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EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

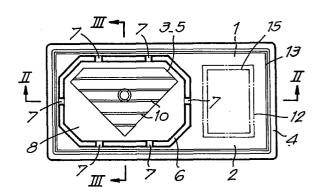
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- 54 Package for precious stones.
- (5) Package for precious stones, characterized in that it substantially comprises tow parts, that is to say a bottom part (1) and a cover (2), of which at least the cover (2) is made from a transparent material and at least the bottom part (1) has a cavity (3) for at least one precious stone, whilst around the aforesaid cavity (3) is provided a groove (6) interrupted by small bridges (7), the two parts, after the inclusion of at least one diamond, being assembled the one with the other by ultra-sound welding, thermic welding, high frequency welding, gluing or similar procedures.



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"Package for precious stones".

The present invention relates to a package for precious stones, more especially to a package which is apt to contain
one or more precious stones the characteristics of which
have been previously established and allows to keep the

5 precious stones in a controlled manner, this package being
closed in such a way that only through damaging the packingcase it is possible to get at the precious stone or stones,
so that any fraud is excluded.

- 10 As a matter of fact, the package according to the present invention is designed in such a way that with the precious stone or stones it contains a microfilm showing the data concerning the characteristics of the precious stone or stones which is (are) packed in it, which, once the quality of a precious stone or of a lot of precious stones has been established, makes it possible to sell them without the intervention of an expert being required, it being obtained that the description of the diamond can remain objective, so that it does not depend on successive expert appraisements and descriptions.
 - The package according to the present invention has the following principal advantages:
- 25 the precious stone or precious stones remains (remain) constantly visible after packing;

- it is possible to arrange the precious stones in a well-defind manner, whilst keeping them in place;
- the sealing of the package is inviolable;

- it is possible to open the package in a simple way in order to give an expert opinion on the precious stones or remove same;

10 - it is impossible to close the package again without leaving visible traces.

The package according to the invention which has the aforesaid and also other advantages comprises, for that purpose,

15 two parts, that is to say a bottom part and a cover, of which
at least the cover is made of a transparent material and at
least the bottom part has a cavity for at least one precious
stone, whilst, around this cavity, a groove with a plurality
of small bridges forming interruptions is provided in one of

20 the aforesaid parts and, after placing at least one diamond,
the two aforesaid parts are assembled by ultra-sound welding,
thermic welding, high frequency welding or gluing.

In order to throw more light on the characteristic features
of the invention are described hereinafter, as examples without any limitative character, a few preferred embodiments of
the invention, reference being made to the attached drawings,
in which:

figure 1 shows a view from above of the package according to the invention;
figures 2 and 3 show on a larger scale the sections according to the lines II-II and III-III in figure 1;
figure 4 shows on a larger scale the part marked F4 in figure 2;
figure 5 is a view similar to that of figure 4, but in which there is provided a paper strip or similar;

figure 6 is a view similar to that of figure 5, but for an embodiment variant;

the figures 7 through 10 show views from above of the package according to the invention, but for embodiment variants.

Figures 1 through 3 show a package that, according to the present invention, chiefly comprises two parts: a bottom part 1 and a cover part 2.

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The bottom part 1 substantially consists of a small rectangular plate having an appropriate thickness, in which there is provided a cavity 3, whilst the cover 2 is provided with a peripheric edge 4, which ensures a precise closure around the aforesaid bottom part 1, whilst in the aforesaid cover is also provided a cavity 5, on the one hand, and, on the other hand, a groove 6 having at certain locations small bridges 7 forming interruptions, in order to ensure that part 8 of the cover 2, in which has been provided the cavity 5, forms a whole with the cover proper 2. The small bridges 7 have preferably a thickness which is less than the thickness of material of the cover 2.

The shapes of the cavities 3 and 5 are always mutually alike, but it goes without saying that they may be chosen arbitrarily, although the cavities 3 and 5 have the shape of a cut precious stone in the present embodiment.

It goes without saying that the groove 6 may also have any shape and therefore there is shown as an example in figure 4 an embodiment variant according to which this shape follows the outline of the cavities 3 and 5.

The depth of the aforesaid cavities 3 and 5 is of course de-35 termined so that it becomes possible to pack therein precious stones of different heights and, for an adaptation, when the precious stones have a height which is smaller than the sum of the depths of the cavities 3 and 5, one arranges in one of those cavities, for instance in the cavity 3, one or more layers 9 which may, for instance, be layers of velvet, this velvet being preferably chosen of black colour, in order so to increase the contrast between the precious stone or stones and the surrounding material.

As shown in figures 2 and 3, the precious stones are arranged between the bottom part <u>1</u> and cover <u>2</u> in such a way that the table of each precious stone is placed against the bottom of the cavity 5 of the cover 2.

