



(11) **EP 1 544 387 B1**

(12) **EUROPEAN PATENT SPECIFICATION**

(45) Date of publication and mention
of the grant of the patent:
15.12.2010 Bulletin 2010/50

(51) Int Cl.:
E05B 47/00 ^(2006.01) **E05B 63/24** ^(2006.01)
E05B 17/22 ^(2006.01) **E05C 19/10** ^(2006.01)
D06F 37/42 ^(2006.01)

(21) Application number: **04106630.9**

(22) Date of filing: **16.12.2004**

(54) **A door lock device of increased safety, particularly for domestic electrical appliances**

Sicherheitstürschloss, insbesondere für elektrische Haushaltsgeräte

Serrure de sécurité pour une porte, notamment pour des appareils électroménagers

(84) Designated Contracting States:
DE ES FR GB

(30) Priority: **18.12.2003 IT TO20031021**

(43) Date of publication of application:
22.06.2005 Bulletin 2005/25

(73) Proprietor: **BITRON S.p.A.**
10122 Torino (IT)

(72) Inventors:
• **Promutico, Fabrizio**
03010 Alatri (Frosinone) (IT)

• **Saccocci, Andrea**
03020 Castro dei Volsci (Frosinone) (IT)

(74) Representative: **Quinterno, Giuseppe et al**
Jacobacci & Partners S.p.A.
Corso Emilia 8
10152 Torino (IT)

(56) References cited:
EP-A- 0 965 677 DE-A1- 19 815 591
DE-A1- 19 848 275 GB-A- 2 015 070
GB-A- 2 158 146 US-A- 4 074 545

Note: Within nine months of the publication of the mention of the grant of the European patent in the European Patent Bulletin, any person may give notice to the European Patent Office of opposition to that patent, in accordance with the Implementing Regulations. Notice of opposition shall not be deemed to have been filed until the opposition fee has been paid. (Art. 99(1) European Patent Convention).

EP 1 544 387 B1

Description

[0001] The present invention relates to a door lock, particularly for domestic electrical appliances such as, for example, washing machines or the like.

[0002] More specifically, the particular object of the invention is a device for locking a door or the like, particularly for a domestic electrical appliance, of the type comprising:

a support structure in which is defined an aperture into which, when the door is closed, it introduced a hook member connected to this door;
a retainer slide, movable with respect to this structure between a working position in which it is able partially to obstruct the said aperture and to retain the hook member introduced into this aperture, and a rest position in which it is able to allow disengagement of the said hook member from the aperture in the door; and
an electro-mechanical control device including a movable lock member displaceable, upon activation of the apparatus, from an inactive or release position to locking position in which it is able respectively to allow and to prevent the passage of the retainer slide from the working position to the rest position; an electric switch being associated with the said lock member, capable of changing condition or state when this lock member passes from the release position to the locking position and vice versa.

[0003] Door lock devices of this type are well known. Such a device is described for example in Italian Patent Application TO2000A000658 in the name of the same applicant or in EP-A-0 965 677 and GB 2 015 070 A, both disclosing a locking device according the preamble of claim 1.

[0004] Door lock devices of this type made until now have in general a very reliable and safe operation.

[0005] One possible disadvantage of such devices, however, lies in the fact that if, during operation of the domestic electrical appliance, the closure door or hatch is subject to an opening force greater than a predetermined value (typically a value envisaged by the homologation rules for door lock devices) or if breakage of the hook member connected to the door takes place, this latter can open, whilst the domestic electrical appliance remains in operation, with the readily imaginable potential risks.

[0006] One object of the present invention is therefore to provide a door lock device of increased safety which makes it possible to overcome the above-indicated disadvantage of prior art devices.

[0007] This and other objects are achieved according to the invention with a door lock device of the type specified above, characterised in that it further includes a safety mechanism including:

a feeler member, sensitive, when the door is closed, to the position of the hook member of the said door; and

an intervention member associated with the said feeler member and operable, when the hook member is disengaged from the said feeler member whilst the said lock member is in the locked position, to interact

with the said lock member by causing the return thereof of the release position; and
with the retainer slide, locking it in its said working position.

[0008] Further characteristics and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following detailed description, given purely by way of non-limitative example, with reference to the attached drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the door lock device according to the present invention;

Figure 2 is a partially exploded perspective view of the door lock device according to Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a sectioned view essentially along the line III-III of Figure 1, showing this door lock device in a rest condition; and

Figures 4 and 5 are views similar to that shown in Figure 3, and show the door lock device in an operative working condition and in an operative emergency condition.

[0009] In the drawings, a door lock device according to the invention is generally indicated 1.

[0010] In the exemplary embodiment illustrated this device comprises a body 2 of moulded plastics material at one end of which is formed an aperture 3 (see in particular Figures from 3 to 5).

[0011] The aperture 3 is able to allow introduction of a hook member, such as that indicated 4 in Figures 4 and 5.

[0012] In a manner known per se, the door lock device 1 can be fixed close to an opening of a domestic electric appliance, and the hook member 4 is intended to be connected, for example in an articulated manner, to the movable door P associated with this aperture of the domestic electrical appliance.

