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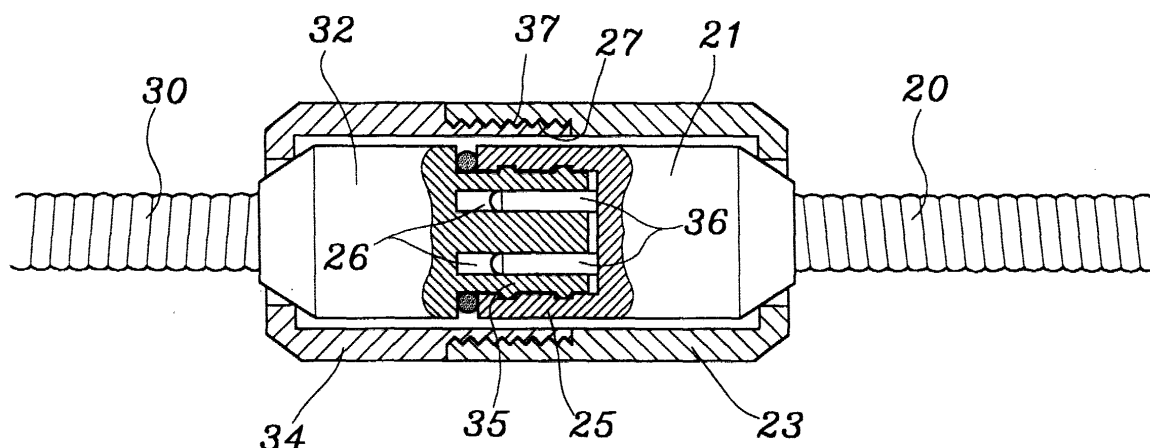
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(54) **Rapid connecting structure for fitting lights**

(57) A rapid connecting structure for fitting lights, each lamp pipe (20,30) of a fitting light can be made a specific length in a factory, such as 2m, 5m or 10m etc. Two ends of each lamp pipe are provided with a male (21,31) and a female (22,32) electrical connecting end respectively. The male (21) and the female (32) electri-

cal connecting ends are provided close to them with a rotation connecting means (23,24,33,34) which rotate to fast connect the lamp pipes (20,30). The rotation connecting means can also be used to fast connect a power line, an extension line and an end cap. The fitting light can be fast and conveniently connected without any tool or only with simple tools in operation.



**FIG. 4**

## Description

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### 1. Field of the invention

**[0001]** The present invention is related to a rapid connecting structure for fitting lights, and especially to fast and convenient connecting of a fitting light provided to be of any of various lengths by a rotation connecting means with another fitting light or with a power line and its extension line.

#### 2. Description of the Prior Art

**[0002]** A fitting light or lighting rope system is a lamp string having light emitting or flashing function in a flexible and transparent pipe. It is advantageous in providing a unique decorative effect by light emitting and flashing of a lot of lamp bulbs through a transparent pipe. With the flexible structure which is plastic, the fitting light can be used in various fields for decoration with various patterns. For example, it can be hung on a surface of a building, or can be wrapped on a broad wall with a given pattern to form a marvelous and attractive large light emitting or flashing pattern. And more, it can be wrapped on any of various frames with given shapes such as the shape of a heart, a star or a snowman.

**[0003]** In using such a fitting light, it can have any of various decorative patterns in pursuance of designed patterns or requirement of customers. Hence in manufacturing in factories, fitting lights are all in rolled form. A user buy a fitting light in rolled form can make cutting according to indicative marks to obtain desired lengths and then the lengths are taken for connection. Such operation of connection includes connection between lamp pipes, connection between a lamp pipe with a power line etc.

**[0004]** Fig. 1 shows a way of connection for such a lamp pipe of a conventional fitting light, wherein, a power line 10 is provided on one end thereof with an end piece 11, the corresponding end of a lamp pipe 12 of the fitting light is provided with two holes 121, 122 for connecting. A connecting seat 13 is provided on both sides thereof with metallic guide pins 131, 132 capable of inserting into the end piece 11 and the holes 121, 122 of the lamp pipe 12. Then a connector is used to connect them. The connector generally used includes two semi-cylindrical housings 14, 15, the semi-cylindrical housing 14 is provided on the four inner corners thereof with four screw holes 16, while the semi-cylindrical housing 15 is provided on the four corresponding inner corners thereof with four through holes 17, screws 18 can be screwed therein to connect the power line 10 and the lamp pipe 12 of the fitting light.

**[0005]** Such a connector for conventional fitting lights must have a tool to screw in the multiple screws 18, operation of connection by it is troublesome, time consum-

ing and inconvenient. And existing fitting lights are sold to customers or users in rolls, they are bothersome in operations of cutting and mounting for connecting by customers, the optional connecting work with desired lengths of lamp pipes of a fitting light cut from the rolls often does not meet the requirement of safety in many countries. And even some countries do not permit using in the markets of such cut products.

### 10 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

**[0006]** The object of the present invention is to provide a rapid connecting structure for lamp pipes of a fitting light, with which, two lamp pipes can be butt jointed quickly and conveniently without any tool or technique. The pipes of the fitting light can also be conveniently connected to a power line or an extension line or end caps.

**[0007]** To obtain the object, the (optionally flexible) lamp pipes of a fitting light of the present invention are made in different lengths in a factory, two ends of each length are provided with a male and a female electrical connecting end respectively, the male and the female electrical connecting ends are directly molding formed on and matchable with the lamp pipes and are provided close to themselves with rotation connecting means having been provided over the lamp pipes, so that the rotation connecting means can be rotated to connect the pipes of the fitting light when the male and the female electrical connecting ends are butt connected.

**[0008]** The rotation connecting means mentioned can be a male sleeve and a female sleeve in pair and can be screw connected with each other. The sleeves can be both or either movable.

**[0009]** In connecting the lamp pipes of the fitting light stated above in pursuance of their predetermined lengths, one end of the power line can be provided with a connecting end and a sleeve for fast connecting too.

**[0010]** In an embodiment of the present invention, the rotation connecting means can be a single sleeve and a rotation connecting portion provided on an opposite end.

**[0011]** In another embodiment of the present invention, the rotation connecting means can be mutually opposite sleeves capable of locking by diversion after butt insertion.

