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- **CHU, Li**
Shenzhen
Guangdong 518057 (CN)
- **YANG, Ri**
Shenzhen
Guangdong 518057 (CN)
- **SU, Cuixi**
Shenzhen
Guangdong 518057 (CN)

(71) Applicant: **ZTE Corporation**
Shenzhen, Guangdong 518057 (CN)

(74) Representative: **Waddington, Richard et al**
Appleyard Lees,
15 Clare Road
Halifax HX1 2HY (GB)

(72) Inventors:

- **SONG, Jianquan**
Shenzhen
Guangdong 518057 (CN)
- **XU, Ling**
Shenzhen
Guangdong 518057 (CN)

(54) **METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR REALIZING MULTI-PART CONFERENCE CALL IN A WIRELESS COMMUNICATION SYSTEM**

(57) The present invention provides a method and system for implementing a Multi-part Conference Call (MCC) in a wireless communication system, comprising a multicast and broadcast service controller, a multicast and broadcast content server, a multicast and broadcast content provider, a MCC Management and a MCC Content Provider at network side, and comprising MCC Clients at terminal side. A user or the MCC Management triggers creation of a MCC, and users upload conference content of them to the MCC Content Provider via the MCC Clients after joining in the MCC; the MCC Content Provider combines the conference contents uploaded by the users into a multicast and broadcast program and provides the program to the multicast and broadcast content server; and the multicast and broadcast content server transmits the multicast and broadcast program to users of the MCC. The present invention realizes providing a MCC service in a wireless communication system.

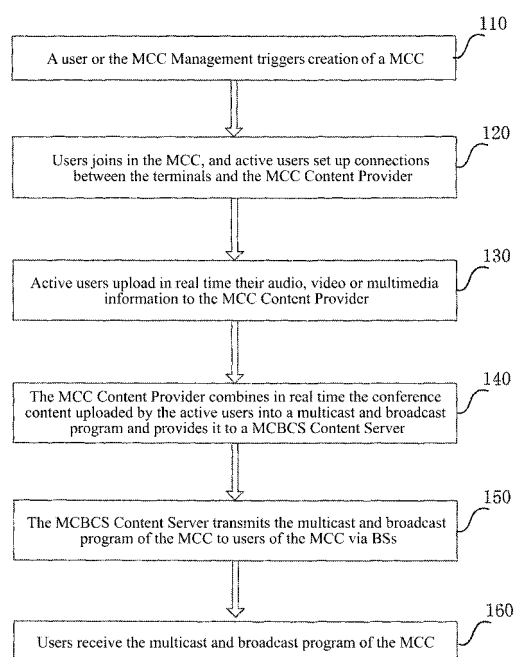


FIG. 2

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Description

Technical Field

[0001] The present invention relates to a wireless communication system, and particularly, to a method and system for implementing a multi-part conference call in a wireless communication system.

Background of the Invention

[0002] The multi-part audio or video conference call has been realized in the fixed communication system, but has not been realized in the wireless communication system yet by now.

[0003] Nowadays, all wireless communication systems have defined multicast and broadcast services, namely services sent to a group of subscribers or all subscribers, and a base station (BS) can determine flexibly whether unicast connection bearer or multicast and broadcast connection bearer is used according to the number of users currently served by the BS when the BS transmits multicast and broadcast services on the air interface.

[0004] Taking WiMAX (Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access) wireless communication system as an example, MCBSC (Multicast and Broadcast Service) is defined in the Service Provider Working Group (SPWG) of the WiMAX Forum, and MBS (Multicast and Broadcast Service) on airlink is defined in IEEE802.16e-2005. The MCBSC defined by the SPWG refers to a service type of a program, i.e., the program is of multicast and broadcast service type; while the MBS of IEEE802.16e-2005 defines a bearing mode of the air interface for the program, i.e., the MBS bearing mode is used. Only if a program is defined as a MCBSC, the MBS bearing mode can be used on the air interface; furthermore, even if a program is defined as a MCBSC, an ASN (Access Service Network) can determine whether to use a multicast and broadcast connection for transmission or use unicast connections for transmission under each BS based on how many users are to receive the MCBSC program under the BS. Generally, a threshold may be preset, and when the number of users receiving the MCBSC program under the BS exceeds the threshold, the multicast and broadcast connection is used for transmission, otherwise, unicast connections are used for transmission.

[0005] The multicast and broadcast framework standard of WiMAX is being formulated at present, but fundamental functional entities have been defined.

Summary of the Invention

[0006] The technical problem to be solved by the present invention is to provide a method and system for implementing a multi-part conference call in a wireless communication system.

[0007] To solve the above technical problem, the

present invention provides a method for implementing a Multi-part Conference Call (MCC) in a wireless communication system, comprising:

a user or a MCC Management triggering creation of a MCC, and users joining in the MCC;

user(s) of the MCC uploading conference content thereof to a MCC Content Provider;

the MCC Content Provider combining the conference content uploaded by users into a multicast and broadcast program, and providing the multicast and broadcast program to a multicast and broadcast content server; and

the multicast and broadcast content server transmitting the multicast and broadcast program to users of the MCC, and the users receiving the multicast and broadcast program.

[0008] Furthermore, the above method may also have the following feature: the conference content is one or more types of audio, video, and multimedia information.

[0009] Furthermore, the above method may also have the following feature: users of the MCC are active users or inactive users, the active users have the ability to upload conference content thereof to the MCC Content Provider, and the inactive users shall not upload conference content thereof to the MCC Content Provider.

[0010] Furthermore, the above method may also comprise: specifying a type of the MCC as an open MCC or a MCC with a group management characteristic during creation of the MCC, wherein the open MCC refers to a MCC that all the users participating in are active users, and the MCC with a group management characteristic refers to a MCC that the users participating in are active users or inactive users.

[0011] Furthermore, the above method may also comprise: specifying a start time and an end time of the MCC during creation of the MCC.

[0012] Furthermore, the above method may also comprise: specifying, during creation of the MCC, one or more of the following types of information: the number of active users, identifications of the active users, the number of inactive users, and identifications of the inactive users, if the type of the MCC created is the MCC with a group management characteristic.

[0013] Furthermore, the above method may also comprise: the MCC Management authenticating the users when the users join in the MCC, and after the authentication is passed, the MCC Management informing the users of user types, and if a user is an active user, setting up a connection between the user and the MCC Content Provider.

