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(54) METHOD FOR PRODUCING PROTEINS IN PICHIA PASTORIS THAT LACK DETECTABLE CROSS BINDING ACTIVITY TO ANTIBODIES AGAINST HOST CELL ANTIGENS

VERFAHREN ZUR HERSTELLUNG VON PROTEINEN IN PICHIA PASTORIS OHNE ERKENNBARE VERNETZUNGSAKTIVITÄT MIT ANTIKÖRPERN GEGEN WIRTSZELLEN-ANTIGENE

PROCÉDÉ DE PRODUCTION DE PROTÉINES DANS PICHIA PASTORIS EXEMPTES D'ACTIVITÉ DÉTECTABLE DE LIAISON CROISÉE À DES ANTICORPS DIRIGÉS CONTRE DES ANTIGÈNES DE CELLULE HÔTE

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- **MILLE ET AL.: 'Identification of a New Family of Genes Involved in beta-1,2-Mannosylation of Glycans in Pichia pastoris and Candida albicans.' J BIOL CHEM. vol. 283, no. 15, 11 April 2008, pages 9724 - 9736, XP008155456**

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- TANAKA ET AL.: 'Acidophilic xylanase from *Aureobasidium pullulans*: efficient expression and secretion in *Pichia pastoris* and mutational analysis.' J BIOSCI BIOENG. vol. 98, no. 5, 2004, pages 338 - 343, XP008155457

Description**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION****(1) Field of the Invention**

[0001] The present invention relates to methods for producing protein and glycoproteins in *Pichia pastoris* that lack detectable cross binding activity to antibodies made against host cell antigens. In particular, the present invention relates to using recombinant *Pichia pastoris* strains that do not display a β -mannosyltransferase 2 activity with respect to an *N*-glycan or *O*-glycan and do not display at least one activity selected from the group consisting of β -mannosyltransferase 1, 3, and 4 activity with respect to an *N*-glycan or *O*-glycan. These recombinant *Pichia pastoris* strains can produce proteins and glycoproteins that lack detectable α -mannosidase resistant β -mannose residues thereon. The present invention further relates to methods for producing bi-sialylated human erythropoietin in *Pichia pastoris* that lack detectable cross binding activity to antibodies against host cell antigens.

(2) Description of Related Art

[0002] The ability to produce recombinant human proteins has led to major advances in human health care and remains an active area of drug discovery. Many therapeutic proteins require the posttranslational addition of glycans to specific asparagine residues (*N*-glycosylation) of the protein to ensure proper structure-function activity and subsequent stability in human serum. For therapeutic use in humans, glycoproteins require human-like *N*-glycosylation. Mammalian cell lines (e.g., CHO cells, human retinal cells) that can mimic human-like glycoprotein processing have several drawbacks including low protein titers, long fermentation times, heterogeneous products, and continued viral containment. It is therefore desirable to use an expression system that not only produces high protein titers with short fermentation times, but can also produce human-like glycoproteins.

[0003] Fungal hosts such as the methylotrophic yeast *Pichia pastoris* have distinct advantages for therapeutic protein expression, for example, they do not secrete high amounts of endogenous proteins, strong inducible promoters for producing heterologous proteins are available, they can be grown in defined chemical media and without the use of animal sera, and they can produce high titers of recombinant proteins (Cregg et al., FEMS Microbiol. Rev. 24: 45-66 (2000)). However, glycosylated proteins expressed in *P. pastoris* generally contain additional mannose sugars resulting in "high mannose" glycans, as well as mannosylphosphate groups which impart a negative charge onto glycoproteins. Glycoproteins with either high mannose glycans or charged mannans present the risk of eliciting an unwanted immune response in humans (Takeuchi, Trends in Glycosci. Glycotechnol. 9:S29-S35 (1997); Rosenfeld and Ballou, J. Biol. Chem. 249: 2319-2321 (1974)). Accordingly, it is desirable to produce therapeutic glycoproteins in fungal host cells wherein the pattern of glycosylation on the glycoprotein is identical to or similar to that which occurs on glycoproteins produced in humans and which do not have detectable β -mannosylation.

[0004] As evidenced by the presence of protective antibodies in uninfected individuals, β -linked mannans are likely to be immunogenic or adversely affect the individual administered a therapeutic protein or glycoprotein comprising β -linked mannans. Additionally, exposed mannose groups on therapeutic proteins are rapidly cleared by mannose receptors on macrophage cells, resulting in low drug efficacy. Thus, the presence of β -linked mannose residues on *N*- or *O*-linked glycans of heterologous therapeutic proteins expressed in a fungal host, for example, *P. pastoris*, is not desirable given their immunogenic potential and their ability to bind to clearance factors.

[0005] Glycoproteins made in *P. pastoris* have been reported to contain β -linked mannose residues. In 2003, Trimble et al. (Glycobiol. 14: 265-274, Epub Dec 23) reported the presence of β -1,2-linked mannose residues in the recombinant human bile salt-stimulated lipase (hBSSL) expressed in *P. pastoris*. The genes encoding several β -mannosyltransferases have been identified in *Pichia pastoris* and *Candida albicans* (See U.S. Patent No. 7,465,577 and Mille et al., J. Biol. Chem. 283: 9724-9736 (2008)).

[0006] In light of the above, there is a need to provide methods for making recombinant therapeutic proteins or glycoproteins in methylotrophic yeast such as *Pichia pastoris* that lack epitopes that might elicit an adverse reaction in an individual administered the recombinant therapeutic protein or glycoprotein. A method for determining whether a recombinant therapeutic protein or glycoprotein provides a risk of eliciting an adverse reaction when administered to an individual is to contact the recombinant therapeutic protein or glycoprotein to an antibody prepared against total host cell antigens. This is of particular concern for proteins or glycoproteins intended for chronic administration. The lack of cross binding to the antibody indicates that the recombinant therapeutic protein or glycoprotein lacks detectable cross binding activity to the antibody and is unlikely to elicit an adverse reaction when administered to an individual. Thus, there is a need for methods for producing a recombinant therapeutic protein or glycoprotein that lacks detectable cross binding activity to the antibody and is unlikely to elicit an adverse reaction when administered to an individual.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] The invention is set out in the claims.

[0008] In one aspect the present invention provides, a method for producing a recombinant glycoprotein in *Pichia pastoris* that lacks detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens, comprising:

- (a) providing a recombinant *Pichia pastoris* host cell which does not display any of β -mannosyltransferase 1, 2, 3 and 4 activity with respect to an *N*-glycan or *O*-glycan, wherein the β -mannosyltransferase 1, 2 and 3 genes have been deleted or disrupted, wherein the host cell includes a nucleic acid molecule encoding the recombinant glycoprotein
- (b) growing the host cell in a medium under conditions effective for expressing the recombinant glycoprotein; and
- (c) recovering the recombinant glycoprotein from the medium to produce the recombinant glycoprotein that lacks detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens.

[0009] The method described herein wherein the detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens is determined in a sandwich ELISA.

[0010] The method described herein wherein the detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens is determined in a Western blot.

[0011] The method described herein wherein the recombinant glycoprotein is a therapeutic glycoprotein.

[0012] The method described herein wherein the therapeutic glycoprotein is selected from the group consisting erythropoietin (EPO); cytokines such as interferon α , interferon β , interferon γ , and interferon ω ; and granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (GCSF); GM-CSF; coagulation factors such as factor VIII, factor IX, and human protein C; antithrombin III; thrombin; soluble IgE receptor α -chain; immunoglobulins such as IgG, IgG fragments, IgG fusions, and IgM; immunoadhesions and other Fc fusion proteins such as soluble TNF receptor-Fc fusion proteins; RAGE-Fc fusion proteins; interleukins; urokinase; chymase; and urea trypsin inhibitor; IGF-binding protein; epidermal growth factor; growth hormone-releasing factor; annexin V fusion protein; angiostatin; vascular endothelial growth factor-2; myeloid progenitor inhibitory factor-1; osteoprotegerin; α -1-antitrypsin; α -feto proteins; DNase II; kringle 3 of human plasminogen; glucocerebrosidase; TNF binding protein 1; follicle stimulating hormone; cytotoxic T lymphocyte associated antigen 4 - Ig; transmembrane activator and calcium modulator and cyclophilin ligand; glucagon like protein 1; and IL-2 receptor agonist.

[0013] The method described herein wherein the host cell is genetically engineered to produce glycoproteins that have human-like *N*-glycans.

[0014] The method described herein wherein the host cell is genetically engineered to produce glycoproteins that have predominantly an *N*-glycan selected from Man₅GlcNAc₂, GlcNAcMan₅GlcNAc₂, GalGlcNAcMan₅GlcNAc₂, NANAGalGlcNAcMan₅GlcNAc₂, GlcNAcMan₃GlcNAc₂, GlcNAc₍₁₋₄₎Man₃GlcNAc₂, Gal₍₁₋₄₎GlcNAc₍₁₋₄₎Man₃GlcNAc₂, and NANA₍₁₋₄₎Gal₍₁₋₄₎GlcNAc₍₁₋₄₎Man₃GlcNAc₂.

[0015] In another aspect, the method of the present invention for producing a mature human erythropoietin in *Pichia pastoris* comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens, comprising:

- (a) providing a recombinant *Pichia pastoris* host cell genetically engineered to produce sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and does not display any of β -mannosyltransferase 1, 2, 3 and 4 activity with respect to an *N*-glycan or *O*-glycan, wherein the β -mannosyltransferase 1, 2 and 3 genes have been deleted or disrupted, wherein the host cell includes two or more nucleic acid molecules, each encoding a fusion protein comprising a mature human erythropoietin fused to a signal peptide that targets the ER and which is removed when the fusion protein is in the ER;
- (b) growing the host cell in a medium under conditions effective for expressing and processing the first and second fusion proteins; and
- (c) recovering the mature human erythropoietin from the medium to produce the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens.

[0016] The method described herein wherein the signal peptide is a *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide or a chicken lysozyme signal peptide.

[0017] The method described herein wherein at least one nucleic acid molecule encodes a fusion protein wherein the erythropoietin is fused to the *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide and at least one nucleic acid molecule encodes a fusion protein wherein the erythropoietin is fused to the *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide or a chicken lysozyme signal peptide.

[0018] The method described herein wherein the codons of the nucleic acid sequence of the nucleic acid molecule

encoding the erythropoietin is optimized for expression in *Pichia pastoris*.

[0019] The method described herein wherein the detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens is determined in a sandwich ELISA.

[0020] The method described herein wherein the detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens is determined in a Western blot.

[0021] The method described herein wherein recovering the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens from the medium includes a cation exchange chromatography step.

[0022] The method described herein wherein recovering the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens from the medium includes a hydroxyapatite chromatography step.

[0023] The method described herein wherein recovering the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens from the medium includes an anion exchange chromatography step.

Definitions

[0024] As used herein, the terms "*N*-glycan" and "glycoform" are used interchangeably and refer to an *N*-linked oligosaccharide, e.g., one that is attached by an asparagine-*N*-acetylglucosamine linkage to an asparagine residue of a polypeptide. *N*-linked glycoproteins contain an *N*-acetylglucosamine residue linked to the amide nitrogen of an asparagine residue in the protein. The predominant sugars found on glycoproteins are glucose, galactose, mannose, fucose, *N*-acetylgalactosamine (GalNAc), *N*-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc) and sialic acid (e.g., *N*-acetyl-neuraminic acid (NANA)). The processing of the sugar groups occurs co-translationally in the lumen of the ER and continues post-translationally in the Golgi apparatus for *N*-linked glycoproteins.

[0025] *N*-glycans have a common pentasaccharide core of Man₃GlcNAc₂ ("Man" refers to mannose; "Glc" refers to glucose; and "NAc" refers to *N*-acetyl; GlcNAc refers to *N*-acetylglucosamine). *N*-glycans differ with respect to the number of branches (antennae) comprising peripheral sugars (e.g., GlcNAc, galactose, fucose and sialic acid) that are added to the Man₃GlcNAc₂ ("Man3") core structure which is also referred to as the "trimannose core", the "pentasaccharide core" or the "paucimannose core". *N*-glycans are classified according to their branched constituents (e.g., high mannose, complex or hybrid). A "high mannose" type *N*-glycan has five or more mannose residues. A "complex" type *N*-glycan typically has at least one GlcNAc attached to the 1,3 mannose arm and at least one GlcNAc attached to the 1,6 mannose arm of a "trimannose" core. Complex *N*-glycans may also have galactose ("Gal") or *N*-acetylgalactosamine ("GalNAc") residues that are optionally modified with sialic acid or derivatives (e.g., "NANA" or "NeuAc", where "Neu" refers to neuraminic acid and "Ac" refers to acetyl). Complex *N*-glycans may also have intrachain substitutions comprising "bisecting" GlcNAc and core fucose ("Fuc"). Complex *N*-glycans may also have multiple antennae on the "trimannose core," often referred to as "multiple antennary glycans." A "hybrid" *N*-glycan has at least one GlcNAc on the terminal of the 1,3 mannose arm of the trimannose core and zero or more mannoses on the 1,6 mannose arm of the trimannose core. The various *N*-glycans are also referred to as "glycoforms."

[0026] Abbreviations used herein are of common usage in the art, see, e.g., abbreviations of sugars, above. Other common abbreviations include "PNGase", or "glycanase" or "glucosidase" which all refer to peptide *N*-glycosidase F (EC 3.2.2.18).

[0027] The term "recombinant host cell" ("expression host cell", "expression host system", "expression system" or simply "host cell"), as used herein, is intended to refer to a cell into which a recombinant vector has been introduced. It should be understood that such terms are intended to refer not only to the particular subject cell but to the progeny of such a cell. Because certain modifications may occur in succeeding generations due to either mutation or environmental influences, such progeny may not, in fact, be identical to the parent cell, but are still included within the scope of the term "host cell" as used herein. A recombinant host cell may be an isolated cell or cell line grown in culture or may be a cell which resides in a living tissue or organism. Preferred host cells are yeasts and fungi.

[0028] A host cell that "does not display" an enzyme activity refers to a host cell in which the enzyme activity has been abrogated or disrupted. For example, the enzyme activity can be abrogated or disrupted by deleting or disrupting the gene encoding the enzyme activity (included deleting or disrupting the upstream or downstream regulatory sequences controlling expression of the gene; the enzyme activity can be abrogated or disrupted by mutating the gene encoding the enzyme activity to render the enzyme activity encoded gene non-functional; the enzyme activity can be abrogated or disrupted by use of a chemical, peptide, or protein inhibitor of the enzyme activity; the enzyme activity can be abrogated or disrupted by use of nucleic acid-based expression inhibitors such as antisense DNA and siRNA; and, the enzyme activity can be abrogated or disrupted by use of transcription inhibitors or inhibitors of the expression or activity of regulatory factors that control or regulate expression of the gene encoding the enzyme activity.

[0029] When referring to "mole percent" of a glycan present in a preparation of a glycoprotein, the term means the

molar percent of a particular glycan present in the pool of N-linked oligosaccharides released when the protein preparation is treated with PNGase and then quantified by a method that is not affected by glycoform composition, (for instance, labeling a PNGase released glycan pool with a fluorescent tag such as 2-aminobenzamide and then separating by high performance liquid chromatography or capillary electrophoresis and then quantifying glycans by fluorescence intensity). For example, 50 mole percent NANA₂Gal₂GlcNAc₂Man₃GlcNAc₂ means that 50 percent of the released glycans are NANA₂Gal₂GlcNAc₂Man₃GlcNAc₂ and the remaining 50 percent are comprised of other N-linked oligosaccharides. In embodiments, the mole percent of a particular glycan in a preparation of glycoprotein will be between 20% and 100%, preferably above 25%, 30%, 35%, 40% or 45%, more preferably above 50%, 55%, 60%, 65% or 70% and most preferably above 75%, 80% 85%, 90% or 95%.

[0030] As used herein, the term "predominantly" or variations such as "the predominant" or "which is predominant" will be understood to mean the glycan species that has the highest mole percent (%) of total N-glycans after the glycoprotein has been treated with PNGase and released glycans analyzed by mass spectroscopy, for example, MALDI-TOF MS. In other words, the phrase "predominantly" is defined as an individual entity, such as a specific glycoform, is present in greater mole percent than any other individual entity. For example, if a composition consists of species A in 40 mole percent, species B in 35 mole percent and species C in 25 mole percent, the composition comprises predominantly species A.

[0031] The term "therapeutically effective amount" refers to an amount of the recombinant erythropoietin of the invention which gives an increase in hematocrit that provides benefit to a patient. The amount will vary from one individual to another and will depend upon a number of factors, including the overall physical condition of the patient and the underlying cause of anemia. For example, a therapeutically effective amount of erythropoietin of the present invention for a patient suffering from chronic renal failure can be in the range of 20 to 300 units/kg or 0.5ug/kg to 500ug/kg based on therapeutic indication. The term "unit" refers to units commonly known in the art for assessing the activity of erythropoietin compositions. A milligram of pure erythropoietin is approximately equivalent to 150,000 units. A dosing schedule can be from about three times per week to about once every four or six weeks. The actual schedule will depend on a number of factors including the type of erythropoietin administered to a patient (EPO or PEGylated-EPO) and the response of the individual patient. The higher dose ranges are not typically used in anemia applications but can be useful on other therapeutic applications. The means of achieving and establishing an appropriate dose of erythropoietin for a patient is well known and commonly practiced in the art.

[0032] Variations in the amount given and dosing schedule from patient to patient are including by reference to the term "about" in conjunction with an amount or schedule. The amount of erythropoietin used for therapy gives an acceptable rate of hematocrit increase and maintains the hematocrit at a beneficial level (for example, usually at least about 30% and typically in a range of 30% to 36%). A therapeutically effective amount of the present compositions may be readily ascertained by one skilled in the art using publicly available materials and procedures. Additionally, iron may be given to the patient to maintain increased erythropoiesis during therapy. The amount to be given may be readily determined by methods commonly used by those skilled in the art.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0033]

Figure 1 A-J shows the genealogy of *P. pastoris* strain **YGLY3159 (Figure 1E)** and strains **YGLY7113 to YGLY7122 (Figure 1I)** beginning from wild-type strain **NRRL-Y11430 (Figure 1A)**.

Figure 2 shows a map of plasmid pGLY6. Plasmid pGLY6 is an integration vector that targets the *URA5* locus and contains a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *S. cerevisiae* invertase gene or transcription unit (ScSUC2) flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *P. pastoris URA5* gene (PpURA5-5') and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *P. pastoris URA5* gene (PpURA5-3').

Figure 3 shows a map of plasmid pGLY40. Plasmid pGLY40 is an integration vector that targets the *OCH1* locus and contains a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris URA5* gene or transcription unit (PpURA5) flanked by nucleic acid molecules comprising *lacZ* repeats (*lacZ* repeat) which in turn is flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *OCH1* gene (PpOCH1-5') and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *OCH1* gene (PpOCH1-3').

Figure 4 shows a map of plasmid pGLY43a. Plasmid pGLY43a is an integration vector that targets the *BMT2* locus and contains a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *K. lactis* UDP-N-acetylglucosamine (UDP-GlcNAc) transporter gene or transcription unit (KIGlcNAc Transp.) adjacent to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris URA5* gene or transcription unit (PpURA5) flanked by nucleic acid molecules comprising *lacZ* repeats (*lacZ* repeat). The adjacent genes are flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5'

region of the *BMT2* gene (PpPBS2-5') and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *BMT2* gene (PpPBS2-3').

Figure 5 shows a map of plasmid pGLY48. Plasmid pGLY48 is an integration vector that targets the *MNN4L1* locus and contains an expression cassette comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding the mouse homologue of the UDP-GlcNAc transporter (MmGlcNAc Transp.) open reading frame (ORF) operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *GAPDH* promoter (PpGAPDH Prom) and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *S. cerevisiae* *CYC* termination sequence (ScCYC TT) adjacent to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit (PpURA5) flanked by *lacZ* repeats (*lacZ* repeat) and in which the expression cassettes together are flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *P. Pastoris* *MNN4L1* gene (PpMNN4L1-5') and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *MNN4L1* gene (PpMNN4L1-3').

Figure 6 shows a map of plasmid pGLY45. Plasmid pGLY45 is an integration vector that targets the *PNO1/MNN4* loci contains a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit (PpURA5) flanked by nucleic acid molecules comprising *lacZ* repeats (*lacZ* repeat) which in turn is flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *PNO1* gene (PpPNO1-5') and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *MNN4* gene (PpMNN4-3').

Figure 7 shows a map of plasmid pGLY247. Plasmid pGLY247 is an integration vector that targets the *MET16* locus and contains a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit (PpURA5) flanked by nucleic acid molecules comprising *lacZ* repeats (*lacZ* repeat) which in turn is flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *MET16* gene (PpMET16-5') and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *MET16* gene (PpMET16-3').

Figure 8 shows a map of plasmid pGLY248. Plasmid pGLY248 is an integration vector that targets the *URA5* locus and contains a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *MET16* gene or transcription unit (PpMET16) flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *URA5* gene (PpURA5-5') and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *URA5* gene (PpURA5-3').

Figure 9 shows a map of plasmid pGLY582. Plasmid pGLY582 is an integration vector that targets the *HIS1* locus and contains in tandem four expression cassettes encoding (1) the *S. cerevisiae* UDP-glucose epimerase (ScGAL10), (2) the human galactosyltransferase I (hGalT) catalytic domain fused at the N-terminus to the *S. cerevisiae* *KRE2-s* leader peptide (33), (3) the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit (PpURA5) flanked by *lacZ* repeats (*lacZ* repeat), and (4) the *D. melanogaster* UDP-galactose transporter (DmUGT). All flanked by the 5' region of the *HIS1* gene (PpHIS1-5') and the 3' region of the *HIS1* gene (PpHIS1-3'). PMA1 is the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* promoter; PpPMA1 TT is the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* termination sequence; GAPDH is the *P. pastoris* *GADPH* promoter and ScCYC TT is the *S. cerevisiae* *CYC* termination sequence; PpOCH1 Prom is the *P. pastoris* *OCH1* promoter and PpALG12 TT is the *P. pastoris* *ALG12* termination sequence.

Figure 10 shows a map of plasmid pGLY167b. Plasmid pGLY167b is an integration vector that targets the *ARG1* locus and contains in tandem three expression cassettes encoding (1) the *D. melanogaster* mannosidase II catalytic domain (codon optimized) fused at the N-terminus to *S. cerevisiae* *MNN2* leader peptide (CO-KD53), (2) the *P. pastoris* *HIS1* gene or transcription unit, and (3) the rat *N*-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc) transferase II catalytic domain (codon optimized) fused at the N-terminus to *S. cerevisiae* *MNN2* leader peptide (CO-TC54). All flanked by the 5' region of the *ARG1* gene (PpARG1-5') and the 3' region of the *ARG1* gene (PpARG1-3'). PpPMA1 prom is the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* promoter; PpPMA1 TT is the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* termination sequence; PpGAPDH is the *P. pastoris* *GADPH* promoter; ScCYC TT is the *S. cerevisiae* *CYC* termination sequence; PpOCH1 Prom is the *P. pastoris* *OCH1* promoter; and PpALG12 TT is the *P. pastoris* *ALG12* termination sequence.

Figure 11 shows a map of plasmid pGLY1430. Plasmid pGLY1430 is a KINKO integration vector that targets the *ADE1* locus without disrupting expression of the locus and contains in tandem four expression cassettes encoding (1) the human GlcNAc transferase I catalytic domain (codon optimized) fused at the N-terminus to *P. pastoris* *SEC12* leader peptide (CO-NA10), (2) mouse homologue of the UDP-GlcNAc transporter (MmTr), (3) the mouse mannosidase IA catalytic domain (FB) fused at the N-terminus to *S. cerevisiae* *SEC12* leader peptide (FB8), and (4) the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit (PpURA5) flanked by *lacZ* repeats (*lacZ*). All flanked by the 5' region of the *ADE1* gene and ORF (*ADE1* 5' and ORF) and the 3' region of the *ADE1* gene (PpADE1-3'). PpPMA1 prom is the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* promoter; PpPMA1 TT is the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* termination sequence; SEC4 is the *P. pastoris* *SEC4* promoter; OCH1 TT is the *P. pastoris* *OCH1* termination sequence; ScCYC TT is the *S. cerevisiae* *CYC* termination sequence; PpOCH1 Prom is the *P. pastoris* *OCH1* promoter; PpALG3 TT is the *P. pastoris* *ALG3* termination sequence; and PpGAPDH is the *P. pastoris* *GADPH* promoter.

Figure 12 shows a map of plasmid pGFI165. Plasmid pGFI165 is a KINKO integration vector that targets the *PRO1* locus without disrupting expression of the locus and contains expression cassettes encoding (1) the *T. reesei* α -

1,2-mannosidase catalytic domain fused at the *N*-terminus to *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide (α MATTrMan) to target the chimeric protein to the secretory pathway and secretion from the cell and (2) the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit flanked by *lacZ* repeats (*lacZ* repeat). All flanked by the 5' region of the *PRO1* gene and ORF (5'PRO1orf) and the 3' region of the *PRO1* gene (3'PRO). ScCYC TT is the *S. cerevisiae* CYC termination sequence; PpALG3 TT is the *P. pastoris* ALG3 termination sequence; and PpGAPDH is the *P. pastoris* GAPDH promoter.

Figure 13 shows a map of plasmid pGLY2088. Plasmid pGLY2088 is an integration vector that targets the *TRP2* or *AOX1* locus and contains expression cassettes encoding (1) mature human erythropoietin (co-hEPO) codon optimized fused at the *N*-terminus to a *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide (alpha MF-pre) to target the chimeric protein to the secretory pathway and secretion from the cell and (2) the zeocin resistance protein (ZeocinR). The cassettes are flanked on one end with the *P. pastoris* *AOX1* promoter (PpAOX1 Prom) and on the other end with the *P. pastoris* *TRP2* gene or transcription unit (PpTRP2). ScCYC TT is the *S. cerevisiae* CYC termination sequence and ScTEF Prom is the *S. cerevisiae* *TEF1* promoter.

Figure 14 shows a map of plasmid pGLY2456. Plasmid pGLY2456 is a KINKO integration vector that targets the *TRP2* locus without disrupting expression of the locus and contains six expression cassettes encoding (1) the mouse CMP-sialic acid transporter codon optimized (CO mCMP-Sia Transp), (2) the human UDP-GlcNAc 2-epimerase/*N*-acetylmannosamine kinase codon optimized (CO hGNE), (3) the *Pichia pastoris* *ARG1* gene or transcription unit, (4) the human CMP-sialic acid synthase codon optimized (CO hCMP-NANA S), (5) the human *N*-acetylneuraminatase-9-phosphate synthase codon optimized (CO hSIAP S), and, (6) the mouse α -2,6-sialyltransferase catalytic domain codon optimized fused at the *N*-terminus to *S. cerevisiae* *KRE2* leader peptide (comST6-33). All flanked by the 5' region of the *TRP2* gene and ORF (PpTRP2 5') and the 3' region of the *TRP2* gene (PpTRP2-3'). PpPMA1 prom is the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* promoter; PpPMA1 TT is the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* termination sequence; CYC TT is the *S. cerevisiae* CYC termination sequence; PpTEF Prom is the *P. pastoris* *TEF1* promoter; PpTEF TT is the *P. pastoris* *TEF1* termination sequence; PpALG3 TT is the *P. pastoris* ALG3 termination sequence; and pGAP is the *P. pastoris* GAPDH promoter.

Figure 15 shows a map of plasmid pGLY3411 (pSH1092). Plasmid pGLY3411 (pSH1092) is an integration vector that contains the expression cassette comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit (PpURA5) flanked by *lacZ* repeats (*lacZ* repeat) flanked on one side with the 5' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT4* gene (PpPBS4 5') and on the other side with the 3' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT4* gene (PpPBS4 3').

Figure 16 shows a map of plasmid pGLY3430 (pSH1115). Plasmid pGLY3430 (pSH1115) is an integration vector that contains an expression cassette comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding the Nourseothricin resistance ORF (NAT) operably linked to the *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* promoter (PTEF) and *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* termination sequence (TTEF) flanked one side with the 5' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT1* gene (PBS1 5') and on the other side with the 3' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT1* gene (PBS1 3').

Figure 17 shows a map of plasmid pGLY4472 (pSH1186). Plasmid pGLY4472 (pSH1186) contains an expression cassette comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *E. coli* hygromycin B phosphotransferase gene ORF (Hyg) operably linked to the *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* promoter (pTEF) and *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* termination sequence (TRFtt) flanked one side with the 5' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT3* gene (PpPBS3 5') and on the other side with the 3' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT3* gene (PpPBS3 3').

Figure 18 shows a map of plasmid pGLY2057. Plasmid pGLY2057 is an integration plasmid that targets the *ADE2* locus and contains an expression cassette encoding the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit (PpURA5) flanked by *lacZ* repeats (*lacZ* repeat). The expression cassette is flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *ADE2* gene (PpADE2-5') and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *ADE2* gene (PpADE2-3').

Figure 19 shows a map of plasmid pGLY2680. Plasmid pGLY2680 is an integration vector that can target the *TRP2* or *AOX1* locus and contains expression cassettes encoding (1) the human mature erythropoietin codon optimized (co-hEPO) fused at the *N*-terminus to chicken lysozyme signal peptide (chicken Lysozyme ss) and (2) the *P. pastoris* *ADE2* gene without a promoter (PpADE2). The cassettes are flanked on one end with the *P. pastoris* *AOX1* promoter (PpAOX1 Prom) and on the other end with the *P. pastoris* *TRP2* gene or transcription unit (PpTRP2). ScCYC TT is the *S. cerevisiae* CYC termination sequence.

Figure 20 shows a map of plasmid pGLY2713. Plasmid pGLY2713 is an integration vector containing the *P. pastoris* *PNO1* ORF (PpPNO1 ORF) adjacent to the expression cassette comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit (PpURA5) flanked by *lacZ* repeats (*lacZ* repeat) and flanked on one side with the 5' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *PEP4* gene (PpPEP4 5') and on the other side with the 3' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *PEP4* gene (PpPEP4 3').

Figure 21 shows a schematic diagram illustrating fermentation process flow.

Figure 22 shows that rhEPO produced in strain YGLY3159 has cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. Left panel shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel showing the position of the rhEPO and right panel

shows a Western blot of a similar gel probed with rabbit anti-HCA antibodies (SL rProA purified rabbit: 9161) at 1:3,000 dilution. Bound anti-HCA antibody was detected using goat anti-rabbit antibody conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP) at a 1:5,000 dilution in PBS. Detection of bound secondary antibody used the substrate 3'3' diaminobenzidine (DAB).

Figure 23 shows that the cross-bind activity of the rhEPO produced in strain **YGLY3159** to anti-HCA antibodies is not detected when the rhEPO is deglycosylated using PNGase F. Left panel shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel showing the position of the glycosylated and deglycosylated forms of rhEPO and right panel shows a Western blot of a similar gel probed with anti-HCA antibodies as in **Figure 22**.

Figure 24 shows that a recombinant antibody (rhIgG) produced in wild-type *P. pastoris* and a glycoengineered *P. pastoris* GS2.0 strain in which the *BMT2* gene has been disrupted or deleted showed cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. Left panel shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel and the right panel shows a Western blot of a similar gel probed with anti-HCA antibodies as in **Figure 22**. GS 2.0 is a *P. pastoris* strain that produces glycoproteins that have predominantly Man₅GlcNAc₂ N-glycans. The shown GS 2.0 strain produced rhIgG with about 5% Man₅GlcNAc₂ N-glycans. WT is wild type *P. pastoris*.

Figure 25 compares cross binding activity of rhEPO produced in strain **YGLY3159** to other glycosylated proteins containing complex glycosylation patterns but not produced in *P. pastoris* to anti-HCA antibody. Upper panel shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel showing the position of the glycosylated and deglycosylated forms of rhEPO produced in *P. pastoris* and of recombinant human fetuin, asialofetuin (human fetuin with terminal sialic acid residues removed), human serum albumin (HSA), and recombinant LEUKINE produced in *S. cerevisiae* and the lower panel shows a Western blot of a similar gel probed with anti-HCA antibodies as in **Figure 22**. S30S pools are rhEPO purified by cation exchange chromatography.

Figure 26 shows that rhEPO produced in strain **YGLY3159** and purified by hydroxyapatite chromatography still has cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. Left panel shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel of chromatography elution pools 1, 2, and 3 showing the position of the rhEPO (reduced or non-reduced) and right panel shows a Western blot of a similar gel probed with anti-HCA antibodies as in **Figure 22**. Below the panels is shown the results of an HPLC analysis of N-glycans in pools 1, 2, and 3.

Figure 27A shows a chromatogram of Q SEPHAROSE FF anion chromatography purification of rhEPO produced in strain **YGLY3159** from hydroxyapatite pool 1.

Figure 27B shows a sandwich ELISA showing that the Q SEPHAROSE FF pool containing rhEPO from the Q SEPHAROSE FF anion chromatography has no detectable cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies whereas the flow through contained cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. The capture antibody was anti-hEPO antibody and cross binding activity was detected with rabbit anti-HCA antibody at a 1:800 starting dilution in PBS which was then serially diluted 1:1 in PBS across a row ending with the 11th well at a 1:819,200 dilution (well 12: negative control). Bound anti-HCA antibody was detected using goat anti-rabbit antibody conjugated to alkaline phosphatase (AP) at a 1:10,000 dilution in PBS. Detection of bound secondary antibody used the substrate 4-Methylumbelliferyl phosphate (4-MUPS).

Figure 28 shows that rhEPO produced in strains **YGLY6661** ($\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, and $\Delta bmt1$) and **YGLY7013** ($\Delta bmt2$ and $\Delta bmt4$) and captured by Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography (Blue pools) still has cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. Left panel shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel of the Blue pools with (+) and without (-) PNGase F treatment. The center panel shows a Western blot of a similar gel probed with anti-hEPO antibodies conjugated to HRP at a 1:1,000 dilution and DAB as the substrate. The right panel shows a Western blot of a similar gel probed with anti-HCA antibodies as in **Figure 22**.

Figure 29 shows in a sandwich ELISA to detect cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies that rhEPO produced in strains **YGLY6661** ($\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, and $\Delta bmt1$) and **YGLY7013** ($\Delta bmt2$ and $\Delta bmt4$) and captured by Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography (Blue pools) still has cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. The ELISA was performed as in **Figure 27B**.

Figure 30 shows sandwich ELISAs used to detect cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies of rhEPO produced in strains **YGLY6661** ($\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, and $\Delta bmt1$) and **YGLY7013** ($\Delta bmt2$ and $\Delta bmt4$), captured by Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography, and purified by hydroxyapatite chromatography (HA pool 1). rhEPO in HA pool 1 from strain **YGLY6661** had no detectable cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. The ELISAs were performed as in **Figure 27B**.

Figure 31 shows that rhEPO produced in strain **YGLY6661** ($\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, and $\Delta bmt1$) and captured by Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography (Blue pools) still has cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. Left panel shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel of the Blue pools with (+) and without (-) PNGase F treatment. The center panel shows a Western blot of a similar gel probed with anti-hEPO antibodies conjugated to HRP at a 1:1,000 dilution and DAB as the substrate. The right panel shows a Western blot of a similar gel probed with anti-HCA antibodies as in **Figure 22**.

Figure 32A shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel of the Blue Sepharose 6 FF capture pools

(Blue pools) prepared from strains **YGLY7361-7366** (all $\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$) with (+) and without (-) PNGase F treatment. The strains were grown in 500 mL SixFors fermentors.

Figure 32B shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel of the Blue Sepharose 6 FF capture pools (Blue pools) prepared from strains **YGLY7393-7398** (all $\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$) with (+) and without (-) PNGase F treatment. The strains were grown in 500 mL SixFors fermentors.

Figure 33 shows the results of sandwich ELISAs used to detect cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies of rhEPO produced in strains **YGLY7361-7366** (all $\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$) and **YGLY7393-7398** (all $\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$) and captured by Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography (Blue pools). Only rhEPO in the Blue pools from strain **YGLY7363** and **YGLY7365** had detectable cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. The ELISAs were performed as in **Figure 27B**.

Figure 34 shows in chart form the results from HPLC analysis of the *N*-glycans on the rhEPO in the Blue pools prepared from strains **YGLY7361-7366** and **YGLY7393-7398** (all $\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$). "Bi" refers to *N*-glycans in which both arms of the biantennary *N*-glycan are sialylated. "Mono" refers to *N*-glycans in which only one arm of the biantennary *N*-glycan is sialylated. "Neutral" refers to *N*-glycans that are not sialylated.

Figure 35A shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel of the Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography (Blue pools) and hydroxyapatite purification pools (HA pool 1s) prepared from strains **YGLY7362**, **YGLY7366**, **YGLY7396**, and **YGLY7398** (all $\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$), and **YGLY3159** ($\Delta bmt2$).

Figure 35B shows a Western blot of a 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel of the Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography (Blue pools) and hydroxyapatite purification pools (HA pool 1s) prepared from strains **YGLY7362**, **YGLY7366**, **YGLY7396**, and **YGLY7398** (all $\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$), and **YGLY3159** ($\Delta bmt2$) and probed with anti-HCA antibodies as in **Figure 22**.

Figure 36 shows that rhEPO produced in strain **YGLY7398** ($\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$) and captured by Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography (Blue pools) and purified by hydroxyapatite chromatography (HA pool 1s) had no detectable cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. Left panel shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel of the Blue pool and HA pool 1 prepared from strain **YGLY7398** compared to rhEPO prepared from strain **YGLY3159**. The center panel shows a Western blot of a similar gel probed with anti-HCA antibodies as in **Figure 22**. The center panel shows a Western blot of a similar gel probed with anti-HCA antibodies as in **Figure 22** except anti-HCA antibodies were from another antibody preparation (GiF polyclonal rabbit::6316 at 1:2,000).

Figure 37 shows the results of sandwich ELISAs used to detect cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies of rhEPO produced in strains **YGLY7113-7122** ($\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$) and captured by Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography (Blue pools). Strain **YGLY7118** showed very low detectable cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. None of the other strains showed any detectable cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. The ELISAs were performed as in **Figure 27B**.

Figure 38 shows in chart form the results from HPLC analysis of the *N*-glycans on the rhEPO in the Blue pools prepared from strains **YGLY7113-7122** (all $\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$). "Bi" refers to *N*-glycans in which both arms of the biantennary *N*-glycan are sialylated. "Mono" refers to *N*-glycans in which only one arm of the biantennary *N*-glycan is sialylated. "Neutral" refers to *N*-glycans that are not sialylated.

Figure 39A shows a Commassie Blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel of the Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography (Blue pools) and hydroxyapatite purification pools (HA pool 1s) prepared from strains **YGLY7115**, **YGLY7117**, **YGLY7394**, **YGLY7395**, and **YGLY7120** (all $\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$), and **YGLY3159** ($\Delta bmt2$).

Figure 39B shows a Western blot of a 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel of the Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography (Blue pools) and hydroxyapatite purification pools (HA pool 1s) prepared from strains **YGLY7115**, **YGLY7117**, **YGLY7394**, **YGLY7395**, and **YGLY7120** (all $\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$), and **YGLY3159** ($\Delta bmt2$) and probed with anti-HCA antibodies as in **Figure 22**.

Figure 40A shows an HPLC trace of the *N*-glycans from rhEPO produced in **YGLY3159** ($\Delta bmt2$) and purified by hydroxyapatite column chromatography (i.e., analysis of HA pool 1).

Figure 40B shows an HPLC trace of the *N*-glycans from rhEPO produced in **YGLY7117** ($\Delta bmt2$, $\Delta bmt4$, $\Delta bmt1$, and $\Delta bmt3$) and purified by hydroxyapatite column chromatography (i.e., analysis of HA pool 1).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0034] The present invention provides methods for producing proteins and glycoproteins in *Pichia pastoris* that lack detectable cross binding to antibodies made against host cell antigens. Host cell antigens can also include residual host cell protein and cell wall contaminants that may carry over to recombinant protein compositions that can be immunogenic and which can alter therapeutic efficacy or safety of a therapeutic protein. A composition that has cross-reactivity with antibodies made against host cell antigens means that the composition contains some contaminating host cell material, usually *N*-glycans with phosphomannose residues or β -mannose residues or the like. Wild-type strains of *Pichia pastoris* will produce glycoproteins that have these *N*-glycan structures. Antibody preparations made against total host cell

proteins would be expected to include antibodies against these structures. Proteins that do not contain *N*-glycans, however, might also include contaminating material (proteins or the like) that will cross-react with antibodies made against the host cell.

[0035] The methods and host cells enable recombinant therapeutic proteins and glycoproteins to be produced that have a reduced risk of eliciting an adverse reaction in an individual administered the recombinant therapeutic proteins and glycoproteins compared to the same being produced in strains not modified as disclosed herein. An adverse reaction includes eliciting an unwanted immune response in the individual or an unwanted or inappropriate binding to, congregating in, or interaction with a site in the individual that in general adversely affects the health of the individual. The risk of eliciting an adverse reaction in an individual being administered the therapeutic protein or glycoprotein is of particular concern for proteins or glycoproteins intended to be administered to the individual chronically (e.g., therapies intended to be conducted over an extended time period). The recombinant therapeutic proteins or glycoproteins produced according to the methods herein have no detectable cross binding activity to antibodies against host cell antigens and thus, present a reduced risk of eliciting an adverse reaction in an individual administered the recombinant proteins or glycoproteins. The methods and host cells are also useful for producing recombinant proteins or glycoproteins that have a lower potential for binding clearance factors.

[0036] The inventors have found that particular glycoproteins that are produced in some strains of *Pichia pastoris* can have *N*-or *O*-glycans thereon in which one or more of the mannose residues thereon are in a β 1,2-linkage. Glycoproteins intended for therapeutic uses and which have one or more β 1,2-linked mannose residues thereon provide a risk of being capable of eliciting an undesirable immune response in the individual being administered the glycoprotein. These β -linked mannose residues can be detected using antibodies made against total host cell antigens. Because it cannot be predicted which therapeutic glycoproteins will have *N*- or *O*-glycans comprising one or more β 1,2-linked mannose residues and whether a therapeutic glycoprotein that does have *N*-or *O*-glycans comprising β 1,2-linked mannose residues thereon will produce an unwanted immunogenic response in the individual receiving the glycoprotein, it is desirable to produce therapeutic glycoproteins in *Pichia pastoris* strains that have been genetically engineered to that lack detectable cross binding to antibodies made against host cell antigens. Such strains can be produced by deleting or disrupting the activities of at least three of the four known β -mannosyltransferases (*Bmt*p) in the *Pichia pastoris* β -mannosyltransferase (*BMT*) gene family. As shown herein, *Pichia pastoris* strains that include a deletion or disruption of at least three of the these *BMT* genes provides a *Pichia pastoris* strain that can produce proteins or glycoproteins that lack detectable cross binding to antibodies made against host cell antigens. These strains are useful producing therapeutic proteins and glycoproteins. The presence of β -mannose structures on *N*- and/or *O*-glycans have been demonstrated to elicit an immune response.

[0037] Identification of the β -mannosyltransferase genes in *Pichia pastoris* and *Candida albicans* was reported in U.S. Patent No. 7,465,577 and Mille et al., J. Biol. Chem. 283: 9724-9736 (2008), which disclosed that β -mannosylation was effected by a β -mannosyltransferase that was designated *AMR2* or *BMT2* and that disruption or deletion of the gene in *Pichia pastoris* resulted a recombinant host that was capable of producing glycoproteins with reduced β -mannosylation. The patent also disclosed three homologues of the gene, *BMT1*, *BMT3*, and *BMT4*. However, when investigating the source of cross binding activity of some glycoprotein preparations to antibodies made against host cell antigens, the inventors discovered that the cross binding activity was a consequence of residual β -mannosylation persisting in some strains of recombinant *P. pastoris* host cells in which the *BMT2* gene had been disrupted or deleted. Thus, heterologous glycoproteins produced in these recombinant host cells have *N*-glycans that still contained β -mannose residues. These β -mannose residues were detectable in ELISAs and Western blots of the heterologous glycoproteins obtained from cultures of these recombinant host cells probed with antibodies made against host cell antigens (HCA). Anti-HCA antibodies are polyclonal antibodies raised against a wild-type *Pichia pastoris* strain or a NORF strain: a recombinant host cell that is constructed in the same manner as the recombinant host cell that produces the heterologous glycoprotein except that the open reading frame (ORF) encoding the heterologous protein has been omitted. For therapeutic glycoproteins produced in *Pichia pastoris*, these residual β -mannose residues present the risk of eliciting an immune response in some individuals that receive the therapeutic protein in a treatment for a disease or disorder. The present invention provides a method for producing glycoproteins in *Pichia pastoris* that do not contain any detectable β -mannosylation and as such do not cross bind to antibodies made against host cell antigens.

[0038] *BMT1*, *BMT2*, and *BMT3* demonstrate a high degree of sequence homology while *BMT4* is homologous to a lower extent and is thought to be a capping alpha-mannosyltransferase. However, all four members of the *BMT* family appear to be involved in synthesis of *N*-and/or *O*-glycans having β -linked mannose structures. Although a MALDI-TOF of *N*-glycans from a test protein produced in a *Pichia pastoris* strain in which the *BMT2* gene has been deleted might fail to detect β -mannosylation, the sensitive antibody-based assays herein were able to detect β -mannosylation in $\Delta bmt2$ strains. Thus, the anti-HCA antibody-based detection methods taught herein showed that deletion or disruption of also the *BMT1* and *BMT3* genes and optionally the *BMT4* gene was needed to remove all detectable β -mannose structures. Deleting or disrupting the genes encoding the three β -mannosyltransferases can be achieved by (1) complete or partial knock-out of the gene (including the promoter sequences, open reading frame (ORF) and/or the transcription terminator sequences); (2) introduction of a frame-shift in the ORF; (3) inactivation or regulation of the promoter; (4) knock-down

of message by siRNA or antisense RNA; (5) or the use of chemical inhibitors. The result is the production of a host cell that is capable of producing a glycoprotein that lacks detectable cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies.

