

⑫

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

⑰ Application number: 83106975.2

⑤① Int. Cl.³: **G 03 D 3/06**

⑱ Date of filing: 15.07.83

③① Priority: 20.07.82 IT 4572682

④③ Date of publication of application: 29.02.84
Bulletin 84/9

⑥④ Designated Contracting States: **CH DE FR GB IT LI**

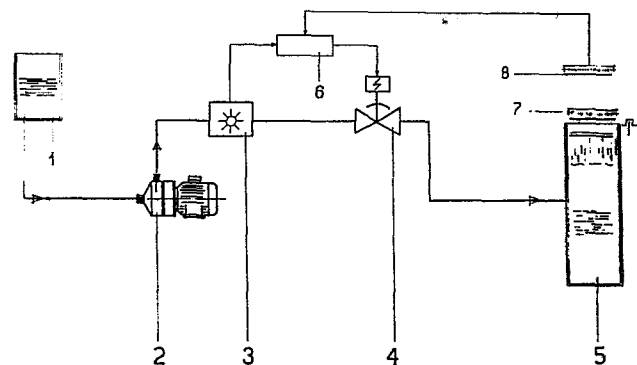
⑦① Applicant: **Fotomec - San Marco S.p.A., Via Plandipani, I-33080 Fiume Veneto/Pordenone (IT)**

⑦② Inventor: **Fracas, Franco, Via Montereale 61, I-33170 Pordenone (IT)**
 Inventor: **Marson, Roberto, Via San Mauro 3/1, I-33084 Cordenons Pordenone (IT)**
 Inventor: **Piccoli, Primo, Via Zuccolo 23, I-33080 Porcia Pordenone (IT)**

⑦④ Representative: **Patentanwälte Grünecker, Dr. Kinkeldey, Dr. Stockmair, Dr. Schumann, Jakob, Dr. Bezold, Meister, Hilgers, Dr. Meyer-Plath, Maximilianstrasse 58, D-8000 München 22 (DE)**

⑥④ **A device for automatically metering chemical products in a developing machine.**

⑤⑦ A device for automatically metering chemical products in a developing machine comprises pump means (2) and valve means (4). An electronic program unit (6) including a memory is connected on the one hand to a photocell (8) sensing the quantity of paper (7) treated, and on the other hand, to a pulse counter (3) and to an electrovalve (4) so as to constantly monitor the consumption of substances from the treatment bath and to actuate said valve means for regenerating the chemical substances contained in the treatment vessel (5).



1 A Device for Automatically Metering
 Chemical Products in a Developing Machine

5 D e s c r i p t i o n

The present invention relates to a device for automatically
metering the exact quantity of chemical products required
for regenerating a treatment bath in a vessel of a develop-
10 ing machine for photographic films and papers.

At present, the regeneration of such baths is accomplished
by calculating the surface area of the treated papers and
by actuating, on the basis of the thus obtained information,
a volumetric membrane pump for supplying one or several
15 metered doses of chemical regenerating substances to the
bath.

This known device suffers from various drawbacks mainly
due to the long-term instability of the pump output (deter-
20 ioration of the membrane, incrustation of the valves), to
the insufficient metering accuracy and to adjustment diffic-
ulties (the pump output can only be varied by varying the
stroke of the pump membrane).

25 It is an object of the present invention to provide a
device of the type set forth, which operates completely
automatically, quickly and accurately so as to control
the regenerating system in a closed circuit.

30 The subject matter of the invention is thus a device con-
necting a container for chemical regeneration substances
to a treatment vessel of a developing machine, said device
comprising pump means and valve means and being character-
ized in that it comprises an electronic program unit in-
35 cluding a memory and connected on the one hand to sensing
means effective to sense the quantity of paper treated, and
on the other, to a pulse counter and to an electrovalve, so
as to constantly monitor the consumption of substances from

1 the treatment bath and to actuate said electrovalve for
regenerating the chemical substances of said bath.

The characteristics of the invention and its advantages
5 will become evident from the following description, given
by way of a non-limiting example, with reference to the
accompanying drawing, showing a diagrammatic representation
of a device according to the invention.

10 In the drawing, a container 1 for chemical regeneration
substances is connected to a magnetically driven centri-
fugal pump 2 for supplying said substances to a treatment
vessel 5 of a developing machine via a pulse counter 3 and
an electrovalve 4.