[0014] Furthermore, the above method may also comprise: the MCC Content Provider adding an user identification of a user to the conference content uploaded by

the user when combining the conference content uploaded by users into the multicast and broadcast program, and the user filtering out the content containing the user identification of the user when receiving the multicast and broadcast program.

[0015] Furthermore, the above method may also comprise: the MCC Management allocating beforehand a multicast and broadcast content identification for conference content uploaded by a user, and when the user joins in reception of the multicast and broadcast service, the multicast and broadcast content identification corresponding to the conference content uploaded by the user being not carried in an airlink Dynamic Service Addition (DSA) process, so that the user does not receive the conference content uploaded by the user when receiving the multicast and broadcast program.

[0016] Furthermore, the above method may also have the following feature: the MCC Content Provider combines the conference content uploaded by users periodically.

[0017] Furthermore, the above method may also comprise: before the MCC begins, the MCC Management sending a multicast and broadcast setup request to a multicast and broadcast controller to request setup of the MCC, and after connections between an access gateway and user terminals are set up, the MCC Management sending a multicast and broadcast setup indication to the multicast and broadcast content server to allow the multicast and broadcast content server to start multicast and broadcast service transmission.

[0018] The present invention also presents a system for implementing a Multi-part Conference Call (MCC) in a wireless communication system, comprising a multicast and broadcast service controller, a multicast and broadcast content server, and a multicast and broadcast content provider at network side, and further comprising a MCC Management and a MCC Content Provider at the network side, and comprising MCC Clients at terminal side, wherein

the MCC Client is configured to set up a connection between a user and the MCC Content Provider, upload conference content of the user to the MCC Content Provider, and receive a multicast and broadcast program of the MCC;

the MCC Management is configured to create, release, and delete the MCC, and perform time management and user management for the MCC;

the MCC Content Provider is configured to receive conference content uploaded by users of the MCC, combine the conference content into a multicast and broadcast program, and provide the multicast and broadcast program to the multicast and broadcast content server; and the multicast and broadcast content server transmits the multicast and broadcast program of the MCC to the MCC Clients.

[0019] Furthermore, the above system may also have the following feature: before the MCC begins, the MCC Management sends a multicast and broadcast setup re-

quest to the multicast and broadcast controller to request setup of the MCC, and after connections between an access gateway and user terminals are set up, the MCC Management sends a multicast and broadcast setup indication to the multicast and broadcast content server to allow the multicast and broadcast content server to start multicast and broadcast service transmission.

[0020] Furthermore, the above system may also have the following feature: the MCC Content Provider adds a user identification of a user to the conference content uploaded by the user when combining the conference content uploaded by users into the multicast and broadcast program, and when the user receives the multicast and broadcast program, the MCC Client filters out the content containing the user identification of the user.

[0021] Furthermore, the above system may also have the following feature: the MCC Management allocates beforehand a multicast and broadcast content identification for conference content uploaded by a user, when the user joins in reception of the multicast and broadcast service, the multicast and broadcast content identification corresponding to the conference content uploaded by the user is not carried in an airlink Dynamic Service Addition (DSA) process, and the MCC Client does not receive the conference content uploaded by the MCC Client when receiving the multicast and broadcast program.

[0022] Furthermore, the above system may also have the following feature: the MCC Content Provider combines the conference content uploaded by users via the MCC Clients periodically.

[0023] The present invention realizes a multi-part audio and/or video conference call service in a wireless communication system by utilizing the multicast and broadcast architecture of the wireless communication system, adding multi-part conference call management and multi-part conference call content provider at the network side and multi-part conference call clients at the terminal side, and combining the content of the multi-part conference call into a multimedia multicast and broadcast program for transmission.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0024]

FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram of the architecture of a MCC in a WiMAX system and uplink and downlink service flows;

FIG. 2 is a flow chart of a method for implementing a multi-part audio and video call in a wireless communication system according to the present invention;

FIG. 3 is a flow chart of generating a MCBSC program through an uplink channel by a MCC system according to the present invention;

FIG. 4 is a flow chart of transmitting a MCBCS program of a MCC system in a downlink channel according to the present invention;

FIG. 5 is a flow chart of triggering the setup of a MCC bearer by a user through a MCC Management according to the present invention.

Preferred Embodiments of the Present Invention

[0025] For description convenience, the multi-part audio and video conference call is referred to as multi-part conference call for short hereinafter.

[0026] One of the characteristics of the multi-part audio and video conference call is that the receiving users may be a few users far away from one another, or may be a lot of users within a building. This characteristic conforms to the property of the multicast and broadcast service in a wireless communication system, so the multicast and broadcast service can be applied undoubtedly to implement a multi-part audio and video conference call in a high speed wireless communication system.

[0027] The present invention provides a system for implementing a multi-part conference call in a wireless communication system, in which two new functional entities, Multi-part Conference Call Management (MCC Management) and Multi-part Conference Call Content Provider (MCC Content Provider), are added in the multicast and broadcast service architecture of the wireless communication system on the network side, to provide a multi-part conference call service based on the existing multicast and broadcast service of wireless communication.

[0028] A Multi-part Conference Call Client (MCC Client) is added in the terminal for participating in a multi-part conference call and uploading and receiving content of the multi-part conference call.

[0029] In the following, a WiMAX system is taken as an example for illustrating how to implement a multi-part conference call in a MCBCS of WiMAX.

[0030] The WiMAX system implements a multicast and broadcast service through a MCBCS Controller located in a CSN (Connect Service Network), a MCBCS Content Server, and a MCBCS Content Provider. The MCBCS Content Provider provides a source of multicast and broadcast services for the MCBCS Content Server. The MCBCS Content Provider may be located in the CSN, or may be provided by a third part.

[0031] As for the multi-part conference call, this type of multicast and broadcast service is implemented by adding the MCC Management and MCC Content Provider in the existing multicast and broadcast service architecture. The newly added MCC Management and MCC Content Provider may be located in the CSN or in an ASP (Application Service Provider); and if they are located in the ASP, it means that the multi-part conference call service is totally provided by a third part.

[0032] The following description merely relates to the scenario where the MCC Management and MCC Content

Provider are located in the CSN, however, the principle thereof is the same as that of the scenario where the MCC Management and MCC Content Provider are located in the ASP.

[0033] As shown in FIG. 1, a multi-part conference call function is implemented by adding a MCC Management and a MCC Content Provider on the network side and MCC Clients on the terminal side in the original multicast and broadcast architecture.

