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(54) **A METHOD OF PREVENTING CORROSION IN A PUMP MOTOR FOR A DISHWASHER, AND ASSOCIATED APPARATUS**

VERFAHREN ZUR VERHINDERUNG VON KORROSION IN EINEM PUMPENMOTOR FÜR EINEN GESCHIRRRSPÜLER UND ZUGEORDNETE VORRICHTUNG

PROCÉDÉ DE PRÉVENTION DE LA CORROSION DANS UN MOTEUR DE POMPE POUR LAVE-VAISSELLE ET APPAREIL ASSOCIÉ

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(73) Proprietor: **Electrolux Home Products, Inc.  
Charlotte, NC 28262 (US)**

(72) Inventors:  
• **POYNER, Dennis, A.  
Kinston  
NC 28504 (US)**  
• **NELSON, Jeffrey, E.  
Kinston  
NC 28504 (US)**

(74) Representative: **Schwan Schorer & Partner mbB  
Patentanwälte  
Bauerstrasse 22  
80796 München (DE)**

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## Description

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### Field of the Invention

**[0001]** Embodiments of the present invention relate to washing appliances and, more particularly, to a method of preventing corrosion in a pump motor for a dishwashing appliance, and an apparatus associated therewith.

#### Description of Related Art

**[0002]** One manner of improving a dishwasher design is to reduce the costs of components, while retaining or improving functionality and service life. In this regard, electric motors typically used by dishwashers for circulation pump and/or drain pump functions are often constructed using copper windings. Due to increased costs of copper materials, however, it may be desirable to implement other suitable alternatives. One alternative configuration may implement a less expensive aluminum winding for the electric motor, in place of the common copper winding. One issue that may be encountered, though, is that the electric motor typically includes one or more electrical terminals engaged with the winding, and the one or more electrical terminals are often not comprised of aluminum (i.e., a brass material). In such instances, the aluminum winding in contact with the non-aluminum terminal(s) may result in a potential difference at the engagement therebetween. Accordingly, because of the moist/humid environment often associated with a dishwasher, an undesirable risk of galvanic corrosion exists at or about the engagement between the electrical terminals and the aluminum winding, due to the moisture penetrating or otherwise encroaching into the contact area therebetween, which could significantly shorten the service life of the motor. That is, moisture encroachment between the dissimilar metals of the terminal / winding may result in the initiation of galvanic corrosion, particularly when the potential difference between the materials is high, with the risk of causing an open circuit within the motor. More particularly, incidences of premature failure of the motor may increase, particularly, for example, where the aluminum winding engages brass electrical terminals, due to galvanic corrosion. Such corrosion may cause, for example, intermittent or complete motor failure, as well as undesirably high temperatures about the engagement between the winding and the terminals during motor operation.

**[0003]** A pump assembly for a dishwasher is known, for instance, from DE 196 52 235 A1.

**[0004]** Accordingly, there exists a need for a method and apparatus for preventing galvanic corrosion between dissimilar materials at the winding-terminal junction in a pump motor in a dishwasher where, for example, the motor implements an alternative material, such as aluminum, for the motor winding.

## BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

**[0005]** The above and other needs are met by the present invention which, according to one aspect, provides a method of preventing galvanic corrosion in a pump motor for a dishwasher having a tub portion adapted to contain washing fluid therein, wherein the dishwasher further includes a sump assembly disposed about a lower end of the tub portion for receiving the washing fluid therefrom. Such a the method comprises operably engaging a pump assembly in fluid communication with the sump assembly, wherein the pump assembly has a pump motor with a non-submersed winding terminating in and secured to at least one electrical connector about a non-submersed interface, and wherein the winding comprises a first metallic material and the electrical connector comprises a second metallic material different from the first metallic material. A coating material is applied about the non-submersed interface between the winding and the electrical connector, so as to cover the securement therebetween, and to prevent moisture from encroaching between the winding and the electrical connector and promoting galvanic corrosion between the dissimilar first and second metallic materials thereof.

**[0006]** Another aspect of the present invention provides a pump assembly, comprising a pump motor with a non-submersible winding terminating in and secured to at least one electrical connector about a non-submersible interface, wherein the winding comprises a first metallic material and the electrical connector comprises a second metallic material different from the first metallic material. A coating material is disposed about the non-submersible interface between the winding and the electrical connector, so as to cover the securement therebetween, and to prevent moisture from encroaching between the winding and the electrical connector and promoting galvanic corrosion between the dissimilar first and second metallic materials thereof.

**[0007]** Yet another aspect of the present invention provides a dishwasher, comprising a tub portion having a lower end and being adapted to contain a washing fluid therein. A sump assembly is disposed about the lower end of the tub portion for receiving the washing fluid therefrom. A pump assembly is in fluid communication with the sump assembly. The pump assembly includes a pump motor with a non-submersed winding terminating in and secured to at least one electrical connector about a non-submersed interface, wherein the winding comprises a first metallic material and the electrical connector comprises a second metallic material different from the first metallic material. The pump assembly further includes a coating material disposed about the non-submersed interface between the winding and the electrical connector, so as to cover the securement therebetween, and to prevent moisture from encroaching between the winding and the electrical connector and promoting galvanic corrosion between the dissimilar first and second

metallic materials thereof.

**[0008]** Embodiments of the present invention thus provide advantages as otherwise detailed herein.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

**[0009]** Having thus described various embodiments of the invention in general terms, reference will now be made to accompanying drawings, which are not necessarily drawn to scale, and wherein:

**FIG. 1** is a perspective view of a dishwasher capable of implementing various embodiments of the present disclosure;

**FIG. 2** illustrates winding wires extending into and through a coating material applied about the engagement between winding and electrical connectors associated with a pump motor, according to one embodiment of the present invention;

**FIG. 3** illustrates a top view of a coating material covering winding-terminal junctions of a pump motor for a dishwasher, according to one embodiment of the present invention; and

**FIG. 4** is a perspective view illustrating electrical connectors and a main motor stack of a pump motor for a dishwasher, with a coating material covering winding-terminal junctions (with one uncovered junction).

