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(54) Rolling machine with a machined-workpiece unloading device

(57) A rolling machine (1) comprises parallel guides (2) delimiting a workpiece conveying channel (C) extending from a plurality of per se known rolling tools to a machined workpiece unloading arrangement (8), wherein, upstream of the workpiece unloading arrangement (8), one of the channel (C) delimiting guides (2) is operatively

coupled to a structural element (16) swingably supported by a pivot pin, the structural element (16) being integral with the piston rod of a cylinder-piston unit (7) slidably driving the structural element (16) together with the channel delimiting guide (2), thereby providing a side unloading opening (15) for the workpiece.

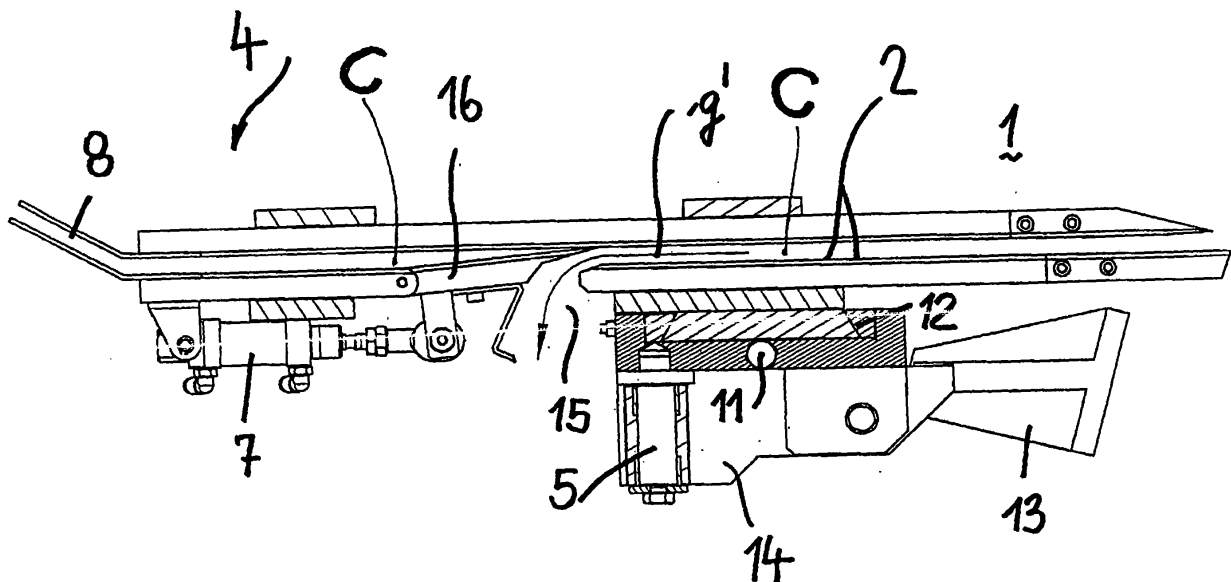


Fig. 5

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Description

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a rolling machine including a machined-workpiece unloading device.

[0002] Rolling machines are well known in the prior art and are conventionally used for making, by permanent setting operations, cylindric workpieces, threads, slotted splines, grooves and collars.

[0003] Said prior rolling machines usually comprises a plurality of deforming tools, including a pair of parallel-epipedal elements also called "deforming combs", one of which is mounted at a fixed position in the machine, whereas the other comb is movable and mounted on a slide driven by a connecting rod - crank mechanism.

[0004] In the above prior rolling machines, such as, for example, those made by the Applicant, the workpiece to be rolled is fed between the deforming combs by a feeding device to be deformed by said deforming combs at a deforming comb contact region. Said combs, in particular, have a shape depending on that to be formed on the finished cylindrical workpiece.

[0005] At the end of the working operations performed in prior rolling machines, the machined workpieces are unloaded under a certain kinetic energy and, accordingly, they impact against one another and the walls of the workpiece unloading chute, thereby they are damaged by dents on their rolled surface including, for example, a thread or a groove.