[0034] The newly added functional entity MCC Management is in charge of maintaining the creation, release and deletion of a multi-part conference call, time management for a multi-part conference call, and group user management for a multi-part conference call. The time management for a multi-part conference call includes a start time and an end time of a multi-part conference call, and the group user management for a multi-part conference call includes maintenance of active users and inactive users. Once the multi-part conference call is created, the time management and group user management for the multi-part conference call can be performed, even when the multi-part conference call is going on. Once the multi-part conference call is released or deleted, the time and group user management information related to the multi-part conference call can be released.

[0035] The newly added functional entity MCC Content Provider is used to combine uplink content, including audio, video or multimedia information, of active users participating in the multi-part conference call into a program of downlink MCBCS, and provide the program as a multicast and broadcast service source to the MCBCS Content Server; then the MCBCS Content Server sends the multicast and broadcast program to the MCC Clients of the user terminals. In a typical multicast and broadcast service, the content source is from a multicast and broadcast service content provider, while the content source of a multi-part conference call is from the MCC Content Provider. The content of the MCC Content Provider is from uplink content, including one or a combination of audio, video, and multimedia information, of active users participating in the multi-part conference call. The newly added functional entity MCC Content Provider may also be a functional module of the MCBCS Content Server.

[0036] The newly added functional entity MCC Client in the terminal may accomplish one or more of the following functions: the MCC Client may be used to receive a terminal user type allocated by the MCC Management; if the terminal user is an active user, the MCC Client may be used to trigger the setup of an uplink between the terminal and the MCC Content Provider so that the active user can upload its audio, video, and multimedia information to the MCC Content Provider through the MCC Client; and the MCC Client may also be used to receive a multicast and broadcast program of a multi-part conference call sent by the MCBCS Content Server. If the terminal is an active user, the MCC Client may filter out the portion of content uploaded by it when receiving downlink content. The MCC Client may also be used for

the terminal to initiate a multi-part conference call creation request, and for the terminal to initiate actively the withdrawal from a multi-part conference call, etc.

[0037] The present invention provides a method for implementing a multi-part audio and video conference call in a wireless communication system. As shown in FIG. 2, the method comprises the following steps of.

110, a user or the MCC Management triggers creation of a multi-part conference call;

[0038] The multi-part conference call classifies users into two sorts, namely active users and inactive users, both of which can receive downlink content of the multi-part conference call; however, active users can upload their audio, video or multimedia information to a MCC Content Provider during the multi-part conference call, while inactive users cannot. For a multi-part conference call, active users always exist, while inactive users are not necessary.

[0039] Multi-part conference calls may be classified into two types, one of which is open multi-part conference call, and the other is multi-part conference call with a group management characteristic.

[0040] If an open multi-part conference call is created by a user, a maximum number of users participating in the multi-part conference call can be specified when the multi-part conference call is created, without differentiating user types, i.e., it is not required to classify users into active users and inactive users. All the users participating in the multi-part conference call are active users, and can upload their audio, video or multimedia information to the MCC Content Provider.

[0041] If a multi-part conference call with a group management characteristic is created by a user, it is required to classify users into active users and inactive users. When a multi-part conference call with a group management characteristic is created, one or more of the following types of information may be specified: the number of active users and identifications of active users may be defined, and the number of inactive users and identifications of inactive users may be defined. The user type may be changed dynamically, i.e., a user may be converted from an active user to an inactive user, or vice versa, during the conference.

[0042] When a user creates a multi-part conference call, at least a start time and an end time of the conference call should be included; and the type of the multi-part conference call being created, i.e. open type or group management type, may also be included.

[0043] 120, the multi-part conference call starts, all participant users join in the multi-part conference call, and MCC Clients of active users trigger setup of connections between the user terminals and the MCC Content Provider;

[0044] In a typical multicast and broadcast service, it is required to authenticate and authorize a user joining in the multicast, while for a multi-part conference call with

a group management characteristic, it is further required to authenticate and authorize a user by a MCC group user management of the MCC Management before the authentication and authorization of a typical multicast and broadcast service.

[0045] For a multi-part conference call with a group management characteristic, when a user joins in the multi-part conference call, the step of authentication and authorization by the MCC Management is executed first, and if it is determined that the user is a valid user, the MCC Management informs the MCC Client of the user terminal of the user type. If the user is an active user, the MCC Client triggers setup of a connection between the user terminal and the MCC Content Provider to allow the user terminal to upload its audio, video or multimedia information to the MCC Content Provider; if the user is an inactive user, the connection between the terminal and the MCC Content Provider will not be set up.

[0046] After the authentication and authorization by the MCC Management, it is required to perform the authentication and authorization of the multicast and broadcast service.

[0047] 130, active users of the multi-part conference call upload their conference content, such as audio, video, or multimedia information, to the MCC Content Provider in real time;

[0048] 140, the MCC Content Provider combines the conference content (i.e., audio, video or multimedia information) uploaded by the active users into a multicast and broadcast program, and provides the multicast and broadcast program as a multicast and broadcast service source to the MCC Content Server;

[0049] The MCC Content Provider may combine in real time or periodically the conference content uploaded by the active users, and sends it to the MCC Content Server. The periodic combination of the content uploaded by the active users may be performed in frame unit.

[0050] Irrespective of whether a multi-part conference call is triggered by a user or by the network side, the MCC Content Provider is required to combine the uplink content from active users into a multicast and broadcast downlink program of the multi-part conference call. During the combination, two modes can be considered. In the first mode, it needs to be considered that the active user should be able to filter out its uplink content from the downlink multicast and broadcast program, and thus measures should be taken to identify the identification and uplink content of the active user in the combined program during the combination of this mode; in the second mode, such scenario need not to be considered, any identification related to the user is not added, and just the combination of uplink content is performed.

[0051] There are two combination methods for implementing the first mode:

Method 1, when combining the uplink content of active users, the MCC Content Provider marks the uplink content of each active user with a user identification

cation that uniquely identifies the user in the multicast and broadcast group. The user identification may be a mobile station identification (MS_ID), or a user identification allocated by the MCC Management for the user during the group user management. When the active user receives a downlink multicast and broadcast service of a multi-part conference call, the MCC Client will filter out the portion of content carrying the user identification of the active user.

Method 2, the MCC Management allocates beforehand a MBS Content ID (Multicast and Broadcast Service Content Identification) for uplink content of each active user. When users join in the reception of a downlink multicast and broadcast service, during a link DSA (Dynamic Service Addition), for the active user, the MBS Content ID allocated for the active user's uplink content will not be carried. As such, when receiving a multicast service, the active user will not receive the portion of content uploaded by it in the MBS Data.

