(11) **EP 2 374 557 A1**

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:

12.10.2011 Bulletin 2011/41

(51) Int Cl.:

B21H 3/06 (2006.01)

B21H 9/02 (2006.01)

(21) Application number: 11003060.8

(22) Date of filing: 12.04.2011

(84) Designated Contracting States:

AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR

Designated Extension States:

BA ME

(30) Priority: 12.04.2010 IT GE20100033

(71) Applicant: S.M.A.R.T. S.R.L. 15057 Tortona AL (IT)

(72) Inventor: Ghezzi, Enrico 15057 Tortona (AL) (IT)

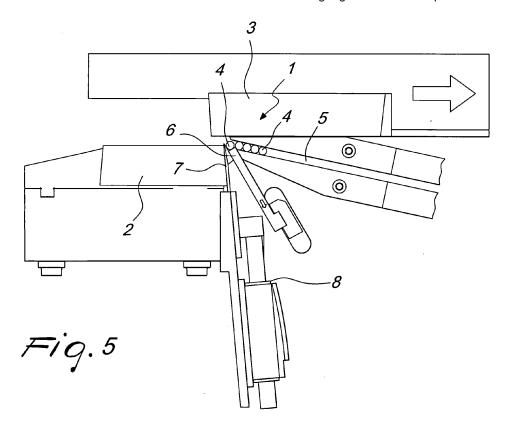
(74) Representative: Forattini, Amelia Internazionale Brevetti Ingg. ZINI, MARANESI & C. S.r.I.

Piazza Castello 1 20121 Milano (IT)

(54) Insertion device for rolling machines

(57) An insertion device (1) for rolling machines, including a fixed plate (2) and a reciprocating movable plate (3), a feed guide (5) for a plurality of blanks (4) to be inserted in an insertion point between the fixed plate (2) and the movable plate (3), an insertion pusher (6) which is adapted to convey a blank (4) into contact with the

movable plate (3); the insertion device (1) has a stop blade (7) that moves linearly between at least two positions: a position in which the blade (7) protrudes beyond a vertical edge of the fixed plate (2) and retains the blank (4), preventing it from entering between the plates, and a retracted position, in which the blade (7) leaves free the rolling region between the plates.



20

25

30

Description

[0001] The present invention relates to an insertion device for rolling machines.

1

[0002] As is known, screws, bolts and rotational parts in general may be manufactured by means of rolling machines with flat dies, which generate the thread by cold rolling.

[0003] In an automatic rolling machine with flat dies, the blank is placed between two plates, one of which is motionless while the other performs a reciprocating motion, the plates causing the blank to roll under pressure.

[0004] The plates have protrusions which are inclined with the angle that corresponds to the pitch of the thread to be formed, they constitute a female thread which is spread flat and, by pressing the material, force the material, by pressure, to assume the shape of the thread.

[0005] The machine is provided with a feeder which picks up a blank that arrives from a feed guide and arranges it between the two plates.

[0006] Generally, blank insertion systems include a component, constituted by a retention blade, which is adapted to close the descent flow of the blanks along the guide, in order to prevent them from entering the rolling region during the machine cycle.

[0007] Such retention blade is then opened at the appropriate time, generally by the thrust of the blank that is pushed in turn by the insertion pusher. In other cases, a cam, again moved by the insertion pusher, opens the blade.

[0008] In any case, the insertion cycle is then completed by the insertion pusher which pushes the part between the dies, when it reaches its dead center toward the slider. [0009] By varying the relative position of the dies, in

the top dead center of the movable one, the correct timing of the rolling cycle is achieved.

[0010] This adjustment is laborious due to the fact that it is necessary to move the entire assembly of the spindle axis of the rolling machine.

[0011] DE-1935451 discloses a device for separating and aligning screw blanks in thread rolling machines, of the above described type. Such device comprises an inserter which moves the blanks via a guide to the tools. A separator tongue cooperates with the inserter. It is driven separately via a separate control mechanism to operate in synchronisation with the inserter. The control mechanism is connected with a cam which is adjusted to fix the position and motion of the tongue.

[0012] Adjusting the cam is a rather laborious and time consuming operation.

[0013] The aim of the present invention is to provide an improved insertion device.

[0014] Within the scope of this aim, an object of the invention is to provide an insertion device that allows quick and easy adjustment and timing of the system even during the operation of the machine.