**[0012]** The terminal ends of the pipes of the fitting light can also make connection of the pipes with end caps.

**[0013]** The present invention will be apparent in its novelty and features after reading the detailed description of the preferred embodiment thereof in reference to the accompanying drawings.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

**[0014]**

Fig. 1 is an anatomic perspective view showing the

structure of a conventional fitting light;

Fig. 2 is a perspective view showing connection of two lamp pipes of a fitting light of the present invention;

Fig. 3 is a perspective view analytically showing the connecting joint of Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 is a sectional view taken from Fig. 2;

Fig. 5 is a perspective view showing connection of a lamp pipe of a fitting light of the present invention with the power line;

Fig. 6 is a perspective view analytically showing the connecting joint of Fig. 5;

Fig. 7 is a perspective view showing connection of a lamp pipe of a fitting light of the present invention with an end sleeve;

Fig. 8 is a perspective view analytically showing the connecting joint of Fig. 7;

Fig. 9 is a perspective view showing connection of the present invention in multiple directions;

Fig. 10 is a perspective view analytically showing the connecting joint of Fig. 9;

Fig. 11 is a perspective view showing connection of the second embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 12 is a perspective view analytically showing the connecting joint of Fig. 11;

Fig. 13 is a perspective view showing connection of the third embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 14 is a perspective view analytically showing the connecting joint of Fig. 13;

Fig. 15 is a sectional view taken from Fig. 14;

Fig. 16 is a perspective view showing connection of the fourth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 17 is a sectional view taken from Fig. 16.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT**

[0015] Referring to Fig. 2, 3 which shows connection of two assembled lamp pipes 20, 30 of a fitting light of the present invention, each of the (optionally flexible) lamp pipes 20, 30 can be made a specific length in a factory, such as 2 m, 5 m or 10 m etc. The lamp pipe 20, for example, can be provided on one end thereof with a male electrical connecting end 21, while the on the other end thereof with a female electrical connecting end 22, both the male and female electrical connecting ends 21, 22 are molding formed on and matchable with the lamp pipe 20. The lamp pipe 30 connecting with the lamp pipe 20 is provided, in a contrary sequence, on one end thereof with a male electrical connecting end 31, while on the other end thereof with a female electrical connecting end 32, both the male and female electrical connecting ends 31, 32 are molding formed on and matchable with the lamp pipe 30. The male and the female electrical connecting ends 21, 22, 31, 32 are provided close to themselves with rotation connecting means having been provided over the lamp pipes 20, 30. In this embodiment, the rotation connecting means are male

external sleeves and female external sleeves 23, 24, 33, 34 and can be screw connected. The male and the female electrical connecting ends 21, 22, 31, 32 are preferably embedded guide pins or insertion holes as are shown in the drawings, the connecting joint of them can be provided with a gasket 90 for sealing.

[0016] The lamp pipes 20, 30 includes light emitting and flashing lamp bulbs under control and provided in a transparent pipe, they emit light and flash when are connected to a power source.

[0017] When the lamp pipes 20, 30 are butt connected with each other as shown in the drawings, a guide member 35 on the female electrical connecting end 32 of the lamp pipe 30 enters an internal hole 25 on the male electrical connecting end 21 of the lamp pipe 20, so that a pair of internal insertion holes 36 provided in the guide member 35 slip over a pair of guide pins 26 on the male electrical connecting end 21 (referring to Fig. 4). Thus the primary connection of the two lamp pipes 20, 30 is completed. Thereafter, an external thread 27 provided on the male sleeve 23 of the lamp pipe 20 is screwed in an internal hole 37 on the female sleeve 34 of the lamp pipe 30 to complete the connection operation as shown in Fig. 2 and 4.

[0018] In the embodiment as depicted in Fig. 5 and 6 showing connection of a lamp pipe 20 of a fitting light of the present invention with a power line 40, the power line 40 is provided on one end thereof with a plug (not shown), and on the other end thereof with a female electrical connecting end 42 and a female external sleeve 44 in the shapes identical to those on the butt connecting end of the lamp pipe 30. In this way, the lamp pipe 20 can be fast connected to the power line 40.

[0019] The lamp pipe 30 shown in Fig. 7 and 8 is connected on the end thereof with an end cap 50. The end cap 50 is provided with an internal liner 51 which is provided with an internal hole 52 mating with the guide member 35 and provided on the tailing end thereof with a snap connecting portion 54 having a neck portion 53 and capable of mating and connecting with an end hole on the end cap 50.

[0020] In the embodiment as depicted in Fig. 9 and 10 showing connection of the present invention in multiple directions. Wherein, a power line 40 is connected with two lamp pipes 20, 30. Such a connection state includes a manifold 60 for connecting of ends; the manifold 60 is provided with male and the female electrical connecting ends 61, 62, 63, two semi housings 64, 65 provided with internal and external threaded sleeve portions 66, 67 and 68 are put together to fast screw-locking the male sleeves and female sleeves 23, 33 and 44 for the lamp pipes 20, 30 and 40 to be connected.

[0021] In the embodiment as depicted in Fig. 11 and 12 showing connection of the second embodiment of the present invention, a lamp pipe 200 is connected with the abovementioned lamp pipe 30. The lamp pipe 200 has a male electrical connecting end 201 thereof integrally and fixedly connected with an external sleeve 203, so

that when the female electrical connecting end 32 of the lamp pipe 30 can be connected with the male electrical connecting end 201, and then a movable external sleeve 34 is screw connected with the external sleeve 203 of the lamp pipe 200.

**[0022]** In the embodiment as depicted in Fig. 13 to 15 showing connection of the third embodiment of the present invention, an end sleeve 230 on one end of the lamp pipe 20 is provided with an internal thread 270, the other end thereof and the corresponding end thereof and that of the lamp pipe 300 can have their external threads 329 directly formed on a electrical connecting end 320 thereof. This embodiment can have the volume after assembling effectively reduced; and during the process of screw connection, the two lamp pipes 20, 300 displace axially, so that connection of the male and the female electrical connecting ends can be firmer and reliable. This embodiment can use only a single external sleeve provided therein with two threads in predetermined lengths and mutually contrary directions; so that when in rotating, the male and the female electrical connecting ends of the mutually opposite lamp pipes with threads formed in advance can make connection of the ends.

**[0023]** In the embodiment as depicted in Fig. 16 and 17 showing connection of the fourth embodiment of the present invention, two external sleeves 235, 345 are used for connection. The external sleeve 345 is provided with more than one "L" shaped internal grooves 346; a hole 347 directing diametrically is provided thereon to communicate with a diverting section of the internal groove 346. While the other external sleeve 245 is provided with a protrusion 237 in cooperation with the internal groove 346; so that the protrusion 237 of the external sleeve 245 can be moved axially along the internal groove 346 for connection and then can be diverted to move to the diverting section of the internal groove 346. In this way, a screw 348 can be screwed in through the hole 347 for locking and positioning.

**[0024]** The lamp pipes of a fitting light of the present invention are of predetermined shape with various lengths, they do not need cutting from the roll of lamp pipe, but can well meet the severe requirement in the safety specifications. Connection between lamp pipes, a lamp pipe and a power line or a lamp pipe and an extension line needs only to connect the male and the female electrical connecting ends, then to rotate the rotation connecting means or to rotate to make a diversion for locking, and connection is completed. These are done without any connecting tool; rather, only a simple way of operation is utilized in locking a single screw. Therefore, assembling and disassembling of the present invention is easy, and connecting operation in the spot can be faster and more convenient.

**[0025]** The embodiments mentioned above are only for illustrating the present invention, and not for giving any limitation to the scope of the present invention. It will be apparent to those skilled in this art that various

modifications or changes can be made to the elements of the present invention without departing from the spirit, scope and of this invention and fall within the scope of the appended claims and are intended to form part of this invention.