[0052] Specifically, according to 802.16e-2005 protocol, MBS Content IDs correspond to Logical CIDs (Logical Connection IDs) one to one in the same Multicast CID (Multicast Connection ID) of Extended_MBS_DATA_IE (Extended MBS Data Information Element), and the sequence of MBS PDUs (MBS Protocol Data Units) allocated by a BS corresponds to the sequence of combinations of Multicast CID and Logical CID. If the MBS Content ID allocated for the uplink content of an active user is absent in the DSA process, when receiving the MBS, the active user will not receive the MBS PDU corresponding to the portion of content uploaded by it.

[0053] 150, the MCBCS Content Server transmits the multicast and broadcast program of the multi-part conference call provided by the MCC Content Provider to BSs, and then the BSs transmits the multicast and broadcast program to users of the multi-part conference call;

[0054] When transmitting the multicast and broadcast program of the multi-part conference call, the BS may use a unicast bearer, or may directly use a multicast and broadcast channel bearer, or determines whether the unicast bearer or multicast and broadcast channel bearer is used according to the current number of users under the BS.

[0055] 160, users of the multi-part conference call receive the multicast and broadcast program of the multi-part conference call from the BSs, where the users receive the multicast and broadcast program through the MCC Clients of the terminals.

[0056] If the MCC Content Provider applies the first mode to combine the audio, video or multimedia information uploaded by users in step 140, the active user filters out the uplink content of it when receiving the multicast and broadcast program of the multi-part conference call. Wherein, if the combination is implemented with the second method of the first mode, when an active user

joins in the multi-part conference call, the MBS Content ID allocated for the content uploaded by the active user will not be carried in the DSA process.

[0057] The technical scheme of the present invention is described below in further details in conjunction with accompanying drawings.

[0058] FIG. 3 shows a flow of generating a MCBCS program through an uplink channel by a multi-part conference call system.

10 **[0059]** 201a~201b, active users MS1, MS2 upload their audio, video, or multimedia information respectively to a MCC Content Provider by unicast; and 202, the MCC Content Provider combines the content uploaded by the active users into a multicast and broadcast program.

15 **[0060]** FIG. 4 shows a flow of transmitting a MCBCS program of a multi-part conference call system in a downlink channel.

[0061] 301a~301c, a MCC Content Provider transmits a combined multicast and broadcast program to terminal users MS1, MS2, and MS3; and 302a~302b, active users MS1 and MS2 filter out the content uploaded by them when receiving the MCBCS program of the multi-part conference call.

25 **[0062]** For the first user joining in a multi-part conference call, a flow for setting up a MCBCS of a multi-part conference call is triggered. FIG. 5 is a schematic diagram of triggering setup of a multi-part conference call MCBCS through a MCC Management when the first user joins in the multi-part conference call.

30 **[0063]** 401, the MCC Client of a terminal user sends a multi-part conference call joining message to the MCC Management;

402, after the MCC Management receives the multi-part conference call joining message, if the multi-part conference call currently joined in is a multi-part conference call with a group management characteristic, the MCC Management authenticates the user; if the user is a valid user in a multi-part conference call group, the MCC Management informs the MCC Client of the terminal user of a user type and an allocated user identification; further, if the user is an active user, a connection between the terminal and the MCC Content Provider is set up; and if the current time is the start time of the conference, a subsequent multicast and broadcast service flow proceeds.

[0064] Before the start of the predetermined multi-part conference call, the MCC Management sends a MCBCS Setup Req (MCBCS Setup Request) to a MCBCS Controller to request setup of the multi-part conference call, where the message may carry a MCBCS type which is multi-part conference call; if the combination of conference content applies the method 1 of the first mode, the message is also required to carry the user identification; if method 2 of the first mode is applied, a MBS Content ID allocated according the sequence of the identifications of active users needs to be carried.

[0065] 403~404, the MCBCS Controller transfers the

MCBCS Setup Req message to a BS via a AGW (Access Gateway); wherein in step 403, after receiving the MCBCS Setup Req message, the MCBCS Controller may further request an AAA (Authentication, Authorization and Accounting) server to authenticate and authorize the MCBCS, and then proceeds to the subsequent flow after the authentication is passed and the MCBCS is authorized.

[0066] 405–407, service flow addition request, service flow addition response, and service flow addition confirmation.

[0067] If the MCC Content Provider applies the method 2 of the first mode to combine the uplink content of users, the MBS Content IDs corresponding to the uplink content of the active users after combination cannot be included in the DSA process for the active users. In this way, the active users won't receive the content uploaded by them.

[0068] 408–409, after the BS reserves resources for a MCBCS data channel successfully, the BS sends a MCBCS Setup Rsp (MCBCS Setup Response) message to the AGW, and the AGW sends the message to the MCBCS Controller;

410, the MCBCS Controller returns the MCBCS Setup Rsp message to the MCC Management to indicate a connection between the AGW and the terminal user in the multi-part conference call has been set up successfully; 411, the MCC Management sends a MCBCS Setup Indication to a MCBCS Content Server to indicate that the MCBCS Content Server can begin to transmit the MCBCS;

412, the MCBCS Content Server sends the content from the MCC Content Provider via a downlink connection to active users or inactive users.

[0069] The method and system for implementing a multi-part audio and video conference call according to the present invention is not limited to the above WiMAX wireless communication system, but is also applicable to other wireless communication systems, such as 3GPP and 3GPP2, which only requires to add the functional entities for implementing a multi-part audio and video conference call as described in the present invention into the multicast and broadcast architectures of the corresponding wireless communication systems.

[0070] Of course, the present invention may have many other embodiments. Those skilled in art may make various corresponding modifications and transformations according to the present invention, without departing from the spirit and essence of the present invention, and the corresponding modifications and transformations shall all fall into the protection scope of the claims appended to the present invention.

Industrial Applicability

[0071] The present invention realizes providing a multi-part conference call service in a wireless communication system by utilizing the existing multicast and broadcast architecture of the wireless communication system,

adding functional entities of MCC Management and MCC Content Provider at the network side and MCC Clients at the terminal side in the architecture, and combining the content of the multi-part conference call into a multimedia multicast and broadcast program for transmission. The method and the system of the present invention may be applied in wireless communication systems such as 3GPP, 3GPP2, WiWAX, etc.