In order to be able to arrange and hold in position the precious stones in definite configurations, there shall preferably be provided maintaining elements which, in this case, will consist of ribs 10 in the aforesaid cavity 5, these ribs being provided at well determined mutual distances, which may of course vary according to the size of the precious stones to be packed, which is clearly shown when figures 1 and 5 are being compared.

It goes without saying that the aforesaid ribs <u>10</u> may be shaped otherwise and/or have other configurations, as shown schematically, for example, in figures 6 and 7.

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In order to make the package have a particular aspect, it is also possible, on the one hand, to arrange on the bottom part 1, i.e. between this bottom part and the cover 2, a strip of paper 11, coloured or not coloured, in which there is a "cut-out" the shape of which preferably corresponds to the shape of the cavity 3, the "cut-out" provided in the paper strip or similar provided therefore being located underneath the layer or layers 9. In this way there is ensured that when looking on the package from below, one obtains a uniform aspect or colour. It is also possible to print, inscribe, perforate definite data or make them known in a similar way. One may also cut in the paper a window 12, the purpose of

which will be explained thereinafter.

Finally, also preferably, there shall be provided on the inside face of the cover 2 and along its entire contour, a

5 narrow rib 13 by means of which there is obtained that a little distance remains free between the bottom part 1 and cover 2. The purpose intended with this narrow rib 13 is to ensure that the weld between the bottom part 1 and cover 2 will follow a regular line, so that one obtains a package

10 with a nice aspect. For, if the parts 2 and 1 were simply placed the one above the other, one should obtain a weld line with an irregular width.

In figure 6 is also shown an embodiment according to which

15 the rib 13 is provided on a shoulder 14, in order to make
more room for the paper strip 11 and microfilm or similar
which possibly may be additionally enclosed. The purpose intended with this shoulder 14 is also to prevent any interference between the paper strip and weld.

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Between the bottom part $\underline{1}$ and cover $\underline{2}$, and adjacent to the groove $\underline{6}$, there is provided a space which, as schematically indicated in figure 1, may be occupied by a bit of paper or similar $\underline{15}$ which is or is not a copy of an official certificate, for instance a microcopy on which are shown all the characteristics of the precious stone or stones enclosed in the package, and which in the present case is visible, amongst others, through the window 12 of the paper strip 11.

30 After placing the precious stone or stones in the package, in the manner described hereinabove, one closes the so constituted package by ultra-sound welding, thermic welding, high frequency welding, gluing or a similar process, in order to obtain that the parts 1 and 2 are assembled together at the contour of the bottom plate 1, in such a way as to obtain so to say one solid object, excluding the opening of the package.

But, according to the present invention, if it is wanted to remove the precious stone or stones from the package, it is sufficient to cut the various small bridges 7 (interruptions of the groove 6) by means of a sharp knife or similar tool, after which one is able to remove the part 8 and get at the precious stone or stones.

It is clear that it is impossible to fit part 8 in place again, so that any fraud is excluded.

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It is also clear that, thanks to the presence of the afore-said groove 6 and small bridges 7, the part 8 can be removed in such a way that the precious stone or stones remain in place during the opening of the package, that is to say do not get suddenly detached at the moment of opening, so that a loss of stones at the moment of the opening is impossible.

It is clear that the present invention is not at all limited to the embodiments described hereinabove as examples and 20 shown in the attached drawings, but that such a package may be made with a plurality of shapes and a plurality of dimensions without going beyond the scope of the present invention.

Claims.

- 1.- Package for precious stones, characterized in that it
 substantially comprises two parts, that is to say a bottom
 5 part (1) and a cover (2), of which at least the cover (2)
 is made from a transparent material and at least the bottom
 part (1) has a cavity (3) for at least one precious stone,
 whilst around the aforesaid cavity (3), a groove (6) having
 a plurality of small bridges (7) forming interruptions is
 10 provided in one of the aforesaid parts and, after at least
 one diamond is put into place, the two parts are assembled
 by ultra-sound welding, thermic welding, high frequency welding or gluing.
- 2.- Package for precious stones according to claim 1, characterized in that in both parts, respectively in the bottom part (1) and cover (2), and facing each other, are provided cavities (3-5) the shapes of which are similar.
- 20 3.- Package for precious stones according to claim 2, characterized in that the cavities (3-5) have the shape of the cut precious stone.
- 4.- Package for precious stones according to one of the pre-25 ceding claims, characterized in that the aforesaid groove (6) is provided in the cover (2).
- 5.- Package for precious stones according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the aforesaid small30 bridges (7) have a thickness which is less than the local thickness of the cover (2).
- 6.- Package for precious stones according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that in the face of the cover (2) facing the cavity (3) of the bottom part (1) are provided ribs (10) for locating the precious stone or stones.