[0015] A further object of the invention is to provide a device wherein the adjusting does not involve complicated mechanical operations, such as adjusting the position of a cam or other mechanical component.

[0016] Another object of the present invention is to provide a device that can be provided easily by using commonly commercially available elements and materials and is furthermore competitive from an economic standpoint.

This aim and these and other objects that will become better apparent hereinafter are achieved by an insertion device for rolling machines, as claimed in the appended claims.

[0018] Further characteristics and advantages will become better apparent from the description of preferred but not exclusive embodiments of the invention, illustrated by way of non-limiting example in the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the blank insertion region in a rolling machine with flat dies, according to the present invention;

Figure 2 is another perspective view of the blank insertion region in a rolling machine with flat dies, according to the present invention;

Figure 3 is a further perspective view of the blank insertion region in a rolling machine with flat dies, according to the present invention;

Figures 4-8 are schematic views of the apparatus, illustrating the operating sequence thereof;

Figures 9-13 are schematic use, in enlarged scale with respect to the preceding ones, which illustrate the same operating sequence.

[0019] With the reference to the cited figures, the apparatus according to the invention, generally designated by the reference numeral 1, generally comprises a fixed plate 2 and a reciprocating movable plate 3.

[0020] A blank 4, which arrives from a feed guide 5, is placed between the two plates 2 and 3, which make the blank roll under pressure.

[0021] The plates 2 and 3 have protrusions which are inclined with an angle that corresponds to the pitch of the thread, thus constituting a female thread which is spread flat. The two plates press the material and force it to assume the shape of the thread, in a per se known manner.

[0022] According to the present invention, the system for the insertion of a blank 4 comprises an insertion pusher 6, which conveys the blank 4 up to contact with the movable plate 3, and a stop blade 7, which retains the blank 4 prior to its insertion between the plates.

50 [0023] The stop blade 7 is preferably moved by means of a linear motor 8. The insertion pusher 6 also is moved by means of a linear motor.

[0024] The operation of the insertion system according to the present invention is shown in Figures 4-8 and 9-13.

[0025] In the initial condition, which is visible in Figures 4 and 9, the insertion pusher 6 retains the blanks 4 by obstructing the sliding guide 5.

[0026] To begin the insertion operation, the insertion

2

10

15

20

25

pusher 6 retracts in order to cause a blank 4 to slide until it makes contact with the stop blade 7, as can be seen in Figures 5 and 10.

[0027] At this point the insertion pusher 6 conveys the blank 4 into contact with the movable plate 3, while the stop blade 7, which protrudes beyond the vertical edge of the fixed plate 2, retains the blank 4, preventing it from entering between the plates. This condition is visible in Figures 6 and 11, which also schematically show that the movable plate 3 retracts slightly in order to place the blank in the desired initial point, as shown by the circular arrow of the figures.

[0028] When the synchronization chosen by the operator by means of software and the operator panel provides clearance, the blade is made to retract, by means of the linear motor control 8, and simultaneously the insertion pusher 6 increases its thrust, so as to insert the blank exactly in the desired point of the movable plate 3, at the beginning of its longitudinal stroke. This condition is shown in Figures 7-8 and 12-13.

[0029] Figures 8 and 13 are views of the advanced rolling step, in which the stop blade 7 is by then completely retracted.

[0030] The present insertion device offers important advantages, including general ease of adjustment and in particular ease in determining the perfect timing before and during the working cycle simply by acting on the movement of the stop blade 7, which is also the simplest mechanical element of the entire insertion mechanism.

[0031] The precision and constancy of the mechanism ensure total and effective control of the process, with the best assurance of product quality.

[0032] In the insertion systems of the prior art, the insertion system is tuned by moving the entire assembly of the spindle axis of the rolling machine, in order to achieve the same effect of the present invention.

[0033] This invention also improves over the inserting systems provided with a separator tongue driven separately via a separate control mechanism to operate in synchronisation with the inserter. In fact, according to the present invention, the stop blade has a simple linear motion which does not require cams or any complicated control mechanism other than a linear motor.

[0034] The linear motion of the stop blade of the present invention provides for a reliable operation that requires less frequent adjusting.