Claims

1. A method for implementing a Multi-part Conference Call (MCC) in a wireless communication system, comprising:

a user or a MCC Management triggering creation of a MCC, and users joining in the MCC; user(s) of the MCC uploading conference content thereof to a MCC Content Provider; the MCC Content Provider combining the conference content uploaded by users into a multicast and broadcast program, and providing the multicast and broadcast program to a multicast and broadcast content server; and the multicast and broadcast content server transmitting the multicast and broadcast program to users of the MCC, and the users receiving the multicast and broadcast program

2. The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the conference content is one or more types of audio, video, and multimedia information.
3. The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein users of the MCC are active users or inactive users, the active users have the ability to upload conference content thereof to the MCC Content Provider, and the inactive users shall not upload conference content thereof to the MCC Content Provider.
4. The method as claimed in claim 3, further comprising:

specifying a type of the MCC as an open MCC or a MCC with a group management characteristic during creation of the MCC, wherein the open MCC refers to a MCC that all the users participating in are active users, and the MCC with a group management characteristic refers to a MCC that the users participating in are active users or inactive users.

5. The method as claimed in claim 1 or 2 or 4, further comprising:

specifying a start time and an end time of the MCC during creation of the MCC.

6. The method as claimed in claim 4, further comprising:

specifying, during creation of the MCC, one or more of the following types of information: the number of active users, identifications of the active users, the number of inactive users, and identifications of the inactive users, if the type of the MCC created is the MCC with a group management characteristic.

7. The method as claimed in claim 1 or 3, further comprising:

the MCC Management authenticating the users when the users join in the MCC, and after the authentication is passed, the MCC Management informing the users of user types, and if a user is an active user, setting up a connection between the user and the MCC Content Provider.

8. The method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising:

the MCC Content Provider adding an user identification of a user to the conference content uploaded by the user when combining the conference content uploaded by users into the multicast and broadcast program, and the user filtering out the content containing the user identification of the user when receiving the multicast and broadcast program

9. The method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising:

the MCC Management allocating beforehand a multicast and broadcast content identification for conference content uploaded by a user, and when the user joins in reception of the multicast and broadcast service, the multicast and broadcast content identification corresponding to the conference content uploaded by the user being not carried in an airlink Dynamic Service Addition (DSA) process, so that the user does not receive the conference content uploaded by the user when receiving the multicast and broadcast program.

10. The method as claimed in claim 1 or 8 or 9, wherein the MCC Content Provider combines the conference content uploaded by users periodically.

11. The method as claimed in any one of claims 1-4, 8 and 9, further comprising:

before the MCC begins, the MCC Management sending a multicast and broadcast setup re-

quest to a multicast and broadcast controller to request setup of the MCC, and after connections between an access gateway and user terminals are set up, the MCC Management sending a multicast and broadcast setup indication to the multicast and broadcast content server to allow the multicast and broadcast content server to start multicast and broadcast service transmission.

12. A system for implementing a Multi-part Conference Call (MCC) in a wireless communication system, comprising a multicast and broadcast service controller, a multicast and broadcast content server, and a multicast and broadcast content provider at network side, and further comprising a MCC Management and a MCC Content Provider at the network side, and comprising MCC Clients at terminal side, wherein

the MCC Client is configured to set up a connection between a user and the MCC Content Provider, upload conference content of the user to the MCC Content Provider, and receive a multicast and broadcast program of the MCC;

the MCC Management is configured to create, release, and delete the MCC, and perform time management and user management for the MCC;

the MCC Content Provider is configured to receive conference content uploaded by users of the MCC, combine the conference content into a multicast and broadcast program, and provide the multicast and broadcast program to the multicast and broadcast content server; and the multicast and broadcast content server transmits the multicast and broadcast program of the MCC to the MCC Clients.

13. The system as claimed in claim 12, wherein before the MCC begins, the MCC Management sends a multicast and broadcast setup request to the multicast and broadcast controller to request setup of the MCC, and after connections between an access gateway and user terminals are set up, the MCC Management sends a multicast and broadcast setup indication to the multicast and broadcast content server to allow the multicast and broadcast content server to start multicast and broadcast service transmission.

14. The system as claimed in claim 12, wherein the MCC Content Provider adds a user identification of a user to the conference content uploaded by the user when combining the conference content uploaded by users into the multicast and broadcast program, and when the user receives the multicast and broadcast program, the MCC Client filters out the content containing the user identification of the user,

15. The system as claimed in any one of claims 12, 13

and 14, wherein

the MCC Management allocates beforehand a multicast and broadcast content identification for conference content uploaded by a user, when the user joins in reception of the multicast and broadcast service, the multicast and broadcast content identification corresponding to the conference content uploaded by the user is not carried in an airlink Dynamic Service Addition (DSA) process, and the MCC Client does not receive the conference content uploaded by the MCC Client when receiving the multicast and broadcast program.

- 16.** The system as claimed in any one of claims 12, 13 and 14, wherein the MCC Content Provider combines the conference content uploaded by users via the MCC Clients periodically.

