



(19)

Europäisches Patentamt

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(11)

EP 1 046 386 A1

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
25.10.2000 Bulletin 2000/43

(51) Int. Cl.⁷: A61H 33/06

(21) Application number: 00107999.5

(22) Date of filing: 19.04.2000

(84) Designated Contracting States:
**AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU
MC NL PT SE**
Designated Extension States:
AL LT LV MK RO SI

(30) Priority: 21.04.1999 IT VI990075

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(54) Bed for cosmetic/therapeutic steam treatments

(57) The invention produces a bed for cosmetic/therapeutic steam treatments (1) comprising a frame (2) provided with a cavity (8) delimited overhead by a perforated surface (3) where the patient (4) lies, a hood (5) suited to at least partly covering said patient (4) and means of channelling steam (6) towards the

inside of said frame (2). The cavity (8) has a series of vertical walls (9) creating separate chambers (10a, 10b, 10c), each suited to receiving the steam (7) fed by said means of channelling steam (6).

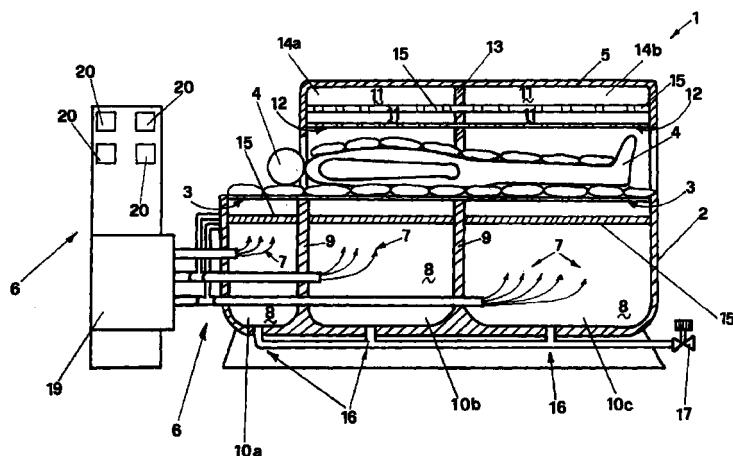


FIG.1

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Description

[0001] The invention concerns a bed for cosmetic/therapeutic steam treatments in zones, especially suited to being used for administering patients with hay baths, steam or aromatherapy, algae poultices.

[0002] It is common knowledge that some patients affected by pathologies such as arthrosis and rheumatism are recommended therapy by cutaneous absorption based on hay baths.

[0003] These cures take advantage of certain intrinsic therapeutic properties in hay, which it releases and are absorbed by the organism when hay is heated and disposed against the patient's body.

[0004] For this purpose the therapist prepares the hay, that has been preheated, on a bed so that it forms a first layer of hay where the patient lies, who is then covered by a second layer of hay.

[0005] Steam beds are known that, by releasing hot steam into special chambers containing the hay, where it is heated to the temperature required for the treatment.

[0006] The main inconvenience of this kind of bed for cosmetic/therapeutic treatments is that the hay has to be heated separately and before carrying out the treatment.

[0007] Another inconvenience is that this device does not allow an adequate control over the temperature of the hay during treatment, and as mentioned earlier, this temperature is fundamental to the good and effective outcome of the therapy.

[0008] To avoid this steam beds have been produced, which basically comprise a tub fitted with a series of nozzles that release the hot steam suited to heating the hay.

[0009] In this case, a first layer of hay is spread over the bottom of the tub where the patient then lies.

[0010] The main inconvenience of the known products described above is that the steam is applied to the whole tub, in other words there is no possibility of confining a specific area for treatment.

[0011] This does not allow this type of treatment to be administered to patients who suffer from pathologies such as varicose veins and any such problem.

[0012] Another inconvenience is that the hay eventually spread over the patient is not heated and must therefore be brought to an adequate temperature before application.

[0013] The scope of this invention is to overcome said inconveniences.

[0014] In particular, a first scope of this invention is to produce a bed for cosmetic/therapeutic steam treatments that allows the localising of the actual treatment.

