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(54) **Shutter type roll screen**

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Écran rouleau de type volet

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WO-A-2008/023857 GB-A- 2 445 289

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Description

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates generally to roll screens and, more particularly, to a roll screen in which a screen for adjusting the amount of light entering a room can be easily coupled to or separated from a mounting frame fastened to a wall or ceiling of a building.

2. Description of the Related Art

[0002] Generally, blind apparatuses are installed around windows to block light, to adjust the amount of light entering rooms such that the indoor atmosphere can be changed, to prevent an increase of indoor temperature attributable to direct rays of sunlight in a hot season, such as the summer, or to block the view of the room from the outside such that the private life of users can be preserved.

[0003] Such blind apparatuses are classified into various kinds including a Venetian blind, a roll screen, a roll fabric, etc. according to a shape, function or operating method.

[0004] From among the blind apparatuses, a roll screen is a kind of blind apparatus which has recently gained in popularity.

As shown in FIG. 1, the roll screen includes a mounting frame 1 which is fastened to a wall or ceiling of a building, and a winding roll 2, around which a screen 3 is wound, and which is supported by a drive cap and a driven cap which are mounted to both ends of the mounting frame 1. The screen 3 is unrolled from or wound around the winding roll 2 by rotating the drive cap. The roll screen further includes a weight rod 4 which maintains the screen 3 tense when the screen 3 is unrolled.

Furthermore, a screen coupling part 1a is integrally provided at a predetermined position on the mounting frame 1. A first end of the screen 3 is connected to the winding roll 2, and a second end thereof is connected to the screen coupling part 1a.

However, in the conventional art, the screen coupling part is integrally provided on the mounting frame. Hence, when installing the screen on the mounting frame or separating it therefrom, the winding roll must be separated from the mounting frame.

The invention disclosed in WO 2008/023857 A1 relates to a roll type blind mounted in a window for preventing light from being introduced from the outside or leaking from the inside of a room. For adjusting height and brightness an inner blind material and an outer blind material of the thick blind material hang down in a tensed state by a pre-weight element to keep an equal width therebetween.

GB 2 445 289 relates to a covering, and more particularly, to a roller shade mounted on a window to provide a shading effect.

There is provided a roller shade, comprising two support brackets spaced from each other, a roller rotatably mounted between the two support brackets, as shade cloth having a first end mounted on the roller to rotate with the roller, a fixing rod mounted on a second end of the shade cloth to move with the shade cloth, two flexible clamping pieces each mounted on a respective support bracket and each detachably clamping the fixing rod to position the fixing rod on the two support brackets temporarily, and a weight unit slidably mounted on the shade cloth and movable to abut the fixing rod.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] Accordingly, the present invention has been made keeping in mind the above problems occurring in the prior art, and an object of the present invention is to provide a roll screen in which a screen coupling part to which one end of a screen is connected is removably coupled to a mounting frame fastened to a wall or ceiling of a building, so that the screen can be easily installed on or separated from the mounting frame even without separating a winding roll holding the other end of the screen from the mounting frame.

[0006] In order to accomplish the above object, the present invention provides a roll screen, including: a mounting frame fastened to a wall or ceiling of a building; a drive cap provided on a first end of the mounting frame, the drive cap having a ball chain to rotate a winding roll, around which a first end of a screen is wound; and a driven cap provided on a second end of the mounting frame, wherein a second end of the screen is connected to the mounting frame such that the screen is unrolled into a double-layered shape. The mounting frame has a coupling part on a front or rear surface thereof, and a screen holding frame is removably coupled to the coupling part. The coupling part includes: a horizontal coupling surface extending from the front or rear surface of the mounting frame in a horizontal direction; and a vertical coupling surface extending upwards from an edge of the horizontal coupling surface in a vertical direction. The screen holding frame includes: an insert part inserted at a first edge thereof into the coupling part; a contact support part extending downwards from a second edge of the insert part in a vertical direction; a seating part extending from a lower edge of the contact support part in a horizontal direction; a vertical part extending upwards from an edge of the seating part in a vertical direction, the vertical part being parallel with the contact support part; an inclined part bent at a predetermined angle from an upper edge of the vertical part towards an upper edge of the contact support part, with an insert slot defined between the contact support part and the inclined part, so that a planar member holding a second end of the screen is inserted into the screen holding frame through the insert slot and is seated onto the seating part.

[0007] Preferably, an upper edge of the vertical coupling surface may be thicker than other portions thereof

and the first edge of the insert part may be thicker than other portions thereof, so that the insert part is inserted into the coupling part by a force-fitting method.

[0008] Furthermore, the mounting frame may have a mounting part on an upper end of a front or rear surface thereof, and a screen holding frame may be connected to the mounting part. The screen holding frame may be fastened to the mounting frame by an elastic clip. The screen holding frame may include: a holding part coupled to the mounting part of the mounting frame; a contact support part vertically extending downwards from the edge of the holding part, the contact support part being compressed towards the mounting frame by the elastic clip; seating parts respectively extending from the upper portion and the lower edge of the contact support part in the horizontal direction; and locking parts respectively extending from the edges of the seating parts in the vertical directions, such that the edges of the locking parts are spaced apart from each other by a predetermined distance to form an insert slot, so that the planar member holding the second end of the screen is disposed between the seating parts.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0009] The above and other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will be more clearly understood from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is a sectional view of a roll screen according to a conventional art;

FIG. 2 is a perspective view illustrating a roll screen, according to a first embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 3 is a sectional view illustrating the roll screen of FIG. 2;

FIG. 4 is a perspective view illustrating a mounting frame and a screen holding frame of the roll screen of FIG. 2;

FIG. 5 is a sectional view of the mounting frame and the screen holding frame of FIG. 4;

FIG. 6 is a perspective view illustrating a roll screen, according to a second embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 7 is a sectional view illustrating the roll screen of FIG. 6;

FIG. 8 is a perspective view illustrating a mounting frame and a screen holding frame of the roll screen of FIG. 6;

FIG. 9 is a sectional view of the mounting frame and the screen holding frame of FIG. 8;

FIG. 10 is a perspective view illustrating a roll screen, according to a third embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 11 is a sectional view illustrating the roll screen of FIG. 10;

FIG. 12 is a perspective view illustrating a mounting frame and a screen holding frame of the roll screen of FIG. 10; and

FIG. 13 is a sectional view of the mounting frame and the screen holding frame of FIG. 12.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0010] Hereinafter, preferred embodiments of a roll screen according to the present invention will be described in detail with reference to the attached drawings.

[0011] FIG. 2 is a perspective view illustrating a roll screen, according to a first embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 3 is a sectional view illustrating the roll screen of FIG. 2. FIG. 4 is a perspective view illustrating a mounting frame 10 and a screen holding frame 60 of the roll screen of FIG. 2. FIG. 5 is a sectional view of the mounting frame 10 and the screen holding frame 60 of FIG. 4.

[0012] Referring to FIGS. 2 through 5, the roll screen according to the first embodiment of the present invention includes the mounting frame 10 which is fastened to a wall or ceiling of a building, and a drive cap 20 and a driven cap 30 which are respectively provided on both ends of the mounting frame 10. The roll screen further includes a winding roll 40 which is supported between the drive cap 20 and the driven cap 30, a screen 50 which is wound at a first end thereof around the winding roll 40, and the screen holding frame 60 which holds a second end of the screen 50 and is mounted to the mounting frame 10 so that the screen 50 is unrolled into a double-layered shape.

[0013] The mounting frame 10 includes a mounting part 12 which has a depression shape and is formed in the upper end of the front or rear surface of the mounting frame 10, and a coupling part 13 which is formed in the lower end of the front or rear surface of the mounting frame 10 so that the screen holding frame 60 is removably coupled to the coupling part 13.

[0014] The coupling part 13 is integrally formed with the mounting frame 10 and includes a horizontal coupling surface 13a which extends from the front or rear surface of the mounting frame 10 in the horizontal direction, and a vertical coupling surface 13b which is integrated with the horizontal coupling surface 13a and extends upwards from the edge of the horizontal coupling surface 13a in the vertical direction.

[0015] As seen by the cross-section, the edge of the vertical coupling surface 13b has a thickness greater than that of other portions thereof.

[0016] The drive cap 20 includes a ball chain 21 which rotates the winding roll 40 around which the first end of the screen 50 is wound.

[0017] The winding roll 40 is held at both ends thereof between the drive cap 20 and the driven cap 30. Thus, the winding roll 40 is reversibly rotated in one direction depending on the direction in which a user manipulates the ball chain 21 of the drive cap 20.

[0018] The screen 50 has transparent portions 51 which are formed at positions spaced apart from each other at regular intervals. Depending on the rotation of the winding roll 40, the screen 50 is moved in one direction or in a reverse direction to adjust the amount of light entering a room.

[0019] Furthermore, a weight rod 52 is hung by the screen 50 to maintain the screen 50 tense when the screen 50 is unrolled.

[0020] The screen holding frame 60 includes an insert part 61, a contact support part 62, a seating part 63, a vertical part 64 and an inclined part 65.

[0021] The insert part 61 generally has an approximately semicircular cross-section. A first edge of the insert part 61 is fitted into the coupling part 13, that is, into a space defined by the horizontal coupling surface 13a and the vertical coupling surface 13b. As seen in the cross-section, the first edge of the insert part 61 also has a thickness greater than that of other portions thereof, in the same manner as that of the vertical coupling surface 13b. Thereby, the insert part 61 of the screen holding frame 60 is coupled to the coupling part 13 by a force-fitting method. In detail, a distance between the edge of the vertical coupling surface 13b of the coupling part 13 and the front or rear surface of the mounting frame 10 is less than the thickness of the first edge of the insert part 61. Therefore, to fit the insert part 61 into the coupling part 13, a worker must apply external force to them such that the vertical coupling surface 13b of the coupling part 13 is elastically moved away from the front or rear surface of the mounting frame 10 due to the thickness of the first edge of the insert part 61 and then the insert part 61 is inserted into the coupling part 13.

[0022] The contact support part 62 extends downwards from a second edge of the insert part 61 and comes into surface contact with the outer surface of the vertical coupling surface 13b of the coupling part 13 when the screen holding frame 60 is mounted to the mounting frame 10.

