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(54) **Tool for extracting the plug socket in tubular outlets**

Werkzeug zum Herausziehen einer röhrenförmigen Steckdose

Outil pour l'extraction de la base de la prise pour des prises de courant tubulaires

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Description

OBJECT OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a tool which has been especially designed for extracting the plug socket in tubular outlets, especially in those forming part of the electric lighter of automotive vehicles, the evident purpose of which is the disassembly of said sockets for repairing or replacing them.

[0002] The object of the invention is to achieve a reliable tool which ensures the extraction of a plug socket of the type mentioned above virtually instantaneously.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] As is well known, the vast majority of automobiles incorporate in the dashboard or in any other suitable and easy to access area an embedded tubular plug socket, such that only the outline of its opening is visible, this plug socket usually being usable to provide power to the electric lighter of the vehicle, although other devices can be coupled thereto which are provided with a suitable connector, such as for example mobile telephone chargers, navigating devices, flashlights, etc.

[0004] To fix these plug sockets to the dashboard of the vehicle, the wall of the sockets has anchoring windows which house external fastening clamps, as well as retention shapes or windows for retaining the outlet or electric lighter.

[0005] When this type of outlets malfunction, the disassembly of the socket is complicated because it is necessary to withdraw the external fastening clamps, such that the socket is released and can be extracted from the housing in which it is assembled, simultaneously pulling on the plug socket, i.e. acting simultaneously on two groups of elements with two different instruments, which involves a complicated and tedious operation, so much so that on many occasions it is necessary to access the rear part of the dashboard or area in which the plug socket is assembled.

[0006] In trying to solve this problem, the applicant of this patent is the holder of utility model ES 1 061 955 U, which discloses a tool for extracting the socket of tubular outlets, carried out in a type of a "plug-in" sleeve in the tubular base, extending through one of its ends into a hand grip and incorporating at its other end a series of independent axial pins, some of which are intended to enter the retention windows or shapes for retaining the socket, and others in the anchoring windows thereof, such that when the tool is introduced in the plug socket, and when the tool reaches its limit position, the pins thereof act on the fastening clamps, moving them out of the windows and causing the socket to be released, while at the same time other pins are coupled to the retention shapes and allows extracting the plug socket by means of pulling on the tool.

[0007] This solution, which is perfectly valid from the theoretical point of view, in practice has functional problems derived from the fact that many times said pins are not able to remain stable by themselves in their working position, such that sometimes the fastening clamps are not completely out of the windows, whereby the effective release situation of the plug socket does not occur, and other times the pins that have to act on the retention shapes are not duly inserted in such shapes and, when pulling on the tool, slide with respect to the plug socket without causing the extraction thereof.

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0008] The tool proposed by the invention resolves in a fully satisfactory manner the drawbacks described above, ensuring full operative effectiveness for such tool.

[0009] To that end, more specifically and based on a basic structure similar to that of the aforementioned utility model, the tool of the invention focuses its features on the fact that within the mentioned sleeve, the device carrying the pins for unlocking and dragging the plug socket incorporates a cylindrical cam integral with the handle of the tool, but it is able to rotate a certain angle in relation to the sleeve carrying the mentioned pins. More specifically, said cam is inoperative in relation to the pins when introducing the tool inside the plug socket, whereas a subsequent rotation provided to the handle, once the pins are located in their housings in the plug socket, causes said pins to be supported on the cam, whereby the radial retraction thereof is absolutely impossible, and therefore the accidental decoupling of the tool and the plug socket is also impossible until the complete extraction of latter occurs, at which time rotating the cam in the opposite direction allows the decoupling.

[0010] According to another feature of the invention this relative rotation movement between the sleeve and the cam is carried out as a result of the existence at the closed bottom of said sleeve, the end opposite to its pins, of a central hole traversed by a shaft relating the cam with the handle, as well as the existence of a second eccentric, slit-shaped hole with the curve corresponding to its spacing from said shaft, being incorporated therein a pivot which functions as a stop for the angular movement on the slit-shaped hole or guide, allowing a rotational angle of preferably 90°.