[0039] To exemplify the methods for producing a glycoprotein that lacks detectable cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies, a strain of *Pichia pastoris*, which had been genetically engineered to lack *BMT2* expression or activity and to be capable of producing recombinant mature human erythropoietin (EPO) with sialic acid-terminated bi-antennary *N*-glycans, was further genetically engineered to lack expression of the *BMT1* and/or *BMT3* and/or *BMT4* genes. The strain in which only expression of the *BMT2* gene had been disrupted produced recombinant mature human EPO having some detectable cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. The detectable cross binding activity was found to be due to the presence of β -linked mannose residues on the EPO molecule (See **Figures 22-27B**, Example 6). When the genes encoding *BMT1* and *BMT4* were disrupted or deleted in the strain, the EPO produced still had detectable cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies (See **Figures 28-31**). However, when the *BMT1*, *BMT2*, *BMT3*, and *BMT4* genes were disrupted or deleted, most of the strains produced glycosylated recombinant human EPO that lacked detectable cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies and thus lacked detectable β -mannose residues (See **Figures 33 and 35B** for example).

[0040] Thus, the present invention further provides a method for producing a recombinant protein or glycoprotein that lacks detectable cross binding activity to antibodies made against host cell antigens that involves constructing host cells intended to be used to produce the recombinant protein to further not display any of β -mannosyltransferase 1-4 activities due to deletion or disruption of β -mannosyltransferase 1, 2 and 3 genes. Other combinations of deletions are described below by way of illustration but do not constitute the invention. By way of example, a host cell is constructed that does not display β -mannosyltransferase 2 activity with respect to an *N*-glycan or *O*-glycan. The host cell lacking display β -mannosyltransferase 2 activity is used to produce the recombinant protein or glycoprotein, which is then evaluated by Western blot or ELISA using an antibody that has been made against a NORF version of the strain. A NORF strain is a strain the same as the host strain except it lacks the open reading frame encoding the recombinant glycoprotein. If the recombinant protein or glycoprotein produced by the host cell lacks detectable binding to the antibody made against host cell antigens, then the host cell is useful for producing the recombinant protein or glycoprotein that lacks cross binding activity to the antibodies against host cell antigens.

[0041] However, if detectable cross binding activity is detected, then the host cell is further manipulated to not display β -mannosyltransferase 1, β -mannosyltransferase 3, or β -mannosyltransferase 4 activity with respect to an *N*-glycan or *O*-glycan. For example, the host cell that lacks β -mannosyltransferase 2 activity is further manipulated to lack β -mannosyltransferase 1 activity. The host cell is used to produce the recombinant protein or glycoprotein, which is then evaluated by Western blot or ELISA using an antibody that has been made against a NORF version of the strain. If the recombinant protein or glycoprotein produced by the host cell lacks detectable binding to the antibody made against host cell antigens, then the host cell is useful for producing the recombinant protein or glycoprotein that lacks cross binding activity to the antibodies against host cell antigens.

[0042] However, if detectable cross binding activity is detected, then the host cell is further manipulated to not display β -mannosyltransferase 3 activity or β -mannosyltransferase 4 activity. For example, the host cell that lacks β -mannosyltransferase 2 activity and β -mannosyltransferase 1 activity is further manipulated to lack β -mannosyltransferase 3 activity with respect to an *N*-glycan or *O*-glycan. The host cell is used to produce the protein or recombinant glycoprotein, which is then evaluated by Western blot or ELISA using an antibody that has been made against a NORF version of the strain. If the recombinant protein or glycoprotein produced by the host cell lacks detectable binding to the antibody made against host cell antigens, then the host cell is useful for producing the recombinant protein or glycoprotein that lacks cross binding activity to the antibodies against host cell antigens.

[0043] However, if detectable cross binding activity is detected, then the strain is further manipulated to not display β -mannosyltransferase 4 activity with respect to an *N*-glycan or *O*-glycan. The host cell is used to produce the recombinant protein or glycoprotein, which is then evaluated by Western blot or ELISA using an antibody that has been made against a NORF version of the strain to confirm that the recombinant protein or glycoprotein lacks detectable binding to the antibody made against host cell antigens.

[0044] By way of a further example, a *Pichia pastoris* host cell is constructed in which various combinations of *BMT* genes are deleted or disrupted in. By way of example, a *Pichia pastoris* host cell is constructed that has a disruption or deletion of the *BMT2* gene. The $\Delta bmt2$ host cell is used to produce the recombinant protein or glycoprotein, which is then evaluated by Western blot or ELISA using an antibody that has been made against a NORF version of the strain. A NORF strain is a strain the same as the host strain except it lacks the open reading frame encoding the recombinant glycoprotein. If the recombinant protein or glycoprotein produced by the $\Delta bmt2$ host cell lacks detectable binding to the antibody made against host cell antigens, then the *BMT2* deletion or disruption is sufficient to enable the host cell to produce the recombinant protein or glycoprotein that lacks cross binding activity to the antibodies against host cell antigens.

[0045] However, if detectable cross binding activity is detected, then the host cell is further manipulated to have a deletion of the *BMT1*, *BMT3*, or *BMT4* genes. For example, the host cell that has a disruption or deletion of the *BMT2*

gene is further manipulated to have a deletion or disruption of the *BMT1* gene. The $\Delta bmt2 \Delta bmt1$ host cell is used to produce the recombinant protein or glycoprotein, which is then evaluated by Western blot or ELISA using an antibody that has been made against a NORF version of the strain. If the recombinant protein or glycoprotein produced by the $\Delta bmt2 \Delta bmt1$ host cell lacks detectable binding to the antibody made against host cell antigens, then the *BMT1* and *BMT2* deletions or disruptions are sufficient to enable the host cell to produce the recombinant protein or glycoprotein that lacks cross binding activity to the antibodies against host cell antigens.

[0046] However, if detectable cross binding activity is detected, then the host cell is further manipulated to have a deletion of the *BMT3* or *BMT4* genes. For example, the host cell that has a disruption or deletion of the *BMT1* and *BMT2* gene is further manipulated to have a deletion or disruption of the *BMT3* gene. The $\Delta bmt2 \Delta bmt1 \Delta bmt3$ host cell is used to produce the protein or recombinant glycoprotein, which is then evaluated by Western blot or ELISA using an antibody that has been made against a NORF version of the host cell. If the recombinant protein or glycoprotein produced by the $\Delta bmt2 \Delta bmt1 \Delta bmt3$ host cell lacks detectable binding to the antibody made against host cell antigens, then the *BMT1*, *BMT2*, and *BMT3* deletions or disruptions are sufficient to enable the host cell to produce the recombinant protein or glycoprotein that lacks cross binding activity to the antibodies against host cell antigens.

[0047] However, if detectable cross binding activity is detected, then the host cell is further manipulated to have a deletion of the *BMT4* gene. The $\Delta bmt2 \Delta bmt1 \Delta bmt3 \Delta bmt4$ host cell is used to produce the recombinant protein or glycoprotein, which is then evaluated by Western blot or ELISA using an antibody that has been made against a NORF version of the strain to confirm that the recombinant protein or glycoprotein lacks detectable binding to the antibody made against host cell antigens.

[0048] The present invention further provides a recombinant *Pichia pastoris* host cell in which the *BMT2* gene and *BMT1* gene and *BMT3* gene have been deleted or disrupted and which includes a nucleic acid molecule encoding the recombinant protein or glycoprotein. In further embodiments, the *BMT2* gene, *BMT1* gene, and *BMT3* gene have been deleted or disrupted. In a further aspect, the present invention provides a recombinant *Pichia pastoris* host cell in which the *BMT1* gene, *BMT2* gene, *BMT3* gene, and *BMT4* gene have been deleted or disrupted and which includes a nucleic acid molecule encoding the recombinant protein or glycoprotein.

[0049] The present invention further provides a general method for producing a recombinant protein or glycoprotein that lacks detectable cross binding activity to anti-host cell antigen antibodies comprising providing a recombinant *Pichia pastoris* host cell in which the *BMT2* gene and the *BMT1* gene and the *BMT3* gene have been deleted or disrupted and which includes a nucleic acid molecule encoding the recombinant protein or glycoprotein; growing the host cell in a medium under conditions effective for expressing the recombinant protein or glycoprotein; and recovering the recombinant protein or glycoprotein from the medium to produce the recombinant protein or glycoprotein that lacks detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens. In further embodiments, the *BMT2* gene, *BMT1* gene, and *BMT3* gene have been deleted or disrupted.

[0050] In a further aspect, the present invention provides a general method for producing a recombinant protein or glycoprotein that lack detectable cross binding activity to anti-host cell antigen antibodies comprising providing a recombinant *Pichia pastoris* host cell in which the *BMT1* gene, *BMT2* gene, *BMT3* gene, and *BMT4* gene have been deleted or disrupted and which includes a nucleic acid molecule encoding the recombinant protein or glycoprotein; growing the host cell in a medium under conditions effective for expressing the recombinant protein or glycoprotein; and recovering the recombinant protein or glycoprotein from the medium to produce the recombinant protein or glycoprotein that lacks detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens.

[0051] The present invention further provides a recombinant *Pichia pastoris* host cell in which the *BMT2* gene and the *BMT1* gene and the *BMT3* gene have been deleted or disrupted and which includes a nucleic acid molecule encoding the recombinant protein or glycoprotein. In further embodiments, the *BMT2* gene, *BMT1* gene, and *BMT3* gene have been deleted or disrupted. In a further aspect, the present invention provides a recombinant *Pichia pastoris* host cell in which the *BMT1* gene, *BMT2* gene, *BMT3* gene, and *BMT4* gene have been deleted or disrupted and which includes a nucleic acid molecule encoding the recombinant protein or glycoprotein.

[0052] In general, the recombinant protein or glycoprotein is a therapeutic glycoprotein. Examples of therapeutic glycoproteins contemplated, include but are not limited to erythropoietin (EPO); cytokines such as interferon α , interferon β , interferon γ , and interferon ω ; and granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (GCSF); GM-CSF; coagulation factors such as factor VIII, factor IX, and human protein C; antithrombin III; thrombin; soluble IgE receptor α -chain; immunoglobulins such as IgG, IgG fragments, IgG fusions, and IgM; immunoadhesions and other Fc fusion proteins such as soluble TNF receptor-Fc fusion proteins; RAGE-Fc fusion proteins; interleukins; urokinase; chymase; and urea trypsin inhibitor; IGF-binding protein; epidermal growth factor; growth hormone-releasing factor; annexin V fusion protein; angiostatin; vascular endothelial growth factor-2; myeloid progenitor inhibitory factor-1; osteoprotegerin; α -1-antitrypsin; α -feto proteins; DNase II; kringle 3 of human plasminogen; glucocerebrosidase; TNF binding protein 1; follicle stimulating hormone; cytotoxic T lymphocyte associated antigen 4 - Ig; transmembrane activator and calcium modulator and cyclophilin ligand; glucagon like protein 1; and IL-2 receptor agonist.

[0053] In particular aspects of the invention, the nucleic acid molecule encoding the recombinant protein or glycoprotein

is codon-optimized to enhance expression of the recombinant protein or glycoprotein in the host cell. For example, as shown in the examples, the nucleic acid molecule encoding the human mature form of erythropoietin was codon-optimized for enhanced expression of the erythropoietin in a methylotrophic yeast such as *Pichia pastoris* strain that had been genetically engineered to produce an erythropoietin variant comprising bi-antennary *N*-glycans in which the predominant glycoform comprised both antennae terminally sialylated.

[0054] Suitable host cells include any host cell that includes homologues of the *Pichia pastoris* *BMT1*, *BMT2*, *BMT3*, and/or *BMT4* genes. Currently, examples of such host cells include *Candida albicans* and the methylotrophic yeast *Pichia pastoris*. The description describes the host cell is a methylotrophic yeast such as *Pichia pastoris* and mutants thereof and genetically engineered variants thereof. The invention is however limited to *Pichia pastoris*. Methylotrophic yeast such as *Pichia pastoris* can be genetically modified so that they express glycoproteins in which the glycosylation pattern is human-like or humanized. In this manner, glycoprotein compositions can be produced in which a specific desired glycoform is predominant in the composition. Such can be achieved by eliminating selected endogenous glycosylation enzymes and/or genetically engineering the host cells and/or supplying exogenous enzymes to mimic all or part of the mammalian glycosylation pathway as described in US 2004/0018590. If desired, additional genetic engineering of the glycosylation can be performed, such that the glycoprotein can be produced with or without core fucosylation. Use of lower eukaryotic host cells is further advantageous in that these cells are able to produce highly homogenous compositions of glycoprotein, such that the predominant glycoform of the glycoprotein may be present as greater than thirty mole percent of the glycoprotein in the composition. The description describes that the predominant glycoform may be present in greater than forty mole percent, fifty mole percent, sixty mole percent, seventy mole percent and, most preferably, greater than eighty mole percent of the glycoprotein present in the composition. Such can be achieved by eliminating selected endogenous glycosylation enzymes and/or supplying exogenous enzymes as described by Gerngross *et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 7,029,872 and U.S. Patent No. 7,449,308. For example, a host cell can be selected or engineered to be depleted in 1,6-mannosyl transferase activities, which would otherwise add mannose residues onto the *N*-glycan on a glycoprotein.

[0055] Thus, the control of *O*-glycosylation can be useful for producing particular glycoproteins in the host cells disclosed herein in better total yield or in yield of properly assembled glycoprotein. The reduction or elimination of *O*-glycosylation appears to have a beneficial effect on the assembly and transport of glycoproteins such as whole antibodies as they traverse the secretory pathway and are transported to the cell surface. Thus, in cells in which *O*-glycosylation is controlled, the yield of properly assembled glycoproteins such as antibody fragments is increased over the yield obtained in host cells in which *O*-glycosylation is not controlled.

[0056] Therefore, the methods disclosed herein can use any host cell that has been genetically modified to produce glycoproteins wherein the predominant *N*-glycan is selected from the group consisting of complex *N*-glycans, hybrid *N*-glycans, and high mannose *N*-glycans wherein complex *N*-glycans are selected from the group consisting of $\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAc}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Gal}_{(1-4)}\text{GlcNAc}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, and $\text{NANA}_{(1-4)}\text{Gal}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$; hybrid *N*-glycans are selected from the group consisting of $\text{Man}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GalGlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, and $\text{NANAGlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$; and high mannose *N*-glycans are selected from the group consisting of $\text{Man}_6\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Man}_7\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Man}_8\text{GlcNAc}_2$, and $\text{Man}_9\text{GlcNAc}_2$. Examples of *N*-glycan structures include but are not limited to $\text{Man}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAcMan}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAc}_2\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAc}_3\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAc}_4\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GalGlcNAc}_2\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Gal}_2\text{GlcNAc}_2\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Gal}_2\text{GlcNAc}_3\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Gal}_2\text{GlcNAc}_4\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Gal}_3\text{GlcNAc}_3\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Gal}_3\text{GlcNAc}_4\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Gal}_4\text{GlcNAc}_4\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{NANAGal}_2\text{GlcNAc}_2\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{NANA}_2\text{Gal}_2\text{GlcNAc}_2\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{NANA}_3\text{Gal}_3\text{GlcNAc}_3\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, and $\text{NANA}_4\text{Gal}_4\text{GlcNAc}_4\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$.

[0057] Yeast selectable markers that can be used to construct the recombinant host cells include drug resistance markers and genetic functions which allow the yeast host cell to synthesize essential cellular nutrients, e.g. amino acids. Drug resistance markers which are commonly used in yeast include chloramphenicol, kanamycin, methotrexate, G418 (geneticin), Zeocin, and the like. Genetic functions which allow the yeast host cell to synthesize essential cellular nutrients are used with available yeast strains having auxotrophic mutations in the corresponding genomic function. Common yeast selectable markers provide genetic functions for synthesizing leucine (*LEU2*), tryptophan (*TRP1* and *TRP2*), proline (*PRO1*), uracil (*URA3*, *URA5*, *URA6*), histidine (*HIS3*), lysine (*LYS2*), adenine (*ADE1* or *ADE2*), and the like. Other yeast selectable markers include the *ARR3* gene from *S. cerevisiae*, which confers arsenite resistance to yeast cells that are grown in the presence of arsenite (Bobrowicz *et al.*, Yeast, 13:819-828 (1997); Wysocki *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem. 272:30061-30066 (1997)). A number of suitable integration sites include those enumerated in U.S. Patent No. 7,479,389 and include homologs to loci known for *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* and other yeast or fungi. Methods for integrating vectors into yeast are well known (See for example, U.S. Patent No. 7,479,389, U.S. Patent No. 7,514,253, U.S. Published Application No. 2009012400, and WO2009/085135). Examples of insertion sites include, but are not limited to, *Pichia ADE* genes; *Pichia TRP* (including *TRP1* through *TRP2*) genes; *Pichia MCA* genes; *Pichia CYM* genes; *Pichia PEP* genes; *Pichia PRB* genes; and *Pichia LEU* genes. The *Pichia ADE1* and *ARG4* genes have been described in Lin Cereghino *et al.*, Gene 263:159-169 (2001) and U.S. Patent No. 4,818,700, the *HIS3* and *TRP1* genes have been

described in Cosano et al., Yeast 14:861-867 (1998), *HIS4* has been described in GenBank Accession No. X56180.

[0058] Also described is a method for producing a mature human erythropoietin in methylotrophic yeast such as *Pichia pastoris* comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens. The method comprises providing a recombinant *Pichia pastoris* host cell genetically engineered to produce sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and in which at least the *BMT1*, *BMT2*, and *BMT3* genes have been deleted or disrupted and which includes two or more nucleic acid molecules, each encoding a fusion protein comprising a mature human erythropoietin EPO fused to a signal peptide that targets the ER apparatus and which is removed when the fusion protein is in the ER growing the host cell in a medium under conditions effective for expressing and processing the first and second fusion proteins; and recovering the mature human erythropoietin from the medium to produce the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens.

[0059] In particular aspects, the nucleic acid molecule encoding the mature human erythropoietin is codon-optimized for optimal expression in the methylotrophic yeast such as *Pichia pastoris*. As shown in the examples, the mature human erythropoietin is encoded as a fusion protein in which the EPO is fused at the *N*-terminus of the mature form of the erythropoietin to the C-terminus of a signal peptide that targets the fusion protein to the secretory pathway for processing, including glycosylation. Examples of signal peptides include but are not limited to the *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide or a chicken lysozyme signal peptide. Other signal sequences can be used instead of those disclosed herein, for example, the *Aspergillus niger* α -amylase signal peptide and human serum albumin (HSA) signal peptide. In one embodiment, a first nucleic acid molecule encodes a fusion protein wherein the mature erythropoietin is fused to the *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide and second nucleic acid molecule encodes a fusion protein wherein the mature erythropoietin is fused to the *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide a chicken lysozyme signal peptide. The signal peptide can be fused to the mature human erythropoietin by a linker peptide that can contain one or more protease cleavage sites.

[0060] The host cell is genetically engineered to produce sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and in which at least the *BMT1*, *BMT2*, and *BMT3* genes have been deleted or disrupted.

[0061] Detection of detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens can be determined in a sandwich ELISA or in a Western blot.

[0062] In further aspects, recovering the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens includes a cation exchange chromatography step and/or a hydroxyapatite chromatography step and/or an anion exchange chromatography step. In one embodiment, the recovering the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens comprises a cation exchange chromatography step followed by a hydroxyapatite chromatography step. Optionally, recovery of the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens includes an anion chromatography step.

EXAMPLE 1

[0063] Genetically engineered *Pichia pastoris* strain **YGLY3159** is a strain that produces recombinant human erythropoietin with sialylated *N*-glycans (rhEPO). Construction of the strain has been described in U.S. Published Application No. 20080139470 and is illustrated schematically in **Figure 1**. Briefly, the strain was constructed as follows.

[0064] The strain **YGLY3159** was constructed from wild-type *Pichia pastoris* strain **NRRL-Y 11430** using methods described earlier (See for example, U.S. Patent No. 7,449,308; U.S. Patent No. 7,479,389; U.S. Published Application No. 20090124000; Published PCT Application No. WO2009085135; Nett and Gerngross, Yeast 20:1279 (2003); Choi et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 100:5022 (2003); Hamilton et al., Science 301:1244 (2003)). All plasmids were made in a pUC19 plasmid using standard molecular biology procedures. For nucleotide sequences that were optimized for expression in *P. pastoris*, the native nucleotide sequences were analyzed by the GENEOPTIMIZER software (GeneArt, Regensburg, Germany) and the results used to generate nucleotide sequences in which the codons were optimized for *P. pastoris* expression. Yeast strains were transformed by electroporation (using standard techniques as recommended by the manufacturer of the electroporator BioRad).

[0065] Plasmid pGLY6 (**Figure 2**) is an integration vector that targets the *URA5* locus contains a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *S. cerevisiae* invertase gene or transcription unit (*ScSUC2*; SEQ ID NO: 1) flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene (SEQ ID NO:59) and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene (SEQ ID NO:60). Plasmid pGLY6 was linearized and the linearized plasmid transformed into wild-type strain **NRRL-Y 11430** to produce a number of strains in which the *ScSUC2* gene was inserted into the *URA5* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. Strain **YGLY1-3** was selected from the strains produced and is auxotrophic for uracil.

[0066] Plasmid pGLY40 (**Figure 3**) is an integration vector that targets the *OCH1* locus and contains a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit (SEQ ID NO:61) flanked by nucleic acid molecules comprising *lacZ* repeats (SEQ ID NO:62) which in turn is flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *OCH1* gene (SEQ ID NO:64) and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *OCH1* gene (SEQ ID NO:65). Plasmid pGLY40 was linearized with *SfiI* and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY1-3** to produce a number of strains in which the *URA5* gene flanked by the *lacZ* repeats has been inserted into the *OCH1* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. Strain **YGLY2-3** was selected from the strains produced and is prototrophic for *URA5*. Strain **YGLY2-3** was counterselected in the presence of 5-fluoroorotic acid (5-FOA) to produce a number of strains in which the *URA5* gene has been lost and only the *lacZ* repeats remain in the *OCH1* locus. This renders the strain auxotrophic for uracil. Strain **YGLY4-3** was selected.

[0067] Plasmid pGLY43a (**Figure 4**) is an integration vector that targets the *BMT2* locus and contains a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *K. lactis* UDP-*N*-acetylglucosamine (UDP-GlcNAc) transporter gene or transcription unit (*KIMNN2-2*, SEQ ID NO:3) adjacent to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit flanked by nucleic acid molecules comprising *lacZ* repeats. The adjacent genes are flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *BMT2* gene (SEQ ID NO: 66) and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *BMT2* gene (SEQ ID NO:67). Plasmid pGLY43a was linearized with *SfiI* and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY4-3** to produce a number of strains in which the *KIMNN2-2* gene and *URA5* gene flanked by the *lacZ* repeats has been inserted into the *BMT2* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. The *BMT2* gene has been disclosed in Mille et al., J. Biol. Chem. 283: 9724-9736 (2008) and U.S. Patent No. 7,465,557. Strain **YGLY6-3** was selected from the strains produced and is prototrophic for uracil. Strain **YGLY6-3** was counterselected in the presence of 5-FOA to produce strains in which the *URA5* gene has been lost and only the *lacZ* repeats remain. This renders the strain auxotrophic for uracil. Strain **YGLY8-3** was selected.

[0068] Plasmid pGLY48 (**Figure 5**) is an integration vector that targets the *MNN4L1* locus and contains an expression cassette comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding the mouse homologue of the UDP-GlcNAc transporter (SEQ ID NO:17) open reading frame (ORF) operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *GAPDH* promoter (SEQ ID NO:53) and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *S. cerevisiae* *CYC* termination sequences (SEQ ID NO:56) adjacent to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene flanked by *lacZ* repeats and in which the expression cassettes together are flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *P. pastoris* *MNN4L1* gene (SEQ ID NO:76) and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *MNN4L1* gene (SEQ ID NO:77). Plasmid pGLY48 was linearized with *SfiI* and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY8-3** to produce a number of strains in which the expression cassette encoding the mouse UDP-GlcNAc transporter and the *URA5* gene have been inserted into the *MNN4L1* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. The *MNN4L1* gene (also referred to as *MNN4B*) has been disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 7,259,007. Strain **YGLY10-3** was selected from the strains produced and then counterselected in the presence of 5-FOA to produce a number of strains in which the *URA5* gene has been lost and only the *lacZ* repeats remain. Strain **YGLY12-3** was selected.

[0069] Plasmid pGLY45 (**Figure 6**) is an integration vector that targets the *PNO1/MNN4* loci contains a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit flanked by nucleic acid molecules comprising *lacZ* repeats which in turn is flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *PNO1* gene (SEQ ID NO:74) and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *MNN4* gene (SEQ ID NO:75). Plasmid pGLY45 was linearized with *SfiI* and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY12-3** to produce a number of strains in which the *URA5* gene flanked by the *lacZ* repeats has been inserted into the *MNN4* loci by double-crossover homologous recombination. The *PNO1* gene has been disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 7,198,921 and the *MNN4* gene (also referred to as *MNN4B*) has been disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 7,259,007. Strain **YGLY14-3** was selected from the strains produced and then counterselected in the presence of 5-FOA to produce a number of strains in which the *URA5* gene has been lost and only the *lacZ* repeats remain. Strain **YGLY16-3** was selected.

[0070] Plasmid pGLY247 (**Figure 7**) is an integration vector that targets the *MET16* locus and contains a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit flanked by nucleic acid molecules comprising *lacZ* repeats which in turn is flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *MET16* gene (SEQ ID NO:84) and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *MET16* gene (SEQ ID NO:85). Plasmid pGLY247 was linearized with *SfiI* and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY16-3** to produce a number of strains in which the *URA5* flanked by the *lacZ* repeats has been inserted into the *MET16* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. Strain **YGLY20-3** was selected.

[0071] Plasmid pGLY248 (**Figure 8**) is an integration vector that targets the *URA5* locus and contains a nucleic acid

molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *MET16* gene (SEQ ID NO:86) flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *URA5* gene (SEQ ID NO:59) and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *URA5* gene (SEQ ID NO:60). Plasmid pGLY248 was linearized and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY20-3** to produce a number of strains in which the *ScSUC2* gene inserted into the *URA5* locus has been replaced with the *MET16* gene by double-crossover homologous recombination. Strain **YGLY22-3** was selected and then counterselected in the presence of 5-FOA to produce a number of strains in which the *URA5* gene inserted into the *MET16* locus has been lost and only the *lacZ* repeats remain. Strain **YGLY24-3** was selected.

[0072] Plasmid pGLY582 (**Figure 9**) is an integration vector that targets the *HIS1* locus and contains in tandem four expression cassettes encoding (1) the *S. cerevisiae* UDP-glucose epimerase (*ScGAL10*), (2) the human galactosyl-transferase I (*hGalT*) catalytic domain fused at the N-terminus to the *S. cerevisiae* *KRE2-s* leader peptide (33) to target the chimeric enzyme to the ER or Golgi, (3) the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit flanked by *lacZ* repeats, and (4) the *D. melanogaster* UDP-galactose transporter (*DmUGT*). The expression cassette encoding the *ScGAL10* comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *ScGAL10* ORF (SEQ ID NO:21) operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* promoter (SEQ ID NO:45) and operably linked at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* transcription termination sequence (SEQ ID NO:46). The expression cassette encoding the chimeric galactosyltransferase I comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *hGalT* catalytic domain codon optimized for expression in *P. pastoris* (SEQ ID NO:23) fused at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *KRE2-s* leader 33 (SEQ ID NO: 13), which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *GAPDH* promoter and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *S. cerevisiae* *CYC* transcription termination sequence. The *URA5* expression cassette comprises a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene or transcription unit flanked by nucleic acid molecules comprising *lacZ* repeats. The expression cassette encoding the *DMUGT* comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *DmUGT* ORF (SEQ ID NO: 19) operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *OCH1* promoter (SEQ ID NO:47) and operably linked at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *ALG12* transcription termination sequence (SEQ ID NO:48). The four tandem cassettes are flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *HIS1* gene (SEQ ID NO:87) and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *HIS1* gene (SEQ ID NO:88). Plasmid pGLY582 was linearized and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY24-3** to produce a number of strains in which the four tandem expression cassette have been inserted into the *HIS1* locus by homologous recombination. Strain **YGLY58** was selected and is auxotrophic for histidine and prototrophic for uridine.

[0073] Plasmid pGLY167b (**Figure 10**) is an integration vector that targets the *ARG1* locus and contains in tandem three expression cassettes encoding (1) the *D. melanogaster* mannosidase II catalytic domain (KD) fused at the N-terminus to *S. cerevisiae* *MNN2* leader peptide (53) to target the chimeric enzyme to the ER or Golgi, (2) the *P. pastoris* *HIS1* gene or transcription unit, and (3) the rat *N*-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc) transferase II catalytic domain (TC) fused at the N-terminus to *S. cerevisiae* *MNN2* leader peptide (54) to target the chimeric enzyme to the ER or Golgi. The expression cassette encoding the KD53 comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *D. melanogaster* mannosidase II catalytic domain codon-optimized for expression in *P. pastoris* (SEQ ID NO:33) fused at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *MNN2* leader 53 (SEQ ID NO:5), which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *GAPDH* promoter and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *S. cerevisiae* *CYC* transcription termination sequence. The *HIS1* expression cassette comprises a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *HIS1* gene or transcription unit (SEQ ID NO:89). The expression cassette encoding the TC54 comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the rat GlcNAc transferase II catalytic domain codon-optimized for expression in *P. pastoris* (SEQ ID NO:31) fused at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *MNN2* leader 54 (SEQ ID NO:7), which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* promoter and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* transcription termination sequence. The three tandem cassettes are flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *ARG1* gene (SEQ ID NO:79) and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *ARG1* gene (SEQ ID NO:80). Plasmid pGLY167b was linearized with *SfiI* and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY58** to produce a number of strains (in which the three tandem expression cassette have been inserted into the *ARG1* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. The strain **YGLY73** was selected from the strains produced and is auxotrophic for arginine and prototrophic for uridine and histidine. The strain was then counterselected in the presence of 5-FOA to produce a number of strains now auxotrophic for uridine. Strain **YGLY1272** was selected.

[0074] Plasmid pGLY1430 (**Figure 11**) is a KINKO integration vector that targets the *ADE1* locus without disrupting expression of the locus and contains in tandem four expression cassettes encoding (1) the human GlcNAc transferase I catalytic domain (NA) fused at the N-terminus to *P. pastoris* *SEC12* leader peptide (10) to target the chimeric enzyme to the ER or Golgi, (2) mouse homologue of the UDP-GlcNAc transporter (MmTr), (3) the mouse mannosidase IA catalytic

domain (FB) fused at the *N*-terminus to *S. cerevisiae* SEC12 leader peptide (8) to target the chimeric enzyme to the ER or Golgi, and (4) the *P. pastoris* URA5 gene or transcription unit. KINKO (Knock-In with little or No Knock-Out) integration vectors enable insertion of heterologous DNA into a targeted locus without disrupting expression of the gene at the targeted locus and have been described in U.S. Published Application No. 20090124000. The expression cassette encoding the NA10 comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the human GlcNAc transferase I catalytic domain codon-optimized for expression in *P. pastoris* (SEQ ID NO:25) fused at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule encoding the SEC12 leader 10 (SEQ ID NO: 11), which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* PMA1 promoter and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* PMA1 transcription termination sequence. The expression cassette encoding MmTr comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the mouse homologue of the UDP-GlcNAc transporter ORF operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* SEC4 promoter (SEQ ID NO:49) and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* OCH1 termination sequences (SEQ ID NO:50). The expression cassette encoding the FB8 comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the mouse mannosidase IA catalytic domain (SEQ ID NO:27) fused at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule encoding the SEC12-*m* leader 8 (SEQ ID NO:15), which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* GADPH promoter and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *S. cerevisiae* CYC transcription termination sequence. The URA5 expression cassette comprises a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* URA5 gene or transcription unit flanked by nucleic acid molecules comprising *lacZ* repeats. The four tandem cassettes are flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region and complete ORF of the ADE1 gene (SEQ ID NO:82) followed by a *P. pastoris* ALG3 termination sequence (SEQ ID NO:54) and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the ADE1 gene (SEQ ID NO:83). Plasmid pGLY1430 was linearized with *Sfi*I and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain YGLY1272 to produce a number of strains in which the four tandem expression cassette have been inserted into the ADE1 locus immediately following the ADE1 ORF by double-crossover homologous recombination. The strain YGLY1305 was selected from the strains produced and is auxotrophic for arginine and now prototrophic for uridine, histidine, and adenine. The strain was then counterscreened in the presence of 5-FOA to produce a number of strains now auxotrophic for uridine. Strain YGLY1461 was selected and is capable of making glycoproteins that have predominantly galactose terminated *N*-glycans.

[0075] Plasmid pGFI165 (**Figure 12**) is a KINKO integration vector that targets the *PRO1* locus without disrupting expression of the locus and contains expression cassettes encoding (1) the *T. reesei* α -1,2-mannosidase catalytic domain fused at the *N*-terminus to *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide (aMATTrMan) to target the chimeric protein to the secretory pathway and secretion from the cell and (2) the *P. pastoris* URA5 gene or transcription unit. The expression cassette encoding the aMATTrMan comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *T. reesei* catalytic domain (SEQ ID NO:29) fused at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide (SEQ ID NO:9), which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* GAPDH promoter and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *S. cerevisiae* CYC transcription termination sequence. The URA5 expression cassette comprises a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* URA5 gene or transcription unit flanked by nucleic acid molecules comprising *lacZ* repeats. The two tandem cassettes are flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region and complete ORF of the *PRO1* gene (SEQ ID NO:90) followed by a *P. pastoris* ALG3 termination sequence and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *PRO1* gene (SEQ ID NO:91). Plasmid pGFI165 was linearized with *Sfi*I and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain YGLY1461 to produce a number of strains in which the two expression cassette have been inserted into the *PRO1* locus immediately following the *PRO1* ORF by double-crossover homologous recombination. The strain YGLY1703 was selected from the strains produced and is auxotrophic for arginine and prototrophic for uridine, histidine, adenine, and proline. This strain is capable of producing glycoproteins that have reduced O-glycosylation (See Published U.S. Application No. 20090170159).

[0076] Plasmid pGLY2088 (**Figure 13**) is an integration vector that targets the *TARP2* or *AOX1* locus and contains expression cassettes encoding (1) mature human erythropoietin (EPO) fused at the *N*-terminus to a *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide (alpha MF-pre) to target the chimeric protein to the secretory pathway and secretion from the cell and (2) the zeocin resistance protein (Sh ble or Zeocin^R). The expression cassette encoding the EPO comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the mature human EPO codon-optimized for expression in *P. pastoris* (SEQ ID NO:92) fused at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide, which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* AOX1 promoter (SEQ ID NO:55) and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *S. cerevisiae* CYC transcription termination sequence. The Zeocin^R expression cassette comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the Sh ble ORF (SEQ ID NO:58) operably linked at the 5' end to the *S. cerevisiae* TEF1 promoter (SEQ ID NO:57) and at the 3' end to the *S. cerevisiae* CYC termination sequence. The two tandem cassettes are flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence comprising the *TRP2* gene (SEQ ID NO:78). Plasmid pGLY2088 was linearized at the *Pme*I site and transformed into strain YGLY1703 to produce a number of strains in which the two expression cassette have been inserted into the *AOX1* locus by roll in

single-crossover homologous recombination, which results in multiple copies of the EPO expression cassette inserted into the *AOX1* locus without disrupting the *AOX1* locus. The strain **YGLY2849** was selected from the strains produced and is auxotrophic for arginine and now prototrophic for uridine, histidine, adenine, and proline. The strain contains about three to four copies of the EPO expression cassette as determined by measuring the intensity of sequencing data of DNA isolated from the strain. During processing of the chimeric EPO in the ER and Golgi, the leader peptide is removed. Thus, the rhEPO produced is the mature form of the EPO.

[0077] Plasmid pGLY2456 (**Figure 14**) is a KINKO integration vector that targets the *TARP2* locus without disrupting expression of the locus and contains six expression cassettes encoding (1) the mouse CMP-sialic acid transporter (mCMP-Sia Transp), (2) the human UDP-GlcNAc 2-epimerase/*N*-acetylmannosamine kinase (hGNE), (3) the *Pichia pastoris* *ARG1* gene or transcription unit, (4) the human CMP-sialic acid synthase (hCMP-NANA), (5) the human *N*-acetylneuraminate-9-phosphate synthase (hSIAP S), (6) the mouse α -2,6-sialyltransferase catalytic domain (mST6) fused at the *N*-terminus to *S. cerevisiae* *KRE2* leader peptide (33) to target the chimeric enzyme to the ER or Golgi, and the *P. pastoris* *ARG1* gene or transcription unit. The expression cassette encoding the mouse CMP-sialic acid Transporter comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the mCMP Sia Transp ORF codon optimized for expression in *P. pastoris* (SEQ ID NO:35), which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* promoter and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* transcription termination sequence. The expression cassette encoding the human UDP-GlcNAc 2-epimerase/*N*-acetylmannosamine kinase comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the hGNE ORF codon optimized for expression in *P. pastoris* (SEQ ID NO:37), which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *GAPDH* promoter and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *S. cerevisiae* *CYC* transcription termination sequence. The expression cassette encoding the 3*P. pastoris* *ARG1* gene comprises (SEQ ID NO:81). The expression cassette encoding the human CMP-sialic acid synthase comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the hCMP-NANA S ORF codon optimized for expression in *P. pastoris* (SEQ ID NO:39), which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *GPDAH* promoter and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *S. cerevisiae* *CYC* transcription termination sequence. The expression cassette encoding the human *N*-acetylneuraminate-9-phosphate synthase comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the hSIAP S ORF codon optimized for expression in *P. pastoris* (SEQ ID NO:41), which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* promoter and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *PMA1* transcription termination sequence. The expression cassette encoding the chimeric mouse α -2,6-sialyltransferase comprises a nucleic acid molecule encoding the mST6 catalytic domain codon optimized for expression in *P. pastoris* (SEQ ID NO:43) fused at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *S. cerevisiae* *KRE2* signal peptide, which is operably linked at the 5' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *TEF* promoter (SEQ ID NO:51) and at the 3' end to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the *P. pastoris* *TEF* transcription termination sequence (SEQ ID NO:52). The six tandem cassettes are flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the ORF encoding Trp2p ending at the stop codon (SEQ ID NO:98) followed by a *P. pastoris* *ALG3* termination sequence and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *TRP2* gene (SEQ ID NO:99). Plasmid pGLY2456 was linearized with *SfiI* and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY2849** to produce a number of strains in which the six expression cassette have been inserted into the *TARP2* locus immediately following the *TARP2* ORF by double-crossover homologous recombination. The strain **YGLY3159** was selected from the strains produced and is now prototrophic for uridine, histidine, adenine, proline, arginine, and tryptophan. The strain is resistant to Zeocin and contains about three to four copies of the EPO expression cassette. The strain produced rhEPO; however, using the methods in Example 5, the rhEPO has cross-reactivity binding to antibodies made against HCA (See Example 6).

[0078] While the various expression cassettes were integrated into particular loci of the *Pichia pastoris* genome in the examples herein, it is understood that the operation of the invention is independent of the loci used for integration. Loci other than those disclosed herein can be used for integration of the expression cassettes. Suitable integration sites include those enumerated in U.S. Published Application No. 20070072262 and include homologs to loci known for *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* and other yeast or fungi.

EXAMPLE 2

[0079] Strain **YGLY3159** in Example 1 was further genetically engineered to disrupt the *BMT1*, *BMT3*, and *BMT4* genes as follows.

[0080] Strain **YGLY3159** was counterselected in the presence of 5-FOA to produce strain **YGLY3225**, which is now auxotrophic for uridine.

[0081] Plasmid pGLY3411 (pSH1092) (**Figure 15**) is an integration vector that contains the expression cassette comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene flanked by *lacZ* repeats flanked on one side with the 5' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT4* gene (SEQ ID NO:72) and on the other side with the 3' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT4* gene (SEQ ID NO:73). Plasmid pGLY3411 was linearized and the linearized plasmid transformed into **YGLY3159** to

produce a number of strains in which the *URA5* expression cassette has been inserted into the *BMT4* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. Strain **YGLY4439** was selected from the strains produced and is prototrophic for uracil, adenine, histidine, proline, arginine, and tryptophan. The strain is resistant to Zeocin and contains about three to four copies of the rhEPO expression cassette. The strain has a disruption or deletion of the *BMT2* and *BMT4* genes.

[0082] Plasmid pGLY3430 (pSH1115) (**Figure 16**) is an integration vector that contains an expression cassette comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding the Nourseothricin resistance (NATR) ORF (originally from pAG25 from ERO-SCARF, Scientific Research and Development GmbH, Daimlerstrasse 13a, D-61352 Bad Homburg, Germany, See Goldstein et al., Yeast 15: 1541 (1999)) ORF (SEQ ID NO: 102) operably linked to the *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* promoter (SEQ ID NO: 105) and *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* termination sequences (SEQ ID NO:106) flanked one side with the 5' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT1* gene (SEQ ID NO:68) and on the other side with the 3' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT1* gene (SEQ ID NO:69). Plasmid pGLY3430 was linearized and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY4439** to produce a number of strains in which the NATR^R expression cassette has been inserted into the *BMT1* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. The strain **YGLY6661** was selected from the strains produced and is prototrophic for uracil, adenine, histidine, proline, arginine, and tryptophan. The strain is resistant to Zeocin and Nourseothricin and contains about three to four copies of the EPO expression cassette. The strain has a disruption or deletion of the *BMT1*, *BMT2*, and *BMT4* genes. Strain **YGLY7013** was selected as well; however, this strain had only a partial disruption of the *BMT1* gene. This strain was designated as having a disruption or deletion of the *BMT1*, *BMT2* and *BMT4* genes.

[0083] Plasmid pGLY4472 (pSH1186) (**Figure 17**) is an integration vector that contains an expression cassette comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *E. coli* hygromycin B phosphotransferase gene (*Hyg^R*) ORF (SEQ ID NO:103) operably linked to the *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* promoter (SEQ ID NO: 105) and *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* termination sequences (SEQ ID NO:106) flanked one side with the 5' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT3* gene (SEQ ID NO:70) and on the other side with the 3' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT3* gene (SEQ ID NO:71). Plasmid pGLY3430 was linearized and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY6661** to produce a number of strains in which the *Hyg^R* expression cassette has been inserted into the *BMT3* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. Strains **YGLY7361** to **YGLY7366** and strains **YGLY7393** to **YGLY7398** were selected from the strains produced and are prototrophic for uracil, adenine, histidine, proline, arginine, and tryptophan. The strains are resistant to Zeocin, Nourseothricin, and Hygromycin and contain about three to four copies of the EPO expression cassette. The strains have disruptions or deletions of the *BMT1*, *BMT2*, *BMT3*, and *BMT4* genes and produce rhEPO lacking cross-reactivity binding to antibodies made against host cell antigen (HCA).

EXAMPLE 3

[0084] Strain **YGLY3159** in Example 1 was further genetically engineered to produce strains in which the *BMT1*, *BMT3*, and *BMT4* genes have been disrupted or deleted and to include several copies of an expression cassette encoding mature human EPO fused to the chicken lysozyme leader peptide. Briefly, construction of these strains from **YGLY3159** is shown in **Figure 1** and briefly described as follows.

[0085] Strain **YGLY3159** was counterscreened in the presence of 5-FOA to produce strain **YGLY3225**, which is now auxotrophic for uridine.

[0086] Plasmid pGLY2057 (**Figure 18**) is an integration vector that targets the *ADE2* locus and contains an expression cassette encoding the *P.pastoris* *URA5* gene flanked by *lacZ* repeats. The expression cassette is flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 5' region of the *ADE2* gene (SEQ ID NO:100) and on the other side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence from the 3' region of the *ADE2* gene (SEQ ID NO:101). Plasmid pGLY2057 was linearized with *SfiI* and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY3225** to produce a number of strains in which the *URA5* cassette has been inserted into the *ADE2* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. Strain **YGLY3229** was selected from the strains produced and is auxotrophic for adenine and prototrophic for uridine, histidine, proline, arginine, and tryptophan. The strain is resistant to Zeocin and contains about three to four copies of the EPO expression cassette.

[0087] Plasmid pGLY2680 (**Figure 19**) is an integration vector that can target the *TRP2* or *AOX1* locus and contains expression cassettes encoding (1) a chimeric EPO comprising the human mature erythropoietin (EPO) fused at the N-terminus to chicken lysozyme signal peptide to target the chimeric protein to the secretory pathway and secretion from the cell and (2) the *P. pastoris* *ADE2* gene without a promoter. The *ADE2* gene is poorly transcribed from a cryptic promoter. Thus, selection of *ade2Δ* yeast strains transformed with the vector in medium not supplemented with adenine requires multiple copies of the vector to be integrated into the genome to render the recombinant prototrophic for adenine. Since the vector further includes the EPO expression cassette, the recombinant yeast will also include multiple copies of the EPO cassette integrated into the genome. This vector and method has been described in Published PCT Application WO2009085135. The DNA sequence encoding the chicken lysozyme signal peptide is shown in SEQ ID NO:94, the codon-optimized ORF encoding the mature human EPO is shown in SEQ ID NO:92, and the *P. pastoris* *ADE2* gene

without its promoter but including its termination sequences is shown in SEQ ID NO:96. The chimeric EPO is operably linked to the AOX1 promoter and *S. cerevisiae* CYC termination sequences. The two tandem cassettes are flanked on one side by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence comprising the *TRP2* gene.