[0013] In the embodiment illustrated the hook member 4 comprises a leg 4a having an end articulated at 5 to the door P and another end which, after a narrowed section or neck 4b, forms an enlarged head indicated 6.

[0014] The reference numeral 7 indicates a shaped slide, axially translatable with respect to the support body 2 along a direction approximately orthogonal to the direction of introduction of the hook member 4 into the apparatus 3.

[0015] The slide 7 has a main aperture 8 which in the various operative conditions or positions of the slide are at least partially facing and aligned with the aperture 3 of the support structure 2.

[0016] A coil spring 10 (Figures 2 and 3) is interposed between the slide 7 and the support structure 2 and tends to maintain the slide 7 in the rest position shown in Figure 3 in which the aperture 8 of this slide is aligned with the aperture 3 of the body 2. When the slide 7 is in this position the hook member 4 of the door P can be introduced through the aperture 3 in such a way that its terminal head 6 projects beyond this aperture 3 and engages in the aperture 8 formed in the slide 7 as shown in Figure 4.

[0017] Within the support body or casing 2 is contained an electro-mechanical control device of type known per se. This device is, for example, of the type illustrated in detail and described in the earlier Italian Patent Application mentioned above. This electro-mechanical control device will therefore not be further described in all its detail, but rather solely in relation to the aspects relevant to the purpose of understanding of the present invention.

[0018] The electro-mechanical control device contained in the support casing 2 includes a movable lock member, indicated 27 in Figures from 3 to 5. This member is mounted so as to be axially translatable, in a vertical direction as seen in Figures from 3 to 5, through an aperture 28 formed in the wall of the support casing 2 (Figures 4 and 5).

[0019] The movable lock member 27 is displaceable, following activation of the apparatus with which the door lock device 1 is associated, from an inactive or release position shown in Figure 3, to a locked position shown in broken outline in Figure 4, in which it is able respectively to allow and to prevent passage of the retainer slide 7 from the working position to the rest position.

[0020] The lock member 27 is associated, in a manner known per se and not illustrated, with an electric switch capable of changing condition or state when this lock member 27 passes from the release position to the locked position, and vice versa. One way of associating an electric switch with the lock member is described in detail in the above-mentioned Italian Patent Application. The electric switch associated with the lock member 27 in particular makes it possible to signal to the control unit of the domestic electric appliance, that the door P is closed and locked.

[0021] In relation to what has been described so far, the door lock device according to the invention corresponds substantially to the prior art devices, and functions essentially in the following way.

[0022] When the door P of the domestic electrical appliance is open, the door lock device 1 assumes the rest configuration shown in Figure 3. In this condition the electro-mechanical control device contained in the support casing 2 has no current flowing through it. The lock member 27 is maintained in a retracted position shown in Figure 3, in which it does not project out of the support casing 2. The spring 10 maintains the slide 7 in the rest position, in which its aperture 8 faces the aperture 3 of the body 2.

[0023] If the user closes the door P of the domestic electric appliance the hook member 4 associated with this door passes through the aperture 3 of the body 2

and engages in the aperture 8 of the slide 7 as shown in Figure 4. The slide 7 is correspondingly translated towards the retention position as shown in Figure 4, against the action of the spring 10 which is compressed.

[0024] If the domestic electrical appliance is now activated an electric current flows in the electro-mechanical control device contained in the support casing 2. In a manner known per se, after a certain predetermined time period, this current causes the movable locking member 27 to move into the extended position in which it is able to interfere with a portion or wing 7a of the slide 7 (see also Figure 2) preventing return of this latter towards the rest position shown in Figure 3. In this condition the door P is effectively closed and locked, that is to say it cannot be opened. This condition is detectable by the control unit of the domestic electrical appliance in that the switch associated with the movable lock member 27 has changed its condition or state.

[0025] The door P can subsequently be reopened only if the current flowing in the electro-mechanical control device housed in the support member casing 2 is interrupted, for example, at the end of an operating cycle of the domestic electrical appliance, or following interruption of the electrical energy supply to this appliance.

[0026] When this happens, after a certain time, the movable lock member 27 is returned to the retracted position in which it does not obstruct the return of the slide 7 towards the rest position of Figure 3. The door of the domestic electrical appliance can now again be opened.

[0027] The door lock device 1 further includes a security mechanism generally indicated 30. This mechanism comprises a lever generally indicated 31, having one end 31a articulated to the support structure 2 about an axis defined by two aligned pegs or pins 32 (Figure 2 et seq).

[0028] The opposite end 31b of the lever 31 faces the aperture 8 of the slide 7 on the opposite side of the aperture 3 of the casing 2 from the said slide.

[0029] A coil spring indicated 33, has one end anchored to the lever 31, at an intermediate point between its ends 31a and 31b, and the other end anchored to the support structure or casing 2. The spring 33 tends to bias the lever 31 towards the support casing 2 of the door lock device.

[0030] In an intermediate position between the anchorage of the spring 33 and the end 31a the side lever 31 facing the support casing 2 has a projecting appendix indicated 34 in Figures from 3 to 5. This appendix is located substantially facing the movable lock member 27.

[0031] When the door lock device is in the rest position (Figure 3) the slide 7 lies between the movable lock member 27, which is in the retracted condition, and the projecting appendix 34 of the lever 31. The lever 31 rests on the slide 7 in correspondence with the said projecting appendix 34, under the force exerted by the spring 33.