[0011] The invention therefore provides a tool which allows carrying out in an easy, fast and safe manner the disassembly or extraction of the plug socket in tubular-shaped outlets of the type described.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0012] To complement the description which is being made and for the purpose of aiding to better understand the features of the invention according to a preferred practical embodiment thereof, a set of drawings is attached as an integral part of said description which with an illustrative and non-limiting manner shows the follow-

ing:

Figure 1 shows a perspective view of a tool for extracting plug sockets in tubular outlets, carried out according to the object of the present invention.

Figure 2 shows another perspective view of the same tool from a perspective opposite to that of the previous figure, but the handle of the tool has been eliminated in order to more clearly show its structure.

Figure 3 shows a partial perspective view of a plug socket for tubular outlets, showing the tool of the previous figures, also partially, coupled thereto.

Figure 4 shows another perspective view of the assembly shown in the previous figure, from a perspective opposite to that of said figure and fully showing both the tool and the plug socket.

Figure 5 shows a side elevational and longitudinal and diametric section view of the assembly shown in the previous figure.

Figure 6 shows an axial view of the tool from its end opposite to its handle.

Figures 7 and 8 show respective schematic longitudinal section views of the plug socket with the extraction tool introduced therein, according to section lines A-A and B-B of Figure 3, respectively.

PREFERRED EMBODIMENT OF THE INVENTION

[0013] In view of the described figures and especially Figures 3 and 4, it can be seen how the tool proposed by the invention is applied to plug sockets (1) assembled on the dashboard (2) of the vehicle or on any other suitable area thereof, said socket (1) being provided on its wall with anchoring windows (3), generally two in number, located in diametrically opposing positions, and two other retention windows or shapes (4), also located in diametrically opposing positions and shifted 90° in relation to the aforementioned windows, for the lighter or outlet in question.

[0014] The tool consists of an assembly of pins (5) and (6), located according to equiangularly distributed generating lines of an imaginary cylinder, which pins are connected at one of their ends and as one piece to a common considerably disc-shaped core (7), and at their other end ending in tabs (8) and (9), respectively, intended for acting respectively on the shapes (3) and (4) the plug socket.

[0015] The one-piece assembly formed by the pins (5) and (6) is fixed at its end opposite to the tabs (8) and (9) to a handle (10), being axially integral therewith, functioning in an inner space defined by the pins (5) and (6) a cylindrical cam (11) which the invention is essentially based on, which cam, as can be especially seen in Figure 6, is able to act on the pins (5) and (6) by means of its angular or rotational movement, and accordingly project outwardly and firmly stabilize the tabs (8) and (9) in a locking position on the anchoring windows (3) and the retention windows or shapes (4) of the plug socket, ensuring the unlocking of the external fastening clamps (12), as shown in Figure 7, and the locking of the tabs (9) in the retention shapes (4), as shown in turn in Figure 8.

[0016] To actuate the cam (11), said cam is integral with the handle (10) through a central shaft (13), as can be seen especially in Figure 5, this cam (11) and handle (10) assembly being able to rotate in relation to the sleeve (7-5-6) with limited movement, specifically limited by a lug (14) projecting from the inner base of the cam (2) or, as in the embodiment shown in Figure 5, from the corresponding base of the handle (10), and functioning in a groove (15) in the base (7) of the sleeve (5-6).

[0017] Therefore, as can be seen especially in Figure 6, when the tabs (8) and (9) have reached the windows (3) and (4) of the tubular plug socket, a 90° rotation of the cam (11), limited by the guide defined by the groove or slit (15) and the lug (14) functioning therein, causes a wedging of said tabs in the working position, making the functional failure of the tool absolutely impossible because both the retraction of the retention clamps (12) of the dashboard fixing the plug socket (1) and the locking of said plug socket to the tool for the extraction thereof is secured.