[0088] Plasmid pGLY2680 was linearized at the *PmeI* site and transformed into **YGLY3229** to produce a number of strains in which the two expression cassette have been inserted into the AOX1 locus by roll in single-crossover homologous recombination, which results in multiple copies of the EPO expression cassette inserted into the AOX1 locus without disrupting the AOX1 locus. Strain **YGLY4209** was selected from the strains produced. This strain there are about 5-7 copies of the EPO expression cassette as determined by measuring the intensity of sequencing data of DNA isolated from the strain inserted into the locus. The strain is prototrophic for adenine, uridine, histidine, proline, arginine, and tryptophan. The strain contains in total about eight to eleven copies of EPO expression cassettes. During processing of the chimeric EPO in the ER and Golgi, the leader peptide is removed. Thus, the rhEPO produced is the mature form of the EPO.

[0089] Strain **YGLY4209** was counterselected in the presence of 5'-FOA to produce a number of strains that were auxotrophic for uracil. From the transformants produced, strain **YGLY4244** was selected.

[0090] Plasmid pGLY2713 (**Figure 20**), an integration vector that targets the *P. pastoris* *PEP4* gene (SEQ ID NO:104), contains the *P. pastoris* *PNO1* ORF adjacent to the expression cassette comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene flanked by *lacZ* repeats and flanked on one side with the 5' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *PEP4* gene and on the other side with the 3' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *PEP4* gene. Plasmid pGLY2713 was linearized with *SfiI* and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY4244** to produce a number of strains in which the *PNO1* ORF and *URA5* expression cassette have been inserted into the *PEP4* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. Strain **YGLY5053** was selected from the strains produced and counterselected in the presence of 5-FOA to produce a number of strains in which the *URA5* has been lost from the genome. Strain **YGLY5597** was selected from the strains produced and is prototrophic for adenine, histidine, proline, arginine, and tryptophan. The strain is resistant to Zeocin and contains about eight to eleven copies of the rhEPO expression cassette.

[0091] Plasmid pGLY3411 (pSH1092) (**Figure 15**) is an integration vector that contains the expression cassette comprising the *P. pastoris* *URA5* gene flanked by *lacZ* repeats flanked on one side with the 5' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT4* gene (SEQ ID NO:72) and on the other side with the 3' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT4* gene (SEQ ID NO:73). Plasmid pGLY3411 was linearized and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY5597** to produce a number of strains in which the *URA5* expression cassette has been inserted into the *BMT4* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. The strain **YGLY5618** was selected from the strains produced and is prototrophic for uracil, adenine, histidine, proline, arginine, and tryptophan. The strain is resistant to Zeocin and Nourseothricin and contains about eight to eleven copies of the rhEPO expression cassette. The strain has disruptions of the *BMT2* and *BMT4* genes.

[0092] Plasmid pGLY3430 (pSH1115) (**Figure 16**) is an integration vector that contains an expression cassette comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding the Nourseothricin resistance (NATR) ORF (originally from pAG25 from ERO-SCARF, Scientific Research and Development GmbH, Daimlerstrasse 13a, D-61352 Bad Homburg, Germany, See Goldstein et al., Yeast 15: 1541 (1999)) ORF (SEQ ID NO:102) operably linked to the *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* promoter and *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* termination sequences flanked one side with the 5' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT1* gene (SEQ ID NO:68) and on the other side with the 3' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT1* gene (SEQ ID NO:69). Plasmid pGLY3430 was linearized and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY5618** to produce a number of strains in which the NAT^R expression cassette has been inserted into the *BMT1* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. The strain **YGLY7110** was selected from the strains produced and is prototrophic for uracil, adenine, histidine, proline, arginine, and tryptophan. The strain is resistant to Zeocin and Nourseothricin and contains about eight to eleven copies of the rhEPO expression cassette. The strain has disruptions of the *BMT1*, *BMT2*, and *BMT4* genes.

[0093] Plasmid pGLY4472 (pSH1186) (**Figure 17**) is an integration vector that contains an expression cassette comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding the *E. coli* hygromycin B phosphotransferase gene (*Hyg^R*) ORF (SEQ ID NO:103) operably linked to the *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* promoter and *Ashbya gossypii* *TEF1* termination sequences flanked one side with the 5' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT3* gene (SEQ ID NO:70) and on the other side with the 3' nucleotide sequence of the *P. pastoris* *BMT3* gene (SEQ ID NO:71). Plasmid pGLY3430 was linearized and the linearized plasmid transformed into strain **YGLY7110** to produce a number of strains in which the *Hyg^R* expression cassette has been inserted into the *BMT3* locus by double-crossover homologous recombination. Strains **YGLY7113** to **YGLY7122** were selected from the strains produced and are prototrophic for uracil, adenine, histidine, proline, arginine, and tryptophan. The strains are resistant to Zeocin, Nourseothricin, and Hygromycin and contain about eight to eleven copies of the EPO expression cassette. The strains have disruptions of the *BMT1*, *BMT2*, *BMT3*, and *BMT4* genes and produce rhEPO lacking detectable cross-reactivity binding to antibodies made against HCA.

EXAMPLE 4

[0094] Several of the strains in Examples 1 to 3 were used to produce rhEPO as described below and shown schematically in **Figure 21**. Briefly, production begins by inoculating shake flasks containing culture media with cells from the working cell bank and proceeds through a series of inoculations, incubations, and transfers of the expanding cultures into vessels of increasing size until sufficient biomass is available to inoculate the production bioreactor. Glycerol is the primary carbon source during batch phase, then culture growth is maintained through feeding of glycerol and salts. When the glycerol is depleted, cells are induced to express rhEPO protein by switching to a methanol feed. Inhibitors are added at induction to minimize O-glycosylation (e.g., PMTi 3, 5-[[3-(1-Phenylethoxy)-4-(2-phenylethoxy)]phenyl]methylene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidineacetic Acid, (See Published PCT Application No. WO 2007061631)) and to minimize proteolysis. Inhibitors of proteolysis are added again at the end of the phase to minimize proteolysis. The culture is cooled to about 4° C and harvested.

[0095] Laboratory scale cultivation of the strains was conducted in 500 mL SixFors and 3L fermentors using in general the following procedures. Bioreactor Screenings (SIXFORS) are done in 0.5 L vessels (Sixfors multi-fermentation system, ATR Biotech, Laurel, MD) under the following conditions: pH at 6.5, 24° C, 0.3 SLPM, and an initial stirrer speed of 550 rpm with an initial working volume of 350 mL (330 mL BMGY medium and 20mL inoculum). IRIS multi-fermenter software (ATR Biotech, Laurel, MD) is used to linearly increase the stirrer speed from 550 rpm to 1200 rpm over 10 hours, one hour after inoculation. Seed cultures (200 mL of BMGY in a 1 L baffled flask) are inoculated directly from agar plates. The seed flasks are incubated for 72 hours at 24° C to reach optical densities (OD_{600}) between 95 and 100. The fermenters are inoculated with 200 mL stationary phase flask cultures that were concentrated to 20 mL by centrifugation. The batch phase ended on completion of the initial charge glycerol (18-24h) fermentation and are followed by a second batch phase that is initiated by the addition of 17 mL of glycerol feed solution (50% [w/w] glycerol, 5 mg/L Biotin, 12.5 mL/L PMTi salts (65 g/L $FeSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, 20 g/L $ZnCl_2$, 9 g/L H_2SO_4 , 6 g/L $CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$, 5 g/L H_2SO_4 , 3 g/L $MnSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$, 500 mg/L $CoCl_2 \cdot 6H_2O$, 200 mg/L $NaMoO_4 \cdot 2H_2O$, 200 mg/L biotin, 80 mg/L NaI, 20 mg/L H_3BO_3)). Upon completion of the second batch phase, as signaled by a spike in dissolved oxygen, the induction phase is initiated by feeding a methanol feed solution (100% MeOH 5 mg/L biotin, 12.5 mL/L PMTi) at 0.6 g/h for 32-40 hours. The cultivation is harvested by centrifugation.

[0096] Bioreactor cultivations (3L) are done in 3L (Applikon, Foster City, CA) and 15L (Applikon, Foster City, CA) glass bioreactors and a 40L (Applikon, Foster City, CA) stainless steel, steam in place bioreactor. Seed cultures are prepared by inoculating BMGY media directly with frozen stock vials at a 1% volumetric ratio. Seed flasks are incubated at 24° C for 48 hours to obtain an optical density (OD_{600}) of 20 ± 5 to ensure that cells are growing exponentially upon transfer. The cultivation medium contained 40 g glycerol, 18.2 g sorbitol, 2.3 g K_2HPO_4 , 11.9 g KH_2PO_4 , 10 g yeast extract (BD, Franklin Lakes, NJ), 20 g peptone (BD, Franklin Lakes, NJ), 4 x 10^{-3} g biotin and 13.4 g Yeast Nitrogen Base (BD, Franklin Lakes, NJ) per liter. The bioreactor is inoculated with a 10% volumetric ratio of seed to initial media. Cultivations are done in fed-batch mode under the following conditions: temperature set at $24 \pm 0.5^\circ C$, pH controlled at to 6.5 ± 0.1 with NH_4OH , dissolved oxygen was maintained at 1.7 ± 0.1 mg/L by cascading agitation rate on the addition of O_2 . The airflow rate is maintained at 0.7 w. After depletion of the initial charge glycerol (40 g/L), a 50% glycerol solution containing 12.5 mL/L of PTM1 salts is fed exponentially at 50% of the maximum growth rate for eight hours until 250 g/L of wet cell weight was reached. Induction is initiated after a 30 minute starvation phase when methanol was fed exponentially to maintain a specific growth rate of $0.01\ h^{-1}$. When an oxygen uptake rate of 150 mM/L/h is reached the methanol feed rate is kept constant to avoid oxygen limitation. The cultivation is harvested by centrifugation.

[0097] After clarification by centrifugation and microfiltration, the filtrate is concentrated 10X by ultrafiltration and the rhEPO protein is purified through a sequence of two chromatography steps using a blue dye-affinity and hydroxyapatite.

[0098] Primary clarification is performed by centrifugation. The whole cell broth is transferred into 1000 mL centrifuge bottles and centrifuged at 4° C for 15 minutes at 13,000 x g. An ultrafiltration step can be employed for larger fermentors (10 L to 40 L and larger). This step can be performed utilizing Sartorius flat sheets with a pore size of 10K to a five-fold concentration.

[0099] A capture step is performed using Blue SEPHAROSE 6 Fast Flow (Pseudo-Affinity) Chromatography. A Blue SEPHAROSE 6 fast Flow (FF) column (GE Healthcare) is equilibrated with 50 mM MOPS, pH 7.0. The culture supernatant is adjusted to 100 mM NaCl and passed through dead-end filter (Whatman, Polycap TC) before loading to the column. The residence time is maintained to about 10 minutes with a 3 column volumes (CV) wash after loading. The elution is step elution of 4 CV with 1 M NaCl in 50 mM MOPS, pH 7.0. EPO elutes at the 1 M NaCl.

[0100] An intermediate step is performed using hydroxyapatite (HA) chromatography. A Macro-prep ceramic hydroxyapatite Type I 40 μm (Bio-Rad) is used after the capture step. This column is equilibrated with equilibration solution: 50mM MOPS, pH 7.0 containing 1 M NaCl and 10 mM $CaCl_2$. About 10 mM $CaCl_2$ is added to the pooled rhEPO from the blue column before loading. The column wash is executed with 3 CV of equilibration solution followed by step elution of 10 CV at 12.5 mM Na phosphate in MPOS, pH 7.0 to provide HA pool 1 containing the rhEPO.

[0101] A cation exchange chromatography step can be used to further purify the rhEPO. The pooled sample after

hydroxyapatite chromatography step (e.g., HA pool 1) is dialyzed against 50 mM Na acetate, pH 5.0 overnight at 4° C and a Source 30S column or Poros cation exchange column (GE Healthcare) is equilibrated with the same buffer. The dialyzed sample is applied to the column and a 10 CV linear gradient from 0 to 750 mM NaCl is applied with rhEPO eluting between 350 to 500 mM NaCl to provide the rhEPO.

[0102] The N terminus of the purified rhEPO molecule can be conjugated to 40-kDa linear polyethylene glycol (PEG) via reductive amination (PEGylation). The activated PEG is added to the rhEPO sample (conc. about 1 mg/mL) in 50mM Sodium acetate buffer at pH 5.2 at a protein:PEG ratio of 1:10. The reaction is carried out at room temperature under reducing conditions by adding 10mM sodium cyanoborohydride to the reaction mixture with overnight stirring. The reaction is stopped by adding 10mM Tris, pH 6.0.

[0103] The mono-PEGylated rhEPO product is purified using a cation-exchange chromatography step before diafiltration into the final formulation buffer (20 mM sodium phosphate, 120 mM sodium chloride, 0.005% Polysorbate 20 (w/v), pH 7.0).

[0104] The final product is diluted to a concentration suitable for filling and sterile filtered into the drug substance storage container. The PEGylated rhEPO can be stored at 2-8° C until filling, at which time it is aseptically filled into glass vials that are then sealed with a rubber stopper and aluminum cap.

[0105] Commercial formulations of proteins are known and may be used. Examples include but are not limited to ARANESP®: Polysorbate solution: Each 1 mL contains 0.05 mg polysorbate 80, and is formulated at pH 6.2 ± 0.2 with 2.12 mg sodium phosphate monobasic monohydrate, 0.66 mg sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous, and 8.18 mg sodium chloride in water for injection, USP (to 1 mL). Albumin solution: Each 1 mL contains 2.5 mg albumin (human), and is formulated at pH 6.0 ± 0.3 with 2.23 mg sodium phosphate monobasic monohydrate, 0.53 mg sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous, and 8.18 mg sodium chloride in water for injection, USP (to 1 mL). EPOGEN® is formulated as a sterile, colorless liquid in an isotonic sodium chloride/sodium citrate buffered solution or a sodium chloride/sodium phosphate buffered solution for intravenous (IV) or subcutaneous (SC) administration. Single-dose, Preservative-free Vial: Each 1 mL of solution contains 2000, 3000, 4000 or 10,000 Units of Epoetin alfa, 2.5 mg Albumin (Human), 5.8 mg sodium citrate, 5.8 mg sodium chloride, and 0.06 mg citric acid in water for injection, USP (pH 6.9 ± 0.3). This formulation contains no preservative. Preserved vials contain 1% benzyl alcohol.

EXAMPLE 5

[0106] Methods used for analyzing the presence or absence of host cell antigen (HCA) included Western blot analysis and sandwich enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA).

[0107] Host cell Antigen (HCA) antibody was prepared in rabbits using the supernatant from NORF strain cultures. The NORF strain is genetically the same as YGLY3159 except that it lacks the ORF encoding the human mature EPO. NORF strain fermentation supernatant prepared in complete Freund's adjuvant was injected into rabbits, which were then boosted three times with fermentation supernatant prepared in Incomplete Freund's adjuvant. After 45 days, the rabbits were bled and polyclonal antibodies to HCA were prepared using standard methods, for example, rabbit polyclonal IgG 9161 F072208-S, which was SLr Protein A purified, and GIF2 polyclonal rabbit::6316 whole rabbit serum. The GIF2 antibody was not protein A purified.

[0108] Western Blots for detecting *P. Pastoris* HCA were performed as follows. Purified PEGylated or non-PEGylated rhEPO-containing samples were reduced in sample loading buffer, of which 1 µL was then applied to the wells of 4-20% polyacrylamide SDS Tris-HCl (4-20% SDS-PAGE) gels (Bio RAD) and electrophoresed at 150V for about 60 minutes. The resolved proteins were electrotransferred to nitrocellulose membranes at 100V for about 60 minutes. After transfer, the membranes were blocked for one hour with 1% Blocking Solution (Roche Diagnostics). After blocking, the membranes were probed with the rabbit anti-HCA polyclonal antibody (primary antibody) diluted 1:3000. Afterwards, the membranes were washed and detection of the rabbit anti-HCA antibody was with the secondary antibody, goat-anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (Pierce #31460, Lot # H51015156) conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP), at a 1:5000 dilution. After washing the membranes, detection of bound secondary antibody was using 3,3' Diaminobenzidine (DAB). For detecting EPO protein, the primary antibody was EPO (B-4) HRP-conjugated antibody used at a 1:1000 dilution (SC5290 Lot# A0507, Santa Cruz Biotechnology). A secondary antibody was not used. Routinely, the EPO samples were electrophoresed in parallel with rhEPO samples that had been deglycosylated with PNGaseF treatment. Deglycosylation was performed with 50 µL samples to which 1 µL of PNGaseF enzyme at 500 units/µL was added. After incubation at 37 °C for two hours, the samples were reduced in sample loading buffer and 1 µL aliquots were removed and applied to the SDS gels as above.

[0109] Sandwich ELISAs for detecting *P. Pastoris* HCA were performed as follows. The wells of 96 well ELISA plates were coated with 1 µg/well of mouse anti-hEPO monoclonal antibody. The wells were then blocked for 30 minutes with phosphate-buffered saline (PBS). About 100 µL of purified non-PEGylated rhEPO-containing samples concentrated to about 200 ng/mL were added to the wells. Primary detection used the rabbit anti-HCA polyclonal antibody at a 1:800 starting dilution in PBS which was then serially diluted 1:1 in PBS across a row ending with the 11th well at a 1:819,200 dilution. The 12th well served as a negative control. The standard for the ELISA was rhEPO purified from YGLY3159.

After 60 minutes, the wells were washed with PBS three times. Detection of the rabbit anti-HCA antibody used goat anti-rabbit antibody conjugated to alkaline phosphatase (AP) at a 1:10,000 dilution in PBS. After 60 minutes the wells were washed three times with PBS and detection of bound secondary antibody used 4-Methylumbelliferyl phosphate (4-MUPS). The ELISA plates were read using a Tecan Genios Multidetector Microplate Reader at 340 nm excitation wavelength and 465 nm emission wavelength.

EXAMPLE 6

[0110] This example shows that **YGLY3159** produces rhEPO with cross binding activity (CBA) with anti-HCA antibody and that the cross-binding activity was due to the presence of β -1,2-mannose residues (α -1,2-mannosidase resistant) on at least a portion of the *N*-glycans on the rhEPO even though the rhEPO had been produced in strain in which the β -1,2-mannosyltransferase gene *BMT2* had been deleted or disrupted.

[0111] rhEPO was recovered by a three-step chromatographic separation from the fermentation supernatant of glyco-engineered *P. pastoris* production strain **YGLY 3159** showed about 95% protein purity as determined by SDS-PAGE, RP-HPLC, and SEC-HPLC. Mono-PEGylated rhEPO was separated by cation-exchange chromatographic step from its hyper and un-PEGylated conjugates with about 96% purity as determined by SDS-PAGE gel. However, antibody against HCA of the **YGLY3159** strain detected a glycoprotein in rhEPO preparations produced from the strain that co-migrated with rhEPO on Western blots. **Figure 22** which shows that anti-HCA antibody identified a protein that co-migrates with rhEPO on 4-20% SDS-PAGE gels. Removal of sialic acid from rhEPO did not abolish the cross-binding activity; however, removal of the entire *N*-glycan from rhEPO using PNGase F produced a deglycosylated form of rhEPO that was not detectable in Western blots probed with anti-HCA antibody. This is shown in **Figure 23** which shows that only the deglycosylated form of rhEPO lacked cross-binding activity with the anti-HCA antibody.

[0112] To determine whether the cross-binding activity was rhEPO specific or could be identified in purified glycoprotein preparations from other recombinant *P. pastoris* strains, other glycoproteins produced in other strains were isolated, resolved by 4-20% SDS-PAGE gels, and the gels transferred to nitrocellulose membranes. In the case of a recombinant human whole antibody (rhIgG) produced in a recombinant *P. pastoris*, cross-binding activity was detected in protein preparations produced in wild-type *P. pastoris* (hypermannosylated from both *N* and *O*-glycosylated region) and in a recombinant GS2.0 strain that makes predominantly Man₅GlcNAc₂ *N*-glycans but also contained detectable Man₉GlcNAc₂ *N*-glycans that were α -1,2-mannosidase resistant (**Figure 24**, arrow). However, the rhIgG preparations from wild-type *P. pastoris* contained cross-binding activity with an apparent molecular weight greater than that of rhIgG suggesting that the preparations contained contaminating host cell glycoproteins. The cross-binding activity was not removed by PNGase F digestion (circled in **Figure 24**).

[0113] **Figure 25** shows that glycosylated rhEPO produced in **YGLY3159** had cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibody but that human fetuin, human asialofetuin, human serum albumin (HSA), and LEUKINE (a recombinant human granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (rhu GM-CSF) produced in *S. cerevisiae*) had no cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody. Fetuins are heavily glycosylated blood glycoproteins that are made in the liver and secreted into the blood stream. They belong to a large group of binding proteins mediating the transport and availability of a wide variety of cargo substances in the blood stream. The best known representative of these carrier proteins is serum albumin, the most abundant protein in the blood plasma of adult animals. Fetuin is more abundant in fetal blood, hence the name "fetuin" (from Latin, fetus). Fetal calf serum contains more fetuin than albumin while adult serum contains more albumin than fetuin. Asialofetuin is fetuin which the terminal sialic acid from *N*- and *O*-glycans are removed by mild hydrolysis or neuraminidase treatment. Currently, there are no reports of β -linked mannoses in *S. cerevisiae*. HSA is not a glycosylated protein.

[0114] Lab scale data demonstrated that the intermediate chromatographic step purification of rhEPO from Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF capture pool using hydroxy apatite (HA) type I 40 μ m resin can separate rhEPO that has nearly undetectable cross-binding activity (HA pool 1) from rhEPO that had high-mannose-type *N*-glycans (HA pools 2 and 3). HA pool 1 contained about 90.40 % bisialylated *N*-glycans (the desired *N*-glycan form) and less than 3.5% neutral *N*-glycans. In contrast, linear gradient elution from 0 to 100mM sodium phosphate showed that later elution fractions (HA pools 2 and 3) contained high mannose-type *N*-glycans and increased cross binding activity to anti-HCA antibody in Western blots. This can be seen in the HPLC *N*-glycan analysis and Western blots of 4-20% SDS-PAGE gels shown in **Figure 26**

[0115] Anion column chromatography using Q SEPHAROSE FF or Source 30Q anion resins were also tested. The HA pools 1-3 were combined and dialyzed against 50 mM Na acetate, pH 5.0 overnight at 4° C. The dialyzed sample was applied to the column and a 10 CV linear gradient from 0 to 750 mM NaCl was applied with rhEPO eluting between 350 to 500 mM NaCl to provide the rhEPO. **Figure 27A** shows an example of a Q SEPHAROSE FF purification of rhEPO. Data showed that high mannose type glycans (Man_{6,7,8,9}>9, mostly α 1,2 mannosidase resistant) that show corresponding higher cross-binding activity did not bind to the anion exchange resins when bound and unbound material was analyzed in a sandwich ELISA (**Figure 27B**). Table 1 shows the results of HPLC analysis of the *N*-glycan

content of the rhEPO in the bound fraction (Q SEPHAROSE FF pool 1) and flow-through fraction (Q SEPHAROSE FF Flow Through). Table 2 shows the N-glycan content of the neutral N-glycans shown in Table 1.

Table 1			
Q Sepharose FF - Purification of rhEPO N-Glycan HPLC Analysis			
Sample	% Neutral	% Mono Sialylated	% Bi Sialylated
Input (HA pools)	11.04	13.66	75.30
Q SEPHAROSE FF pool 1	3.01	6.47	90.52
Q SEPHAROSE FF Flow Through	26.71	21.19	52.10

Table 2				
Q Sepharose FF - Purification of rhEPO % Neutral N-Glycan Profile				
Sample	%G2	% Man ₅	% Man ₆₋₈	% Man ₉
Input (HA pools)	3.1	2.8	2.4	2.74
Q SEPHAROSE FF pool 1	3.01	ND	ND	ND
Q SEPHAROSE FF Flow Through	4.2	8.0	3.9	10.61
ND - not detected				
G2 - N-glycan structure is Gal ₂ GlcNAc ₂ Man ₃ GlcNAc ₂				

[0116] The figures and tables show that rhEPO with undetectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies and good protein and glycan quality can therefore be bound/eluted from anion exchange resins. These data also suggested that the family of fungal genes involved in biosynthesis of β -1,2-linked oligomannosides (*BMT1*, *BMT2*, *BMT3*, *BMT4*) was responsible for the low level cross-binding impurities in the rhEPO preparations.

[0117] Therefore, when viewed as a whole, the results suggested that the cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies was not specific to rhEPO but was due to α -1,2-mannosidase resistant N-glycans on the glycoproteins. YGLY 3159 had been generated by knocking out five endogenous glycosylation genes and introducing 15 heterologous genes. YGLY3159 is *bmt2Δ* knockout strain. NMR spectroscopy studies suggest that *bmt2Δ* knockout strains can produce glycoproteins with varying amounts of residual β -1,2-mannose N-glycans. Since YGLY 3159 is *bmt2Δ*, it was postulated that *BMT1* and *BMT3* were responsible for the residual low level β -1,2-mannose transfer on core N-glycans.

[0118] While a combination of chromatography steps to purify the rhEPO can produce rhEPO preparations free of detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies, it would be particularly desirable to genetically modify the *P. pastoris* host strains to reduce or eliminate detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies in the strains. This minimizes the risk of possible contamination of the rhEPO preparations with cross-binding activity due to variability during the purification. In addition, because each purification step can result in a loss of rhEPO, the genetically modified *P. pastoris* strains can reduce the number of purification steps and thus reduce the amount of rhEPO lost during the steps eliminated. Therefore, expression of the four *BMT* genes were serially deleted or disrupted to identify strains that did not produce detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies.

EXAMPLE 7

[0119] In order to reduce the presence of β -linked mannose type N-glycans to undetectable levels, the *BMT1* and *BMT4* genes were disrupted and the rhEPO analyzed for the presence of α -1,2-mannosidase resistant N-glycans.

[0120] Strains YGLY6661 and YGLY7013 were constructed as described Example 2 and analyzed for the presence of α -1,2-mannosidase resistant N-glycans using anti-HCA antibodies. Strain YGLY7013 was *bmt2Δ* and *bmt4Δ* and strain YGLY6661 was *bmt2Δ*, *bmt4Δ*, and *bmt1Δ*. rhEPO produced from the strains were subjected Blue SEPHAROSE 6FF chromatography and aliquots of the Blue SEPHAROSE 6FF capture pool were treated with PNGase F vel non. The treated and untreated aliquots were electrophoresed on SDS-PAGE, the gels transferred to nitrocellulose membranes, and the membranes probed with anti-EPO antibody or anti-HCA antibodies. Figure 28 shows in Western blots of 4-20% SDS-PAGE gels of aliquots of Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF capture pools that rhEPO produced in either strain still had α -1,2-mannosidase resistant N-glycans which cross-reacted with anti-HCA antibodies. Tables 3 and 4 show the distribution

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of *N*-glycan species in rhEPO in Blue Sepharose 6 FF capture pools from both fermentation and SixFors cultures. As shown in the tables, both strains produced a substantial amount of neutral *N*-glycans of which a portion was resistant to *in vitro* α 1,2-mannosidase digestion.

Table 3							
Week 44 - rhEPO - Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF Capture Pool- Fermentation							
Pools	% BiSialylated	% Mono Sialylated	% Neutral	% Neutral			
				% G2	% M5	% M6-M8	% M9+
F074411	52.98	34.08	12.94	1.7	2.63	3.65	4.96
(YGLY 6661)							
F074411 (YGLY 6661) α 1,2 Mannosidase	53.42	34.32	12.26	1.9	5.05	3.4	1.91
F074410 (YGLY 7013)	25.10	47.00	27.90	12.99	2.22	5.67	7.02
F074410 (YGLY 7013) α 1,2 Mannosidase	26.34	49.03	26.34	13.14	5.39	4.68	1.42
G2 - Gal ₂ GlcNAc ₂ Man ₃ GlcNAc ₂ <i>N</i> -glycans M6-M8 - Man ₆ GlcNAc ₂ to Man ₈ GlcNAc ₂ <i>N</i> -glycans M9+ - Man ₉ GlcNAc ₂ and larger <i>N</i> -glycans							

Table 4								
Week 41 - rhEPO - Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF Capture Pool - SixFors								
Pools	% Bi-Sialylated	% Mono Sialylated	% Neutral	% Neutral				
				% G2	% M5	% M6-M8	% M9	%M9+
X074128 (YGLY 6661)	43.49	39.24	17.27	1.7	7.8	6.69	0.45	0.63
X074128 (YGLY 6661) α 1,2 Mannosidase	42.52	39.26	18.22	1.2	11.84	5.02	0.1	0.06
X074131 (YGLY 7013)	66.90	18.83	14.27	1.84	8.36	2.82	0.66	0.59
X074131 (YGLY 7013) α 1,2 Mannosidase	64.81	19.70	15.49	1.06	13.1	0.77	0.56	0
G2 - Gal ₂ GlcNAc ₂ Man ₃ GlcNAc ₂ <i>N</i> -glycans M6-M8 - Man ₆ GlcNAc ₂ to Man ₈ GlcNAc ₂ <i>N</i> -glycans M9 - Man ₉ GlcNAc ₂ <i>N</i> -glycans M9+ - Man ₉ GlcNAc ₂ and larger <i>N</i> -glycans								

A sandwich ELISA of rhEPO in the Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF capture pools made from both strains compared to YGLY3159 showed that both strains had cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody (Figure 29). Further purifying the rhEPO by hydroxyapatite (HA) chromatography and analyzing the samples by sandwich ELISA showed that the HA pool 1 containing rhEPO produced from YGLY6661 (*bmt2Δ*, *bmt4Δ*, and *bmt1Δ*) appeared to lack detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody but that rhEPO produced in YGLY7013 (*bmt2Δ* and *bmt4Δ*) still had detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody (Figure 30). The results suggested that deleting the *BMT2* and *BMT1* genes was not sufficient to remove all detectable cross-binding activity. The results also show that hydroxyapatite chromatography can remove detectable cross-binding activity in the HA pool 1. Figure 31 is a Western blot of 4-20% SDS-PAGE gels showing that

rhEPO in another Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF capture pool prepared from strain **YGLY6661** continued to have cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody and that the cross-binding activity could be still be rendered undetectable by deglycosylating the rhEPO. The result indicated that to produce rhEPO that had no detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies, expression of the *BMT3* gene needed to be abrogated by disruption or deletion.

EXAMPLE 8

[0121] In order to more effectively achieve the elimination of detectable β -linked mannose type glycans, all four *BMT* genes involved in -mannosyltransferase pathway were disrupted. Strains **YGLY7361-7366** and **YGLY7393-7398** (Example 2) were evaluated for ability to produce rhEPO lacking detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody.

[0122] Various **YGLY7361-7366** and **YGLY7393-7398** strains in which all four *BMT* genes involved in the β -mannosyltransferase pathway were disrupted were grown in 500 mL SixFors fermentors and then processed for rhEPO through Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF pools (Blue pools). Aliquots from the Blue pools were analyzed by 4-20% SDS-PAGE. **Figure 32** shows Commassie blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE gels of the Blue pools from the various strains with and without PNGase F treatment. The gels show that all of the tested strains produced glycosylated rhEPO. Several of the strains were evaluated for cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody by sandwich ELISA. **Figure 33** shows that most of the strains lacked detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody. However, strains **YGLY7363** and **YGLY7365** had detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody. Reconfirmation of **YGLY7365** by PCR indicated that this strain was not a complete knock-out of the *BMT3* gene, explaining the relatively high binding observed with the anti-HCA antibody present in the ELISA (**Figure 33**). HPLC N-glycan analysis of strains **YGLY7361-7366** is shown in Table 5 and strains **YGLY7393-7398** are shown in Table 6. The data in the tables are graphically presented in **Figure 34**.

Table 5							
Week 46a - SixFors - $\Delta bmt1-4$ strains - Blue pools							
Pools	% BiSialylated	% Mono Sialylated	% Neutral	% Neutral			
				%G2	% M5	% M6-M8	% M9+
X074613 (YGLY 7361)	22.10	47.83	30.07	13.85	2.53	6.77	6.92
X074613 (YGLY 7361) $\alpha 1,2$ Mannosidase	21.55	48.18	30.27	13.68	4.53	5.47	6.59
X074614 (YGLY 7362)	67.36	24.69	7.95	0.6	4.36	2.8	0.19
X074614 (YGLY 7362) $\alpha 1,2$ Mannosidase	66.21	25.25	8.54	1.1	6.7	0.68	0.06
*X074615 (YGLY 7363)	49.40	39.17	11.43	0.8	4.42	5.91	0.3
X074615 (YGLY 7363) $\alpha 1,2$ Mannosidase	48.52	39.20	12.28	0.4	7.2	4.68	ND
X074616 (YGLY 7366)	55.99	33.85	10.16	0.8	3.73	4.94	0.69
X074616 (YGLY 7366) $\alpha 1,2$ Mannosidase	55.44	34.24	10.32	1.9	7.2	1.02	0.2
*X074617 (YGLY 7365)	43.22	42.10	14.68	5.37	5.88	3.03	0.4
X074617 (YGLY 7365) $\alpha 1,2$ Mannosidase	42.70	42.40	14.90	4.5	8.4	2.0	ND
X074618 (YGLY 7364)	48.18	38.44	13.38	0.7	6.56	5.76	0.36
X074618 (YGLY 7364) $\alpha 1,2$ Mannosidase	47.52	39.75	12.73	0.4	6.74	5.09	0.5
G2 - Gal ₂ GlcNAc ₂ Man ₃ GlcNAc ₂ N-glycans							
M6-M8 - Man ₆ GlcNAc ₂ to Man ₈ GlcNAc ₂ N-glycans							
M9+ - Man ₉ GlcNAc ₂ and larger N-glycans							
*Showed cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody							

Table 6								
Week 46a - SixFors - $\Delta bmt1-4$ strains - Blue pools								
Pools	% BiSialylated	% Mono Sialylated	% Neutral	% Neutral				
				%G2	% M5	% M6-M8	% M9	%Hyb
X074637 (YGLY 7393)	51.04	35.45	13.51	2.3	6.4	1.41	1.2	2.2
X074637 (YGLY 7393) α 1,2 Mannosidase	50.33	35.44	14.23	2.5	9.14	ND	ND	2.54
X074638 (YGLY 7394)	63.56	25.65	10.79	1.1	6.6	1.9	0.4	0.79
X074638 (YGLY 7394) α 1,2 Mannosidase	62.88	25.75	11.37	1.2	8.96	ND	ND	1.21
X074639 (YGLY 7395)	56.05	31.43	12.52	1.9	5.1	2.2	1.9	1.4
X074639 (YGLY 7395) α 1,2 Mannosidase	56.27	31.81	11.92	1.9	8.43	ND	ND	1.59
X074640 (YGLY 7396)	50.42	36.71	12.87	3.2	6.7	1.27	0.3	1.4
X074640 (YGLY 7396) α 1,2 Mannosidase	49.94	36.86	13.20	3.2	8.12	ND	ND	1.88
X074641 (YGLY 7397)	49.32	36.07	14.61	2.6	7.0	2.4	0.5	2.11
X074641 (YGLY 7397) α 1,2 Mannosidase	48.72	35.86	15.42	2.7	10.24	ND	ND	2.48
X074642 (YGLY 7398)	65.74	22.61	11.65	0.8	7.7	1.97	0.43	3.71
X074642 (YGLY 7398) α 1,2 Mannosidase	64.99	22.87	12.14	1.0	10.02	ND	ND	1.12
G2 - Gal ₂ GlcNAc ₂ Man ₃ GlcNAc ₂ N-glycans M6-M8 - Man ₆ GlcNAc ₂ to Man ₈ GlcNAc ₂ N-glycans M9 - Man ₉ GlcNAc ₂ N-glycans M9+ - Man ₉ GlcNAc ₂ and larger N-glycans Hyb - hybrid N-glycans								

[0123] Strains **YGLY7362**, **7366**, **7396**, and **7398** were cultivated in 3L fermentors and processed through Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography followed by hydroxyapatite (HA) chromatography. Aliquots from both the Blue pools and the HA pools were reduced and analyzed by 4-20% SDS-PAGE. Corresponding pools for **YGLY3159** were included as positive controls. **Figure 35A** shows a Commassie blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE showing that both the Blue pools (left half of gel) and HA pools (right half of gel) produced rhEPO. **Figure 35B** shows a Western blot of the same samples probed with anti-HCA antibodies. None of the tested strains had any detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies in either the Blue pool or the HA pool 1.

[0124] **Figure 36** analyzes the Blue pool and HA pool 1 for rhEPO isolated from 500 mL SixFors cultures of **YGLY7398** for cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. The right-most panel shows a Western blot probed with another anti-HCA preparation: GiF2 polyclonal rabbit: 6316. This antibody produced the same results as produced using the F072208-S antibody, which had been used to produce the ELISAs and Western blots shown herein. The 6316 antibody shows that the cross-binding activity is not antibody specific.

[0125] These results show that deleting or disrupting all four *BMT* genes can result in strains that do not produce detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies in either the rhEPO after the preliminary Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF capture step or the intermediate hydroxyapatite step using Type I 40 μ M hydroxyapatite. These strains minimize the risk that rhEPO preparations will be made that contain cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. This enables the production of rhEPO with less risk of inducing an adverse immune response in the individual receiving the rhEPO.

EXAMPLE 9

[0126] A comparison of the pharmacokinetics of the rhEPO produced in the strains produced in Example 2 with all four *BMT* genes disrupted or deleted and PEGylated was compared to PEGylated rhEPO produced from strain **YGLY3159**. The comparison showed that the PEGylated EPO had a reduced *in vivo* half-life and lower *in vivo* potency (See Tables 7 and 8). The rhEPO produced in the strains produced in Example 2 with no detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies had pharmacokinetics generally similar to that of EPOGEN and not the higher pharmacokinetics of ARANESP. The reduced pharmacokinetics was found to be a function of the amount of bi-sialylated biantennary *N*-glycans. Higher levels of bi-sialylated biantennary *N*-glycan on the rhEPO was correlated with higher pharmacokinetics. These results are consistent with published data showing that longer half life is correlated with greater sialic acid content in recombinant human erythropoietin produced in CHO cells (Egrie et al, Exp. Hematol. 31: 290-299 (2003)).

Table 7		
PK of rhEPO from YGLY3159 (CBA) vs YGLY7398 (no CBA)		
	YGLY3159	YGLY7398
T1/2 (hr)	20.9±2	13±2
CBA - cross-binding activity		

Table 8		
rhEPO source	Relative Potency (Reticulocyte Production)	95% Confidence Interval
YGLY3159 vs YGLY7398	0.82	(0.68, 1.00)

EXAMPLE 10

[0127] In order to effectively achieve the elimination of detectable β -linked mannose type glycans and produce a strain that produces rhEPO with higher pharmacokinetics, strains **YGLY7113-7122** described in Example 3 were made and evaluated for ability to produce rhEPO lacking detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody. These strains were modified to also express human mature EPO as a fusion protein fused to the chicken lysozyme leader sequence. Thus, these strains express both human mature EPO fused to the *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide and the human mature EPO as a fusion protein fused to the chicken lysozyme leader sequence.

[0128] Various **YGLY7113-YGLY7122** strains in which all four *BMT* genes involved in the β -mannosyltransferase pathway were disrupted and expressing the were grown in 500 mL SixFors fermentors and then processed for rhEPO through Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF pools (Blue pools). Aliquots of the Blue pools for several strains were analyzed by sandwich ELISA using anti-HCA antibodies. **Figure 37** shows that **YGLY7118** had very low cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibody but all of the other strains showed no detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. HPLC N-glycan analysis of strains **YGLY7113-7117** is shown in Table 9 and strains **YGLY7118-7122** are shown in Table 10. The tables are graphically presented in **Figure 38**.

Table 9								
Week 48 - SixFors - <i>Abm1-4</i> strains - Blue pools								
Pools	% Bi-Sialylated	% Mono Sialylated	% Neutral	% Neutral				
				%G2	% M5	% M6-M8	% M9	%Hyb
X074814 (YGLY 7113)	70.23	9.97	19.80	0.2	9.2	6.85	2.05	1.5
X074814 (YGLY 7113) α 1,2 Mannosidase	68.96	10.56	20.48	0.3	18.4	ND	ND	1.78
X074815 (YGLY 7115)	62.61	14.01	23.38	0.5	7.15	10.37	3.96	1.4
X074815 (YGLY 7115) α 1,2 Mannosidase	61.77	13.95	24.28	0.1	22.22	ND	ND	1.96

(continued)

Table 9								
Week 48 - SixFors - $\Delta bm1-4$ strains - Blue pools								
Pools	% Bi-Sialylated	% Mono Sialylated	% Neutral	% Neutral				
				%G2	% M5	% M6-M8	% M9	%Hyb
X074816 (YGLY 7114)	67.64	8.22	24.14	0.2	4.2	11.41	6.33	2.0
X074816 (YGLY 7114) α 1,2 Mannosidase	65.92	8.32	25.76	0.2	23.35	ND	ND	2.21
X074817 (YGLY 7116)	66.46	8.06	25.48	4.73	5.38	6.94	7.23	1.2
X074817 (YGLY 7116) α 1,2 Mannosidase	65.54	8.69	25.77	0.5	23.8	ND	ND	1.47
X074818 (YGLY 7117)	70.06	11.09	18.85	0.6	8.59	6.0	2.21	1.45
X074818 (YGLY 7117) α 1,2 Mannosidase	68.67	11.42	19.91	0.4	17.5	ND	ND	2.01
G2 - Gal ₂ GlcNAc ₂ Man ₃ GlcNAc ₂ N-glycans M6-M8 - Man ₆ GlcNAc ₂ to Man ₈ GlcNAc ₂ N-glycans M9 - Man ₉ GlcNAc ₂ N-glycans M9+ - Man ₉ GlcNAc ₂ and larger N-glycans Hyb - hybrid N-glycans								

Table 10								
Week 48 - SixFors - $\Delta bm1-4$ strains - Blue pools								
Pools	% Bi-Sialylated	% Mono Sialylated	% Neutral	% Neutral				
				%G2	% M5	% M6-M8	% M9	%Hyb
X074819 (YGLY 7119)	58.12	27.10	14.78	0.7	6.83	4.98	1.17	1.1
X074819 (YGLY 7119) α 1,2 Mannosidase	57.03	26.87	16.10	0.45	14.55	ND	ND	1.1
X074820 (YGLY 7120)	73.60	10.84	15.56	0.89	8.6	3.75	1.64	0.68
X074820 (YGLY 7120) α 1,2 Mannosidase	72.43	11.13	16.44	0.7	15.63	ND	ND	0.11
X074821 (YGLY 7121)	59.41	19.85	20.74	0.8	3.04	10.7	5.55	0.65
X074821 (YGLY 7121) α 1,2 Mannosidase	58.39	20.00	21.6	0.4	20.17	ND	ND	1.04
X074822 (YGLY 7122)	57.43	24.16	18.41	1.37	10.89	4.95	0.4	0.8
X074822 (YGLY 7122) α 1,2 Mannosidase	55.77	24.44	19.79	1.8	17.28	ND	ND	0.71
X074824 (YGLY 7118)	55.56	21.47	22.97	0.33	2.98	11.85	6.59	1.22
X074824 (YGLY 7118) α 1,2 Mannosidase	54.68	21.67	23.65	0.4	22.5	ND	ND	0.75
G2 - Gal ₂ GlcNAc ₂ Man ₃ GlcNAc ₂ N-glycans M6-M8 - Man ₆ GlcNAc ₂ to Man ₈ GlcNAc ₂ N-glycans M9 - Man ₉ GlcNAc ₂ N-glycans								

(continued)

Table 10								
Week 48 - SixFors - $\Delta bm1-4$ strains - Blue pools								
Pools	% Bi-Sialylated	% Mono Sialylated	% Neutral	% Neutral				
				%G2	% M5	% M6-M8	% M9	%Hyb
M9+ - Man ₉ GlcNAc ₂ and larger <i>N</i> -glycans								
Hyb - hybrid <i>N</i> -glycans								

[0129] Strains **YGLY7115**, **7117**, and **7120** were cultivated in 3L fermentors and processed through Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF chromatography followed by hydroxyapatite (HA) chromatography. Aliquots from both the Blue pools and the HA pools were reduced and analyzed by 4-20% SDS-PAGE. Corresponding pools for **YGLY3159** were included as positive controls. Corresponding pools for **YGLY7395** were included as negative controls. **Figure 39A** shows a Commassie blue stained 4-20% SDS-PAGE showing that both the Blue pools (left half of gel) and HA pools (right half of gel) produced rhEPO. **Figure 39B** shows a Western blot of the same samples probed with anti-HCA antibodies. None of the tested strains had any detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies in either the Blue pool or the HA pool 1.

[0130] These results also show that deleting or disrupting all four *BMT* genes can result in strains that do not produce detectable cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies in either the rhEPO after the preliminary Blue SEPHAROSE 6 FF capture step or the intermediate hydroxyapatite step using Type I 40 μ M hydroxyapatite. These strains minimize the risk that rhEPO preparations will be made that contain cross-binding activity to anti-HCA antibodies. This enables the production of rhEPO with less risk of inducing an adverse immune response in the individual receiving the rhEPO.