[0023] The seating part 63 extends from the edge of the contact support part 62 in the horizontal direction. A planar member 53 which will be explained later is seated on the seating part 63.

[0024] The vertical part 64 extends upright from the edge of the seating part 63 such that it is parallel with the contact support part 62. Here, the vertical part 64 is higher than the contact support part 62.

[0025] The inclined part 65 is bent at a predetermined angle from the edge of the vertical part 64 towards the upper edge of the contact support part 62. Here, the edge of the inclined part 65 is not connected to the upper edge of the contact support part 62, in other words, it is spaced apart from the upper edge of the contact support part 62 by a predetermined distance, so that an insert slot 60a is defined between the inclined part 65 and the contact support part 62.

[0026] The insert slot 60a functions as a passage through which the planar member 53 fastened to the second end of the screen 50 is inserted into the screen holding frame 60. The planar member 53 that passes through the insert slot 60a is seated onto the upper surface of the seating part 63. Preferably, the planar member 53 has a height greater than the width of the insert slot 60a to prevent the planar member 53 from being removed from the screen holding frame 60 when the screen 50 is moved by manipulating the ball chain 21.

[0027] Meanwhile, the roll screen according to the present invention is not limited to the embodiment shown in FIGS. 2 through 5 and may have the construction shown in FIGS. 6 through 9.

[0028] The general construction of the roll screen shown in FIGS. 6 through 9 is almost the same as that of the roll screen shown in FIGS. 2 through 5, and they are only partially different from each other, therefore the roll screen of FIGS. 6 through 9 will be explained, focusing on the differences between it and the roll screen of FIGS. 2 through 5. Furthermore, in the following description, reference should be made to the drawings, in which the same reference numerals are used throughout the different drawings to designate the same components.

[0029] FIG. 6 is a perspective view illustrating a roll screen, according to a second embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 7 is a sectional view illustrating the roll screen of FIG. 6. FIG. 8 is a perspective view illustrating a mounting frame 10 and a screen holding frame 60 of the roll screen of FIG. 6. FIG. 9 is a sectional view of the mounting frame 10 and the screen holding frame 60 of FIG. 8.

[0030] As shown in FIGS. 6 through 9, in the roll screen according to the second embodiment, the screen holding frame 60 includes an insert part 61, a contact support part 62, seating parts 63 and locking parts 66.

[0031] The insert part 61 has a rounded 'L' shape and is fitted into the coupling part 13 of the mounting frame 10. A first edge of the insert part 61 is thicker than other portions thereof, in the same manner as that of the coupling part 13 of FIGS. 2 through 5.

[0032] The contact support part 62 vertically extends upwards and downwards from a second edge of the insert part 61. A portion of the contact support part 62 which is disposed below the second edge of the insert part 61 is in surface contact with the vertical coupling surface 13b of the coupling part 13.

[0033] The seating parts 63 respectively extend from upper and lower edges of the contact support part 62 in

the horizontal direction. A planar member 53 is disposed between the seating parts 63.

[0034] The locking parts 66 respectively extend from the edges of the seating parts 63 in the vertical direction, such that the edges of the locking parts 66 are spaced apart from each other by a predetermined distance to form an insert slot 60a. The planar member 53 which is fastened to the second end of the screen 50 is inserted into the screen holding frame 60 through the insert slot 60a.

[0035] Meanwhile, the roll screen according to the present invention may have the construction shown in FIGS. 10 through 13.

[0036] FIG. 10 is a perspective view illustrating a roll screen, according to a third embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 11 is a sectional view illustrating the roll screen of FIG. 10. FIG. 12 is a perspective view illustrating a mounting frame 10 and a screen holding frame 60 of the roll screen of FIG. 10. FIG. 13 is a sectional view of the mounting frame 10 and the screen holding frame 60 of FIG. 12.

[0037] As shown in FIGS. 10 through 13, in the roll screen according to the third embodiment, the mounting frame 10 is not provided with a coupling part 13, so that the screen holding frame 60 is coupled to a mounting part 12 formed in the upper end of the front or rear surface of the mounting frame 10, unlike the prior embodiments in which the coupling part 13 is formed in the lower end of the front or rear surface of the mounting frame 10. Here, the screen holding frame 60 is fastened to the mounting frame 10 by an elastic clip 70.

[0038] Furthermore, the screen holding frame 60 of FIGS. 10 through 13 includes a holding part 67, a contact support part 62, seating parts 63 and locking parts 66.

[0039] The holding part 67 is coupled to the mounting part 12 of the mounting frame 10.

[0040] The contact support part 62 vertically extends downwards from the edge of the holding part 67. In addition, the contact support part 62 is compressed towards the mounting frame 10 by the elastic clip 70. Thereby, the surface of the contact support part 62 is brought into surface contact with the outer surface of the lower portion of the mounting part 12.

[0041] The seating parts 63 respectively extend from the upper portion and the lower edge of the contact support part 62 in the horizontal direction. A planar member 53 is disposed between the seating parts 63.

[0042] The locking parts 66 respectively extend from the edges of the seating parts 63 in the vertical directions, such that the edges of the locking parts 66 are spaced apart from each other by a predetermined distance to form an insert slot 60a. The planar member 53 which is fastened to the second end of the screen 50 is inserted into the screen holding frame 60 through the insert slot 60a.

[0043] Furthermore, a rib 68 horizontally protrudes from a central portion of the contact support part 62 in the direction opposite the seating parts 63. The rib 68 is

brought into contact with the lower surface of the mounting frame 10 when the screen holding frame 60 is biased to rotate around the contact point with the elastic clip 70 due to rotational moment, thus restraining the rotational moment of the screen holding frame 60.

[0044] The elastic clip 70 includes an elastic horizontal surface 71, a first elastic inclined surface 72 and a second elastic inclined surface 73. The elastic horizontal surface 71 is brought into close contact with the upper surface of the mounting frame 10. The first elastic inclined surface 72 is bent at a predetermined angle from a first edge of the elastic horizontal surface 71 towards the mounting frame 10 and compresses the mounting frame 10 using the elastic force thereof. The second elastic inclined surface 73 is bent at a predetermined angle from a second edge of the elastic horizontal surface 71 towards the contact support part 62 of the screen holding frame 60 and compresses the contact support part 62 using the elastic force thereof. Here, the second elastic inclined surface 73 is longer than the first elastic inclined surface 72.

[0045] The first elastic inclined surface 72 includes a first main inclined surface 72a which is bent at a predetermined angle from the first edge of the elastic horizontal surface 71 towards the mounting frame 10, and a first auxiliary inclined surface 72b which is bent from the edge of the first main inclined surface 72a in a direction opposite the direction in which the first main inclined surface 72a is bent. The first auxiliary inclined surface 72b facilitates the opening of the elastic clip 70.

[0046] The second elastic inclined surface 73 includes a second main inclined surface 73a which is bent at a predetermined angle from the second edge of the elastic horizontal surface 71 towards the contact support part 62 of the screen holding frame 60, and an intermediate inclined surface 73b which is bent from the edge of the second main inclined surface 73a in a direction opposite the direction in which the second main inclined surface 73a is bent. The second elastic inclined surface 73 further includes a compression inclined surface 73c which is connected to the edge of the intermediate inclined surface 73b and is bent towards the contact support part 62 of the screen holding frame 60 to compress the contact support part 62, and a second auxiliary inclined surface 73d which is bent from the edge of the compression inclined surface 73c towards the locking parts 66 of the screen holding frame 60 to facilitate the opening of the elastic clip 70.

[0047] The first auxiliary inclined surface 72b and the second auxiliary inclined surface 73d prevent the edges of the elastic clip 70 from being snagged by the mounting frame 10 or the screen holding frame 60 when pushing the elastic clip 70 downwards to fit it over the mounting frame 10, thus facilitating the opening of the elastic clip 70, thereby making the installation of the elastic clip 70 easy.

[0048] As described above, in a roll screen according to the present invention, a screen holding frame which holds one end of a screen is removably fastened to a

mounting frame, so that the screen can be easily assembled with or disassembled from the mounting frame even without separating a winding roll from the mounting frame.

[0049] Furthermore, in the case of the use of an elastic clip, the existing screen holding frame can also be easily fastened to the mounting frame.

[0050] Although the preferred embodiments of the present invention have been disclosed for illustrative purposes, those skilled in the art will appreciate that various modifications, additions and substitutions are possible, without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention as disclosed in the accompanying claims.

Claims

1. A roll screen, comprising: a mounting frame (10) fastened to a wall or ceiling of a building; a drive cap (20) provided on a first end of the mounting frame (10), the drive cap (20) having a ball chain (21) to rotate a winding roll (40), around which a first end of a screen (50) is wound; and a driven cap (30) provided on a second end of the mounting frame (10), wherein a second end of the screen (50) is connected to the mounting frame (10) such that the screen (50) is unrolled into a double-layered shape, wherein the mounting frame (10) has a coupling part (13) on a front or rear surface thereof, and a screen holding frame (60) is removably coupled to the coupling part (13),
characterized in that the coupling part (13) comprises: a horizontal coupling surface (13a) extending from the front or rear surface of the mounting frame (10) in a horizontal direction; and a vertical coupling surface (13b) extending upwards from an edge of the horizontal coupling surface (13a) in a vertical direction, and
the screen holding frame (60) comprises: an insert part (61) inserted at a first edge thereof into the coupling part (13); a contact support part (62) extending downwards from a second edge of the insert part (61) in a vertical direction; a seating part (61) extending from a lower edge of the contact support part (62) in a horizontal direction; a vertical part (64) extending upwards from an edge of the seating part (63) in a vertical direction, the vertical part (64) being parallel with the contact support part (62); an inclined part (65) bent at a predetermined angle from an upper edge of the vertical part (64) towards an upper edge of the contact support part (62), with an insert slot (60a) defined between the contact support part (62) and the inclined part (65), so that a planar member (53) holding a second end of the screen (50) is inserted into the screen holding frame (60) through the insert slot (60a) and is seated onto the seating part (63).