15 An electronic program unit 6 including a memory is con-
nected on the one hand to photocell sensor means 8 employed
for sensing the quantity of paper 7 treated within vessel 5,
and on the other hand, to pulse counter 3 and electro-
20 valve 4.

The program unit 6 compares the informations relating to
the treated paper as supplied by the photocell sensor means
8 to dates contained in the included memory, and at the
25 proper time initiates a regeneration cycle by opening
electrovalve 4. Thanks to its magnetic drive system, cent-
rifugal pump 2 is always rotating, but supplies the chem-
ical substances from container 1 to vessel 5 only when
electrovalve 4 is open. The regeneration cycle is termin-
30 ated as soon as the metered quantity of the chemical sub-
stance as indicated by the pulse counter 3 corresponds to
the quantity required according to the program, the respect-
ive dates being stored in the memory of program unit 6.

35 Shown in fig. 2 of the drawings is a preferred embodiment
of program unit 6, comprising a binary pulse counter 9 the
input of which is controlled by the photocell sensor means
8 by means of a pulse train. The output of counter 9, shown

1 as a single output in fig. 2, controls the first input
section 11 of a binary comparator 10, the other input section of which is controlled by one stage of the memory 13. Memory 13, comprising for instance an integrated circuit
5 type 2716 of Intel Corp., is adapted to generate at its output, shown as a single output in fig. 2, a binary reference number corresponding to the maximum quantity of paper that can be treated in tub 5 after each regeneration cycle. Comparator 10 may for instance comprise an integrated
10 circuit of the type 74C85 made by National Semiconductor Corp. and is in a per se known manner adapted to generate a logic output level "1" only when the binary numbers applied to its inputs 11 and 12 coincide.

15 The output of comparator 10 controls a reset input of counter 9 and a control input 16 of a flipflop stage 14.

The output of flipflop stage 14 controls the electrovalve 4 and a reset and enable input of a binary pulse counter 15,
20 and shows a logic level "1" when an identical level "1" is applied to its control input 16.

Counter 15 is substantially identical to counter 9 and is controlled by a pulse train generated by counter 3 (or flow
25 meter) for generating at its output 17 a reset signal when the counted pulse number corresponds to the quantity of the chemical substance to be metered into tub 5. The output 17 of counter 15 controls a corresponding reset input of flipflop stage 14.

30

In operation, after each regeneration cycle counter 9 progressively counts the pulses received from photocell sensor means 8 until the counted number corresponds to the binary number at the output of memory 13, this number itself
35 corresponding, as already explained, to the quantity of paper to be treated prior to initiating a new regeneration cycle. Comparator 10 then generates a logic output signal "1" for resetting counter 9 and commuting flipflop stage 14.

1 The logic signal "1" at the output of flipflop stage 14
initiates the opening of electrovalve 4 and simultaneously
enables counter 15, which is always in its reset condition
in the absence of said logic signal "1".

5

Counter 15 counts the pulses generated by counter 3, the
operation of which is initiated by the opening of electro-
valve 4. When the required amount of the chemical substance
has been transferred from container 1 to tub 5, counter 15
10 generates at its output a reset signal for flipflop stage
14, whereby the latter causes electrovalve 4 to be closed
so as to terminate the regeneration cycle.

The described device may obviously undergo various modifi-
15 cations within the scope of the invention. There may for
instance be employed a plurality of containers 1 containing
various chemical substances to be supplied to different
treatment vessels 5. In this case it is merely necessary
to provide further connections of the kind described, and
20 if need be to increase the capacity of the memory included
in the program unit.

25

30

35

0101559

GRÜNECKER, KINKELDEY, STOCKMAIR & PARTNER

PATENTANWÄLTE
EUROPEAN PATENT ATTORNEYS

A. GRÜNECKER, DPL. ING.
DR. H. KINKELDEY, DPL. ING.
DR. W. STOCKMAIR, DPL. ING. & E. (CALTECH)
DR. K. SCHUMANN, DPL. PHYS.
P. H. JAKOB, DPL. ING.
DR. G. BEZOLD, DPL. CHEM.
W. MEISTER, DPL. ING.
H. HILGERS, DPL. PHYS.
DR. H. MEYER-PLATH, DPL. ING.

8000 MUNCHEN 22
MAXIMILIANSTRASSE 58

EP 1127

A Device for Automatically Metering
Chemical Products in a Developing Machine

P a t e n t C l a i m s

1. A device for automatically metering chemical products in a developing machine, particularly for supplying regenerating substances from a container thereof to a treatment vessel of the machine, said device including pump means and valve means and being characterized in that it comprises an electronic program unit (6) including a memory and connected on the one hand to photocell sensor means (8) effective to sense the quantity of paper treated, and on the other hand, to a pulse counter (3) and to an electrovalve (4), so as to constantly monitor the consumption of substances of the treatment bath and to actuate said electrovalve (4) for regenerating the chemical substances in said vessel (5).

