

Description

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] This invention relates to a case for displaying hand tools at a point of sale, and particularly a case that allows a customer to test the hand tool without removing the hand tool from the case.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

[0002] Tool sets are customarily sold in cases with multiple interchangeably driven bits. The cases are sealed at the point of sale to prevent the hand tool and/or the driven bits from being lost or stolen. Consequently, it is not possible for the customer to test the hand tool without opening the case and breaking the seal.

[0003] Previous disposable packages have been designed to allow the customer to test a tool while it remains in the package. Such packaging has been limited to scissor type hand tools wherein one handle is exposed and the other loop handle is enclosed in the packaging. The packaging has some room for the working end of the scissors to operate.

[0004] Heretofore, reusable cases have not been designed so a hand tool can be functionally tested while remaining in the case. Accordingly, there is a need for a case that provides for functional testing of the handle by the user, while securing the tool to the case.

SUMMARY

[0005] In accordance with one aspect of the present invention, a case for holding a hand tool at a point of sale is provided. The hand tool has a working end and a handle. The handle projects from the case to form a handle for the case and the case engages the hand tool such that the hand tool is prevented from being removed from the case, while simultaneously the handle can be rotated with respect to the case to test a function of the hand tool. Before the case and the hand tool is purchased the hand tool is prevented from being removed from the case, but the handle can be rotated with respect to the case. After the hand tool is purchased the customer can break a seal and the case may be opened, thereby allowing the tool to be removed from the case.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0006] These and other features and advantages of the present invention will be better understood by reading the following detailed description, taken together with the drawings wherein:

[0007] FIG. 1 is a perspective view of the front side of the tool case in the open position and the tool removed from the tool case;

[0008] FIG. 2 is a perspective view of the retaining member of the tool case;

[0009] FIG. 3 is a perspective view of the front side of the tool case in the open position with the tool combined with the tool case; and

[0010] FIG. 4 is a perspective view of the front side of the tool case with the tool combined with the case of a second embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0011] With reference to FIGs. 1-4, the hand tool 4, in accordance with an embodiment, is a ratcheting type driver 4; however, one skilled in the art would understand that the present disclosure is not so limited. The driver 4 has a working end 42 and a handle 41. The handle 41 projects from the case 100 to form a handle 41 for the case 100 and the working end 42 is attached inside the case 100 by a retaining member 3, to prevent the hand tool 4 from being removed.

[0012] The case 100 in accordance with an embodiment includes a first side 1 and a second side 2 pivotable about a pivot point 11. The case 100 is suitable for carrying a hand tool 4 and may be adapted to carry hand tool accessories (not shown). In an alternate embodiment, the case 100 does not open and the hand tool accessories are adapted to fit into receptacles on the front of the case. In yet another embodiment, the case is a disposable package for holding and displaying the hand tool 4 at a point of sale. In a further embodiment, the case 100 has a transparent first side 1, made of any suitable material, such as plastic, to allow customers to see the contents of the case.

[0013] In an embodiment, the first side 1 and second side 2 of the case 100 are selectively lockable. A sliding latch 141 on the second side 2 engages a protrusion 142 on the first side 1 to selectively hold the case 1 in a closed position. Also, the case 100 may be fixed in the closed position at the point of sale. The first side 1 and second side 2 of the case 100 have corresponding eyes 151 and 152, respectively. The eyes 151 and 152 are adapted to receive a zip-tie to hold the case 4 in the closed position.

[0014] At the point of sale, it is preferable to have one or more ways of displaying the case 100. In an embodiment, the handle 41 of the hand tool 4 has an aperture 31 having an axis perpendicular to a first side 1 of the case 100 when the opposed handle portions 21 are aligned with the handle 4. The aperture 31 allows the case 1 to be displayed on, for example a hanger on a display rack.

[0015] The retaining member 3 combines with the inside wall 2a of the case 100 and is adapted to receive the hand tool 4 and hold the working end 42 of the hand tool 4 in position when the case 100 is closed. In the illustrated embodiment, the retaining member 3 has a semi-circular cut-out 32 and hole 33 adapted to receive the working end 42 of the hand tool 4. The top edge 421 of the working end 42 fits underneath the bottom of edge of the semi-circular cut-out 32. When the case 100 is in

the closed position, the hand tool 4 cannot be removed from the retaining member 3. When the case 100 is opened, the hand tool 4 is readily removable from the retaining member 3.