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION

**[0010]** The present disclosure now will be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which some, but not all embodiments of the invention are shown. Indeed, these inventions may be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth herein; rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will satisfy applicable legal requirements. Like numbers refer to like elements throughout.

**[0011]** **FIG. 1** illustrates one example of a dishwashing appliance, such as a dishwasher **10**, capable of implementing various embodiments of the present invention. Such a dishwasher **10** typically includes a tub portion **12** (partly broken away in **FIG. 1** to show internal details) having a plurality of walls (e.g., side wall **13**) for forming an inclosure in which dishes, utensils, and other dishware may be placed for washing. The tub portion **12** may also define a forward access opening, generally designated as **16**. As known in the art, the dishwasher **10** may also include slidable lower and upper racks (not shown) for holding the dishes, utensils, and dishware to be washed. A door assembly **50** may be pivotably engaged with the tub portion **12** about the lower end **18** thereof so as to selectively permit access to the interior of the tub portion **12**. That is, a lower edge **26** of the door assembly **50** may be pivotably engaged (i.e., hinged) with the lower end **18**

of the tub portion **12** such that the door assembly **50** is pivotable about the lower edge **26** to provide access to the interior of the tub portion **12** through the forward access opening **16**, and to cover and seal the forward access opening **16** when the dishwasher **10** is in operation.

**[0012]** The tub portion **12** may further define or have engaged therewith a sump (or sump assembly), generally designated as **14**, in which wash water or rinse water is collected, typically under the influence of gravity. The sump **14** may cooperate with a bottom wall **17** of the tub portion **12** to form the lower end **18** of the tub portion **12**, wherein the bottom wall **17** may be sloped to direct washing fluid toward the sump **14**. The wash/rinse water may be pumped/recirculated by a circulation pump **150** out of the sump **14** to various spray arms **20** mounted in the interior of the tub portion **12** for spraying the wash/rinse water, under pressure, onto the dishes, utensils, and other dishware contained therein. Further, a drain system may be connected to or otherwise in fluid communication with the sump **14** for removing the dishwashing fluid from the dishwasher **10** via a house drain, wherein the drain system may include a drain pump configured to pump dishwashing fluid to the house drain line. The drain pump and the circulation pump may be driven by separate electric motors engaged therewith though, in some instances, a single electric motor may drive both the drain pump and the circulation pump.

**[0013]** The operational components (e.g., circulation pump, drain pump, water valve) of the dishwasher **10** may be housed, disposed, or otherwise positioned within a base portion/component **22** beneath the tub portion **12**, wherein the base portion **22** receives and supports the lower end **18** of the tub portion **12**. In some instances, the base portion **22** may be a separate component with respect to the tub portion **12**, such as, for example, a molded polymer component, while in other instances, the base portion **22** may be integral with the tub portion **12** such that the side walls forming the tub portion **12** also at least partially form the base portion **22**.

**[0014]** The pumps (e.g., drain pump, circulation pump) associated with the dishwasher **10** may each comprise a pump assembly having a pump body or housing, wherein a pump mechanism, such as, for example, an impeller member, is disposed in the pump body. The pump mechanism may be driven by a pump motor, generally designated as **100**, engaged therewith, for pumping the water from the pump body or housing through the dishwasher hydraulic system (in the case of the circulation pump) or for pumping the water out of the pump housing or body and from the dishwasher **10** toward the house drain line (in the case of the drain pump). In some instances, the pump mechanism may be received by a corresponding volute defined by the pump body/housing. The pump mechanism, such as the impeller member, is at least partially submersed in water within the volute such that, during operation, the impeller member interacts with the water within the volute to pump the water from the pump housing/body, so that the pump assembly functions in

the desired manner (i.e., re-circulating the water or draining the water).

**[0015]** The pump motor **100** may comprise an armature member having a main motor stack **102** such as, for example, a plurality of thin metal plates stacked together, which may be secured to a structure **104**. Further, the pump motor **100** may include an armature winding **110**, comprised of a first metallic material such as, for example, a copper or aluminum wire, wound, coiled, or otherwise wrapped about certain portions of the armature member, as will be understood by one of skill in the art. Further, once wound about the armature member, the ends of the winding **110** may be in electrical communication with and secured to one or more electrical connectors or terminals **120**, comprised of a second metallic material such as, for example, brass electrical terminals. The terminals **120** may be operably engaged with the structure **104**, which provides reinforcement and support therefor. More particularly, for example, the winding **110** may have a first end **112** soldered (i.e., as illustrated by the solder bump **130**) to one electrical connector **120**, such that an electrical current can move therebetween at the interface /terminal junction, generally designated as **140**, formed between the winding **110** and electrical connector **120**. In this manner, the first end **112** of the winding **110** may be secured to or otherwise engaged with the electrical connector **120** so as to be in electrical engagement therewith. A plurality of electrical connectors may be associated with the pump motor **100**, wherein each electrical connector has an end of a winding **110** operably engaged therewith. In any instance, according to embodiments of the present invention, the winding **110**, as well as the interface / terminal junction **140** between the winding **110** and the electrical connector **120**, is configured so as to be not submersed in water or other liquid. However, the interface / terminal junction **140** may ordinarily be at risk of moisture encroachment into the contact area between the winding **110** and the electrical connector or terminal **120**, due to the high humidity conditions often encountered due to the operational nature of the dishwasher **10**.

**[0016]** In some instances, the electrical connector **120** may be configured to be in electrical communication with a power source (not shown), for example, through an interaction between a male connector and a complementary corresponding female connector, so as to complete the electrical circuit associated with the pump motor **100**. In other instances, the power source may be otherwise secured to the electrical connectors **120** so as to be in electrical communication therewith. Of course, the electrical connector may also be wired into the overall wiring scheme of the dishwasher **10** and, in some instances, may be wired such that the pump assembly is controlled by a controller (not shown) configured to direct operation of various dishwasher components.