## Claims

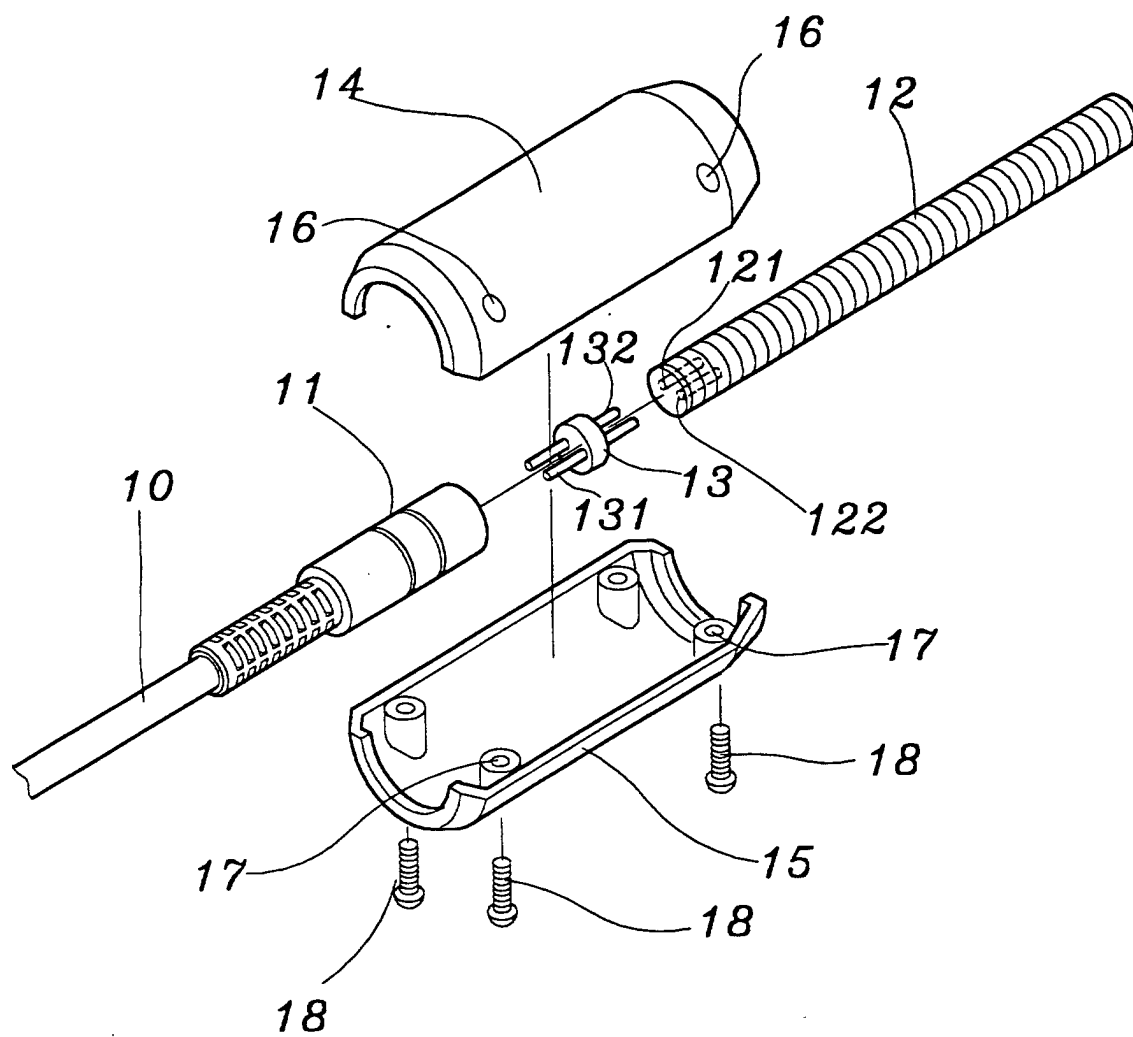
1. A connecting structure for a fitting light, the lamp pipes of said fitting light are made in different lengths, two ends of each of said lamp pipes are provided with male and a female electrical connecting end respectively, said male and the female electrical connecting ends are directly molding formed on and matchable with said lamp pipes and are provided close to themselves with rotation connecting means having been provided over the lamp pipes, said rotation connecting means rotate to connect said lamp pipes of said fitting light when said male and the female electrical connecting ends of said lamp pipes are butt connected.
2. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 1, wherein, said rotation connecting means each includes a male sleeve and a female sleeve adapted to mutual screw connecting.
3. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 2, wherein, said male and female sleeves are movable.
4. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 2, wherein, one of said male and female sleeves is movable, while the other is integrally fixed on one of said male and female electrical connecting ends.
5. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 1, wherein, said lamp pipes are adapted to connecting to a power line with a connecting end matching with one of said lamp pipes.
6. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 1, wherein, said lamp pipes are adapted to connecting to an extension line with a connecting end matching with one of said lamp pipes.
7. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 1, wherein, said lamp pipes are adapted to connecting to an end cap with a connecting end matching with one of said lamp pipes.
8. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 7, wherein, said end cap is provided with an internal line which is provided on the tailing end thereof with a snap connecting portion having a neck portion and is adapted to connecting with an

end hole on said end cap for positioning.