[0016] In an embodiment, the case 100 has two opposed projecting handle portions 21. The projecting handle portions 21 form part of the handle for the case 100. When the hand tool 4 is combined with the case 100, the opposed handle portions 21 and the handle 41 of the hand tool 4 form a generally continuous handle for the case 100. In an alternative embodiment, shown in FIG. 4, the projecting handle portions 21 have been removed and the handle 41 of the hand tool 4 is the sole handle for the case. In both embodiments, the handle 41 of the hand tool 4 projects from the case and is rotatable with respect to the case 100. The aforementioned designs advantageously allow the customer to test the function of the hand tool 4 by rotating its handle 41 with respect to the case 100.

[0017] In an embodiment, the handle 41 of the hand tool 4 is generally T-shaped and has an ergonomic feel to comfortably form to a customer's hand. However, any shape or variation of the handle 41 may be provided, so long as it provides a comfortable grip for the customer.

[0018] While the principles of the invention have been described herein, it is to be understood by those skilled in the art that this description is made only by way of example and not as a limitation as to the scope of the invention. Other embodiments are contemplated within the scope of the present invention in addition to the exemplary embodiments shown and described herein. Modifications and substitutions by one of ordinary skill in the art are considered to be within the scope of the present invention, which is not to be limited except by the following claims.

Claims

1. An apparatus comprising:
 - a case; and
 - a hand tool having a working end and a handle, wherein the handle projects from the case to form a handle for the case, and the case engages the hand tool such that the hand tool is prevented from being removed from the case while simultaneously, the handle can be rotated with respect to the case to test a function of the hand tool.
2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the hand tool is prevented from being removed from the case and the handle can be rotated with respect to the case when the case is in a closed position
3. The apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein the hand tool is allowed to be removed from

the case when the case is in an open position

4. The apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein the case comprises two opposed projecting handle portions wherein, the opposed handle portions and the handle of the hand tool are positioned relative to one another to form a generally continuous handle of the case.
5. The apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein the tool handle has an aperture, the aperture having an axis perpendicular to a display side of the case when the opposed handle portions and the handle are in alignment.
6. The apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein the case further comprises a first side and an opposed second side, wherein the second side pivots with respect to the first side to an open position.
7. The apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein the hand tool is a ratcheting driver.
8. The apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein the case is adapted to carry interchangeable driven bits.
9. The apparatus according to any preceding claim, and further comprising: a retaining member combinable with an interior wall of the case and adaptable to retain the working end of the hand tool.
10. The apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein the handle is ergonomically shaped.
11. The apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein the handle is generally T-shaped.
12. The apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein the case has a transparent side.