**[0017]** As mentioned previously, electric pump motors typically used by dishwashers for circulation pump and/or drain pump functions are often constructed using copper

windings and brass electrical terminals. Such copper windings may, in some instances, increase the overall cost of constructing the dishwasher **10**. As such, embodiments of the present invention may implement electric pump motors constructed using windings comprised of suitable alternative materials, such as, for example, aluminum, which may have one advantage in reducing the cost of the motor **100**. However, such alternatives may comprise materials that may be electrically dissimilar from the material forming the electrical connectors/terminals. In such instances, the moist/humid environment associated with the dishwasher **10**, to which the interface / terminal junction **140** may be exposed, can lead to an increased risk of galvanic corrosion thereabout.

**[0018]** In accordance with embodiments of the present disclosure, with reference to FIGS. **2-4**, the dishwasher **10** may thus include a modified pump motor **100** configured to prevent galvanic corrosion between the winding **110** and the electrical connector **120**. In such instances, the pump motor **100** may further comprise a suitable coating material **200** configured to coat or otherwise substantially encompass the interface/terminal junction **140** for preventing moisture encroachment between the dissimilar metals (i.e., the aluminum winding **110** and the brass electrical terminal **120**). Coating the interface/terminal junction **140** thus prevents moisture encroachment into the contact area between the winding and the terminal (i.e., isolates the engagement between the dissimilar metals), wherein such moisture encroachment could normally initiate galvanic corrosion. In this regard, a coating material **200** may be provided at and about the interface / terminal junction **140** between the winding **110** and the electrical connector **120**, wherein the coating material **200** substantially encompasses the interface / terminals junction **140**. In one particular example, the coating material **200** may be coated over the interface /terminal junction **140** formed between an aluminum winding and a non-aluminum electrical connector such as, for example, a brass electrical terminal. Of course, the coating material may be applied to interfaces formed between other windings **110** and other electrical connectors **120** in which a dissimilar metallic material couple is present, wherein the engagement (contact area) therebetween may normally be susceptible to galvanic corrosion.

**[0019]** In one instance, the coating material **200** may be a V-0 flammability rated, UL approved (listed or recognized), and moisture resistant epoxy material or sealant material applied across and substantially about the engagement between the aluminum winding **110** and the brass terminals **120** of the motor assembly. Further, the coating material **200**, such as, for example, an epoxy material or a sealant material, may also be configured to resist ignition and arc-tracking that can be caused by contaminants in the material itself or in the operating environment of the dishwasher **10**. Further, the coating material **200** (e.g., an epoxy material or a sealant material) may have thermal properties suitable for such a dishwasher application, which may have, for example, the

possibility of high or otherwise elevated operating temperatures. The coating material **200** (e.g., an epoxy material or sealant material) may also demonstrate desirable mechanical vibration resistance, and may further serve to reduce the risk of the winding **110** / connectors **120** engagements (i.e., the interface / terminal junctions **140**) from loosening over time. In one particular embodiment, a Dow-Corning silicone resin or RTV compound (UL® recognized QMFZ2) sealant material may be the coating material **200** used to provide at least some of these previously mentioned properties, though one skilled in the art will appreciate that many other suitable coating materials may be implemented in the alternative. **[0020]** Many modifications and other embodiments of the inventions set forth herein will come to mind to one skilled in the art to which these inventions pertain having the benefit of the teachings presented in the foregoing descriptions and the associated drawings. Therefore, it is to be understood that the inventions are not to be limited to the specific embodiments disclosed and that modifications and other embodiments are intended to be included within the scope of the appended claims. Although specific terms are employed herein, they are used in a generic and descriptive sense only and not for the purposes of limitation.

## Claims

1. A method of preventing galvanic corrosion in a pump motor (100) for a dishwasher (10) having a tub portion (12) adapted to contain washing fluid therein, the dishwasher having a sump assembly (14) disposed about a lower end (18) of the tub portion (12) for receiving the washing fluid therefrom, the method comprising: operably engaging a pump assembly (150) in fluid communication with the sump assembly, the pump assembly (150) having a pump motor (100) with a non-submersed winding (110) terminating in and secured to at least one electrical connector (120) about a non-submersed interface (140), the winding (110) comprising a first metallic material and the electrical connector (120) comprising a second metallic material different from the first metallic material; **characterised in:** applying a coating material (200) about the non-submersed interface between the winding (110) and the electrical connector (120), so as to cover the securement therebetween, to prevent moisture from encroaching between the winding (110) and the electrical connector (120) and promoting galvanic corrosion between the dissimilar first and second metallic materials thereof.
2. A method according to Claim 1 wherein operably engaging a pump assembly (150) in fluid communication with the sump assembly (14) further comprises operably engaging a pump assembly (150), having the first metallic material comprising an aluminum

material, and the second metallic material comprising a non-aluminum metallic material, with the sump assembly (14).

3. A method according to Claim 1 wherein operably engaging a pump assembly (150) in fluid communication with the sump assembly (14) further comprises operably engaging a pump assembly (150), having the first metallic material comprising an aluminum material, and the second metallic material comprising a brass material, with the sump assembly (14).
4. A method according to Claim 1 wherein applying a coating material (200) about the non-submersed interface between the winding (110) and the electrical connector (120) further comprises applying a coating material (200) comprising one of an epoxy material and a sealant material, configured to be at least one of moisture -resistant, heat-resistant, non-conductive, and resistant to mechanical vibration, about the non-submersed interface between the winding (110) and the electrical connector (120).
5. A method according to Claim 1 wherein operably engaging a pump assembly (150) in fluid communication with the sump assembly (14) further comprises operably engaging a pump assembly (150) comprising one of a drain pump assembly and a circulation pump assembly (150), with the sump assembly (14).
6. A method according to Claim 1 wherein applying a coating material (200) about the non-submersed interface between the winding (110) and the electrical connector (120) further comprises applying a coating material (200) about the non-submersed interface such that the coating material (200) secures the non-submersed winding (110) in contact with the at least one electrical connector (120).
7. A method according to Claim 1 wherein applying a coating material (200) about the non-submersed interface between the winding (110) and the electrical connector (120) further comprises applying a coating material (200) about the non-submersed interface, having the winding (110) soldered to the at least one electrical connector (120), such that the coating material (200) substantially encompasses the solder securing the non-submersed winding (110) to the at least one electrical connector (120).
8. A pump assembly (150), comprising: a pump motor (100) with a non-submersible winding (110) terminating in and secured to at least one electrical connector (120) about a non-submersible interface (140), the winding (110) comprising a first metallic material and the electrical connector (120) comprising a second metallic material different from the first metallic material; **characterised by** a coating mate-

