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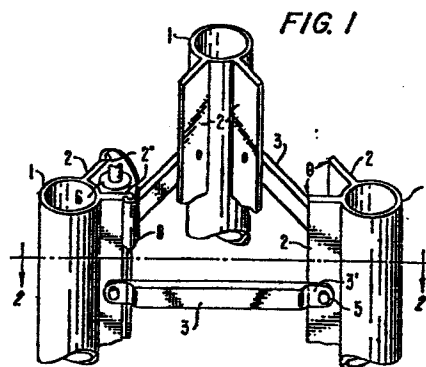
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⑥④ **Lightweight tower assemblies for antennas and the like.**

⑤⑦ **A lightweight extruded aluminium tube and longitudinal fin structure and assembly enabling the use of two or three pluralities of identical parts only for ready hand-carrying and erection.**



LIGHTWEIGHT TOWER ASSEMBLIES FOR
ANTENNAS AND THE LIKE

0208037

5 The present invention relates to tower assemblies
for antennas and the like, being more particularly
directed to lightweight towers that, in some instances,
may be hand-carried and erected in a portable manner.

10 The art is replete with a myriad of tower structures
used throughout the years for mounting antennas and
similar rigs, and requiring structural strength and
resistance to the wind and other environmental factors.
Tubular tower legs have been employed with welded and
otherwise attached lugs or similar elements for attaching
struts and other supporting elements, with inherent weak
points at the welds succumbing to flexing, rusting and
15 other wear factors, particularly as sections are pyra-
mided one upon another to achieve the desired height,
which also introduces stability problems and usually the
need for extensive guy wiring. Numerous different parts,
moreover, are customarily required for constructing the
20 assembly, including some that are relatively heavy and
sometimes costly and complex.

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An object of the present invention, accordingly, is to provide a new and improved tower assembly for antennas and the like that overcomes the above and other disadvantages of prior structures and, to the contrary, enables the use of a minimum number of different parts (two or three types only, if desired) and also insures lightweight (even hand-portable) structures, through novel extruded design and assembly configurations.

A further object is to provide a novel tower assembly of more general utility, as well.

Other and further objects will be explained hereinafter and are more particularly delineated in the appended claims.

In summary, from one of its important aspects, the invention embraces a lightweight antenna tower structure assembly having, in combination, three substantially identical tubular legs each comprising a hollow extruded aluminum tube having integral pairs of radially extending fins subtending an angle ranging from substantially acute to an obtuse angle and extending longitudinally external to and along the outer surface of the tube parallel to the longitudinal axis thereof, with the tubes mounted at the corners of an equilateral triangle.

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and with the fins facing inwardly of the triangle;
bolt-receiving apertures disposed at preselected intervals
longitudinally along each of said fins; a plurality of
substantially identical extruded aluminum struts each
5 flattened at its ends and provided with bolt-receiving
apertures therein; and means for bolting the flattened
ends of each strut against and to corresponding fins of
adjacent tubes through aligned apertures in the flattened
ends and in the fins to provide a periodic structural
10 connecting and ladder assembly. Preferred details and
best mode embodiments are later described.

The invention will now be explained with reference to
the accompanying drawings Fig. 1 of which is a fragmentary
isometric view of the invention assembled in preferred
15 form;

Fig. 2 is a transverse section along the line 2-2 of
Fig. 1; and

Fig. 3 is a side elevation of a modification illus-
trating two superposed tower sections.

20 In accordance with the invention, extruded aluminum
or similar lightweight hollow tubing 1 is employed having
integral extruded pairs of radially extending fins 2 sub-
tending an angle ranging from substantially acute to an,
obtuse angle θ and extending longitudinally of and exter-
25 nal to the outer surface of the tube, parallel to its

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longitudinal (vertical, as shown assembled) axis. The three tubes and fins 1-2 constitute a first plurality of identical parts serving as the legs of the tower and arranged at the corners of an equilateral triangle (for structural strength) with the pairs of fins 2 facing inwardly of the triangle. The right-hand (lower) fin 2 of the left-most tubular leg 1, as shown in Fig. 1, and the left-hand (lower) fin 2 of the right-most tubular leg 1, lie on the bottom side of the triangle; and the left-hand (upper) fin 2 of the left-hand tubular leg 1 and the left-hand fin 2 of the uppermost leg 1 lie on the left-hand triangle side, with the right-hand fin 2 of the uppermost leg 1 and the right-hand (shown upper) fin 2 of the right-hand leg 1 defining the remaining triangle side. The legs 1 may comprise the bottom section of the tower, the lower ends of which are sunk into the ground, for example.

