figure 10 is a limit position and provides automatic alignment of the integral fold axes presented by the respective ledge panel portions which are adapted only in such limit position to move in unison to project forwardly and thereby secure the extended disposition of the respective principal panel portions and associated supporting panel portions to lock same against collapse and impart stability when the article support is deposited upon a suitable support surface.

CLAIMS:

1. A collapsible self-sustaining support structure having a substantial measure of rigidity derived from sheetlike panel portions hingedly interconnected along common abutting edges to define fold axes for limited swinging movement towards and away from one another, said structure including a central panel portion (10) flanked by hingedly interconnected side panel portions (12, 14) arranged to be supported in substantially fully extended upstanding side-by-side forwardly facing relation, said central panel portion having a uniform generally quadrilateral perimetral configuration with its uppermost edge having an extent greater than the extent of its lowermost edge, said central panel portion and said side panel portions flanking same each presenting hingedly interconnected ledge panel portions (16, 18, 20) along their respective lowermost edges (22, 24, 26) in side-by-side relation, characterised in that the configuration of the lowermost edges of said central and side panel portions is such that said hingedly interconnected ledge panel portions are foldable in unison into a generally horizontal disposition only when said aforementioned central and side panel portions are in substantially fully extended side-by-side relation, a second central panel portion (42) having a uniform generally quadrilateral perimetral configuration is adapted to swing from a position next adjacent said first mentioned panel portion (10) rearwardly therefrom to support same in upstanding relation and gusset panel portions (44, 46) are hingedly interconnected between each of said flanking side panel portions and said second mentioned central panel portion and are of an extent whereby with said first mentioned central and side panel portions arranged in substantially fully extended upstanding side-by-side forwardly facing relation the folding in unison of said hingedly

interconnected ledge panel portions into a generally horizontal disposition secures said panels against further relative displacement.

2. A support structure as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that said first and second mentioned central panel portions (10, 42) are hingedly interconnected along their respective uppermost edges (28).

3. A support structure as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterised in that the extent of said first mentioned central panel portion (10) from its lowermost edge (22) to its uppermost edge (28) exceeds the comparable extent of said second mentioned central panel portion (42), such that with said central panel portions swung apart and secured against further relative displacement and with their lowermost edges in surface engaging relation, said second mentioned central panel portion (42) assumes a substantially upright disposition and said first mentioned central panel (10) and flanking side panel portions (12, 14) are inclined downwardly and forwardly.

4. A support structure as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterised in that the extent of said first mentioned central panel portion (120) from its lowermost edge to its uppermost edge (150) is less than the comparable extent of said second mentioned central panel portion (132) such that with said central panel portions swung apart and secured against further relative displacement and with their lowermost edges in surface engaging relation, said first mentioned central panel (120) and flanking side panel portions (122, 124) assume a substantially upright disposition and said second mentioned panel (132) is inclined downwardly and rearwardly from its uppermost edge.

5. A support structure as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3, characterised in that said gusset panel portions (106, 108)

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extend between the respective side edges of said second mentioned central panel portion (104) and the edges of said flanking side panel portions (82, 84) remote from said first mentioned central panel portion (80).

6. A support structure as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3, characterised in that said gusset panel portions (44, 46) extend between the respective side edges of said second mentioned central panel portion (42) and the rearwardly facing surfaces respectively of said flanking side panel portions (12, 14) along a diagonal line of juncture.

7. A support structure as claimed in any preceding claim, characterised in that the hinged interconnections (30,32) between said first mentioned central panel portion, flanking side panel portions and ledge panel portions each comprise at least two next adjacent substantially parallel fold axes and the hinged interconnections (56,58) between said second mentioned central panel portion and said gusset panel portions respectively include at least two or more next adjacent substantially parallel fold axes.

8. A support structure as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that said gusset panel portions (106, 108) extend between the respective side edges of said second mentioned central panel portion (104) and the edges of said flanking side panel portions (82,84) remote from said first mentioned central panel portion (80), said first and second mentioned central panel portions (80, 104) being hingedly interconnected along their respective uppermost edges (96), with the extent of said first mentioned central panel portion from its lowermost edge to its uppermost edge exceeding the comparable extent of said second mentioned central panel portion, so that with said central panel portions swung apart and secured against further relative displacement and with their lowermost edges in surface engaging relation, said

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second mentioned central panel portion assumes a substantially upright disposition and said first mentioned central panel and flanking side panel portions are inclined downwardly and forwardly.