[0015] Another scope is that the steam bed invention allows to adequately control the temperature of the hay disposed against the patient's body.

[0016] An additional scope is to produce a steam bed that does not need preheating of the hay used for

the treatment.

[0017] The scopes are achieved by a bed for cosmetic/therapeutic steam treatments that in accordance with the main claim comprises:

- 5 - a frame provided with a cavity having an essentially longitudinal construction delimited overhead by a first perforated surface set basically horizontal, where the patient lies;
- 10 - a hood suited to at least partly covering said patient;
- means of channelling steam at least towards the inside of said frame;
- 15 that is characterised in that said cavity has a series of vertical walls creating two or more separate chambers, each suited to independently receiving the steam fed by said means of channelling.
- 20 **[0018]** An advantage of the invention is that it allows a differentiated control of both temperature and point of application of the treatment being administered to the patient.
- 25 **[0019]** Said scopes and advantages will be better explained during the description of a preferred form of execution of the invention given as a guideline but not a limitation and illustrated in the attached diagrams, where:
- 30 - fig. 1 illustrates a side section of the bed for cosmetic/therapeutic steam treatments under this invention;
- fig. 2 illustrates a front, partly sectioned view of the bed in fig. 1;
- fig. 3 illustrates a front, partly sectioned view of the bed in fig. 1 in one of its possible work set-ups;
- 35 - fig. 4 illustrates a variant of the bed for cosmetic/therapeutic treatments in fig. 1;
- fig. 5 illustrates a detail of some elements that make up the bed in fig. 1;
- 40 - fig. 6 illustrates an overhead view of the bed for cosmetic/therapeutic treatments in fig. 1.

[0020] The bed for cosmetic/therapeutic steam treatments under this invention is illustrated in fig. 1, where it is generally indicated by 1.

[0021] It comprises a frame 2 provided with a cavity 8 having an essentially longitudinal construction delimited overhead by a first perforated surface 3 set basically horizontal, where the patient 4 lies.

[0022] A hood 5 is suited to partly cover the patient 4 while means of channelling steam, generally indicated by 6, allow the delivery of steam 7 inside the frame 2.

[0023] The invention prescribes that the cavity 8 has a series of vertical walls 9 creating independent chambers 10a, 10b, 10c each suited to independently receiving the steam 7 fed by the means of channelling steam 6.

[0024] With regards to the hood 5, this creates a

cavity 11 delimited by a second perforated surface 12 substantially facing the first perforated surface 3. It swivels on a pin, not illustrated, set lengthways along the side of the frame 2 to allow the bed 1 to be opened, as illustrated in fig. 3.

[0025] The inside of the cavity 11 is partitioned by a vertical wall 13 creating two separate chambers 14a and 14b each suited to independently receiving, as illustrated in fig. 2, the steam 7 fed by the means of channelling steam 6.

[0026] Inside the separate chambers 10a, 10b, 10c, 14a, 14b there are diffuser grilles 15, illustrated in detail in fig. 5, suited to uniformly distributing the steam 7 fed by the means of channelling steam 6.

[0027] Along the bottom, each of the independent chambers 10a, 10b, 10c; 14a 14b has collector headers 16 for the condensate water, connected to drain piping 17.

[0028] In particular the means of channelling 6 the steam, illustrated in detail in fig.'s 1 and 6, comprise a series of ducts 18 connected hydraulically to means of controlling the steam flow 19, suited to channelling the steam distributed into each of the independent chambers 10a, 10b, 10c; 14a, 14b.

[0029] The means of controlling the steam flow 19 consist of a series of two-way solenoid valves, not illustrated, electrically wired and operated from a control panel 20, which enable or prevent the delivery of steam towards the ducts 18 and therefore towards each of the independent chambers 10a, 10b, 10c; 14a, 14b.

[0030] By selectively controlling the delivery of steam to each of the independent chambers 10a, 10b, 10c, 14a, 14b, this allows to localise the treatment on different areas of the patient's body 4.