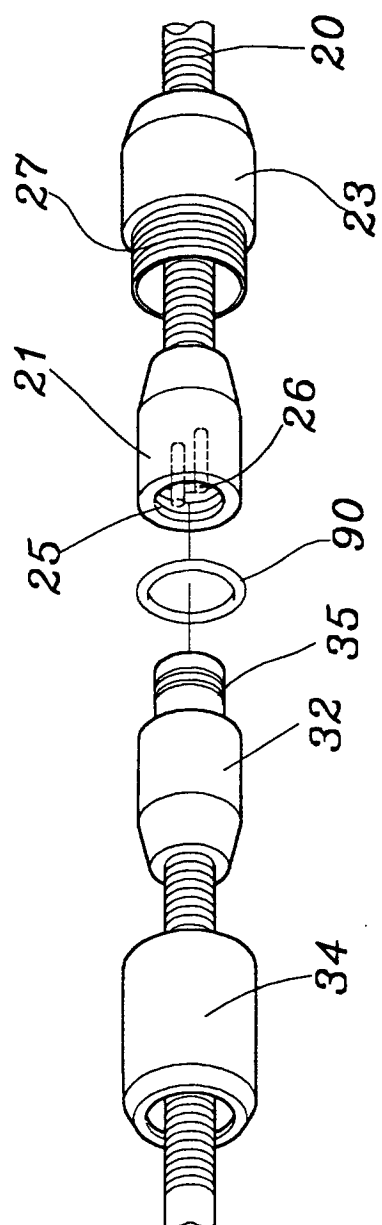
9. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 5 or 6, wherein, said lamp pipes and said power line or said extension line are connected in cooperation with a manifold for connecting in multiple directions. 5
10. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 9, wherein, said manifold is provided with male and the female electrical connecting ends in multiple directions, two semi housings provided with internal and external threads and being put together for connecting. 10  
15
11. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 1, wherein, said rotation connecting means each includes an external sleeve on an end of one of said lamp pipes and a threaded portion on the outer periphery of one of said male and female electrical connecting ends. 20
12. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 1, wherein, said rotation connecting means each includes threaded portions formed directly on the ends of said lamp pipes and a single external sleeve provided with two internal threads in mutually contrary directions for connection with said ends of said lamp pipes. 25  
30
13. A connecting structure for a fitting light as claimed in Claim 1, wherein, said rotation connecting means each includes more than one "L" shaped internal grooves on one of said external sleeves, a hole directing diametrically is provided on said external sleeve to communicate with the outside through a diverting section of one of said internal grooves, while the other of said external sleeves is provided with a protrusion in cooperation with said internal groove and is adapted to moving along said internal groove for connection and then is diverted to move to the diverting section of said internal groove, a screw is then screwed in through said diametrically directing hole for locking and positioning. 35  
40  
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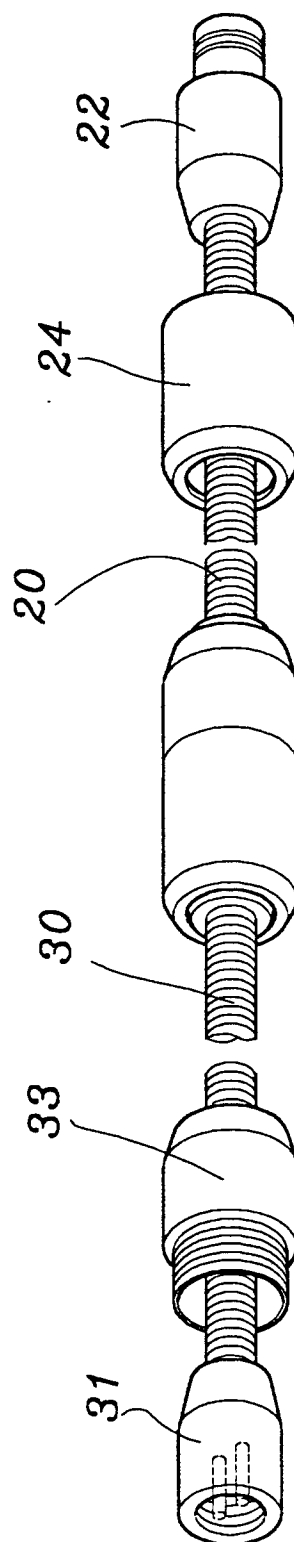
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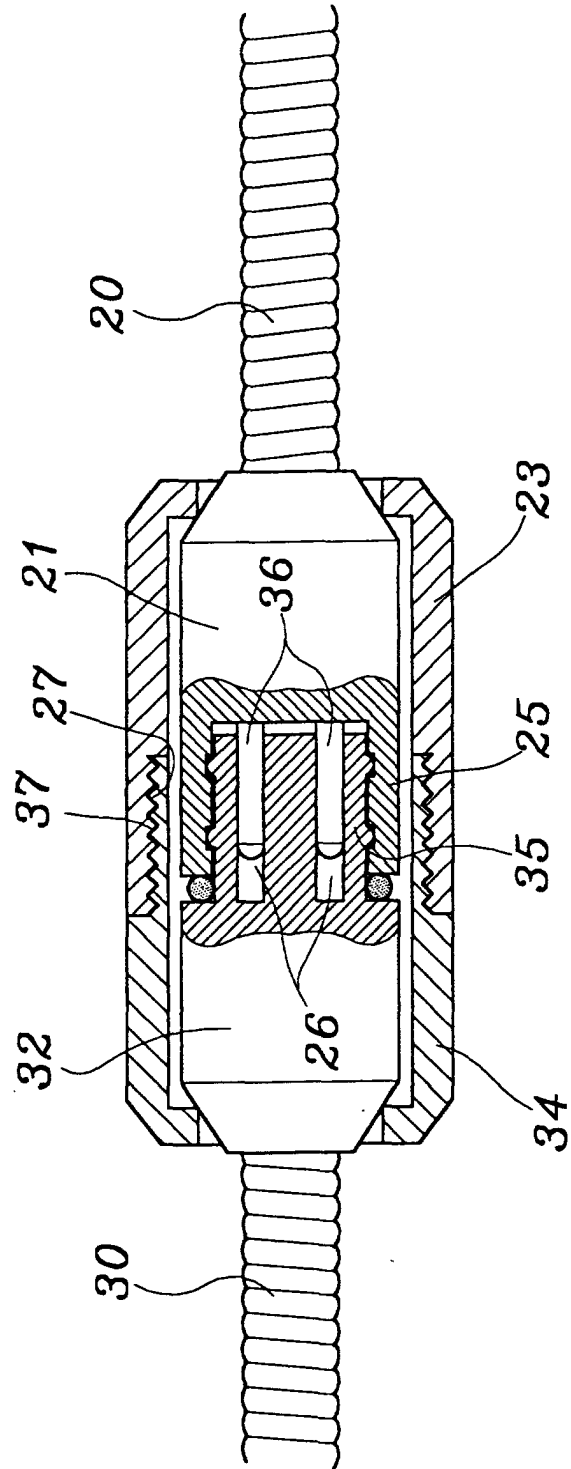
**FIG. 1**  
**PRIOR ART**