[0018] Figure 7 shows how, after introducing the tool in the tubular plug socket, given a possible ineffectiveness of the tabs (8), such that the external clamps (12) maintain a locking situation on the rear edge (14) of the windows (3), the radial pressure of the cam (11) on the pins (5) when the handle (10) is rotated would force said external clamps (12) to move until the windows (3) are completely freed, and in a similar manner, as can in turn be inferred from Figure 8, due to a possible tendency of the tabs (9) of the tool to decouple from the shapes (4) of the tubular plug socket due to the radial retraction of the pins (6), this retraction would be impossible due to the support of the cylindrical cam (11) on said pins (6).

Claims

1. A tool for extracting the plug socket (1) in tubular outlets, especially in outlets forming part of electric lighters in automotive vehicles, having in their wall anchoring windows (3) receiving external fastening clamps (12), and retention windows (4) or shapes in the socket (1), said tool comprising a handle (10) and a sleeve closed at one of its ends, the cylindrical surface of the sleeve is formed by two pairs of pins (5-6) ending in equiangularly distributed tabs (8-9), a first pair (5) intended to be coupled in the anchoring windows (3) of the outlet and to act on the external fastening clamps (12) for unlocking the socket (1), and the other one of the pairs (6) intended to act on the retention windows (4) or shapes for dragging and extracting said socket (1), **characterized in that** said tool further comprises inside said sleeve a cylindrical cam (11) actuated from the handle (10) of the tool, said cylindrical cam (11) allows, according

to its angular position, retracting the pins (5-6) from the sleeve during the operation of introducing the tool into the plug socket (1), and causing the radial propulsion of said pins (5-6) when it is rotated and supported thereon, securing and locking them in the operative position for extraction of the socket (1).

2. A tool for extracting the plug socket in tubular outlets according to claim 1, **characterized in that** the mentioned cam (11) is axially fixed to the handle (10) of the tool with the aid of a shaft (13) centrally traversing the closed base of the sleeve, which base in turn incorporates an arched slit or groove (15) having a concentric trajectory with the mentioned shaft (13) and in the which a pivot (14) functions, said pivot (14) projecting from the cam (11) or from the handle (10) indistinctly, such that said pivot (14) limits the angular movement of the cam (11) and establishes the two extreme operative and inoperative situations thereof.

Patentansprüche

1. Werkzeug zum Herauslösen der Steckerbuchse (1) in röhrenförmigen Steckdosen, besonders in Steckdosen, die ein Teil von elektrischen Anzündern in Kraftfahrzeugen bilden, die in ihrer Wand Verankerungsfenster (3), welche äußere Befestigungsklammern (12) aufnehmen, und Haltefenster (4) oder Formen in der Buchse (1) aufweisen, das Werkzeug umfassend einen Griff (10) und eine Hülse, die an einem ihrer Enden geschlossen ist, wobei die zylindrische Oberfläche der Hülse durch zwei Paare von Stiften (5-6) ausgebildet ist, die in gleichwinklig verteilten Zungen (8-9) enden, wobei ein erstes Paar (5) zum Kuppeln in die Verankerungsfenster (3) der Steckdose und zum Einwirken auf die äußeren Befestigungsklammern (12) zum Entsperren der Buchse (1) bestimmt ist und das andere der Paare (6) zum Einwirken auf die Haltefenster (4) oder Formen zum Ziehen und Herauslösen der Buchse (1) bestimmt ist, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** das Werkzeug ferner innerhalb der Hülse einen zylindrischen Ansatz (11) umfasst, der vom Griff (10) des Werkzeugs aus betätigt ist, wobei der zylindrische Ansatz (11) entsprechend seiner Winkelposition das Einziehen der Stifte (5-6) aus der Hülse während des Einführungsvorgangs des Werkzeugs in die Stekkerbuchse (1) ermöglicht und den radialen Vortrieb der Stifte (5-6) bewirkt, wenn er gedreht und darauf gestützt ist, und sie in der Betriebsposition zum Herauslösen der Buchse (1) sichert und sperrt.