EXAMPLE 11

[0131] The blue pools containing rhEPO produced by **YGLY7117** were further subjected to hydroxyapatite column chromatography and the rhEPO in the HA pools were analyzed for sialylation content. **Figure 40A** and **Figure 40B** show HPLC traces of the *N*-glycans from rhEPO produced in **YGLY3159** compared to the *N*-glycans from rhEPO produced in **YGLY7117**, respectively. The figures also show that the hydroxyapatite column removed additional contaminants; thus, in this analysis the sialylation content of the rhEPO produced by YGLY7117 was about 99% (neutral *N*-glycans were about 1%) of which about 89% was A2 or bisialylated and about 10% was A1 or monosialylated.

[0132] Sialylation analysis of rhEPO produced in YGLY7117 following PEGylation according to the process in Example 3 was similar to the amount of sialylation prior to PEGylation; however, the amount of sialylation can vary to a limited extent depending for example, on what modifications were made to the growing conditions, e.g., medium compositions, feeding rate, etc (See Table 11). Thus, the methods herein produce rhEPO compositions having at least about 75% A2 sialylation or between about 75 and 89% A2 sialylation. Thus, the total sialic acid content is at least 4.5 moles sialic acid per mole of rhEPO, more specifically, from about 4.6 to 5.7 mole of sialic acid per mole of rhEPO.

Table 11				
	BPP (2000L) (n=3)	FPP (800L) (n=2)	Avecia (15L) (n=2)	Avecia (100L) (n=1)
Purity by SDS PAGE (EPO related) ($\geq 95.0\%$)	99.5 \pm 0.4%	99.4 \pm 0.0%	99.4 \pm 0.1%	99.4%
Integrity by SDS PAGE (Mono-PEG) ($\geq 80.0\%$)	96.8 \pm 0.7%	96.0 \pm 2.2%	95.2 \pm 2.0%	97.7%
Total sialic acid (≥ 4.5 mol SA / mol protein)	5.0-5.7	4.6-4.7	5.1-5.2	5.2
N-Linked glycan by CE (70-85 % A2)	75.2-80.2%	74.2-77.8%	80.9-88.7%	83.9%
A2 - bi-sialylated CE - capillary electrophoresis SA - sialic acid				

(continued)

Table 11

	BPP (2000L) (n=3)	FPP (800L) (n=2)	Avecia (15L) (n=2)	Avecia (100L) (n=1)
BPP - Biologics Pilot Plant FPP - Fermentation Pilot Plant				

[0133] A comparison of the pharmacokinetics of the rhEPO produced in the **YGLY7117** produced in Example 3 with all four *BMT* genes disrupted or deleted and PEGylated was compared to PEGylated rhEPO produced from strain **YGLY3159**. The comparison showed that the PEGylated rhEPO produced in strain **YGLY7117** had *in vivo* half-life and *in vivo* potency similar to that of **YGLY3159** and ARANESP (See Tables 12 and 13).

Table 12

PK of rhEPO from YGLY3159 (CBA) vs YGLY7117 (no CBA)		
	YGLY3159	YGLY7117
T1/2 (hr)	20.9±2	20.6±4
CBA - cross-binding activity		

Table 13

rhEPO source	Relative Potency (Reticulocyte Production)	95% Confidence Interval
YGLY3159 vs YGLY7117	0.94	(0.77, 1.14)

SEQUENCES

[0134] Sequences that were used to produce some of the strains disclosed in Examples 1-11 are provided in Table 14.

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
1	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> invertase gene (ScSUC2)	AGGCCTCGCAACAACCTATAATTGAGTTAAGTGCCTTTCCAAGCT AAAAAGTTTGAGGTTATAGGGGCTTAGCATCCACACGTCACAATC TCGGGTATCGAGTATAGTATGTAGAATTACGGCAGGAGGTTTCCC AATGAACAAAGGACAGGGGCACGGTGAGCTGTCTGAAGGTATCCA TTTTATCATGTTTCGTTTGTACAAGCACGACATACTAAGACATTTA CCGTATGGGAGTTGTTGTCCTAGCGTAGTTCTCGCTCCCCCAGCA AAGCTCAAAAAAGTACGTCATTTAGAATAGTTTGTGAGCAAATTA CCAGTCGGTATGCTACGTTAGAAAGGCCACAGTATTCTTCTACC AAAGGCGTGCCTTTGTTGAACTCGATCCATTATGAGGGCTTCCAT TATTCCCCGCATTTTTATTACTCTGAACAGGAATAAAAAAGAAAA ACCCAGTTTAGGAAATTATCCGGGGGCGAAGAAATACGCGTAGC GTTAATCGACCCACGTCAGGGGTTTTCCATGGAGGTTTCTGGA AAAAGTACGAGGAATGTGATTATAAATCCCTTTATGTGATGTCT AAGACTTTTAAGGTACGCCCGATGTTTGCCTATTACCATCATAGA GACGTTTCTTTTCGAGGAATGCTTAAACGACTTTGTTTGACAAAA ATGTTGCCTAAGGGCTCTATAGTAAACCATTGGAAGAAAGATT GACGACTTTTTTTTTTTGGATTTTCGATCCTATAATCCTTCTCCTG AAAAGAAACATATAAATAGATATGTATTATTCTTCAAAACATTCT CTTGTCTTGTGCTTTTTTTTTTACCATATATCTTACTTTTTTTTTTC TCTCAGAGAAACAAGCAAAACAAAAAGCTTTTCTTTTCACTAACG TATATGATGCTTTTGCAAGCTTTCCTTTTCTTTTGGCTGGTTTTG CAGCCAAAATATCTGCATCAATGACAAACGAACTAGCGATAGA CCTTTGGTCCACTTCACACCCAACAAGGGCTGGATGAATGACCCA AATGGGTTGTGGTACGATGAAAAAGATGCCAAATGGCATCTGTA CTTTCAATACAACCCAAATGACACCGTATGGGGTACGCCATTGTT TTGGGGCCATGCTACTTCCGATGATTTGACTAATTGGGAAGATCA ACCCATTGCTATCGCTCCCAAGCGTAACGATTCAGGTGCTTTCTC TGGCTCCATGGTGGTTGATTACAACAACACGAGTGGGTTTTTCAA TGATACTATTGATCCAAGACAAAGATGCGTTGCGATTTGGACTTA TAACACTCCTGAAAGTGAAGAGCAATACATTAGCTATTCTCTTGA TGGTGGTTACACTTTTACTGAATACCAAAAGAACCCTGTTTTAGC TGCCAACTCCACTCAATTCAGAGATCCAAAGGTGTTCTGGTATGA ACCTTCTCAAAAATGGATTATGACGGCTGCCAAATCACAAGACTA CAAAATTGAAATTTACTCCTCTGATGACTTGAAGTCCTGGAAGCT AGAATCTGCATTTGCCAATGAAGGTTTCTTAGGCTACCAATACGA ATGTCCAGGTTTGATTGAAGTCCCAACTGAGCAAGATCCTTCCAA ATCTTATTGGGTCATGTTTATTTCTATCAACCCAGGTGCACCTGCT GGCGGTTTCTTCAACCAATATTTGTTGGATCCTTCAATGGTACT CATTTTGAAGCGTTTGACAAATCAATCTAGAGTGGTAGATTTTGGT AAGGACTACTATGCCTTGCAAACTTTCTTCAACACTGACCCAACC TACGGTTCAGCATTAGGTATTGCCTGGGCTTCAAACTGGGAGTAC

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
5		<p> <u>AGTGCCCTTTGTCCCACTAACCCATGGAGATCATCCATGTCTTTG</u> <u>GTCCGCAAGTTTTCTTTGAACACTGAATATCAAGCTAATCCAGAG</u> <u>ACTGAATTGATCAATTTGAAAGCCGAACCAATATTGAACATTAGT</u> <u>AATGCTGGTCCCTGGTCTCGTTTTGCTACTAACACAACCTCTAACT</u> <u>AAGGCCAATTCTTACAATGTCGATTTGAGCAACTCGACTGGTACC</u> <u>CTAGAGTTTGAGTTGGTTTACGCTGTTAACACCACACAAACCATA</u> <u>TCCAAATCCGTCCTTTGCCGACTTATCACTTTGGTTCAAGGGTTTA</u> <u>GAAGATCCTGAAGAATATTTGAGAATGGGTTTTGAAGTCAGTGCT</u> <u>TCTTCCTTCTTTTTGGACCGTGGTAACTCTAAGGTCAAGTTTGCA</u> <u>AGGAGAACCCATATTTACAAACAGAATGTCTGTCAACAACCAAC</u> <u>CATTCAAGTCTGAGAACGACCTAAGTTACTATAAAGTGTACGGCC</u> <u>TACTGGATCAAAACATCTTGGAATTGTACTTCAACGATGGAGATG</u> <u>TGGTTTCTACAAATACCTACTTCATGACCACCGGTAACGCTCTAG</u> <u>GATCTGTGAACATGACCACTGGTGTGATAATTTGTTCTACATTG</u> <u>ACAAGTTCCAAGTAAGGGAAGTAAATAGAGGTTATAAACTTA</u> <u>TTGTCTTTTTTATTTTTTTTCAAAAGCCATTCTAAAGGGCTTTAGCT</u> <u>AACGAGTGACGAATGTAAACTTTATGATTTCAAAGAATACCTCC</u> <u>AAACCATTGAAAATGTATTTTTATTTTTATTTTCTCCCGACCCAG</u> <u>TTACCTGGAATTTGTTCTTTATGTACTTTATATAAGTATAATTCTC</u> <u>TTAAAAATTTTTACTACTTTGCAATAGACATCATTTTTTTCACGTAA</u> <u>TAAACCCACAATCGTAATGTAGTTGCCTTACACTACTAGGATGGA</u> <u>CCTTTTTGCCTTTATCTGTTTTGTTACTGACACAATGAAACCGGGT</u> <u>AAAGTATTAGTTATGTGAAAATTTAAAAGCATTAAGTAGAAGTAT</u> <u>ACCATATTGTAAAAAAGCGTTGTCTTCTACGTAAAAGTGT</u> <u>TCTCAAAAAGAAGTAGTGAGGGAAATGGATACCAAGCTATCTGT</u> <u>AACAGGAGCTAAAAAATCTCAGGGAAAAGCTTCTGGTTTGGGAA</u> <u>ACGGTTCGAC</u> </p>
35	2	<p> <i>S. cerevisiae</i> invertase (ScSUC2) </p> <p> MLLQAFLFLLAGFAAKISASMTNETSDRPLVHFTPKNKGWMNDPNGL WYDEKDAKWHLYFYQNPNDTVWGTPFLFWGHATSDDL TNWEDQPI AIAPKRNDSGAFSGSMVVDYNNNTSGFFNDTIDPRQRCVAIWYNTPE SEEQYISYSLDGGYTFTEYQKNPVLAA NSTQFRDPKVFWEPSQKWI MTAAKSQDYKIEIYSSDDLKSWKLESAFANEGFLGYQYECPLIEVP TEQDPSKSYWVMFISINPGAPAGGSFNQYFVGSFNGTHFEAFDNQSR VVDFGKDYALQTFNTDPTYGSALGIAWASNWEYSAFVPTNPWR SSMSLVRKFSLNTEYQANPETELINLKAEPILNISNAGPWSRFATNTT LTKANSYNVDLSNSTGTLEFELVYAVNTTQTISKSVFADLSLWFKGL EDPEEYLRMGFEVSASSFFLDRGNSKVFKVKNPYFTNRMSVNNQP FKSENDLSYYKVYGLLDQNI LELYFNDGDVVSTNTYFMTTGNALGS VNMTTGVDNLFYIDKFQVREVK </p>
50	3	<p> <i>K. lactis</i> UDP- GlcNAc transporter gene (KIMNN2-2) </p> <p> AAACGTAACGCCTGGCACTCTATTTTCTCAA ACTTCTGGGACGGA AGAGCTAAATATTGTGTTGCTTGAACAAACCCAAAAAACA AAA AAATGAACAACTAAACTACACCTAAATAAACCGTGTGTAAAA CGTAGTACCATATTACTAGAAAAGATCACAAGTGTATCACACATG TGCATCTCATATTACATCTTTTATCCAATCCATTCTCTCTATCCCG TCTGTTCTGTGAGATTCTTTTTCATAAAAAGAAGAAGACCCCG AATCTCACCGGTACAATGCAAACTGCTGAAAAAAGAAAGT TCACTGGATACGGGAACAGTGCCAGTAGGCTTCACCACATGGAC AAAACAATTGACGATAAAATAAGCAGGTGAGCTTCTTTTCAAGT CACGATCCCTTTATGTCTCAGAAACAATATATACAAGCTAAACCC </p>

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
5		TTTTGAACCAGTTCTCTCTCATAGTTATGTTACATAAAATTGCGG
10		GAACAAGACTCCGCTGGCTGTCAGGTACACGTTGTAACGTTTTTCG
		TCCGCCCAATTATTAGCACAAACATTGGCAAAAAGAAAACTGCTC
		GTTTTCTCTACAGGTAAATTACAATTTTTTTCAGTAATTTTCGCTG
		AAAAATTTAAAGGGCAGGAAAAAAGACGATCTCGACTTTGCAAT
		AGATGCAAGAACTGTGGTCAAAACTTGAAATAGTAATTTTGCTGT
15		GCGTGAACATAATAATATATATATATATATATATATATATATTTGTG
		TATTTTGTATATGTAATTGTGCACGTCTTGGCTATTGGATATAAG
		ATTTTCGCGGGTTGATGACATAGAGCGTGTACTACTGTAATAGTT
		GTATATTCAAAAGCTGCTGCGTGGAGAAAGACTAAAATAGATAA
		AAAGCACACATTTTGACTTCGGTACCGTCAACTTAGTGGGACAGT
20		CTTTTATATTTGGTGTAAAGCTCATTCTGGTACTATTCGAAACAGA
		ACAGTGTTTTCTGTATTACCGTCCAATCGTTTGTCAATGAGTTTGT
		ATTGATTTTGTGCTTAGTGTTTCGGAGGATGTTGTTCCAATGTGAT
		TAGTTTCGAGCACATGGTGCAAGGCAGCAATATAAATTTGGGAA
		ATATTGTTACATTCACTCAATTCGTGTCTGTGACGCTAATTCAGTT
25		GCCCAATGCTTTGGACTTCTCTCACTTTCCGTTTAGGTTGCGACCT
		AGACACATTCCTCTTAAGATCCATATGTTAGCTGTGTTTTTGTCT
		TTACCAGTTCAGTCGCCAATAACAGTGTGTTTAAATTTGACATTT
		CCGTTCCGATTCATATTATCATTAGATTTTCAGGTACCACTTTGAC
		GATGATAATAGGTTGGGCTGTTTGTAAATAAGAGGTACTCCAACT
30		TCAGGTGCAATCTGCCATCATTATGACGCTTGGTGCGATTGTCGC
		ATCATTATACCGTGACAAAGAATTTTCAATGGACAGTTTAAAGTT
		GAATACGGATTCAGTGGGTATGACCCAAAAATCTATGTTTGGTAT
		CTTTGTTGTGCTAGTGGCCACTGCCTTGATGTCATTGTTGTCGTTG
		CTCAACGAATGGACGTATAACAAGTACGGGAAACATTGGAAAGA
35		AACTTTGTTCTATTTCGCATTTCTTGGCTCTACCGTTGTTTATGTTG
		GGGTACACAAGGCTCAGAGACGAATTCAGAGACCTCTTAATTTCC
		TCAGACTCAATGGATATTCCTATTGTTAAATTACCAATTGCTACG
		AACTTTTCATGCTAATAGCAAATAACGTGACCCAGTTCATTTGT
		ATCAAAGGTGTTAACATGCTAGCTAGTAACACGGATGCTTTGACA
40		CTTTCTGTGCTGCTTCTAGTGCGTAAATTTGTTAGTCTTTTACTCA
		GTGTCTACATCTACAAGAACGTCCTATCCGTGACTGCATACCTAG
		GGACCATCACCGTGTTCTCTGGGAGCTGGTTTGTATTCATATGGTT
		CGGTCAAACTGCACTGCCTCGCTGAAACAATCCACGTCTGTATG
		ATACTCGTTTCAGAAATTTTTTGTATTTCTGCCGGATATGGTTTCT
45		CATCTTTACAATCGCATTCTTAATTATACCAGAACGTAATTCAAT
		GATCCCAGTGACTCGTAACTCTTATATGTCAATTTAAGC
50	4 <i>K. lactis</i> UDP-GlcNAc transporter (KIMNN2-2)	MSFVLILSLVFGGCCSNVISFEHMOVQGSNINLGNIVTFTQFVSVTLIQ
		LPNALDFSHFPFRLRPRHIPLKIHMLAVLFFTSVANNSVFKFDISVPI
		HIIIRFSGTTLTMIIGWAVCNKRYSKLQVQSAIIMTLGAIVASLYRDK
		EFMSDSLKLNTDSVGMTQKSMFGIFVVLVATALMSLLSLLNEWTYN
		KYGKHWKETLFYSHFLALPLFMLGYTRLRDEFRLDISDSMDIPIV
		KLPIATKLFMLIANNVTFQICIKGVNMLASNTDALTLVSVLLVRKFVS
		LLLSVYIYKNVLSVTAYLGTITVFLGAGLYSYGSVKTAALPR
55	5 DNA encodes Mnn2 leader(53)	ATGCTGCTTACCAAAAGGTTTCAAAGCTGTTCAAGCTGACGTTT
		ATAGTTTTGATATTGTGCGGGCTGTTTCGTCATTACAAACAAATAC
		ATGGATGAGAACACGTCG

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
6	Mnn2 leader(53)	MLLTKRFSKLFKLT FIVLILCGLFVITNKYMDENTS
7	DNA encodes Mnn2 leader(54) The last 9 nucleotides are the linker containing the Ascl restriction site)	ATGCTGCTTACCAAAAGGTTTTCAAAGCTGTTCAAGCTGACGTTC ATAGTTTTGATATTGTGCGGGCTGTTTCGTCATTACAAACAAATAC ATGGATGAGAACACGTCGGTCAAGGAGTACAAGGAGTACTTAGA CAGATATGTCCAGAGTTACTCCAATAAGTATTCATCTTCCTCAGA CGCCGCCAGCGCTGACGATTCAACCCCATTTGAGGGACAATGATG AGGCAGGCAATGAAAAGTTGAAAAGCTTCTACAACAACGTTTTCA ACTTTCTAATGGTTGATTTCGCCCGGGCGCGCC
8	Mnn2 leader(54)	MLLTKRFSKLFKLT FIVLILCGLFVITNKYMDENTSVKEYKEYLD RYVQSYSNKYSSSSD AASADDSTPLRDND EAGNEKLKSFYNNV FNL MV DSP GRA
9	DNA encodes <i>S. cerevisiae</i> Mating Factor pre signal sequence	ATG AGA TTC CCA TCC ATC TTC ACT GCT GTT TTG TTC GCT GCT TCT TCT GCT TTG GCT
10	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> Mating Factor pre signal sequence	MRFPSIFTAVLFAASSALA
11	DNA encodes Pp SEC12 (10) The last 9 nucleotides are the linker containing the Ascl restriction site used for fusion to proteins of interest.	ATGCCCAGAAAAATATTTAACTACTTCATTTTGACTGTATTCATG GCAATTCTTGCTATTGTTTTACAATGGTCTATAGAGAATGGACAT GGGCGCGCC
12	Pp SEC12 (10)	MPRKIFNYFILTVFMAILAIVLQWSIENGHGRA
13	DNA encodes	ATGGCCCTCTTTCTCAGTAAGAGACTGTTGAGATTTACCGTCATT GCAGGTGCGGTTATTGTTCTCCTCCTAACATTGAATTCCAACAGT
	ScMnt1 (Kre2) (33)	AGAACTCAGCAATATATTCCGAGTTCCATCTCCGCTGCATTTGAT TTTACCTCAGGATCTATATCCCCTGAACAACAAGTCATCGGGCGC GCC
14	ScMnt1 (Kre2) (33)	MALFLSKRLLRFTVIAGAVIVLLLTLNSNSRTQQYIPSSISAAFDFTSG SISPEQQVIGRA
15	DNA encodes ScSEC12 (8) The last 9 nucleotides are the linker containing the Ascl restriction site used for fusion to proteins of interest	ATGAACACTATCCACATAATAAAAATTACCGCTTAACTACGCCAAC TACACCTCAATGAAACAAAAAATCTCTAAATTTTTACCAACTTC ATCCTTATTGTGCTGCTTTCTTACATTTTACAGTTCTCCTATAAGC ACAATTTGCATTCCATGCTTTTCAATTACGCGAAGGACAATTTTCT AACGAAAAGAGACACCATCTCTTCGCCCTACGTAGTTGATGAAGA CTTACATCAAACAACCTTTGTTTGGCAACCACGGTACAAAAACATC TGTACCTAGCGTAGATTCCATAAAAGTGCATGGCGTGGGGCGCG CC

(continued)

Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
16	ScSEC12 (8)	MNTIHIIKLPLNYANYTSMKQKISKFFTNFILIVLLSYILQFSYKHNLH SMLFNYAKDNFLTKRDTISSPYVVEDDLHQTTLFGNHGKTSVPSV DSIKVHGVGRA
17	DNA encodes MmSLC35 A3 UDP- GlcNAc transporter	ATGTCTGCCAACCTAAAATATCTTTCCTTGGAATTTTGGTGTTC AGACTACCAGTCTGGTTCTAACGATGCGGTATTCTAGGACTTTAA AAGAGGAGGGGCCTCGTTATCTGTCTTCTACAGCAGTGGTTGTGG CTGAATTTTGAAGATAATGGCCTGCATCTTTTGTCTACAAAG ACAGTAAGTGTAGTGTGAGAGCACTGAATAGAGTACTGCATGAT GAAATTCTTAATAAGCCCATGGAAACCCTGAAGCTCGCTATCCCG TCAGGGATATATACTCTTCAGAACAACCTACTCTATGTGGCACTG TCAAACCTAGATGCAGCCACTTACCAGGTTACATATCAGTTGAAA ATACTTACAACAGCATTATTTTCTGTGTCTATGCTTGGTAAAAAA TTAGGTGTGTACCAGTGGCTCTCCCTAGTAATTCTGATGGCAGGA GTTGCTTTTGTACAGTGGCCTTCAGATTCTCAAGAGCTGAACTCT AAGGACCTTTCAACAGGCTCACAGTTTGTAGGCCTCATGGCAGTT CTCACAGCCTGTTTTTCAAGTGGCTTTGCTGGAGTTTATTTTGAG AAAATCTTAAAAGAAACAAAACAGTCAGTATGGATAAGGAACAT TCAACTTGGTTTCTTTGGAAGTATATTTGGATTAATGGGTGTATA CGTTTATGATGGAGAATTGGTCTCAAAGAATGGATTTTTTTCAGGG ATATAATCAACTGACGTGGATAGTTGTTGCTCTGCAGGCACTTGG AGGCCTTGTAATAGCTGCTGTCATCAAATATGCAGATAACATTTT AAAAGGATTTGCGACCTCCTTATCCATAATATTGTCAACAATAAT ATCTTATTTTTTGGTTGCAAGATTTTGTGCCAACCAGTGTCTTTTTC CTTGGAGCCATCCTTGTAATAGCAGCTACTTTCTTGTATGGTTAC GATCCCAAACCTGCAGGAAATCCCACTAAAGCATAG
18	MmSLC35 A3 UDP- GlcNAc transporter	MSANLKYLSLGILVFQTTSLVLTMRYSRTLKEEGPRYLSSTAVVVAE FLKIMACIFLVYKDSKCSVRALNRVLHDEILNKPMETLKLAIPSGIYT LQNNLLYVALSNLDAATYQVTYQLKILTTALFSVSMLGKKLGVIYQ WLSLVILMAGVAFVQWPSDSQELNSKDLSTGSQFVGLMAVLTACFS
		SGFAGVYFEKILKETKQSVWIRNIQLGFFGSIFGLMGVYVYDGELVS KNGFFQGYNQLTWIVVALQALGGLVIAAVIKYADNILKGFATSLSIIL STIISYFWLODFVPTSVFFLGAILVIAATFLYGYDPKPAGNPTKA

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
19	DNA encodes DmUGT	ATGAATAGCATACACATGAACGCCAATACGCTGAAGTACATCAG CCTGCTGACGCTGACCCTGCAGAATGCCATCCTGGGCTCAGCAT GCGCTACGCCCCGACCCGGCCAGGCGACATCTTCCTCAGCTCCAC GGCCGTAATCATGGCAGAGTTCGCCAACTGATCACGTGCCTGTT CCTGGTCTTCAACGAGGAGGGCAAGGATGCCCAGAAGTTTGTAC GCTCGCTGCACAAGACCATCATTGCGAATCCCATGGACACGCTGA AGGTGTGCGTCCCCTCGCTGGTCTATATCGTTCAAAACAATCTGC TGTACGTCTCTGCCTCCCATTTGGATGCGGCCACCTACCAGGTGA CGTACCAGCTGAAGATTCTCACCACGGCCATGTTGCGGGTTGTCA TTCTGCGCCGCAAGCTGCTGAACACGCAGTGGGGTTCGCTGCTGC TCCTGGTGATGGGCATCGTCTGGTGCAGTTGGCCCAAACGGAG GGTCCGACGAGTGGCTCAGCCGGTGGTGCCGCAGCTGCAGCCAC GGCCGCCTCCTCTGGCGGTGCTCCCGAGCAGAACAGGATGCTCG GACTGTGGGCCGCACTGGGCGCCTGCTTCCTCTCCGGATTGCGGG GCATCTACTTTGAGAAGATCCTCAAGGGTGCCGAGATCTCCGTGT GGATGCGGAATGTGCAGTTGAGTCTGCTCAGCATTCCCTTCGGCC TGCTCACCTGTTTCGTTAACGACGGCAGTAGGATCTTCGACCAGG GATTCTTCAAGGGCTACGATCTGTTTGTCTGGTACCTGGTCCTGC TGCAGGCCGCGGGTGGATTGATCGTTGCCGTGGTGGTCAAGTAC GCGGATAACATTCTCAAGGGCTTCGCCACCTCGCTGGCCATCATC ATCTCGTGCGTGGCCTCCATATACATCTTCGACTTCAATCTCACG CTGCAGTTCAGCTTCGGAGCTGGCCTGGTCATCGCCTCCATATTT CTCTACGGCTACGATCCGGCCAGGTCGGCGCCGAAGCCAATATG CATGGTCCTGGCGGCGATGAGGAGAAGCTGCTGCCGCGCGTCTA G
20	DmUGT	MNSIHMNANTLKYISLLTLTLQNAILGLSMRYARTRPGDIFLSSTAVL MAEFAKLITCLFLVFNEEGKDAQKFVRSLSHKTIANPMDTLKVCVPS LVYIVQNNLLYVSASHLDAATYQVYQLKILTTAMFAVVILRRKLL NTQWGALLLLVMGIVLVQLAQTEGPTSGSAGGAAAAATAASSGGA PEQNRMLGLWAALGACFLSGFAGIYFEKILKGAEISVWMRNVQLSL LSIPFGLLTCFVNDGSRIFDQGFYKGYDLFVWYLVLLQAGGGLIVAV VVKYADNLIKGFATSLAIHSCVASIYIFDFNLTLQFSFGAGLVIASIFL YGYDPARSAPKPTMHGPGGDEEKLLPRV
21	DNA encodes ScGAL10	ATGACAGCTCAGTTACAAAGTGAAAGTACTTCTAAAATTGTTTTG GTTACAGGTGGTGCTGGATACATTGGTTCACACACTGTGGTAGAG CTAATTGAGAATGGATATGACTGTGTTGTTGCTGATAACCTGTGCG AATTCAACTTATGATTCTGTAGCCAGGTAGAGGTCTTGACCAAG CATCACATTCCCTTCTATGAGGTTGATTTGTGTGACCGAAAAGGT CTGGAAAAGGTTTTCAAAGAATATAAAATTGATTTCGGTAATTCAC TTTGCTGGTTTAAAGGCTGTAGGTGAATCTACACAAATCCCGCTG AGATACTATCACAATAACATTTTGGGAAGTGTGTTTTATTAGAG TTAATGCAACAATAACGTTTCCAAATTTGTTTTTTCATCTTCTG CTACTGTCTATGGTGATGCTACGAGATTCCCAAATATGATTCCTA TCCCAGAAGAATGTCCCTTAGGGCCTACTAATCCGTATGGTCATA CGAAATACGCCATTGAGAATATCTTGAATGATCTTTACAATAGCG ACAAAAAAAGTTGGAAGTTTGCTATCTTGCGTTATTTTAACCCAA

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		<p>TTGGCGCACATCCCTCTGGATTAATCGGAGAAGATCCGCTAGGTA TACCAAACAATTTGTTGCCATATATGGCTCAAGTAGCTGTTGGTA GGCGCGAGAAGCTTTACATCTTCGGAGACGATTATGATTCCAGAG ATGGTACCCCGATCAGGGATTATATCCACGTAGTTGATCTAGCAA AAGGTCATATTGCAGCCCTGCAATACCTAGAGGCCTACAATGAAA ATGAAGGTTTGTGTCGTGAGTGGAACTTGGGTCCGGTAAAGGTT CTACAGTTTTTGAAGTTTATCATGCATTCTGCAAAGCTTCTGGTAT TGATCTTCCATACAAAGTTACGGGCAGAAGAGCAGGTGATGTTTT GAACTTGACGGCTAAACCAGATAGGGCCAAACGCGAACTGAAAT GGCAGACCGAGTTGCAGGTTGAAGACTCCTGCAAGGATTTATGG AAATGGACTACTGAGAATCCTTTTGGTTACCAGTTAAGGGGTGTC GAGGCCAGATTTTCCGCTGAAGATATGCGTTATGACGCAAGATTT GTGACTATTGGTGCCGGCACCAGATTTCAAGCCACGTTTGCCAAT TTGGGCGCCAGCATTGTTGACCTGAAAGTGAACGGACAATCAGTT GTTCTTGGCTATGAAAATGAGGAAGGGTATTTGAATCCTGATAGT GCTTATATAGGCGCCACGATCGGCAGGTATGCTAATCGTATTTTCG AAGGGTAAGTTTAGTTTATGCAACAAAGACTATCAGTTAACC GTT AATAACGGCGTTAATGCGAATCATAGTAGTATCGGTTCTTTCCAC AGAAAAAGATTTTTGGGACCCATCATTCAAATCCTTCAAAGGAT GTTTTTACCGCCGAGTACATGCTGATAGATAATGAGAAGGACACC GAATTTCCAGGTGATCTATTGGTAACCATACAGTATACTGTGAAC GTTGCCCAAAAAAGTTTGGAAATGGTATATAAAGGTAAATTGACT GCTGGTGAAGCGACGCCAATAAATTTAACAAATCATAGTTATTTT AATCTGAACAAGCCATATGGAGACACTATTGAGGGTACGGAGAT TATGGTGCGTTCAAAAAAATCTGTTGATGTCGACAAAAACATGAT TCCTACGGGTAATATCGTCGATAGAGAAATTGCTACCTTTAACTC TACAAAGCCAACGGTCTTAGGCCCAAAAAATCCCCAGTTTGATTG TTGTTTTGTGGTGGATGAAAATGCTAAGCCAAGTCAAATCAATAC TCTAAACAATGAATTGACGCTTATTGTCAAGGCTTTTCATCCCGA TTCCAATATTACATTAGAAGTTTAAGTACAGAGCCAACCTATCA ATTTTATACCGGTGATTTCTTGTCTGCTGGTTACGAAGCAAGACA AGGTTTTGCAATTGAGCCTGGTAGATACATTGATGCTATCAATCA AGAGAACTGGAAAGATTGTGTAACCTTGAAAAACGGTGAAACTT ACGGGTCCAAGATTGTCTACAGATTTTCTCTGA</p>
22	ScGa110	<p>MTAQLQSESTSKIVLVTGGAGYIGSHTVVELIENGYDCVVADNLSN STYDSVARLEVLTKHHIPFYEVDLCDRKGLEKVFKEYKIDSVIH FAG LKA VGESTQIPLRYYHNNILGTVVLELMQQYNVSKFVFSSATVYG DATRFPNMIPIPEECPLGPTNPYGHTKYAIENILNDLYNSDKKSWKFA ILRYFNPIGAHPSGLIGEDPLGIPNNLLPYMAQVAVGRREKLYIFGDD YDSRDGTPIRDYIHVVDLAKGHIAALQYLEAYNENEGLCREWNLGS GKGSTVFEVYHAFCKASGIDLPYKVTGRRAGDVLNLTAKPDRAKRE LKWQTELQVEDSCKDLWKWTENPFGYQLRGVEARFSAEDMRYD ARFVTIGAGTRFQATFANLG ASIVDLKVNQSVVLGYENEEGYLNPDSAYIGATIGRYANRISKGKF SLCNKDYQLTVNNGVNaNHSSIGSFHRKRFLGP IIQNPSKDVF TAEY MLIDNEKDTEFP GDLLVTIQYTVNVAQKSLEMVYKGKLTAGEATPI NLTNHSYFNLNKP YGDTIEGTEIMVRSKKSVDVDKNMIPTGNIVDRE IATFNSTKPTVLGPKNPQFDCCFVVDENAKPSQINTLNNELTLIVKAF HPDSNITLEVLSTEPTYQFYTGDFLSAGYEARQGFAIEPGRYIDAINQ</p>

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		ENWKDCVTLKNGETYGSKIVYRFS
23	hGalT codon optimized (XB)	GGTAGAGATTTGTCTAGATTGCCACAGTTGGTTGGTGTTCCTACT CCATTGCAAGGAGGTTCTAACTCTGCTGCTGCTATTGGTCAATCT TCCGGTGAGTTGAGAAGTGGTGGAGCTAGACCACCTCCACCATTG GGAGCTTCCTCTCAACCAAGACCAGGTGGTGATTCTTCTCCAGTT GTTGACTCTGGTCCAGGTCCAGCTTCTAACTTGACTTCCGTTCCA GTTCCACACACTACTGCTTTGTCTTGCCAGCTTGTCCAGAAGAA TCCCCATTGTTGGTTGGTCCAATGTTGATCGAGTTCAACATGCCA GTTGACTTGGAGTTGGTTGCTAAGCAGAACCCAAACGTTAAGATG GGTGGTAGATACGCTCCAAGAGACTGTGTTTCCCCACACAAAGTT GCTATCATCATCCCATTCAGAAACAGACAGGAGCACTTGAAGTAC TGGTTGTACTACTTGCACCCAGTTTTGCAAAGACAGCAGTTGGAC TACGGTATCTACGTTATCAACCAGGCTGGTGACACTATTTTCAAC AGAGCTAAGTTGTTGAATGTTGGTTTCCAGGAGGCTTTGAAGGAT TACGACTACACTTGTTCGTTTTCTCCGACGTTGACTTGATTCCAA TGAACGACCACAACGCTTACAGATGTTTCTCCAGCCAAGACACA TTTCTGTTGCTATGGACAAGTTCGGTTTTCTCCTTGCCATACGTTCA ATACTTCGGTGGTGTTCGCTTTGTCCAAGCAGCAGTTCTTGAC TATCAACGGTTTCCCAAACAATTACTGGGGATGGGGTGGTGAAG ATGACGACATCTTTAACAGATTGGTTTTTCAGAGGAATGTCCATCT CTAGACCAAACGCTGTTGTTGGTAGATGTAGAATGATCAGACACT CCAGAGACAAGAAGAACGAGCCAAACCCACAAAGATTTCGACAGA ATCGCTCACACTAAGGAAACTATGTTGTCCGACGGATTGAACTCC TTGACTTACCAGGTTTTGGACGTTTCAGAGATACCCATTGTACACT CAGATCACTGTTGACATCGGTACTCCATCCTAG
24	hGalT I catalytic doman (XB)	GRDLSRLPQLVGVSTPLQGGSNSAAAIGQSSGELRTGGARPPPPLGA SSQPRPGDSSPVVDSGPGPASNLTSVPVPHTTALSPLACPEESPLL VGPMLIEFNMPVDLELVAKQNPVVKMGGRYAPRDCVSPHKVAIIIPFR NRQEHLKYWLYYLHPVLQRQQLDYGIYVINQAGDTIFNRAKLLNVG FQEALKDYDYTCFVFSVDLIPMNDHNAYRCFSQPRHISVAMDKFG FSLPYVQYFGGVSALSKQQFLTINGFPNNYWGWWGGEDDDIFNRLVF RGMSISRPNAVVGRCRMIRHSRDKKNEPNPQRFDRIAHTKETMLSD GLNSLTYOVLVDVORYPLYTOITVDIGTPS

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
25	DNA encodes human GnT I catalytic domain (NA) Codon-optimized	TCAGTCAGTGCTCTTGATGGTGACCCAGCAAGTTTGACCAGAGAA GTGATTAGATTGGCCCAAGACGCAGAGGTGGAGTTGGAGAGACA ACGTGGACTGCTGCAGCAAATCGGAGATGCATTGTCTAGTCAAA GAGGTAGGGTGCCTACCGCAGCTCCTCCAGCACAGCCTAGAGTG CATGTGACCCCTGCACCAGCTGTGATTCTATCTTGGTCATCGCC TGTGACAGATCTACTGTTAGAAGATGTCTGGACAAGCTGTTGCAT TACAGACCATCTGCTGAGTTGTTCCCTATCATCGTTAGTCAAGAC TGTGGTCACGAGGAGACTGCCCAAGCCATCGCCTCCTACGGATCT GCTGTCACTCACATCAGACAGCCTGACCTGTCATCTATTGCTGTG CCACCAGACCACAGAAAGTTCCAAGGTTACTACAAGATCGCTAG ACACTACAGATGGGCATTGGGTCAAGTCTTCAGACAGTTTAGATT CCCTGCTGCTGTGGTGGTGGAGGATGACTTGGAGGTGGCTCCTGA CTTCTTTGAGTACTTTAGAGCAACCTATCCATTGCTGAAGGCAGA CCCATCCCTGTGGTGTGTCTCTGCCTGGAATGACAACGGTAAGGA GCAAATGGTGGACGCTTCTAGGCCTGAGCTGTTGTACAGAACCG ACTTCTTTCCTGGTCTGGGATGGTTGCTGTTGGCTGAGTTGTGGG
		CTGAGTTGGAGCCTAAGTGGCCAAAGGCATTCTGGGACGACTGG ATGAGAAGACCTGAGCAAAGACAGGGTAGAGCCTGTATCAGACC TGAGATCTCAAGAACCATGACCTTTGGTAGAAAGGGAGTGTCTCA CGGTCAATTCTTTGACCAACACTTGAAGTTTATCAAGCTGAACCA GCAATTTGTGCACTTCACCCAACCTGGACCTGTCTTACTTGCAGAG AGAGGCCTATGACAGAGATTTCTAGCTAGAGTCTACGGAGCTCC TCAACTGCAAGTGGAGAAAGTGAGGACCAATGACAGAAAGGAGT TGGGAGAGGTGAGAGTGCAGTACACTGGTAGGGACTCCTTTAAG GCTTTCGCTAAGGCTCTGGGTGTCATGGATGACCTTAAGTCTGGA GTTCTTAGAGCTGGTTACAGAGGTATTGTCACCTTTCAATTCAGA GGTAGAAGAGTCCACTTGGCTCCTCCACCTACTTGGGAGGGTTAT GATCCTTCTTGGAATTAG
26	Human GnT I catalytic domain (NA)	SVSALDGDPA SLTREVIRLAQDAEVELERQRGLLQQIGDALSSQRGR VPTAAPPAQPRVHVT PAPA VIPILVIACDRSTVRRCLDKLLHYRPSAE LFPIIVSQDCGHEETAQAIASYGSAVTHIRQPD LSSI AVPPDHRKFQG YYKIARHYRWALGQVFRQFRPAAVVVEDDLEVAPDFFEYFRATYP LLKADPSLWCVSAWNDNGKEQMVDASRPELLYRTDFFPGLGWLLL AELWAELEPKWPKAFWDDWMRRPEQRQGRACIRPEISRTMTFGRK GVSHGQFFDQHLKFIKLNQQFVHFTQLDLSYLQREAYDRDFLARVY GAPQLQVEKVRTNDRKELGEVRVQYTGRDSFKAFKALGVMDDLK SGVPRAGYRGIVTFQFRGRRVHLAPPPTWEGYDPSWN

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
27	DNA encodes Mm ManI catalytic domain (FB)	GAGCCCGCTGACGCCACCATCCGTGAGAAGAGGGCAAAGATCAA AGAGATGATGACCCATGCTTGGGAATAATTATAAACGCTATGCGTG GGGCTTGAACGAACCTGAAACCTATATCAAAAGAAGGCCATTCAA GCAGTTTGTGTTGGCAACATCAAAGGAGCTACAATAGTAGATGCCC TGGATACCCTTTTCATTATGGGCATGAAGACTGAATTTCAAGAAG CTAAATCGTGGATTAAAAAATATTTAGATTTTAATGTGAATGCTG AAGTTTCTGTTTTTGAAGTCAACATACGCTTCGTCGGTGGACTGC TGTCAGCCTACTATTTGTCCGGAGAGGAGATATTTTCGAAAGAAAG CAGTGGAACCTTGGGGTAAAATTGCTACCTGCATTTCACTCCCT CTGGAATACCTTGGGCATTGCTGAATATGAAAAGTGGGATCGGG CGGAACCTGGCCCTGGGCCTCTGGAGGCAGCAGTATCCTGGCCGA ATTTGGAACCTCTGCATTTAGAGTTTATGCACTTGTCCCACTTATCA GGAGACCCAGTCTTTGCCGAAAAGGTTATGAAAATTCGAACAGT GTTGAACAAACTGGACAAACCAGAAGGCCTTTATCCTAACTATCT GAACCCAGTAGTGGACAGTGGGGTCAACATCATGTGTGCGGTTG GAGGACTTGGAGACAGCTTTTATGAATATTTGCTTAAGGCGTGGT TAATGTCTGACAAGACAGATCTCGAAGCCAAGAAGATGTATTTTG ATGCTGTTCAAGCCATCGAGACTCACTTGATCCGCAAGTCAAGTG GGGACTAACGTACATCGCAGAGTGGAAGGGGGGCTCCTGGAA CACAAGATGGGCCACCTGACGTGCTTTCAGGAGGCATGTTTGCA CTTGGGGCAGATGGAGCTCCGGAAGCCCGGGCCCAACTACCT TGAACCTCGGAGCTGAAATTGCCCCGCACTTGTTCATGAATCTTATAA TCGTACATATGTGAAGTTGGGACCGGAAGCGTTTCGATTTGATGG CGGTGTGGAAGCTATTGCCACGAGGCAAAATGAAAAGTATTACA TCTTACGGCCCGAGGTCATCGAGACATACATGTACATGTGGCGAC TGACTCACGACCCCAAGTACAGGACCTGGGCCTGGGAAGCCGTG GAGGCTCTAGAAAGTCACTGCAGAGTGAACGGAGGCTACTCAGG CTTACGGGATGTTTACATTGCCCGTGAGAGTTATGACGATGTCCA
		GCAAAGTTTCTTCCTGGCAGAGACACTGAAGTATTTGTACTTGAT ATTTTCCGATGATGACCTTCTTCCACTAGAACACTGGATCTTCAA CACCGAGGCTCATCCTTTCCCTATACTCCGTGAACAGAAGAAGGA AATTGATGGCAAAGAGAAATGA
28	Mm ManI catalytic domain (FB)	EPADATIREKRAKIKEMMTHAWNYYKRYAWGLNELKPISKEGHSSS LFGNIKGATIVDALDTLFIMGMKTEFQEAKSWIKKYLDFNVNAEVS FEVNIRFVGGLLSAYYLSGEEIFRKKAVELGVKLLPAFHTPSGIPWAL LNMKSGIGRNWPWASGSSILAEFGTLHLEFMHLSHLSGDPVFAEK VMKIRTVLNKLDKPEGLYPNYLNPSSGQWQHHVSVGGLGDSFYE YLLKAWLMSDKTDLEAKKMYFDAVQAIETHLIRKSSGGLTYIAEWK GGLLEHKMGHLTCFAGGMFALGADGAPEARAQHYLELGAEIARTC HESYNRTYVKLGPEAFRFDGGVEAIATRQNEKYYILRPEVIETMY MWRLTHDPKYRTWAVEAVEALESHCRVNGGYSGLRDVYIARES DDVQQSFFLAETLKYLILFSDDDLPLEHWIFNTEAHPFIPILREQKK EIDGKEK