rial (200) disposed about the non-submersible interface between the winding (110) and the electrical connector (120), so as to cover the securement therebetween, to prevent moisture from encroaching between the winding (110) and the electrical connector (120) and promoting galvanic corrosion between the dissimilar first and second metallic materials thereof.

9. A pump assembly according to Claim 8 wherein the first metallic material comprises an aluminum material, and the second metallic material comprises a non- aluminum metallic material.
10. A pump assembly according to Claim 9 wherein the second metallic material comprises a brass material.
11. A pump assembly according to Claim 8 wherein the coating material (200) comprises one of an epoxy material and a sealant material, and the coating material (200) is configured to be at least one of moisture-resistant, heat-resistant, non-conductive, and resistant to mechanical vibration.
12. A pump assembly according to Claim 8 wherein the coating material (200) is configured to secure the non-submersible winding (110) in contact with the at least one electrical connector (120).
13. A pump assembly according to Claim 8 wherein the non-submersible winding (110) is soldered to the at least one electrical connector (120), and the coating material (200) is configured to substantially encompassing the solder securing the non-submersible winding to the at least one electrical connector.
14. A dishwasher (10), comprising: a tub portion (12) having a lower end (18) and being adapted to contain a washing fluid therein; a sump assembly (14) disposed about the lower end (18) of the tub portion (12) for receiving the washing fluid therefrom; and a pump assembly (150) according to at least one of claims 8 to 13 in fluid communication with the sump assembly (14).
15. A dishwasher according to Claim 14 wherein the pump assembly (150) comprises one of a drain pump assembly and a circulation pump assembly (150).

#### Patentansprüche

1. Verfahren zur Verhinderung von galvanischer Korrosion in einem Pumpenmotor (100) für einen Geschirrspüler (10), aufweisend einen zum Enthalten von Waschfluid darin vorgesehenen Wannenteil (12), wobei der Geschirrspüler eine an einem unteren Ende (18) des Wannenteils (12) angeordnete, zur Aufnahme von Waschfluid von dort vorgesehene

Sumpfeinheit (14) aufweist, wobei das Verfahren Folgendes aufweist: operatives Zusammenwirken einer Pumpeneinheit (150) in Fluidverbindung mit der Sumpfeinheit, wobei die Pumpeneinheit (150) einen Pumpenmotor (100) aufweist, der eine nicht eingetauchte Wicklung (110) aufweist, welche an mindestens einem elektrischen Anschluss (120) an einer nicht eingetauchten Schnittstelle (140) endet und befestigt ist, wobei die Wicklung (110) einen ersten metallischen Werkstoff aufweist und der elektrische Anschluss (120) einen zweiten, sich vom ersten metallischen Werkstoff unterscheidenden metallischen Werkstoff aufweist; gekennzeichnet durch: Auftragen eines Beschichtungsmaterials (200) an der nicht eingetauchten Schnittstelle zwischen der Wicklung (110) und dem elektrischen Anschluss (120), um die Sicherung dazwischen abzudecken, um ein Eindringen von Feuchtigkeit zwischen der Wicklung (110) und dem elektrischen Anschluss (120) ein Fördern einer galvanischen Korrosion zwischen den unterschiedlichen ersten und zweiten Materialien davon zu verhindern.

2. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei das operative Zusammenwirken einer Pumpeneinheit (150) in Fluidverbindung mit der Sumpfeinheit (14) ferner ein operatives Zusammenwirken einer Pumpeneinheit (150), die das erste metallische Material, welches einen Aluminiumwerkstoff umfasst, und das zweite metallische Material, welches einen kein Aluminium enthaltenden metallischen Werkstoff umfasst, aufweist, mit der Sumpfeinheit (14) aufweist.
3. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei das operative Zusammenwirken einer Pumpeneinheit (150) in Fluidverbindung mit der Sumpfeinheit (14) ferner ein operatives Zusammenwirken einer Pumpeneinheit (150), die das erste metallische Material, welches einen Aluminiumwerkstoff umfasst, und das zweite metallische Material, welches einen Messing enthaltenden metallischen Werkstoff umfasst, aufweist, mit der Sumpfeinheit (14) aufweist.
4. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei das Auftragen eines Beschichtungsmaterials (200) an der nicht eingetauchten Schnittstelle zwischen der Wicklung (110) und dem elektrischen Anschluss (120) ferner ein Auftragen eines Beschichtungsmaterials (200), umfassend ein Epoxymaterial und ein Dichtungsmaterial, konfiguriert, um mindestens eines von feuchtigkeitsbeständig, wärmebeständig, nicht leitend und beständig gegen mechanische Vibration zu sein, an der nicht eingetauchten Schnittstelle zwischen der Wicklung (110) und dem elektrischen Anschluss (120) umfasst.
5. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei das operative Zusammenwirken einer Pumpeneinheit (150) in Fluid-