2. Werkzeug zum Herauslösen der Steckerbuchse in röhrenförmigen Steckdosen nach Anspruch 1, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der genannte Ansatz (11) axial an dem Griff (10) des Werkzeugs mithilfe eines Schafts (13) befestigt ist, der die geschlossene Basis der Hülse mittig quer durchläuft, wobei die Basis ihrerseits einen bogenförmigen Schlitz oder eine bogenförmige Nut (15) mit einem mit dem genannten Schaft (13) konzentrischen Verlauf eingliedert und in welchem/welcher ein Drehzapfen (14) arbeitet, wobei der Drehzapfen (14) unbestimmt von dem Ansatz (11) oder dem Griff (10) vorsteht, sodass der Drehzapfen (14) die Winkelbewegung des Ansatzes (11) begrenzt und die zwei extremen betriebsfähigen und nicht betriebsfähigen Lagen davon festliegt.

Revendications

1. Un outil pour retirer la fiche de connexion (1) des prises tubulaires, en particulier des prises des allume-cigares électriques dans les véhicules automobiles, ayant sur leur paroi des fenêtres d'ancrage (3) recevant des pinces de fixation externes (12), et des fenêtres de retenue . (4) ou des formes dans la fiche de connexion (1), cet outil comprenant un manche (10) et un manchon fermé à l'une de ses extrémités ; la surface cylindrique du manchon est formée de deux paires de broches (5-6) finissant en languettes réparties de manière équiangulaire (8-9), une première paire (5) conçue pour être assemblée dans les fenêtres d'ancrage (3) de la prise et pour agir sur les pinces de fixation externes (12) pour déverrouiller la fiche de connexion (1), et l'autre paire (6) conçue pour agir sur la fenêtre de retenue (4) ou les formes pour entraîner et retirer cette fiche de connexion (1), **caractérisé en ce que** cet outil comprend également à l'intérieur du manchon cité une came cylindrique (11) actionnée à partir du manche (10) de l'outil ; cette came cylindrique (11) permet, selon sa position angulaire, d'extraire les broches (5-6) du manchon durant l'opération d'introduction de l'outil dans la fiche, de connexion (1) et de produire la propulsion radiale de ces broches (5-6) quand elle tournée et supportée sur ces dernières, en les fixant et en les verrouillant dans la position opérationnelle pour le retrait de la fiche de connexion (1).

2. Un outil pour retirer la fiche de connexion des prises tubulaires selon la revendication 1, **caractérisé en ce que** la came citée (11) est axialement fixée au manche (10) de l'outil à l'aide d'une tige (13) traversant centralement la base fermée du manchon, dont la base incorpore à son tour une fente ou une rainure incurvée (15) suivant une trajectoire concentrique avec la tige mentionnée (13) et dans laquelle un pivot (14) fonctionne, ce pivot (14) se projetant en saillie de la came (11) ou du manche (10) indistinctement, de sorte que ce pivot (14) limite le mouvement angulaire de la came (11) et établit les deux situations extrêmes, opérationnelles et non opérationnelles.