[0031] Variants in execution may prescribe the use of multistage solenoid valves, which thereby allow to not only enable or prevent the delivery of steam but moreover even control its flow.

[0032] To administer a patient 4 with a hay bath, bed 1 is opened, as illustrated in detail in fig. 3, and the hay is placed on the first perforated surface 3 that, in the example illustrated, is contained in bags 16.

[0033] The patient 4 then lies on the first perforated surface 3 covered with bags 16 and is then covered by additional bags of hay 16.

[0034] In conclusion, after having closed the bed 1, as illustrated in detail in fig. 2, the steam supply is opened by actuating the solenoid valves.

[0035] The steam reaches the independent chambers 10a, 10b, 10c; 14a, 14b and is diffused by the grilles 15 until it first reaches the two perforated surfaces 3 and 12 and then the hay held in the bags 16, thereby heating it.

[0036] It is important to note how the means of controlling the distribution allow, through the control panel 20, to select into which independent chambers 10a, 10b, 10c; 14a, 14b the steam will be delivered, thereby allowing to select the areas of application of the treat-

ment.

[0037] Variants in execution may prescribe that the hood 5 is divided lengthways, as illustrated in fig. 6, in several parts or hoods 5a, 5b.

5 [0038] Additional variants in execution may prescribe both a different quantity of independent chambers and differences in their partitioning, suited to localise the areas to treat.

10 [0039] In a similar manner the perforated surface where the patient 4 lies may, as illustrated in detail in fig. 4, have a curved cross section 21 while the perforated surface 12 may be flat.

15 [0040] However the finding has been described with reference to the attached diagrams, it may undergo changes in construction falling under the claims and therefore protected by this patent.

Claims

20 1. Bed for cosmetic/therapeutic steam treatments (1) comprising:

- a frame (2) provided with a cavity (8) having an essentially longitudinal construction delimited overhead by a perforated surface (3) set basically horizontal, where the patient (4) lies;
- a hood (5) suited to at least partly covering said patient (4);
- means of channelling steam (6) at least towards the inside of said frame (2);

characterised in that said cavity (8) has a series of vertical walls (9) creating two or more separate chambers (10a, 10b, 10c), each suited to independently receiving the steam (7) fed by said means of channelling steam (6).

2. Steam bed (1) according to claim 1) **characterised in that** said hood (5) creates a cavity (11) delimited by a second perforated surface (12) substantially facing said first perforated surface (3), suited to independently receiving the steam (7) fed by said means of channelling steam (6).

3. Steam bed (1) according to claim 2) **characterised in that** in said cavity (11) has one or more vertical walls (13) creating two or more separate chambers (14a, 14b), each suited to independently receiving the steam (7) fed by said means of channelling steam (6).

4. Steam Bed (1) according to claim 1) or 2) **characterised in that** said means of channelling steam (6) comprise a series of ducts (18) connected hydraulically to means of controlling the steam flow (19) towards said chambers (10a, 10b, 10c, 14a, 14b).

5. Steam bed (1) according to claim 4) **characterised in that** said means of controlling the steam flow

(19) comprise a series of solenoid valves electrically wired to a control panel (20) suited to actuate them.

6. Steam bed (1) according to claim 4) **characterised in that** said solenoid valves are of a multistage type. 5

7. Steam bed (1) according to claim 5) **characterised in that** said solenoid valves are of a two-way type. 10

8. Steam bed (1) according to claim 1) or 6) **characterised in that** each of said independent chambers (10a, 10b, 10c; 14a, 14b) has collector headers (13) for the condensate water, connected to at least one drain pipe (17). 15

9. Steam bed (1) according to claim 1) **characterised in that** said hood (5) is partitioned lengthways in two or more sections (5a, 5b) that are independent from one another. 20

10. Steam bed (1) according to claim 1) or 9) **characterised in that** said hood (5) swivels on a pin set lengthways along the side of said frame (2) to allow said bed (1) to be opened 25

11. Steam bed (1) according to claim 1) **characterised in that** each of said independent chambers (10a, 10b, 10c; 14a, 14b) has at least one diffuser grille (15) for said steam (7). 30