- verbindung mit der Sumpfeinheit (14) ferner ein operatives Zusammenwirken einer Pumpeneinheit (150), aufweisend eine von einer Ablasspumpeneinheit und einer Umwälzpumpeneinheit, und der Sumpfeinheit (14) umfasst.
6. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei das Auftragen eines Beschichtungsmaterials (200) an der nicht eingetauchten Schnittstelle zwischen der Wicklung (110) und dem elektrischen Anschluss (120) ferner ein Auftragen eines Beschichtungsmaterials (200) an der nicht eingetauchten Schnittstelle auf solche Weise, dass das Beschichtungsmaterial (200) die nicht eingetauchte Wicklung, die Kontakt mit mindestens einem elektrischen Anschluss (120) hat, sichert.
7. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei das Auftragen eines Beschichtungsmaterials (200) an der nicht eingetauchten Schnittstelle zwischen der Wicklung (200) und dem elektrischen Anschluss (120) ferner ein Auftragen eines Beschichtungsmaterials (200) an der nicht eingetauchten Schnittstelle umfasst, wobei die Wicklung (110) an mindestens einen elektrischen Anschluss (120) auf solche Weise angelötet ist, dass das Beschichtungsmaterial (200) die die nicht eingetauchte Wicklung (110) an dem mindestens einem elektrischen Anschluss (120) sichernde Lötung im Wesentlichen umgibt.
8. Pumpeneinheit (150), aufweisend: einen Pumpenmotor (100) mit einer nicht eingetauchten Wicklung (110), die an einem elektrischen Anschluss (120) an einer nicht tauchbaren Schnittstelle (140) endet und befestigt ist, wobei die Wicklung (110) ein erstes metallisches Material aufweist und der elektrische Anschluss (120) ein zweites, sich vom ersten metallischen Material unterscheidendes Material aufweist; gekennzeichnet durch: ein an der nicht tauchbaren Schnittstelle zwischen der Wicklung (110) und dem elektrischen Anschluss (120) angebrachtes Beschichtungsmaterial (200), um die Sicherung zwischen diesen zu bedecken, um zu verhindern, dass Feuchtigkeit zwischen der Wicklung (110) und dem elektrischen Anschluss (120) eindringt und eine galvanische Korrosion zwischen den unterschiedlichen ersten und zweiten metallischen Materialien davon fördert.
9. Pumpeneinheit nach Anspruch 8, wobei das erste metallische Material einen Aluminiumwerkstoff aufweist und das zweite metallische Material einen kein Aluminium enthaltenden metallischen Werkstoff aufweist.
10. Pumpeneinheit nach Anspruch 9, wobei das zweite metallische Material einen Messingwerkstoff aufweist.
11. Pumpeneinheit nach Anspruch 8, wobei das Beschichtungsmaterial (200) eines von einem Epoxymaterial und einem Dichtungsmaterial aufweist, und wobei das Beschichtungsmaterial (200) konfiguriert ist, um mindestens eines von feuchtigkeitsbeständig, wärmebeständig, nicht leitend und beständig gegen mechanische Vibration zu sein.
12. Pumpeneinheit nach Anspruch 8, wobei das Beschichtungsmaterial (200) konfiguriert ist, um die nicht tauchbare Wicklung (110) an dem mindestens einen elektrischen Anschluss (120) zu sichern.
13. Pumpeneinheit nach Anspruch 8, wobei die nicht tauchbare Wicklung (110) an dem mindestens einen elektrischen Anschluss (120) angelötet ist, und wobei das Beschichtungsmaterial (200) konfiguriert ist, um im Wesentlichen die die nicht tauchbare Wicklung an dem mindestens einen elektrischen Anschluss sichernde Lötung zu umgeben.
14. Geschirrspüler (10), aufweisend: einen Wannenteil (12) mit einem unteren Ende (18) und ausgeführt zum Enthalten von Waschfluid darin; eine am unteren Ende (18) des Wannenteils (12) angeordnete Sumpfeinheit (14) zur Aufnahme von Waschfluid von dort; und eine Pumpeneinheit (150) nach mindestens einem der Ansprüche 8 bis 13 in Fluidverbindung mit der Sumpfeinheit (14).
15. Geschirrspüler nach Anspruch 14, wobei die Pumpeneinheit (150) mindestens eine von einer Ablasspumpeneinheit und einer Umwälzpumpeneinheit (150) aufweist.

## Revendications

1. Procédé pour empêcher la corrosion galvanique dans un moteur de pompe (100) pour lave-vaisselle (10) possédant une partie bac (12) pour y recevoir un fluide de lavage, le lave-vaisselle contenant un ensemble puisard (14) entourant une extrémité inférieure (18) de la partie bac (12) pour y recevoir le fluide de lavage, le procédé comprenant : connecter de manière opérationnelle un ensemble pompe (150) en communication fluide avec l'ensemble puisard, l'ensemble pompe (150) comprenant un moteur de pompe (100) avec un bobinage non immergé (110) se terminant dans et fixé à au moins un connecteur électrique (120) entourant une interface non immergée (140), le bobinage (110) étant constitué d'un premier matériau métallique et le connecteur électrique (120) étant constitué d'un second matériau métallique différent du premier matériau métallique ; **caractérisé par** l'application d'un matériau de revêtement (200) autour de l'interface non immergée entre le bobinage (110) et le connecteur