**FIG. 3**

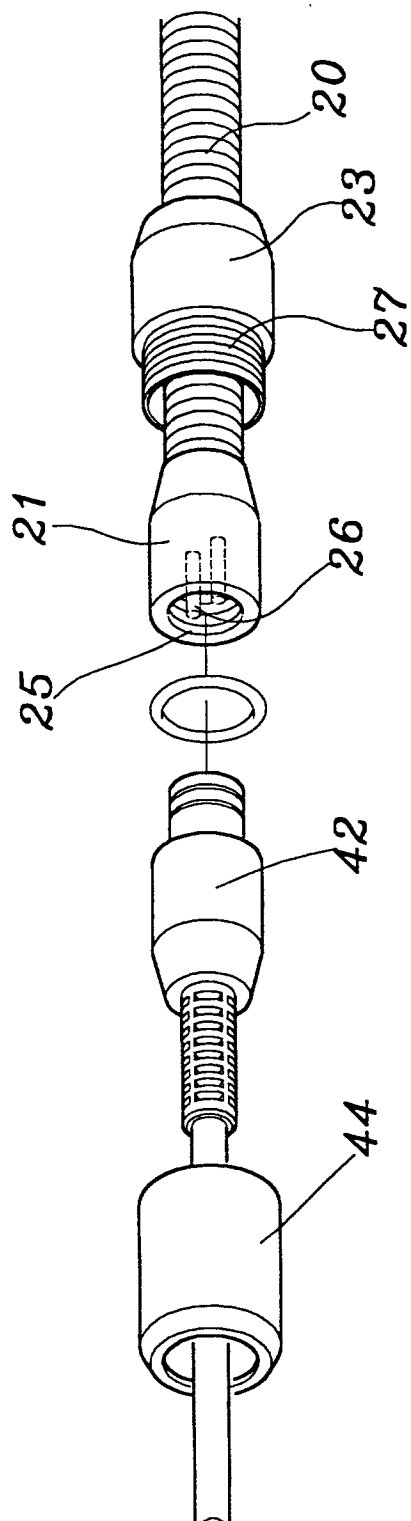


**FIG. 2**

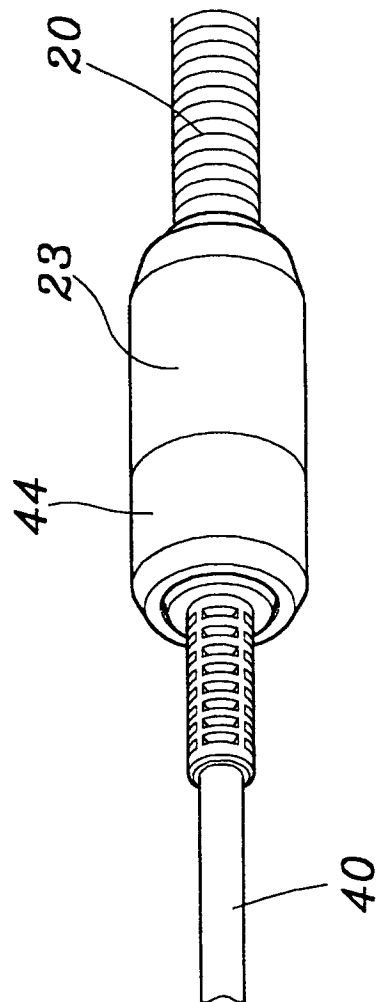


**FIG. 4**

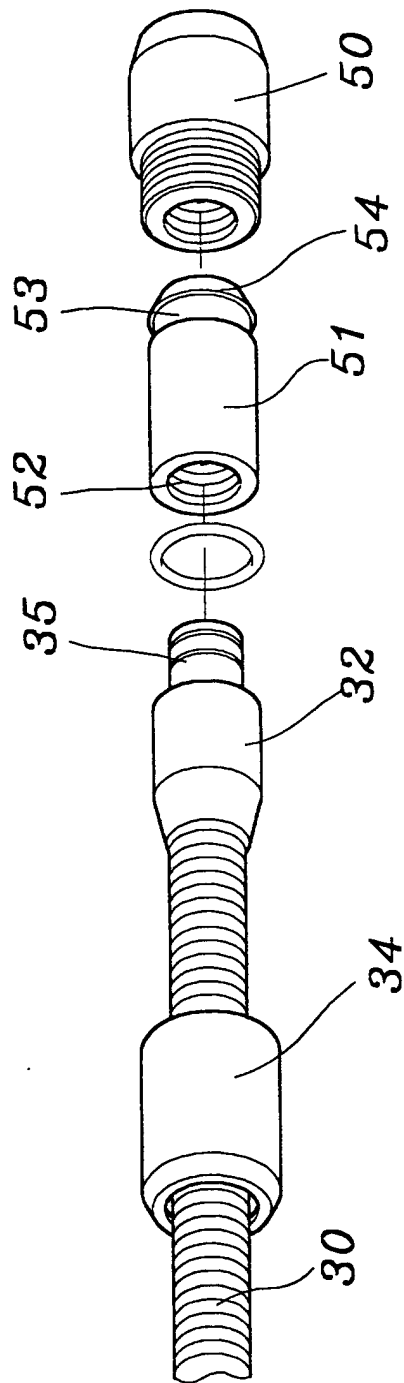
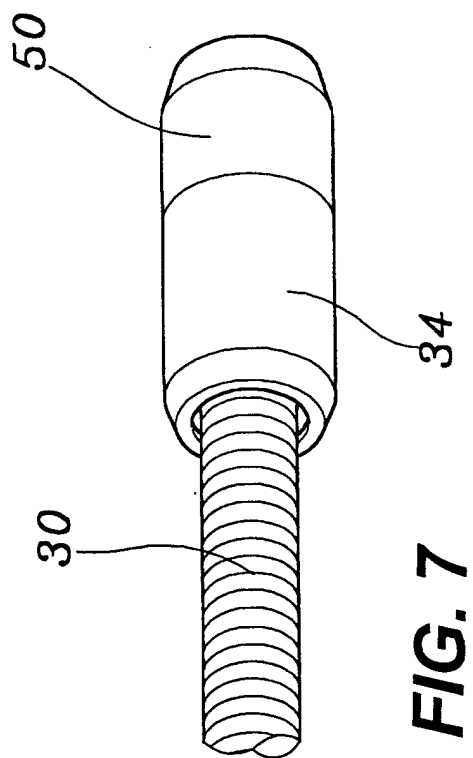