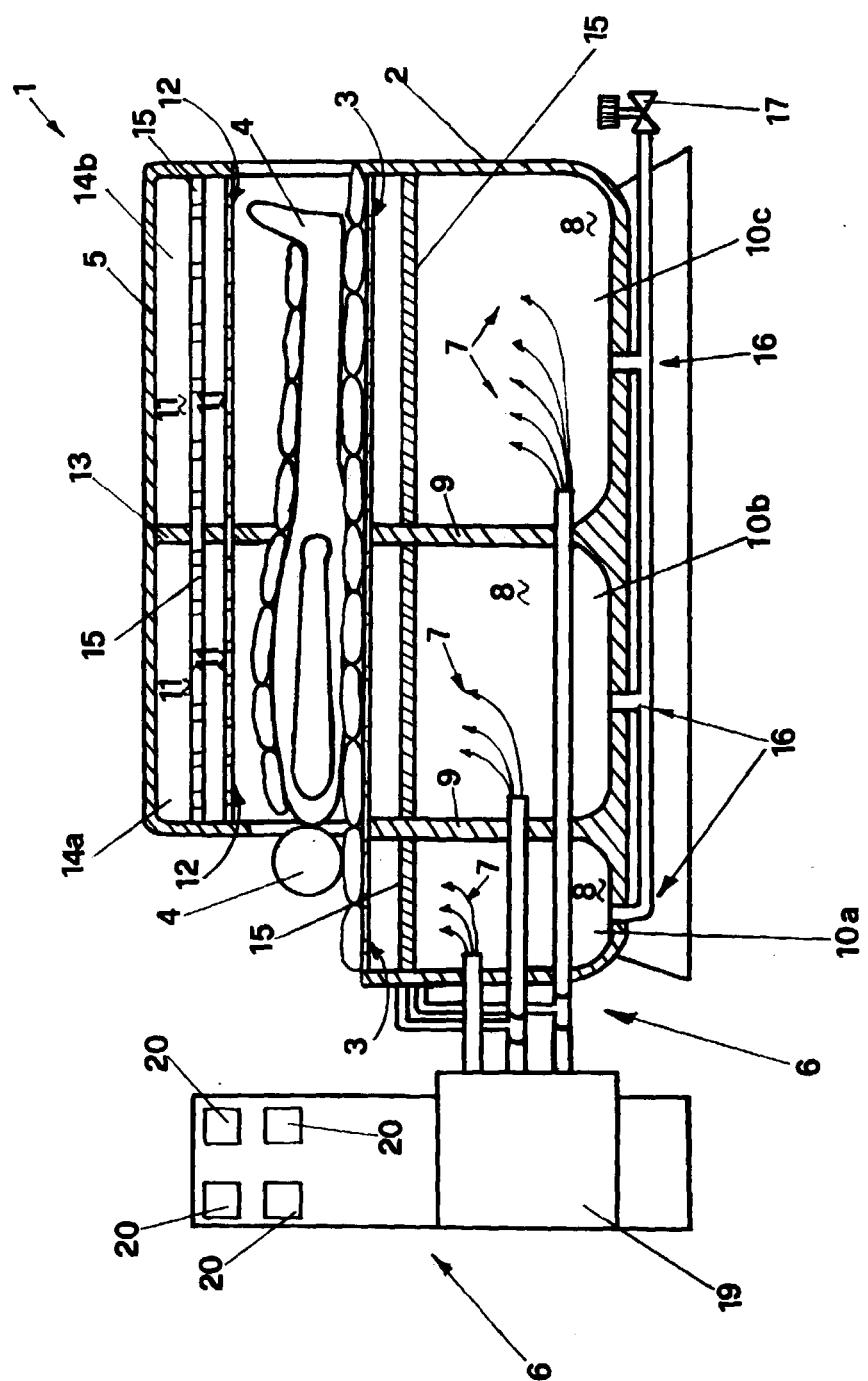
12. Steam bed (1) according to claim 1) **characterised in that** said first perforated surface (3) has a curved cross-section (21). 35