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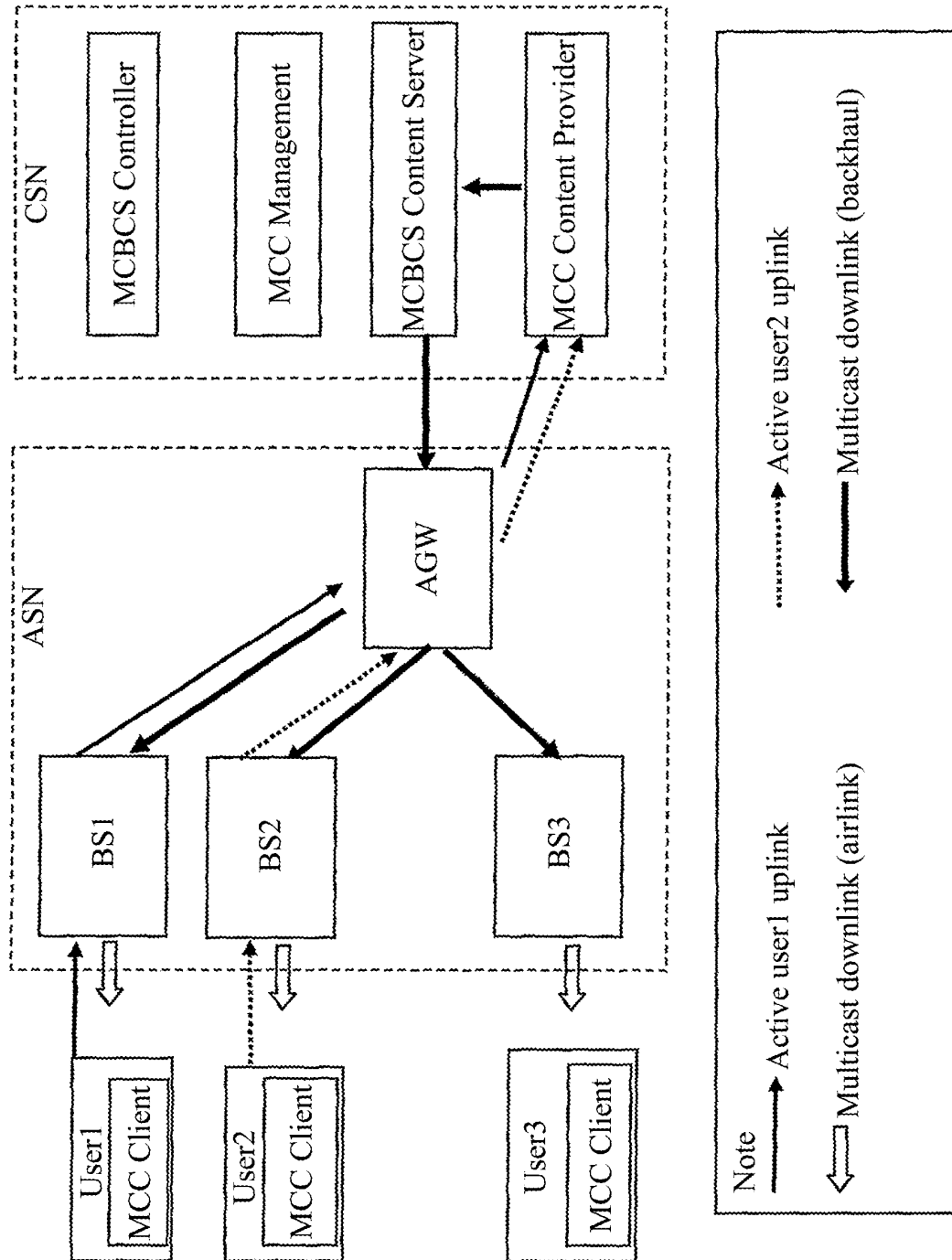