[0032] When the door P of the domestic electric appliance is closed, the head 6 of the hook member 4 engages through and beyond the aperture 8 of the slide 7 as is shown in Figure 4, going on to engage the end 31b of

the lever 31 and causing this lever to turn about the pins 32 in a clockwise sense as seen in Figure 3. The projecting appendix 34 of the lever 31 is now lifted from the slide 7.

[0033] The end 31b of the lever 31 acts, when the door is closed, as a feeler member 4 sensitive to the position of the hook member 4 of the door P.

[0034] The lever 31 remains in the position illustrated in Figure 4 even when, after the operation of the domestic electrical appliance has started, the lock member 27 moves into the extended position in which it prevents return of the retainer slide 7 to the rest condition of Figure 3. In this condition the slide 7 partially obstructs the opening of the aperture 3 in the casing 2, the aperture 8 of this slide being in part transversely offset with respect to the aperture 3.

[0035] If, whilst the domestic electric appliance is in operation a stress of exceptional magnitude is applied to the door P, this may cause breakage of the hook member 4 or may force disengagement of this hook member from the slide 8. The lever 31 of the safety mechanism 30, under the action of the spring 33, immediately turns in an anticlockwise sense as seen in Figure 4, bringing it into the position shown in Figure 5. In this condition the projecting appendix 34 of the lever 31 forces the movable lock member 27 into the retracted position, but at the same time prevents return of the slide 7 towards the rest position.

[0036] Consequently, by the effect of the rotation of the lever 31 of the safety mechanism, the switch associated with the movable lock member 27, which again changes condition or state, signals to the control unit of the machine that the door is no longer closed and locked, but rather is open. Moreover, the slide 7, which is held in the retention position in which it partially obstructs the aperture 3, prevents possible reintroduction of the head 6 of the hook member 4 of the door P.

[0037] To reinstate the door lock device to the rest condition of Figure 3, it will be necessary now to act on the security lever 31 causing it to be pulled away from the support casing 2 so as to disengage the slide 7 from the projecting appendix 34 of the safety lever.

[0038] Naturally, the principle of the invention remaining the same, the embodiments and details of construction can be widely varied with respect to what has been described and illustrated purely by way of non-limitative example, without by this departing from the scope of the invention as defined in the annexed claims.

Claims

1. A locking device for a door (P) or the like, particularly for a domestic electrical appliance, comprising:

a support structure (2) in which is defined an aperture (3) into which a hook member (4) connected to this door (P) is introduced when the

door (P) is closed;

a retainer slide (7) movable with respect to the said structure (2) between a working position in which it is able to partially obstruct the said aperture (3) and retain the hook member (4) introduced into the said aperture (3), and a rest position in which it is able to allow disengagement of the said hook member (4) in order to allow the door (P) to open; and

an electro-mechanical control device including a movable lock member (27) displaceable, upon activation of the apparatus, from an inactive or release position to a locking position in which it is able respectively to allow and prevent the movement of the retainer slide (7) from the working position to the rest position; said lock member (27) being associated with an electric switch capable of switching condition or state when this lock member (27) passes from the release position to the locking position and vice versa; the door lock device being **characterised in that** it further includes a safety mechanism (30) including;

a feeler member (31b) for sensing the position of the hook member (4) of the said door (P) when the door (P) is closed; and

an intervention member (34) associated with the said feeler member (31b) and operable, when the hook member (4) is disengaged from the said feeler member (31b) whilst the lock member (27) is in the locking position, to interact with the said lock member (27) causing return thereof to the release position, and with the retainer slide (7), locking it in the said working position.

2. A device according to Claim 1, in which the said safety mechanism (30) comprises:

a lever (31) pivoted to the said support structure (2) in a rotatable manner on the side thereof opposite that from which the hook member (4) of the door (P) is introduced through the said aperture (3); and

elastic means (33) tending to bias the said lever (31) towards the support structure (2);

the lever (31) having one end (31b) acting as a feeler member and capable of being maintained in contact with the hook member (4) of the door (P) when the door (P) is closed, by the effect of the action exerted by the said elastic means (33) on the lever (31);

the lever (31) further having a projecting appendix (34) intermediate between the said end (31b) and the pivot axis (32) of the lever (31), the said projecting appendix (34) forming the said intervention member.

3. The device according to Claim 2, in which the said elastic means comprise a coil spring (33) anchored at one end to the said lever (31) and at the other end to the said support structure (2).
4. A device according to Claim 3, in which the said coil spring (33) is anchored to the lever (31) at a point intermediate between the said end (31b) of the lever (31) and the said projecting appendix (34).