2. A roll screen, comprising: a mounting frame (10) fastened to a wall or ceiling of a building; a drive cap (20) provided on a first end of the mounting frame (10), the drive cap (20) having a ball chain (21) to rotate a winding roll (40), around which a first end of a screen (50) is wound; and a driven cap (30) provided on a second end of the mounting frame (10), wherein a second end of the screen (50) is connected to the mounting frame (10) such that the screen (50) is unrolled into a double-layered shape, wherein the mounting frame (10) has a coupling part (13) on a front or rear surface thereof, and a screen holding frame (60) is removably coupled to the coupling part (13),
characterized in that the coupling part (13) comprises: a horizontal coupling surface (13a) extending from the front or rear surface of the mounting frame (10) in a horizontal direction; and a vertical coupling surface (13b) extending upwards from an edge of the horizontal coupling surface (13a) in a vertical direction, and
the screen holding frame (60) comprises: an insert part (61) inserted at a first edge thereof into the coupling part (13); a contact support part (62) extending upwards and downwards from a second edge of the insert part (61) in vertical directions; seating parts (63) respectively extending upper and lower edges of the contact support part (62) in horizontal directions; and locking parts (66) respectively extending from edges of the seating parts (63) in vertical directions, such that facing edges of the locking parts (66) are spaced apart from each other by a predetermined distance to form an insert slot (60a) therebetween, so that a planar member (53) holding a second end of the screen (50) is inserted into the screen holding frame (60) through the insert slot (60a) and is seated onto the seating part (63).
3. The roll screen as set forth in claim 1 or 2, wherein an upper edge of the vertical coupling surface (13b) is thicker than other portions thereof and the first edge of the insert part (61) is thicker than other portions thereof, so that the insert part (61) is inserted into the coupling part (13) by a force-fitting method.
4. A roll screen, comprising: a mounting frame (10) fastened to a wall or ceiling of a building; a drive cap (20) provided on a first end of the mounting frame (10), the drive cap (20) having a ball chain (21) to rotate a winding roll, around which a first end of a screen (50) is wound; and a driven cap (30) provided on a second end of the mounting frame (10), wherein a second end of the screen (50) is connected to the mounting frame (10) such that the screen (50) is unrolled into a double-layered shape, wherein the mounting frame (10) has a mounting part (12) on an upper end of a front or rear surface thereof, and a screen holding frame (60) is connected to the

mounting part (12), and
characterized in that the screen holding frame (60)
 is fastened to the mounting frame (10) by an elastic
 clip (70).

Patentansprüche

1. Rollo (50), umfassend: einen Befestigungsrahmen (10), der an einer Wand oder einer Decke eines Gebäudes befestigt ist; eine Antriebskappe (20), die an einem ersten Ende des Befestigungsrahmens (10) angeordnet ist; wobei die Antriebskappe (20) eine Kugelschleife (21) aufweist, um eine Wickelrolle (40) zu drehen, um welche ein erstes Ende eines Rollos (50) gewickelt wird, und eine angetriebene Kappe (30), die an einem zweiten Ende des Befestigungsrahmens (10) angeordnet ist, wobei ein zweites Ende des Rollos (50) so mit dem Befestigungsrahmen (10) verbunden ist, dass das Rollo (50) in einer Zweilagengestalt abgewickelt wird, wobei der Befestigungsrahmen (10) ein Kupplungsteil (13) an seiner vorderen oder hinteren Fläche aufweist, und ein Rollo-Halterahmen (60) lösbar mit dem Kupplungsteil (13) gekoppelt ist, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** das Kupplungsteil (13) umfasst: eine horizontale Kupplungsfläche (13a), die sich von der vorderen oder hinteren Fläche des Befestigungsrahmens (10) in horizontaler Richtung erstreckt; und eine vertikale Kupplungsfläche (13b), welche sich nach oben von einer Kante der horizontalen Kupplungsfläche (13a) in eine vertikale Richtung erstreckt, und dass der Rollo-Halterahmen (60) umfasst: ein Einsteckteil (61), welches an seiner ersten Kante in das Kupplungsteil (13) eingesetzt wird; ein Kontaktunterstützungsteil (62), welches sich von einer zweiten Kante des Einsteckteils (61) in einer vertikalen Richtung nach unten erstreckt; ein Auflageteil (63), welches sich von einer unteren Kante des Kontaktunterstützungsteils (62) in eine horizontale Richtung erstreckt; ein vertikales Teil (64), welches sich von einer Kante des Auflageteils (63) nach oben in eine vertikale Richtung erstreckt, wobei das vertikale Teil (64) parallel mit dem Kontaktunterstützungsteil (62) verläuft; ein geneigtes Teil (65), welches um einen vorbestimmten Winkel von einer oberen Kante des vertikalen Teils hin zu einer oberen Kante des Kontaktunterstützungsteils (62) gebogen ist, mit einem Einsteckeinrast (60a), der zwischen dem Kontaktunterstützungsteil (62) und dem geneigten Teil (65) festgelegt ist, so dass ein planarer Körper (53), der ein zweites Ende des Rollos (50) hält, durch den Einsteckeinrast (60a) in den Rollo-Halterahmen (60) eingesetzt wird und auf dem Auflageteil (63) aufliegt.

2. Rollo (50), umfassend einen Befestigungsrahmen

(10), der an einer Wand oder einer Decke eines Gebäudes befestigt ist; eine Antriebskappe (20), die an einem ersten Ende des Befestigungsrahmens (10) angeordnet ist; wobei die Antriebskappe (20) eine Kugelschleife (21) aufweist, um eine Wickelrolle (40) zu drehen, um welche ein erstes Ende eines Rollos (50) gewickelt wird, und eine angetriebene Kappe (30), die an einem zweiten Ende des Befestigungsrahmens (10) angeordnet ist, wobei ein zweites Ende des Rollos (50) so mit dem Befestigungsrahmen (10) verbunden ist, dass das Rollo (50) in einer Zweilagengestalt abgewickelt wird, wobei der Befestigungsrahmen (10) ein Kupplungsteil (13) an seiner vorderen oder hinteren Fläche aufweist, und ein Rollo-Halterahmen (60) lösbar mit dem Kupplungsteil (13) gekoppelt ist, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** das Kupplungsteil (13) umfasst: eine horizontale Kupplungsfläche (13a), die sich von der vorderen oder hinteren Fläche des Befestigungsrahmens (10) in horizontaler Richtung erstreckt; und eine vertikale Kupplungsfläche (13b), welche sich nach oben von einer Kante der horizontalen Kupplungsfläche (13a) in eine vertikale Richtung erstreckt, und dass der Rollo-Halterahmen (60) umfasst: ein Einsteckteil (61), welches an seiner ersten Kante in das Kupplungsteil (13) eingesetzt wird; ein Kontaktunterstützungsteil (62), welches sich von einer zweiten Kante des Einsteckteils (61) in vertikale Richtungen nach oben und unten erstreckt; Auflageteile (63), welche sich von oberen und unteren Kanten des Kontaktunterstützungsteils (62) in eine horizontale Richtung erstrecken; und Verschlusssteile, die sich entsprechend von Kanten der Auflageteile (63) in vertikale Richtungen erstrecken, so dass die gegenüberliegenden Kanten der Verschlusssteile in einer vorbestimmten Distanz voneinander angeordnet sind, um dazwischen einen Einsteckeinrast (60a) zu bilden, so dass ein planarer Körper (53), der ein zweites Ende des Rollos (50) hält, durch den Einsteckeinrast (60a) in den Rollo-Halterahmen (60) eingesetzt wird und auf dem Auflageteil (63) aufliegt.

3. Rollo (50) nach einem der Ansprüche 1 oder 2, wobei eine obere Kante der vertikalen Kupplungsfläche (13a) dicker als andere Abschnitte sind und die erste Kante des Einsteckteils (61) dicker ist als andere Abschnitte, so dass das Einsteckteil (61) in das Kupplungsteil (13) mittels eines Kraftschlussverfahrens eingesetzt ist.
4. Rollo (50), umfassend: einen Befestigungsrahmen (10), der an einer Wand oder einer Decke eines Gebäudes befestigt ist; eine Antriebskappe (20), die an einem ersten Ende des Befestigungsrahmens (10) angeordnet ist; wobei die Antriebskappe (20) eine Kugelschleife (21) aufweist, um eine Wickelrolle (40) zu drehen, um welche ein erstes Ende eines Rollos

(50) gewickelt wird, und eine angetriebene Kappe, die an einem zweiten Ende des Befestigungsrahmens (10) angeordnet ist, wobei ein zweites Ende des Rollos (50) so mit dem Befestigungsrahmen (10) verbunden ist, dass das Rollo (50) in einer Zweilaugenform abgewickelt wird, wobei der Befestigungsrahmen (10) ein Befestigungsteil an einem oberen Ende einer vorderen oder hinteren Fläche aufweist, und ein Rollo-Halterahmen (60) mit dem Befestigungsteil verbunden ist, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der Rollo-Halterahmen (60) am Befestigungsrahmen (10) mittels eines elastischen Clips (70) befestigt ist.

Revendications

1. Ecran rouleau, comprenant : une structure de montage (10) fixée à une paroi ou un plafond d'un bâtiment, un bouchon d'entraînement (20) prévu à une première extrémité de la structure de montage (10), le bouchon d'entraînement (20) ayant une chaîne à billes (21) pour faire tourner un rouleau d'enroulement (40), autour duquel une première extrémité d'un écran (50) est enroulée, et un bouchon entraîné (30) prévu à une deuxième extrémité de la structure de montage (10), dans lequel une deuxième extrémité de l'écran (50) est connectée à la structure de montage (10) de sorte que l'écran (50) soit déroulé suivant une forme en deux couches, dans lequel la structure de montage (10) possède une partie de couplage (13) sur sa surface avant ou arrière, et une structure de support d'écran (60) est couplée de façon amovible à la partie de couplage (13), **caractérisé en ce que** la partie de couplage (13) comprend : une surface de couplage horizontale (13a) s'étendant à partir de la surface avant ou arrière de la structure de montage (10) dans une direction horizontale, et une surface de couplage verticale (13b) s'étendant vers le haut depuis un bord de la surface de couplage horizontale (13a) dans une direction verticale, et la structure de support d'écran (60) comprend : une partie d'insertion (61) insérée au niveau d'un premier bord de celle-ci dans la partie de couplage (13), une partie de support de contact (62) s'étendant vers le bas depuis un deuxième bord de la partie d'insertion (61) dans une direction verticale, une partie de réception (63) s'étendant depuis un bord inférieur de la partie de support de contact (62) dans une direction horizontale, une partie verticale (64) s'étendant vers le haut depuis un bord de la partie de réception (63) dans une direction verticale, la partie verticale (64) étant parallèle à la partie de support de contact (62), une partie inclinée (65) pliée à un angle prédéterminé par rapport à un bord supérieur de la partie verticale (64) en direction d'un bord supérieur de la

partie de support de contact (62), avec une fente d'insertion (60a) définie entre la partie de support de contact (62) et la partie inclinée (65), de sorte qu'un élément plan (53) supportant une deuxième extrémité de l'écran (50) soit inséré dans la structure de support d'écran (60) à travers la fente d'insertion (60a) et soit reçu sur la partie de réception (63).

