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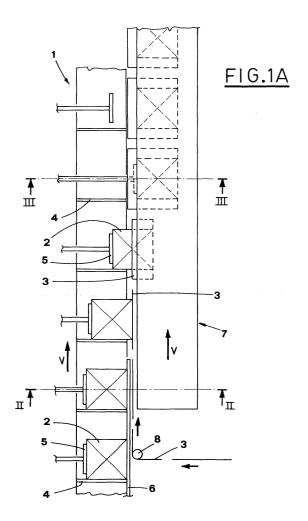
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(54) Method and apparatus for wrapping articles with a packaging sheet

(57) The method envisages that groups of articles (2,22) to be packaged, arranged orderly with a lateral narrowed dimension oriented in the forward movement direction (A), are fed along a feeding line (1). Single packaging sheets (3) are carried beside the feeding line (1), in suitable phase relation with the forward movement of the articles (2,22). The groups of articles (2,22) are transferred crosswise to the feeding line (1), so as to hit the sheets (3) with the lateral narrow extension of the groups of articles (2,22) in order to fold the sheets (3). The folded edges of the sheets (3) are joined along the opposite side of the groups of articles (2,22), presenting a corresponding lateral narrow extension.



Description

[0001] The present invention relates to wrapping articles with a packaging sheet.

[0002] More precisely, the invention relates to a method and an apparatus for wrapping articles stacked in piles or in rolls by a film of plastic material, e.g. polyethylene.

[0003] It is known that consumption articles, such as rolls of toilet paper or kitchen towels are usually packaged in packs or groups by a film or plastic transparent material, e.g. polyethylene, polythene, polypropylene, etc.

[0004] At present, the articles are packaged by machines, which form groups of articles, usually in a loading or collecting tray, and which push the grouped articles upwards by means of a raising plate, against a sheet of plastic material, which is kept spread over the plate.

[0005] The group of articles is introduced into a space, which is formed by fixed walls and which those skilled in the art call "hopper".

[0006] Thus, the sheet of plastic material wraps the upper surface of the so grouped articles.

[0007] In phase relation with the raising plate downward return movement, the sheet is tucked in against the lower surface of the group of articles by two movable horizontal plates.

[0008] Then, a conveyor, equipped with vertical arms, moves the group of articles wrapped with the sheet of plastic material toward a welding station, where the package is closed by welding the overlapped edges of the sheet of plastic material, on the lower surface of the grouped articles.

[0009] The above solution is undoubtedly complicated due to the necessity to foresee different changes of the groups of articles movement, which results in high construction costs.

[0010] Moreover, it is also obvious that each change of the direction requires a stop for group of articles.

[0011] The time intervals necessary for different stops accumulate, due to a high number of packages being produced and consequently, the total stop time becomes significant.

[0012] In addition to the technical and production considerations presented previously, the currently used constructive solutions feature another drawback which lies in the closure welding, which must be made on one of the biggest surfaces of packages or groups of packaged articles.

[0013] Considering its upward movement, the just formed group of articles hits the sheet of plastic packaging material with its larger surface and the sheet is tucked on the opposite surface by overlapping and welding the edges thereof.

[0014] This reduces the possibility to use the entire surface, limited by the welding, for printing commercial advertisements or other kinds of information.

[0015] The object of the present invention is to propose a method for wrapping articles, according to which the groups of articles move as linearly as possible and without changes of direction or stops necessary for this purpose.

[0016] Another object of the present invention is to propose an apparatus which carries out the above method, which is simple to construct and which is easily and rapidly adaptable to different sizes of articles to be packaged as well as of the ready packages, without the necessity to use a complicated structure, thus lowering the production costs.

[0017] A further object of the present invention is to propose a method and an apparatus which produce packages formed by groups of articles according to what has been presented previously, and which allow to leave completely free the two most extended surfaces of the packages or groups of packaged articles, so that these surfaces can be used for printing commercial advertisement or other information.

[0018] The above-mentioned objects are obtained in accordance with the content of the claims.