9. A support structure as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that said gusset panel portions (134,136) extend between the respective side edges of said second mentioned central panel portion (132) and the edges of said flanking side panel portions (122,124) remote from said first mentioned central panel portion (120), said first and second mentioned central panel portions being hingedly interconnected along their respective uppermost edges (150) with the extent of said first mentioned central panel portion from its lowermost edge to its uppermost edge being less than the comparable extent of said second mentioned central panel portion, so that with said central panel portions swung apart and secured against further relative displacement and with their lowermost edges in surface engaging relation, said first mentioned central panel and flanking side panel portions assume a substantially upright disposition and said second mentioned panel is inclined downwardly and rearwardly from its uppermost edge.

10. A support structure as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that said gusset panel portions (44, 46) extend between the respective side edges of said second mentioned central panel portion (42) and the rearwardly facing surfaces respectively of said flanking side panel portions (12,14) along a diagonal line of juncture, and in which said first and second mentioned central panel portions (10,42) are hingedly interconnected along their respective uppermost edges (28) with the extent of said first mentioned central panel portion from its lowermost edge to its uppermost edge exceeding the comparable extent of said second mentioned central panel portion,

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so that with said central panel portions swung apart and secured against further relative displacement and with their lowermost edges in surface engaging relation, said second mentioned central panel portion assumes a substantially upright position and said first mentioned central panel and flanking side panel portion are inclined downwardly and forwardly.

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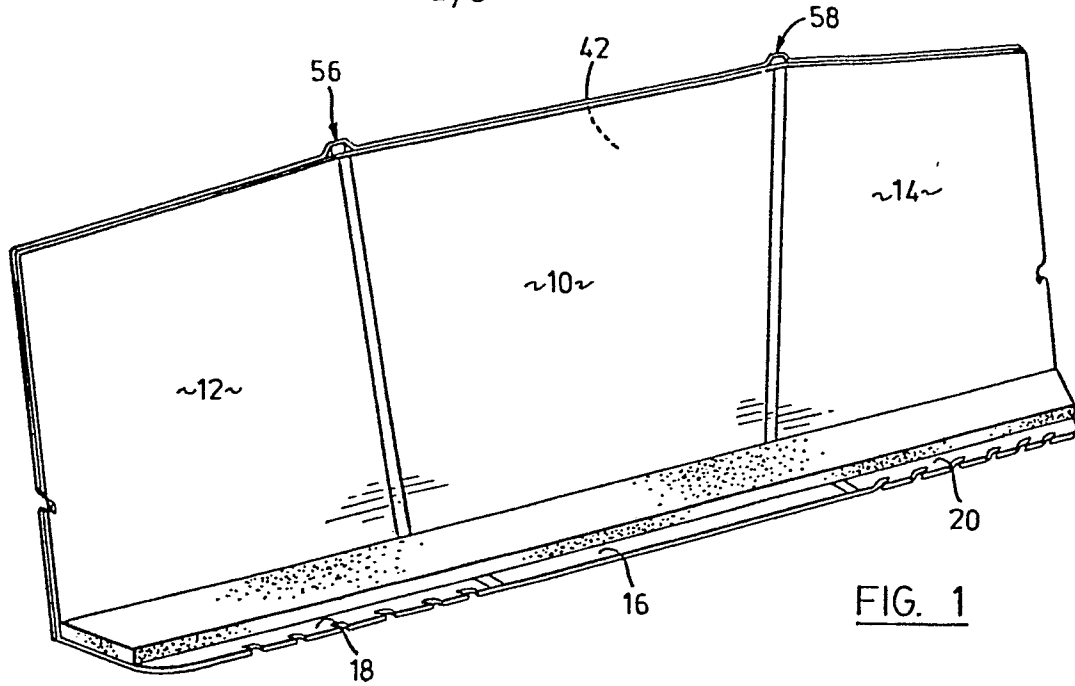