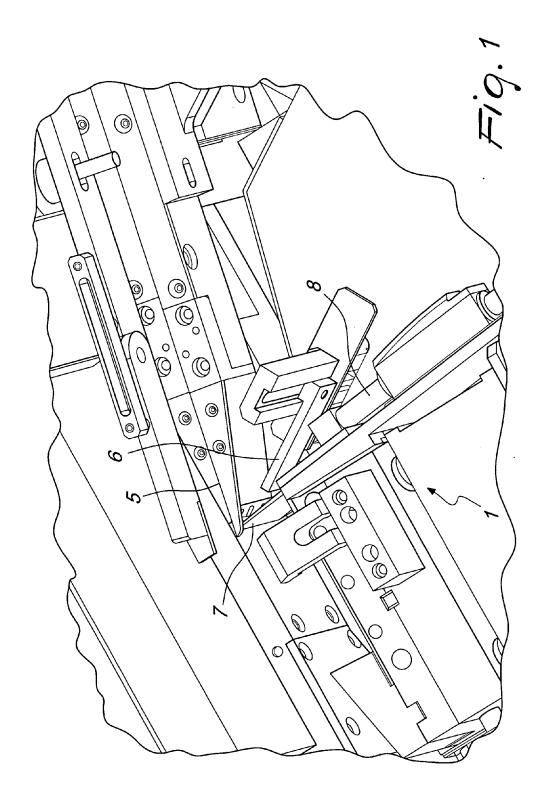
[0035] The linear motor can be directly controlled electronically thus providing an immediate adjustment.

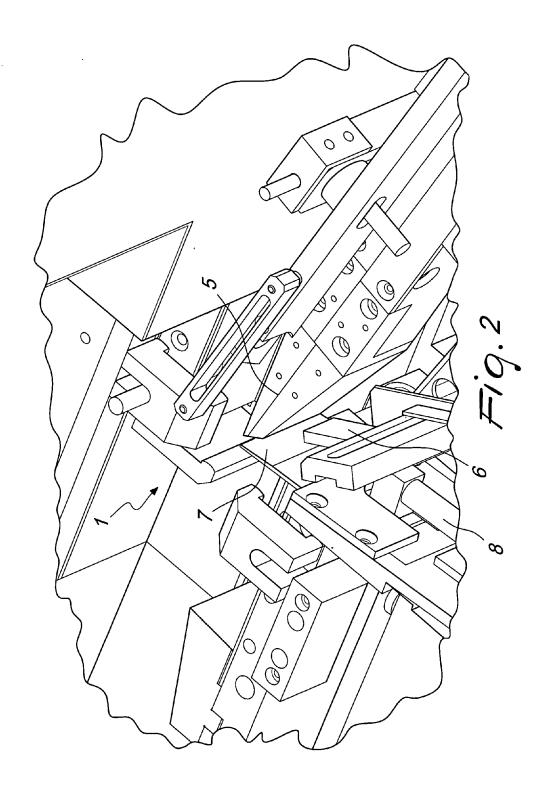
[0036] It is apparent how the present invention achieves the intended aim and objects, providing a device for inserting the blank between the dies of the machine that allows easy adjustment and timing of the apparatus by means of the control of the movement of the stop blade.

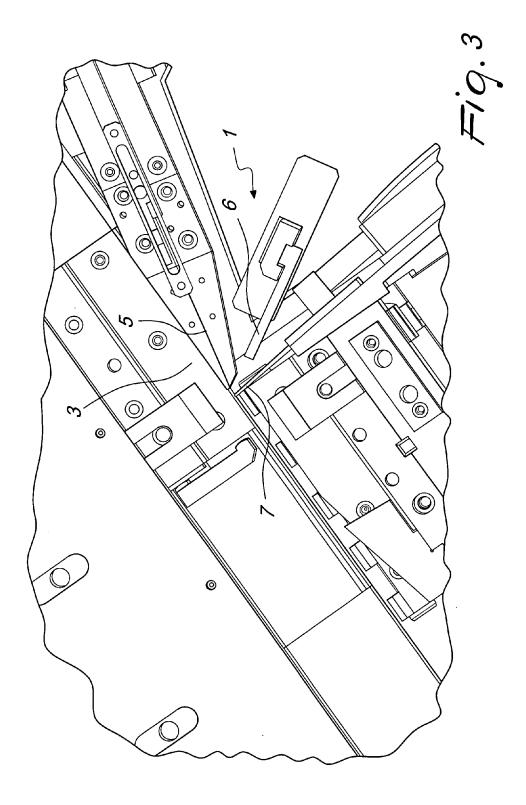
[0037] This application claims the priority of Italian Patent Application No. GE2010A000033, filed on April 12, 2010, the subject matter of which is incorporated herein by reference.