[0019] The characteristic features of the present invention will be pointed out in the following description of a preferred, but not only embodiment, with reference to the enclosed drawings, in which:

- Figure 1A is a partial, schematic top view of an apparatus for wrapping articles with a packaging sheet, taken in the region of the inlet area for the articles to be packaged;
- Figure 1B is another partial top view of the apparatus, taken at the outlet area for the articles being packaged;
- Figures 2 and 3 are section views of the apparatus, taken along the planes II-II and III-III in Figure 1A;
- Figure 4A is a lateral schematic view of the proposed apparatus, from the side indicated with K in Figure 1B;
- Figure 4B is a lateral schematic view of the proposed apparatus, from the side indicated with K in Figure 1B, according to a variant;
 - Figure 5 is a perspective view of a few steps of the wrapping of a group of articles in rolls according to the proposed method;
 - Figure 5A is a group of articles formed by more layers of articles, e.g. two.

[0020] With reference to the above figures, the reference numeral 1 indicates a feeding line for articles 2 to be wrapped with a packaging sheet 3.

[0021] The feeding line 1 is formed by e.g. a conveyor

equipped with a series of bars 4 defining spaces, which receive the articles 2 to be packaged, already arranged in groups according known techniques.

[0022] Each space defined between the bars 4 is provided with related pusher members 5, which are aimed at transferring groups of articles 2 crosswise to the line 1.

[0023] The pusher members 5 are carried, according to known techniques, by conveying means, not shown, arranged beside the feeding line 1.

[0024] A panel 6, situated beside the initial part of the feeding line 1, acts as a stop supporting the groups of articles 2 inside the spaces defined by the bars 4 (Figure 2).

[0025] The panel 6 extends up to the point, in which the feeding line 1 is located beside a line 7 for wrapping the groups of articles 2.

[0026] The line 7 for wrapping groups of articles 2 extends beside the articles 2 feeding line 1 and wraps the groups of articles 2 with respective packaging sheets, which are preferably constituted by a film of plastic material, e.g. polyethylene, polythene, polypropylene, or another material typically used for packaging.

[0027] The wrapping line 7 is formed by a pair of conveying belts 71, 72, arranged one above the other, extending substantially along the entire operative extension of the machine.

[0028] The conveying belts 71, 72, only the active sections of which have been shown in Figures 2 and 3, leaving out the return sections thereof, are mounted in a close loop on the wheels or rolls 70 and are operated in opposite directions, with peripheric speed equal to that of the feeding line 1, so as to define respective opposite runs, which move simultaneously in the forward movement direction A (see Figure 4).

[0029] The sheets 3, perfectly cut from a bobbin of the above mentioned packaging material, are arranged kept spread out, by suitable support and movement means 8, on a vertical plane, in an intermediate position between the articles 2 feeding line 1 and the wrapping line 7.

[0030] More precisely, the sheets 3 are moved in the forward movement direction A, with a speed equal to the speed of the above mentioned lines 1 and 7, between related pairs of belts 9, situated respectively above and below horizontal planes defined by the conveying belts 71, 72, as it is clearly seen in Figure 2.

[0031] The belts 9 are carried and operated by known turn-around means 8, shown in a schematic way.

[0032] According to the method for wrapping articles 2, proposed by the present invention and shown schematically in Figure 5, the groups of articles 2 to be packaged are conveyed along the feeding line 1.

[0033] According to known techniques, the groups are formed previously between two lateral guides, not shown, and then pushed orderly inside the spaces defined by the bars 4, having their lateral shorter extension turned in the forward movement direction A.

[0034] If the articles 2 are e.g. rolls of paper, the groups to be packaged are advantageously formed by a series of rolls arranged side by side longitudinally in only one layer or in two layers, put one over the other, and the above mentioned lateral shorter extension coincides with the lateral extension of the rolls arranged side by side.

[0035] From this point forward, there are no more stops or sudden changes of the forward movement direction, which would require such stops.