2. Ecran rouleau, comprenant : une structure de montage (10) fixée à une paroi ou un plafond d'un bâtiment, un bouchon d'entraînement (20) prévu à une première extrémité de la structure de montage (10), le bouchon d'entraînement (20) ayant une chaîne à billes (21) pour faire tourner un rouleau d'enroulement (40), autour duquel une première extrémité d'un écran (50) est enroulée, et un bouchon entraîné (30) prévu à une deuxième extrémité de la structure de montage (10), dans lequel une deuxième extrémité de l'écran (50) est connectée à la structure de montage (10) de sorte que l'écran (50) soit déroulé suivant une forme en deux couches, dans lequel la structure de montage (10) possède une partie de couplage (13) sur sa surface avant ou arrière, et une structure de support d'écran (60) est couplée de façon amovible à la partie de couplage (13), **caractérisé en ce que** la partie de couplage (13) comprend : une surface de couplage horizontale (13a) s'étendant à partir de la surface avant ou arrière de la structure de montage (10) dans une direction horizontale, et une surface de couplage verticale (13b) s'étendant vers le haut depuis un bord de la surface de couplage horizontale (13a) dans une direction verticale, et la structure de support d'écran (60) comprend : une partie d'insertion (61) insérée au niveau d'un premier bord de celle-ci dans la partie de couplage (13), une partie de support de contact (62) s'étendant vers le haut et vers le bas à partir d'un deuxième bord de la partie d'insertion (61) dans des directions verticales, des parties de réception (63) s'étendant respectivement à partir des bords supérieur et inférieur de la partie de support de contact (62) dans des directions horizontales, et des parties de verrouillage (66) s'étendant respectivement depuis les bords des parties de réception (63) dans des directions verticales, de sorte que les bords opposés des parties de verrouillage (66) soient écartés l'un de l'autre d'une distance prédéterminée pour former une fente d'insertion (60a) entre eux, de sorte qu'un élément plan (53) supportant une deuxième extrémité de l'écran (50) soit inséré dans la structure de support d'écran (60) à travers la fente d'insertion (60a) et soit reçu sur la partie de réception (63)
3. Ecran rouleau selon la revendication 1 ou 2, dans lequel un bord supérieur de la surface de couplage verticale (13b) est plus épais que d'autres parties de

celle-ci et le premier bord de la partie d'insertion (61) est plus épais que d'autres parties de celle-ci, de sorte que la partie d'insertion (61) soit insérée dans la partie de couplage (13) par un procédé d'ajustement serré.

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4. Ecran rouleau, comprenant : une structure de montage (10) fixée à une paroi ou un plafond d'un bâtiment, un bouchon d'entraînement (20) prévu à une première extrémité de la structure de montage (10), le bouchon d'entraînement (20) ayant une chaîne à billes (21) pour faire tourner un rouleau d'enroulement, autour duquel une première extrémité d'un écran (50) est enroulée, et un bouchon entraîné (30) prévu à une deuxième extrémité de la structure de montage (10), dans lequel une deuxième extrémité de l'écran (50) est connectée à la structure de montage (10) de sorte que l'écran (50) soit déroulé suivant une forme en deux couches, dans lequel la structure de montage (10) a une partie de montage (12) sur une extrémité supérieure d'une surface avant ou arrière de celle-ci, et une structure de support d'écran (60) est connectée à la partie de montage (12), et
- caractérisé en ce que** la structure de support d'écran (60) est fixée à la structure de montage (10) par une attache élastique (70).