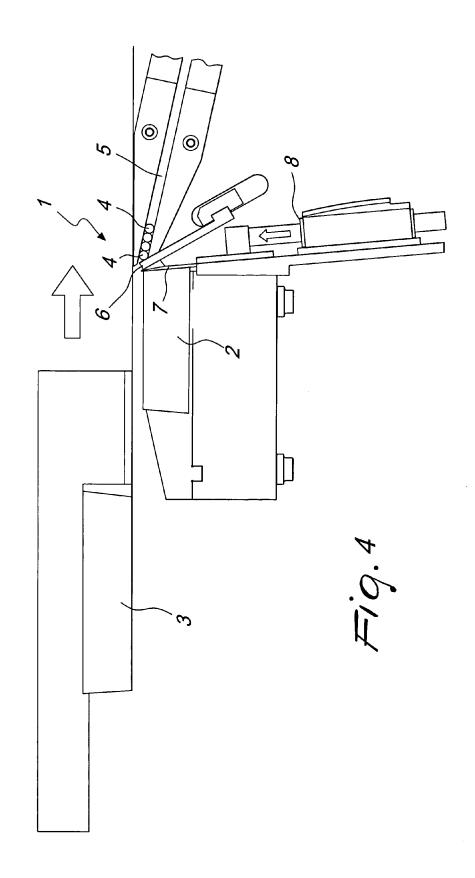
Claims

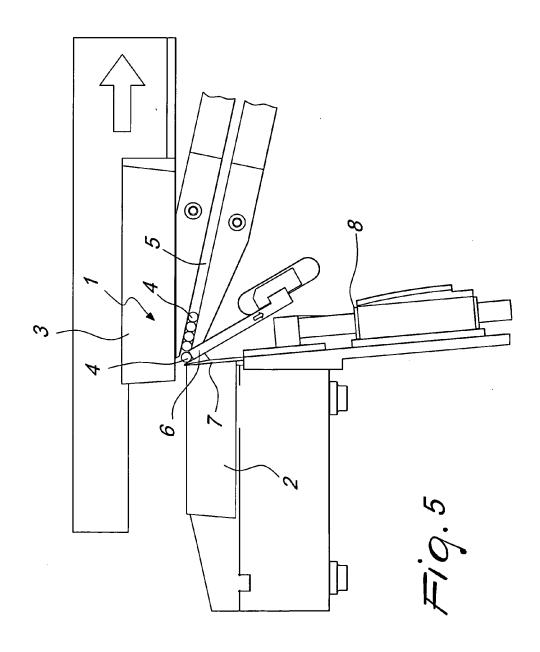
- 1. An insertion device for rolling machines, comprising a fixed plate and a reciprocating movable plate, a feed guide for a plurality of blanks to be inserted in an insertion point between said fixed plate and said movable plate, an insertion pusher which is adapted to convey to a blank into contact with the movable plate; the insertion device being characterized in that it comprises a stop blade that moves linearly between at least two positions: a position in which said blade protrudes beyond a vertical edge of said fixed plate and retains said blank, preventing it from entering between said plates, and a retracted position, in which said blade leaves free the rolling region between said plates.
- The device according to claim 1, characterized in that the movement of said stop blade is controlled by actuation means which are synchronized by electronic control with the movements of said insertion pusher and said movable plate.
- The device according to claim 2, characterized in that said actuation means of said stop blade is constituted by a linear motor.