[0036] The single packaging sheets, arranged on a vertical plane, are moved forward in suitable time relation with the forward movement of the articles 2 along the feeding line 1.

[0037] Then, the groups of articles 2 are transferred by the pusher members 5 crosswise to the feeding line 1, as it is clearly shown in Figure 1A, so that the articles are introduced between the opposite runs of the conveying belts 71, 72 of the wrapping line 7, which is operated with the same speed as the feeding ling 1.

[0038] During this transferring, the lateral narrowed dimension of the groups of articles 2 hit the packaging sheets 3, so as to fold the latter following the U-shape. [0039] In this way, the sheets 3 wrap the most extended surfaces, i.e. upper and lower, of the groups of articles 2.

[0040] During the step of introduction of the groups of articles 2 between the conveying belts 71, 72, blowing means 10 are operated (Figure 3). The blowing means 10 are aimed at maintaining spread the edges of the sheets 3 while being folded.

[0041] The groups of articles 2, partially wrapped with the sheets 3, introduced between the conveying belts 71, 72, move forward along the wrapping line 7.

[0042] During the forward movement along the line 7, the open ends of the folded parts of the sheets 3 meet the stationary folding means 11, suitably shaped, which are aimed at folding the open ends and overlap them, so as to complete the longitudinal wrapping of the groups of articles 2 (Figure 4A).

[0043] If the packages include two layers of articles arranged one on the other, as shown in Figure 5A, the distance between the belts 71 and 72 corresponds to the vertical dimension of the packages 22, as shown in Figure 4B.

[0044] The folding members, indicated in this case with 41, have such a shape as to overlap the edges in the region of the center line of the lower layer of articles, or rolls, for the purpose which will become evident later on.

[0045] Coming back to the configuration of a single layer of packages (Figure 4A), the overlapped edges of the folded parts of the packaging sheets 3 are joined by a belt welding member 12 of known type, which acts along the same wrapping line 7, downstream of the folding means 11, in the forward movement direction A.

[0046] Therefore, the sheets 3 are welded along the longitudinal side of the groups of articles 2, opposite to

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the one which hits the sheets 3, having a corresponding narrowed dimension; the welding line 33, indicated in Figure 4A, is situated more or less in the central area of the narrowed dimension of the package, or shifted a bit with respect thereto.

[0047] In case of the two-layer configuration (Figure 4B), the welding member is situated in such a way that the welding line 33 is situated in the central area of e.g. the lower layer of articles, or shifted a bit with respect thereto.

[0048] In this way, the welding member presses the overlapped edges always against the article or articles situated below, and not against an empty area, which is created in the central part of the package side.

[0049] At the outlet of the wrapping line 7, the groups of articles 2, wrapped with the packaging sheets 3, closed all around, are subjected to the change of the direction of forward movement of the line 7, without the stops, so as to close the packages in the regions of the opposite heads of the articles 2.

[0050] Other folding and welding means, not shown, acting along a line 13 of the packaged articles 2 outlet, close the packages.

[0051] The packages are transferred to the line 13 by e.g. a transporting device 14, rotating on a vertical axis, seen in Figure 1B.

[0052] The rotating transporting device 14 features a series of radial arms 15, which carry on their free end, pivoted by a pin 16, respective picking up means 17 extending downwards.

[0053] The picking up means 17 pick up the groups of articles 2, wrapped with the packaging sheets 3 wrapped all around them, and transfer them orderly to the outlet line 13, maintaining unchanged their orientation due to the simultaneous rotation on the pin 16, in the direction opposite to the rotation of the conveyor 14.

[0054] The action of the picking up means 17 is possible due to the fact that the lower conveying belt 72 extends longitudinally beyond the extremity of the upper conveying belt 71, as clearly seen in Figure 4a.

[0055] Two or more bands 73, 74 are situated above the terminal part of the conveying belt 72 extending beyond the upper conveying belt 71.

[0056] The bands 73, 74 are mounted on corresponding wheels and moved with a peripheric speed equal to the speed of the two conveying belts 71 and 72.