To assemble the legs into a strong structure, a second plurality of identical light-weight strut elements 3 is employed each being an aluminum or similar extruded bar flattened at its ends 3' so that the flattened ends may be assembled against the outer flat surfaces of the fins 2 as by bolts 5 passed through aligned apertures 3" and 2', Fig. 2, formed in the flattened

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ends 3' and at periodic longitudinally spaced intervals along the fins 2, respectively. When attached horizontally at periodic intervals, as in Fig. 1, the supporting struts 3 can serve as a ladder for climbing the tower assembly, as well; and if further bracing is desired, may be oriented diagonally as at 30 in Fig. 3.

The addition of further sections 1-2-3 may be readily effected with the aid of tubular or other inserts 7 bolted at 7' within the top ends of the bottom set 1-2 and the bottom ends of the second set 10-12 of Fig. 3 to secure the same together.

During the extrusion, longitudinal slot recesses 2" may be provided inward of the free ends of the fins on their outer surfaces, to receive a thin clip of resilient sheet material that may be clipped over the fins 2 (shown at the left-most tubular leg 1 in Fig. 1) subtending the angle and bounding the space therewithin to confine the coaxial cable or other transmission line C for the antenna (not shown) carried by the tower.

A successful tower of this type for communication type antennas has been constructed of .093 inch thick extruded aluminum tubing 1.25 inch in outer diameter and 10 ft. in length, with integrally extruded fins .155

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inch thick and 1. inch in radially extending length, subtending an angle θ of 60 degrees. The clip 8 was resilient sheet brass.

Through the extruded design and construction of the invention, a minimum number of identical lightweight parts is required legs 1- (3 required), horizontal members 3, and diagonal struts 30, providing for ready hand-carrying and assembling operations and pyramiding of sets of sections for the desired tower height to top-mount the antenna or similar rig. It was found, moreover, that all of the parts for a ten foot tower may be packed in a cardboard or similar tube only 4 1/2 inches inner diameter and ten and a half feet long, providing greatly reduced shipping and handling costs. A one-hundred foot tower constructed in accordance with the invention may be shipped in knocked-down form in a container 10 inches x 25 inches x 10 and half feet.

Further modifications will occur to those skilled in this art and such are considered to fall within the spirit and scope of the invention as defined in the appended claims.

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CLAIMS

1. A lightweight antenna tower structure assembly having, in combination, three substantially identical tubular legs each comprising a hollow extruded aluminum tube having integral pairs of radially extending fins subtending an angle ranging from substantially acute to an obtuse angle and extending longitudinally external to and along the outer surface of the tube parallel to the longitudinal axis thereof, with the tubes mounted at the corners of an equilateral triangle and with the fins facing inwardly of the triangle; bolt-receiving apertures disposed at pre-selected intervals longitudinally along each of said fins; a plurality of substantially identical extruded aluminum struts each flattened at its ends and provided with bolt-receiving apertures therein; and means for bolting the flattened ends of each strut against and to corresponding fins of adjacent tubes through aligned apertures in the flattened ends and in the fins to provide a periodic structural connecting and ladder assembly.
2. A lightweight antenna tower structure as claimed in claim 1 and in which at least one of said pairs of fins is pro-

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vided with recesses for receiving a clip subtending the angle thereof, to confine a cable for the antenna.