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FIG. 1

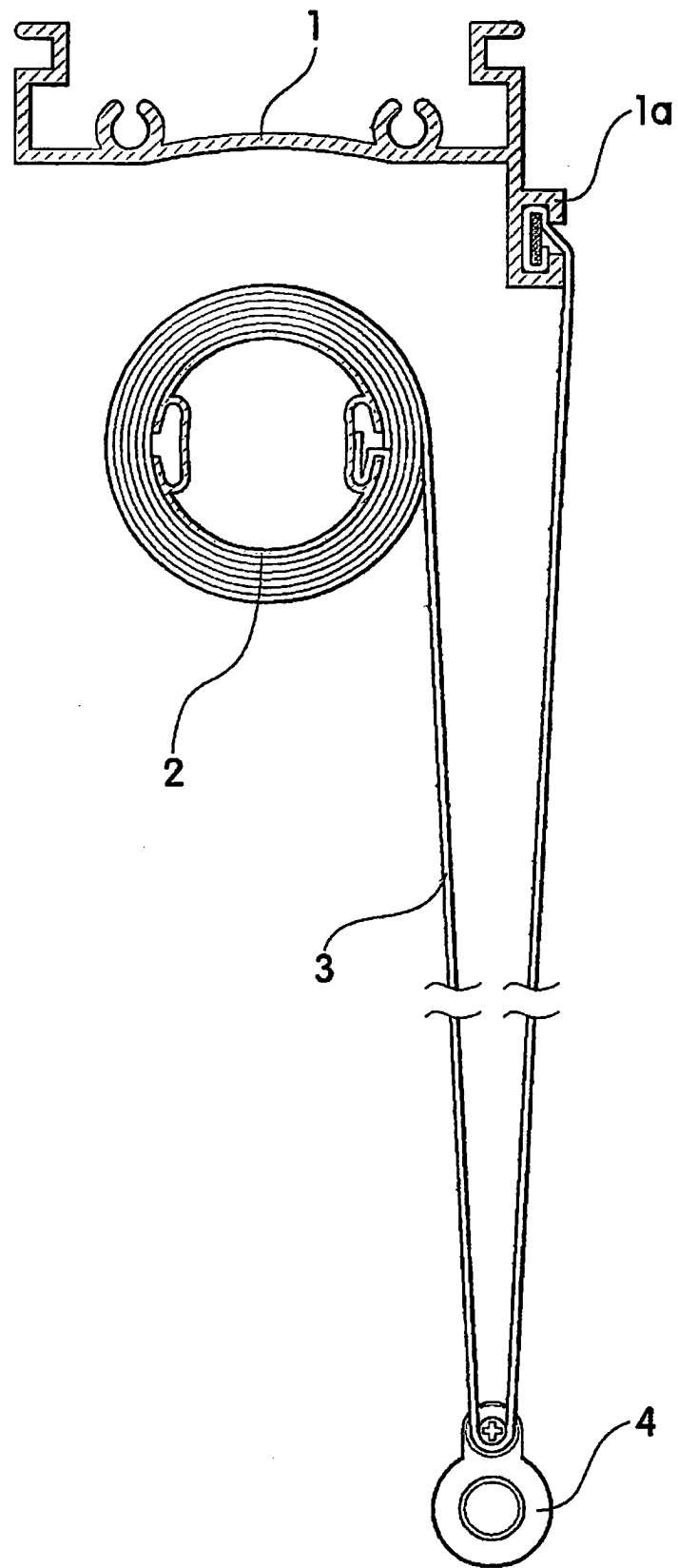


FIG. 2

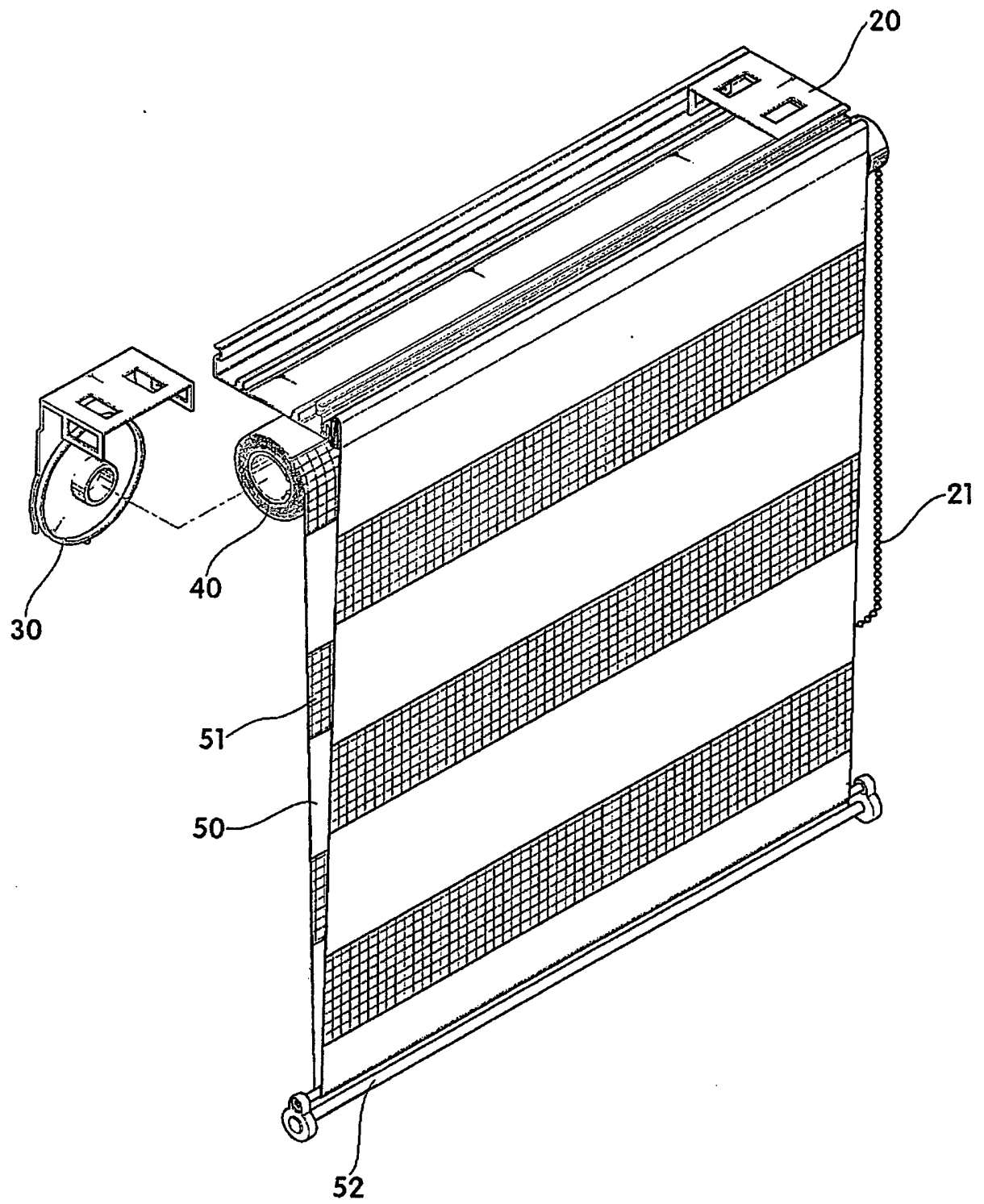


FIG. 3

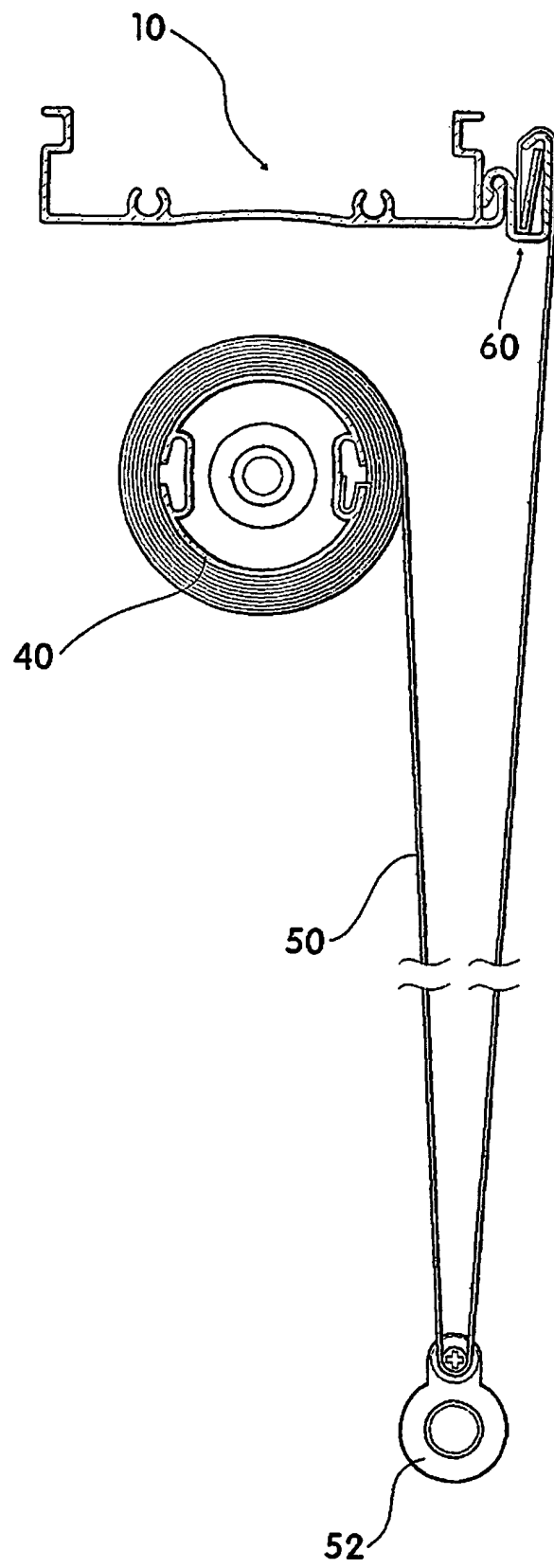