[0057] The bands 73 and 74 hold the upper part of the semi-packaged group of articles by pressing it against the lower conveying belt 72, situated below.

[0058] In this way, access to the groups of articles of 50 the upper part is made possible.

[0059] The groups of articles 2 below the bands 73, 74 are picked up by two movable parts 17a, 17b of the picking up means 17, which move close from above and grip the group of articles 2 therebetween.

[0060] The rotation of the transporting device 14, performed in phase relation with the movement of the conveying belts 71 and 72, allows the picking up means 17

to pick up the group of articles by withdrawing it from the grasp of the lower conveying belt 72 and the upper bands 73 and 74, in the terminal area of the latter.

[0061] After having rotated by 90°, the picking up means 17 release the previously picked up group of articles onto the outlet line 13 and, simultaneously, the package is rotated in the direction opposite to the rotation of the rotating conveyor, so that the package maintains its orientation, although its forward movement direction changes without stopping the movement.

[0062] The picking up means 17 release the semi-packaged group of articles in the initial area of upper holding bands 75, 76, similar to the upper bands 73 and 74 and fulfilling the same function.

[0063] The flaps of the still open heads of the package are folded and welded together along the outlet line.

[0064] Consequently, the method and apparatus according to the present invention achieve the aim of wrapping articles, such as in particular rolls of paper or the like, gathered in packs or groups, within a film, in such a way as to leave perfectly free from welding both the most extended surfaces of the packs or groups of packaged articles.

[0065] This allows not only a better presentation of the package, but also the use of both most extended surfaces to support commercial, advertisement or other kinds of information.

[0066] All this is obtained while the products follow a path without sudden trajectory changes nor stops required thereby.

[0067] It is to be pointed out that an apparatus of simple structure, functional and extremely versatile, obtains this result.

[0068] Actually, in order to adapt the machine to different sizes of the articles 2 and/or packages, it is enough to change the distance between the two belts 71, 72, arranged one over the other, as well as the distance, or step, between the bars 4.

[0069] There are no stops or direction changes along the whole path followed by the packages, beginning from forming of the groups of articles.

[0070] This allows to simplify in maximum way the structure of the machine and to facilitate its operation considerably.

[0071] In addition to the positive effect on the production and maintenance costs, it is also possible to increase the production rate by eliminating all stops, which are no longer necessary.

Claims

- Method for wrapping articles within a packaging sheet, characterized in that it includes:
 - moving groups of articles (2,22) to be packaged along a feeding line (1), the groups arranged orderly with a lateral narrow extension of the

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groups of articles (2,22), oriented according to the forward movement direction (A);

- moving single packaging sheets (3) beside said feeding line (1), in suitable phase relation with the forward movement of said groups of articles (2,22) along said feeding line (1);
- transferring said groups of articles (2,22), crosswise with respect to said feeding line (1), so that the groups of articles hit said wrapping sheets (3) with said lateral narrow extension to fold said sheets (3) around said groups of articles (2,22);
- joining the folded edges of said packaging sheets (3) along the opposite side of said groups of articles (2,22) presenting a corresponding lateral narrow extension;
- transferring the groups of articles (2,22) wrapped respectively with said packaging sheets (3) crosswise to the forward movement direction along said feeding line (1), maintaining unchanged the orientation of the groups of articles (2,22), to close the packages in the region of the opposite heads of said articles (2,22).
- 2. Method, according to claim 1, **characterized in that** said packaging sheets (3) are moved while being maintained in a vertical plane, longitudinal with respect to said feeding line (1).
- 3. Method, according to claim 1, characterized in that said packaging sheets (3) are moved forward beside said feeding line (1), with a speed equal to the speed of the feeding line (1).
- 4. Method, according to claim 1, characterized in that said groups of articles (2,22) are transferred crosswise to said feeding line (1), so as to hit said packaging sheets (3) in a central section, thus folding the same sheets (3) on the most extended surfaces, upper and lower, of said groups of articles (2,22).
- 5. Method, according to claim 1, **characterized in that** blowing means (10), aimed at maintaining spread the edges of said packaging sheets (3) while being folded, are operated during the step of transferring of said groups of articles (2,22) crosswise to said feeding line (1).
- 6. Method, according to claim 1, characterized in that said groups of articles (2,22) leaving said feeding line (1) are gripped on their already closed less extended surfaces to be transferred to an outlet line

(13) without changing their orientation, so as to fold and weld the edges of the still open less extended surfaces.