- 1 2. A device according to claim 1, characterized in that
said pump means (2) comprise a magnetically driven centri-
fugal pump.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

1/2

0101559

FIG. 1

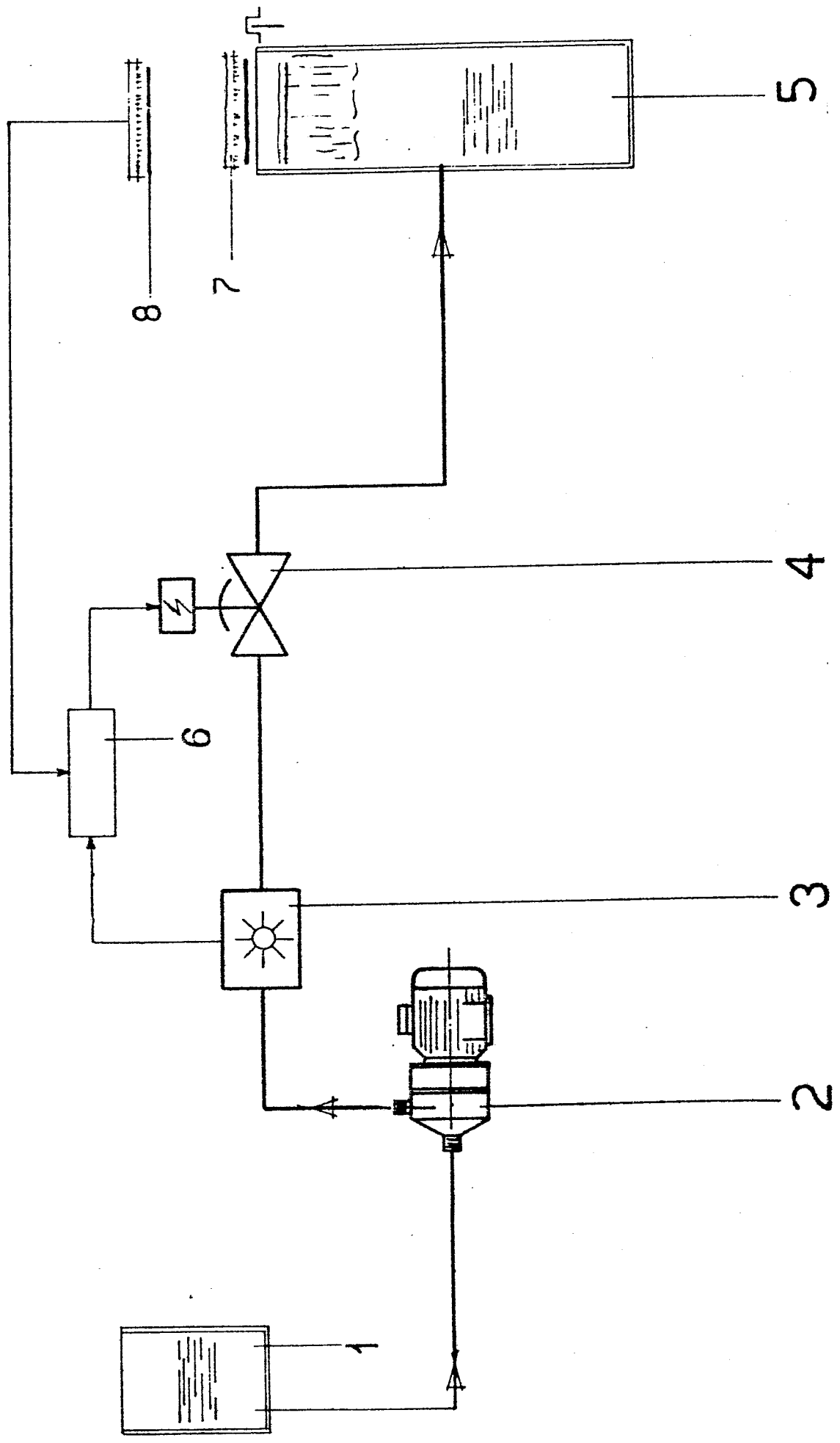


FIG. 2