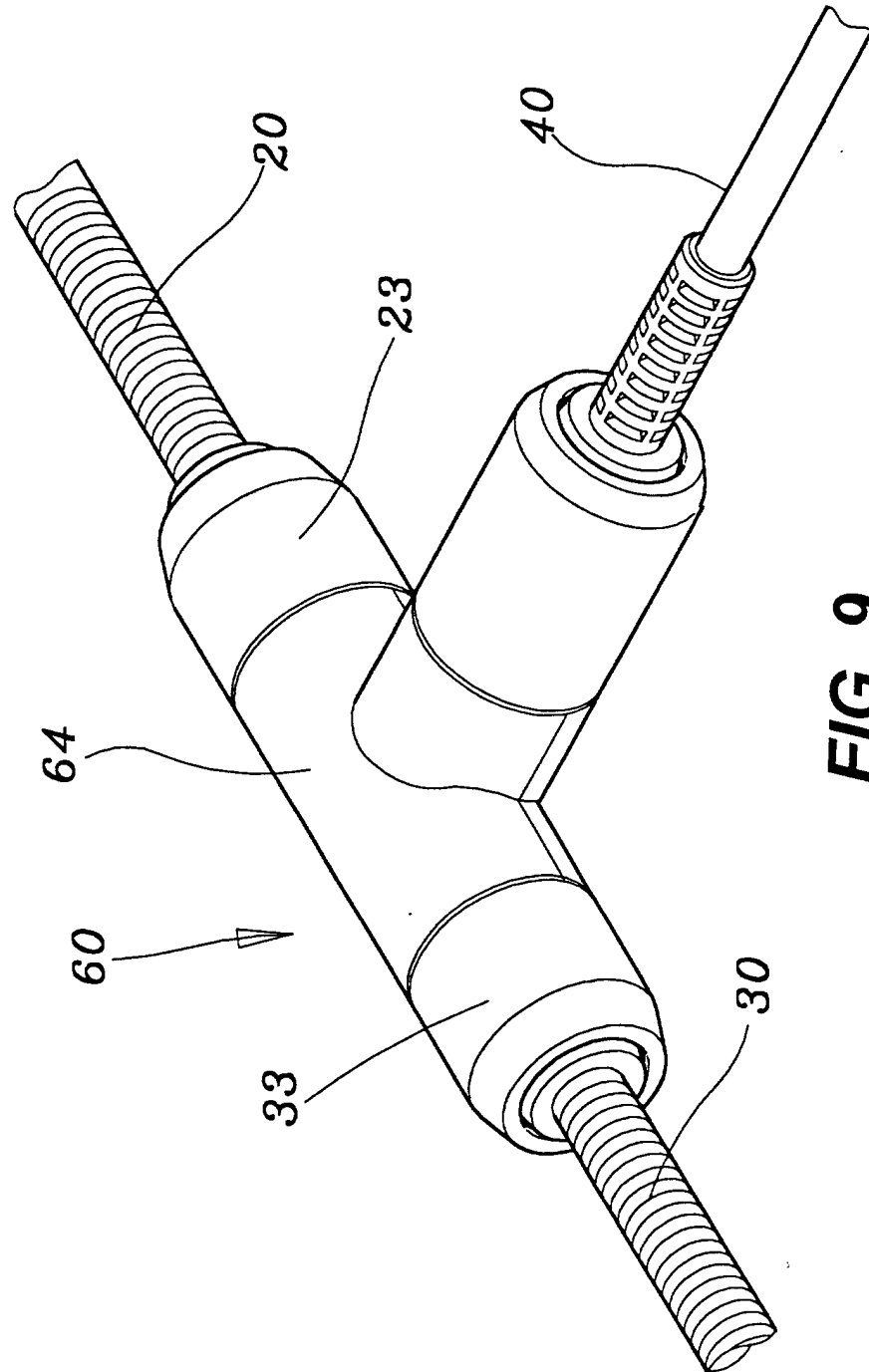


**FIG. 6**

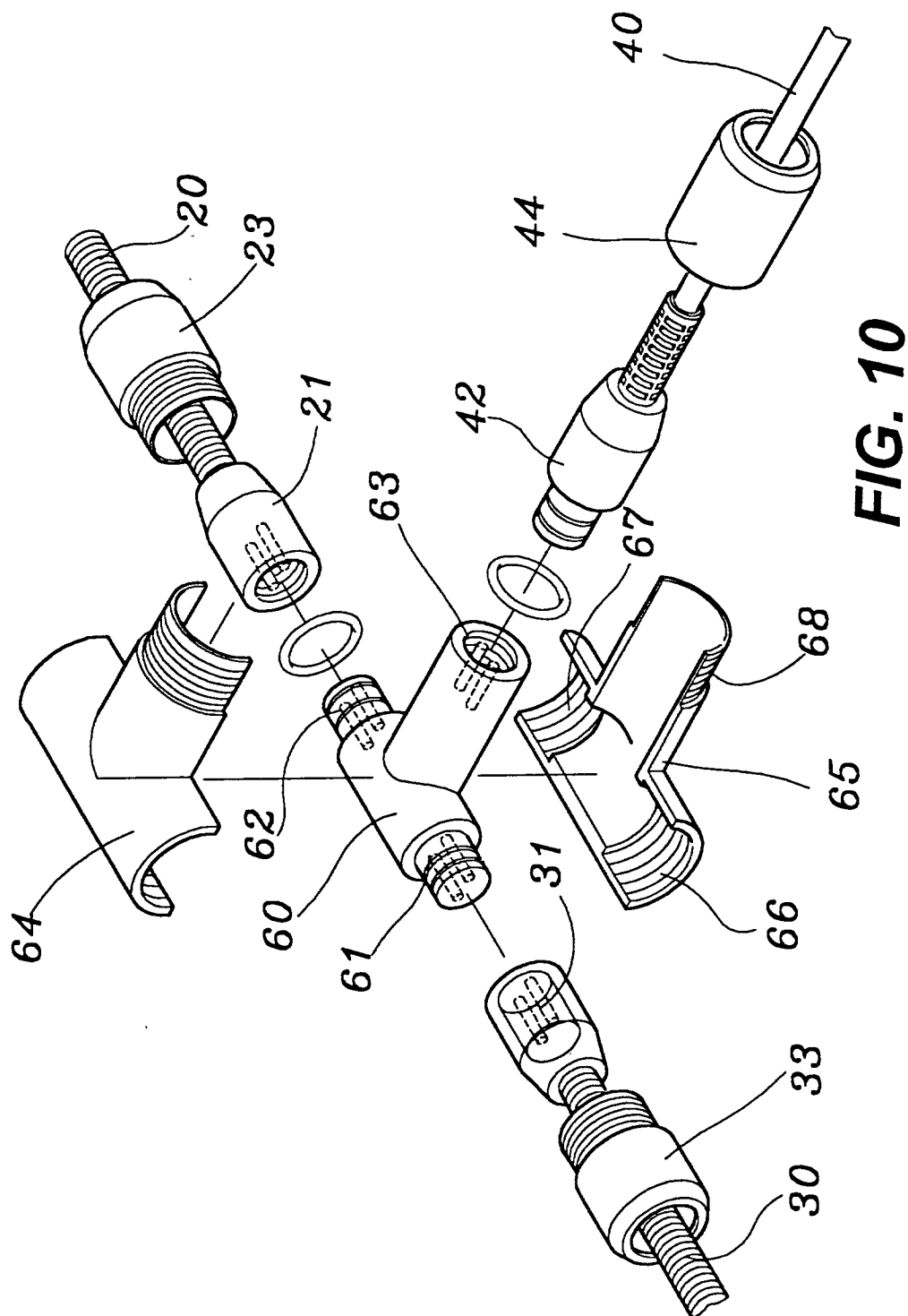


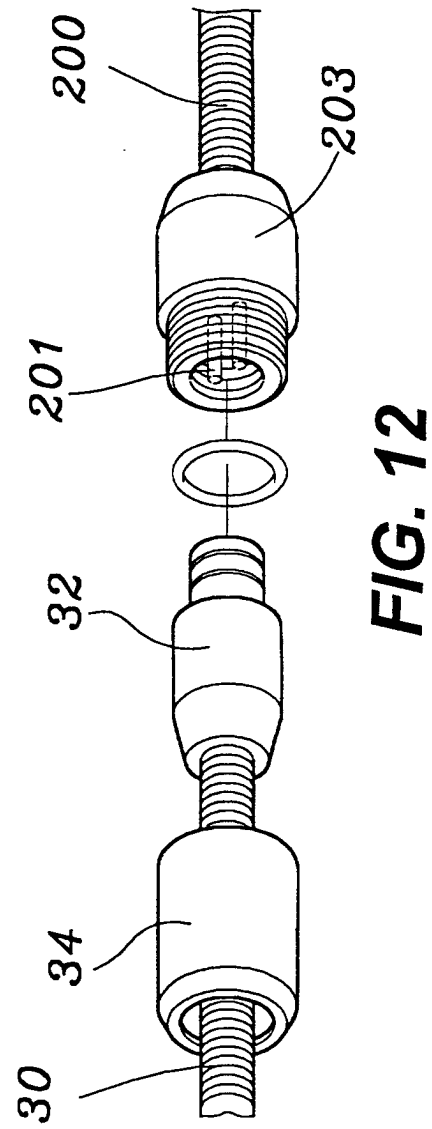
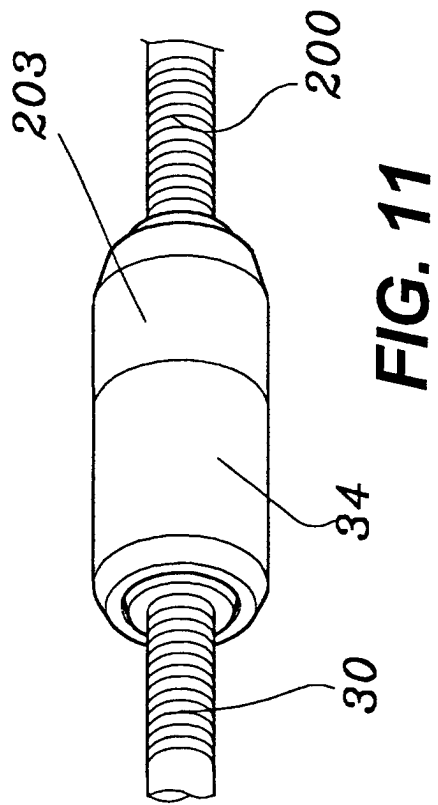
**FIG. 5**