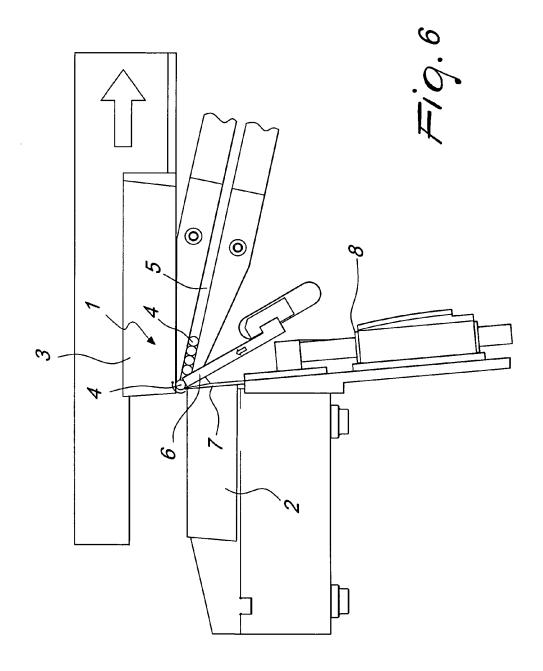


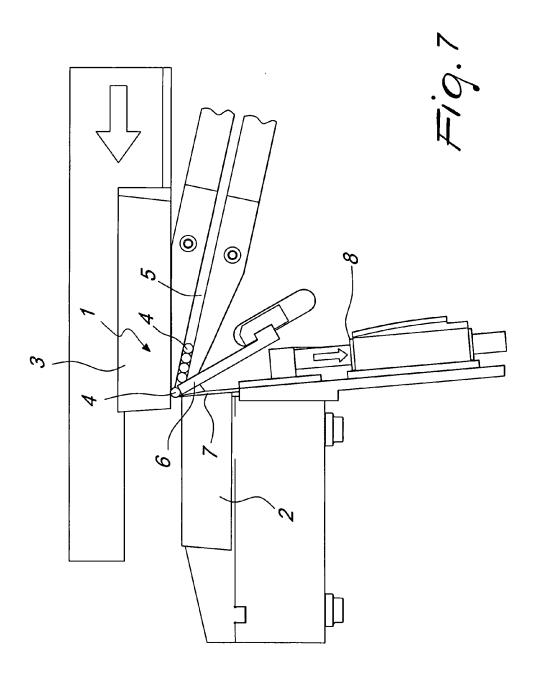


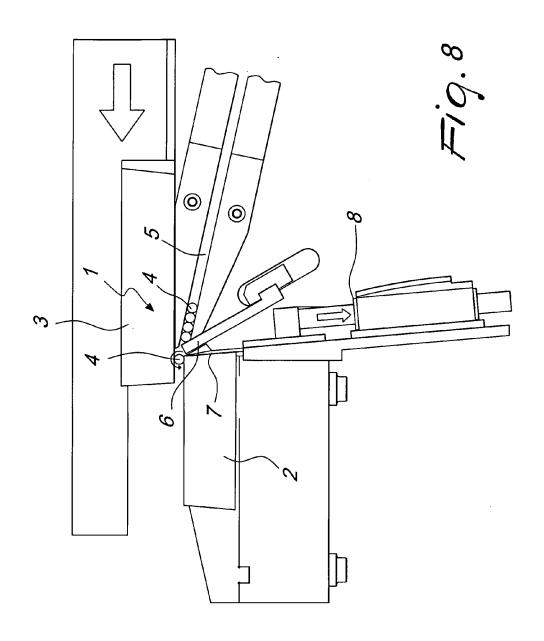


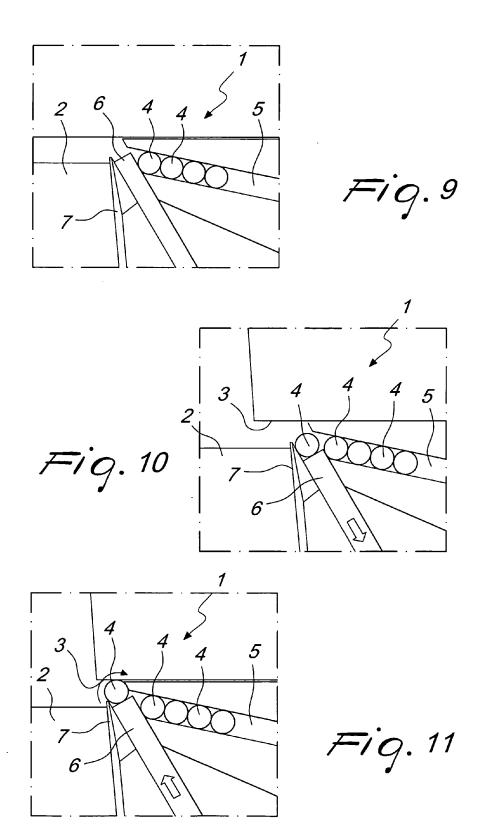


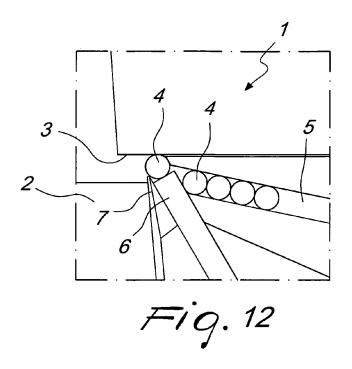












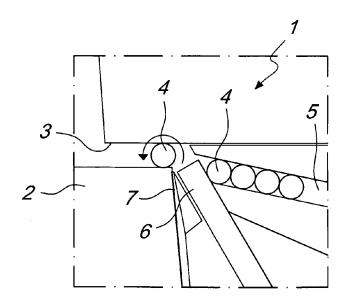


Fig. 13



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 11 00 3060

Category	Citation of document with ir of relevant passa	ndication, where appropriate,	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)		
X Y	DE 19 35 451 A1 (ME 14 January 1971 (19 * page 3, last para paragraph 2; figure	NN KG E W) 71-01-14) graph - page 5,	1,2	INV. B21H3/06 B21H9/02		
Υ	DE 10 2008 045302 A KG [DE]) 20 May 200 * claims 1,2; figur		3			
Υ	WO 03/099489 A1 (S GHEZZI ENRICO [IT]) 4 December 2003 (20 * claim 1 *		3			
A	5 July 1988 (1988-0	KSON WARREN M [US]) 17-05) - column 4, line 11;	1			
А	AL) 17 September 19	TH GREGORY A [US] ET 96 (1996-09-17) - column 10, line 5;	1	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)		
A	DE 40 14 671 C1 (E. 29 August 1991 (199 * column 3, line 2 *		1			
Α	US 3 528 270 A (BYA 15 September 1970 (* column 3, line 51 figures 3,4 *		1			
	The present search report has I	peen drawn up for all claims				
	Place of search	Date of completion of the search		Examiner		
Munich		5 August 2011	Rit	ter, Florian		
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X: particularly relevant if taken alone Y: particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A: technological background O: non-written disclosure P: intermediate document		E : earlier patent door after the filing date ner D : document cited in L : document cited on	T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D: document cited in the application L: document oited for other reasons 8: member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 11 00 3060