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
29	DNA encodes Tr ManI catalytic doman	CGCGCCGGATCTCCCAACCTACGAGGGCGGCAGCAGTCAAGGC CGCATTCCAGACGTCGTGGAACGCTTACCACCATTTTGCCTTTCC CCATGACGACCTCCACCCGGTCAGCAACAGCTTTGATGATGAGAG AAACGGCTGGGGCTCGTCGGCAATCGATGGCTTGGACACGGCTA TCCTCATGGGGGATGCCGACATTGTGAACACGATCCTTCAGTATG TACCGCAGATCAACTTCACCACGACTGCGGTTGCCAACCAAGGCA TCTCCGTGTTGAGACCAACATTTCGGTACCTCGGTGGCCTGCTTT CTGCCTATGACCTGTTGCGAGGTCTTTTCAGCTCCTTGGCGACAA ACCAGACCCTGGTAAACAGCCTTCTGAGGCAGGCTCAAACACTG GCCAACGGCCTCAAGGTTGCGTTCACCACTCCCAGCGGTGTCCCG GACCCTACCGTCTTCTTCAACCCTACTGTCCGGAGAAGTGGTGCA TCTAGCAACAACGTCGCTGAAATTGGAAGCCTGGTGCTCGAGTG GACACGGTTGAGCGACCTGACGGGAAACCCGCAGTATGCCCAGC TTGCGCAGAAGGGCGAGTCGTATCTCCTGAATCCAAAGGGAAGC CCGGAGGCATGGCCTGGCCTGATTGGAACGTTTGTACGACAGAG CAACGGTACCTTTTCAGGATAGCAGCGGCAGCTGGTCCGGCCTCAT GGACAGCTTCTACGAGTACCTGATCAAGATGTACCTGTACGACCC GGTTGCGTTTGCACACTACAAGGATCGCTGGGTCTTGTCTGCCGA CTCGACCATTCGCGCATCTCGCCTCTCACCCGTCGACGCGCAAGGA CTTGACCTTTTTGTCTTCGTACAACGGACAGTCTACGTCGCCAAA CTCAGGACATTTGGCCAGTTTTGCCGGTGGCAACTTCATCTTGGG AGGCATTCTCCTGAACGAGCAAAAGTACATTGACTTTGGAATCAA GCTTGCCAGCTCGTACTTTGCCACGTACAACCAGACGGCTTCTGG AATCGGCCCCGAAGGCTTCGCGTGGGTGGACAGCGTGACGGGCG CCGGCGGCTCGCCGCCCTCGTCCAGTCCGGGTTCTACTCGTCGG CAGGATTCTGGGTGACGGCACCGTATTACATCCTGCGGCCGGAG ACGCTGGAGAGCTTGTACTACGCATACCGCGTCACGGGCGACTCC AAGTGGCAGGACCTGGCGTGGGAAGCGTTCAGTGCCATTGAGGA CGCATGCCGCGCCGGCAGCGCGTACTCGTCCATCAACGACGTGAC GCAGGCCAACGGCGGGGGTGCCTCTGACGATATGGAGAGCTTCT GGTTTGCCGAGGCGCTCAAGTATGCGTACCTGATCTTTGCGGAGG AGTCGGATGTGCAGGTGCAGGCCAACGGCGGGAACAAATTTGTC TTTAACACGGAGGCGCACCCCTTTAGCATCCGTTTCATCATCACGA CGGGGCGGCCACCTTGCTTAA
30	Tr Man I catalytic doman	RAGSPNPTRAAAVKAAFQTSWNAHYHHFAFPHDDLHPVSNSFDDERN GWGSSAIDGLDTAILMGDADIVNTILQYVPQINFNTTAVANQGIVF ETNIRYLGGLLSAYDLLRGPSSLATNQTLVNSLLRQAQTLANGLKV AFTTPSGVPDPTVFFNPTVRRSGASSNNVAEIGSLVLEWTRLSDLTG NPQYAQLAQKGESYLLNPKGSPEAWPGLIGTFVSTSNGTQDSSGS WSGLMDSFYEYLIKMYLYDPVAFAHYKDRWVLAADSTIAHLASHP STRKDLTFLSSYNGQSTSPNSGHLASFAGGNFILGGILLNEQKYIDFGI KLASSYFATYNQTASGIGPEGFAWVDSVTGAGGSPSSQSGFYSSAG FWVTAPYYILRPETLESYYAYRVTGDSKWQDLAWEAFSAIEDACR AGSAYSSINDVTQANGGGASDDMESFWFAEALKYAYLIFAEESDVQ VQANGGNKFVFENTEHPFSIRSSSRGGHLA

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
31	DNA encodes Rat GnT II (TC) Codon-optimized	TCCTTGGTTTACCAATTGAACTTCGACCAGATGTTGAGAAACGTT GACAAGGACGGTACTTGGTCTCCTGGTGAGTTGGTTTTGGTTGTT CAGGTTTACAACAGACCAGAGTACTTGAGATTGTTGATCGACTCC TTGAGAAAGGCTCAAGGTATCAGAGAGGTTTTGGTTATCTTCTCC CACGATTTCTGGTCTGCTGAGATCAACTCCTTGATCTCCTCCGTTG ACTTCTGTCCAGTTTTGCAGGTTTTCTTCCCATTCTCCATCCAATT GTACCCATCTGAGTTCCCAGGTTCTGATCCAAGAGACTGTCCAAG AGACTTGAAGAAGAACGCTGCTTTGAAGTTGGGTTGTATCAACGC TGAATACCCAGATTCTTTCGGTCACTACAGAGAGGCTAAGTTCTC CCAAACTAAGCATCATTGGTGGTGGAAAGTTGCACTTTGTTTGGGA GAGAGTTAAGGTTTTGCAGGACTACACTGGATTGATCTTGTTCTT GGAGGAGGATCATTACTTGGCTCCAGACTTCTACCACGTTTTCAA GAAGATGTGGAAGTTGAAGCAACAAGAGTGTCCAGGTTGTGACG TTTTGTCCTTGGGAACCTTACACTACTATCAGATCCTTCTACGGTAT CGCTGACAAGGTTGACGTTAAGACTTGGAAGTCCACTGAACACA ACATGGGATTGGCTTTGACTAGAGATGCTTACCAGAAAGTTGATCG AGTGTACTGACACTTTCTGTACTTACGACGACTACAACCTGGGACT GGACTTTGCAGTACTTGACTTTGGCTTGTTTGCCAAAAGTTTGGGA AGGTTTTGGTTCCACAGGCTCCAAGAATTTTCCACGCTGGTGACT GTGGAATGCACCACAAGAAAACCTGTAGACCATCCACTCAGTCCG CTCAAATTGAGTCCTTGTTGAACAACAACAAGCAGTACTTGTTCC CAGAGACTTTGGTTATCGGAGAGAAGTTTCCAATGGCTGCTATTT CCCCACCAAGAAAGAATGGTGGATGGGGTGATATTAGAGACCAC GAGTTGTGTAAATCCTACAGAAGATTGCAGTAG
32	Rat GnTII (TC)	SLVYQLNFDQMLRNVDKDGWSPGELVLVVQVHNRPEYLRLLIDSL RKAQGIREVLVIFSHDFWSAEINSLISSVDFCPVLQVFFPFSIQLYPSEF PGSDPRDCPRDLKKNAALKLGCINAEYPDSFGHYREAKFSQTKHHW WWKLHFVWERVKVLQDYTGILFLFLEEDHYLAPDFYHVFKKMWKL KQQECPGCDVLSLGTYYTIRSFYGIADKVDVKTWKSTEHNMGAL RDAYQKLIECTDTFCTYDDYNWDWTLQYLTLACLPKVVWVLPQA PRIFHAGDCGMHHKKTCPSTQSAQIESLLNNNKQYLPETLVIGE KFPMAAISPPRKNGGWGDIRDHELCKSYRRLO
33	DNA encodes <i>Drosophila melanogaster</i> ManII codon-optimized (KD)	AGAGACGATCCAATTAGACCTCCATTGAAGGTTGCTAGATCCCCA AGACCAGGTCAATGTCAAGATGTTGTTTCAGGACGTCCCCAACGTT GATGTCCAGATGTTGGAGTTGTACGATAGAATGTCCTTCAAGGAC ATTGATGGTGGTGTGTTGGAAGCAGGGTTGGAACATTAAGTACGA TCCATTGAAGTACAACGCTCATCACAAGTTGAAGGTCTTCGTTGT CCCACACTCCCACAACGATCCTGGTTGGATTGAGACCTTCGAGGA

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
5		ATACTACCAGCACGACACCAAGCACATCTTGTCCAACGCTTTGAG
10		ACATTTGCACGACAACCCAGAGATGAAGTTCATCTGGGCTGAAAT
		CTCCTACTTCGCTAGATTCTACCACGATTTGGGTGAGAACAAGAA
		GTTGCAGATGAAGTCCATCGTCAAGAACGGTCAGTTGGAATTCGT
		CACTGGTGGATGGGTGATGCCAGACGAGGCTAACTCCCACTGGA
		GAAACGTTTTGTTGCAGTTGACCGAAGGTCAAACCTGGTTGAAGC
		AATTCATGAACGTCACTCCAACCTGCTTCCTGGGCTATCGATCCAT
15		TCGGACACTCTCCAACCTATGCCATACATTTTGAGAAGTCTGGTT
		TCAAGAATATGTTGATCCAGAGAACCCACTACTCCGTTAAGAAGG
		AGTTGGCTCAACAGAGACAGTTGGAGTTCTTGTGGAGACAGATCT
		GGGACAACAAAGGTGACACTGCTTTGTTCAACCCACATGATGCCAT
		TCTACTCTTACGACATTCCTCATACCTGTGGTCCAGATCCAAAGG
20		TTTGTGTGTCAGTTCGATTTCAAAAGAATGGGTTCCCTTCGGTTTGT
		TTGTCCATGGAAGGTTCCACCTAGAACTATCTCTGATCAAAATGT
		TGCTGCTAGATCCGATTTGTTGGTTGATCAGTGGAAGAAGAAGGC
		TGAGTTGTACAGAACCAACGTCTTGTTGATTCCATTGGGTGACGA
		CTTCAGATTCAAGCAGAACACCGAGTGGGATGTTTCAGAGAGTCA
		ACTACGAAAGATTGTTTGAACACATCAACTCTCAGGCTCACTTCA
25		ATGTCCAGGCTCAGTTCGGTACTTTGCAGGAATACTTCGATGCTG
		TTCACCAGGCTGAAAGAGCTGGACAAGCTGAGTTCCCAACCTTGT
		CTGGTGACTTCTTCACTTACGCTGATAGATCTGATAACTACTGGT
		CTGGTTACTACACTTCCAGACCATAACCATAAGAGAATGGACAGAG
		TCTTGATGCACTACGTTAGAGCTGCTGAAATGTTGTCCGCTTGGC
		ACTCCTGGGACGGTATGGCTAGAATCGAGGAAAGATTGGAGCAG
30		GCTAGAAGAGAGTGTCTTGTTCAGCACCACGACGGTATTACT
		GGTACTGCTAAAACTCACGTTGTCGTCGACTACGAGCAAAGAATG
		CAGGAAGCTTTGAAAGCTTGTCAAATGGTCATGCAACAGTCTGTC
		TACAGATTGTTGACTAAGCCATCCATCTACTCTCCAGACTTCTCCT
		TCTCCTACTTCACTTTGGACGACTCCAGATGGCCAGGTTCTGGTG
35		TTGAGGACTCTAGAACTACCATCATCTTGGGTGAGGATATCTTGC
		CATCCAAGCATGTTGTATGCACAACACCTTGCCCACTGGAGAG
		AGCAGTTGGTTGACTTCTACGTCTCCTCTCCATTCTGTTTCTGTTAC
		CGACTTGGCTAACAATCCAGTTGAGGCTCAGGTTTCTCCAGTTTG
		GTCTTGGCACCAACGACACTTTGACTAAGACTATCCACCCACAAGG
		TTCCACCACCAAGTACAGAATCATCTTCAAGGCTAGAGTTCCACC
40		AATGGGTTTGGCTACCTACGTTTTGACCATCTCCGATTCCAAGCC
		AGAGCACACCTCCTACGTTCCAATTTGTTGCTTAGAAAGAACCC
		AACTTCCTTGCCATTGGGTCAATACCCAGAGGATGTCAAGTTCCGG
		TGATCCAAGAGAGATCTCCTTGAGAGTTGGTAACGGTCCAACCTT
		GGCTTTCTCTGAGCAGGGTTTGTGTAAGTCCATTCAAGTTGACTCA
		GGATTCTCCACATGTTCCAGTTCACCTCAAGTTCTTGAAGTACGG
45		TGTTAGATCTCATGGTGATAGATCTGGTGCTTACTTGTCTTGGC
		AAATGGTCCAGCTTCTCCAGTCGAGTTGGGTCAGCCAGTTGTCTT
		GGTCACTAAGGGTAAATTGGAGTCTTCCGTTTCTGTTGGTTTGCC
		ATCTGTCGTTACCAAGACCATCATGAGAGGTGGTGCTCCAGAGAT
		TAGAAATTTGGTCGATATTGGTTCTTTGGACAACACTGAGATCGT
50		CATGAGATTGGAGACTCATATCGACTCTGGTGATATCTTCTACAC
		TGATTTGAATGGATTGCAATTCATCAAGAGGAGAAGATTGGACA
		AGTTGCCATTGCAGGCTAACTACTACCCAATTCCATCTGGTATGT

(continued)

Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		TCATTGAGGATGCTAATACCAGATTGACTTTGTTGACCGGTCAAC CATTGGGTGGATCTTCTTTGGCTTCTGGTGAGTTGGAGATTATGC AAGATAGAAGATTGGCTTCTGATGATGAAAGAGGTTTGGGTCAG GGTGT TTTGGACAACAAGCCAGTTTGCATATTTACAGATTGGTC TTGGAGAAGGTTAACAACCTGTGTCAGACCATCTAAGTTGCATCCA GCTGGTTACTTGACTTCTGCTGCTCACAAAGCTTCTCAGTCTTTGT TGGATCCATTGGACAAGTTCATCTTCGCTGAAAATGAGTGGATCG GTGCTCAGGGTCAATTCGGTGGTGATCATCCATCTGCTAGAGAGG ATTTGGATGTCTCTGTCATGAGAAGATTGACCAAGTCTTCTGCTA AAACCCAGAGAGTTGGTTACGTTTTGCACAGAACCAATTTGATGC AATGTGGTACTCCAGAGGAGCATACTCAGAAGTTGGATGTCTGTC ACTTGTTGCCAAATGTTGCTAGATGTGAGAGAACTACCTTGACTT TCTTGCAGAAATTTGGAGCACTTGGATGGTATGGTTGCTCCAGAAG TTTGTCCAATGGAAACCGCTGCTTACGTCTCTTCTCACTCTTCTTG A
34	<i>Drosophila melanogaster</i> ManII catalytic domain (KD)	RDDPIRPPLKVARSPPRGQCQDVVQDVPNVQVQMLELYDRMSFKDI DGGVWKQGWNIKYDPLKYNAHHKLKVFPVPHSHNDPGWIQTFFEE YYQHDTKHILSNALRHLHDNPEMKFIWAEISYFARFYHDLGENKKL QMKSIKNGQLEFVTGGWVMPDEANSHWRNVLLQLTEGQTWLQKQ FMNVTPTASWAIDPFHGSPTMPYILQKSGFKNMLIQRTHYSVKKELA QQRQLEFLWRQIWDNKGDTALFTHMMPFYSDIPHTCGPDPKVCC QFDFKRMGSFGLSCPWKVPPRTISDQNVAAARSDLLVDQWKKKAELY RTNVLLIPLGDDFRFKQNTWDVQRVNYERLFEHINSQAHFNVQAQ FGTLQEYFDAVHQAERAGQAEFPTLSGDDFTYADRSDNYWSGYYTS RPYHKRMDRVLMDHYVRAAEMLSAWHSDGDMARIEERLEQARREL SLFQHHGDTGTAKTHVVVDYEQRMQEALKACQMVMQOSVYRLL TKPSIYSPDFSFSYFTLDDSRWPGSGVEDSRITILGEDILPSKHVVMH NTLPHWREQLVDFYVSSPFVSVTDLANNPVEAQVSPVWSWHHDTL TKTIHPQGSTTKYRIIFKARVPPMGLATYVLTISDSKPEHTSYASNLL LRKNPTSLPLGQYPEDVKFGDPREISLRVGNPGLAFSEQGLLKSQIL TQDSPHVPVHFKFLKYGVRSHGDRSGAYLFLPNGPASPVELGQPVV LVTKGKLESSVSVGLPSVVHQTIMRGGAPEIRNLVDIGSLDNTEIVM RLETHIDSGDIFYTDLNGLQFIKRRRLDKLPLQANYPIPSGMFIEDA NTRLTLLTGQPLGGSSLASGELEIMQDRRLASDDERGLQGQVLDNK PVLHIYRLVLEKVNVCVRPSKLHPAGYLTSAAHKASQSLDPLDKFI FAENEWIGAQQGFQGDHPSAREDLVSVMRRLTKSSAKTQRVGYV LHRTNLMQCGTPEEHTQKLDVCHLLPNVARCERTTLTFLQNLHLD GMVAPEVCPMETAAYVSSHSS
35	Mouse CMP-sialic acid transporter (MmCST) Codon optimized	ATGGCTCCAGCTAGAGAAAACGTTTCCTTGTTCTTCAAGTTGTAC TGTTTGGCTGTTATGACTTTGGTTGCTGCTGCTTACACTGTTGCTT TGAGATACACTAGAACTACTGCTGAGGAGTTGTACTTCTCCACTA CTGCTGTTTGTATCACTGAGGTTATCAAGTTGTTGATCTCCGTTG GTTTGTGGCTAAGGAGACTGGTTCTTTGGGAAGATTCAAGGCTT CCTTGTCGAAAACGTTTTGGGTTCCCCAAAGGAGTTGGCTAAGT TGTCTGTTCCATCCTTGGTTTACGCTGTTCAGAACAACATGGCTTT CTTGGCTTTGTCTAACTTGGACGCTGCTGTTTACCAAGTTACTTAC CAGTTGAAGATCCCATGTACTGCTTTGTGTACTGTTTTGATGTTG AACAGAACATTGTCCAAGTTGCAGTGGATCTCCGTTTTTCATGTTG TGTGGTGGTGTACTTTGGTTTCAAGTGAAGCCAGCTCAAGCTTCC

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		AAAGTTGTTGTTGCTCAGAACCCATTGTTGGGTTTCGGTGCTATT GCTATCGCTGTTTTGTGTTCCGGTTTCGCTGGTGTACTTCGAGA AGGTTTTGAAGTCCTCCGACACTTCTTTGTGGGTTAGAAACATCC AGATGTACTTGTCCGGTATCGTTGTTACTTTGGCTGGTACTTACTT GTCTGACGGTGCTGAGATTCAAGAGAAGGGATTCTTCTACGGTTA CACTTACTATGTTTGGTTCGTTATCTTCTTGGCTTCCGTTGGTGGT TTGTACACTTCCGTTGTTGTTAAGTACACTGACAACATCATGAAG GGATTCTCTGCTGCTGCTGCTATTGTTTTGTCCACTATCGCTTCCG TTTTGTTGTTCCGATTGCAGATCACATTGTCCTTTGCTTTGGGAGC TTTGTGGTTTTGTGTTTCCATCTACTTGTACGGATTGCCAAGACAA GACACTACTTCCATTCAAGAGAGGCTACTTCCAAGGAGAGAATC ATCGGTGTTTAGTAG
36	Mouse CMP-sialic acid transporter (MmCST)	MAPARENVSLFFKLYCLAVMTLVAAAYTVALRYTRTTAEELYFSTT AVCITEVIKLLISVGLLAKETGSLGRFKASLSENVLGSPKELAKLSVPS LVYAVQNNMAFLALSNLDAAVYQVTYQLKIPCTALCTVLMLNRTL SKLQWISVFMLCGGVTLVQWKPAQASKVVVAQNPLLGFGAIAI AVL CSGFAGVYFEKVLKSSDTSLWVRNIQMYLSGIVVTLAGTYLSDGAEI QEKGFFYGYTYVWFVIFLASVGGLYTSVVVKYTDNIMKGFSAAAA IVLSTIASVLLFGLQITLSFALGALLVCVSIYLYGLPRQDTSIQQEAT SKERIIGV
37	Human UDP-GlcNAc 2-epimerase/ N-acetylmannosamine kinase (HsGNE) codon optimized	ATGGAAAAGAACGGTAACAACAGAAAGTTGAGAGTTTGTGTTGC TACTTGTAACAGAGCTGACTACTCCAAGTTGGCTCCAATCATGTT CGGTATCAAGACTGAGCCAGAGTTCTTCGAGTTGGACGTTGTTGT TTTGGGTTCCCACTTGATTGATGACTACGGTAACACTTACAGAAT GATCGAGCAGGACGACTTCGACATCAACACTAGATTGCACACTAT TGTTAGAGGAGAGGACGAAGCTGCTATGGTTGAATCTGTTGGATT GGCTTTGGTTAAGTTGCCAGACGTTTTGAACAGATTGAAGCCAGA CATCATGATTGTTACGGTGACAGATTTCGATGCTTTGGCTTTGGC TACTTCCGCTGCTTTGATGAACATTAGAATCTTGACATCGAGGG TGGTGAAGTTTCTGGTACTATCGACGACTCCATCAGACACGCTAT CACTAAGTTGGCTCACTACCATGTTTGTGTACTAGATCCGCTGA GCAACACTTGATTTCATGTGTGAGGACCACGACAGAATTTTGT GGCTGGTTGTCCATCTTACGACAAGTTGTTGTCCGCTAAGAACAA GGACTACATGTCCATCATCAGAATGTGGTTGGGTGACGACGTTAA GTCTAAGGACTACATCGTTGCTTTGCAGCACCCAGTTACTACTGA CATCAAGCACTCCATCAAGATGTTTCGAGTTGACTTTGGACGCTTT GATCTCCTTCAACAAGAGAACTTTGGTTTTGTTCCCAAACATTGA CGCTGGTTCCAAAGAGATGGTTAGAGTTATGAGAAAGAAGGGTA TCGAACACCACCCAAACTTCAGAGCTGTTAAGCACGTTCCATTTCG ACCAATTCATCCAGTTGGTTGCTCATGCTGGTTGTATGATCGGTA ACTCCTCCTGTGGTGTTAGAGAAGTTGGTGCTTTCGGTACTCCAG TTATCAACTTGGGTACTAGACAGATCGGTAGAGAGACTGGAGAA AACGTTTTGCATGTTAGAGATGCTGACACTCAGGACAAGATTTTG CAGGCTTTGCACTTGCAATTCGGAAAGCAGTACCCATGTTCCAAA ATCTACGGTGACGGTAACGCTGTTCCAAGAATCTTGAAGTTTTTG AAGTCCATCGACTTGCAAGAGCCATTGCAGAAGAAGTTCTGTTTC CCACCAGTTAAGGAGAACATCTCCAGGACATTGACCACATCTTG GAGACATTGTCCGCTTTGGCTGTTGATTTGGGTGGAATACTTG AGAGTTGCTATCGTTTCCATGAAGGGAGAGATCGTTAAGAAGTAC

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
5		ACTCAGTTCAACCCAAAGACTTACGAGGAGAGAATCAACTTGATC
10		TTGCAGATGTGTGTTGAAGCTGCTGCTGAGGCTGTTAAGTTGAAC
		TGTAGAATCTTGGGTGTTGGTATCTCTACTGGTGGTAGAGTTAAT
		CCAAGAGAGGGTATCGTTTTGCACTCCACTAAGTTGATTGATTGAGG
		TGGAAGTCCGTTGATTTGAGAACTCCATTGTCGACACATTGCAC
		TTGCCAGTTTGGGTGACAAACGACGGTAATTGTGCTGCTTTGGCT
15		GAGAGAAAAGTTCGGTCAAGGAAAGGGATTGGAGAACTTCGTTAC
		TTTGATCACTGGTACTGGTATTGGTGGTGGTATCATTACCAGCA
		CGAGTTGATTCACGGTTCTTCTTCTGTGCTGCTGAATTGGGACA
		CTTGTTGTTTCTTGGACGGTCCAGACTGTTCTTGTGGTTCCCAC
		GGTTGTATTGAAGCTTACGCATCAGGAATGGCATTGCAGAGAGA
20		GGCTAAGAAGTTGCACGACGAGGACTTGTGTTGGTTGAGGGAA
		TGTCTGTTCCAAAGGACGAGGCTGTTGGTGGTTCATTTGATCC
		AGGCTGCTAAGTTGGGTAATGCTAAGGCTCAGTCCATCTTGAGAA
		CTGCTGGTACTGCTTTGGGATTGGGTGTTGTTAATATCTTGACA
		CTATGAACCCATCCTTGGTTATCTTGTCCGGTGTGTTGGCTTCTCA
25		CTACATCCACATCGTTAAGGACGTTATCAGACAGCAAGCTTTGTC
		CTCCGTTCAAGACGTTGATGTTGTTGTTTCCGACTTGTTGACCC
		AGCTTTGTTGGGTGCTGCTTCCATGGTTTTGGACTACACTACTAG
		AAGAATCTACTAATAG
38	Human UDP-GlcNAc 2-epimerase/ N-acetylmannosamine kinase (HsGNE)	MEKNGNNRKLRVCVATCNRADYSKLAPIMFGIKTEPEFFELDVVVL
30		GSHLIDDYGNTYRMIEQDDFDINTRLHTIVRGEDEAAMVESVGLAL
		VKLDPVLNRLKPDIMIVHGDRFDALALATSAALMNIRILHIEGGEVS
		GTIDDSIRHAITKLAHYHVCCTRSAEQHLISMCEHDHRIILAGCPSYD
		KLLSAKNKDYMSIIRMWLGDDVKSVDYIYALQHPVTTDIKHSIKMF
35		ELTLDALISFNKRTLVLFPNIDAGSKEMVRVMRKKGIEHHPNFRVVK
		HVPFDQFIQLVAHAGCMIGNSSCGVREVGAFGTPVINLGTQIGRET
		GENVLHVRDADTQDKILQALHLQFGKQYPCSKIYGDGNAVPRILKF
		LKSIDLQEPLQKKFCFPPVKENISQDIDHILETSLAVALDLGGTNLRV
		AIVSMKGEIVKKYTQFNPKTYEERINLILQMCVEAAAEAVKLNCRIL
40		GVGISTGGRVNPREGIVLHSTKLIQEWNSVDLRTPLSDTLHLPVWVD
		NDGNCAALAEKFGQGKLENFVTLITGTGIGGGIIHQHELIHGSSFC
		AAELGHLVVS LDGPDCSCGSHGCIEAYASGMALQREAKKLHDEDL
		LVEGMSVPKDEAVGALHLIQA AKLGNAKAQSILRTAGTALGLGVVN
		ILHTMNPSLVILSGVLASHYIHIVKD VIRQQALSSVQD VDVVVS DLV
		DPALLGAASMVLDTTRRIY
39	Human CMP-sialic acid synthase (HsCSS) codon optimized	ATGGACTCTGTTGAAAAGGGTGCTGCTACTTCTGTTTCCAACCCA
45		AGAGGTAGACCATCCAGAGGTAGACCTCCTAAGTTGCAGAGAAA
		CTCCAGAGGTGGTCAAGGTAGAGGTGTTGAAAAGCCACCACACT
		TGGCTGCTTTGATCTTGGCTAGAGGAGGTTCTAAGGGTATCCCAT
50		TGAAGAACATCAAGCACTTGGCTGGTGTTCATTGATTGGATGGG
		TTTTGAGAGCTGCTTTGGACTCTGGTGCTTTCCAATCTGTTTGGGT
		TTCCACTGACCACGACGAGATTGAGAACGTTGCTAAGCAATTCGG
		TGCTCAGGTTACAGAAGATCCTCTGAGGTTTCCAAGGACTCTTC
		TACTTCCTTGGACGCTATCATCGAGTTCTTGAACACCACAACGA
55		GGTTGACATCGTTGGTAACATCCAAGCTACTTCCCCATGTTTGCA
		CCCAACTGACTTGCAAAAAGTTGCTGAGATGATCAGAGAAGAGG
		GTTACGACTCCGTTTTCTCCGTTGTTAGAAGGCACCAGTTCAGAT
		GGTCCGAGATTCAGAAGGGTGTTAGAGAGGTTACAGAGCCATTG

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		AACTTGAACCCAGCTAAAAGACCAAGAAGGCAGGATTGGGACGG TGAATTGTACGAAAACGGTTCCTTCTACTTCGCTAAGAGACACTT GATCGAGATGGGATACTTGCAAGGTGGAAAGATGGCTTACTACG AGATGAGAGCTGAACACTCCGTTGACATCGACGTTGATATCGACT GGCCAATTGCTGAGCAGAGAGTTTGGAGATACGGTTACTTCGGAA AGGAGAAGTTGAAGGAGATCAAGTTGTTGGTTTGTAAACATCGAC GGTTGTTTGAATAACGGTCACATCTACGTTTCTGGTGACCAGAAG GAGATTATCTCCTACGACGTTAAGGACGCTATTGGTATCTCCTTG TTGAAGAAGTCCGGTATCGAAGTTAGATTGATCTCCGAGAGAGCT TGTTCCAAGCAAACATTGTCCTCTTGAAGTTGGACTGTAAGATG GAGGTTTCCGTTTCTGACAAGTTGGCTGTTGTTGACGAATGGAGA AAGGAGATGGGTTTGTGTTGGAAGGAAGTTGCTTACTTGGGTAA CGAAGTTTCTGACGAGGAGTGTGTTGAAGAGAGTTGGTTTGTCTGG TGCTCCAGCTGATGCTTGTTCCTGCTCAAAAGGCTGTTGGTTA CATCTGTAAGTGTAACGGTGGTAGAGGTGCTATTAGAGAGTTCGC TGAGCACATCTGTTTGTGATGGAGAAAGTTAATAACTCCTGTCA GAAGTAGTAG
40	Human CMP-sialic acid synthase (HsCSS)	MDSVEKGAATSVSNPRGRPSRGRPPKLQRNSRGGQGRGVEKPPHLA ALILARGGSKGIPLKNIKHLAGVPLIGWVLRAALDSGAFQSVWVSTD HDEIENVAKQFGAQVHRRSSEVSKDSSTSLDAIIEFLNYHNEVDIVG NIQATSPCLHPTDLQKVAEMIREEGYDSVFSVRRHQFRWSEIQKGV REVTEPLNLPKRPQRQDWDGELYENGsfYFAKRHLIEMGYLQGG KMAYYEMRAEHSVDIDVDIDWPIDAEQVRVLRGYFGKEKLKEIKLLV CNIDGCLTNGHIYVSGDQKEIISYDVKDAIGISLLKKSIEVRLISERA CSKQTLSSLKLDCKMEVSVSDKLAVVDEWRKEMGLCWKEVAYLG NEVSDEECLKRVGLSGAPADACSTAQKAVGYICKNGGRGAIREFA EHICLLMEKVNNSCQK
41	Human N-acetylneuraminate-9-phosphate synthase (HsSPS) codon optimized	ATGCCATTGGAATTGGAGTTGTGTCCTGGTAGATGGGTTGGTGGT CAACACCCATGTTTCATCATCGCTGAGATCGGTCAAAACCACCAA GGAGACTTGGACGTTGCTAAGAGAATGATCAGAATGGCTAAGGA ATGTGGTGCTGACTGTGCTAAGTTCCAGAAGTCCGAGTTGGAGTT CAAGTTCAACAGAAAGGCTTTGGAAAGACCATACTTCCAAGC ACTCTTGGGGAAAGACTTACGGAGAACACAAGAGACACTTGGAG TTCTCTCACGACCAATACAGAGAGTTGCAGAGATACGCTGAGGA AGTTGGTATCTTCTTCACTGCTTCTGGAATGGACGAAATGGCTGT TGAGTTCTTGACGAGTTGAACGTTCCATTCTTCAAAGTTGGTTC CGGTGACACTAACAACCTCCCATACTTGGAAAAGACTGCTAAGAA AGGTAGACCAATGGTTATCTCCTCTGGAATGCAGTCTATGGACAC TATGAAGCAGGTTTACCAGATCGTTAAGCCATTGAACCCAACTT TTGTTTCTTGCAGTGTACTTCCGCTTACCCATTGCAACCAGAGGA CGTTAATTTGAGAGTTATCTCCGAGTACCAGAAGTTGTTCCAGA CATCCCAATTGGTTACTCTGGTCACGAGACTGGTATTGCTATTTT CGTTGCTGCTGTTGCTTTGGGTGCTAAGGTTTTGGAGAGACACAT CACTTTGGACAAGACTTGGAAAGGTTCTGATCACTCTGCTTCTTT GGAACCTGGTGAGTTGGCTGAACCTGTTAGATCAGTTAGATTGGT TGAGAGAGCTTTGGGTTCCCCAACTAAGCAATTGTTGCCATGTGA GATGGCTTGTAACGAGAAGTTGGGAAAGTCCGTTGTTGCTAAGG TTAAGATCCCAGAGGGTACTATCTTGAATATGGACATGTTGACTG TTAAAGTTGGAGAGCCAAAGGGTTACCCACCAGAGGACATCTTTA

(continued)

Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		ACTTGGTTGGTAAAAAGGTTTTGGTTACTGTTGAGGAGGACGACA CTATTATGGAGGAGTTGGTTGACAACCACGGAAAGAAGATCAAG TCCTAG
42	Human N-acetylneuraminate-9-phosphate synthase (HsSPS)	MPLLELELCPRWVGGQHPCFIIAEIGQNHQGDLDVAKRMIRMAKEC GADCAKFQKSELEFKFNKALERPYSKHSWGKTYGEHKRHLEFSH DQYRELQRYAAEEVGIFFTASGMDEMAVEFLHELNVFFKVGSGDTN NFPYLEKTAKKGRPMVISSGMQSMDTMKQVYQIVKPLNPNFCFLQC TSAYPLQPEDVNLRVISEYQKLFDPDIPIGYSGHETGIAISVAAVALGA KVLERHITLDKTDKSGSDHSASLEPGELAEVRSVRLVERALGSPTKQ LLPCEMACNEKLGKSVVAKVKIPEGTILTMMLTVKVGEKGPPE DIFNLVGKKVLVTVEEDDTIMEELVDNHGKKIKS
43	Mouse alpha-2,6-sialyl transferase catalytic domain (MmmST6) codon optimized	GTTTTTCAAATGCCAAAGTCCCAGGAGAAAGTTGCTGTTGGTCCA GCTCCACAAGCTGTTTTCTCCAAGCAAGATCCAAAGGAG GGTGTTCAAATCTTGCTCTACCCAAGAGTTACTGCTAAGGTTAAG CCACAACCATCCTTGCAAGTTTGGGACAAGGACTCCACTTACTCC AAGTTGAACCCAAGATTGTTGAAGATTGGAGAACTACTTGAAC ATGAACAAGTACAAGGTTTCTACAAGGGTCCAGGTCCAGGTGTT AAGTTCTCCGTTGAGGCTTTGAGATGTCACTTGAGAGACCACGTT AACGTTTCCATGATCGAGGCTACTGACTTCCCATTCAACACTACT GAATGGGAGGGATACTTGCCAAAGGAGAACTTCAGAACTAAGGC TGGTCCATGGCATAAGTGTGCTGTTGTTTCTTCTGCTGGTTCCTTG AAGAACTCCCAGTTGGGTAGAGAAATTGACAACCACGACGCTGT TTTGAGATTCAACGGTGCTCCAAGTGAACAATTCCAGCAGGATGT TGGTACTAAGACTACTATCAGATTGGTTAACTCCCAATTGGTTAC TACTGAGAAGAGATTCTTGAAGGACTCCTTGTACACTGAGGGAAT CTTGATTTTGTGGGACCCATCTGTTTACCACGCTGACATTCCACA ATGGTATCAGAAGCCAGACTACAAGTCTTCGAGACTTACAAGTC CTACAGAAGATTGCACCCATCCCAGCCATTCTACATCTTGAAGCC ACAAATGCCATGGGAATTGTGGGACATCATCCAGGAAATTTCCCC AGACTTGATCCAACCAAACCCACCATCTTCTGGAATGTTGGGTAT CATCATCATGATGACTTTGTGTGACCAGGTTGACATCTACGAGTT CTTGCCATCCAAGAGAAAGACTGATGTTTGTACTACCACCAGAA GTTCTTCGACTCCGCTTGTACTATGGGAGCTTACCACCCATTGTT GTTTCGAGAAGAACATGGTTAAGCACTTGAACGAAGGTACTGACG AGGACATCTACTTGTTCGGAAGGCTACTTTGTCCGGTTTCAGAA ACAACAGATGTTAG
44	Mouse alpha-2,6-sialyl transferase catalytic domain (MmmST6)	VFQMPKSQEKVAVGPAPQAVFSNSKQDPKEGVQILSYPRVTAKVKP QPSLQVWDKDYSTYSLNPRLLKIWRNYLNMNKYKVSYPKPGPGVK FSVEALRCHLRDHVNVSMIEATDFPFNTTEWEGYLPKENFRTKAGP WHKCAVVSSAGSLKNSQLGREIDNHDAVLRFNAGPTDNFQQDVGT KTTIRLVNSQLVTTEKRLKDSLYTEGILILWDPSVYHADIPQWYQK PDYNFFETYKS YRRLHPSQPFYILKPQMPWELWDIIQEISPDLIQPNPPSSGMLGIIMM TLCDQVDIYEFLPSKRKTDVCYHQQFFDSACTMGAYHPLLFEKNM VKHLNEGTDEDIYLFKATLSGFRNNRC

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
45	Sequence of the PpPMA1 promoter:	AAATGCGTACCTCTTCTACGAGATTCAAGCGAATGAGAATAATGT AATATGCAAGATCAGAAAGAATGAAAGGAGTTGAAAAAAAAAAC CGTTGCGTTTTTGACCTTGAATGGGGTGGAGGTTTCCATTCAAAGT AAAGCCTGTGTCTTGGTATTTTCGGCGGCACAAGAAATCGTAATT
46	Sequence of the PpPMA1 terminator:	TTCATCTTCTAAACGATGAAGATCGCAGCCCAACCTGTATGTAGT TAACCGGTCGGAATTATAAGAAAGATTTTCGATCAACAAACCCTA GCAAATAGAAAGCAGGGTTACAACCTTAAACCGAAGTCACAAAC GATAAACCACTCAGCTCCACCCAAATTCATTCCCACTAGCAGAA AGGAATTATTTAATCCCTCAGGAAACCTCGATGATTCTCCCGTTC TTCCATGGGCGGGTATCGCAAAATGAGGAATTTTCAAATTTCTC TATTGTCAAGACTGTTTATTATCTAAGAAATAGCCCAATCCGAAG CTCAGTTTTGAAAAAATCACTTCCGCGTTTCTTTTTACAGCCCGA TGAATATCCAAATTTGGAATATGGATTACTCTATCGGGACTGCAG ATAATATGACAACAACGCAGATTACATTTTAGGTAAGGCATAAAC ACCAGCCAGAAATGAAACGCCCCACTAGCCATGGTCGAATAGTCC AATGAATTCAGATAGCTATGGTCTAAAAGCTGATGTTTTTTATTG GGTAATGGCGAAGAGTCCAGTACGACTTCCAGCAGAGCTGAGAT GGCCATTTTTGGGGGTATTAGTAACTTTTTGAGCTCTTTTCACTTC GATGAAGTGTCCCATTCGGGATATAATCGGATCGCGTCGTTTTCT CGAAAATACAGCTTAGCGTCGTCCGCTTGTTGTAAGAGCAGCACC ACATTCCTAATCTCTTATATAAAACAAAACAACCCAAATTATCAGT GCTGTTTTCCACAGATATAAGTTTCTTTCTCTTCCGCTTTTTG ATTTTTATCTCTTTCCTTTAAAAACTTCTTTACCTTAAAGGGCGG CC
46	Sequence of the PpPMA1 terminator:	TAAGCTTCACGATTTGTGTTCCAGTTTATCCCCCTTTATATACCG TTAACCTTTCCCTGTTGAGCTGACTGTTGTTGTATTACCGCAATT TTTCCAAGTTTGCCATGCTTTTCGTGTTATTTGACCGATGTCTTTT TTCCCAAATCAAATATAATTTGTTACCATTTAAACCAAGTTATCTT TTGTATTAAGAGTCTAAGTTTGTTCACAGGCTTCATGTGAGAGTG ATAACCATCCAGACTATGATTCTTGTTTTTTATTGGGTTTGTGTTGT GTGATACATCTGAGTTGTGATTTCGTAAAGTATGTCAGTCTATCTA GATTTTTAATAGTTAATTGGTAATCAATGACTTGTTTGTGTTTAACT TTTAAATTGTGGGTCGTATCCACGCGTTTAGTATAGCTGTTTCATG GCTGTTAGAGGAGGGCGATGTTTATATACAGAGGACAAGAATGA GGAGGCGGCGTGTATTTTTAAATGGAGACGCGACTCCTGTACAC CTTATCGGTTGG

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
47	Sequence of the PpOCH1 promoter:	TGGACACAGGAGACTCAGAAACAGACACAGAGCGTTCTGAGTCC TGGTGCTCCTGACGTAGGCCTAGAACAGGAATTATTGGCTTTATT TGTTTGTCCATTTTCATAGGCTTGGGGTAATAGATAGATGACAGAG AAATAGAGAAGACCTAATATTTTTTGTTCATGGCAAATCGCGGGT TCGCGGTTCGGGTCACACACGGGAGAAGTAATGAGAAGAGCTGGTA ATCTGGGGTAAAAGGGTTCAAAGAAAGGTTCGCTGGTAGGGATG CAATACAAGGTTGTCTTGGAGTTTACATTGACCAGATGATTTGGC TTTTTCTCTGTTCAATTCACATTTTTCAGCGAGAATCGGATTGACG GAGAAATGGCGGGGTGTGGGGTGGATAGATGGCAGAAATGCTCG CAATCACGCGAAAGAAAGACTTTATGGAATAGAACTACTGGGT GGTGTAAAGGATTACATAGCTAGTCCAATGGAGTCCGTTGGAAAG GTAAGAAGAAGCTAAAACCGGCTAAGTAAGTGGGAAGAATGAT CAGACTTTGATTTGATGAGGTCTGAAAATACTCTGCTGCTTTTTTC AGTTGCTTTTTCCCTGCAACCTATCATTTTCTTTTCATAAGCCTG CCTTTTCTGTTTTCACTTATATGAGTTCCGCCGAGACTTCCCCAAA TTCTCTCCTGGAACATTCTCTATCGCTCTCCTTCCAAGTTGCGCCC CCTGGCACTGCCTAGTAATATTACCACGCGACTTATATTCAGTTC
		CACAATTTCCAGTGTTTCGTAGCAAATATCATCAGCC
48	Sequence of the PpALG12 terminator:	AATATATACCTCATTTTGTTCATTTGGTGTAAGAGTGTGGCGGA TAGACTTCTTGTAATCAGGAAAGCTACAATTCCAATTGCTGCAA AAAATACCAATGCCATAAACCAGTATGAGCGGTGCCTTCGACG GATTGCTTACTTTCCGACCCTTTGTCTGTTTCTTCTGCTTTTG GTGAGTCAGTTTGTTCGACTTTATATCTGACTCATCAACTTCCTT TACGTTGCGTTTTTAATCATAATTTAGCCGTTGGCTTATTATCC CTTGAGTTGGTAGGAGTTTTGATGATGCTG
49	Sequence of the PpSEC4 promoter:	GAAGTAAAGTTGGCGAAACTTTGGGAACCTTTGGTTAAACTTTG TAATTTTTGTGCTACCCATTAGGCAGAATCTGCATCTTGGGAGG GGGATGTGGTGGCGTTCTGAGATGTACGCGAAGAATGAAGAGCC AGTGGTAACAACAGGCCTAGAGAGATACGGGCATAATGGGTATA ACCTACAAGTTAAGAATGTAGCAGCCCTGGAAACCAGATTGAAA CGAAAAACGAAATCATTTAAACTGTAGGATGTTTTGGCTCATTGT CTGGAAGGCTGGCTGTTTATTGCCCTGTTCTTTGCATGGGAATAA GCTATTATATCCCTCACATAATCCCAGAAAATAGATTGAAGCAAC GCGAAATCCTTACGTATCGAAGTAGCCTTCTTACACATTCACGTT GTACGGATAAGAAAACCTACTCAAACGAACAATC
50	Sequence of the PpOCH1 terminator:	AATAGATATAGCGAGATTAGAGAATGAATACCTTCTTCTAAGCGA TCGTCCGTCATCATAGAATATCATGGACTGTATAGTTTTTTTTTG TACATATAATGATTAAACGGTCATCCAACATCTCGTTGACAGATC TCTCAGTACGCGAAATCCCTGACTATCAAAGCAAGAACCAGATGA GAAAAAACAACAGTAACCCAAACACCACAACAACACTTTATCT TCTCCCCCAACACCAATCATCAAAGAGATGTCGGAACACAAAC ACCAAGAAGCAAAAACCTAACCCCATATAAAAACATCCTGGTAGA TAATGCTGGTAACCCGCTCTCCTTCCATATTCTGGGCTACTTCACG AAGTCTGACCGGTCTCAGTTGATCAACATGATCCTCGAAATGG