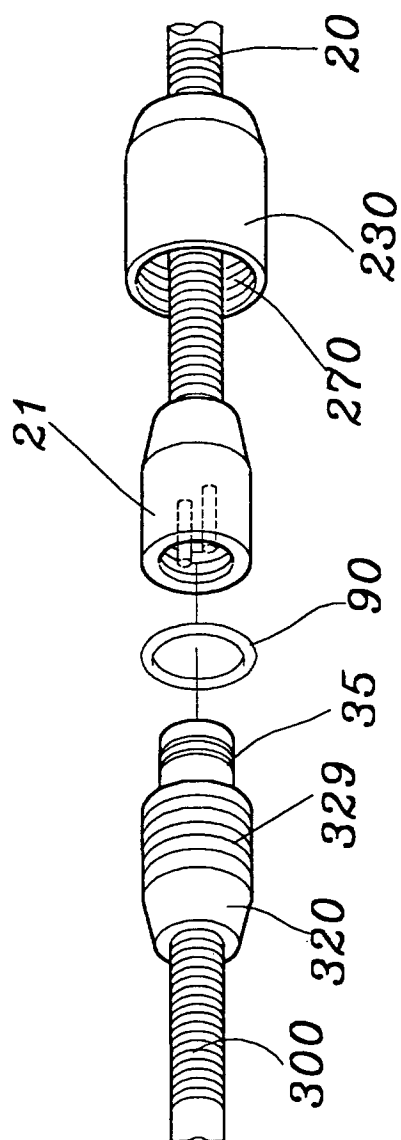




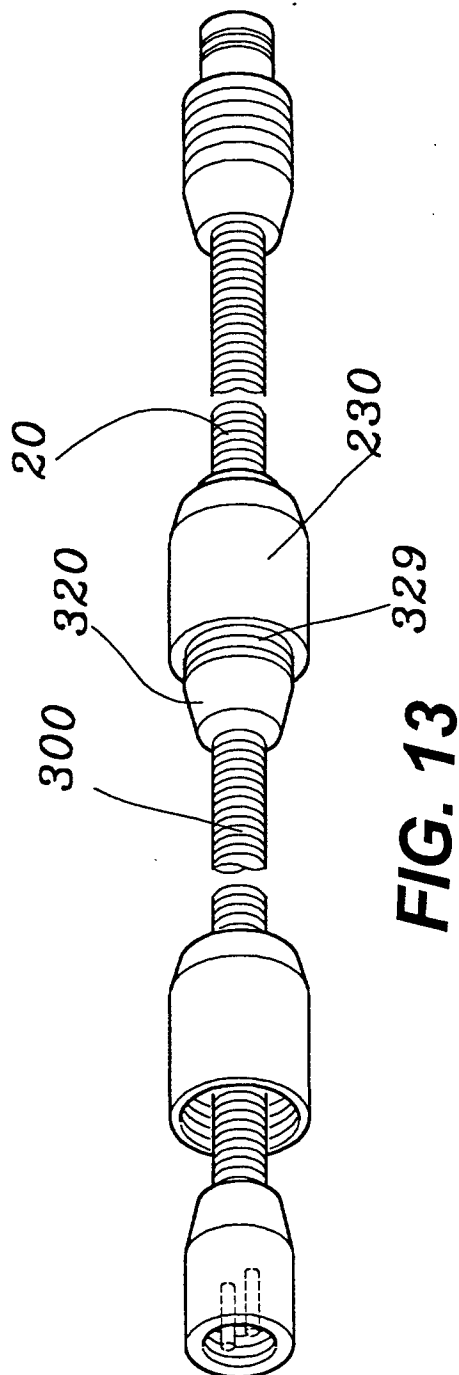
**FIG. 9**



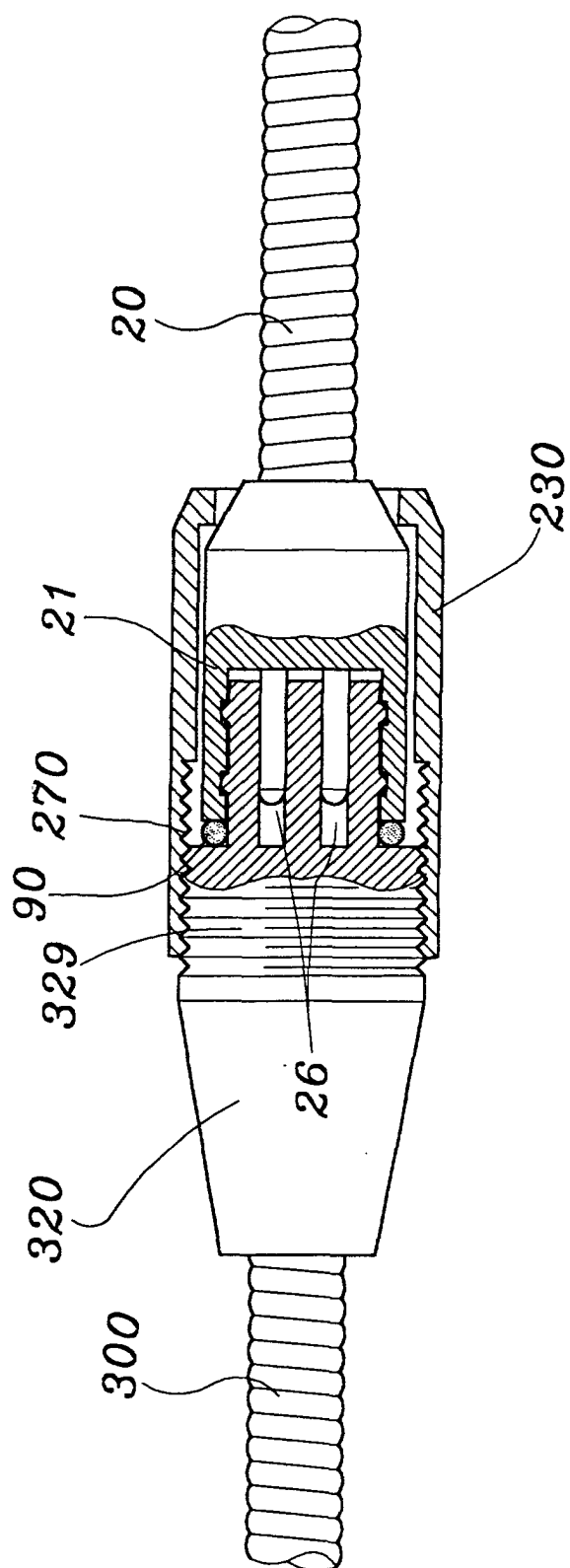




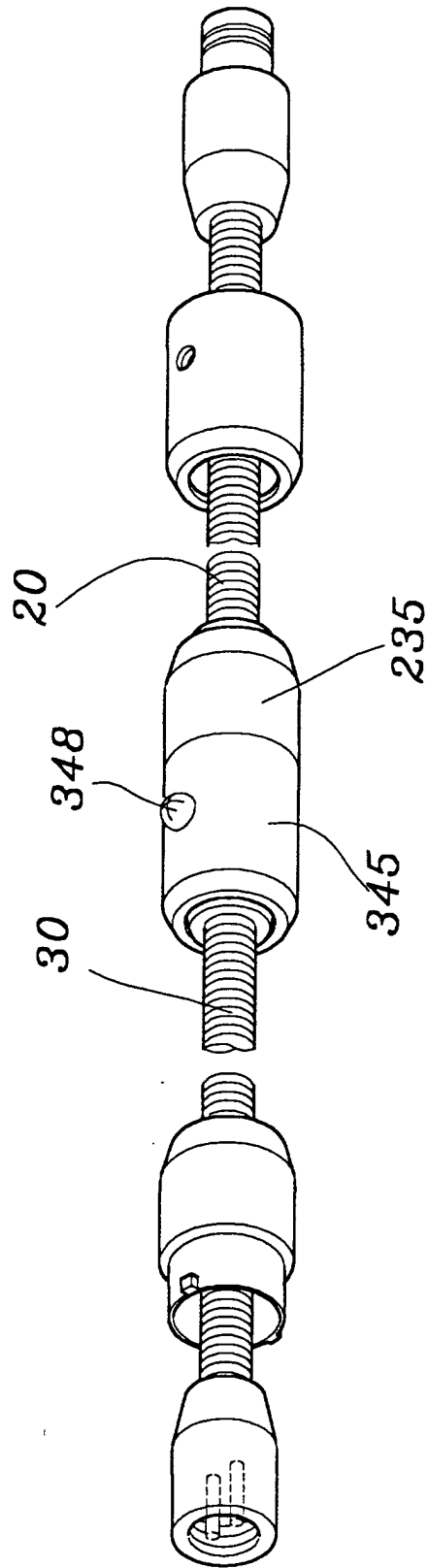
**FIG. 14**



**FIG. 13**

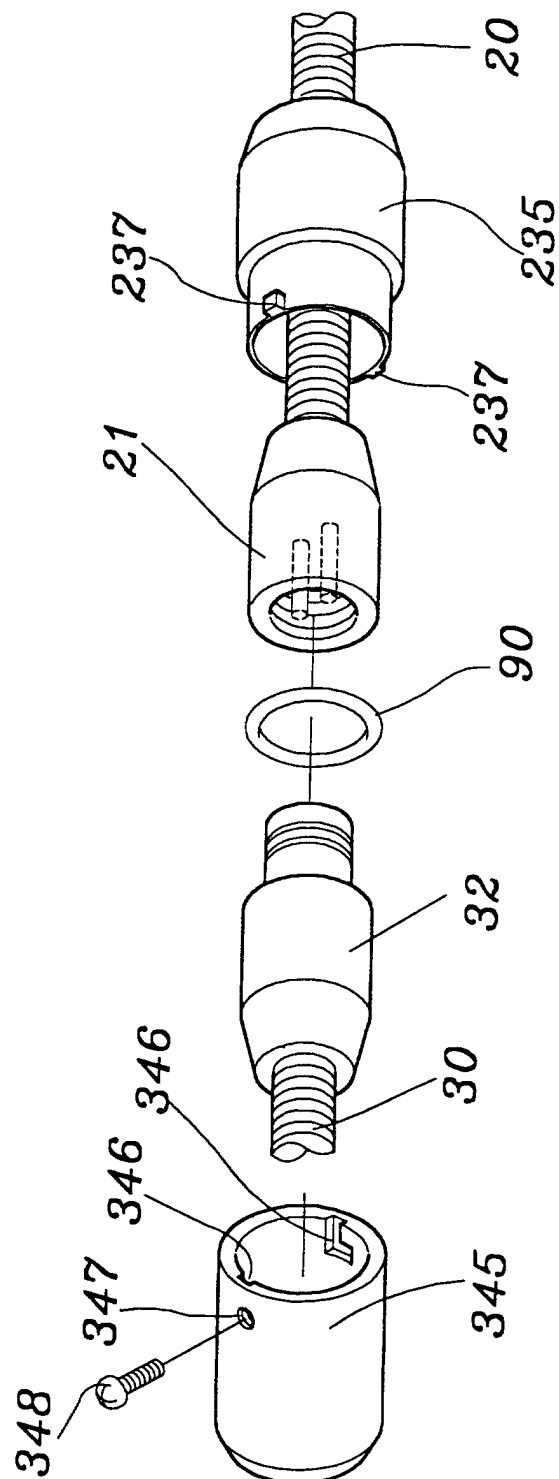


**FIG. 15**



**FIG. 16**





**FIG. 17**



European Patent  
Office

## EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number  
EP 00 30 3565

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.7)
X	US 4 812 956 A (CHEN SCOTT) 14 March 1989 (1989-03-14) * column 2, line 4 - line 20 * * column 2, line 31 - line 35 * * column 2, line 45 - line 52 * * figures 1-3 *	1,2,4-7, 11	F21V23/06 F21S4/00
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X	US 5 964 518 A (SHEN YA-KUANG) 12 October 1999 (1999-10-12) * column 1, line 28 - line 47 * * column 1, line 66 - column 2, line 41 * * column 2, line 57 - line 61 * * figures 1,2,4 *	1-3,5,6	
A		12	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.7)
A	EP 0 829 676 A (LAU CALVIN CHUN YIN) 18 March 1998 (1998-03-18) * column 3, line 10 - line 28 * * column 6, line 22 - line 40 * * figure 14 *	1,5,9	F21P F21V H01R
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search <b>THE HAGUE</b>		Date of completion of the search <b>11 June 2001</b>	Examiner <b>Cosnard, D</b>
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document		T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document	

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**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT  
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 00 30 3565

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on  
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11-06-2001

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