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

05-08-2011

DE 102008045302 A1 20-05-2009 NONE WO 03099489 A1 04-12-2003 AT 306339 T 15-10-200	Patent document cited in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)		Publication date
WO 03099489 A1 04-12-2003 AT 306339 T 15-10-200	DE 1935451	A1	14-01-1971				01-04-197 14-12-197
AU 2003242571 A1 12-12-200 CN 1655892 A 17-08-200 DE 60301882 D1 17-11-200 DE 60301882 T2 24-05-200 EP 1509348 A1 02-03-200 ES 2246483 T3 16-02-200 IT MI20021146 A1 28-11-200 US 2006054631 A1 16-03-200 US 4754631 A 05-07-1988 NONE DE 4014671 C1 29-08-1991 IT 1248378 B 11-01-199 US 5193966 A 16-03-199	DE 10200804530	92 A1	20-05-2009	NONE			
US 5555757 A 17-09-1996 NONE DE 4014671 C1 29-08-1991 IT 1248378 B 11-01-199	WO 03099489	A1	04-12-2003	AU CN DE DE EP ES IT	2003242571 1655892 60301882 60301882 1509348 2246483 MI20021146	A1 A D1 T2 A1 T3 A1	15-10-200 12-12-200 17-08-200 17-11-200 24-05-200 02-03-200 16-02-200 28-11-200 16-03-200
DE 4014671 C1 29-08-1991 IT 1248378 B 11-01-199 US 5193966 A 16-03-199	US 4754631	Α	05-07-1988	NONE			
US 5193966 A 16-03-199	US 5555757	Α	17-09-1996	NONE			
US 3528270 A 15-09-1970 NONE	DE 4014671	C1	29-08-1991				11-01-199 16-03-199
	US 3528270	Α	15-09-1970	NONE			

© For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82

EP 2 374 557 A1

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

This list of references cited by the applicant is for the reader's convenience only. It does not form part of the European patent document. Even though great care has been taken in compiling the references, errors or omissions cannot be excluded and the EPO disclaims all liability in this regard.

Patent documents cited in the description

• DE 1935451 [0011]

• IT GE20100033 A [0037]