- électrique (120) de façon à protéger leur fixation, pour empêcher l'humidité de s'incruster entre le bobinage (110) et le connecteur électrique (120) et de favoriser la corrosion galvanique entre le premier et le second matériau métallique dissemblables .
2. Procédé selon la Revendication 1 dans lequel l'ensemble pompe (150) connecté de manière opérationnelle en communication fluide avec l'ensemble puisard (14) comprend en outre la connexion de manière opérationnelle d'un ensemble pompe (150), dont le premier matériau métallique comprend un matériau en aluminium, et le second matériau métallique comprend un matériau métallique autre que l'aluminium, avec l'ensemble puisard (14).
  3. Procédé selon la Revendication 1 dans lequel l'ensemble pompe (150) connecté de manière opérationnelle en communication fluide avec l'ensemble puisard (14) comprend en outre la connexion de manière opérationnelle d'un ensemble pompe (150), dont le premier matériau métallique est constitué d'un matériau en aluminium, et le second matériau métallique est constitué d'un matériau en laiton, avec l'ensemble puisard (14).
  4. Procédé selon la Revendication 1 dans lequel l'application d'un matériau de revêtement (200) autour de l'interface non immergée entre le bobinage (110) et le connecteur électrique (120) comprend en outre l'application d'un matériau de revêtement (200) constitué d'un matériau époxy et d'un matériau d'étanchéité, conçu pour posséder au moins une des propriétés suivantes : résistant à l'humidité, résistant à la chaleur, non conducteur et résistant aux vibrations mécaniques, autour de l'interface non immergée entre le bobinage (110) et le connecteur électrique (120).
  5. Procédé selon la Revendication 1 dans lequel un ensemble pompe (150) connecté de manière opérationnelle en communication fluide avec l'ensemble puisard (14) comprend en outre la connexion de manière opérationnelle d'un ensemble pompe (150), constitué d'un ensemble pompe de vidange et d'un ensemble pompe de circulation (150, avec l'ensemble puisard (14).
  6. Procédé selon la Revendication 1 dans lequel l'application d'un matériau de revêtement (200) autour de l'interface non immergée entre le bobinage (110) et le connecteur électrique (120) comprend en outre l'application d'un matériau de revêtement (200) autour de l'interface non immergée de telle sorte que le matériau de revêtement (200) fixe le bobinage (110) non immergé en contact avec le ou les connecteurs électriques (120).
  7. Procédé selon la Revendication 1 dans lequel l'application d'un matériau de revêtement (200) autour de l'interface non immergée entre le bobinage (110) et le connecteur électrique (120) comprend en outre l'application d'un matériau de revêtement (200) autour de l'interface non immergée, le bobinage (110) étant soudé au ou aux connecteurs électriques (120) de telle sorte que le matériau de revêtement (200) entoure sensiblement la soudure fixant le bobinage (110) non immergé au ou aux connecteurs électriques (120).
  8. Ensemble pompe (150) constitué d'un moteur de pompe (100) avec un bobinage (110) non immergé se terminant dans et fixé au ou aux connecteurs électriques (120) entourant une interface non immergée (140), le bobinage (110) étant constitué d'un premier matériau métallique et le connecteur électrique (120) étant constitué d'un second matériau métallique différent du premier matériau métallique ; **caractérisé par** l'application d'un matériau de revêtement (200) autour de l'interface non immergée entre le bobinage (110) et le connecteur électrique (120) de façon à protéger leur fixation, pour empêcher l'humidité de s'incruster entre le bobinage (110) et le connecteur électrique (120) et de favoriser la corrosion galvanique entre le premier et le second matériau métallique dissemblables.
  9. Ensemble pompe selon la Revendication 8 dans lequel le premier matériau métallique est constitué d'un matériau en aluminium et le second matériau métallique est constitué d'un matériau métallique autre que l'aluminium.
  10. Ensemble pompe selon la Revendication 9 dans lequel le second matériau métallique est constitué d'un matériau en laiton.
  11. Ensemble pompe selon la Revendication 8 dans lequel le matériau de revêtement (200) est constitué d'un matériau époxy et d'un matériau d'étanchéité, et le matériau de revêtement (200) est conçu pour posséder au moins une des propriétés suivantes : résistant à l'humidité, résistant à la chaleur, non conducteur et résistant aux vibrations mécaniques.
  12. Ensemble pompe selon la Revendication 8 dans lequel le matériau de revêtement (200) est conçu pour fixer le bobinage (110) non immergé en contact avec le ou les connecteurs électriques (120).
  13. Ensemble pompe selon la Revendication 8 dans lequel le bobinage (110) non immergé est soudé au ou aux connecteurs électriques (120), et le matériau de revêtement (200) est conçu pour recouvrir sensiblement la soudure fixant le bobinage non immergé au ou aux connecteurs électriques.

14. Lave-vaisselle (10) possédant une partie bac (12) avec une extrémité inférieure (18) pour y recevoir un fluide de lavage ; un ensemble puisard (14) entourant l'extrémité inférieure (18) de la partie bac (12) pour y recevoir le fluide de lavage ; et un ensemble pompe (150) selon une au moins des revendications 8 à 13 en communication fluidique avec l'ensemble puisard (14). 5
15. Lave-vaisselle selon la Revendication 14 dans lequel l'ensemble pompe (150) comprend un ensemble pompe de vidange et un ensemble pompe de circulation (150). 10