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
51	Sequence of the PpTEF1 promoter	TTAAGGTTTGAACAACACTAAACTACCTTGCGGTACTACCATTG ACACTACACATCCTTAATTCCAATCCTGTCTGGCCTCCTTCACCTT TTAACCATCTTGCCCATTCCTCAACTCGTGTGATGCGTATCAAG TGAAAAAAAAAAAAATTTTAAATCTTTAACCCTAATCAGGTAATAAC TGTCGCCTCTTTTATCTGCCGCACTGCATGAGGTGTCCCCTTAGT GGGAAAGAGTACTGAGCCAACCTGGAGGACAGCAAGGGAAAAA TACCTACAACCTTGCTTCATAATGGTTCGTAAAAACAATCCTTGTCG GATATAAGTGTTGTAGACTGTCCCTTATCCTCTGCGATGTTCTTCC TCTCAAAGTTTGCGATTCTCTCTATCAGAATTGCCATCAAGAGA CTCAGGACTAATTTTCGCAGTCCCACACGCACTCGTACATGATTGG CTGAAATTTCCCTAAAGAATTTCTTTTTCACGAAAAATTTTTTTTT ACACAAGATTTTCAGCAGATATAAAATGGAGAGCAGGACCTCCG CTGTGACTCTTCTTTTTTTCTTTTATTCTCACTACATACATTTTAG TTATTCGCCAAC
52	Sequence of the PpTEF1 terminator:	ATTGCTTGAAGCTTTAATTTATTTTATTAACATAATAATAACAA GCATGATATATTTGTATTTTGTTCGTAAACATTGATGTTTTCTTCA TTTACTGTTATTGTTTGTAACCTTTGATCGATTTATCTTTTCTACTTT ACTGTAATATGGCTGGCGGGTGAGCCTTGAACCTCCCTGTATTACT TTACCTTGCTATTACTTAATCTATTGACTAGCAGCGACCTCTTCAA
		CCGAAGGGCAAGTACACAGCAAGTTCATGTCTCCGTAAGTGTCAT CAACCCTGGAAACAGTGGGCCATGTC
53	Sequence of the PpGAPDH promoter:	TTTTTGTAGAAATGTCTTGGTGTCTCGTCCAATCAGGTAGCCAT CTCTGAAATATCTGGCTCCGTTGCAACTCCGAACGACCTGCTGGC AACGTAAAATTCTCCGGGGTAAAACTTAAATGTGGAGTAATGGA ACCAGAAACGTCTCTTCCCTTCTCTCTCTTCCACCGCCCGTTACC GTCCCTAGGAAATTTTACTCTGCTGGAGAGCTTCTTCTACGGCCC CCTTGCAGCAATGCTCTTCCCAGCATTACGTTGCGGGTAAAACGG AGGTCGTGTACCCGACCTAGCAGCCCAGGGATGGAAAAGTCCCG GCCGTCGCTGGCAATAATAGCGGGCGGACGCATGTCATGAGATT ATTGGAAACCACCAGAATCGAATATAAAAGGCGAACACCTTTCCC AATTTTGGTTTCTCCTGACCCAAAGACTTTAAATTTAATTTATTG TCCCTATTTCAATCAATTGAACAACATATCAAAACACA
54	Sequence of the PpALG3 terminator:	ATTTACAATTAGTAATATTAAGGTGGTAAAAACATTTCGTAGAATT GAAATGAATTAATATAGTATGACAATGGTTCATGTCTATAAATCT CCGGCTTCGGTACCTTCTCCCAATTGAATACATTGTCAAAATGA ATGGTTGAACTATTAGGTTTCGCCAGTTTCGTTATTAAGAAAACCTG TTAAAATCAAATTCATATCATCGGTTCCAGTGGGAGGACCAGTT CCATCGCCAAAATCCTGTAAGAATCCATTGTCAGAACCTGTAAAG TCAGTTTGAGATGAAATTTTCCGGTCTTTGTTGACTTGGAAGCT TCGTTAAGGTAGGTGAAACAGTTTGATCAACCAGCGGCTCCCGT TTTCGTCGCTTAGTAG

(continued)

Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
55	Sequence of the PpAOX 1 promoter and integration locus:	AACATCCAAAGACGAAAGGTTGAATGAAACCTTTTTGCCATCCGACATCCACAGGTCCATTCTCACACATAAGTGCCAAACGCAACAGGAGGGGATACACTAGCAGCAGACCGTTGCAAACGCAGGACCTCCACTCCTCTTCTCCTCAACACCCACTTTTGCCATCGAAAAACAGCCCCAGTTATTGGGCTTGATTGGAGCTCGCTCATTCCAATTCCTTCTATTAGGCTACTAACACCATGACTTTATTAGCCTGTCTATCCTGGCCCCCTGGCGAGGTTTCATGTTTGTATTTCGGAATGCAACAAGCTCCGCATTACACCCGAACATCACTCCAGATGAGGGCTTTCTGAGTGTGGGTCAAATAGTTTCATGTTCCCAAATGGCCCAAACTGACAGTTTAAACGCTGTCTTGGAACCTAATATGACAAAAGCGTGATCTCATCCAAGATGAACTAAGTTTGGTTCGTTGAAATGCTAACGGCCAGTTGGTCAAAAAGAACTTCCAAAAGTCGGCATAACGTTTGTCTTGTGTGGTATTGATTGACGAATGCTCAAAAATAATCTCATTAAATGCTTAGCGCAGTCTCTCTATCGCTTCTGAACCCCGGTGCACCTGTGCCGA AACGCAAATGGGGAAACACCCGCTTTTGGATGATTATGCATTGTCTCCACATTGTATGCTTCCAAGATTCTGGTGGGAATACTGCTGATAGCCTAACGTTTCATGATCAAAAATTTAACTGTTCTAACCCCTACTTGACAGCAATATATAAACAGAAGGAAGCTGCCCTGTCTTAAACCTTTTTTTTTATCATCATTATTAGCTTACTTTCATAATTGCGACTGGTTCCAATTGACAAGCTTTTGATTTTAACGACTTTTAACGACAACCTTGAAGATCAAAAAACAATAATTATTCGAAACG
56	Sequence of the	ACAGGCCCCCTTTTCCTTTGTCGATATCATGTAATTAGTTATGTCACGCTTACATTACGCCCCCTCCACATCCGCTCTAACCGAAAAGG
	ScCYC1 terminator:	AAGGAGTTAGACAACCTGAAGTCTAGGTCCCTATTTATTTTTTTTAAATAGTTATGTTAGTATTAAGAACGTTATTTATTTCAAATTTTTCTTTTTTTCTGTACAAACGCGTGTACGCATGTAACATTATACTGAAACCTTGCTTGAGAAGGTTTTGGGACGCTCGAAGGCTTTAATTTGCAAGCTGCCGGCTCTTAAG
57	Sequence of the ScTEF1 promoter:	GATCCCCCACACACCATAGCTTCAAAAATGTTTCTACTCCTTTTTTCTCTTCCAGATTTTCTCGGACTCCGCGCATCGCCGTACCACTTCAAACACCCAAGCACAGCATACTAAATTTCCCTCTTTCTTCTCTAGGGTGTGCTTAATTACCCGTAATAAGGTTTGGAAGAAAAAGAGACCGCCTCGTTTCTTTTTCTTCGTCGAAAAAGGCAATAAAAATTTTATCACGTTTCTTTTTCTTGAAAATTTTTTTTTTTGATTTTTTCTCTTTTCGATGACCTCCATTGATATTTAAGTTAATAAACGGTCTTCAATTTCTCAAGTTTCAGTTTCATTTTTCTTGTTCTATTACAACCTTTTTTACTTCTTGCTCATTAGAAAGAAAGCATAGCAATCTAATCTAAGTTTTAATTACAAA
58	Sequence of the Sh ble ORF (Zeocin resistance marker):	ATGGCCAAGTTGACCAGTGCCGTTCCGGTGCTCACCGCGCGCGACGTCGCCGGAGCGGTGAGTTCTGGACCGACCGGCTCGGGTTCTCCCGGGACTTCGTGGAGGAGCACTTCGCCGGTGTGGTCCGGGACGACGTGACCCCTGTTATCATCAGCGCGGTCCAGGACAGGTGGTGCCGGAACAACACCCTGGCCTGGGTGTGGGTGCGCGCCCTGGACGAGCTGTACGCCGAGTGGTGGAGGTGCTGTCCACGAACCTCCGGGACGCTCCGGGGCCGCCATGACCGAGATCGGCGAGCAGCCGTGGGGGGGGGAGTTTCGCCCTGCGCGACCCGGCCGGCAACTGCGTGCACTTCGTGGCCGAGGAGCAGGACTGA

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
59	Sequence of the 5'-Region used for knock out of PpURA5:	ATCGGCCTTTGTTGATGCAAGTTTTACGTGGATCATGGACTAAGG AGTTTTATTTGGACCAAGTTCATCGTCCTAGACATTACGGAAAGG GTTCTGCTCCTCTTTTTGGAACTTTTTGGAACCTCTGAGTATGAC AGCTTGGTGGATTGTACCCATGGTATGGCTTCCTGTGAATTTCTA TTTTTTCTACATTGGATTACCAATCAAACAAATTAGTCGCCAT GGCTTTTTGGCTTTTGGGTCTATTTGTTTGGACCTTCTTGAATAT GCTTTCATAGATTTTTGTTCCACTTGGACTACTATCTTCCAGAGA ATCAAATTGCATTTACCATTCAATTTCTTATTGCATGGGATACACCA CTATTTACCAATGGATAAATACAGATTGGTGTATGCCACCTACACT TTTCATTGTACTTTGCTACCCAATCAAGACGCTCGTCTTTTCTGTT CTACCATATTACATGGCTTGTCTGGATTTGCAGGTGGATTCTCTG GGCTATATCATGTATGATGTCACCTCATTACGTTCTGCATCACTCC AAGCTGCCTCGTTATTTCCAAGAGTTGAAGAAATATCATTGGAA CATCACTACAAGAATTACGAGTTAGGCTTTGGTGTCACTTCCAAA TTCTGGGACAAAGTCTTTGGGACTTATCTGGGTCCAGACGATGTG TATCAAAAGACAAATTAGAGTATTTATAAAGTTATGTAAGCAAAT AGGGGCTAATAGGGAAAGAAAAATTTGGTTCTTTATCAGAGCTG GCTCGCGCGCAGTGTTTTTCGTGCTCCTTTGTAATAGTCATTTTTG ACTACTGTTTCAAGATTGAAATCACATTGAAGATGTCACCTCGAGGGG TACCAAAAAAGGTTTTTGGATGCTGCAGTGGCTTCGC
60	Sequence of the 3'-Region used for knock out of PpURA5:	GGTCTTTTCAACAAAGCTCCATTAGTGAGTCAGCTGGCTGAATCT
		TATGCACAGGCCATCATTAAACAGCAACCTGGAGATAGACGTTGTA TTTGGACCAGCTTATAAAGGTATTCCTTTGGCTGCTATTACCGTG TTGAAGTTGTACGAGCTCGGCGGCAAAAAATACGAAAATGTCGG ATATGCGTTCAATAGAAAAGAAAAGAAAGACCACGGAGAAGGTG GAAGCATCGTTGGAGAAAGTCTAAAGAATAAAAGAGTACTGATT ATCGATGATGTGATGACTGCAGGTACTGCTATCAACGAAGCATT GCTATAATTGGAGCTGAAGGTGGGAGAGTTGAAGGTAGTATTAT TGCCCTAGATAGAATGGAGACTACAGGAGATGACTCAAATACCA GTGCTACCCAGGCTGTTAGTCAGAGATATGGTACCCCTGTCTTGA GTATAGTGACATTGGACCATATTGTGGCCCATTTGGGCGAACTT TCACAGCAGACGAGAAATCTCAAATGGAAACGTATAGAAAAAAG TATTTGCCCAAATAAGTATGAATCTGCTTCGAATGAATGAATTAA TCCAATTATCTTCTCACCATTATTTTCTTCTGTTTCGGAGCTTTGG GCACGGCGGGCGGGTGGTGCGGGCTCAGGTTCCCTTTCATAAACA GATTTAGTACTTGGATGCTTAATAGTGAATGGCGAATGCAAAGGA ACAATTTTCGTTTCATCTTTAACCCTTTCACTCGGGGTACACGTTCTG GAATGTACCCGCCCTGTTGCAACTCAGGTGGACCGGGCAATTCTT GAACTTTCTGTAAACGTTGTTGGATGTTCAACCAGAAATTGTCCTA CCAACTGTATTAGTTTCCTTTTGGTCTTATATTGTTTCATCGAGATA CTTCCCACTCTCCTTGATAGCCACTCTCACTCTTCTGGATTACCA AAATCTTGAGGATGAGTCTTTTCAGGCTCCAGGATGCAAGGTATA TCCAAGTACCTGCAAGCATCTAATATTGTCTTTGCCAGGGGGTTC TCCACACCATACTCCTTTTGGCGCATGC

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
61	Sequence of the PpURA5 auxotrophic marker:	TCTAGAGGGACTTATCTGGGTCCAGACGATGTGTATCAAAAGACA AATTAGAGTATTTATAAAGTTATGTAAGCAAATAGGGGCTAATAG GGAAAGAAAAATTTTGGTTCCTTATCAGAGCTGGCTCGCGCGCAG TGTTTTTCGTGCTCCTTTGTAATAGTCATTTTTGACTACTGTTCAG ATTGAAATCACATTGAAGATGTCACTGGAGGGGTACCAAAAAAG GTTTTTGGATGCTGCAGTGGCTTCGCAGGCCTTGAAGTTTGGAAAC TTTCACCTTGAAAAGTGGAAGACAGTCTCCATACTTCTTTAACAT GGGTCTTTTCAACAAAGCTCCATTAGTGAGTCAGCTGGCTGAATC TTATGCTCAGGCCATCATTAAACAGCAACCTGGAGATAGACGTTGT ATTTGGACCAGCTTATAAAGGTATTCCTTTGGCTGCTATTACCGT GTTGAAGTTGTACGAGCTGGGCGGCAAAAAATACGAAAATGTCTG GATATGCGTTCAATAGAAAAGAAAAGAAAGACCACGGAGAAGGT GGAAGCATCGTTGGAGAAAGTCTAAAGAATAAAAGAGTACTGAT TATCGATGATGTGATGACTGCAGGTACTGCTATCAACGAAGCATT TGCTATAATTGGAGCTGAAGGTGGGAGAGTTGAAGGTTGTATTAT TGCCCTAGATAGAATGGAGACTACAGGAGATGACTCAAATACCA GTGCTACCCAGGCTGTTAGTCAGAGATATGGTACCCCTGTCTTGA GTATAGTGACATTGGACCATTATTGTGGCCCATTTGGGCGAAACTT TCACAGCAGACGAGAAATCTCAAATGGAAACGTATAGAAAAAAG TATTTGCCCAAATAAGTATGAATCTGCTTCGAATGAATGAATTAA TCCAATTATCTTCTCACCATTATTTTCTTCTGTTTCGGAGCTTTGG GCACGGCGGCGGATCC
62	Sequence of the part	CCTGCACTGGATGGTGGCGCTGGATGGTAAGCCGCTGGCAAGCG GTGAAGTGCCTCTGGATGTCGCTCCACAAGGTAAACAGTTGATTG
	of the Ec lacZ gene that was used to construct the PpURA5 blaster (recyclable auxotrophic marker)	AACTGCCTGAACTACCGCAGCCGGAGAGCGCCGGGCAACTCTGG CTCACAGTACGCGTAGTGCAACCGAACGCGACCGCATGGTCAGA AGCCGGGCACATCAGCGCCTGGCAGCAGTGGCGTCTGGCGGAAA ACCTCAGTGTGACGCTCCCCGCCGCGTCCACGCCATCCCGCATC TGACCACCAGCGAAATGGATTTTTGCATCGAGCTGGGTAATAAGC GTTGGCAATTTAACCGCCAGTCAGGCTTTCTTTCACAGATGTGGA TTGGCGATAAAAAACAACCTGCTGACGCCGCTGCGCGATCAGTTCA CCCGTGACCCGCTGGATAACGACATTGGCGTAAGTGAAGCGACC CGCATTGACCCTAACGCCTGGGTGCAACGCTGGAAGGCGGCGGG CCATTACCAGGCCGAAGCAGCGTTGTTGCAGTGCACGGCAGATA CACTTGCTGATGCGGTGCTGATTACGACCGCTCACGCGTGGCAGC ATCAGGGGAAAACCTTATTTATCAGCCGAAAACCTACCGGATTG ATGGTAGTGGTCAAATGGCGATTACCGTTGATGTTGAAGTGGCG AGCGATACACCGCATCCGGCGCGGATTGGCCTGAACTGCCAG
63	PpURA5 amino acid sequence	MSLEGYQKRFLDAVASQALKFGTFTLKSGRQSPYFFNMGLFNKAP LVSQLAESYAQAIIINSNLEIDVVFPGPAYKGIPLAAITVLKLYELGGKK YENVGYAFNRKEKKDHGEGGSIVGESLKNKRVLIIDVMTAGTAIN EAFAIIGAEGGRVEGCHALDRMETTGDDSNSTATQAVSQRYGTPVL SIVTLDHIVAHLGETFTADEKSQMETYRKKYLPKZ

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
64	Sequence of the 5'- Region used for knock out of PpOCH1:	AAAACCTTTTTTCTATTCAAACACAAGGCATTGCTTCAACACGT GTGCGTATCCTTAACACAGATACTCCATACTTCTAATAATGTGAT AGACGAATACAAAGATGTTCACTCTGTGTTGTGTCTACAAGCATT TCTTATTCTGATTGGGGATATTCTAGTTACAGCACTAAACAACGT GCGATACAACTTAAATTAATAATCCGAATCTAGAAAATGAACT TTTGGATGGTCCGCCTGTTGGTTGGATAAATCAATACCGATTAAA TGGATTCTATTCCAATGAGAGAGTAATCCAAGACACTCTGATGTC AATAATCATTTGCTTGCAACAACAAACCCGTCATCTAATCAAAGG GTTTGATGAGGCTTACCTTCAATTGCAGATAAACTCATTGCTGTC CACTGCTGTATTATGTGAGAATATGGGTGATGAATCTGGTCTTCT CCACTCAGCTAACATGGCTGTTTGGGCAAAGGTGGTACAATTATA CGGAGATCAGGCAATAGTGAAATTGTTGAATATGGCTACTGGAC GATGCTTCAAGGATGTACGTCTAGTAGGAGCCGTGGGAAGATTG CTGGCAGAACCAGTTGGCACGTGCAACAATCCCCAAGAAATGA AATAAGTGAAAACGTAACGTCAAAGACAGCAATGGAGTCAATAT TGATAACACCACTGGCAGAGCGGTTTCGTACGTGTTTTGGAGCCG ATATGAGGCTCAGCGTGCTAACAGCACGATTGACAAGAAGACTC TCGAGTGACAGTAGGTTGAGTAAAGTATTCGCTTAGATTCCCAAC CTTCGTTTTATTCTTTCGTAGACAAAGAAGCTGCATGCGAACATA GGGACAACTTTTATAAATCCAATTGTCAAACCAACGTAAAACCT CTGGCACCATTTTCAACATATATTTGTGAAGCAGTACGCAATATC GATAAATACTCACCGTTGTTTGTAACAGCCCCAACTTGCATACGC CTTCTAATGACCTCAAATGGATAAGCCGCAGCTTGTGCTAACATA CCAGCAGCACCGCCCGCGGTCAGCTGCGCCACACATATAAAGG CAATCTACGATCATGGGAGGAATTAGTTTTGACCGTCAGGTCTTC AAGAGTTTTGAACTCTTCTTCTTGAAGTGTGTAACCTTTTAAATGA CGGGATCTAAATACGTCATGGATGAGATCATGTGTGTAAAACTG ACTCCAGCATATGGAATCATTCCAAAGATTGTAGGAGCGAACCCA

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		<p>CGATAAAAGTTTCCCAACCTTGCCAAAGTGTCTAATGCTGTGACT TGAAATCTGGGTTCTCGTTGAAGACCCTGCGTACTATGCCCAA AACTTTCCTCCACGAGCCCTATTAACCTTCTCTATGAGTTCAAATG CCAAACGGACACGGATTAGGTCCAATGGGTAAGTGAAAAACACA GAGCAAACCCAGCTAATGAGCCGGCCAGTAACCGTCTTGGGAG TGTTTCATAAGAGTCATTAGGGATCAATAACGTTCTAATCTGTTT ATAACATACAAATTTTATGGCTGCATAGGGAAAAATTCTCAACAG GGTAGCCGAATGACCCTGATATAGACCTGCGACACCATCATACCC ATAGATCTGCCTGACAGCCTTAAAGAGCCCGCTAAAAGACCCGG AAAACCGAGAGAACTCTGGATTAGCAGTCTGAAAAAGAATCTTC ACTCTGTCTAGTGGAGCAATTAATGTCTTAGCGGCACTTCTCGCT ACTCCGCCAGCTACTCCTGAATAGATCACATACTGCAAAGACTGC TTGTCGATGACCTTGGGGTTATTTAGCTTCAAGGGCAATTTTGG GACATTTTGGACACAGGAGACTCAGAAACAGACACAGAGCGTTC TGAGTCCTGGTGCTCCTGACGTAGGCCTAGAACAGGAATTATTGG CTTTATTTGTTTGTCCATTTTCATAGGCTTGGGGTAATAGATAGAT GACAGAGAAATAGAGAAGACCTAATATTTTTTTGTTTCATGGCAAT CGCGGGTTCGCGGTCGGGTCACACACGGAGAAGTAATGAGAAGA GCTGGTAATCTGGGGTAAAAGGGTCAAAAGAAGGTCGCTGGT AGGGATGCAATACAAGGTTGTCTTGGAGTTTACATTGACCAGATG ATTTGGCTTTTTCTCTGTTCAATTCACATTTTTCAGCGAGAATCGG ATTGACGGAGAAATGGCGGGGTGTGGGGTGGATAGATGGCAGAA ATGCTCGCAATCACCGCGAAAGAAAGACTTTATGGAATAGAACT ACTGGGTGGTGTAAAGGATTACATAGCTAGTCCAATGGAGTCCGTT GGAAAGGTAAGAAGAAGCTAAAACCGGCTAAGTAACTAGGGAAG AATGATCAGACTTTGATTTGATGAGGTCTGAAAATACTCTGCTGC TTTTTCAGTTGCTTTTTCCCTGCAACCTATCATTTTCCTTTTCATAA GCCTGCCTTTTCTGTTTTCACTTATATGAGTTCCGCCGAGACTTCC CCAAATTCTCTCCTGGAACATTCTCTATCGCTCTCCTTCCAAGTTG CGCCCCCTGGCACTGCCTAGTAATATTACCACGCGACTTATATTC AGTTCACAATTTCCAGTGTTTCGTAGCAAATATCATCAGCCATGG CGAAGGCAGATGGCAGTTTGCTCTACTATAATCCTCACAATCCAC CCAGAAGGTATTACTTCTACATGGCTATATTCCCGGTTTCTGTGCT TTGCGTTTTGTACGGACCCCTACAACAATTATCATCTCCAAAAAT AGACTATGATCCATTGACGCTCCGATCACTTGATTTGAAGACTTT GGAAGCTCCTTCACAGTTGAGTCCAGGCACCGTAGAAGATAATCT TCG</p>
65	Sequence of the 3'- Region used for knock out of PpOCH1:	<p>AAAGCTAGAGTAAAATAGATATAGCGAGATTAGAGAATGAATAC CTTCTTCTAAGCGATCGTCCGTCATCATAGAATATCATGGACTGT ATAGTTTTTTTTTTGTACATATAATGATTAAACGGTCATCCAACAT CTCGTTGACAGATCTCTCAGTACGCGAAATCCCTGACTATCAAAG CAAGAACCGATGAAGAAAAAACAACAGTAACCCAAACACCACA ACAAACACTTTATCTTCTCCCCCCCCAACACCAATCATCAAAGAGA TGTCGGAACCAAACACCAAGAAGCAAAAACCTAACCCCATATAAA AACATCCTGGTAGATAATGCTGGTAACCCGCTCTCCTTCCATATT CTGGGCTACTTCACGAAGTCTGACCGGTCTCAGTTGATCAACATG ATCCTCGAAATGGGTGGCAAGATCGTTCCAGACCTGCCTCCTCTG GTAGATGGAGTGTTGTTTTTGACAGGGGATTACAAGTCTATTGAT</p>

(continued)

Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		GAAGATACCCTAAAGCAACTGGGGGACGTTCCAATATACAGAGA CTCCTTCATCTACCAAGTGTGTTTGTGCACAAGACATCTCTTCCCATT GACACTTTCCGAATTGACAAGAACGTCGACTTGGCTCAAGATTTG ATCAATAGGGCCCTTCAAGAGTCTGTGGATCATGTCACTTCTGCC AGCACAGCTGCAGCTGCTGCTGTTGTTGTCGCTACCAACGGCCTG TCTTCTAAACCAGACGCTCGTACTAGCAAAATACAGTTCACTCCC GAAGAAGATCGTTTTATTCTTGACTTTGTTAGGAGAAATCCTAAA CGAAGAAACACACATCAACTGTACACTGAGCTCGCTCAGCACATG AAAAACCATAACGAATCATTCTATCCGCCACAGATTCGTGTAAT CTTTCCGCTCAACTTGATTGGGTTTATGATATCGATCCATTGACCA ACCAACCTCGAAAAGATGAAAACGGGAACTACATCAAGGTACAA GGCCTTCCA
66	Sequence of the 5'- Region used for knock out of PpBMT2:	GGCCGAGCGGGCCTAGATTTTCACTACAAATTTCAAACTACGCG GATTTATTGTCTCAGAGAGCAATTTGGCATTCTTGAGCGTAGCAG GAGGCTTCATAAGATTGTATAGGACCGTACCAACAAATTGCCGAG GCACAACACGGTATGCTGTGCACTTATGTGGCTACTTCCCTACAA CGGAATGAAACCTTCCTCTTTCCGCTTAAACGAGAAAGTGTGTCG CAATTGAATGCAGGTGCCTGTGCGCCTTGGTGTATTGTTTTTGAG GGCCCAATTTATCAGGCGCCTTTTTTCTTGTTGTTTTCCCTTAGC CTCAAGCAAGGTTGGTCTATTTTCATCTCCGCTTCTATACCGTGCCT GATACTGTTGGATGAGAACACGACTCAACTTCCTGCTGCTCTGTA TTGCCAGTGTGTTGTCTGTGATTTGGATCGGAGTCCCTCTTACTTG GAATGATAATAATCTTGGCGGAATCTCCCTAAACGGAGGCAAGG ATTCTGCCTATGATGATCTGCTATCATTGGGAAGCTTCAACGACA TGGAGGTCGACTCCTATGTACCAACATCTACGACAATGCTCCAG TGCTAGGATGTACGGATTTGTCTTATCATGGATTGTTGAAAGTCA CCCCAAAGCATGACTTAGCTTGCGATTTGGAGTTCATAAGAGCTC AGATTTTGGACATTGACGTTTACTCCGCCATAAAAGACTTAGAAG ATAAAGCCTTGACTGTAAAACAAAAGGTTGAAAAACACTGGTTTA CGTTTTATGGTAGTTCAGTCTTTCTGCCCGAACACGATGTGCATT ACCTGGTTAGACGAGTCATCTTTTCGGCTGAAGGAAAGGCGAACT CTCCAGTAACATC
67	Sequence of the 3'- Region used for knock out of PpBMT2:	CCATATGATGGGTGTTTGCTCACTCGTATGGATCAAAATTCCATG GTTTCTTCTGTACAACCTGTACACTTATTTGGACTTTTCTAACGGT TTTTCTGGTGATTTGAGAAGTCCTTATTTTGGTGTTTCGCAGCTTAT CCGTGATTGAACCATCAGAAATACTGCAGCTCGTTATCTAGTTTC AGAATGTGTTGTAGAATACAATCAATTCTGAGTCTAGTTTGGGTG GGTCTTGGCGACGGGACCGTTATATGCATCTATGCAGTGTTAAGG TACATAGAATGAAAATGTAGGGGTTAATCGAAAGCATCGTTAATT TCAGTAGAACGTAGTTCTATTCCCTACCCAAATAATTGCCAAGA ATGCTTCGTATCCACATACGCAGTGACGTAGCAAATTTCACTTT GGACTGTGACCTCAAGTCGTTATCTTCTACTTGGACATTGATGGT CATTACGTAATCCACAAAGAATTGGATAGCCTCTCGTTTTATCTA GTGCACAGCCTAATAGCACTTAAGTAAGAGCAATGGACAAATTT GCATAGACATTGAGCTAGATACGTAACCTCAGATCTTGTTCACTCA TGGTGTACTCGAAGTACTGCTGGAACCGTTACCTCTTATCATTTTC GCTACTGGCTCGTGAACTACTGGATGAAAAAAAAAAAAAGAGCT GAAAGCGAGATCATCCCATTTTGTTCATCATACAAATTCACGCTTG

(continued)

Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		CAGTTTTGCTTCGTAAACAAGACAAGATGTCTTTATCAAAGACCC GTTTTTCTTCTTGAAGAATACTTCCCTGTTGAGCACATGCAAACC ATATTTATCTCAGATTTCACTCAACTTGGGTGCTTCCAAGAGAAG TAAAATTCTTCCCACTGCATCAACTTCCAAGAAACCCGTAGACCA GTTCTCTTCAGCCAAAAGAAGTTGCTCGCCGATCACCGCGGTAA CAGAGGAGTCAGAAGGTTTACACCCTTCCATCCCGATTTCAAAG TCAAAGTGCTGCGTTGAACCAAGGTTTTAGGTTGCCAAAGCCCCA GTCTGCAAAAAGTAGTTCCAAATGGCCTATTAATTTCCATAAAAG TGTGCTACGTATGTATCGGTACCTCCATTCTGGTATTTGCTATT GTTGTGCTGGTGGGTTGACTAGACTGACCGAATCCGGTCTTTCC ATAACGGAGTGGAACCTATCACTGGTTCGGTTCCTCCCACTGACT GAGGAAGACTGGAAGTTGGAATTTGAAAAATACAAACAAAGCCC TGAGTTTCAGGAATAAATTCTCACATAACATTGGAAGAGTTCAA GTTTATATTTTCCATGGAATGGGGACATAGATTGTTGGGAAGGGT CATCGGCCTGTCGTTTGTCTTCCACGTTTTACTTCATTGCCCGT CGAAAGTGTTCCAAAGATGTTGCATTGAACTGCTTGCAATATGC TCTATGATAGGATTCCAAGGTTTCATCGGCTGGTGGATGGTGTAT TCCGGATTGGACAAACAGCAATTGGCTGAACGTAACCTCCAAACCA ACTGTGTCTCCATATCGCTTAACTACCCATCTTGGAAGTGCATTG TTATTTACTGTTACATGATTTACACAGGGCTTCAAGTTTTGAAGA ACTATAAGATCATGAAACAGCCTGAAGCGTATGTTCAAATTTTCA AGCAAATTGCGTCTCCAAATTGAAAACCTTTCAAGAGACTCTCTT CAGTTCTATTAGGCCTGGTG
68	Sequence of the 5'-Region used for knock out of BMT1	CATATGGTGAGAGCCGTTCTGCACAACTAGATGTTTTGAGCTTC GCATTGTTTCTGCACTCGACTATTGAATTAAGATTTCCGGATA TCTCCAATCTCACAAAACTTATGTTGACCACGTGCTTTCCTGAG GCGAGGTGTTTTATATGCAAGCTGCCAAAAATGGAAAACGAATG GCCATTTTTTCGCCAGGCAAATTATTCGATTACTGCTGTCATAAA GACAGTGTTGCAAGGCTCACATTTTTTTTTTAGGATCCGAGATAAA GTGAATACAGGACAGCTTATCTCTATATCTTGTACCATTCTGTGAA TCTTAAGAGTTTCGGTTAGGGGGACTCTAGTTGAGGGTTGGCACTC ACGTATGGCTGGGCGCAGAAATAAAATTCAGGCGCAGCAGCACT TATCGATG
69	Sequence of the 3'-Region used for knock out of BMT1	GAATTCACAGTTATAAATAAAAAACAAAACTCAAAAAGTTTGGG CTCCACAAAATAACTTAATTTAAATTTTTGTCTAATAAATGAATG TAATTCCAAGATTATGTGATGCAAGCACAGTATGCTTCAGCCCTA TGCAGCTACTAATGTCAATCTCGCCTGCGAGCGGGCCTAGATTTT CACTACAAATTTCAAAACTACGCGGATTATTGTCTCAGAGAGCA ATTTGGCATTTCTGAGCGTAGCAGGAGGCTTCATAAGATTGTATA GGACCGTACCAACAAATTGCCGAGGCACAACACGGTATGCTGTG CACTTATGTGGCTACTTCCCTACAACGGAATGAAACCTTCCTCTTT CCGCTTAAACGAGAAAGTGTGTGCAATTGAATGCAGGTGCCTGT GCGCCTTGGTGTATTGTTTTGAGGGCCCAATTTATCAGGCGCCT TTTTTCTTGGTTGTTTTCCCTTAGCCTCAAGCAAGGTTGGTCTATT TCATCTCCGCTTCTATACCGTGCCTGATACTGTTGGATGAGAACA CGACTCAACTTCCTGCTGCTCTGTATTGCCAGTGTTTTGTCTGTGA TTTGGATCGGAGTCCTCCTTACTTGAATGATAATAATCTTGGCG GAATCTCCCTAAACGGAGGCAAGGATTCTGCCTATGATGATCTGC TATCATTGGGAAGCTT

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
70	Sequence of the 5'-Region used for knock out of BMT3	GATATCTCCCTGGGGACAATATGTGTTGCAACTGTTTCGTTGTTGG TGCCCCAGTCCCCCAACCGGTACTAATCGGTCTATGTTCCCGTAA CTCATATTCGGTTAGAACTAGAACAATAAGTGCATCATTGTTCAA CATTGTGGTTCAATTGTGCAACATTGCTGGTGCTTATATCTACAG GGAAGACGATAAGCCTTTGTACAAGAGAGGTAACAGACAGTTAA TTGGTATTTCTTTGGGAGTCGTTGCCCTCTACGTTGTCTCCAAGAC ATACTACATTCTGAGAAACAGATGGAAGACTCAAAAATGGGAGA AGCTTAGTGAAGAAGAGAAAAGTTGCCTACTTGGACAGAGCTGAG AAGGAGAACCTGGGTTCTAAGAGGCTGGACTTTTTGTTCGAGAGT TAAACTGCATAATTTTTTCTAAGTAAATTTTCATAGTTATGAAATTT CTGCAGCTTAGTGTTTACTGCATCGTTTACTGCATCACCCTGTAA ATAATGTGAGCTTTTTTTCCTTCCATTGCTTGGTATCTTCCTTGCTG CTGTTT
71	Sequence of the 3'-Region used for knock out of BMT3	ACAAAACAGTCATGTACAGAACTAACGCCTTTAAGATGCAGACCA CTGAAAAGAATTGGGTCCCATTTTTCTTGAAAGACGACCAGGAAT CTGTCCATTTTGTTTACTCGTTCAATCCTCTGAGAGTACTCAACTG CAGTCTTGATAACGGTGCATGTGATGTTCTATTTGAGTTACCACA TGATTTTGGCATGTCTTCCGAGCTACGTGGTGCCACTCCTATGCT CAATCTTCCTCAGGCAATCCCGATGGCAGACGACAAAAGAAATTTG GGTTTCATTCCCAAGAACGAGAATATCAGATTGCGGGTGTTCTGA AACAAATGTACAGGCCAATGTTAATGCTTTTTTGTTAGAGAAGGAAC AAACTTTTTTGCTGAGC
72	Sequence of the 5'-Region used for knock out of BMT4	AAGCTTGTTACACGTTGGGACTTTTCCGTGGACAATGTTGACTAC TCCAGGAGGGATTCCAGCTTCTCTACTAGCTCAGCAATAATCAA TGCAGCCCCAGGCGCCGTTCTGATGGCTTGATGACCGTTGTATT GCCTGTCACTATAGCCAGGGGTAGGGTCCATAAAGGAATCATAG CAGGGAAATTAAAAGGGCATATTGATGCAATCACTCCCAATGGCT CTCTTGCCATTGAAGTCTCCATATCAGCACTAACTTCCAAGAAGG ACCCCTTCAAGTCTGACGTGATAGAGCACGCTTGCTCTGCCACCT GTAGTCCTCTCAAAACGTCACCTTGTGCATCAGCAAAGACTTTAC CTTGCTCCAATACTATGACGGAGGCAATTCTGTCAAAATTTCTCTC TCAGCAATTCAACCAACTTGAAAGCAAATTGCTGTCTCTTGATGA TGGAGACTTTTTTCCAAGATTGAAATGCAATGTGGGACGACTCAA TTGCTTCTTCCAGCTCCTCTTCGGTTGATTGAGGAACTTTTGAAAC CACAAAATTGGTCGTTGGGTCATGTACATCAAACCATTCTGTAGA TTTAGATTGACGAAAGCGTTGTTGATGAAGGAAAAGGTTGGAT ACGGTTTGTGCGTCTCTTTGGTATGGCCGGTGGGGTATGCAATTG CAGTAGAAGATAATTGGACAGCCATTGTTGAAGGTAGAGAAAAG GTCAGGGAACCTTGGGGGTATTTTATAACATTTTACCCACAAATA ACAACGAAAAGTACCCATTCCATAGTGAGAGGTAACCGACGGA AAAAGACGGGCCCATGTTCTGGGACCAATAGAAGTGTGTAATCC ATTGGGACTAATCAACAGACGATTGGCAATATAATGAAATAGTTC GTTGAAAAGCCACGTCAGCTGTCTTTTCATTAACCTTGGTTCGGAC ACAACATTTTCTACTGTTGTATCTGTCCTACTTTGCTTATCATCTG CCACAGGGCAAGTGGATTTCCTTCTCGCGCGGCTGGGTGAAAAC GGTTAACGTGAA

(continued)

Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
73	Sequence of the 3'-Region	GCCTTGGGGGACTTCAAGTCTTTGCTAGAACTAGATGAGGTCAG GCCCTCTTATGGTTGTGTCCCAATTGGGCAATTTCACTCACCTAA AAAGCATGACAATTATTTAGCGAAATAGGTAGTATATTTTCCCTC
	used for knock out of BMT4	ATCTCCCAAGCAGTTTCGTTTTTGCATCCATATCTCTCAAATGAGC AGCTACGACTCATTAGAACCAGAGTCAAGTAGGGGTGAGCTCAG TCATCAGCCTTCGTTTCTAAAACGATTGAGTTCTTTTGTGCTACA GGAAGCGCCCTAGGGAACCTTCGCACTTTGGAAATAGATTTTGAT GACCAAGAGCGGGAGTTGATATTAGAGAGGCTGTCCAAAGTACA TGGGATCAGGCCGGCCAAATTGATTGGTGTGACTAAACCATTGTG TACTTGGACACTCTATTACAAAAGCGAAGATGATTTGAAGTATTA CAAGTCCCGAAGTGTTAGAGGATTCTATCGAGCCCAGAATGAAAT CATCAACCGTTATCAGCAGATTGATAAACTCTTGGAAGCGGTAT CCCATTTTTCATTATTGAAGAACTACGATAATGAAGATGTGAGAGA CGGCGACCCTCTGAACGTAGACGAAGAAACAAATCTACTTTTGGG GTACAATAGAGAAAGTGAATCAAGGGAGGTATTTGTGGCCATAA TACTCAACTCTATCATTAATG
74	Sequence of the 5'-Region used for knock out of PpPNO1 and PpMNN4:	TCATTCTATATGTTCAAGAAAAGGGTAGTGAAAGGAAAGAAAAG GCATATAGGCGAGGGAGAGTTAGCTAGCATACAAGATAATGAAG GATCAATAGCGGTAGTTAAAGTGCACAAGAAAAGAGCACCTGTT GAGGCTGATGATAAAGCTCCAATTACATTGCCACAGAGAAACAC AGTAACAGAAATAGGAGGGGATGCACCACGAGAAGAGCATTGAG TGAACAACCTTTGCCAAATTCATAACCCCAAGCGCTAATAAGCCAA TGTCAAAGTCGGCTACTAACATTAATAGTACAACAACATATCGATT TTCAACCAGATGTTTGCAAGGACTACAAACAGACAGGTTACTGCG GATATGGTGACACTTGTAAGTTTTTGCACCTGAGGGATGATTTCA AACAGGGATGGAAATTAGATAGGGAGTGGGAAAATGTCCAAAAG AAGAAGCATAATACTCTCAAAGGGGTAAAGGAGATCCAAATGTT TAATGAAGATGAGCTCAAAGATATCCCGTTTAAATGCATTATATG CAAAGGAGATTACAAATCACCCGTGAAAACCTTCTTGCAATCATT TTTTTGCGAACAATGTTTCCTGCAACGGTCAAGAAGAAAACCAAA TTGTATTATATGTGGCAGAGACACTTTAGGAGTTGCTTTACCAGC AAAGAAGTTGTCCCAATTTCTGGCTAAGATACATAATAATGAAAG TAATAAAGTTTAGTAATTGCATTGCGTTGACTATTGATTGCATTG ATGTCGTGTGATACTTTCACCGAAAAAAAACACGAAGCGCAATA GGAGCGGTTGCATATTAGTCCCCAAAGCTATTTAATTGTGCCTGA AACTGTTTTTTAAGCTCATCAAGCATAATTGTATGCATTGCGACG TAACCAACGTTTAGGCGCAGTTAATCATAGCCCCTGCTAAGCC

(continued)

Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
75	Sequence of the 3'-Region used for knockout of PpPNO1 and PpMNN4:	CGGAGGAATGCAAATAATAATCTCCTTAATTACCCACTGATAAGC TCAAGAGACGCGGTTTGAAAACGATATAATGAATCATTTGGATT TATAATAAACCCCTGACAGTTTTTCCACTGTATTGTTTTAACACTCA TTGGAAGCTGTATTGATTCTAAGAAGCTAGAAATCAATACGGCCA TACAAAAGATGACATTGAATAAGCACCGGCTTTTTTGATTAGCAT ATACCTTAAAGCATGCATTTCATGGCTACATAGTTGTTAAAGGGCT TCTTCCATTATCAGTATAATGAATTACATAATCATGCACTTATATT TGCCCATCTCTGTTCTCTCACTCTTGCCCTGGGTATATTCTATGAAA TTGCGTATAGCGTGTCTCCAGTTGAACCCCAAGCTTGGCGAGTTT GAAGAGAATGCTAACCTTGCGTATTCTTGCTTCAGGAAACATTC AAGGAGAAACAGGTCAAGAAGCCAAACATTTTGATCCTTCCCGA GTTAGCATTGACTGGCTACAATTTTCAAAGCCAGCAGCGGATAGA GCCTTTTTTGGAGGAAACAACCAAGGGAGCTAGTACCCAATGGG CTCAAAAAGTATCCAAGACGTGGGATTGCTTTACTTTAATAGGAT
		ACCCAGAAAAAAGTTTAGAGAGCCCTCCCCGTATTTACAACAGTG CGGTACTTGTATCGCCTCAGGGAAAAGTAATGAACAACACTACAGA AAGTCCTTCTTGTATGAAGCTGATGAACATTGGGGATGTTCCGAA TCTTCTGATGGGTTTCAAACAGTAGATTTATTAATTGAAGGAAAG ACTGTAAAGACATCATTTGGAATTTGCATGGATTGAATCCTTAT AAATTTGAAGCTCCATTACAGACTTCGAGTTCAGTGGCCATTGC TTGAAAACCGGTACAAGACTCATTTTGTGCCCAATGGCCTGGTTG TCCCCTCTATCGCCTTCCATTAAAAAGGATCTTAGTGATATAGAG AAAAGCAGACTTCAAAAGTTCTACCTTGAAAAAATAGATACCCCG GAATTTGACGTTAATTACGAATTGAAAAAAGATGAAGTATTGCC ACCCGTATGAATGAAACGTTGGAAACAATTGACTTTGAGCCTTCA AAACCGGACTACTCTAATATAAATTATTGGATACTAAGGTTTTTT CCCTTTCTGACTCATGTCTATAAACGAGATGTGCTCAAAGAGAAT GCAGTTGCAGTCTTATGCAACCGAGTTGGCATTGAGAGTGATGTC TTGTACGGAGGATCAACCACGATTCTAAACTTCAATGGTAAGTTA GCATCGACACAAGAGGAGCTGGAGTTGTACGGGCAGACTAATAG TCTCAACCCCAGTGTGGAAGTATTGGGGGCCCTTGGCATGGGTCA ACAGGGAATTCTAGTACGAGACATTGAATTAACATAATATACAAT ATACAATAAACACAAATAAAGAATACAAGCCTGACAAAAATTCA CAAATTATTGCCTAGACTTGTCTGTTATCAGCAGCGACCTTTTTCC AATGCTCAATTTACGATATGCCTTTTCTAGCTCTGCTTTAAGCTT CTCATTGGAATTGGCTAACTCGTTGACTGCTTGGTCAGTGATGAG TTTCTCCAAGGTCCATTCTCGATGTTGTTGTTTTCGTTTTCTTT AATCTCTTGATATAATCAACAGCCTTCTTTAATATCTGAGCCTTGT TCGAGTCCCCGTGTTGGCAACAGAGCGGCCAGTTCCTTTATTCCGT GGTTTATATTTCTCTTCTACGCCTTTCTACTTCTTTGTGATTCTCT TTACGCATCTTATGCCATTCTTCAGAACCAGTGGCTGGCTTAACC GAATAGCCAGAGCCTGAAGAAGCCGCACTAGAAGAAGCAGTGGC ATTGTTGACTATGG

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
76	Sequence of the 5'- Region used for knock out of PpMNN4L 1:	GATCTGGCCATTGTGAAACTTGACACTAAAGACAAAACCTTTAGA GTTTCCAATCACTTAGGAGACGATGTTTCCTACAACGAGTACGAT CCCTCATTGATCATGAGCAATTTGTATGTGAAAAAAGTCATCGAC CTTGACACCTTGGATAAAAGGGCTGGAGGAGGTGGAACCACTG TGCAGGCGGTCTGAAAGTGTTCAGTACGGATCTACTACCAAATA TACATCTGGTAACCTGAACGGCGTCAGGTTAGTATACTGGAACGA AGGAAAGTTGCAAAGCTCCAAATTTGTGGTTCGATCCTCTAATTA CTCTCAAAAGCTTGGAGGAAACAGCAACGCCGAATCAATTGACA ACAATGGTGTGGGTTTTGCCTCAGCTGGAGACTCAGGCGCATGG ATTCTTTCCAAGCTACAAGATGTTAGGGAGTACCAGTCATTCACT GAAAAGCTAGGTGAAGCTACGATGAGCATTTCGATTTCACGGT CTTAAACAGGAGACTTCTACTACAGGGCTTGGGGTAGTTGGTATG ATTCATTCTTACGACGGTGAGTTCAAACAGTTTGGTTTGTTCACT CCAATGACATCTATTCTACAAAGACTTCAACGAGTGACCAATGTA GAATGGTGTGTAGCGGGTTGCGAAGATGGGGATGTGGACACTGA AGGAGAACACGAATTGAGTGATTTGGAACAACCTGCATATGCATA GTGATTCCGACTAGTCAGGCAAGAGAGAGCCCTCAAATTTACCTC TCTGCCCCCTCCTACTCCTTTTGGTACGCATAATTGCAGTATAAA GAACTTGCTGCCAGCCAGTAATCTTATTTCATACGCAGTTCTATA TAGCACATAATCTTGCTTGTATGTATGAAATTTACCGCGTTTTAGT
		TGAAATTGTTTATGTTGTGTGCCTTGCAATCTCTCGTTAGCC CTATCCTTACATTTAACTGGTCTCAAACCTCTACCAATTCCATTG CTGTACAACAATATGAGGCGGCATTACTGTAGGGTTGGAAAAA ATTGTCATTCCAGCTAGAGATCACACGACTTCATCACGCTTATTG CTCCTCATTGCTAAATCATTTACTCTTGACTTCGACCCAGAAAAG TTTCGCC