FIG. 1

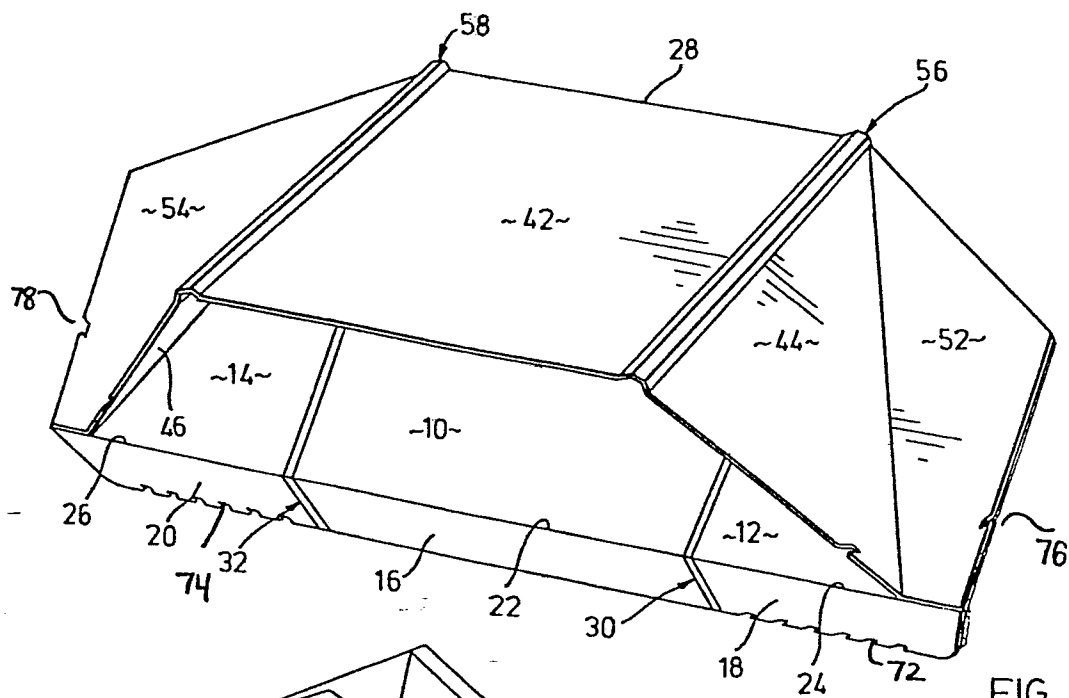


FIG. 2

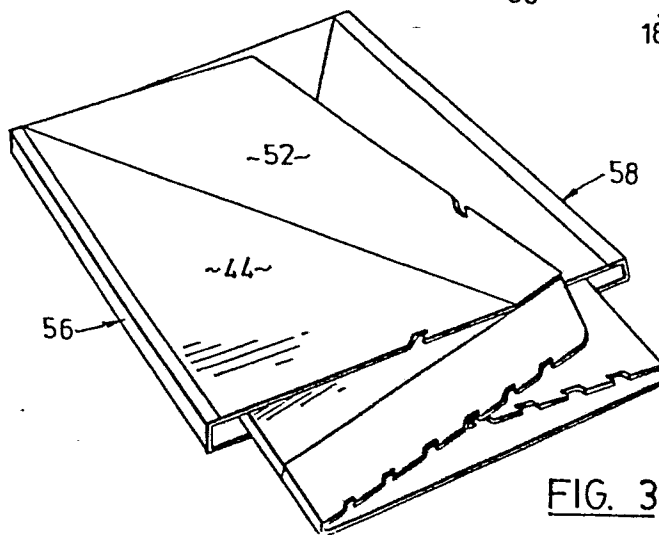