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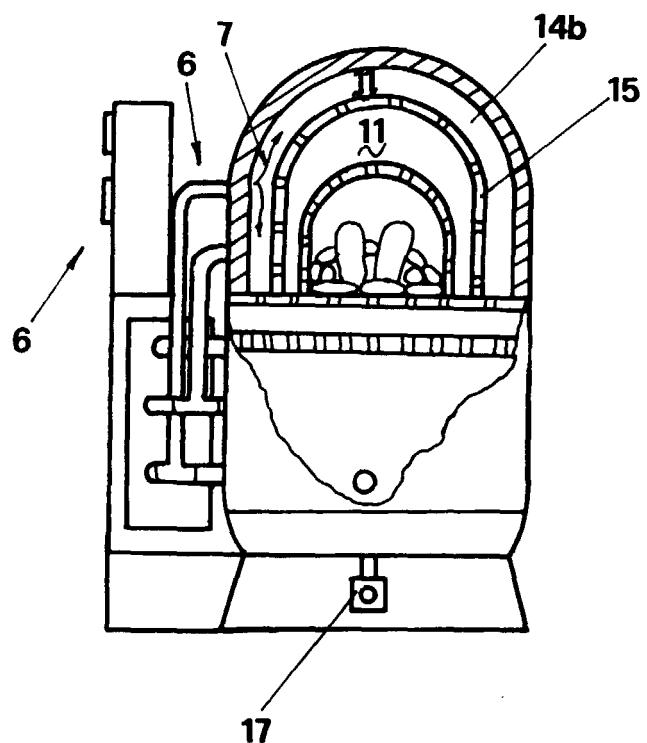