[0006] The above dents, which are nearly invisible to a naked eye, however, are not industrially acceptable since they can cause technical problems, for example as on said dented workpieces are clamped screws with a controlled screw clamping torque, for assembling a car engine.

[0007] Moreover, from said prior rolling machines, both perfectly machined and defective workpieces are unloaded and conveyed to workpiece containers and the defective workpieces must be necessarily separated.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0008] Accordingly, the main object of the invention is to overcome the above mentioned drawbacks of the prior art by providing a workpiece unloading device, in combination with a rolling machine, adapted to prevent the unloaded machined workpieces from being damaged while allowing defective workpieces to be easily and quickly separated from non defective workpieces.

[0009] The above objects are achieved by a rolling machine including parallel guides delimiting a workpiece conveying channel extending from a per se known rolling tools, to a workpiece unloading arrangement, wherein, upstream of said workpiece unloading arrangement, one of said channel delimiting guides is integral with a structural element swingably supported by a pivot pin, and wherein said structural element is integral a piston rod

of a cylinder-piston unit swingably driving said structural element together with a said channel delimiting guide, to provide a side unloading opening for said workpieces.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0010] Further advantages and characteristics of the rolling machine will become more apparent hereinafter from the following disclosure, the dependent claims and the accompanying drawings, where:

Figure 1 is a perspective view showing a rolling machine including a workpiece unloading device according to the present invention;

Figure 2 shows the rolling machine with the workpiece unloading device in an idle position thereof;

Figure 3 shows a detail of the workpiece unloading device in its idle or inactive position allowing to perform adjusting operations thereon;

Figure 4 is a top plan view of the workpiece unloading device;

Figure 5 shows the workpiece unloading device in a condition thereof for unloading defective workpieces; and

Figure 6 is a further top plan view of the workpiece unloading device.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

[0011] As is shown in figure 1, the prior rolling machine 1 comprises a workpiece feeding guide 2 for feeding workpieces to be machined to a machining station, generally indicated by 3, in which station each workpiece is rotatively driven about its longitudinal axis and is further rectilinearly driven in parallel to the slide motion, said workpiece being then machined by deforming combs providing, by a permanent set of the workpiece, threads, toothed profiles, slots, grooves or collars on the circumferential surface of the cylindrical workpiece.

[0012] The above device is well known in the prior art.

[0013] According to the present invention, downstream of the deforming comb region 3, a workpiece unloading device, generally indicated by 4 is provided, which, in figure 1, is arranged in its working position.

[0014] In figure 2, the workpiece unloading device 4 is shown in a turned over position and is approximately arranged in a vertical plane, to perform on elements of said device 4 optional adjusting operations.

[0015] The machined workpiece unloading device 4, as is better shown in figure 3, may be turned over about a pivot pin 5, in the direction indicated by the arrow (f).

[0016] In such a condition, it is possible to perform adjusting and setting operations, in particular by adjusting the parallel guides 2 to which the workpieces are fed in the direction of the arrow (g).

[0017] The machined workpiece unloading device 4 comprises a cylinder-piston unit 7, which will be disclosed in a more detailed manner hereinafter.

[0018] At the end of the parallel guides 2 unloading guides 8 for delicately storing the machined workpieces, for example in a storing container, not herein shown, are provided.

[0019] Thus, by opening the locking levers 9 and operating the knob 10, it is possible to perform a width adjustment, whereas, by operating the screw 11, through prismatic guides 12, it is possible to perform a height adjustment operation.

[0020] The workpiece unloading device, together with the fixed comb holder block, is clamped by a strong supporting clamp element 13 to the construction of the machine 1 by a plurality of clamping screws.

[0021] Figure 4 shows a top plan view of the workpiece unloading device 4. It is possible to note in this figure that the supporting element 13, integral with the construction or casing of the machine 1, comprises an extension 14 supporting the device 4 swinging pivot pin 5.

[0022] The extension 14 further supports a prismatic guide 12 thereby, by controllably operating the adjusting screw 11, it is possible to controllably drive the device 4 in a plane perpendicular to the figure 4 sheet, to fit the device to the length of the rolled workpiece.

[0023] As shown in figure 4, the workpiece, conveyed along the parallel guides 2, slides on said guides 2 in the direction indicated by the arrow (g) to the unloading arrangement 8.