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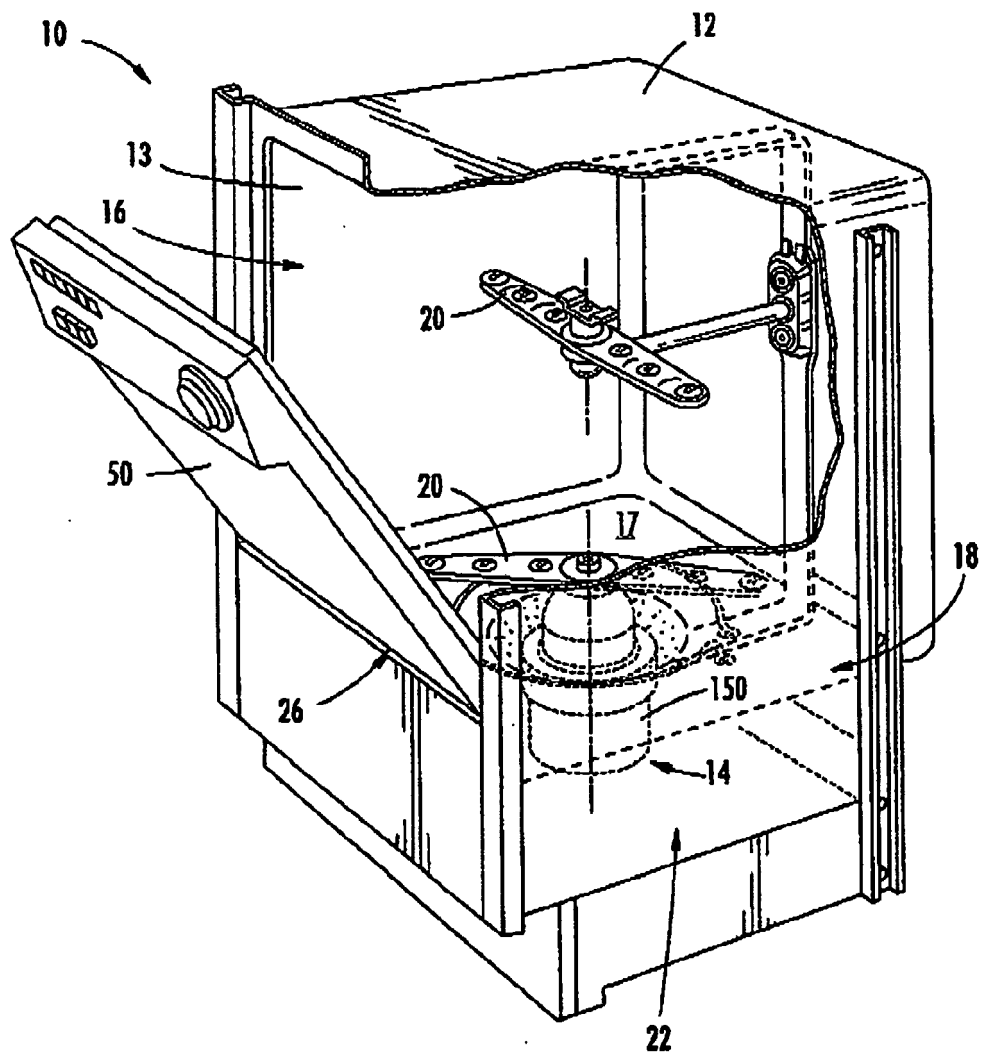