FIG. 4

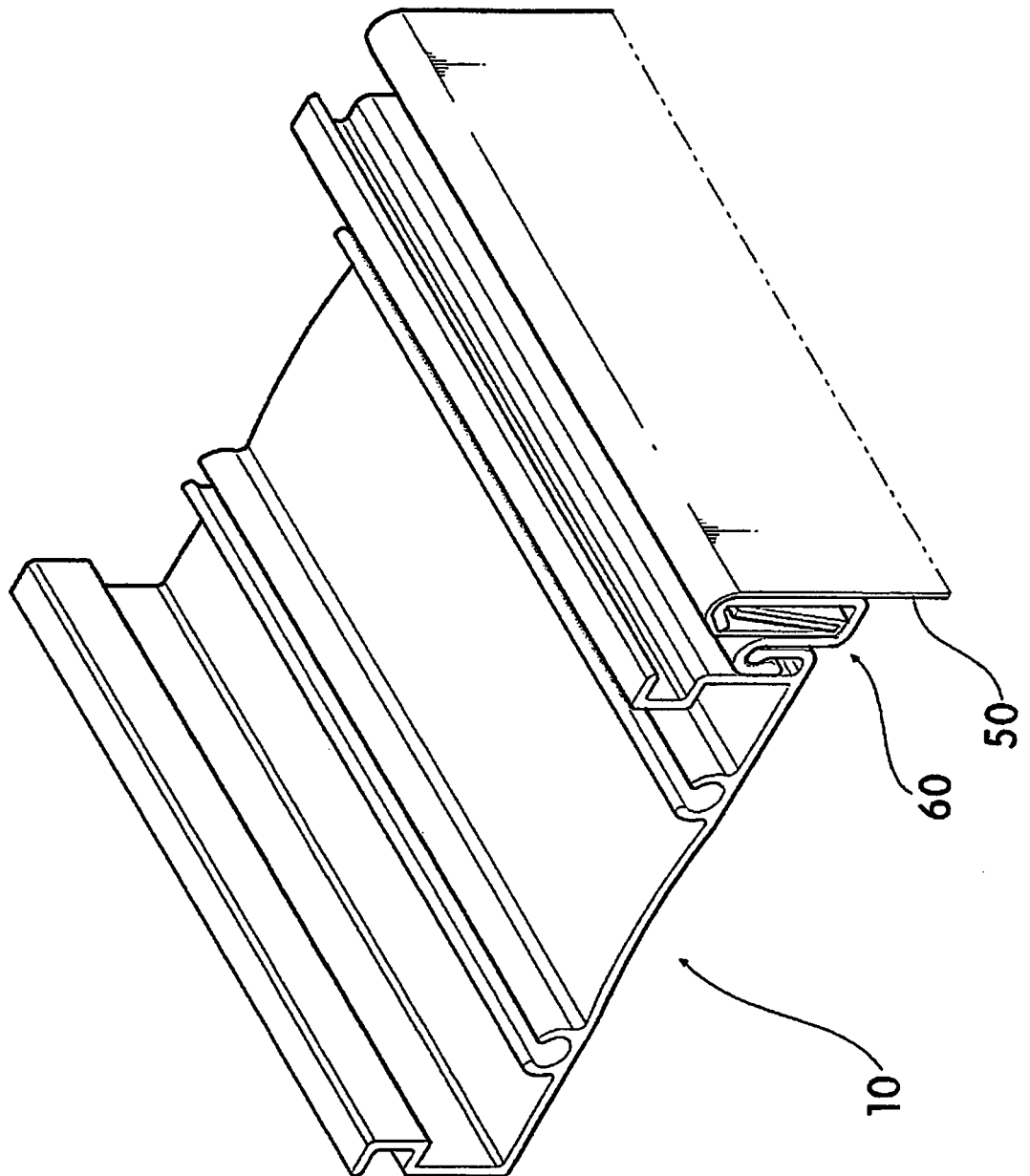


FIG. 5

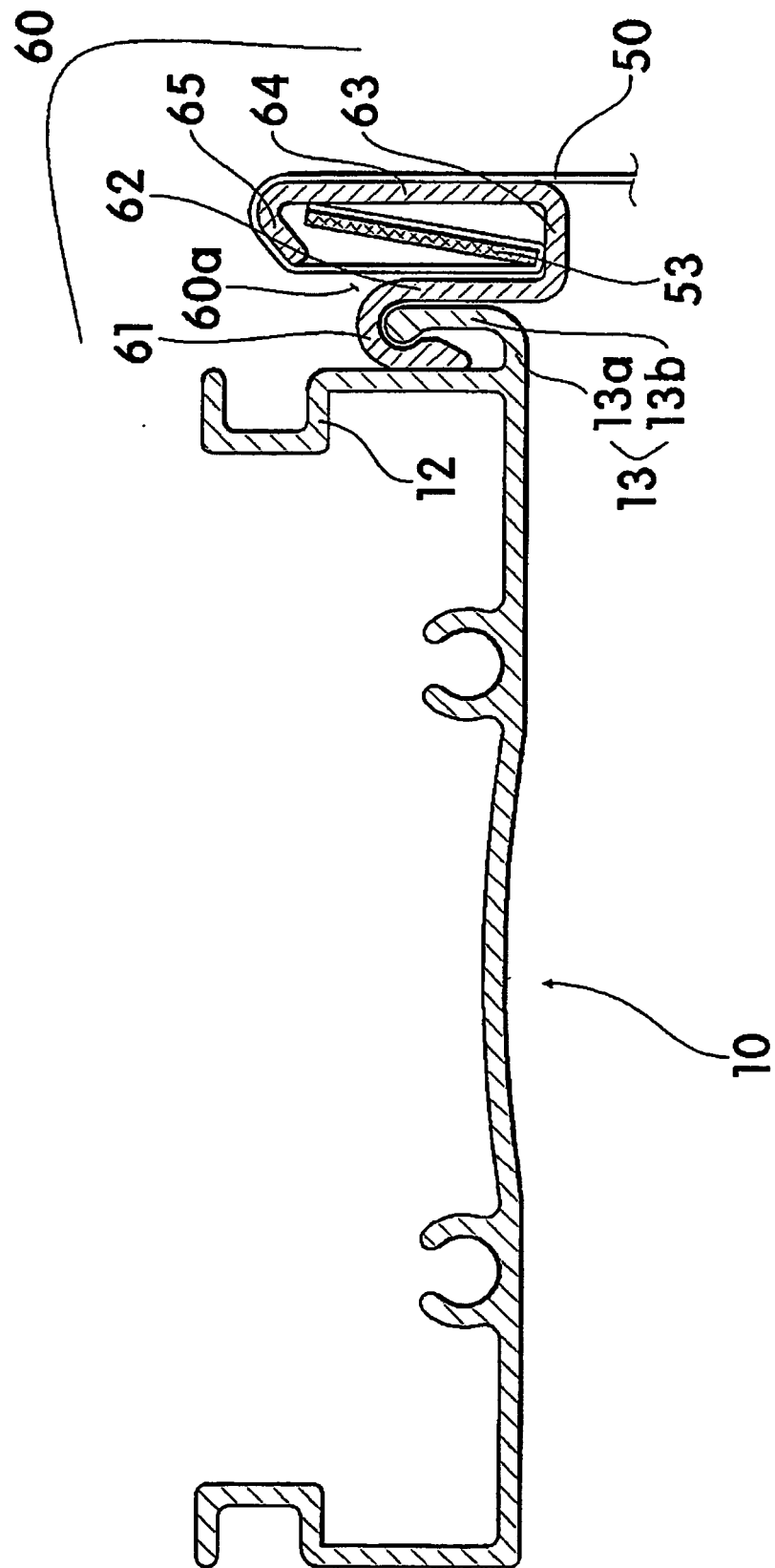


FIG. 6

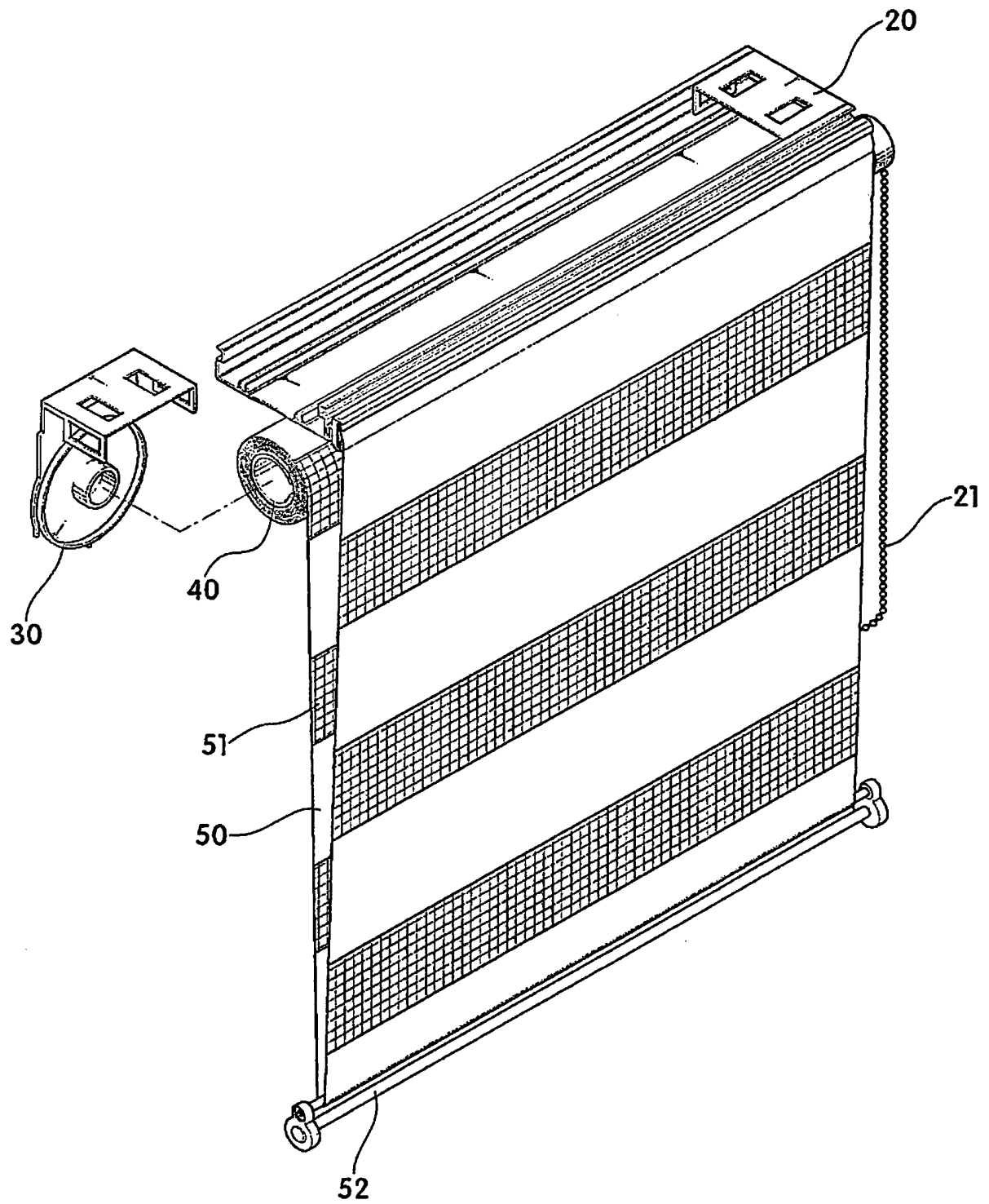


FIG. 7

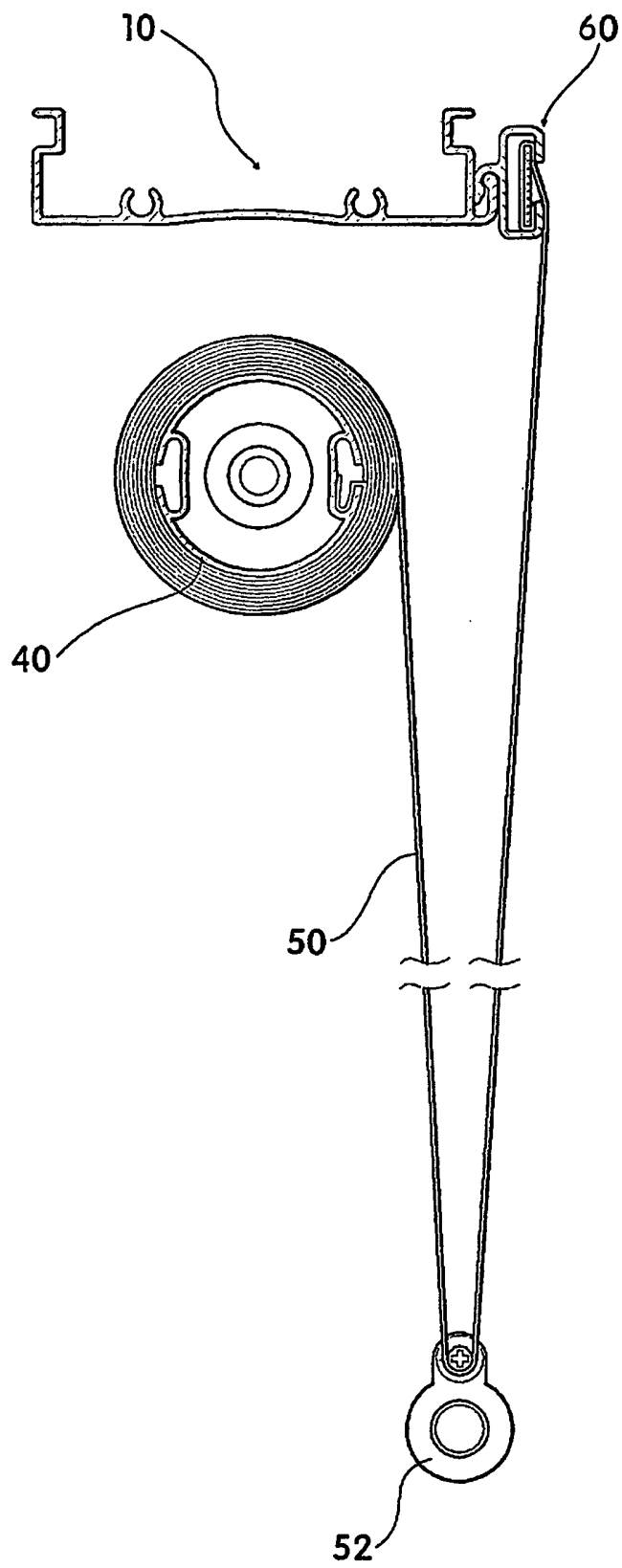