[0024] Moreover, figure 4 also shows that, downstream of the supporting element 14, along the parallel guides 2, a controllable unloading opening 15 is further provided which is closed by a structural element 16 of said guides 2 and being swingably supported by a pivot pin 17, the swinging movement, driven by said structural element 16 being started by said cylinder-piston unit 7.

[0025] Thus, as the structural element 16 is swingably driven (figure 5), the channel C, directed toward the unloading guides 8 and defined between the parallel guides 8 is closed, thereby providing a switching zone 15, for allowing defective pieces to be unloaded, as shown by the arrow (g').

[0026] The switching or separating device 16 is controllably driven by the cylinder-piston unit 7 in turn controlled by an optical control device or any other suitable control device, arranged at said guides 2, for detecting possible fault conditions and/or variations in the force diagram of the rolling mechanisms.

[0027] Advantageously, the parallel guides 2, respectively the channel C, are arranged in a plane inclined from a horizontal line.

said channel (C) delimiting guides (2) is integral with a structural element (16) swingably supported by a pivot pin (17), and wherein said structural element (16) is integral with a piston rod of cylinder-piston unit (7) swingably driving said structural element (16) together with a said channel (C) delimiting guide (2), to provide a side unloading opening (15) for said workpieces.

2. A rolling machine, according to claim 1, **characterized in that** said guides (2), respectively said channel (C) are arranged in a plane inclined with respect to a horizontal line.
3. A rolling machine, according to claim 1, **characterized in that** said workpiece unloading device (4) has a height which may be adjusted by a height adjusting screw (11).
4. A rolling machine, according to claim 1, **characterized in that** guides (2) are arranged at a distance which can be adjusted by operating an adjusting knob (10) and locking levers (9).

Claims

1. A rolling machine (1) including parallel guides (2) delimiting a workpiece conveying channel (C) extending from per se known rolling tools to a workpiece unloading arrangement (8), wherein, upstream of said workpiece unloading arrangement (8) one of