FIG.2

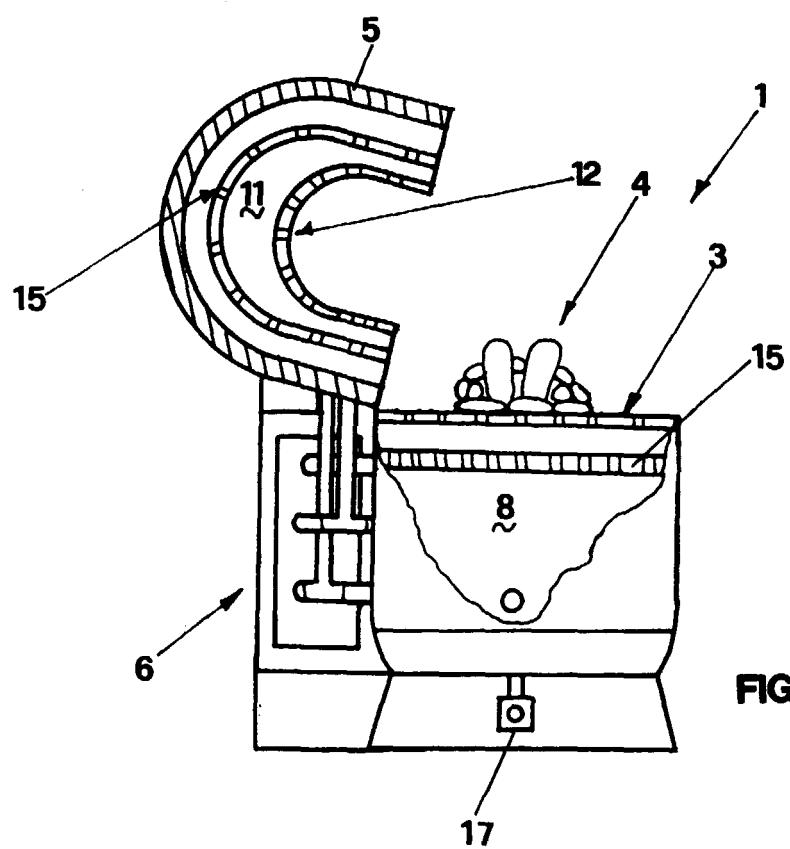
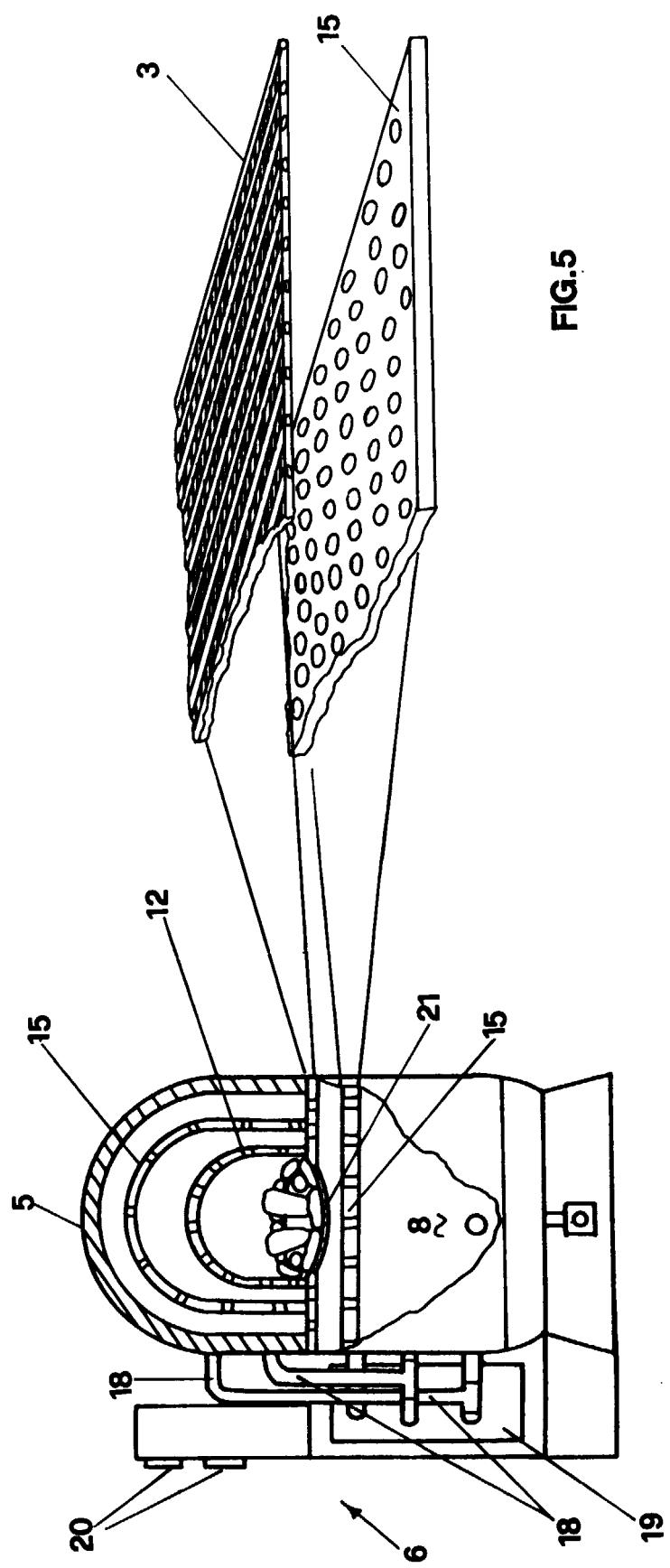