- 7.- Package for precious stones according to claim 6, characterized in that the aforesaid ribs (10) are provided on the bottom of the cavity (5) of the cover (2).
- 8.- Package for precious stones according to claim 7, characterized in that the aforesaid ribs (10) are parallel the one to the others.
- 9.- Package for precious stones according to claim 7, charac-10 terized in that the aforesaid ribs (10) remain parallel to the contours of the aforesaid cavities (3-5).
 - 10.- Package for precious stones according to claim 7, characterized in that the aforesaid ribs (10) are circular.
- 11.- Package for precious stones according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that in the cavity (3) provided in the bottom part (1) are arranged one or more layers (9) of a soft material, for instance velvet.

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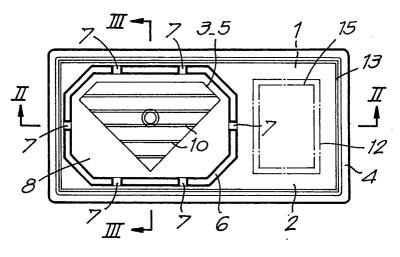
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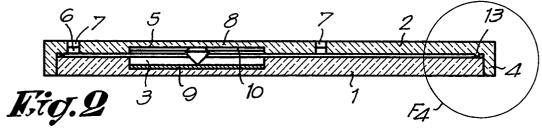
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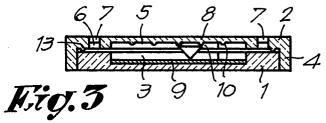
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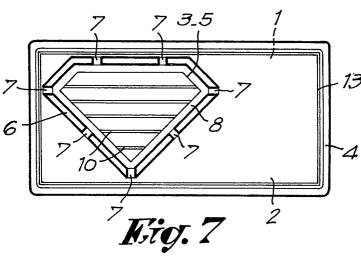
- 12.- Package for precious stones according to claim 1, characterized in that the aforesaid groove (6) surrounding the precious stone has a shape which is similar or not similar and/or parallel to the shape of the cavities (3-5).
- 13.- Package for precious stones according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that on the inner face of the cover (2) and/or on the inner face of the bottom part (1) a rib (13) is provided along the entire periphery.
- 14.- Package according to claim 13, characterized in that the rib (13) is provided on a shoulder (14).

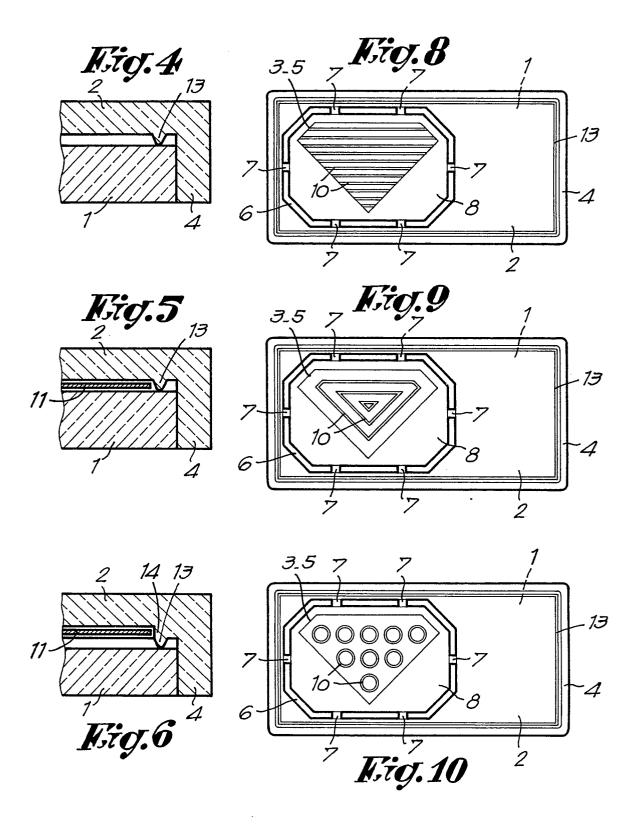














EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

	DOCUMENTS CONSI	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl. ')		
Category	Citation of document with indic passages	cation, where appropriate, of relevant	Relevant to claim	
	BE - A - 883 5 * Page 2, lin line 20; fi	e 11 to page 6,	1,2,3	B 65 D 85/00 A 45 C 11/16
	BE - A - 881 0 INVESTORS) * Page 4, lin 9; figures	e 20 to end page	1,11	
	<u>US - A - 3 744</u> * Column 2, 1 line 43; fi	ine 63 to column 5,	1,4,5	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl. ³) B 65 D A 45 C
	<u>US - A - 4 120</u> * Patent speci		1,6	A 47 F
	÷			CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X: particularly relevant A: technological background O: non-written disclosure P: intermediate document T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: conflicting application D: document cited in the application L: citation for other reasons
	The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			&: member of the same patent family, corresponding document
lace of s	earch The Hague	Date of completion of the search 22-07-1981	Examiner V A	NTOMME