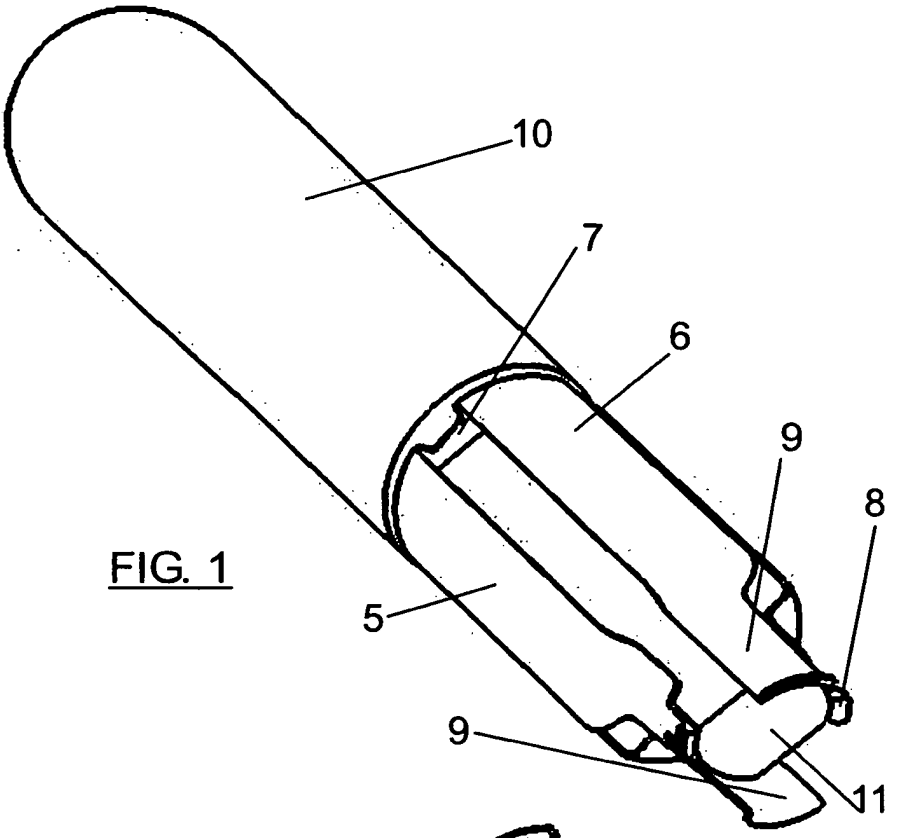


FIG. 1

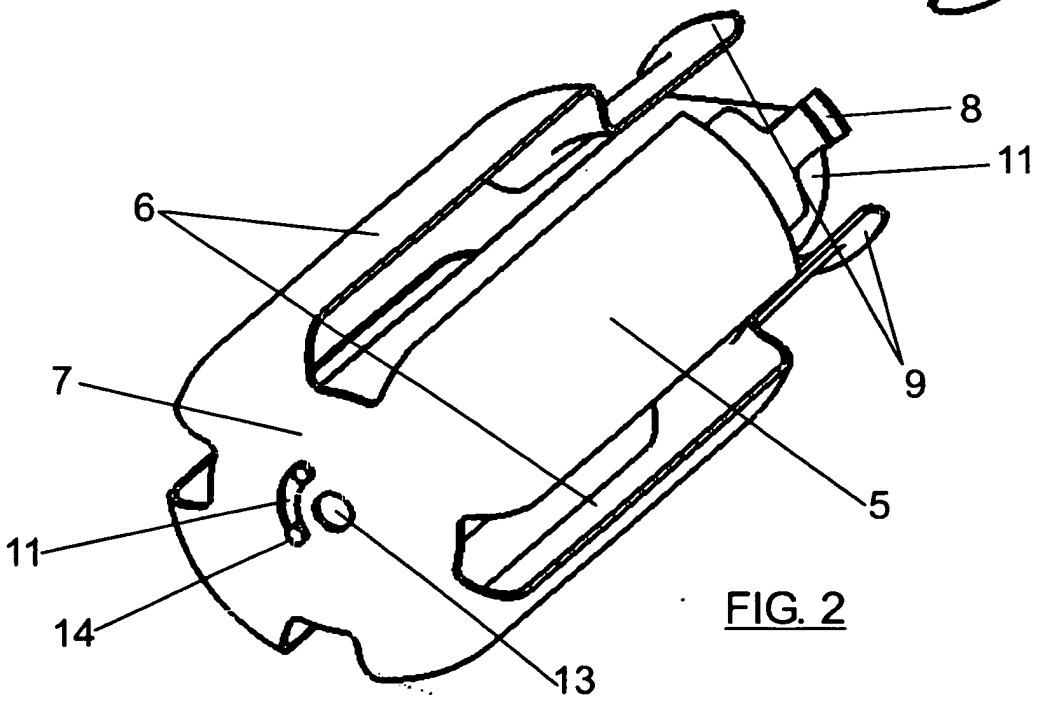


FIG. 2