FIG. 1

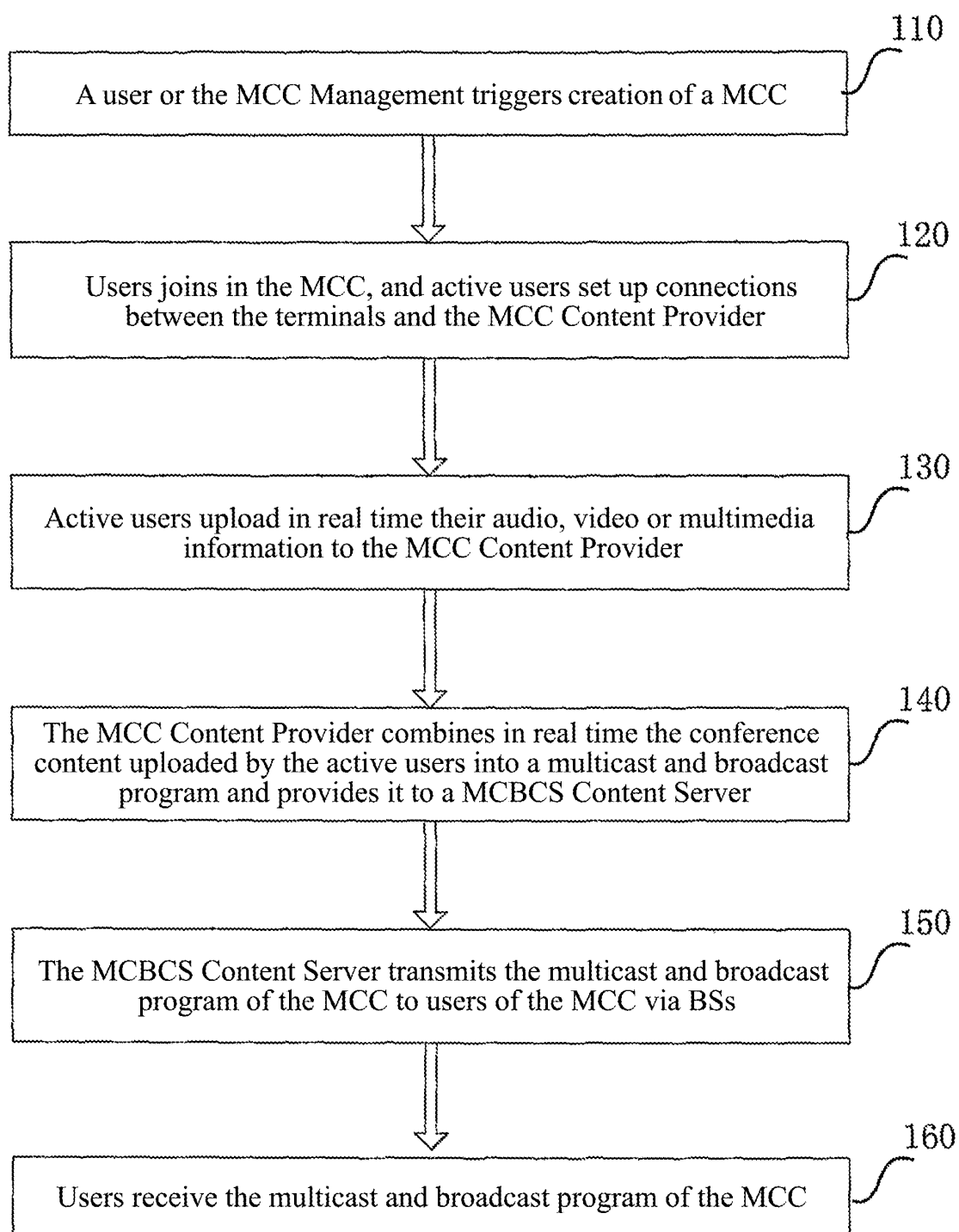


FIG. 2

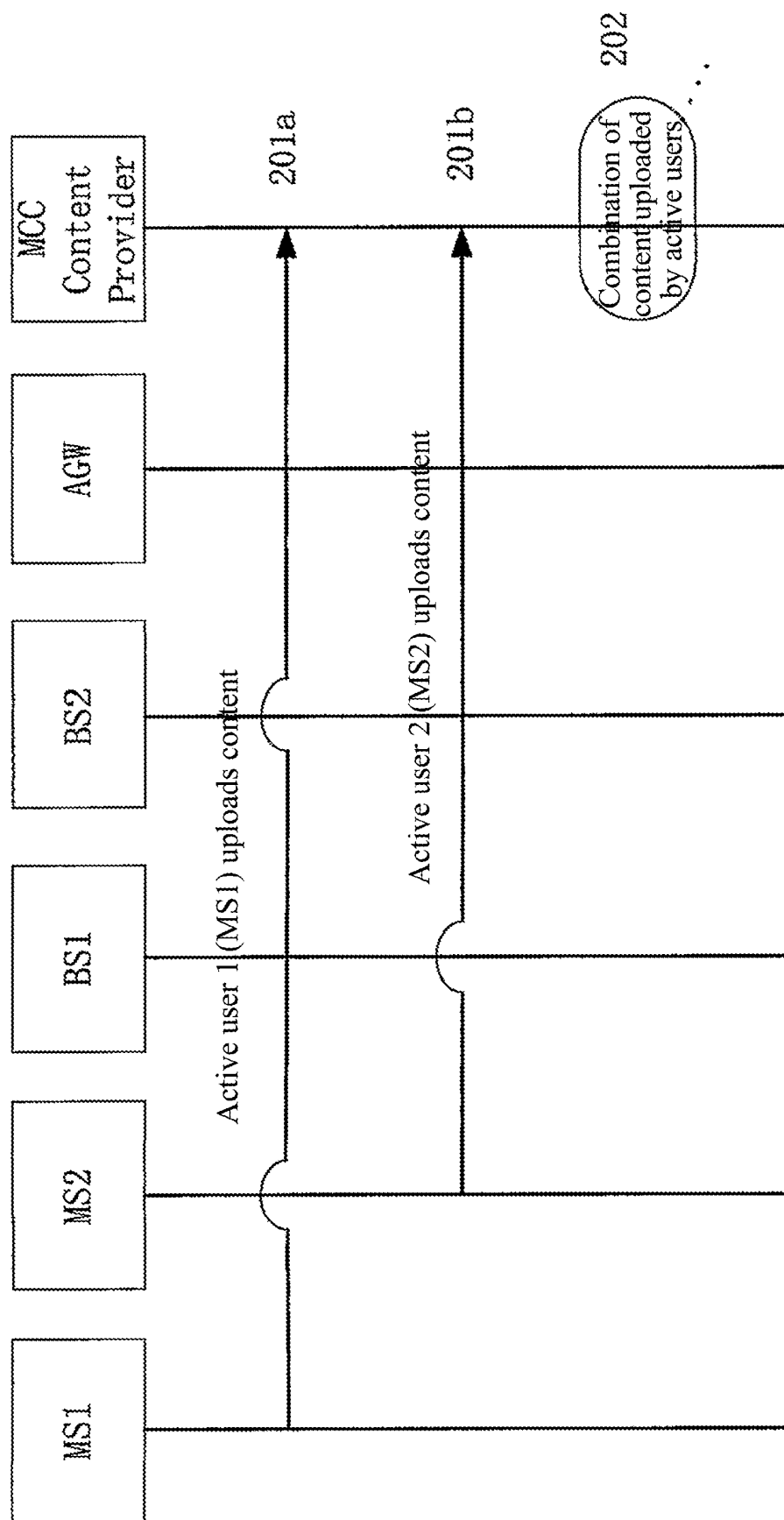


FIG. 3

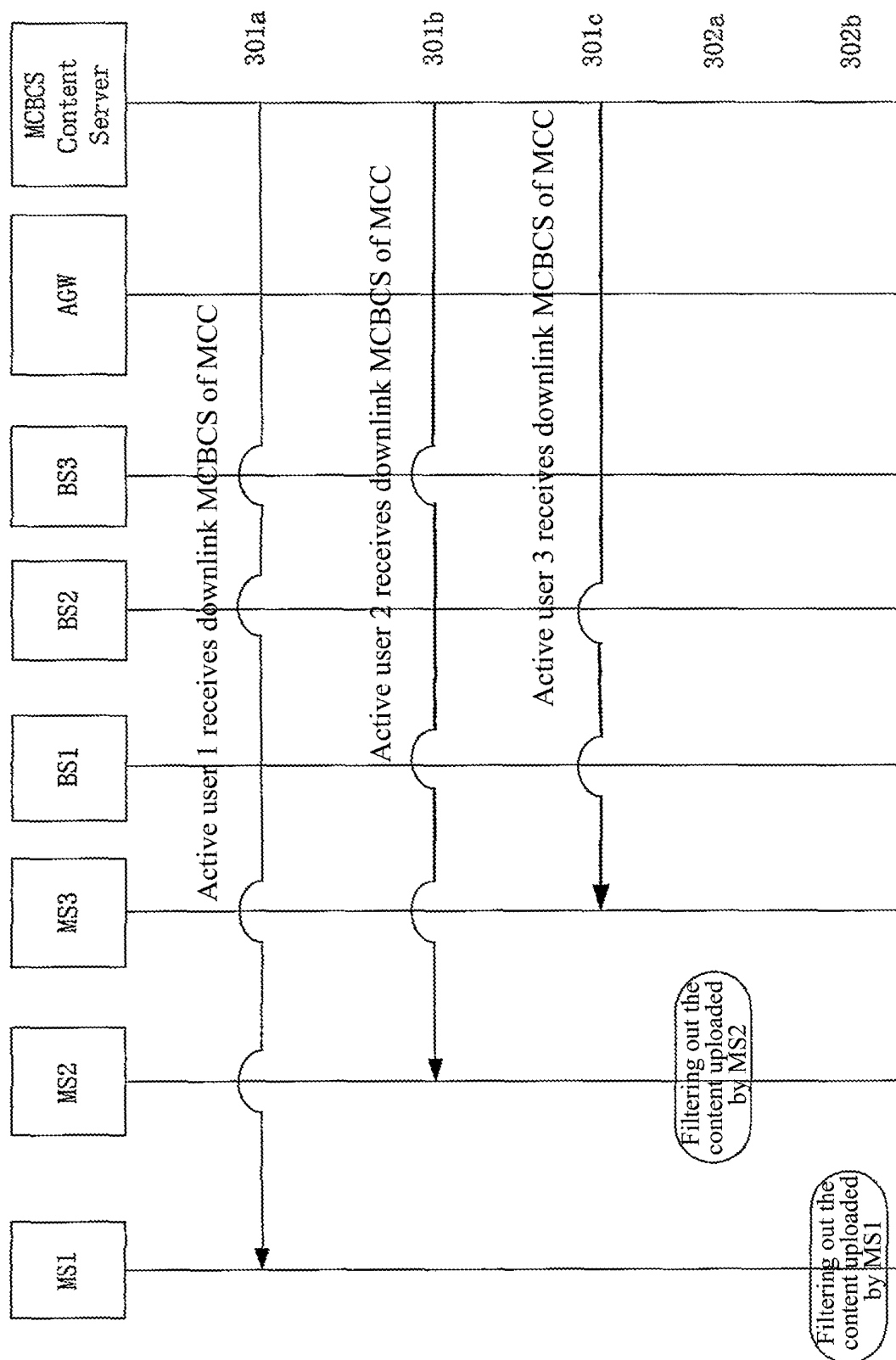


FIG. 4

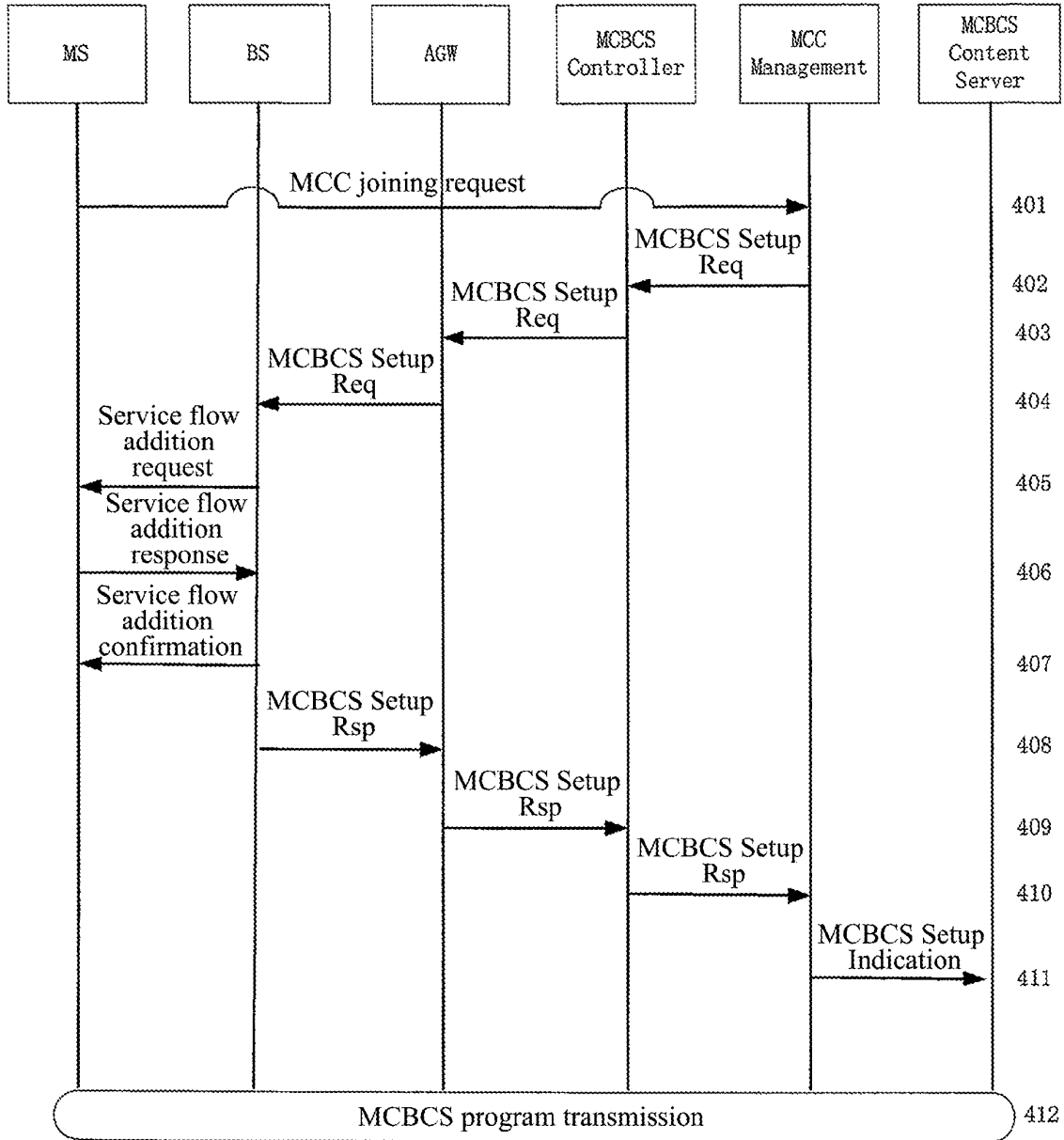


FIG. 5

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/CN2008/000228

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

H04L12/18 (2006.01) i

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC: H04L H04B H04M

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

WPI, EPODOC, PAJ, CNPAT, CNKI: wireless, call, conference, multi-part, upload, multicast, broadcast

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	CN1842016A (HITACHI LTD [JP]) 04 Oct. 2006 (04.10.2006) See claims 22-23, description page 20, paragraph 2-4, figure 8	1-16
A	CN1311599A ((LUCENT) LUCENT TECHNOLOGIES INC) 05 Sep. 2001 (05.09.2001) The whole document	1-16
A	US2006047750A1 (STARBAK COMMUNICATIONS INC [US]) 02 Mar. 2006 (02.03.2006) The whole document	1-16
A	EP1487149A1 (NEC INFRONTIA CORP [JP]) 15 Dec. 2004 (15.12.2004) The whole document	1-16

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.☒ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

“A” document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

“E” earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date

“L” document which may throw doubts on priority claim (S) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

“O” document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

“P” document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

“T” later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

“X” document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

“Y” document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art

“&” document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

28 Oct. 2008 (28.10.2008)

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Name and mailing address of the ISA/CN
The State Intellectual Property Office, the P.R.China
6 Xitucheng Rd., Jimen Bridge, Haidian District, Beijing, China
100088
Facsimile No. 86-10-62019451

Authorized officer

LIANG Nianshun

Telephone No. (86-10)62411273

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
 Information on patent family members

International application No.

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		JP3984929B2	03.10.2007

Form PCT/ISA/210 (patent family annex) (April 2007)