5

10

Patentansprüche

1. Verriegelungsvorrichtung für eine Tür (P) oder dergleichen, insbesondere für ein elektrisches Haus-
haltsgerät, die aufweist:

15

eine Tragstruktur (2), in der eine Öffnung (3) definiert ist, in die ein mit dieser Tür (P) verbundenes Hakenelement (4) eingeführt ist, wenn die Tür (P) geschlossen ist;

20

ein Halteschieber (7), der in Bezug auf die Struktur (2) zwischen einer Wirkposition, in der er in der Lage ist, die Öffnung (3) teilweise zu versperren und das in die Öffnung (3) eingeführte Hakenelement (4) zurückzuhalten, und einer Ruheposition bewegbar ist, in der er in der Lage ist, ein Außereingriffbringen des Hakenelementes (4) zuzulassen, um der Tür (P) zu ermöglichen zu öffnen; und

25

30

eine elektromechanische Steuereinrichtung, die ein bewegbares Verriegelungselement (27) enthält, das sich bei Aktivierung der Vorrichtung von einer inaktiven oder Freigabeposition in eine Verriegelungsposition verstellen lässt, in der es in der Lage ist, die Bewegung des Halteschiebers (7) von der Wirkposition zu der Ruheposition jeweils zuzulassen bzw. zu verhindern; wobei das Verriegelungselement (27) einem elektrischen Schalter zugeordnet ist, der in der Lage ist, seine Bedingung oder sein Zustand zu wechseln, wenn dieses Verriegelungselement (27) von der Freigabeposition zu der Verriegelungsposition übergeht und umgekehrt; wobei die Türverriegelungsvorrichtung **dadurch gekennzeichnet ist, dass** sie ferner einen Sicherheitsmechanismus (30) enthält, der aufweist:

35

40

45

ein Fühlerelement (31b) zur Erfassung der Position des Hakenelementes (4) der Tür (P), wenn die Tür (P) geschlossen ist; und ein Eingriffselement (34), das dem Fühlerelement (31b) zugeordnet ist und betrieben werden kann, um, wenn das Hakenelement (4) von dem Fühlerelement (31b) außer Eingriff gebracht wird, während das Verriegelungselement (27) sich in der Verriegelungs-

50

55

lungsposition befindet, mit dem Verriegelungselement (27) wechselzuwirken, um seine Rückkehr zu der Freigabeposition zu bewirken, und mit dem Halteschieber (7) wechselzuwirken, um diesen in der Wirkposition zu verriegeln.

2. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, in der der Sicherheitsmechanismus (30) aufweist:

einen Hebel (31), der an der Tragstruktur (2) auf eine drehbare Weise auf dessen Seite, die derjenigen, von der das Hakenelement (4) der Tür (P) aus durch die Öffnung (3) eingeführt wird, gegenüber liegt, verschwenkbar gelagert ist; und

eine elastische Einrichtung (33), die dazu neigt, den Hebel (31) in Richtung auf die Tragstruktur (2) vorzuspannen;

wobei der Hebel (31) ein Ende (31b) aufweist, das als ein Fühlerelement dient und durch den Effekt der durch die elastische Einrichtung (33) auf den Hebel (31) ausgeübten Wirkung mit dem Hakenelement (4) der Tür (P) in Kontakt gehalten werden kann, wenn die Tür (P) geschlossen ist;

wobei der Hebel (31) ferner einen vorstehenden Fortsatz (34) zwischen dem Ende (31b) und der Schwenkachse (32) des Hebels (31) dazwischenliegend aufweist, wobei der vorstehende Fortsatz (34) das Eingriffselement bildet.

3. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 2, in der die elastische Einrichtung eine Schraubenfeder (33) aufweist, die an einem Ende an dem Hebel (31) und an dem anderen Ende an der Tragstruktur (2) verankert ist.

4. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 3, in der die Schraubenfeder (33) an dem Hebel (31) an einer dazwischenliegenden Stelle zwischen dem Ende (31b) des Hebels (31) und dem vorstehenden Fortsatz (34) verankert ist.

Revendications

1. Dispositif de verrouillage pour une porte (P) ou autre, particulièrement pour un appareil électrique domestique, comprenant :

une structure de support (2) dans laquelle est définie une ouverture (3) dans laquelle un élément formant crochet (4) relié à cette porte (P) est introduit quand la porte (P) est fermée ;
un coulisseau de retenue (7) mobile par rapport à ladite structure (2) entre une position de travail dans laquelle il peut obstruer partiellement ladite

ouverture (3) et retenir l'élément formant crochet (4) introduit dans ladite ouverture (3), et une position de repos dans laquelle il peut permettre la venue hors de prise dudit élément formant crochet (4) afin de permettre à la porte (P) de s'ouvrir ; et
 un dispositif de commande électromécanique incluant un élément de verrouillage mobile (27) déplaçable, lors de l'actionnement de l'appareil, d'une position inactive ou de relâchement à une position de verrouillage dans lesquelles il peut respectivement permettre et empêcher le déplacement du coulisseau de retenue (7) de la position de travail à la position de repos ; ledit élément de verrouillage (27) étant associé avec un commutateur électrique pouvant changer de condition ou d'état quand cet élément de verrouillage (27) passe de la position relâchée à la position de verrouillage et vice versa ; le dispositif de verrouillage de porte étant **caractérisé en ce qu'il** comprend en outre un mécanisme de sécurité (30) incluant ;
 un élément de détection (31b) pour détecter la position de l'élément formant crochet (4) de ladite porte (P) quand la porte (P) est fermée ; et
 un élément d'intervention (34) associé avec ledit élément de détection (31b) et pouvant fonctionner, quand l'élément formant crochet (4) est hors de prise dudit élément de détection (31b) alors que l'élément de verrouillage (27) est dans la position de verrouillage, pour interagir avec ledit élément de verrouillage (27) provoquant le retour de celui-ci vers la position de relâchement, et
 avec le coulisseau de retenue (7), le verrouillant dans ladite position de travail.