- 7. Apparatus for wrapping groups of articles within a packaging sheet, **characterized in that** it includes:
 - a feeding line (1) for feeding groups of articles (2,22) to be packaged, arranged orderly with a lateral narrow extension of the groups of articles (2,22), oriented according to the forward movement direction (A);
 - pulling means (9) for moving single packaging sheets (3) beside said feeding line (1), in suitable phase relation with the forward movement of said groups of articles (2,22) along said feeding line (1);
 - a wrapping line (7), situated beside said feeding line (1) for articles (2,22) and including an upper conveying belt (71) and a lower conveying belt (72), said conveying belts (71,72) being arranged one above the other and operated in opposite directions, with peripheric speed equal to that of the feeding line (1), so as to define respective opposite runs, which move simultaneously in said forward movement direction A;
 - pusher members (5), aimed at transferring said groups of articles (2,22) crosswise to said feeding line (1), so that the groups of articles hit said wrapping sheets (3) with said lateral narrow extension and at introducing the groups of articles (2,22) together with the respective sheets (3) between said pair of conveying belts (71,72) to fold said sheets (3) on said groups of articles (2,22);
 - welding means (12) aimed at joining the folded edges of said packaging sheets (3) along the opposite side of said groups of articles (2,22) presenting a corresponding lateral narrow extension;
 - operating means (14) aimed at changing the direction of the partially packaged groups of articles (2,22) forward movement, so as to weld the heads of said packages.
 - 8. Apparatus, according to claim 7, characterized in that said operating means include a transporting device (14), situated downstream of said line (7) for wrapping said groups of articles (2,22) with said packaging sheets (3), and rotating on a vertical axis, said rotating transporting element (14) carrying, pivoted peripherally, a series of picking up means (17), which are aimed at picking up said groups of articles

(2,22), wrapped within the packaging sheets (3) and at transferring them orderly to an outlet line (13), maintaining unchanged their orientation due to the simultaneous rotation of said picking up means (17), in the direction opposite to the rotation of said rotating transporting device (14).

9. Apparatus, according to claim 8, characterized in that the downstream part of said conveying belt (72) extends beyond the end of the upper conveying belt (71) and at least one band (73,74) is situated in the extended area to hold from above the semipackaged groups of articles by pressing them against the lower conveying belt (72) situated below, with said picking up means (17) acting over 15 said groups of articles.

10. Apparatus, according to claim 8, characterized in that said line (13) includes at least one band (75,76) aimed at holding from above the semi-packaged groups of articles by pressing them against the line (13) situated below, with said groups of articles introduced between said line (13) and the bands (75,76) by said picking up means (17).

11. Apparatus, according to claim 7, characterized in that said feeding line (1) includes a conveying element equipped with a series of bars (4), between which the groups of articles (2,22) to be packaged are situated, with the spaces defined by said bars (4) being connected to respective pusher members (5), which transfer said groups of articles (2,22) crosswise to said feeding line (1).

12. Apparatus, according to claim 7, characterized in that it includes blowing means (10), which are situated in the area in which the groups of articles (2,22) are wrapped and which are aimed at maintaining spread the edges of said packaging sheets (3) while being folded.

13. Apparatus, according to claim 7, characterized in that said welding means (12) aimed at joining the folded edges of said packaging sheets (3), include welding belts acting along said line (7) for wrapping said groups of articles (2,22) within said packaging sheets (3), downstream of the folding means (11,41), which are aimed at overlapping the open ends of said edges of the sheets (3).

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