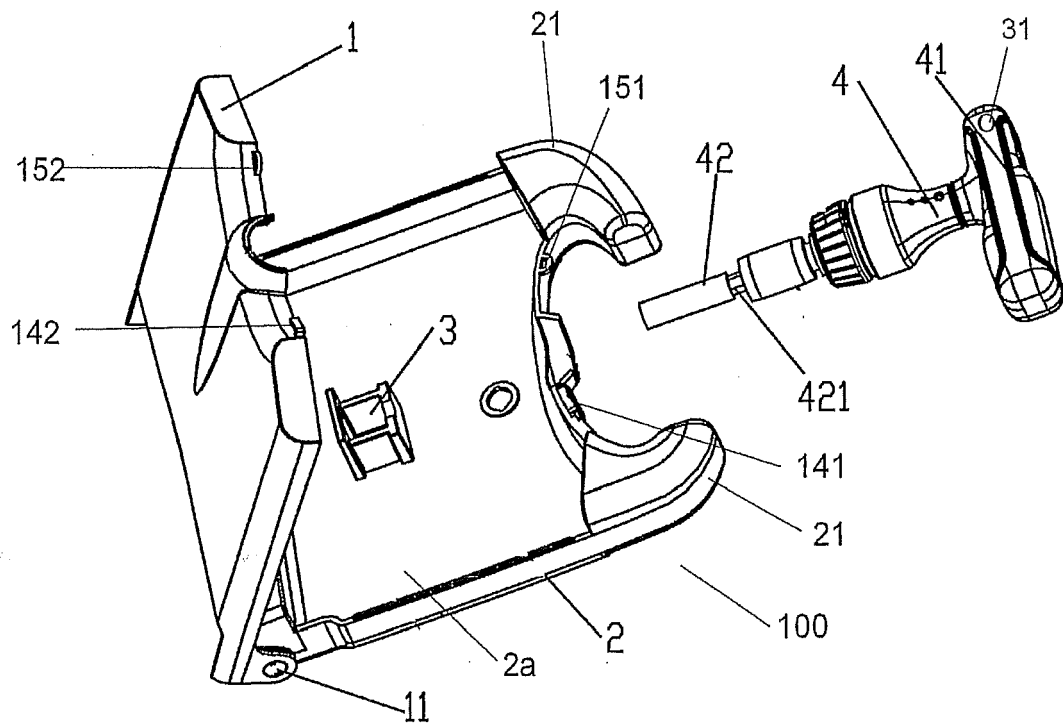


Fig.1

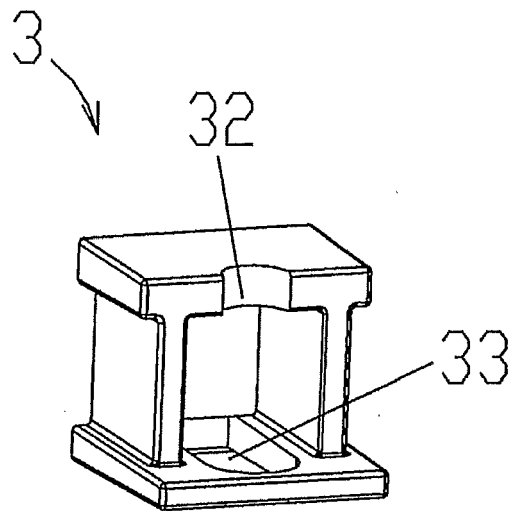


Fig.2

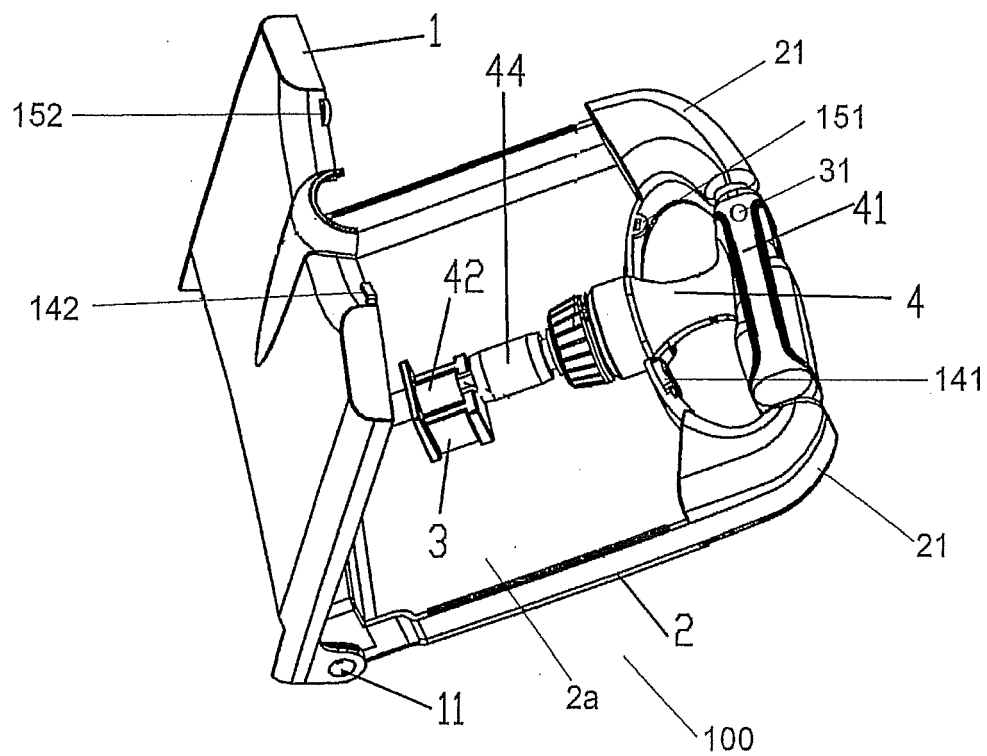


Fig.3

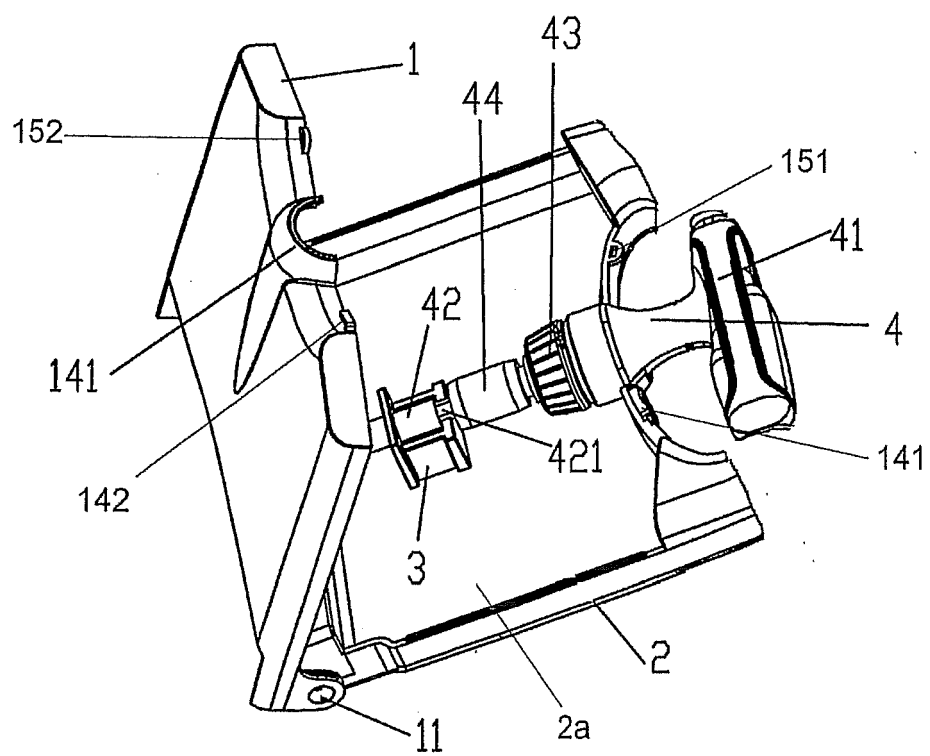


Fig. 4



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 10 16 7873

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)
X	US 5 816 401 A (VASUDEVA KAILASH C [CA] ET AL) 6 October 1998 (1998-10-06)	1-3,6,7,9-11	INV. B25H3/00
Y	* columns 2,3; figures * -----	8,12	
X	US 6 685 018 B1 (CHUAN TSENG YI [TW]) 3 February 2004 (2004-02-03)	1-3,6,7,9-11	
Y	* columns 2-4; figures * -----	8,12	
Y	US 2007/095690 A1 (NGUY CHANWA [US] ET AL) 3 May 2007 (2007-05-03)	1-3,6,8-10,12	
Y	* the whole document * -----		
Y	US 2007/228240 A1 (KAO CHI-FENG [TW]) 4 October 2007 (2007-10-04)	1-3,6,8-10	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC) B25H B25G
Y	* paragraphs [0021] - [0038]; figures * -----		
Y	US 5 918 741 A (VASUDEVA KAILASH C [CA]) 6 July 1999 (1999-07-06)	1,2,8	
Y	* columns 2,3; figures * -----		
Y	US 2004/094444 A1 (CHEN TERENCE [TW]) 20 May 2004 (2004-05-20)	1,3,8,9	
Y	* paragraphs [0016] - [0023]; figures * -----		
A	US 4 682 688 A (BUDERT GUENTER H [DE]) 28 July 1987 (1987-07-28)	1-12	
A	* column 2; figures * -----		
A	US 2008/110302 A1 (LIU YI-FENG [TW]) 15 May 2008 (2008-05-15)	1,10-12	
	* abstract; figures * -----		
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search The Hague		Date of completion of the search 12 October 2010	Examiner David, Radu
<p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document</p> <p>T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			

1

EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C01)

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 10 16 7873

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report.
The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on
The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

12-10-2010

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 5816401	A	06-10-1998	NONE	
US 6685018	B1	03-02-2004	NONE	
US 2007095690	A1	03-05-2007	WO 2007067159 A1	14-06-2007
US 2007228240	A1	04-10-2007	NONE	
US 5918741	A	06-07-1999	CA 2226798 A1 DE 19801157 A1	14-07-1998 16-07-1998
US 2004094444	A1	20-05-2004	NONE	
US 4682688	A	28-07-1987	DE 8501735 U1	21-03-1985
US 2008110302	A1	15-05-2008	NONE	