2. Dispositif selon la revendication 1, dans lequel ledit mécanisme de sécurité (30) comprend :

un levier (31) en pivot sur ladite structure de support (2) de manière rotative sur le côté de celle-ci à l'opposé duquel l'élément formant crochet (4) de la porte (P) est introduit à travers ladite ouverture (3) ; et
 des moyens élastiques (33) tendus pour solliciter ledit levier (31) vers la structure de support (2) ;
 le levier (31) ayant une extrémité (31b) agissant comme un élément détecteur et pouvant être maintenu en contact avec l'élément formant crochet (4) de la porte (P) quand la porte (P) est fermée, par l'effet de l'action exercée par lesdits moyens élastiques (33) sur le levier (31) ;
 le levier (31) comportant en outre un appendice saillant (34) intermédiaire entre ladite extrémité (31b) et l'axe de pivot (32) du levier (31), ledit appendice saillant (34) formant ledit élément

d'intervention.

3. Dispositif selon la revendication 2, dans lequel lesdits moyens élastiques comprennent un ressort hélicoïdal (33) ancré à une extrémité sur ledit levier (31) et à l'autre extrémité sur ladite structure de support (2).
 4. Dispositif selon la revendication 3, dans lequel ledit ressort hélicoïdal (33) est ancré sur le levier (31) en un point intermédiaire entre ladite extrémité (31b) du levier (31) et ledit appendice saillant (34).