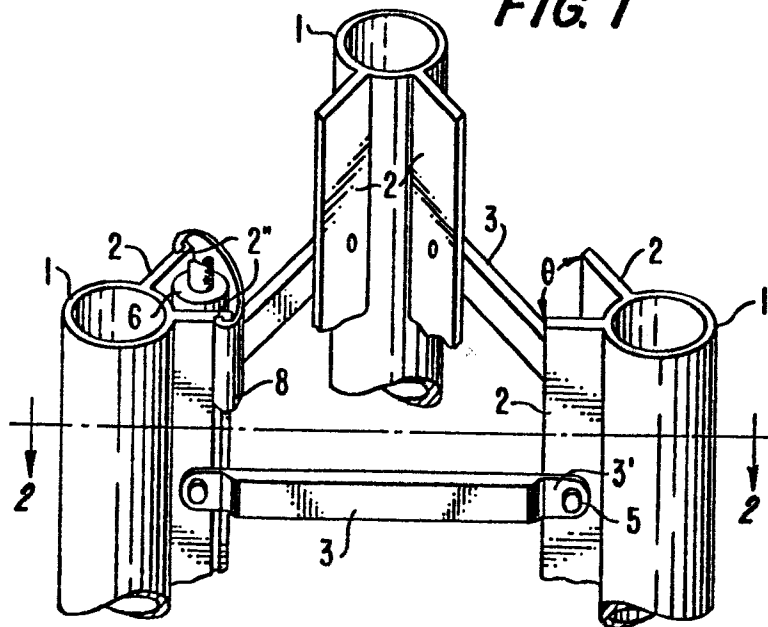
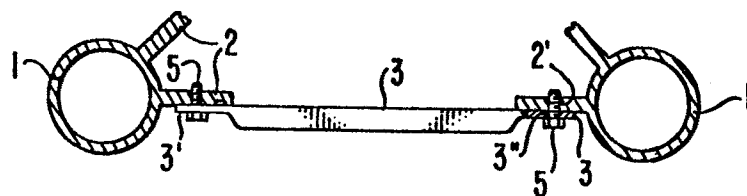
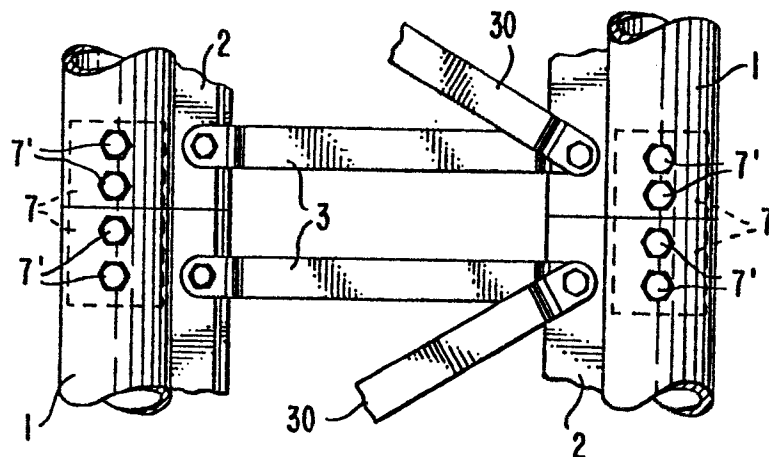
3. A lightweight antenna tower structure as claimed in claim 1 and in which certain of said strips are oriented horizontally and others, diagonally.
4. A lightweight antenna tower structure as claimed in claim 1 and in which a second identical plurality of tubular legs and plurality of struts is assembled on top of the first-named legs, with internal connecting means secured within the top ends of the first-named legs and the bottom ends of the second legs to secure the same together.
5. A lightweight antenna tower structure assembly having, in combination, three substantially identical tubular legs each comprising a hollow extruded tube having integral pairs of radially extending fins subtending an angle ranging from substantially acute to an obtuse angle and extending longitudinally external to and along the outer surface of the tube parallel to the longitudinally axis thereof, with the tubes mounted at the corners of an equilateral triangle; a plurality of substantially identical extruded struts each flattened at its ends; and means for securing the flattened ends of each strut

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between which the strut extends at periodic longitudinal intervals to provide a periodic structural connecting assembly.

6. A lightweight antenna tower structure as claimed in claim 5 and in which at least one of said pairs of fins is provided with means for mounting a clip therebetween and subtending the angle thereof to confine a cable for the antenna.

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FIG. 1**FIG. 2.****FIG. 3.**



European Patent
Office

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

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Application number

EP 85 30 7911

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.4)
Y	US-A-3 670 471 (V.Z. SMITH) * figure 5, abstract *	1,4-5	H 01 Q 1/12 E 04 H 12/10
Y	DE-A-2 142 088 (JURY & SPIERS) * figure 1; page 4, lines 7-24 *	1,4-5	
A	US-A-3 394 377 (A. ALFORD) * figure 1 *	3	
A	US-A-3 112 015 (H.M. ANDERSON) * figure 1 *	3	
A	EP-A-0 053 534 (LABORATOIRE D'ETUDES ET DE RECHERCHES CHIMIQUES) * figure 3, claim 9 *		
A	DE-U-1 912 201 (WAGGON- UND MASCHINENBAU DONAUWÖRTH) * figures 1, 2; page 1, lines 4-16 *		H 01 Q 1/12 E 04 H 12/08 E 04 H 12/10
A	DE-U-1 666 914 (BROWN, BOVERI & CIE) * figure 3, claim 1 *		
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search BERLIN		Date of completion of the search 10-09-1986	Examiner BREUSING J

EPO Form 1503 02 82

CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS

X : particularly relevant if taken alone
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A : technological background
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E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date
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