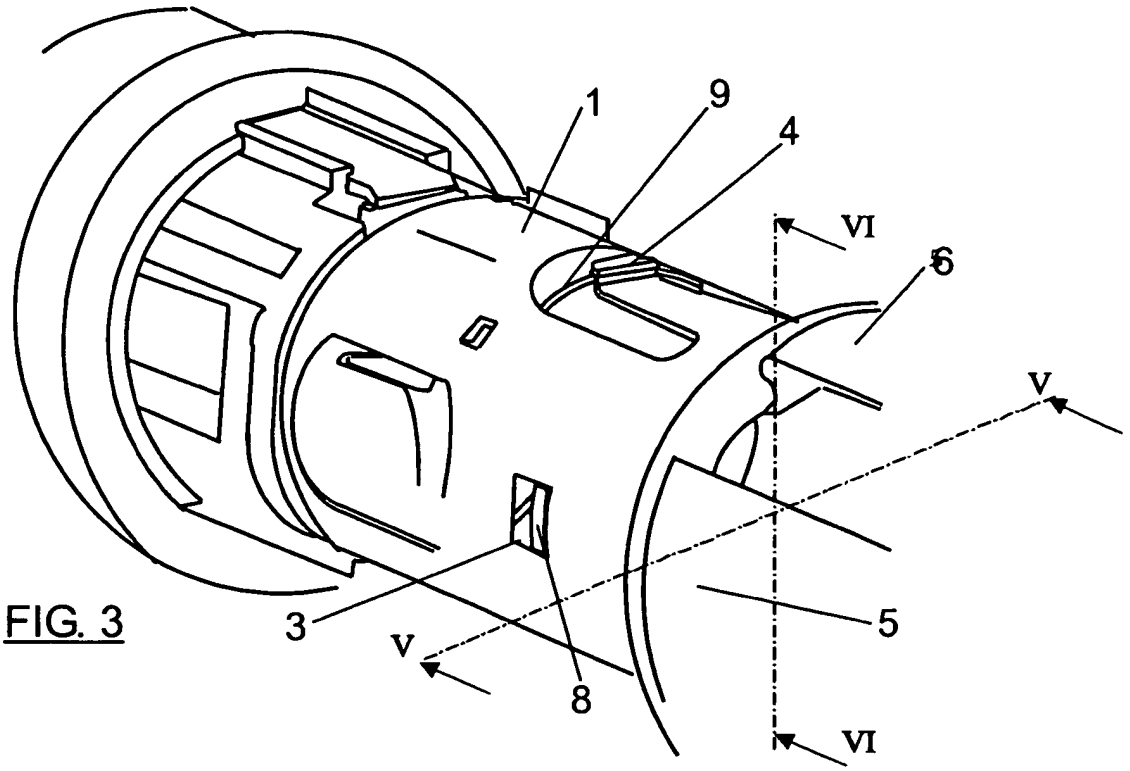


FIG. 3

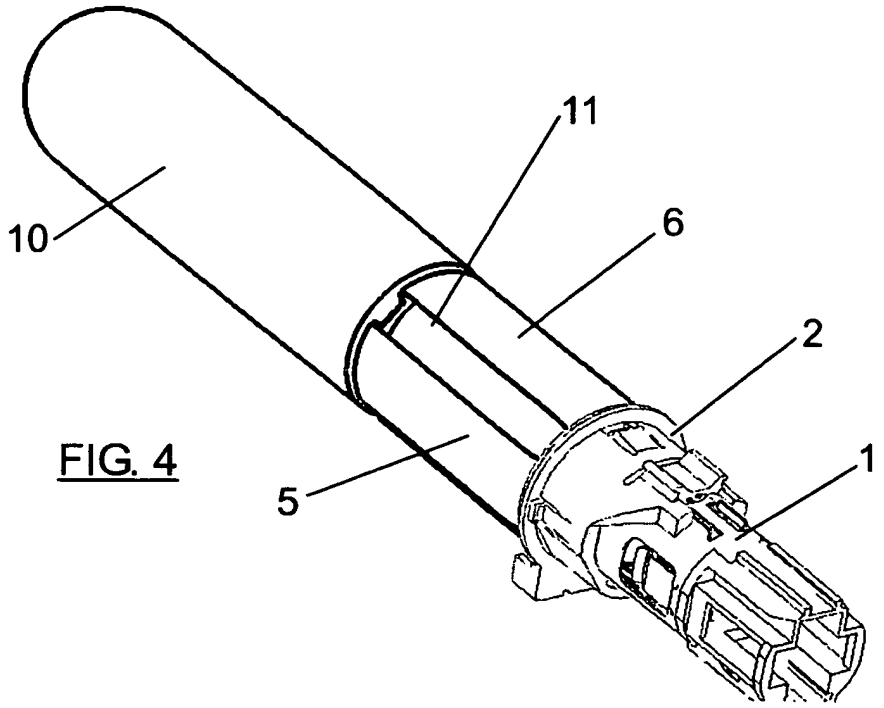


FIG. 4

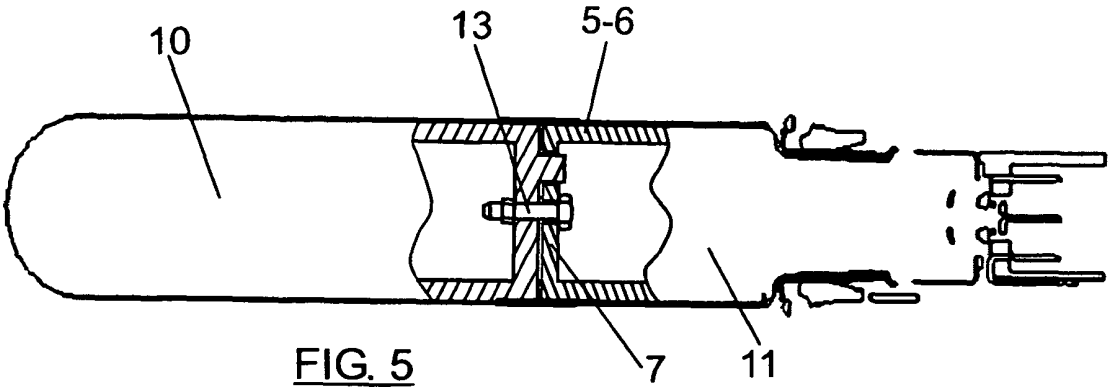