FIG. 1

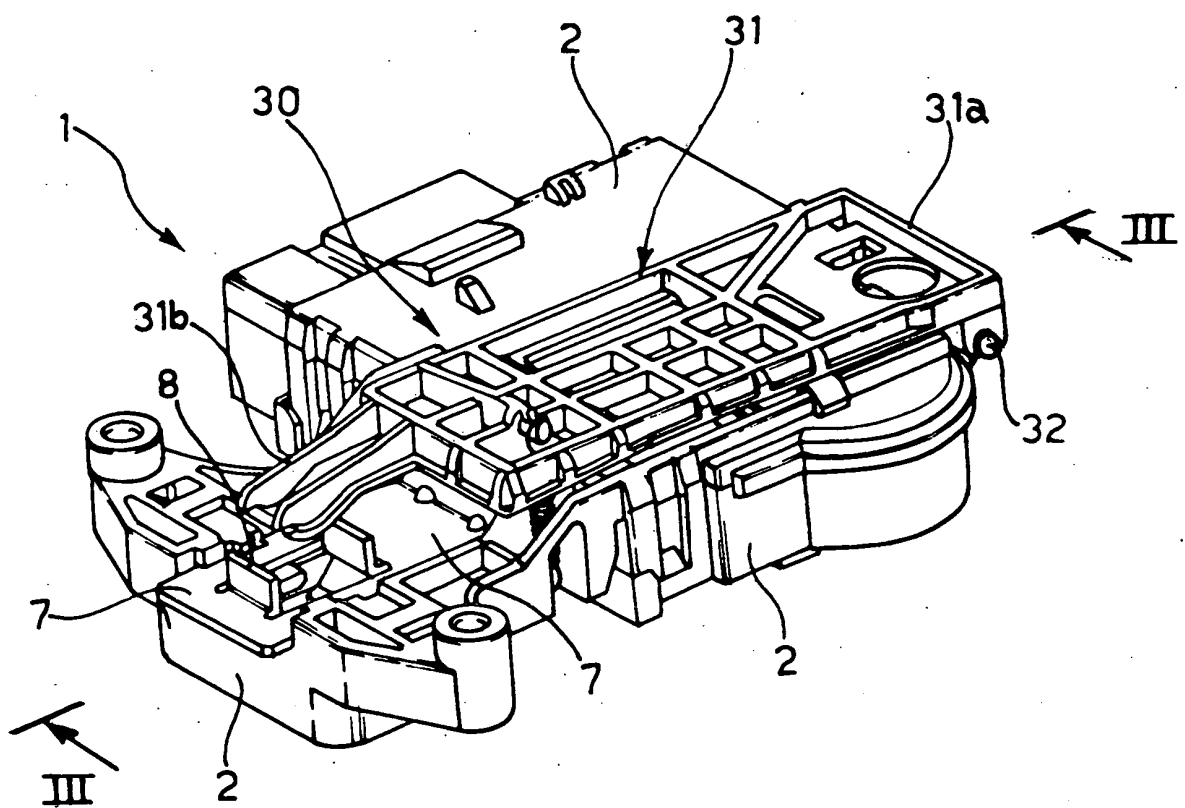


FIG. 2

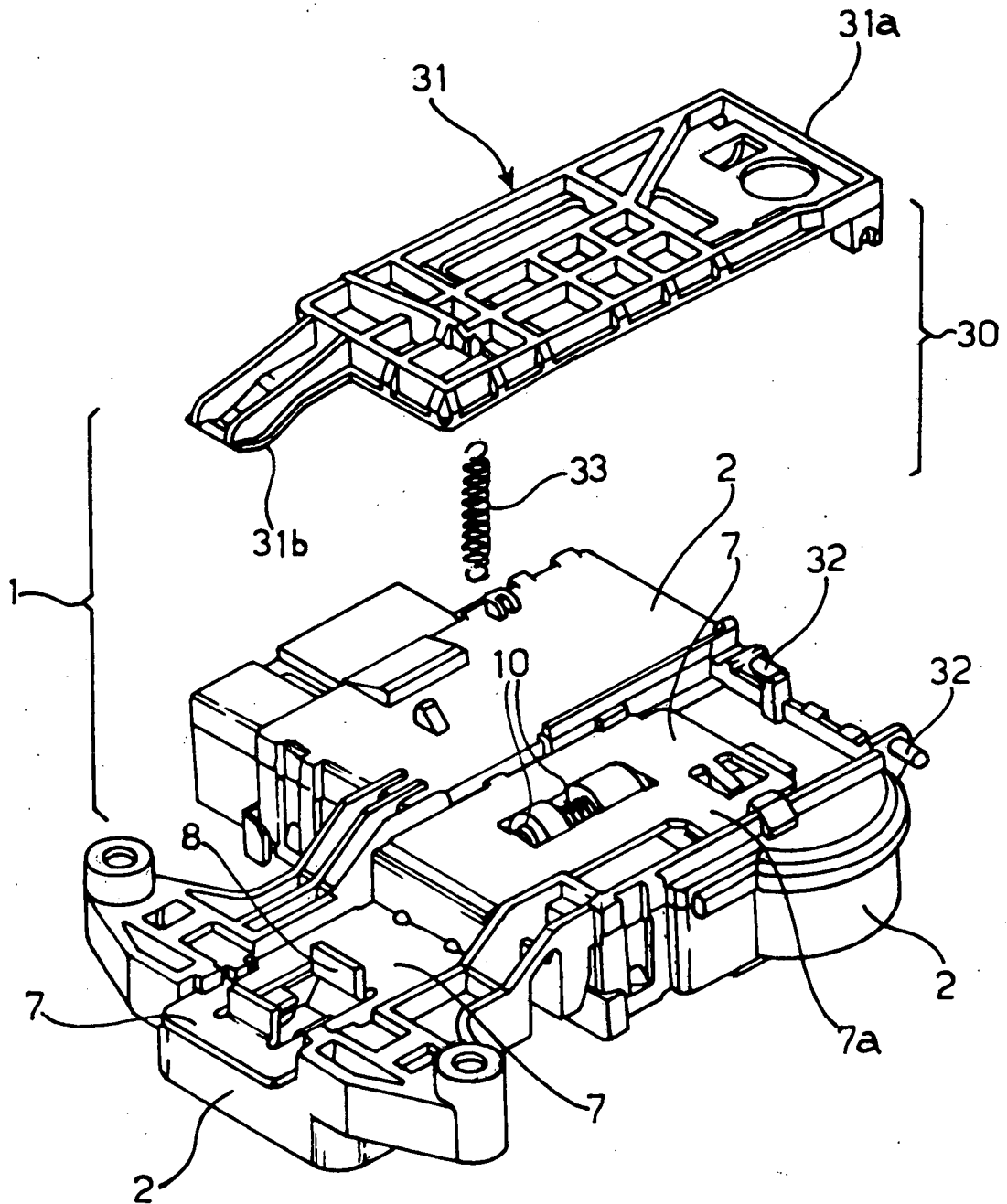


FIG. 3

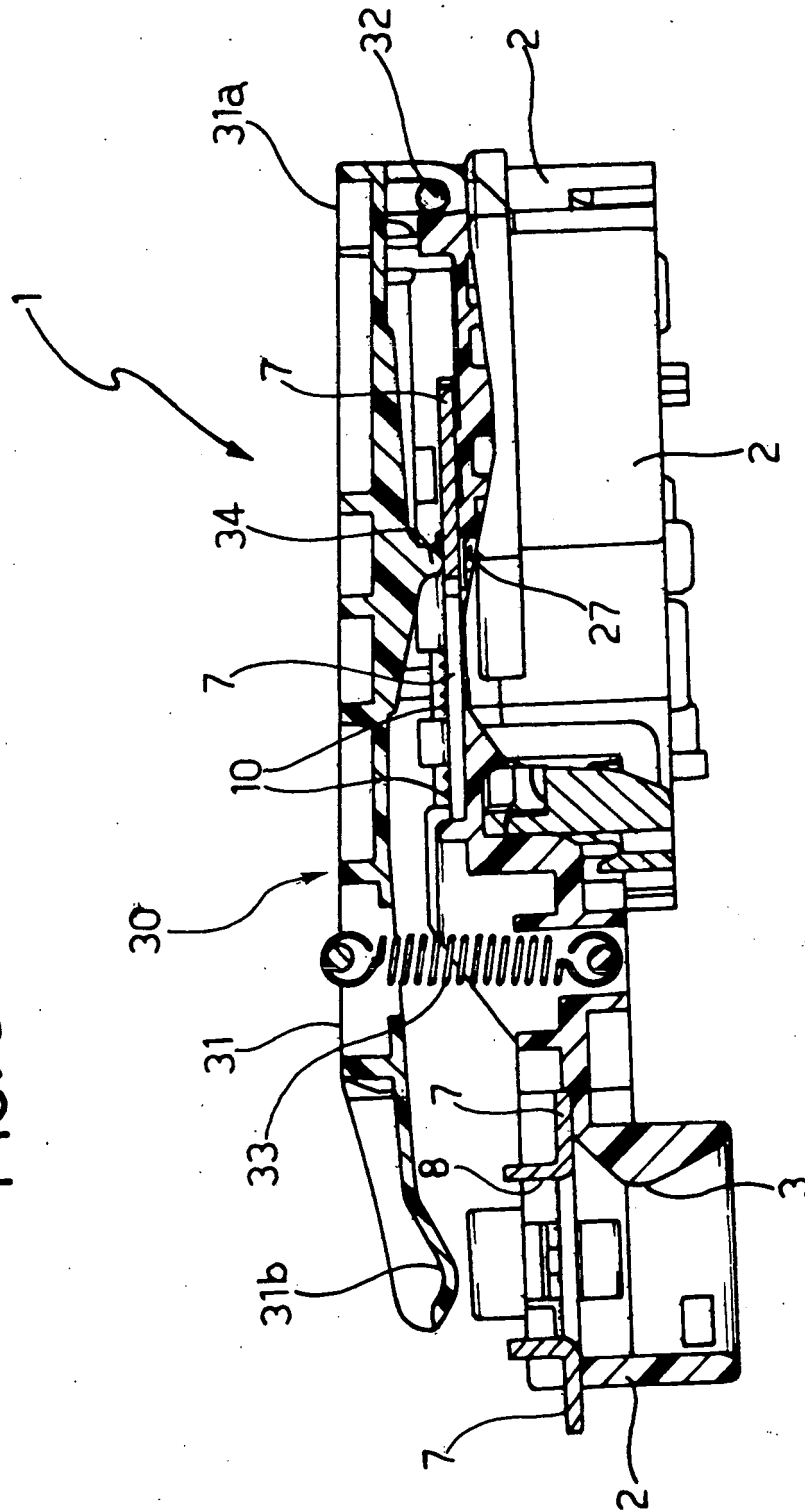
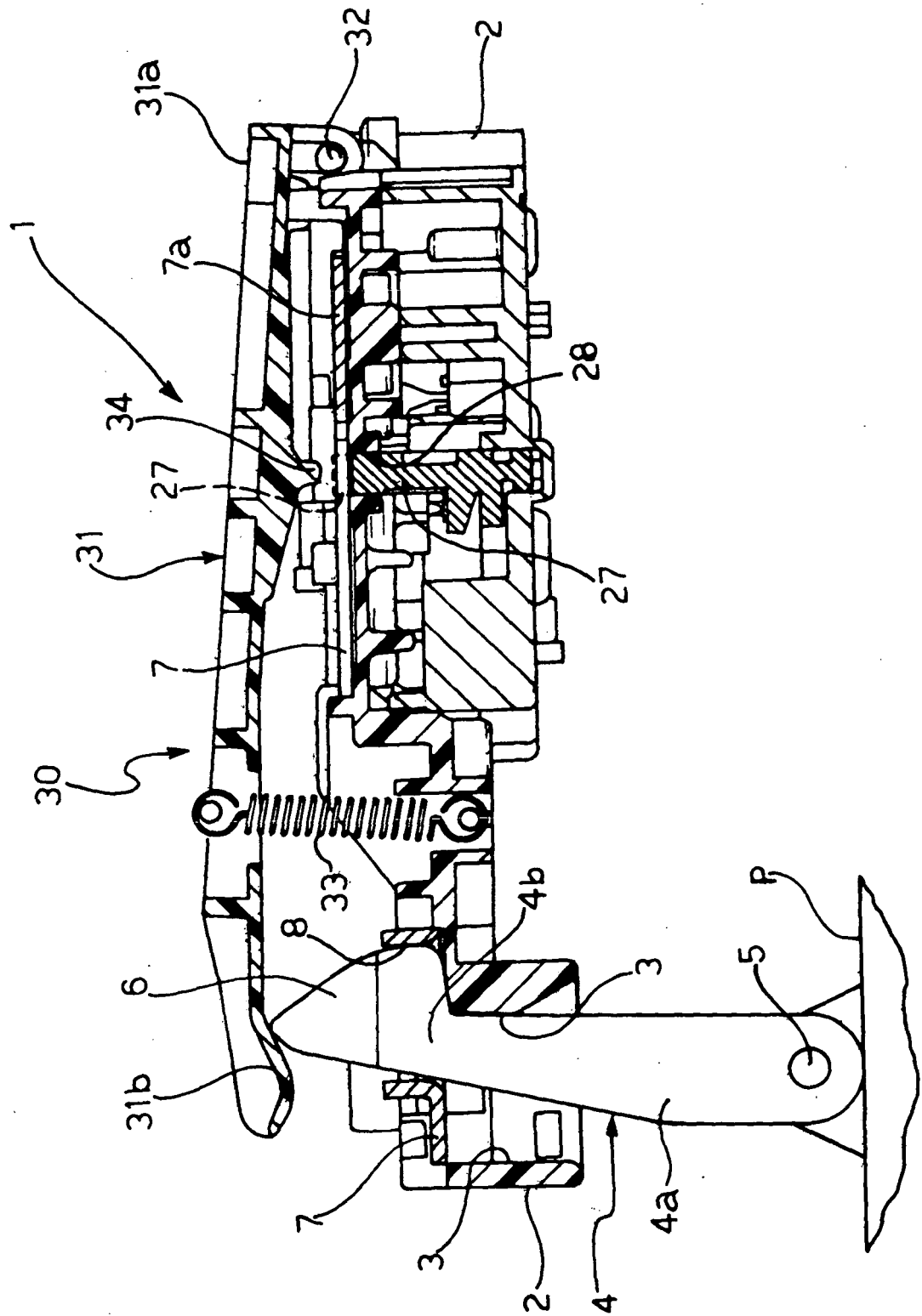
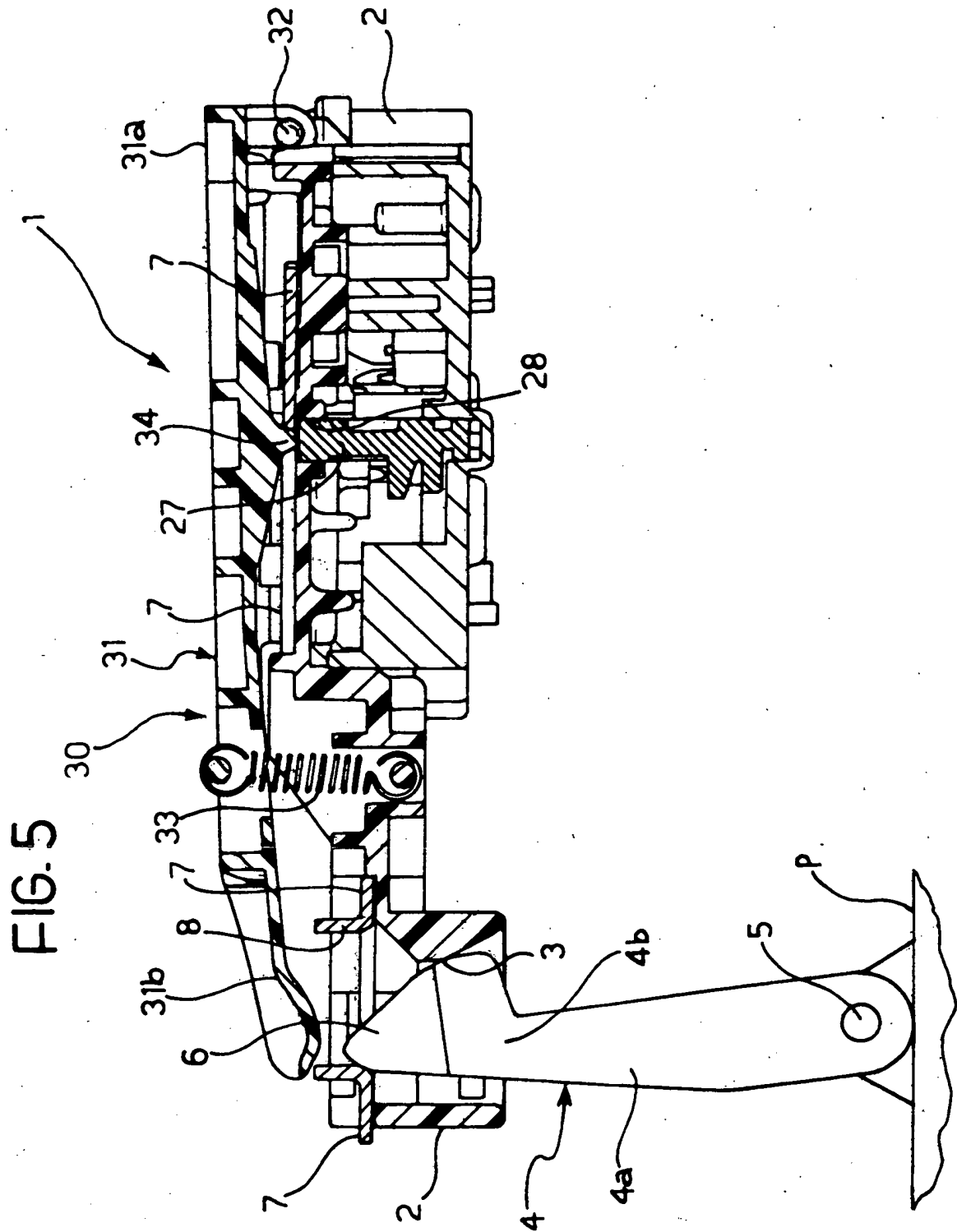


FIG. 4





REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

This list of references cited by the applicant is for the reader's convenience only. It does not form part of the European patent document. Even though great care has been taken in compiling the references, errors or omissions cannot be excluded and the EPO disclaims all liability in this regard.

Patent documents cited in the description

- IT PATENTAPPLICATION [0003]
- IT TO2000A000658 [0003]
- EP 0965677 A [0003]
- GB 2015070 A [0003]