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
77	Sequence of the 3'-Region used for knock out of PpMNN4L 1:	GCATGTCAAACCTTGAACACAACGACTAGATAGTTGTTTTTCTAT ATAAACGAAACGTTATCATCTTTAATAATCATTGAGGTTTACCC TTATAGTTCCGTATTTTCGTTTCCAACTTAGTAATCTTTTGAAA TATCATCAAAGCTGGTGCCAATCTTCTTGTGTTGAAGTTTCAA GCTCCACCAAGCTACTTAGAGACTGTTCTAGGTCTGAAGCAACT CGAACACAGAGACAGCTGCCGCCGATTGTTCTTTTTTGTGTTTT CTTCTGGAAGAGGGGCATCATCTTGTATGTCCAATGCCCGTATCC TTTCTGAGTTGTCCGACACATTGTCCTTCGAAGAGTTTCCTGACA TTGGGCTTCTTCTATCCGTGTATTAATTTTGGGTAAAGTTTCCTCGT TTGCATAGCAGTGGATACCTCGATTTTTTTGGCTCCTATTTACCTG ACATAATATTCTACTATAATCCAACCTTGGACGCGTCATCTATGAT AACTAGGCTCTCCTTTGTTCAAAGGGGACGTCTTCATAATCCACT GGCACGAAGTAAGTCTGCAACGAGGCGGCTTTTGCAACAGAACG ATAGTGTGCTTTTCGTACTTGGACTATGCTAAACAAAAGGATCTGT CAAACATTTCAACCGTGTTTCAAGGCACTCTTACGAATTATCGA CCAAGACCTTCCTAGACGAACATTTCAACATATCCAGGCTACTGC TTCAAGGTGGTGCAAATGATAAAGGTATAGATATTAGATGTGTTT GGGACCTAAAACAGTTCTTGCCTGAAGATTCCCTTGAGCAACAGG CTTCAATAGCCAAGTTAGAGAAGCAGTACCAAATCGGTAACAAA AGGGGGAAGCATATAAAACCTTTACTATTGCGACAAAATCCATCC TTGAAAGTAAAGCTGTTTGTTCATGTAAAGCATAACGAAACGAAG GAGGTAGATCCTAAGATGGTTAGAGAACTTAACGGGACATACTC CAGCTGCATCCCATATTACGATCGCTGGAAGACTTTTTTCATGTA CGTATCGCCACCAACCTTTCAAAGCAAGCTAGGTATGATTTTGA CAGTTCTCACAATCCATTGGTTTTTCATGCAACTTGAAAAAACCA ACTCAAACCTCATGGGGATCCATACAATGTAAATCATTACGAGAG GGCGAGGTTGAAAAGTTTCCATTGCAATCACGTCGCATCATGGCT ACTGAAAGGCCTTAAC
78	Sequence of the PpTRP2 gene integration locus:	TAATGGCCAAACGGTTTCTCAATTACTATATACTACTAACCATTT ACCTGTAGCGTATTTCTTTTCCCTCTTCGCGAAAGCTCAAGGGCA TCTTCTTGACTCATGAAAAATATCTGGATTTCTTCTGACAGATCAT CACCCTTGAGCCCAACTCTCTAGCCTATGAGTGTAAGTGATAGTC ATCTTGCAACAGATTATTTTGGAACGCAACTAACAAAGCAGATAC ACCCTTCAGCAGAATCCTTTCTGGATATTGTGAAGAATGATCGCC AAAGTCACAGTCCTGAGACAGTTCCTAATCTTTACCCATTTACA AGTTCATCCAATCAGACTTCTTAACGCCTCATCTGGCTTATATCA AGCTTACCAACAGTTCAGAACTCCAGTCCAAGTTTCTTGCTTG AAAGTGCGAAGAATGGTGACACCGTTGACAGGTACACCTTTATG GGACATTCCCCCAGAAAAATAATCAAGACTGGGCCTTTAGAGGG TGCTGAAGTTGACCCCTTGGTGCTTCTGGAAAAAAGAACTGAAGG GCACCAGACAAGCGCAACTTCCTGGTATTCTCTCGTCTAAGTGGTG GTGCCATAGGATACATCTCGTACGATTGTATTAAGTACTTTGAAC CAAAACTGAAAGAAAACCTGAAAGATGTTTTGCAACTTCCGGAA

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
5		GCAGCTTTGATGTTGTTTCGACACGATCGTGGCTTTTGACAATGTT
10		TATCAAAGATTCCAGGTAATTGGAAACGTTTCTCTATCCGTTGAT
		GACTCGGACGAAGCTATTCTTGAGAAATATTATAAGACAAGAGA
		AGAAGTGGAAAAGATCAGTAAAGTGGTATTTGACAATAAACTG
		TTCCCTACTATGAACAGAAAGATATTATTCAAGGCCAAACGTTCA
		CCTCTAATATTGGTCAGGAAGGGTATGAAAACCATGTTTCGCAAGC
15		TGAAAGAACATATTCTGAAAGGAGACATCTTCCAAGCTGTTCCCT
		CTCAAAGGGTAGCCAGGCCGACCTCATTGCACCCTTCAACATCT
		ATCGTCATTTGAGAACTGTCAATCCTTCTCCATACATGTTCTATAT
		TGACTATCTAGACTTCCAAGTTGTTGGTGCTTCACCTGAATTACT
		AGTTAAATCCGACAACAACAACAAAATCATCACACATCCTATTGC
20		TGGAACCTCTTCCCAGAGGTAAACTATCGAAGAGGACGACAATT
		ATGCTAAGCAATTGAAGTCGTCTTTGAAAGACAGGGCCGAGCAC
		GTCATGCTGGTAGATTTGGCCAGAAATGATATTAACCGTGTGTGT
		GAGCCCACCAGTACCACGGTTGATCGTTTATTGACTGTGGAGAGA
		TTTTCTCATGTGATGCATCTTGTGTCAGAAAGTCAGTGGAAACATTG
25		AGACCAAACAAGACTCGCTTCGATGCTTTCAGATCCATTTTCCCA
		GCAGGAACCGTCTCCGGTGCTCCGAAGGTAAGAGCAATGCAACT
		CATAGGAGAATTGGAAGGAGAAAAGAGAGGTGTTTATGCGGGGG
		CCGTAGGACACTGGTCGTACGATGGAAAATCGATGGACACATGT
		ATTGCCTTAAGAACAATGGTCGTCAAGGACGGTGTGCTTACCTT
30		CAAGCCGGAGGTGGAATTGTCTACGATTCTGACCCCTATGACGAG
		TACATCGAAACCATGAACAAAATGAGATCCAACAATAACACCATC
		TTGGAGGCTGAGAAAATCTGGACCGATAGGTTGGCCAGAGACGA
		GAATCAAAGTGAATCCGAAGAAAACGATCAATGAACGGAGGACG
		TAAGTAGGAATTTATGGTTTGGCCAT
35	79	GATCTGGCCTTCCCTGAATTTTTACGTCCAGCTATACGATCCGTT
		GTGACTGTATTTTCTGAAATGAAGTTTCAACCTAAAGTTTGGTT
		GTACTTGCTCCACCTACCACGGAACTAATATCGAAACCAATGAA
40		AAAGTAGAACTGGAATCGTCAATCGAAATTCGCAACCAAGTGGA
		ACCCAAAGACTTGAATCTTTCTAAAGTCTATTCTAGTGACACTAA
		TGGCAACAGAAGATTTGAGCTGACTTTTCAAATGAATCTCAATAA
		TGCAATATCAACATCAGACAATCAATGGGCTTTGTCTAGTGACAC
		AGGATCAATTATAGTAGTGTCTTCTGCAGGAAGAATAACTTCCCC
		GATCCTAGAAAGTCGGGGCATCCGTCTGTGTCTTAAGATCGTACAA
45		CGAACACCTTTTGGCAATAAAGTGTGAAGGAACATGCTTTTCATG
		GAATTTAAAGAAGCAAGAATGTGTTCTAAACAGCATTTCATTAGC
		ACCTATAGTCAATTCACACATGCTAGTTAAGAAAGTTGGAGATGC
		AAGGAACTATTCTATTGTATCTGCCGAAGGAGACAACAATCCGTT
		ACCCAGATTCTAGACTGCGAACTTTCCAAAAATGGCGCTCCAAT
		TGTGGCTCTTAGCACGAAAGACATCTACTCTTATTCAAAGAAAAT
50		GAAATGCTGGATCCATTTGATTGATTTCGAAATACTTTGAATTGTT
		GGGTGCTGACAATGCACTGTTTGAGTGTGTGGAAGCGCTAGAAG
		GTCCAATTGGAATGCTAATTCATAGATTGGTAGATGAGTTCTTCC
		ATGAAAACACTGCCGGTAAAAAACTCAAACCTTACAACAAGCGA
		GTAAGGAGACCTTTCAAATTCACCTGAAGAACTAGGTGAAAAT
55		GCGTCTCAATTAAGAGAGAACTTGACAACTCTATGGTGATGAG
		GTTGAGGCTTCTTGACCTCTTCTCTCTATCTGCGTTTCTTTTTTTT
		TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTCAGTTGAGCCAGACCGCGCTAAACGCAT

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		ACCAATTGCCAAATCAGGCAATTGTGAGACAGTGGTAAAAAAGA TGCCTGCAAAGTTAGATTACACAGTAAGAGAGATCCTACTCATA AATGAGGCGCTTATTTAGTAGCTAGTGATAGCCACTGCGGTTCTG CTTTATGCTATTTGTTGTATGCCTTACTATCTTTGTTTGGCTCCTT TTTCTTGACGTTTTCCGTTGGAGGGACTCCCTATTCTGAGTCATG AGCCGCACAGATTATCGCCCCAAAATTGACAAAATCTTCTGGCGAA AAAAGTATAAAAGGAGAAAAAGCTCACCTTTTCCAGCGTAGA AAGTATATATCAGTCATTGAAGAC
80	Sequence of the 3'- Region used for knock out of PpARG1:	GGGACTTTAACTCAAGTAAAAGGATAGTTGTACAATTATATATAC GAAGAATAAATCATTACAAAAAGTATTCGTTTCTTTGATTCTTAA CAGGATTCATTTTCTGGGTGTCATCAGGTACAGCGCTGAATATCT TGAAGTTAACATCGAGCTCATCATCGACGTTTCATCACACTAGCCA CGTTTCCGCAACGGTAGCAATAATTAGGAGCGGACCACACAGTG ACGACATCTTCTCTTTGAAATGGTATCTGAAGCCTTCCATGACC AATTGATGGGCTCTAGCGATGAGTTGCAAGTTATTAATGTGGTTG AACTCACGTGCTACTCGAGCACCGAATAACCAGCCAGCTCCACGA GGAGAAACAGCCCAACTGTCGACTTCATCTGGGTGAGACCAAAC CAAGTCACAAAATCCTCCTTCATGAGGGACCTCTTGCGCTCGGCT GAGAACTCTGATTTGATCTAACATGCGAATATCGGGAGAGAGAC CACCATGGATACATAATATTTTACCATCAATGATGGCACTAAGGG TAAAAAAGTCGAACACCTGGCAACAGTACTTCCAGACAGTGGTG GAACCATATTTATTGAGACATTCTCATAAAATCCATAAACCTGA GTGATCTGTCTGGATTCATGATTTCCCCTTACCAATGTGATATGTT GAGGAACTTAATTTTAAAATCATGAGTAACGTGAACGTCTCCA ACGAGAAATAGCCTCTATCCACATAGTCTCCTAGGAAGATATAGT TCTGTTTTATTCCATTAGAGGAGGATCCGGGAAACCCACCACTAA TCTTGAAAAGTTCCAGTAGATCGTGAAATTGGCCGTGAATATCTC CGCATACTGTCACTGGACTCTGCACTGGCTGTATATTGGATTCCCT CCATCAGCAAATCCTTCACCCGTTTCGCAAAGATGCTTCATATCAT TTTCACTTAAAGCCTTGCAGCTTTTGACTTCTTCAAACCACTGATC TGGTCCTCTTTCTGGCATGATTAAGGTCTATAATATTTCTGAGCTG AGATGTAAAAAATAATAAAAAATGGGGAGTGAAAAAGTGTGT AGCTTTTAGGAGTTTGGGATTGATACCCCAAATGATCTTTATGA GAATTAAGGTAGATACGCTTTTAATAAGAACACCTATCTATAG TACTTTGTGGTCTTGAGTAATTGAGATGTTCACTTCTGAGGTTT GCCGTTATTCTGGGATAGTAGTGCGGACCAAACAACCCGCCAG GCAAAGTGTGTTGTGCTCGAAGACGATTGCCAGAAGAGTAAGTC CGTCCTGCCTCAGATGTTACACACTTTCTTCCCTAGACAGTCGAT GCATCATCGGATTTAAACCTGAAACTTTGATGCCATGATACGCT AGTCACGTCGACTGAGATTTTAGATAAGCCCCGATCCCTTTAGTA CATTCCTGTTATCCATGGATGGAATGGCCTGATA
81	Sequence of the PpARG1 auxotrophic marker:	CAGTTGAGCCAGACCGCGCTAAACGCATACCAATTGCCAAATCAG GCAATTGTGAGACAGTGGTAAAAAAGATGCCTGCAAAGTTAGAT TCACACAGTAAGAGAGATCCTACTCATAAATGAGGCGCTTATTTA GTAGCTAGTGATAGCCACTGCGGTTCTGCTTTATGCTATTTGTTG TATGCCTTACTATCTTTGTTTGGCTCCTTTTTCTTGACGTTTTCCG

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		<p>TTGGAGGGACTCCCTATTCTGAGTCATGAGCCGCACAGATTATCG CCAAATTTGACAAAATCTTCTGGCGAAAAAAGTATAAAAGGAG AAAAAAGCTCACCCTTTTCCAGCGTAGAAAGTATATATCAGTCAT TGAAGACTATTATTTAAATAACACAATGTCTAAAGGAAAAGTTTG TTTGGCCTACTCCGGTGGTTTGGATACCTCCATCATCCTAGCTTG GTTGTGGAGCAGGGATACGAAGTCGTTGCCTTTTTAGCCAACAT TGGTCAAGAGGAAGACTTTGAGGCTGCTAGAGAGAAAAGCTCTGA AGATCGGTGCTACCAAGTTTATCGTCAGTGACGTTAGGAAGGAAT TTGTTGAGGAAGTTTTGTTCCCAGCAGTCCAAGTTAACGCTATCT ACGAGAACGTCTACTTACTGGGTACCTCTTTGGCCAGACCAGTCA TTGCCAAGGCCCAAATAGAGGTTGCTGAACAAGAAGGTTGTTTTG CTGTTGCCACGGTTGTACCGGAAAGGGTAACGATCAGGTTAGAT TTGAGCTTTCCTTTTATGCTCTGAAGCCTGACGTTGTCTGTATCGC CCCATGGAGAGACCCAGAATTCTTCGAAAGATTGCTGGTAGAA ATGACTTGCTGAATTACGCTGCTGAGAAGGATATTCCAGTTGCTC AGACTAAAGCCAAGCCATGGTCTACTGATGAGAACATGGCTCAC ATCTCCTTCGAGGCTGGTATTCTAGAAGATCCAAACACTACTCCT CCAAAGGACATGTGGAAGCTCACTGTTGACCCAGAAGATGCACC AGACAAGCCAGAGTTCTTTGACGTCCACTTTGAGAAGGGTAAGCC AGTTAAATTAGTTCTCGAGAACAACAACTGAGGTCACCGATCCGGT TGAGATCTTTTGTACTGCTAACGCCATTGCTAGAAGAAACGGTGT TGGTAGAATTGACATTGTCGAGAACAGATTATCGGAATCAAGTC CAGAGGTTGTTATGAAACTCCAGGTTTACTCTACTGAGAACCAC TCACATCGACTTGGAAGGTCTTACCGTTGACCGTGAAGTTAGATC GATCAGAGACACTTTTGTACCCCAACCTACTCTAAGTTGTTATA CAACGGGTTGTACTTTACCCCAAGGTGAGTACGTCAGAACTAT GATTCAGCCTTCTCAAAACACCGTCAACGGTGTGTTAGAGCCAA GGCCTACAAAGGTAATGTGTATAACCTAGGAAGATACTCTGAAA CCGAGAAATTGTACGATGCTACCGAATCTTCCATGGATGAGTTGA CCGGATTCCACCCTCAAGAAGCTGGAGGATTTATCACAACACAAG CCATCAGAATCAAGAAGTACGGAGAAAAGTGTCAGAGAGAAGGGA AAGTTTTTGGGACTTTAACTCAAGTAAAAGGATAGTTGTACAATT ATATATACGAAGAATAAATCATTACAAAAAGTATTCGTTTCTTTG ATTCTTAACAGGATTCATTTTCTGGGTGTCATCAGGTACAGCGCT GAATATCTTGAAGTTAACATCGAGCTCATCATCGACGTTATCAC ACTAGCCACGTTTCCGCAACGGTAGCAATAATTAGGAGCGGACC ACACAGTGACGACATC</p>
82	Sequence of the 5'- region that was used to knock into the PpADE1 locus:	<p>GAGTCGGCCAAGAGATGATAACTGTTACTAAGCTTCTCCGTAATT AGTGGTATTTTGTAACTTTTACCAATAATCGTTTATGAATACGGA TATTTTTCGACCTTATCCAGTGCCAAATCACGTAACCTAATCATG GTTTAAATACTCCACTTGAACGATTCAATTATTCAGAAAAAAGTCA GGTGGCAGAAACACTTGGGCGCTTTGAAGAGTATAAGAGTATT AAGCATTAAACATCTGAACTTTCACCGCCCCAATATACTACTCTA GGAAACTCGAAAAATTCTTTCCATGTGTCATCGCTTCCAACACA CTTTGCTGTATCCTTCCAAGTATGTCCATTGTGAACACTGATCTG GACGGAATCCTACCTTTAATCGCCAAAGGAAAGGTTAGAGACATT TATGCAGTCGATGAGAACAACCTTGCTGTTTCGTCGCAACTGACCGT ATCTCCGCTTACGATGTGATTATGACAAACGGTATTCCTGATAAG GGAAAGATTTTGTACTCAGCTCTCAGTTTTCTGGTTTGATTTTTTG</p>

(continued)

Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		CACCTACATAAAGAATCATTTGGTTGCTTCTAATGACAAGGAAG TCTTTGCTTTACTACCATCAAACTGTCTGAAGAAAAaTACAAATC TCAATTAGAGGGACGATCCTTGATAGTAAAAAAGCACAGACTGA TACCTTTGGAAGCCATTGTCTAGAGGTTACATCACTGGAAGTGCAT GGAAAGAGTACAAGAAGTCAAACTGTCCATGGAGTCAAGGTT GAAAACGAGAACCCTTCAAGAGAGCGACGCCTTTCCAACCTCGATT TTCACACCTTCAACGAAAGCTGAACAGGGTGAACACGATGAAAA CATCTCTATTGAACAAGCTGCTGAGATTGTAGGTAAAGACATTTG TGAGAAGGTGCGCTGTCAAGGCGGTGAGTTGTATTCTGCTGCAAA AAACCTCGCCCTTTTGAAGGGGATCATTATTGCTGATACGAAATT CGAATTTGGACTGGACGAAAACAATGAATTGGTACTAGTAGATG AAGTTTTAACTCCAGATTCTTCTAGATTTTGAATCAAAAGACTT ACCAAGTGGGTAAATCGCAAGAGAGTTACGATAAGCAGTTTCTC AGAGATTGGTTGACGGCCAACGGATTGAATGGCAAAGAGGGCGT AGCCATGGATGCAGAAATTGCTATCAAGAGTAAAGAAAAGTATA TTGAAGCTTATGAAGCAATTACTGGCAAGAAATGGGCTTGA
83	Sequence of the 3'-region that was used to knock into the PpADE1 locus:	ATGATTAGTACCCTCCTCGCCTTTTTCAGACATCTGAAATTTCCCT TATCTTCCAATTCATATAAAATCCTATTTAGGTAATTAGTAAAC AATGATCATAAAGTGAAATCATTCAAGTAACCATTCCGTTTATCG TTGATTTAAAATCAATAACGAATGAATGTCCGCTCTGAGTAGTCAA TTTGTTCCTTGGAGCTCATTGGCAGGGGGTCTTTTGGCTCAGTA TGGAAGGTTGAAAGGAAAACAGATGGAAAGTGGTTTCGTCAGAAA AGAGGTATCCTACATGAAGATGAATGCCAAAGAGATATCTCAAG TGATAGCTGAGTTCAGAATTCCTAGTGAGTTAAGCCATCCCAACA TTGTGAAGTACCTTCATCACGAACATATTTCTGAGAATAAACTG TCAATTTATACATGGAATACTGTGATGGTGGAGATCTCTCCAAGC TGATTGCAACACATAGAAGGAACAAAGAGTACATTTCAAGAA AAAATATGGAGTATTTTACGCAGGTTTTATTAGCATTGTATCGT TGTCATTATGGAAGTATTTACGGCTTCAAAGGAGTTTGAATCG CTCAATAAAGGTAATAGACGAACCCAGAATCCTTCGTGGGTAGA CTCGACAAGAGTTATTATTACAGGGATATAAAACCCGACAACAT CTTTCTGATGAACAATTCAAACCTTGTCAAAGTGGGAGATTTTGG ATTAGCAAAAATTCTGGACCAAGAAAACGATTTTGCCAAAACATA CGTCGGTACGCCGTATTACATGTCTCCTGAAGTGCTGTTGGACCA ACCCTACTCACCATTATGTGATATATGGTCTCTTGGGTGCGTCAT GTATGAGCTATGTGCATTGAGGCCTCCTT
84	MET16 5'	GGGTGGGCCTGGTAATGTTCACTCCTAGGAACTACTAGAAAAACT GTGCTAAACGGATTACGTAATTATTATACAAATTCTCTATGGTCT ATGGTACATATGGGCTGGTTCAATAATGAATCTATGAAGAATTTG TGCCCATGGGGACCGTTTCTATAAACGTTCTCTTTATGTTTTC CACCTGCTCTTTGAGTCCGGAAATTCGTTGACAATCTTTTGTCCC AATGTGCGATTGGGCGTATTTAAAGCCCAGCTGTTTTCTCTGAGA AATTGATTCAACTTCCTCACCACTCCACAACTCACGCGTGTAT ATATCAGGGTTTCTACCGTCTTCGATATAATTGACTACGTCCACG GGGATGGGAATGTTCAAATCTGTGTTGTGGAGCTTTTGCAAGTGC TCTACAACCTTGTTAATGTTGTTGGAAAGACCCAATTGACTTTCC GCTGTACCGGCGTAATCGTGCACCTGAACACCCAAATGGATGAG GGTTTCGATGAGTTGACTTAGTTCATTTTCAACTTGATCTAATGTT

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		GTCGCAGGTGCACTCATACTTGTTCATGGAGAATGAAAGTAAGTTG ATAGAGAGCAGACTTCGAGGATGGGATGAACTTGATTAGGTAAT CTTTGACAATGTCTTAGAGGTAGGCAGAGGATGCTGGAAAAAAA AAATTGAAAACGCCAAGCTTCCAGCTTTGCAAGGAAAGAAGAA AAGGGAGTTGCCAGCACGAAATCGGCTTCCTCCGAAAGGTTAC AATTGCAGAATTGTCACCATTCAAATGCCTTTACCCTTCATCTGTG GTACCTCAGGCTAAGAACGGGTCACGTGATATTTTCGACACTCATC GCCACAATATGTACTAGCAAGAACTTTTCAGATTTAGTAATCCGT TCGAAACGGG
85	MET16 3'	CTAGATTTGCACAATATTTGAAAGCTCAGCAAAAACATATGAATAT AATTTTTTTTTTCTCTACACTATTTATCCTGTAAGTTTCTGTTTCCC CATGTAGGATCTTTTTCTCCTTCTCTGTCTCCCATTTTTTTTGTTC CTGTAGTCTTGCCCTTGCCCTGAGATGCGAGCTCGTCCGCCATCCA GTCGTGTGAAGGGCCTAGCTTTTCAAAAAGAAAATACCTCCCGCT AAAGGAGGCGTTGCCCTTCTATCAGTAGTGTCGTAACCAATTTT CACAAACAATAAAAAAAGGACACCAACAACGAAATCAACTATTT ACACACATCCAGATCCGTCCTCCCTCCCATCCAAGAGTTAAAGAC AAATATGGCTGTTAATAATCCGTCTGAATTTAGAAAGAAGTTGGT CGTAGTAGGAGATGGTGCTTGCGGTAAAACCTTGCTATTGATGGT GTTTGCCGAGGGCGAGTTCCCTCCATCTTATGTTCCAAGTGT GAGAACTATGCCACCCAGTAGAGGTTGACAACAGAATAGTACA ACTCACTCTATGGGATACTGCCGGACAGGAAGATTATGATAGACT GAGACCTCTTTCCTATCCCGATGCCAATGTGGTCTTGATTTGTTT GCTATTGACATTCTTGACACCTTAGATAACGTTCAAGAGAAGTGG ATTAGTGAGGTGTTGCATTTCTGTCTGGAGTCCCTATCATTTTA GTTGGTTGTAACTTGACTTGAGAAACGATCCAGAGGTTATCCGT GAATTACAAGCTGTTGGAAAGCAACCAGTCTCCACCAGTGAGGG TCAGGCCGTTGC
86	Sequence of the PpMET16 auxotrophic marker:	CAACTTCCTCACCACCTCCACAACTCACGCGTGTATATATCAGG GTTCTACCGTCTTCGATATAATTGACTACGTCCACGGGGATGGG AATGTTCAAATCTGTGTTGTGGAGCTTTTGCAAGTGCTCTACAAC CTTGTTAATGTTGTTGGAAAGACCAATTGACTTTCCGCTGTACC GGCCTAATCGTGCACCTGAACACCCAAATGGATGAGGGTTTCGAT GAGTTGACTTAGTTCAATTTCAACTTGATCTAATGTTGTCGCAGG TGCCTCATACTTGTTCATGGAGAATGAAAGTAAGTTGATAGAGA GCAGACTTCGAGGATGGGATGAACTTGATTAGGTAATCTTTGACA ATGCTTAGAGGTAGGCAGAGGATGCTGGAAAAAAAATTGAA AACGCCCAAGCTTCCAGCTTTGCAAGGAAAGAAGAAAAGGGAGT TGCCAGCACGAAATCGGCTTCCTCCGAAAGGTTACAATTGCAGA ATTGTCACCATTCAAATGCCTTTACCCTTCATCTGTGGTACCTCAG GCTAAGAACGGGTCACGTGATATTTTCGACACTCATCGCCACAATA TGTACTAGCAAGAACTTTTCAGATTTAGTAATCCGTTTCGAAACGG GAAAAAATGTTTTTACCCTTCTATCAACTGCTAATCTTTCTAGGTT TATACTGCCAGCAGCCCGTTCCAGATACCAACATGCCATTCACTA TAGGCCAGTCAAAAACAGTTTGAACCTCTCCAAGGTCCAAGTGG ACCACCTTAACCTTTCTCTTCAGAATCTCAGTCCAGAAGAAATCA TACAATGGTCTATCATTACCTTCCCACACCTGTATCAAACCTACGG CATTCGGATTGACTGGGTTGTGTATAACTGACATGGTTTCAAAAA TAACAGCCAAAAGAGGCCAAAAGCATGCTATTGACTTGATTTTCA

(continued)

Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		TAGACACCTTACATCATTTTCCACAGACTTTAGATCTCGTTGAAC GAGTCAAAGATAAATACCACTGCAATGTTTCATGTCTTCAAACCAC AGAATGCCACTACTGAGCTCGAGTTTGGGGCGCAATATGGCGAA AACTTATGGGAAACAGATGATAACAAGTATGACTACCTCGTAAA AGTTGAACCCTCACACGTGCCTACCATGCATTAGACGTCTGCGC CGTCTTCACAGGAAGAAGACGGTCTCAAGGTGGTAAAAGGGGAG AATTGCCCCGTGATTGAAATTGATGAAATTTCTCAGGTGGTCAAGA TTAATCCGTTAGCATCCTGGGGGTTTGAACAAGTTCAAAACATA TCCAAGCTAATAGCGTTCCATACAACGAATTGCTGGATTGTTGGAT ACAAGTCAGTTGGAGATTACCATTCCACACAACCCACTAAAAATG GTGAAGATGAAAGAGCAGGCAGGTGGAGAGGTAAACAAAAGAG TGAGTGTGGTATCCACGAAGCTTCTAGATTTGCACAATATTTGAA AGCTCAGCAAAACATATGAATATAATTTTTTTTTTCTCTACACTAT TTATCCTGTAAGTTTCTGTTTCCCCATGTAGGATCTTTTTCTCCTT CTCTGTCTCCCATTTTTTTTTGTTCCCTGTAGTCTTGCCTTGCCTGA GATGCGAGCTCGTCCGCCCATCCAGTCGTGTGAAGGGCCTAGCTT TTCAAAAAGAAAATACCTCCCGCTAAAGGAGGCGTTGCCCTTCT ATCAGTAGTGTGTAACCAATTTTCACAAACAATAAAAAAAGGAC ACCAACAACGAAATCAACTATTTACACACATCCAGATCCGTCCC
87	Sequence of the 5'- Region used for knock out of PpHIS1:	TAACTGGCCCTTTGACGTTTCTGACAATAGTTCTAGAGGAGTCGT CCAAAACTCAACTCTGACTTGGGTGACACCACCGGGATCCGG TTCTTCCGAGGACCTTGATGACCTTGGCTAATGTAAGTGGAGTTT TAGTATCCATTTTAAGATGTGTGTTTCTGTAGGTTCTGGGTTGGA AAAAAATTTTAGACACCAGAAGAGAGGAGTGAAGTGGTTTTCGT GGGTTTAGACTGTGTAAGGCACTACTCTGTGCAAGTTTATAGATAG GGGTTACCCGCTCCGATGCATGGGAAGCGATTAGCCCGGCTGTTG CCCGTTTGGTTTTTGAAGGGTAATTTTCAATATCTCTGTTTGAAGT ATCAATTTTCAATTTCAAAGATTCAAAAACAAAATCTGGTCCAAGG AGCGCATTTAGGATTATGGAGTTGGCGAATCACTTGAACGATAGA CTATTATTTGC
88	Sequence of the 3'- Region used for knock out of PpHIS1:	GTGACATTCTTGTCTTTGAGATCAGTAATTGTAGAGCATAGATAG AATAATATTCAAGACCAACGGCTTCTCTTCGGAAGCTCCAAGTAG CTTATAGTGATGAGTACCGGCATATATTTATAGGCTTAAATTTTC GAGGGTTCATATATTCGTTTGTAGTGGGAAGAGTTCCTTTCACTCT TGTTATCTATATTGTCAGCGTGGACTGTTTATAACTGTACCAACTT AGTTTCTTTCAACTCCAGGTTAAGAGACATAAATGTCCTTTGATG CTGACAATAATCAGTGGAATTCAAGGAAGGACAATCCCGACCTC AATCTGTTTCAATTAATGAAGAGTTCGAATCGTCCTTAAATCAAGCG CTAGACTCAATTGTCAATGAGAACCCTTTCTTTGACCAAGAACT ATAAATAGATCGAATGACAAAGTTGGAAATGAGTCCATTAGCTTA CATGATATTGAGCAGGCAGACCAAAATAAACCCTCCTTTGAGAG CGATATTGATGGTTTCGGCGCCGTTGATAAGAGACGACAAATTGCC AAAGAAACAAAGCTGGGGGCTGAGCAATTTTTTTTTCAAGAAGAA ATAGCATATGTTTACCACTACATGAAAATGATTCAAGTGTGTTA AGACCGAAAGATCTATTGCAGTGGGAACACCCCATCTTCAATACT GCTTCAATGGAATCTCCAATGCCAAGTACAATGCATTTACCTTTT TCCAGTCATCCTATACGAGCAATTCAAATTTTTTTTTCAATTTATA

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		CTTTACTTTTAGTGCGTCTCTCTCAAGCGATACCGCAACTTCGCATT GGATATCTTTCTTCGTATGTCGTCCCACTTTTGTGTTGTAATCATAG TGACCATGTCAAAGAGGCGATGGATGATATTCAACGCCGAAGA AGGGATAGAGAACAACAATGAACCATATGAGGTTCTGTCCAG CCCATCACCAGTTTTGTCCAAAACTTAAATGTGGTCACTTGGT TCGATTGCATAAGGGAATGAGAGTGCCCGCAGATATGGTTCTTGT CCAGTCAAGCGAATCCACCGGAGAGTCATTTATCAAGACAGATCA GCTGGATGGTGAGACTGATTGGAAGCTTCGGATTGTTTCTCCAGT TACACAATCGTTACCAATGACTGAACTTCAAAATGTCCCATCAC TGCAAGCGCACCTCAAAATCAATTCACCTCTTTCTTGGAAAGATT GACCTACAATGGGCAATCATATGGTCTTACGATAGACAACACAAT GTGGTGTAATACTGTATTAGCTTCTGGTTCAGCAATTGGTTGTAT AATTTACACAGGTAAAGATACTCGACAATCGATGAACACAACCTCA GCCCAAACCTGAAAACGGGCTTGTAGAACTGGAAATCAATAGTTT GTCCAAGATCTTATGTGTTTGTGTGTTTGCATTATCTGTCATCTTA GTGCTATTCCAAGGAATAGCTGATGATTGGTACGTCGATATCATG CGGTTTCTCATTCTATTCTCCACTATTATCCAGTGTCTCTGAGAG TTAACCTTGATCTTGGAAGTCAGTCCATGCTCATCAAAATAGAAA CTGATAGCTCAATACCTGAAACCGTTGTAGAACTAGTACAATAC CGGAAGACCTGGGAAGAATTGAATACCTATTAAGTGACAAAACCT GGAACCTTACTCAAAATGATATGGAAATGAAAAAACTACACCTA GGAACAGTCTCTTATGCTGGTGATACCATGGATATTATTTCTGAT CATGTTAAAGGTCTTAATAACGCTAAAACATCGAGGAAAGATCTT GGTATGAGAATAAGAGATTTGGTTACAACCTCTGGCCATCTG
89	Sequence of the PpHIS1 auxotrophic marker:	CAAGTTGCGTCCGGTATACGTAACGTCTCACGATGATCAAAGATA ATACTTAATCTTCATGGTCTACTGAATAACTCATTTAAACAATTG ACTAATTGTACATTATATTGAACTTATGCATCCTATTAACGTAATC TTCTGGCTTCTCTCTCAGACTCCATCAGACACAGAATATCGTTCTC TCTAACTGGTCCTTTGACGTTTCTGACAATAGTTCTAGAGGAGTC GTCCAAAACTCAACTCTGACTTGGGTGACACCACCACGGGATCC GGTCTTCCGAGGACCTTGATGACCTTGGCTAATGTAAGTGGAGT TTTAGTATCCATTTTAAGATGTGTGTTTCTGTAGGTTCTGGGTTGG AAAAAAATTTTAGACACCAGAAGAGAGGAGTGAACCTGGTTTGCG TGGGTTTAGACTGTGTAAGGCACTACTCTGTGCAAGTTTATAGATA GGGGTTACCCGCTCCGATGCATGGGAAGCGATTAGCCCGGCTGTT GCCCGTTTGGTTTTTGAAGGGTAATTTCAATATCTCTGTTTGAGT CATCAATTTATATTCAAAGATTCAAAAACAAAATCTGGTCCAAG GAGCGCATTTAGGATTATGGAGTTGGCGAATCACTTGAACGATA GACTATTATTTGCTGTTCTTAAAGAGGGCAGATTGTATGAGAAAT GCGTTGAATTACTTAGGGGATCAGATATTCAGTTTTCGAAGATCCA GTAGATTGGATATAGCTTTGTGCACTAACCTGCCCTGGCATTGG TTTTCTTCCAGCTGCTGACATTCCCACGTTTGTAGGAGAGGGTA AATGTGATTTGGGTATAACTGGTATTGACCAGGTTCAAGAAAGTG ACGTAGATGTCATACCTTTATTAGACTTGAATTTCCGGTAAGTGCA AGTTGCAGATTCAAGTTCCCGAGAATGGTGACTTGAAAGAACCTA AACAGCTAATTGGTAAAGAAATTGTTTCCTCTTTACTAGCTTAA CCACCAGGTACTTTGAACAACTGGAAGGAGTTAAGCCTGGTGAG CCACTAAAGACAAAAATCAAATATGTTGGAGGGTCTGTTGAGGC

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Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		CTCTTGTGCCCTAGGAGTTGCCGATGCTATTGTGGATCTTGTGTA GAGTGGAGAAAACCATGAAAGCGGCAGGGCTGATCGATATTGAAA CTGTTCTTTCTACTTCCGCTTACCTGATCTCTTCGAAGCATCCTCA ACACCCAGAACTGATGGATACTATCAAGGAGAGAATTGAAGGTG TACTGACTGCTCAGAAGTATGTCTTGTGTAATTACAACGCACCTA GAGGTAACCTTCCTCAGCTGCTAAAACTGACTCCAGGCAAGAGA GCTGCTACCGTTTCTCCATTAGATGAAGAAGATTGGGTGGGAGTG TCCTCGATGGTAGAGAAGAAAGATGTTGGAAGAATCATGGACGA ATTAAAGAAACAAGGTGCCAGTGACATTCTTGTCTTTGAGATCAG TAATTGTAGAGCATAGATAGAATAATATTCAAGACCAACGGCTTC TCTTCGGAAGCTCCAAGTAGCTTATAGTGATGAGTACCGGCATAT ATTTATAGGCTTAAAATTTTCGAGGGTTCCTATATTCGTTTAGTG GGAAGAGTTCCCTTTCCTCTTGTATCTATATTGTCAGCGTGGAC TGTTTATAACTGTACCAACTTAGTTTCTTTCAACTCCAGGTTAAGA GACATAAATGTCTTTGATGC
90	Sequence of the 5'-region that was used to knock into the PpPRO1 locus:	GAAGGGCCATCGAATTGTCATCGTCTCCTCAGGTGCCATCGCTGT GGGCATGAAGAGAGTCAACATGAAGCGGAAACCAAAAAAGTTAC AGCAAGTGCAGGCATTGGCTGCTATAGGACAAGGCCGTTTGATA GGACTTTGGGACGACCTTTTCCGTCAGTTGAATCAGCCTATTGCG CAGATTTTACTGACTAGAACGGATTTGGTTCGATTACACCCAGTTT AAGAACGCTGAAAATACATTGGAACAGCTTATTA AAAATGGGTATT ATTCCTATTGTCAATGAGAATGACACCCTATCCATTCAAGAAATC AAATTTGGTGACAATGACACCTTATCCGCCATAACAGCTGGTATG TGTCATGCAGACTACCTGTTTTTGGTGACTGATGTGGACTGTCTT TACACGGATAACCCTCGTACGAATCCGGACGCTGAGCCAATCGTG TTAGTTAGAAATATGAGGAATCTAAACGTCAATACCGAAAGTGG AGGTTCCGCCGTAGGAACAGGAGGAATGACAACTAAATTGATCG CAGCTGATTTGGGTGTATCTGCAGGTGTTACAACGATTATTTGCA AAAGTGAACATCCCGAGCAGATTTTGGACATTGTAGAGTACAGTA TCCGTGCTGATAGAGTCGAAAATGAGGCTAAATATCTGGTCATCA ACGAAGAGGAACTGTGGAACAATTTCAAGAGATCAATCGGTCA GAACTGAGGGAGTTGAACAAGCTGGACATTCTTTGCATACACGT TTCGTTGGCCACAGTTTTAATGCTGTTAATAACAAAGAGTTTTGG TTA CTCCATGGACTAAAGGCCAACGGAGCCATTATCATTGATCCA GGTGTTATAAGGCTATCACTAGAAAAAACAAAGCTGGTATTCTT CCAGCTGGAATTATTTCCGTAGAGGGTAATTTCCATGAATACGAG TGTGTTGATGTTAAGGTAGGACTAAGAGATCCAGATGACCCACAT TCACTAGACCCCAATGAAGAACTTTACGTCGTTGGCCGTGCCCGT TGTAATTACCCAGCAATCAAAATCAACAAAATTAAGGGTCTACAA AGCTCGCAGATCGAGCAGGTTCTAGGTTACGCTGACGGTGAGTAT GTTGTTACAGGGACA ACTTGGCTTTCCAGTATTTGCCGATCCA GAACTGTTGGATGTTGTTGAGAGTACCCTGTCTGAACAGGAGAG AGAATCCAAACCAATAAATAG
91	Sequence of the 3'-region that was used to knock into the	AATTTACATATGCTGCTTGATTATGTAATTATACCTTGC GTTCGA TGGCATCGATTTCTCTTCTGTCAATCGCGCATCGCATTAAAAGT ATACTTTTTTTTTTTTCTCTATAGTACTATTCGCCTTATTATAAACTT TGCTAGTATGAGTTCTACCCCCAAGAAAGAGCCTGATTTGACTCC TAAGAAGAGTCAGCCTCCAAAGAATAGTCTCGGTGGGGGTAAAG GCTTTAGTGAGGAGGGTTTCTCCCAAGGGGACTTCAGCGCTAAGC

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
5		
10	APPRO1 locus:	ATATACTAAATCGTCGCCCTAACACCGAAGGCTCTTCTGTGGCTT CGAACGTCATCAGTTCGTTCATCATTGCAAAGGTTACCATCCTCTG GATCTGGAAGCGTTGCTGTGGGAAGTGTGTTGGGATCTTCGCCAT TAACTCTTTCTGGAGGGTTCCACGGGCTTGATCCAACCAAGAATA AAATAGACGTTCCAAAGTCGAAACAGTCAAGGAGACAAAGTGTT CTTTCTGACATGATTTCCACTTCTCATGCAGCTAGAAATGATCACT CAGAGCAGCAGTTACAACTGGACAACAATCAGAACAAAAAGAA 15 GAAGATGGTAGTCGATCTTCTTTTCTGTTTCTTCCCCGCAAGA GATATCCGGCAGCCAGATGTACTGAAAACCTGTCGAGAAACATCTT GCCAATGACAGCGAGATCGACTCATCTTTACAACCTCAAGGTGGA GATGTCAGTAGAGGCATTTATCAATGGGTAAGTGGAGAAAGTAG TCAAAAAGATAACCCGCCTTTGAAACGAGCAAATAGTTTAAATGA 20 TTTTCTTCTGTGCATGGTGACGAGGTAGGCAAGGCAGATGCTGA CCACGATCGTGAAAGCGTATTCGACGAGGATGATATCTCCATTGA TGATATCAAAGTTCCGGGAGGGATGCGTCGAAGTTTTTTATTACA AAAGCATAGAGACCAACAACCTTTCTGGACTGAATAAAACGGCTC ACCAACCAAAACAACCTTACTAAACCTAATTTCTTCACGAACAAC 25 TTATAGAGTTTTTGGCATTGTATGGGCATTTTGCAGGTGAAGATT TGGAGGAAGACGAAGATGAAGATTTAGACAGTGGTTCCGAATCA GTCGCAGTCAGTGATAGTGAGGGAGAATTCAGTGAGGCTGACAA CAATTTGTTGTATGATGAAGAGTCTCTCCTATTAGCACCTAGTAC CTCCAACATATGCGAGATCAAGAATAGGAAGTATTCGTACTCCTAC 30 TTATGGATCTTTCAGTTCAAATGTTGGTTCTTCGTCTATTCATCAG CAGTTAATGAAAAGTCAAATCCCGAAGCTGAAGAAACGTGGACA GCACAAGCATAAAACACAATCAAAAATACGCTCGAAGAAGCAAA CTACCACCGTAAAAGCAGTGTTGCTGCTATTAAA
35	92 Truncated hEPO DNA (codon optimized)	GCTCCACCAAGATTGATTTGTGACTCCAGAGTTTTTGGAGAGATAC TTGTTGGAGGCTAAAGAGGCTGAGAACATCACTACTGGTTGTGCT GAACACTGTTTCCTGAACGAGAACATCACAGTTCAGACACTAAG 40 GTTAACTTCTACGCTTGGGAAGAGAATGGAAGTTGGACAACAGGC TGTTGAAGTTTGGCAAGGATTGGCTTTGTTGTCCGAGGCTGTTTT GAGAGGTCAAGCTTTGTTGGTTAACTCCTCCCAACCATGGGAACC ATTGCAATTGCACGTTGACAAGGCTGTTTCTGGATTGAGATCCTT GACTACTTTGTTGAGAGCTTTGGGTGCTCAGAAAGAGGCTATTTT TCCACCAGATGCTGCTTCAGCTGCTCCATTGAGAACTATCACTGC 45 TGACACTTTCAGAAAGTTGTTTCAGAGTTTACTCCAACCTTCTTGAG AGGAAAGTTGAAGTTGTACACTGGTGAAGCTTGTAGAACTGGTG ACTAGTAA
50	93 Truncated hEPO protein	APRLICDSR VLERYLLEAK EAENITTGCA EHCSLNENIT VPDTKVNFYA WKRMEVGQQA VEVWQGLALL SEAVLRGQAL LVNSSQPWEP LQLHVDKAVS GLRSLTLLR ALGAQKEAIS PPDAASAAPL RTITADTFRK LFRVYSNFLR GKLKLYTGEA CRTGD
55	94 Chicken lysosome signal DNA (CLSP)	ATGCTGGGTAAAGAACGACCCAATGTGTCTTGTGTTTGGTCTTGTTG GGATTGACTGCTTTGTTGGGTATCTGTCAAGGT
	95 Chicken lysosome	MLGKNPDMCLVLVLLGLTALLGICQG
	signal peptide (CLSP)	