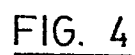
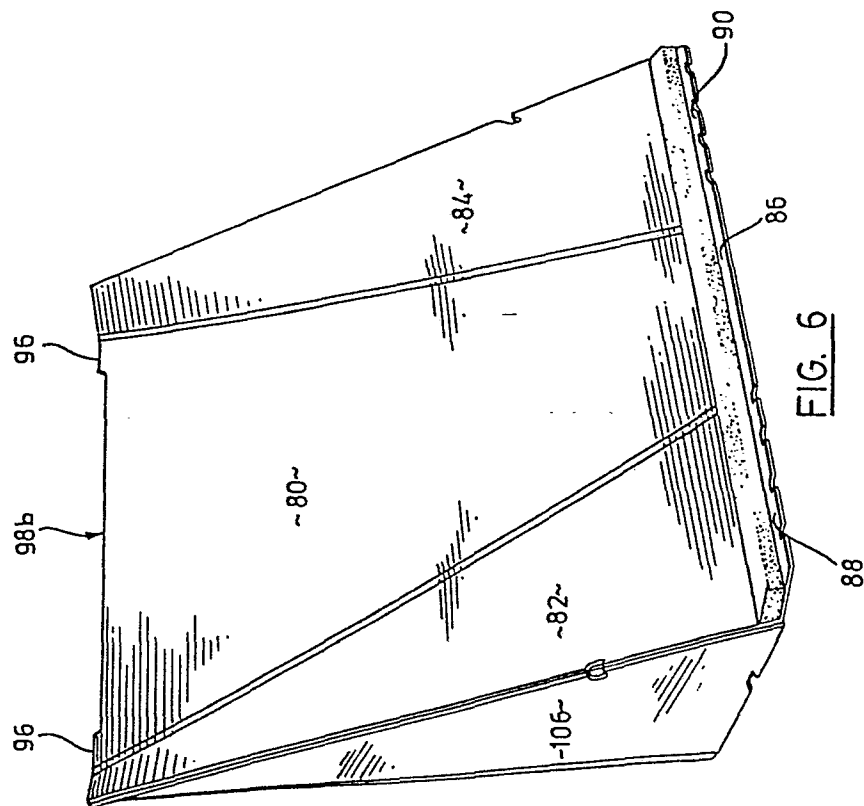
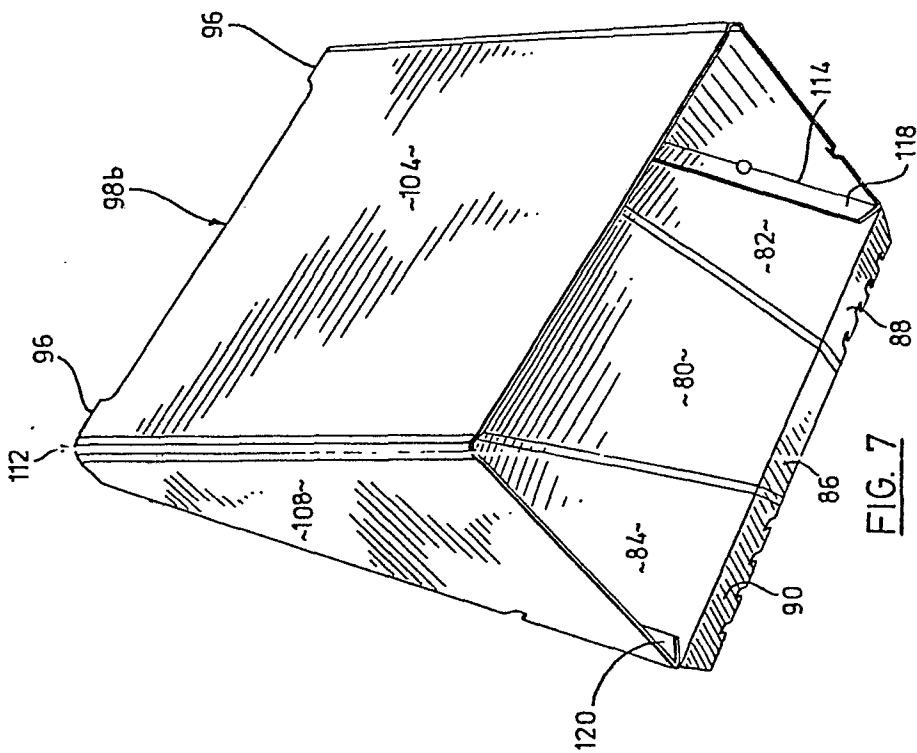