FIG.3



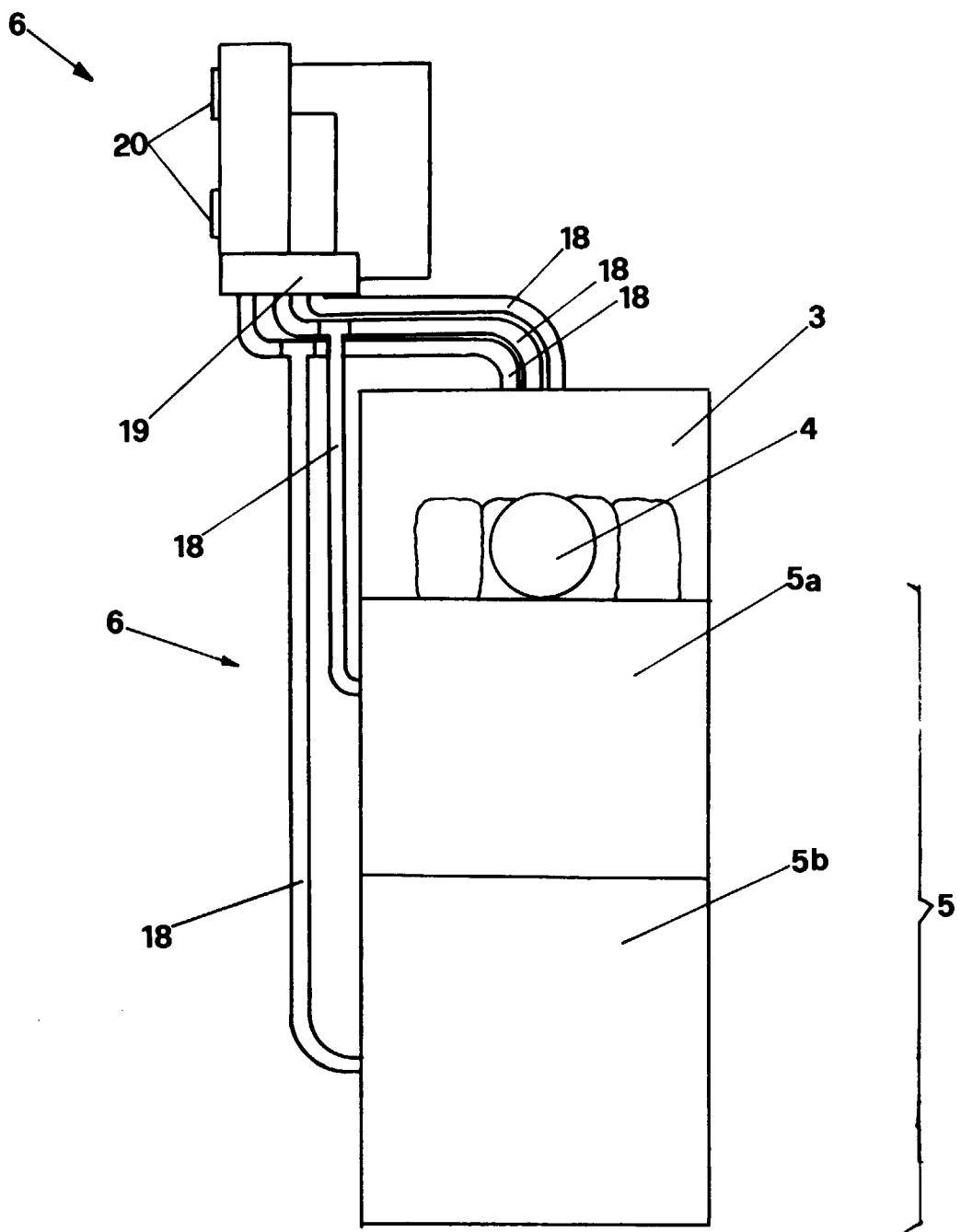


FIG. 6



DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.7)
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	
A	US 2 640 201 A (BURWELL) 2 June 1953 (1953-06-02) * column 1, line 51 - line 53; claim; figures 1-5 *	1	A61H33/06
A	US 1 636 401 A (WEBER) 19 July 1927 (1927-07-19) * page 2, line 7 - line 15; figures *	1	
A	US 1 488 404 A (MONFORD) 25 March 1924 (1924-03-25) * figures *	1	
A	DE 37 25 318 A (HASLAUER) 9 February 1989 (1989-02-09)	-----	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.7)
			A61H
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search	Date of completion of the search	Examiner	
THE HAGUE	31 July 2000	Jones, T	
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**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 00 10 7999

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

31-07-2000

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 2640201	A	02-06-1953	NONE	
US 1636401	A	19-07-1927	NONE	
US 1488404	A	25-03-1924	NONE	
DE 3725318	A	09-02-1989	NONE	

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For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82