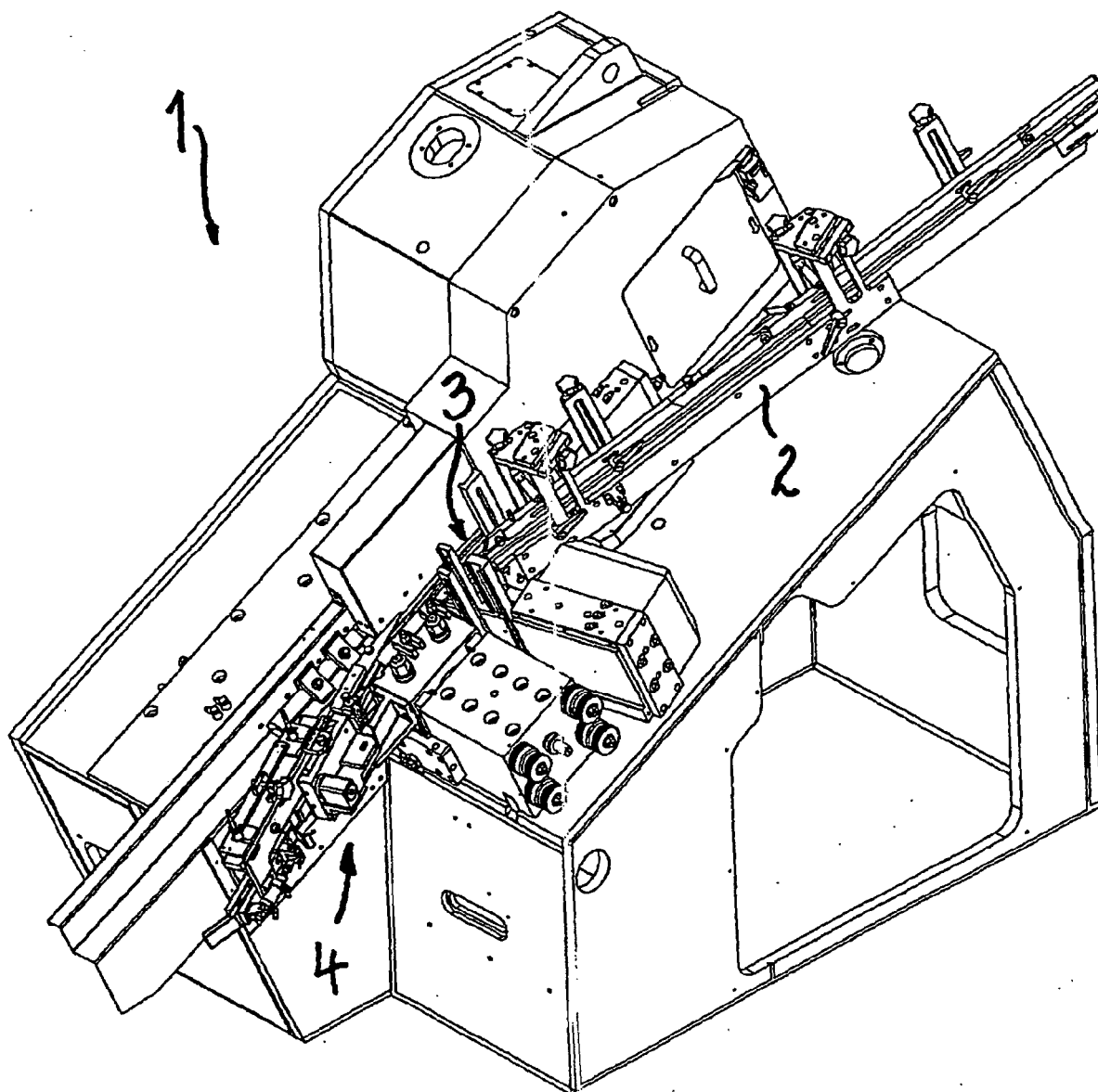


Fig. 1

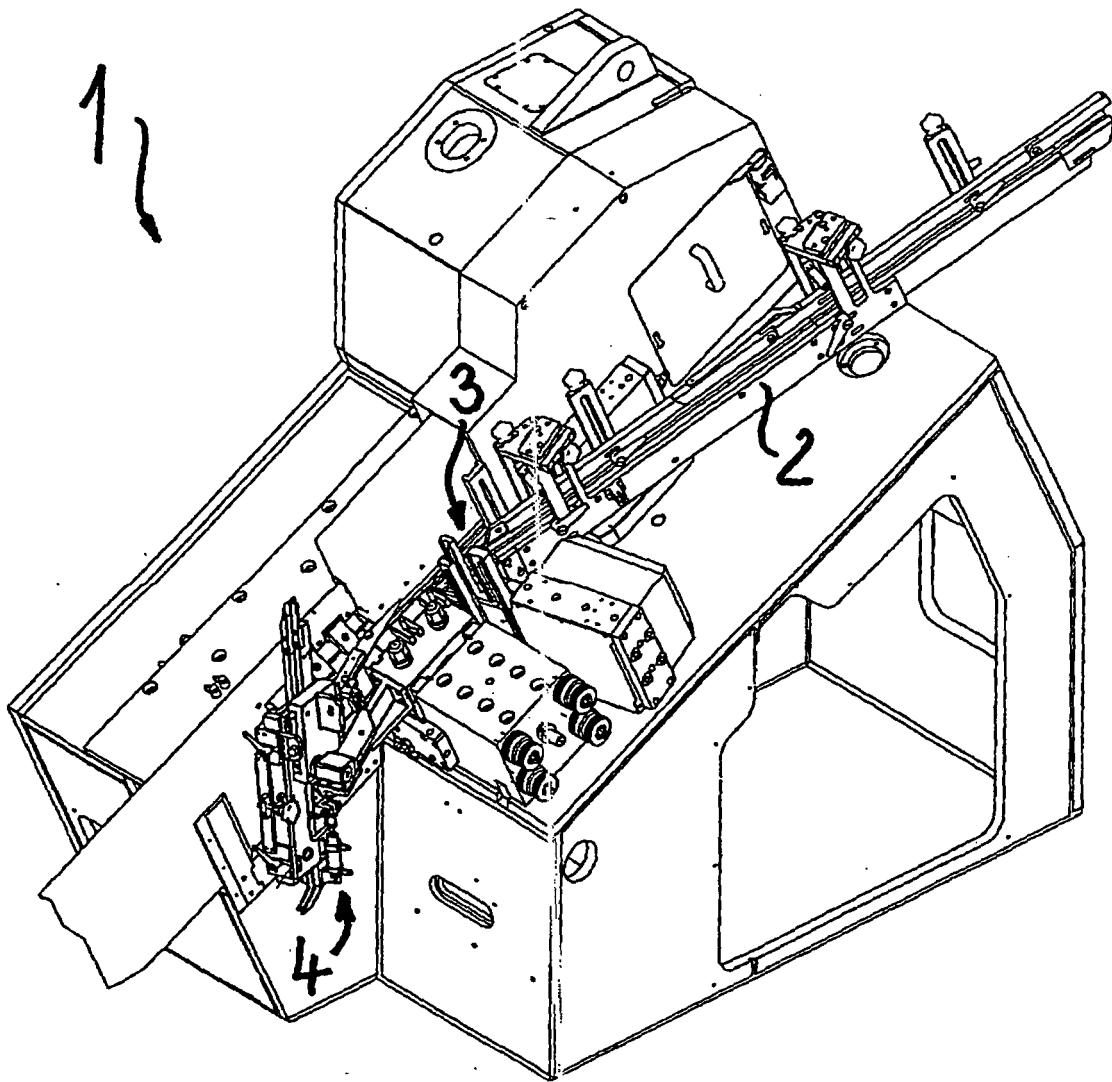


Fig. 2

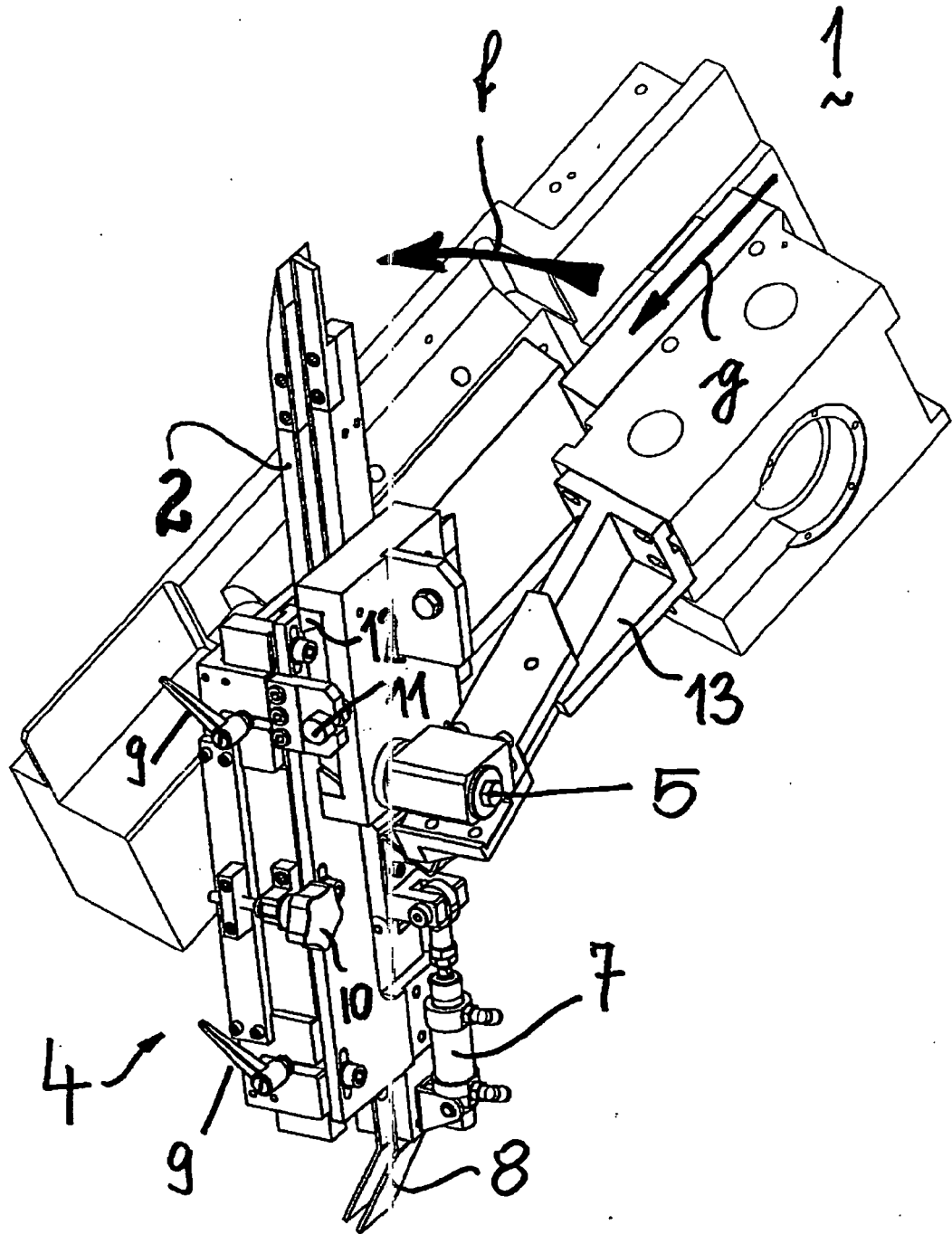


Fig. 3

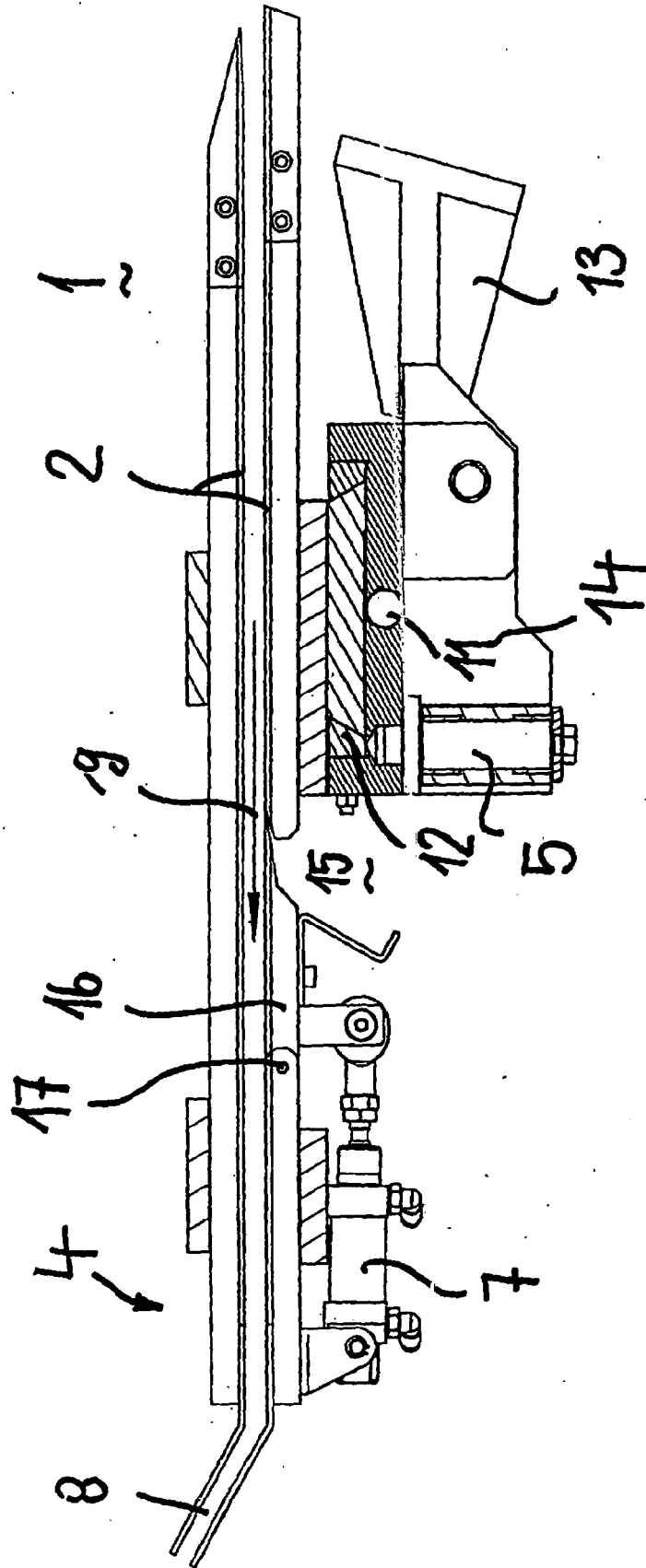