FIG. 5

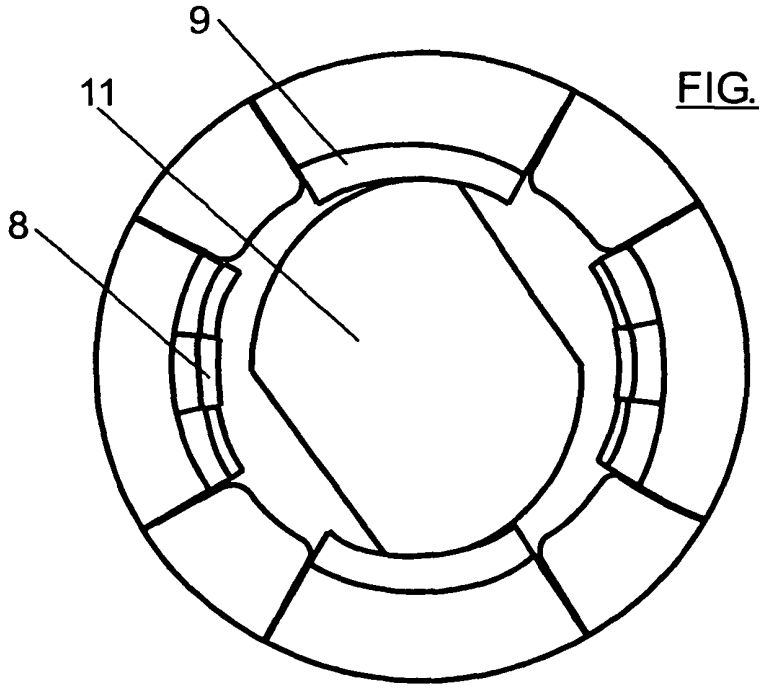


FIG. 6

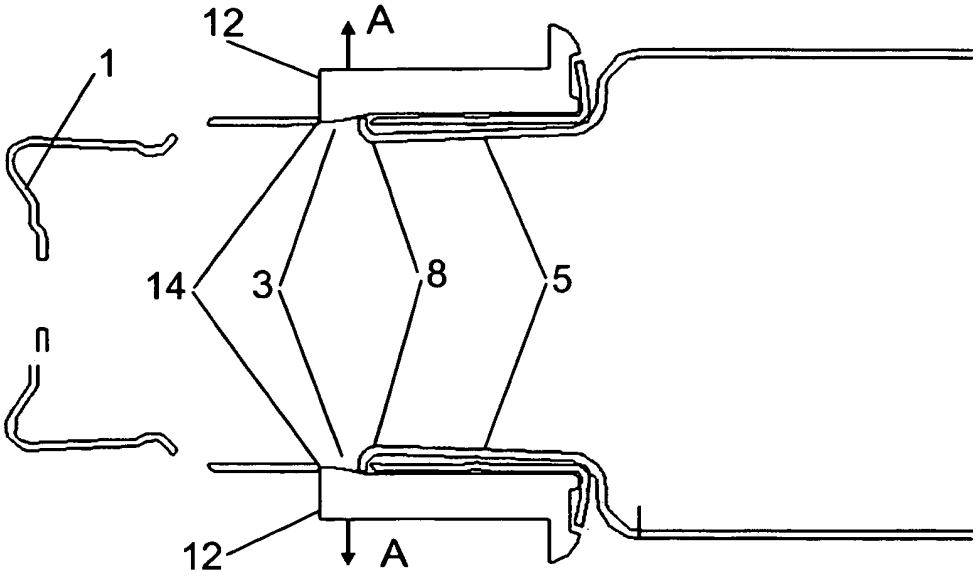