FIG. 8

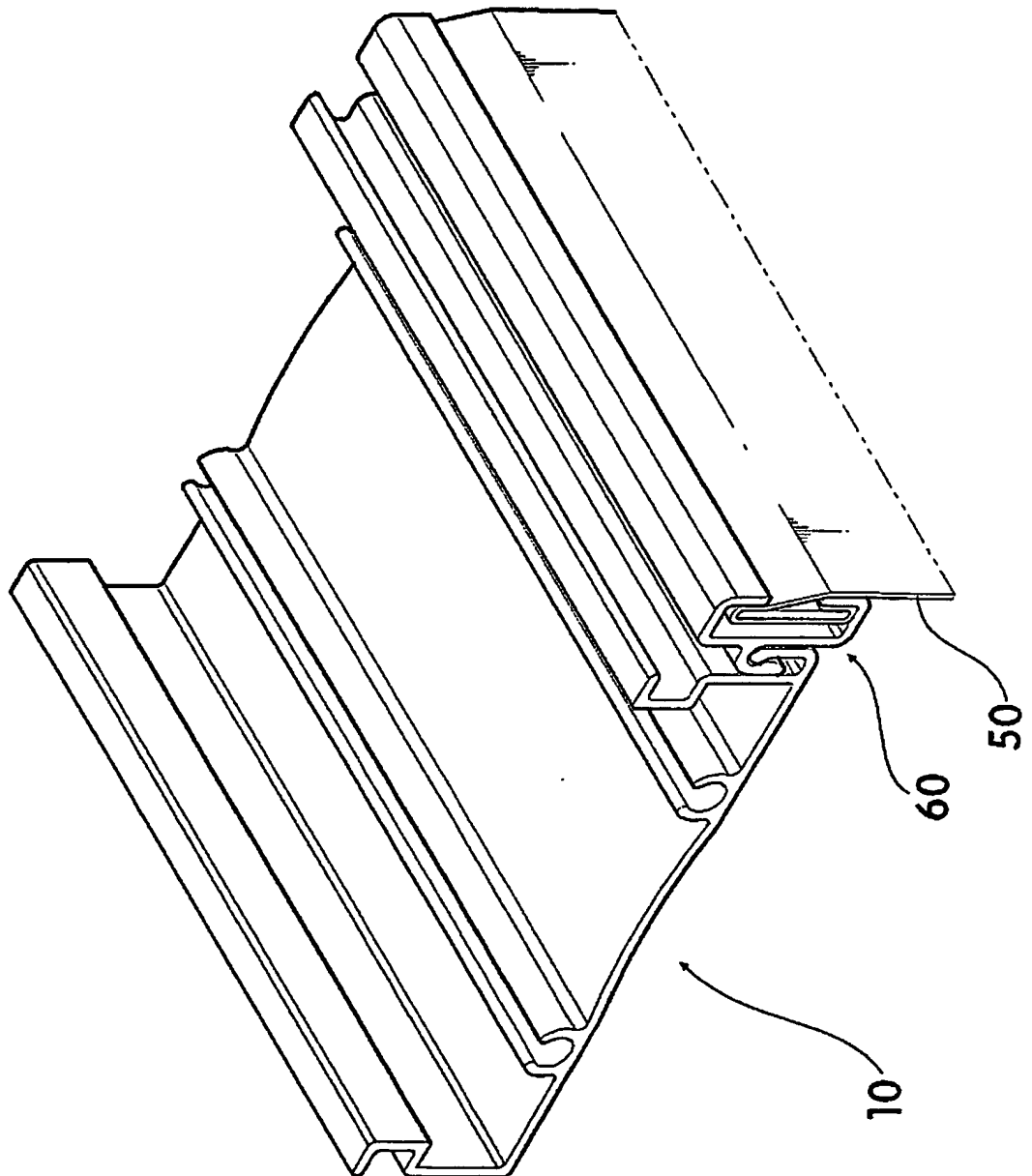


FIG. 9

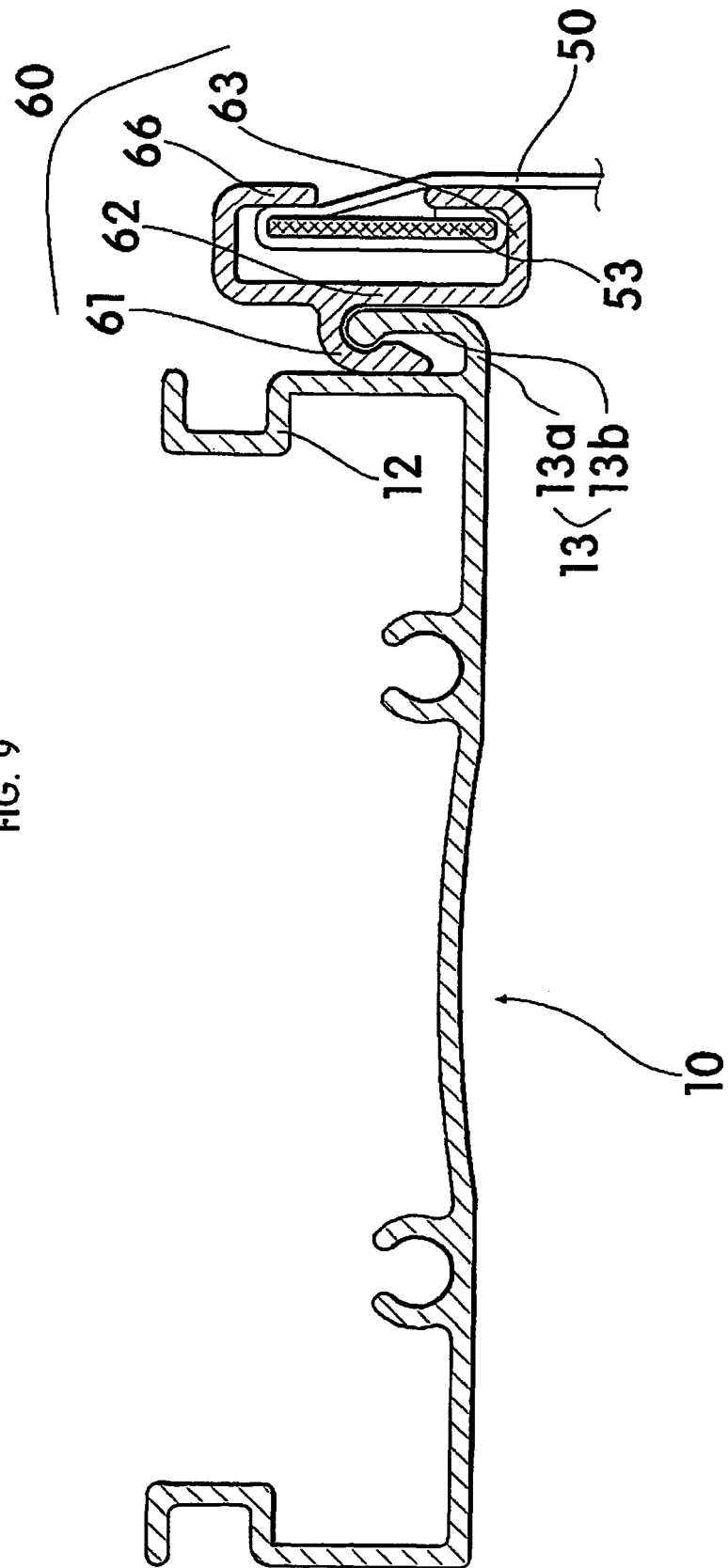


FIG. 10

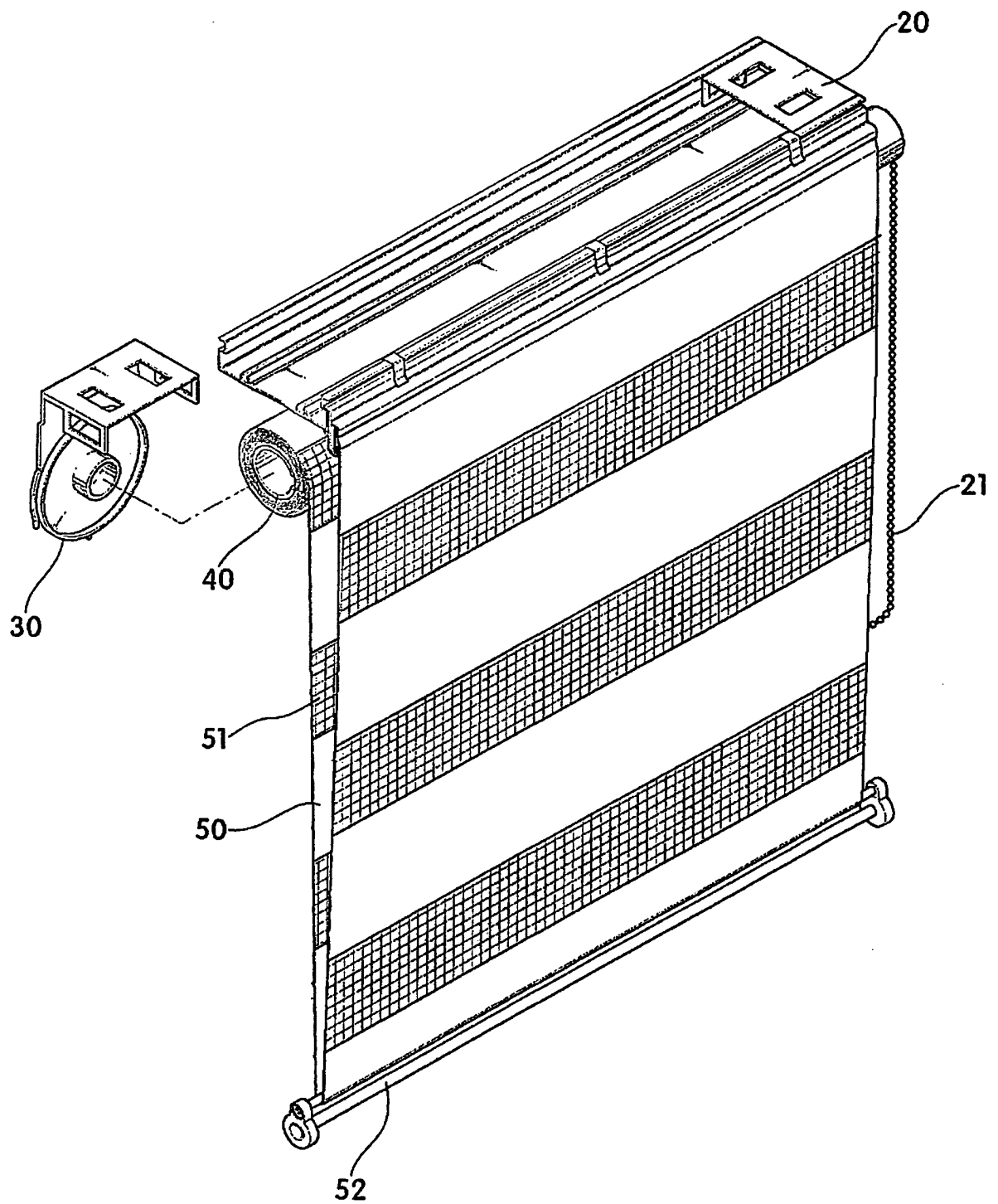


FIG. 11

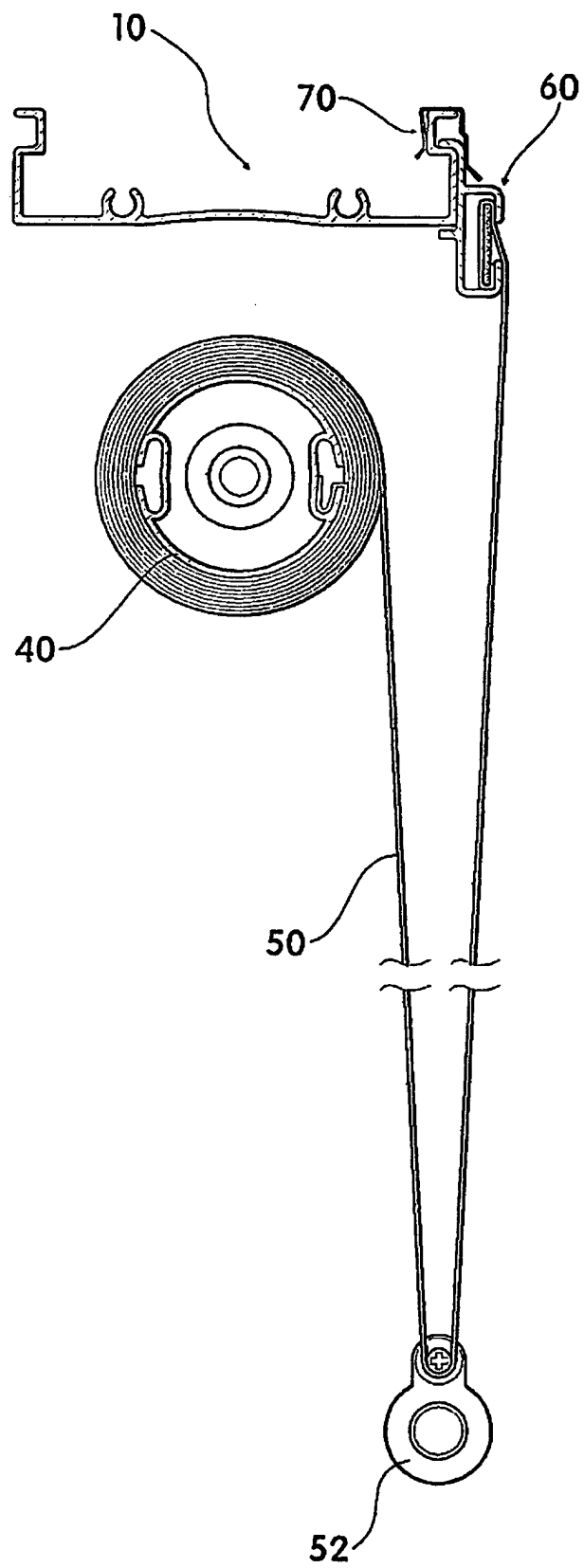


FIG. 12