FIG. 3





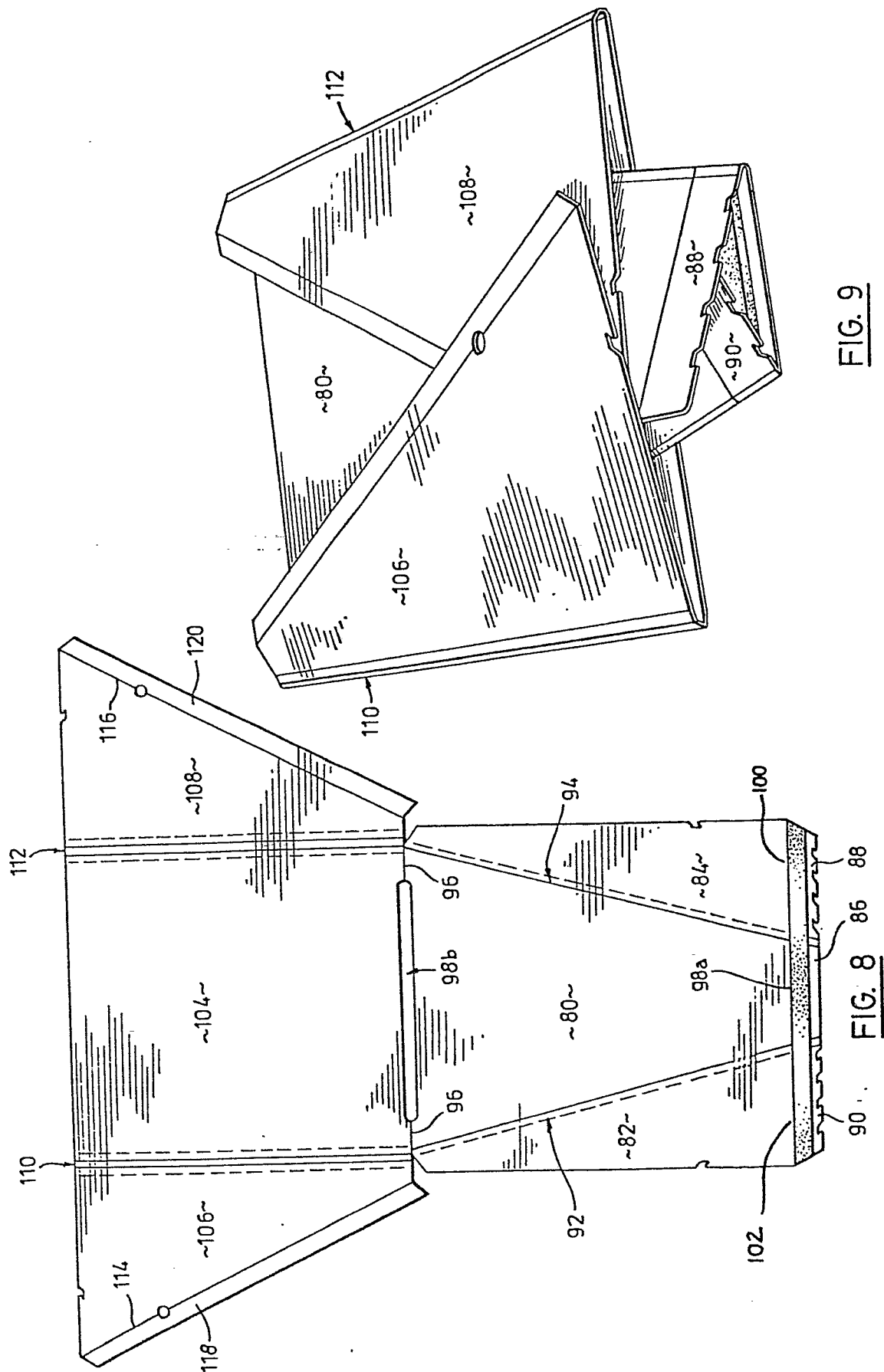
FIG. 9

FIG. 8