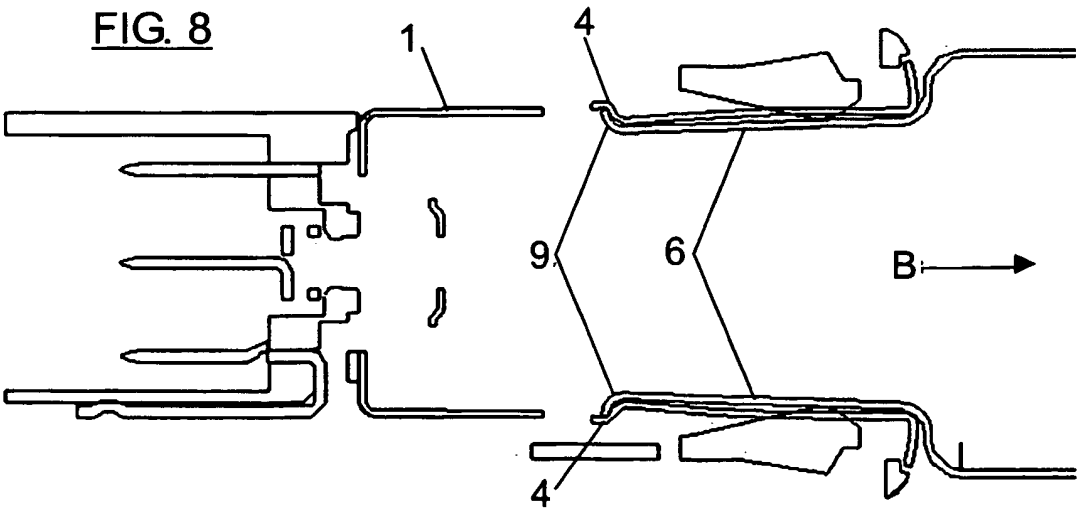


FIG. 7

FIG. 8



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