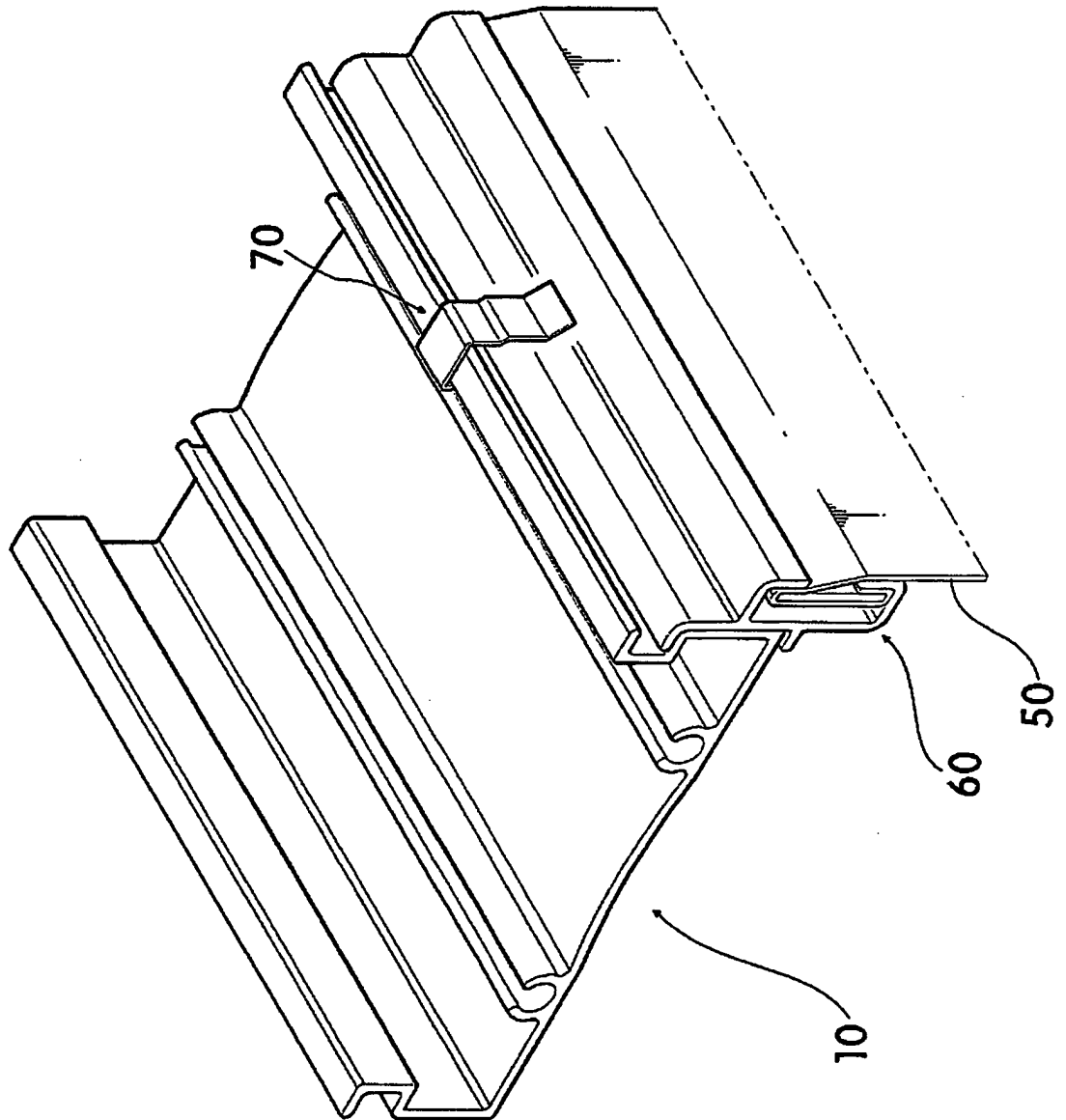
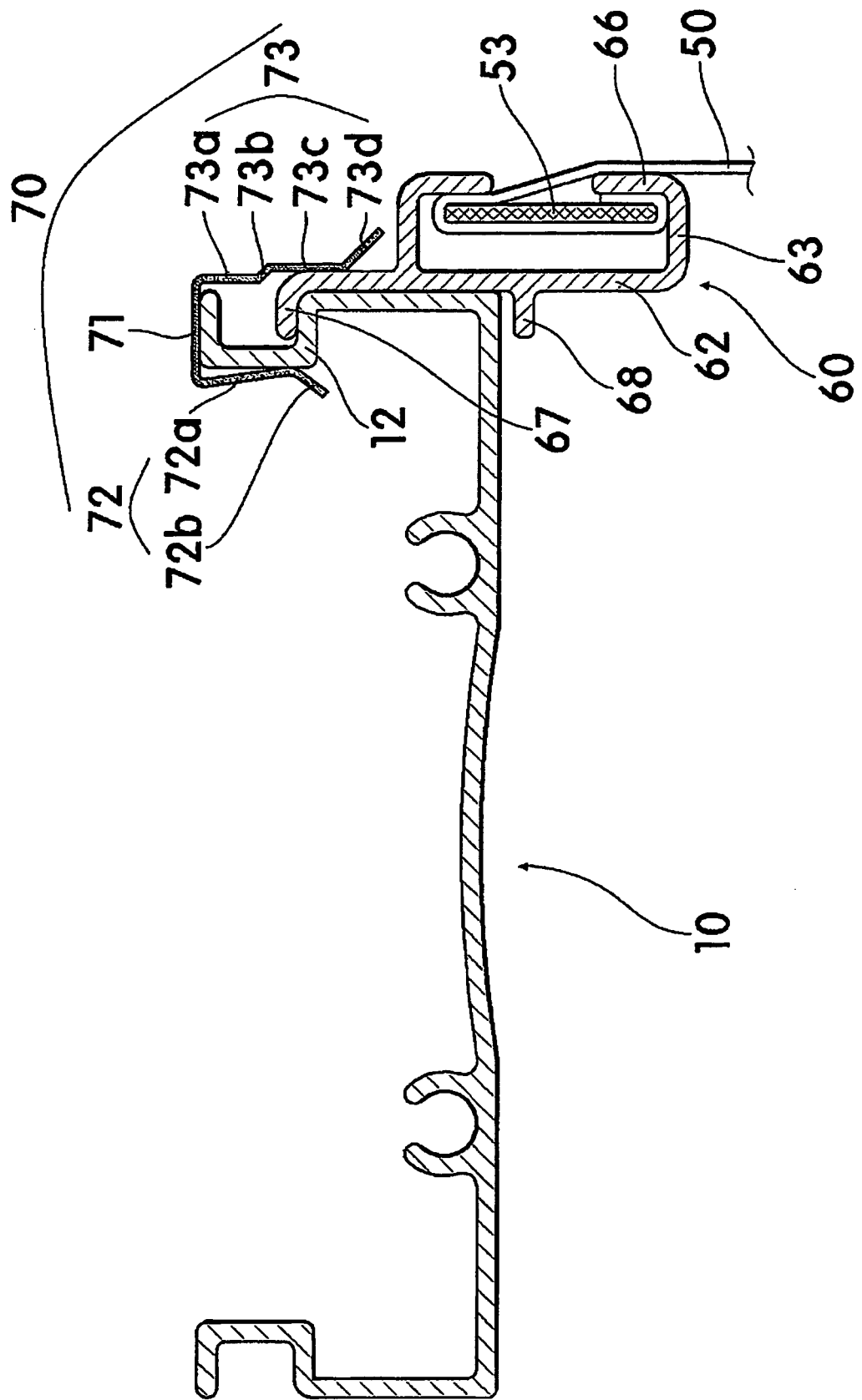


FIG. 13



REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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