Fig. 4

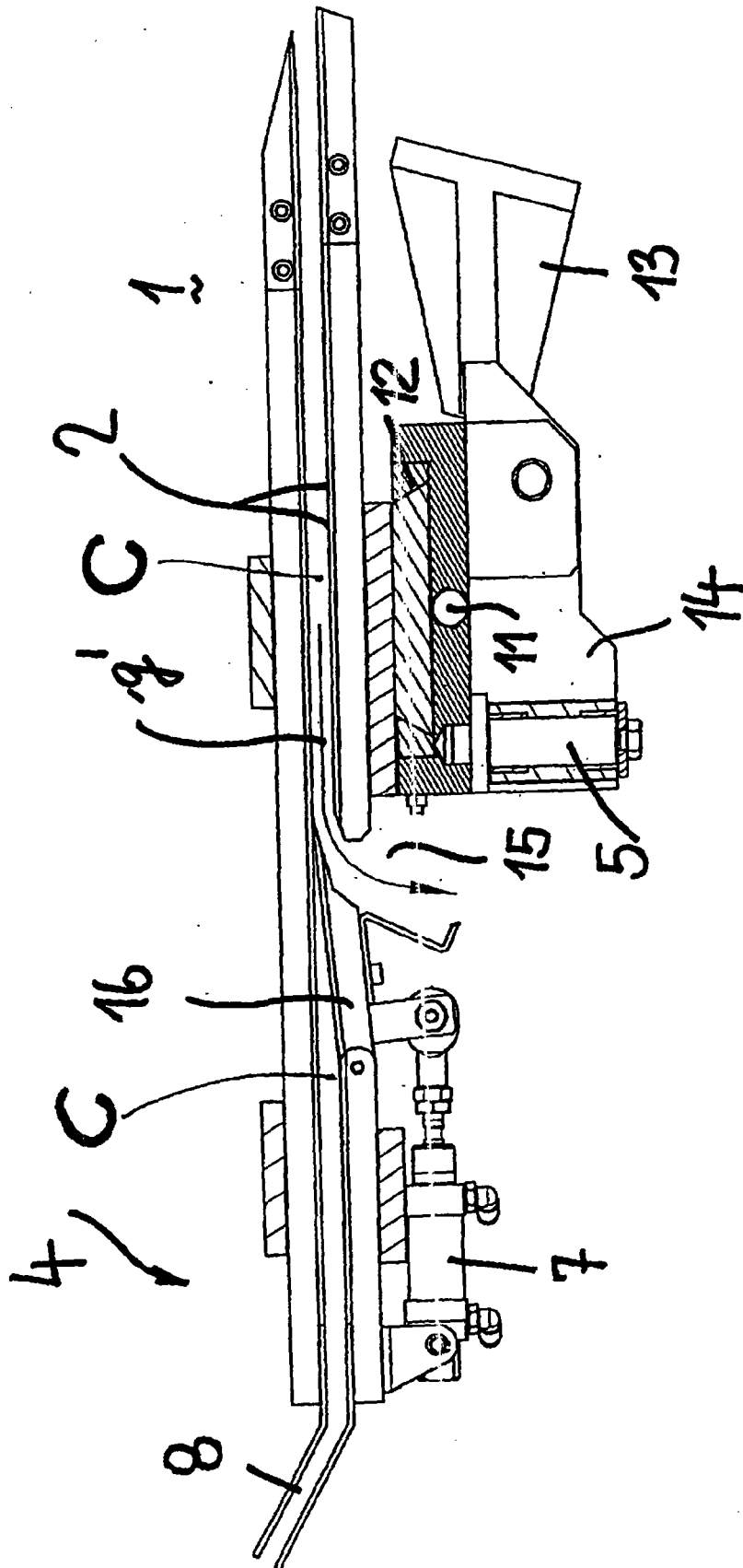


Fig. 5

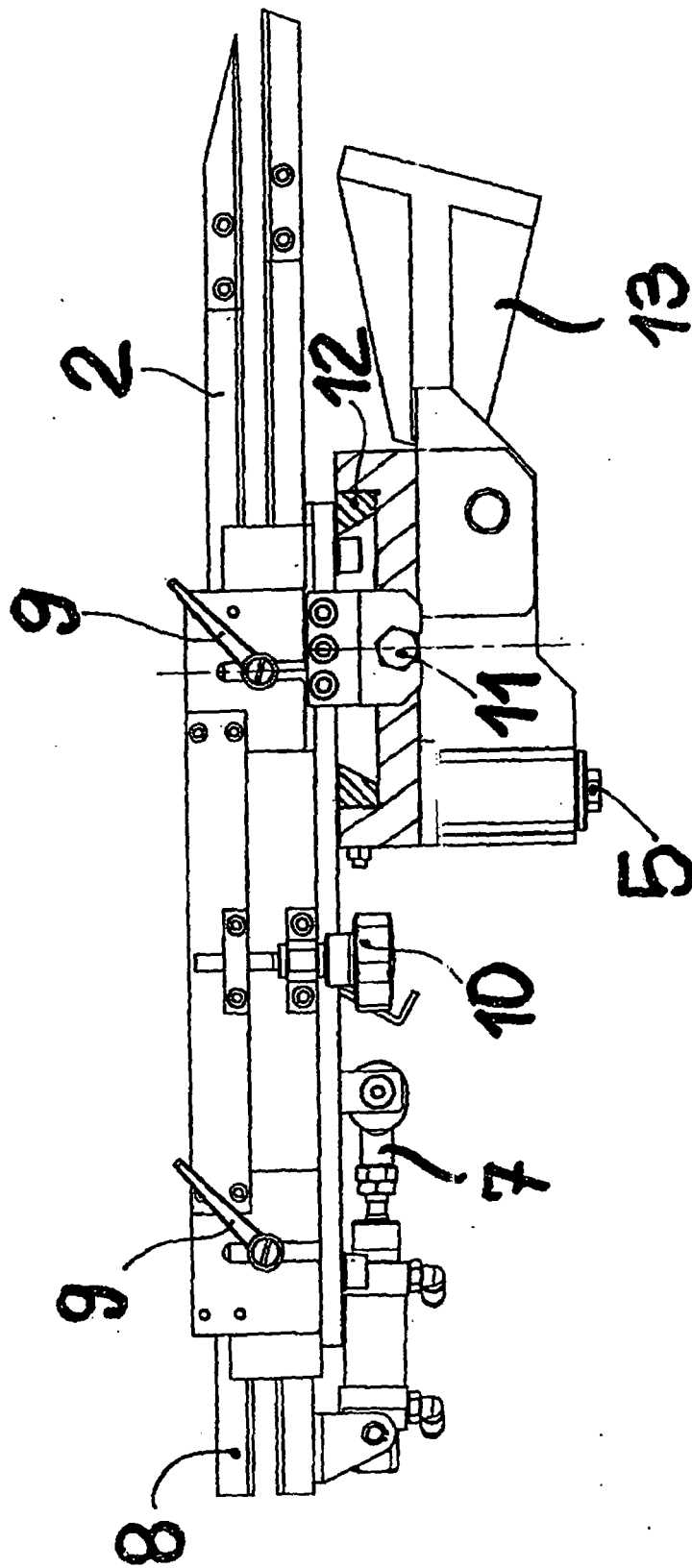


Fig. 6



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 09 00 7983

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The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search Munich		Date of completion of the search 1 October 2009	Examiner Ritter, Florian
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

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EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C01)

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
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This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report.
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