FIG. 1

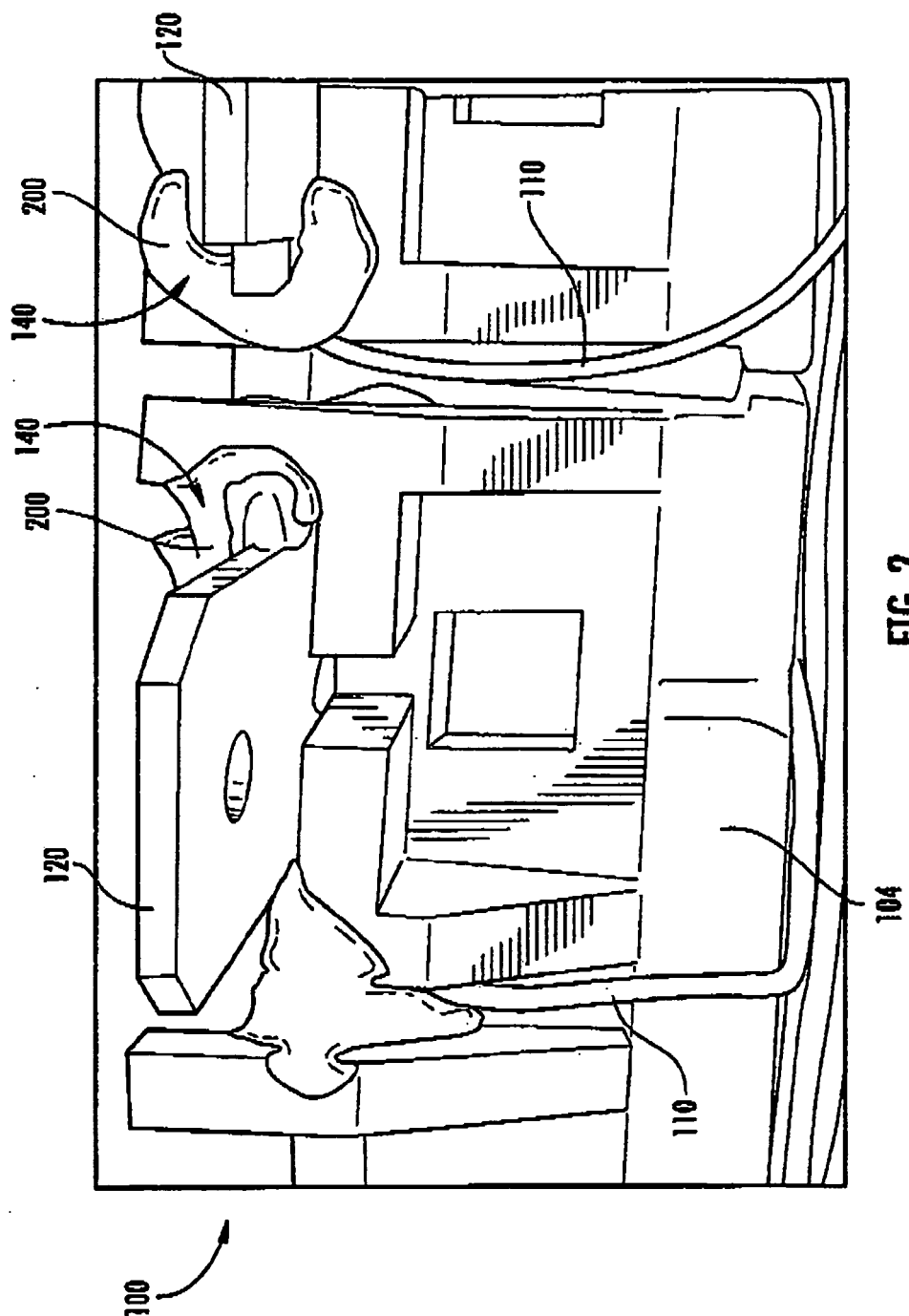


FIG. 2

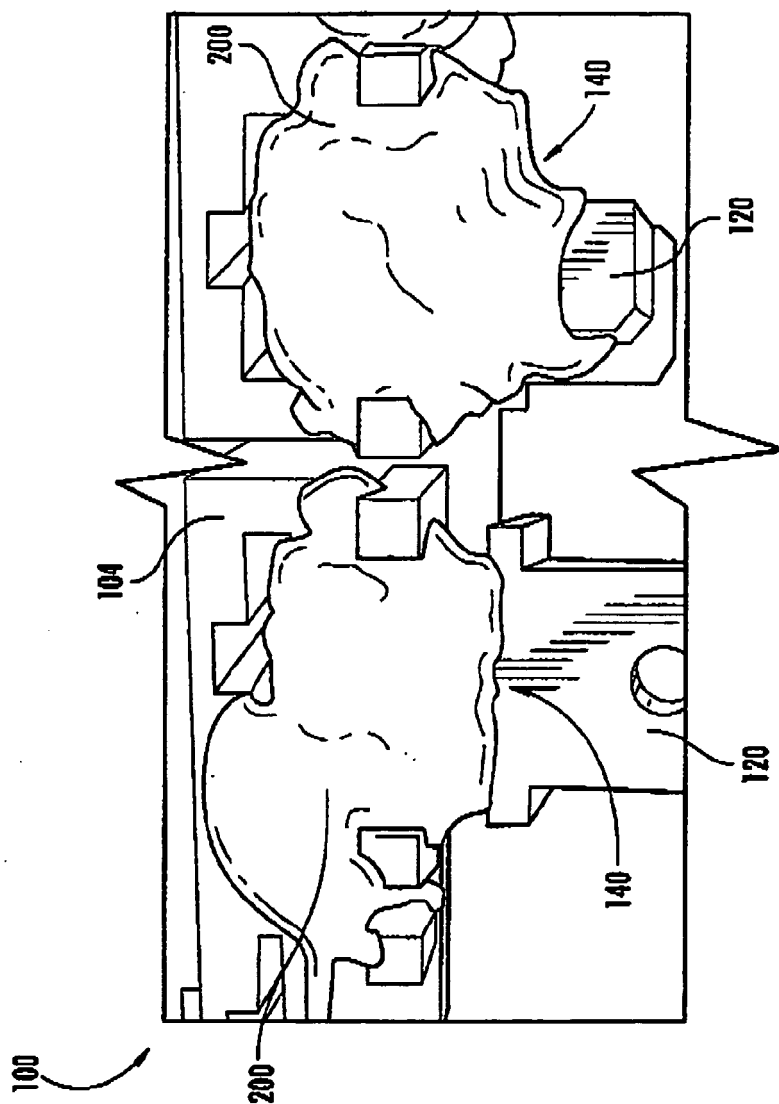
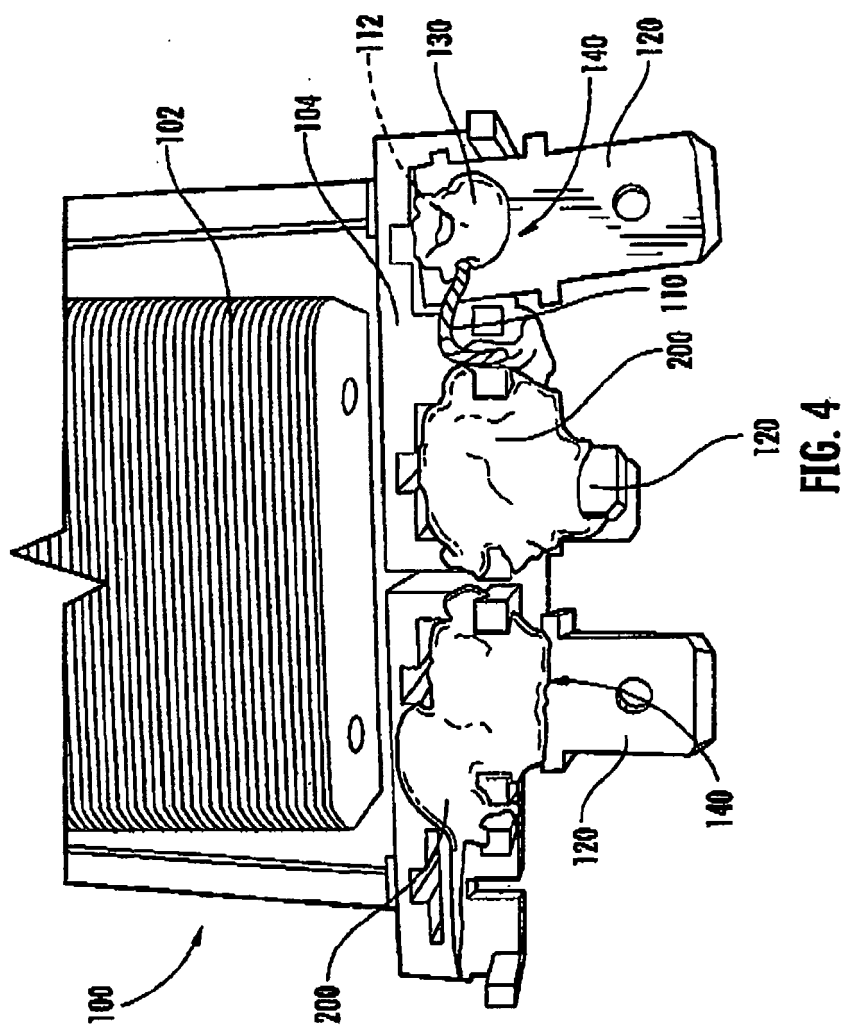


FIG. 3



**REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION**

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**Patent documents cited in the description**

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