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
96	Sequence of the PpAde2 gene without its promoter but including its termination sequences	<p>ATGGATTCTCAGGTAATAGGTATTCTAGGAGGAGGCCAGCTAGG CCGAATGATTGTTGAGGCCGCTAGCAGGCTCAATATCAAGACCGT GATTCTTGATGATGGTTTTTCACCTGCTAAGCACATTAATGCTGC GCAAGACCACATCGACGGATCATTCAAAGATGAGGAGGCTATCG CCAAGTTAGCTGCCAAATGTGATGTTCTCACTGTAGAGATTGAGC ATGTCAACACAGATGCTCTAAAGAGAGTTCAAGACAGAAGTGGG ATCAAGATATATCCTTTACCAGAGACAATCGAATAATCAAGGAT AAGTACTTGCAAAAGGAACATTTGATCAAGCACAAACATTTCCGGTG ACAAAGTCTCAGGGTATAGAATCTAATGAAAAGGCGCTGCTTTTG TTTGAGAGAAGAGAATGGATTTCATATCTGTTGAAGTCCCGGACT ATGGCTTATGATGGAAGAGGCAATTTTGTAGTGGAGTCTAAAGA GGACATCAGTAAGGCATTAGAATTCTTGAAAGATCGTCCATTGTA TGCCGAGAAGTTTGCTCCTTTTGTAAAGAATTAGCGGTAATGGT TGTGAGATCACTGGAAGGCGAAGTATTCTCCTACCCAACCGTAGA AACTGTGCACAAGGACAATATCTGTCATATTGTGTATGCTCCGGC CAGAGTTAATGACACCATCCAAAAGAAAGCTCAAATATTAGCTGA AAACACTGTGAAGACTTTCCAGGCGCTGGAATCTTCGGAGTTGA GATGTTCTATTGTCTGATGGAGAACTTCTGTAAATGAGATTGC TCCAAGGCCCCACAATTCTGGTCACTATAACAATCGATGCATGTGT AACATCTCAGTTCGAAGCACATGTAAGAGCCATAACTGGTCTGCC AATGCCACTAGATTTACCAAATCTACTTCCAACACCAACGC TATTATGCTCAATGTTTTGGGTGCTGAAAAATCTCACGGGGAATT AGAGTTTTGTAGAAGAGCCTTAGAAACACCCGGTGCTTCTGTATA TCTGTACGGAAAGACCACCCGATTGGCTCGTAAGATGGGTCATAT CAACATAATAGGATCTTCCATGTTGGAAGCAGAACAAAAGTTAG AGTACATTCTAGAAGAATCAACCCACTTACCATCCAGTACTGTAT CAGCTGACACTAAACCGTTGGTTGGAGTTATCATGGGTTGAGACT CTGATCTACCTGTGATTTGAAAGGTTGCGATATTTTAAACAGT TTGGTGTTCATTCGAAGTTACTATTGTCTCTGCTCATAGAACACC ACAGAGAATGACCAGATATGCCTTTGAAGCCGCTAGTAGAGGTA TCAAGGCTATCATTGCAGGTGCTGGTGGTGCTGCTCATCTTCCAG GAATGGTTGCTGCCATGACTCCGTTGCCAGTCATTGGTGTTCCTG TCAAGGGCTCTACGTTGGATGGTGTAGACTCGCTACACTCGATTG TCCAAATGCCTAGAGGTGTTCTGTGGCTACGGTTGCTATCAACA ACGCCACCAATGCCGCTCTGTTGGCCATCAGGATTTTAGGTACAA TTGACCACAAATGGCAAAAGGAAATGTCCAAGTATATGAATGCA ATGGAGACCGAAGTGTTGGGGAAGGCATCCAACCTGGAATCTGA AGGGTATGAATCCTATTTGAAGAATCGTCTTTGAATTTAGTATTGTT TTTTAATAGATGTATATATAATAGTACACGTAACCTTATCTATTCCATTCA TAATTTTATTTTAAAGGTTCCGGTAGAAATTTGTCTCCAAAAAGTTGGT TAGAGCCTGGCAGTTTGTAGAGCATTATTATAGATTGGGTAATATTT ACCCTGCACCTGGAGGAACCTTGCAAAGAGCCTCATGTGC</p>
97	PpADE2	<p>MDSQVIGILGGGQLGRMIVEAASRLNIKTIVLDDGFSPAKHINAAQD HIDGSFKDEEAIKLAACDVLTVIEHVNTDALKRVQDRTGIKIYP LPETIELIKDKYLQKEHLIKHNISVTKSQGIESNEKALLLFGEENGFPY LLKSRTMAYDGRGNFVVESKEDISKALEFLKDRPLYAEKFAPFVKEL</p>

(continued)

Table 14		
SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		AVMVVRSLEGEVFSYPTVETVHKDNICHIVYAPARVNDTIQKKAQIL AENTVKTFPGAGIFGVEMFLLSDGELLVNEIAPRPHNSGHYTIDACV TSQFEAHVRAITGLPMLDFTKLSTSNNAIMLNVLGAEKSHGELEF CRRALETPGASVYLYGKTTRLARKMGHINIIGSSMLEAEQKLEYILE ESTHLPSSSTVSADTKPLVGVIMGSDSDLPVISKGCDILKQFGVPFEVT IVSAHRTPQRMTRYAFEAAARGIKAIAGAGGAAHLPGMVAAMTPLP VIGVPVKGSTLDGVDLSIVQMPRGVPVATVAINNATNAALLAIRI LGTIDHKWQKEMSKYMNAMETEVLGKASNLESEGYESYLKNRL
98	PpTRP2: 5' and ORF	ACTGGGCCCTTTAGAGGGTGCTGAAGTTGACCCCTTGGTGCTTCTG GAAAAAGAACTGAAGGGCACCAGACAAGCGCAACTTCCTGGTAT TCCTCGTCTAAGTGGTGGTGCCATAGGATACATCTCGTACGATTG TATTAAGTACTTTGAACCAAAAACTGAAAGAAAAGTAAAGATGT TTTGCAACTTCCGGAAGCAGCTTTGATGTTGTTTCGACACGATCGT GGCTTTTGACAATGTTTATCAAAGATTCCAGGTAATTGGAAACGT TTCTCTATCCGTTGATGACTCGGACGAAGCTATTCTTGAGAAATA TTATAAGACAAGAGAAGAAGTGGAAAAGATCAGTAAAGTGGTAT TTGACAATAAACTGTTCCCTACTATGAACAGAAAGATATTATTC AAGGCCAAACGTTACCTCTAATATTGGTCAGGAAGGGTATGAA AACCATGTTTCGCAAGCTGAAAGAACATATTCTGAAAGGAGACAT CTTCCAAGCTGTTCCCTCTCAAAGGGTAGCCAGGCCGACCTCATT GCACCCTTTCAACATCTATCGTCATTTGAGAACTGTCAATCCTTCT CCATACATGTTCTATATTGACTATCTAGACTTCCAAGTTGTTGGTG CTTACCTGAATTACTAGTTAAATCCGACAACAACAACAAAATCA TCACACATCCTATTGCTGGAACCTTCCCAGAGGTAAGAACTATCG AAGAGGACGACAATTATGCTAAGCAATTGAAGTCGTCTTTGAAA GACAGGGCCGAGCACGTCATGCTGGTAGATTTGGCCAGAAATGA TATTAACCGTGTGTGTGAGCCCACCAGTACCACGGTTGATCGTTT ATTGACTGTGGAGAGATTTTCTCATGTGATGCATCTTGTGTCAGA AGTCAGTGGAACATTGAGACCAAACAAGACTCGCTTCGATGCTTT CAGATCCATTTTCCCAGCAGGTACCGTCTCCGGTGCTCCGAAGGT AAGAGCAATGCAACTCATAGGAGAATTGGAAGGAGAAAAGAGAG GTGTTTATGCGGGGGCCGTAGGACACTGGTCGTACGATGGAAAA TCGATGGACACATGTATTGCCTTAAGAACAATGGTCGTCAAGGAC GGTGTCGCTTACCTTCAAGCCGGAGGTGGAATTGTCTACGATTCT GACCCCTATGACGAGTACATCGAAACCATGAACAAAATGAGATC CAACAATAACACCATCTTGGAGGCTGAGAAAATCTGGACCGATA GGTGGCCAGAGACGAG AATCAAAGTGAATCCGAAGAAAACGATCAATGA
99	PpTRP2 3' region	ACGGAGGACGTAAGTAGGAATTTATGTAATCATGCCAATACATCT TTAGATTTCTTCCTCTTCTTTTAAACGAAAGACCTCCAGTTTTCGA CTCTCGACTCTCTAGTATCTTCCCATTTCTGTTGCTGCAACCTCTT GCCTTCTGTTTCCTTCAATTGTTCTTCTTTCTTCTGTTGCACTTGG CCTTCTTCCTCCATCTTTCGTTTTTTTTCAAGCCTTTTCAGCAGTTC TTCTTCCAAGAGCAGTTCTTTGATTTTCTCTCTCCAATCCACCAAA AAAGTGGATGAATTCAACCGGGCATCATCAATGTTCCACTTTCTT TCTCTTATCAATAATCTACGTGCTTCGGCATAACGAGGAATCCAGT TGCTCCCTAATCGAGTCATCCACAAGGTTAGCATGGGCCTTTTTC AGGGTGTCAAAGCATCTGGAGCTCGTTTATTCGGAGTCTTGTCT GGATGGATCAGCAAAGACTTTTTGCGGAAAGTCTTCTTATATCT

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
		TCCGGAGAACAACCTGGTTTCAAATCCAAGATGGCATAGCTGTCC AATTTGAAAGTGGAAAGAATCCTGCCAATTTCTTCTCTCGTGTC AGCTCGTTCTCCTCCTTTTGCAACAGGTCCACTTCATCTGGCATT TTCTTTATGTTAACTTTAATTATTATTAATTATAAAGTTGATTATC GTTATCAAAATAATCATATTTCGAGAAATAATCCGTCCATGCAATA TATAAATAAGAATTCATAATAATGTAATGATAACAGTACCTCTGA TGACCTTTGATGAACCGCAATTTTCTTTCCAATGACAAGACATCC CTATAATACAATTATACAGTTTATATATACAAATAATCACCTTTT TATAAGAAAACCGTCCTCTCCGTAACAGAACTTATTATCCGCACG TTATGGTTAACACACTACTAATACCGATATAGTGTATGAAGTCGC TACGAGATAGCCATCCAGGAACTTACCAATTCATCAGCACTTTC ATGATCCGATTGTTGGCTTTATTCTTTGCGAGACAGATACTTGCC AATGAAATAACTGATCCCACAGATGAGAATCCGGTGCTCGT
100	Pp ADE2 5' region	CTTAAAATCATCTGCCTCACCCACCGACCAATGGGAATTCTAGA AACAAATTTTCATTGCTCTTCTTCTCGTTACCATAAGAATCGGCTGTC ATGTTTGACTTAACGAACCCTGGAACAAGGGAATTCACGGTAATA CCTTTTGGAGCAAGTTCAACCGATAGAGCCTTCATTAATGAGTTG ATTGCACCTTTGGTGGTCGCATATACCGATTGATTCGGGTAGGTC ACTTCGAACTGTACAGGGAGGCAGTAAAGATGATCCTACCCTTA ATCTGGTTCTTAATAAAGTGTTTAGTGACTAGCTGTGTCAATCTA AATGGAAAATCGACATTTACCTTTTGGATAGCCGCGTAATCTTTC TCCGTAAAACCTGTAACTCAGATTTAATGGCAATGGCAGCGTTG TTGATTAAAATGTCAATCTTTCCAGTGGAACCTTCTCCACCGCA GGACTCGTTACGGTCTCTTCCAGCTTTGCAAGATCGGCATCCACT AGATCCAACCTCAATTGTATGTATGGAGGCACCATCGGCATTTGAC ATTCTCACCTCTTCAATGAAAGCCGTTGGGTCTGTAGAAGGTCTA TGGATAAGAATAAGTTCTGCACCTGCTTCATAAAGTCCTCGAACT ATTCTTGGCCTAATCCGCTGGTACCACCGGTGATCAAGGCGACC TTACCATTCAAAGAAAACAAATCAGCGGACATTAGCGACTTGAAT AGGGAATGGGTTAGACAAATGAAAGCCGACGAGCCAGCACTTTA TAGTAAGTGCAGGTGAGTCAATAAGAATAAATGTATGGCTTGCTG TCCCTATCGCGTAAGAAGCTTACTAAGATCGCCTAAATTGAAAAG TTGAACAAATCAGTTCTAGCTGGCCTCCATCAGCATTTTCGTTCTC CTCTGATCATCTTTGCCAATCGCTAGCATGCCCTCAGCGTGCAAG GAAAAGCACGCTTCTTTCTTATCGACGTATTTTCAACTATGGCAG AGCCAGGTTAGCAAGTC

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
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		AAGGTTTCGATTTGAGAACAGGTTTCATCATCAGAGTCAACCAACC CAATGTCAATGGCAGGCTCCAACGAAGTAGGTCCAACAACAACA GGAAGTATTTGACCTTGAAGATCTGTTCTTTATGATCCACCACA CCTTGCCCCAATTCCAATAACTTTACCAGTCCCGATGCAGACATG ATAAGTGGTACTAATGATCTCCATTGATTTTCGTCGGCACTACGT AAAGCCTCCAAAAATGAATTCAGAATATCTTCTGAACTAGATTC TGCTTCTGTGATTCAAGCATTGCTTTATGTAGACATCTCTTGAATA AAAGCAATTCTCCACATATTGGTGTGTGTAAGATAGATCTGGAAA GATGTATCTGGAATAGTCCAGTCAACGTTGTGCAATTGATTAGCA TTACCTTACTGTGAACATCTCTATCTACAACAACAGACTCAATTC GATAGACGTTCCGGGAAAGTTTTTCAAGCGCATTGAGTTTGCTGT TGAACAAAGTGACTTTGCTTTCCAATGTGCAAATACCCCTGTATA TCAAGTCCATCACATCACTCAAGACCTTGGTGGAAAAGAATGAAA CAGCTGGAGCATAATTTTCGAATGAATTAGGTAAGGTCACTTCAT CCTTATCTGTTGTAATGCTATAATCAATAGCGGAACATAACATCTT CCCATGTAACAGGTTTCTTGATCTCTGAATCTGAATCTTTATTTGA AAAAGAATTGAAAAAAGACTCATCACTCATTGGGAATTCAAGGT CATTAGGGTATTCCATTGTTAGTTCTGGTCTAGGTTTAAAGGGAT CACCTTCGTTAAGACGATGGAAAATAGCTAATCTGTACAATAACC AGATACTTCTAACGAAGCTCTCTCTATCCATCAGTTGACGTGTTG AGGATATCTGAACTAGCTCTTTCCACTGCGAATCAGGCATGCTCG TATAGCTGGCAAGCATGTTATTCAGCTTTACCAAGTTAGAAGCCC TTTGGAAACCATCTATAGATTCCCGAAAAAACTTATACCCACTGA GGGTTTCACTGAGCATAGTCAGTGACATCAAAGAGCATTTCAAAT CCATCTCA

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
102	NATR ORF	ATGGGTACCACTCTTGACGACACGGCTTACCGGTACCGCACCAGT GTCCCGGGGGACGCCGAGGCCATCGAGGCACTGGATGGGTCCTT CACCACCGACACCGTCTTCCGCGTCACCGCCACCGGGGACGGCTT CACCCTGCGGGAGGTGCCGGTGGACCCGCCCTGACCAAGGTGT TCCCCGACGACGAATCGGACGACGAATCGGACGACGGGGAGGAC GGCGACCCGACTCCCGGACGTTCTGTCGCGTACGGGGACGACGG CGACCTGGCGGGCTTCGTGGTCGTCTCGTACTCCGGCTGGAACCG CCGGCTGACCGTCGAGGACATCGAGGTGCCCCGGAGCACCGGG GGCACGGGGTTCGGGCGCGCTTGATGGGGCTCGCGACGGAGTTC GCCCGCGAGCGGGGCGCCGGGCACCTCTGGCTGGAGGTACCAA CGTCAACGCACCGGCGATCCACGCGTACCGGCGGATGGGGTTCA CCCTCTGCGGCCTGGACACCGCCCTGTACGACGGCACC GCCTCGG ACGGCGAGCAGGCGCTCTACATGAGCATGCCCTGCCCTAATCAG TACTG
103	HygR ORF	ATGGGTAAAAAGCCTGAACTACCGCGACGTCTGTGAGAAGTTT CTGATCGAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCG GAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAGGAGGGCG TGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAA AGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCTCCCGAT TCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCT ATTGCATCTCCCGCCGTGCACAGGGTGTCACGTTGCAAGACCTGC CTGAAACCGAACTGCCCCGTGTTCTGCAGCCGGTTCGCGGAGGCC ATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTT CGGCCCATTCGGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGC
		GTGATTTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACTGGC AAAGTGTGATGGACGACACCGTCAGTGCGTCCGTGCGGCAGGCT CTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCG GCACCTCGTGACGCGGATTTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCTTGACGGA CAATGGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGT TCGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTCTGGAGGC CGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGACGCGCTACTTCGAGCGG AGGCATCCGAGCTTGCAGGATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATAT GCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGG CAATTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAA TCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGCGTACACAAATCGCC CGCAGAAGCGCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACT CGCCGATAGTGGAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAA AGGAATAG

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
104	<i>PpPEP4</i> region (including upstream knock-out fragment, promoter, open reading frame, and downstream knock-out fragment)	ATTTGAGTCACCTGCTTTAGGGCTGGAAGATATTTGGTTACTAGA TTTTAGTACAAACTCTTGCTTTGTCAATGACATTAAAATAGGCAA GAATCGCAAAACTCAAATATTTTCATGGAGATGAGATATGCTTGTT CAAAGATGCCAGAAAAAGCAACTCGTTTATAGGGTTCATAT TGATGATGGAACAGGCCTTTTCCAGGGAGGTGAAAGAACCCAAG CCAATTCTGATGACATTCTGGATATTGATGAGGTGATGAAAAGT TAAGAGAACTATTGACAAGAGCCTCAAGGAAACGGCATATCACC CCTGCATTGGAAACTCCTGATAAACGTGTAAAAAGAGCTTATTTG AACAGTATTACTGATAACTCTTGATGGACCTTAAAGATGTATAAT AGTAGACAGAATTCATAATGGTGAGATTAGGTAATCGTCCGGAA TAGGAATAGTGGTTTGGGGCGATTAATCGCACCTGCCTTATATGG TAAGTACCTTGACCGATAAGGTGGCAACTATTTAGAACAAAGCAA GCCACCTTTCTTTATCTGTAACCTCTGTCTGAAGCAAGCATCTTTACT AGAGAACATCTAAACCATTTTACATTCTAGAGTTCCATTTCTCAA TTACTGATAATCAATTTAAAGATGATATTTGACGGTACTACGATG TCAATTGCCATTGGTTTGTCTCTCTACTCTAGGTATTGGTGCTGAA GCCAAAGTTCATTCTGCTAAGATACACAAGCATCCAGTCTCAGAA ACTTTAAAGAGGCCAATTTTGGGCAGTATGTCTCTGCTCTGGAA CATAAATATGTTTCTCTGTTCACGAACAAAATGCTTTGTCCAAG TCGAATTTTATGTCTCAGCAAGATGGTTTTGCCGTTGAAGCTTCG CATGATGCTCCACTTACAACTATCTTAACGCTCAGTATTTTACTG AGGTATCATTAGGTACCCCTCCACAATCGTTCAAGGTGATTCTTG ACACAGGATCCTCCAATTTATGGGTTCCCTAGCAAAGATTGTGGAT CATTAGCTTGCTTCTTGATGCTAAGTATGACCATGATGAGTCTT CTACTTATAAGAAGAATGGTAGTAGCTTTGAAATTAGGTATGGAT CCGGTTCCATGGAAGGGTATGTTTCTCAGGATGTGTTGCAAATTG GGGATTTGACCATTCCCAAAGTTGATTTTGCTGAGGCCACATCGG AGCCGGGGTTGGCCTTCGCTTTTGGCAAATTTGACGGAATTTTGG GGCTTGCTTATGATTCAATATCAGTAAATAAGATTGTTCTCTCAA TTTACAAGGCTTTGGAATTAGATCTCCTTGACGAACCAAAATTTG CCTTCTACTTGGGGGATACGGACAAAGATGAATCCGATGGCGGTT TGGCCACATTTGGTGGTGTGGACAAATCTAAGTATGAAGGAAAG ATCACCTGGTTGCCTGTCAGAAAGAAAGGCTTACTGGGAGGTCTCT TTTGATGGTGTAGGTTTGGGATCCGAATATGCTGAATTGCAAAAA ACTGGTGCAGCCATCGACACTGGAACCTCATTGATTGCTTTGCCC

(continued)

Table 14

SEQ ID NO:	Description	Sequence
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105	<i>Ashbya gossypii</i> TEF1 promoter	GATCTGTTTAGCTTGCCCTCGTCCCCGCCGGGTCACCCGGCCAGCG ACATGGAGGCCCAGAATACCCTCCTTGACAGTCTTGACGTGCGCA GCTCAGGGGCATGATGTGACTGTGCGCCGTACATTTAGCCCATAC ATCCCCATGTATAATCATTTGCATCCATACATTTTGATGGCCGCA CGGCGCGAAGCAAAAATTACGGCTCCTCGCTGCAGACCTGCGAG CAGGGAAACGCTCCCCTCACAGACGCGTTGAATTGTCCCCACGCC GCGCCCCTGTAGAGAAATATAAAAGGTTAGGATTTGCCACTGAG GTTCTTCTTTCATATACTTCCTTTTAAAATCTTGCTAGGATACAGT TCTCACATCACATCCGAACATAAACAACC
106	<i>Ashbya gossypii</i> TEF1 termination sequence	TAATCAGTACTGACAATAAAAAAGATTCTTGTTTTCAAGAACTTGT CATTTGTATAGTTTTTTTTTATATTGTAGTTGTTCTATTTTAATCAAA TGTTAGCGTGATTTATATTTTTTTTTTCGCCTCGACATCATCTGCCCA GATGCGAAGTTAAGTGCGCAGAAAAGTAATATCATGCGTCAATCG TATGTGAATGCTGGTCGCTATACTGCTGTCGATTGATACTAACG CCGCCATCCAGTGTCGAAAAC

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 Trp Tyr Asp Glu Lys Asp Ala Lys Trp His Leu Tyr Phe Gln Tyr Asn

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	Ile	Ala	Trp	Ala	Ser	Asn	Trp	Glu	Tyr	Ser	Ala	Phe	Val	Pro	Thr	Asn
	305				310						315					320
40	Pro	Trp	Arg	Ser	Ser	Met	Ser	Leu	Val	Arg	Lys	Phe	Ser	Leu	Asn	Thr
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	Glu	Tyr	Gln	Ala	Asn	Pro	Glu	Thr	Glu	Leu	Ile	Asn	Leu	Lys	Ala	Glu
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$\langle 222 \rangle$ (1024)...(2007)

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	Gln	Phe	Ile	Cys	Ile	Lys	Gly	Val	Asn	Met	Leu	Ala	Ser	Asn	Thr	Asp
				260					265					270		
40	Ala	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser	Val	Val	Leu	Leu	Val	Arg	Lys	Phe	Val	Ser	Leu
			275					280					285			
	Leu	Leu	Ser	Val	Tyr	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Val	Leu	Ser	Val	Thr	Ala	Tyr
		290					295					300				
	Leu	Gly	Thr	Ile	Thr	Val	Phe	Leu	Gly	Ala	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Tyr	Gly
45	305					310					315					320
	Ser	Val	Lys	Thr	Ala	Leu	Pro	Arg								
					325											

<210> 5
 <211> 108
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

50

<220>
 <223> Encodes Mnn2 leader (53)

55

<400> 5
 atgctgctta ccaaaaggtt ttcaaagctg ttcaagctga cgttcatagt ttgatattg 60

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tgcgggctgt tcgtcattac aaacaaatac atggatgaga acacgtcg 108

<210> 6

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Mnn2 leader (53)

<400> 6

Met	Leu	Leu	Thr	Lys	Arg	Phe	Ser	Lys	Leu	Phe	Lys	Leu	Thr	Phe	Ile
1				5				10					15		
Val	Leu	Ile	Leu	Cys	Gly	Leu	Phe	Val	Ile	Thr	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Met	Asp
			20					25					30		
Glu	Asn	Thr	Ser												
			35												

<210> 7

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Encodes Mnn2 leader (54). The last 9 nucleotides are the linker containing the Ascl restriction site)

<400> 7

atgctgctta	ccaaaagggt	ttcaaagctg	ttcaagctga	cgttcatagt	tttgatattg	60
tcgcccgtgt	tcgtcattac	aaacaaatac	atggatgaga	acacgtcggg	caaggagtac	120
aaggagtact	tagacagata	tgtccagagt	tactccaata	agtattcatc	ttcctcagac	180
gccgccagcg	ctgacgattc	aacccattg	agggacaatg	atgaggcagg	caatgaaaag	240
ttgaaaagct	tctacaacaa	cgtttttcaac	tttctaattg	ttgattcgcc	cgggcgcgcc	300

<210> 8

<211> 100

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Mnn2 leader (54).

<400> 8

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Met Leu Leu Thr Lys Arg Phe Ser Lys Leu Phe Lys Leu Thr Phe Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Val Leu Ile Leu Cys Gly Leu Phe Val Ile Thr Asn Lys Tyr Met Asp
 20 25 30
 Glu Asn Thr Ser Val Lys Glu Tyr Lys Glu Tyr Leu Asp Arg Tyr Val
 35 40 45
 Gln Ser Tyr Ser Asn Lys Tyr Ser Ser Ser Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala
 50 55 60
 Asp Asp Ser Thr Pro Leu Arg Asp Asn Asp Glu Ala Gly Asn Glu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Lys Ser Phe Tyr Asn Asn Val Phe Asn Phe Leu Met Val Asp Ser
 85 90 95
 Pro Gly Arg Ala
 100

<210> 9
 <211> 57
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Encodes S. cerevisiae Mating Factor pre signal sequence

<400> 9
 atgagattcc catcatctt cactgctgtt ttgtcgctg ctcttctgc ttggct 57

<210> 10
 <211> 19
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> S. cerevisiae Mating Factor pre signal sequence

<400> 10

Met Arg Phe Pro Ser Ile Phe Thr Ala Val Leu Phe Ala Ala Ser Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Leu Ala

<210> 11
 <211> 99
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Encodes Pp SEC12 (10)

<400> 11

atgcccagaa aaatatttaa ctacttcatt ttgactgtat tcatggcaat tcttgctatt 60
 gttttacaat ggtctataga gaatggacat gggcgcgcc 99

<210> 12
 <211> 33
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>

<223> Pp SEC12 (10)

<400> 12

5

Met	Pro	Arg	Lys	Ile	Phe	Asn	Tyr	Phe	Ile	Leu	Thr	Val	Phe	Met	Ala
1				5					10					15	
Ile	Leu	Ala	Ile	Val	Leu	Gln	Trp	Ser	Ile	Glu	Asn	Gly	His	Gly	Arg
			20					25					30		
Ala															

10

<210> 13

<211> 183

<212> DNA

15

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Encodes ScMnt1 (Kre2) (33)

20

<400> 13

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gttctcctcc	taacattgaa	ttccaacagt	agaactcagc	aatatattcc	gagttccatc	120
tccgctgcat	ttgattttac	ctcaggatct	atatcccttg	aacaacaagt	catcgggcgc	180
gcc						183

25

<210> 14

<211> 61

<212> PRT

30

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> ScMnt1 (Kre2) (33)

35

<400> 14

Met	Ala	Leu	Phe	Leu	Ser	Lys	Arg	Leu	Leu	Arg	Phe	Thr	Val	Ile	Ala
1				5					10					15	
Gly	Ala	Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Leu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Ser	Arg	Thr
			20					25					30		
Gln	Gln	Tyr	Ile	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ala	Phe	Asp	Phe	Thr	Ser
		35					40					45			
Gly	Ser	Ile	Ser	Pro	Glu	Gln	Gln	Val	Ile	Gly	Arg	Ala			
	50					55					60				

45

<210> 15

<211> 318

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

50

<220>

<223> Encodes ScSEC12 (8)

<400> 15

55

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caaaaaaatct ctaaattttt caccaacttc atccttattg tgctgctttc ttacatttta 120
cagttctcct ataagcaciaa tttgcattcc atgcttttca attacgcgaa ggacaatttt 180
ctaacgaaaa gagacaccat ctcttcgccc tacgtagttg atgaagactt acatcaaaca 240
actttgtttg gcaaccacgg tacaataaaca tctgtaccta gcgtagattc cataaaaagtg 300
catggcgtgg ggcgcgcc                                     318

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<210> 16

<211> 106

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> ScSEC12 (8)

<400> 16

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Met Asn Thr Ile His Ile Ile Lys Leu Pro Leu Asn Tyr Ala Asn Tyr
1      5      10      15
Thr Ser Met Lys Gln Lys Ile Ser Lys Phe Phe Thr Asn Phe Ile Leu
20      25      30
Ile Val Leu Leu Ser Tyr Ile Leu Gln Phe Ser Tyr Lys His Asn Leu
35      40      45
His Ser Met Leu Phe Asn Tyr Ala Lys Asp Asn Phe Leu Thr Lys Arg
50      55      60
Asp Thr Ile Ser Ser Pro Tyr Val Val Asp Glu Asp Leu His Gln Thr
65      70      75      80
Thr Leu Phe Gly Asn His Gly Thr Lys Thr Ser Val Pro Ser Val Asp
85      90      95
Ser Ile Lys Val His Gly Val Gly Arg Ala
100      105

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<210> 17

<211> 981

<212> DNA

<213> Mus musculus

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (1)...(978)

<223> encodes MmSLC35A3 UDP-GlcNAc transporter

<400> 17

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	Met Ser Ala Asn Leu Lys Tyr Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile Leu Val Phe Gln	
	1 5 10 15	
5	act acc agt ctg gtt cta acg atg cgg tat tct agg act tta aaa gag	96
	Thr Thr Ser Leu Val Leu Thr Met Arg Tyr Ser Arg Thr Leu Lys Glu	
	20 25 30	
10	gag ggg cct cgt tat ctg tct tct aca gca gtg gtt gtg gct gaa ttt	144
	Glu Gly Pro Arg Tyr Leu Ser Ser Thr Ala Val Val Val Ala Glu Phe	
	35 40 45	
15	ttg aag ata atg gcc tgc atc ttt tta gtc tac aaa gac agt aag tgt	192
	Leu Lys Ile Met Ala Cys Ile Phe Leu Val Tyr Lys Asp Ser Lys Cys	
	50 55 60	
20	agt gtg aga gca ctg aat aga gta ctg cat gat gaa att ctt aat aag	240
	Ser Val Arg Ala Leu Asn Arg Val Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Asn Lys	
	65 70 75 80	
25	ccc atg gaa acc ctg aag ctc gct atc ccg tca ggg ata tat act ctt	288
	Pro Met Glu Thr Leu Lys Leu Ala Ile Pro Ser Gly Ile Tyr Thr Leu	
	85 90 95	
30	cag aac aac tta ctc tat gtg gca ctg tca aac cta gat gca gcc act	336
	Gln Asn Asn Leu Leu Tyr Val Ala Leu Ser Asn Leu Asp Ala Ala Thr	
	100 105 110	
35	tac cag gtt aca tat cag ttg aaa ata ctt aca aca gca tta ttt tct	384
	Tyr Gln Val Thr Tyr Gln Leu Lys Ile Leu Thr Thr Ala Leu Phe Ser	
	115 120 125	
40	gtg tct atg ctt ggt aaa aaa tta ggt gtg tac cag tgg ctc tcc cta	432
	Val Ser Met Leu Gly Lys Lys Leu Gly Val Tyr Gln Trp Leu Ser Leu	
	130 135 140	
45	gta att ctg atg gca gga gtt gct ttt gta cag tgg cct tca gat tct	480
	Val Ile Leu Met Ala Gly Val Ala Phe Val Gln Trp Pro Ser Asp Ser	
	145 150 155 160	
50	caa gag ctg aac tct aag gac ctt tca aca ggc tca cag ttt gta ggc	528
	Gln Glu Leu Asn Ser Lys Asp Leu Ser Thr Gly Ser Gln Phe Val Gly	
	165 170 175	
55	ctc atg gca gtt ctc aca gcc tgt ttt tca agt ggc ttt gct gga gtt	576
	Leu Met Ala Val Leu Thr Ala Cys Phe Ser Ser Gly Phe Ala Gly Val	
	180 185 190	
60	tat ttt gag aaa atc tta aaa gaa aca aaa cag tca gta tgg ata agg	624
	Tyr Phe Glu Lys Ile Leu Lys Glu Thr Lys Gln Ser Val Trp Ile Arg	
	195 200 205	
65	aac att caa ctt ggt ttc ttt gga agt ata ttt gga tta atg ggt gta	672
	Asn Ile Gln Leu Gly Phe Phe Gly Ser Ile Phe Gly Leu Met Gly Val	
	210 215 220	
70	tac gtt tat gat gga gaa ttg gtc tca aag aat gga ttt ttt cag gga	720
	Tyr Val Tyr Asp Gly Leu Val Ser Lys Asn Gly Phe Phe Gln Gly	
	225 230 235 240	
75	tat aat caa ctg acg tgg ata gtt gtt gct ctg cag gca ctt gga ggc	768
	Tyr Asn Gln Leu Thr Trp Ile Val Val Ala Leu Gln Ala Leu Gly Gly	

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	245	250	255			
5	ctt gta ata gct gct gtc atc aaa tat gca gat aac att tta aaa gga Leu Val Ile Ala Ala Val Ile Lys Tyr Ala Asp Asn Ile Leu Lys Gly	260	265	270	816	
10	ttt gcg acc tcc tta tcc ata ata ttg tca aca ata ata tct tat ttt Phe Ala Thr Ser Leu Ser Ile Ile Leu Ser Thr Ile Ile Ser Tyr Phe	275	280	285	864	
15	tgg ttg caa gat ttt gtg cca acc agt gtc ttt ttc ctt gga gcc atc Trp Leu Gln Asp Phe Val Pro Thr Ser Val Phe Phe Leu Gly Ala Ile	290	295	300	912	
20	ctt gta ata gca gct act ttc ttg tat ggt tac gat ccc aaa cct gca Leu Val Ile Ala Ala Thr Phe Leu Tyr Gly Tyr Asp Pro Lys Pro Ala	305	310	315	320	960
25	gga aat ccc act aaa gca tag Gly Asn Pro Thr Lys Ala	325			981	

<210> 18

<211> 326

<212> PRT

<213> Mus musculus

<400> 18

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	Met	Ser	Ala	Asn	Leu	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ile	Leu	Val	Phe	Gln
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	Thr	Thr	Ser	Leu	Val	Leu	Thr	Met	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Thr	Leu	Lys	Glu
				20					25					30		
5	Glu	Gly	Pro	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ala	Val	Val	Val	Ala	Glu	Phe
			35					40					45			
	Leu	Lys	Ile	Met	Ala	Cys	Ile	Phe	Leu	Val	Tyr	Lys	Asp	Ser	Lys	Cys
	50						55					60				
	Ser	Val	Arg	Ala	Leu	Asn	Arg	Val	Leu	His	Asp	Glu	Ile	Leu	Asn	Lys
10	65					70					75					80
	Pro	Met	Glu	Thr	Leu	Lys	Leu	Ala	Ile	Pro	Ser	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Leu
					85					90					95	
	Gln	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Val	Ala	Leu	Ser	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ala	Thr
				100					105					110		
	Tyr	Gln	Val	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ile	Leu	Thr	Thr	Ala	Leu	Phe	Ser
15			115					120					125			
	Val	Ser	Met	Leu	Gly	Lys	Lys	Leu	Gly	Val	Tyr	Gln	Trp	Leu	Ser	Leu
		130					135					140				
	Val	Ile	Leu	Met	Ala	Gly	Val	Ala	Phe	Val	Gln	Trp	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ser
	145					150					155					160
20	Gln	Glu	Leu	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ser	Thr	Gly	Ser	Gln	Phe	Val	Gly
				165						170					175	
	Leu	Met	Ala	Val	Leu	Thr	Ala	Cys	Phe	Ser	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ala	Gly	Val
			180						185					190		
	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ile	Leu	Lys	Glu	Thr	Lys	Gln	Ser	Val	Trp	Ile	Arg
25			195					200					205			
	Asn	Ile	Gln	Leu	Gly	Phe	Phe	Gly	Ser	Ile	Phe	Gly	Leu	Met	Gly	Val
		210					215					220				
	Tyr	Val	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Glu	Leu	Val	Ser	Lys	Asn	Gly	Phe	Phe	Gln	Gly
	225				230						235					240
30	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Leu	Thr	Trp	Ile	Val	Val	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gly	Gly
				245						250					255	
	Leu	Val	Ile	Ala	Ala	Val	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Asn	Ile	Leu	Lys	Gly
			260					265						270		
	Phe	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ile	Ile	Leu	Ser	Thr	Ile	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Phe
35			275					280					285			
	Trp	Leu	Gln	Asp	Phe	Val	Pro	Thr	Ser	Val	Phe	Phe	Leu	Gly	Ala	Ile
		290					295					300				
	Leu	Val	Ile	Ala	Ala	Thr	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Pro	Lys	Pro	Ala
	305				310						315					320
40	Gly	Asn	Pro	Thr	Lys	Ala										
					325											

<210> 19

<211> 1074

45 <212> DNA

<213> Drosophila melanogaster

<220>

<221> CDS

50 <222> (1)...(1071)

<223> Encodes DmUGT

<400> 19

55

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	Met	Asn	Ser	Ile	His	Met	Asn	Ala	Asn	Thr	Leu	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Leu	
	1				5					10					15		
5	ctg	acg	ctg	acc	ctg	cag	aat	gcc	atc	ctg	ggc	ctc	agc	atg	cgc	tac	96
	Leu	Thr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ala	Ile	Leu	Gly	Leu	Ser	Met	Arg	Tyr	
				20					25					30			
10	gcc	cgc	acc	cgg	cca	ggc	gac	atc	ttc	ctc	agc	tcc	acg	gcc	gta	ctc	144
	Ala	Arg	Thr	Arg	Pro	Gly	Asp	Ile	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ala	Val	Leu	
			35				40						45				
15	atg	gca	gag	ttc	gcc	aaa	ctg	atc	acg	tgc	ctg	ttc	ctg	gtc	ttc	aac	192
	Met	Ala	Glu	Phe	Ala	Lys	Leu	Ile	Thr	Cys	Leu	Phe	Leu	Val	Phe	Asn	
	50					55					60						
20	gag	gag	ggc	aag	gat	gcc	cag	aag	ttt	gta	cgc	tgc	ctg	cac	aag	acc	240
	Glu	Glu	Gly	Lys	Asp	Ala	Gln	Lys	Phe	Val	Arg	Ser	Leu	His	Lys	Thr	
	65				70				75						80		
25	atc	att	gcg	aat	ccc	atg	gac	acg	ctg	aag	gtg	tgc	gtc	ccc	tgc	ctg	288
	Ile	Ile	Ala	Asn	Pro	Met	Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys	Val	Cys	Val	Pro	Ser	Leu	
				85					90					95			
30	gtc	tat	atc	gtt	caa	aac	aat	ctg	ctg	tac	gtc	tct	gcc	tcc	cat	ttg	336
	Val	Tyr	Ile	Val	Gln	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Val	Ser	Ala	Ser	His	Leu	
				100				105					110				
35	gat	gcg	gcc	acc	tac	cag	gtg	acg	tac	cag	ctg	aag	att	ctc	acc	acg	384
	Asp	Ala	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Val	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ile	Leu	Thr	Thr	
			115				120					125					
40	gcc	atg	ttc	gcg	gtt	gtc	att	ctg	cgc	cgc	aag	ctg	ctg	aac	acg	cag	432
	Ala	Met	Phe	Ala	Val	Val	Ile	Leu	Arg	Arg	Lys	Leu	Leu	Asn	Thr	Gln	
	130					135					140						
45	tgg	ggt	gcg	ctg	ctg	ctc	ctg	gtg	atg	ggc	atc	gtc	ctg	gtg	cag	ttg	480
	Trp	Gly	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Val	Met	Gly	Ile	Val	Leu	Val	Gln	Leu	
	145				150					155					160		
50	gcc	caa	acg	gag	ggt	ccg	acg	agt	ggc	tca	gcc	ggt	ggt	gcc	gca	gct	528
	Ala	Gln	Thr	Glu	Gly	Pro	Thr	Ser	Gly	Ser	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala	
				165				170						175			
55	gca	gcc	acg	gcc	gcc	tcc	tct	ggc	ggt	gct	ccc	gag	cag	aac	agg	atg	576
	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Gly	Gly	Ala	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asn	Arg	Met	

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	180	185	190	
5	ctc gga ctg tgg gcc gca ctg ggc gcc tgc ttc ctc tcc gga ttc gcg Leu Gly Leu Trp Ala Ala Leu Gly Ala Cys Phe Leu Ser Gly Phe Ala	624		
	195	200	205	
10	ggc atc tac ttt gag aag atc ctc aag ggt gcc gag atc tcc gtg tgg Gly Ile Tyr Phe Glu Lys Ile Leu Lys Gly Ala Glu Ile Ser Val Trp	672		
	210	215	220	
15	atg cgg aat gtg cag ttg agt ctg ctc agc att ccc ttc ggc ctg ctc Met Arg Asn Val Gln Leu Ser Leu Leu Ser Ile Pro Phe Gly Leu Leu	720		
	225	230	235	240
20	acc tgt ttc gtt aac gac ggc agt agg atc ttc gac cag gga ttc ttc Thr Cys Phe Val Asn Asp Gly Ser Arg Ile Phe Asp Gln Gly Phe Phe	768		
	245	250	255	
25	aag ggc tac gat ctg ttt gtc tgg tac ctg gtc ctg ctg cag gcc ggc Lys Gly Tyr Asp Leu Phe Val Trp Tyr Leu Val Leu Leu Gln Ala Gly	816		
	260	265	270	
30	ggt gga ttg atc gtt gcc gtg gtg gtc aag tac gcg gat aac att ctc Gly Gly Leu Ile Val Ala Val Val Lys Tyr Ala Asp Asn Ile Leu	864		
	275	280	285	
35	aag ggc ttc gcc acc tcg ctg gcc atc atc atc tcg tgc gtg gcc tcc Lys Gly Phe Ala Thr Ser Leu Ala Ile Ile Ile Ser Cys Val Ala Ser	912		
	290	295	300	
40	ata tac atc ttc gac ttc aat ctc acg ctg cag ttc agc ttc gga gct Ile Tyr Ile Phe Asp Phe Asn Leu Thr Leu Gln Phe Ser Phe Gly Ala	960		
	305	310	315	320
45	ggc ctg gtc atc gcc tcc ata ttt ctc tac ggc tac gat ccg gcc agg Gly Leu Val Ile Ala Ser Ile Phe Leu Tyr Gly Tyr Asp Pro Ala Arg	1008		
	325	330	335	
50	tcg gcg ccg aag cca act atg cat ggt cct ggc ggc gat gag gag aag Ser Ala Pro Lys Pro Thr Met His Gly Pro Gly Gly Asp Glu Glu Lys	1056		
	340	345	350	
55	ctg ctg ccg cgc gtc tag Leu Leu Pro Arg Val	1074		
	355			
55	<210> 20 <211> 357 <212> PRT <213> Drosophila melanogaster			
50	<400> 20			

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	Leu	Thr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ala	Ile	Leu	Gly	Leu	Ser	Met	Arg	Tyr
				20					25					30		
5	Ala	Arg	Thr	Arg	Pro	Gly	Asp	Ile	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ala	Val	Leu
			35				40						45			
	Met	Ala	Glu	Phe	Ala	Lys	Leu	Ile	Thr	Cys	Leu	Phe	Leu	Val	Phe	Asn
		50					55					60				
	Glu	Glu	Gly	Lys	Asp	Ala	Gln	Lys	Phe	Val	Arg	Ser	Leu	His	Lys	Thr
10	65					70					75					80
	Ile	Ile	Ala	Asn	Pro	Met	Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys	Val	Cys	Val	Pro	Ser	Leu
				85					90						95	
	Val	Tyr	Ile	Val	Gln	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Val	Ser	Ala	Ser	His	Leu
15				100					105					110		
	Asp	Ala	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Val	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ile	Leu	Thr	Thr
			115					120					125			
	Ala	Met	Phe	Ala	Val	Val	Ile	Leu	Arg	Arg	Lys	Leu	Leu	Asn	Thr	Gln
		130					135					140				
20	Trp	Gly	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Val	Met	Gly	Ile	Val	Leu	Val	Gln	Leu
	145					150					155					160
	Ala	Gln	Thr	Glu	Gly	Pro	Thr	Ser	Gly	Ser	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala
				165					170						175	
	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Gly	Gly	Ala	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asn	Arg	Met
			180					185						190		
25	Leu	Gly	Leu	Trp	Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ala	Cys	Phe	Leu	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ala
		195					200						205			
	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ile	Leu	Lys	Gly	Ala	Glu	Ile	Ser	Val	Trp
		210					215					220				
	Met	Arg	Asn	Val	Gln	Leu	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ser	Ile	Pro	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu
30	225					230					235					240
	Thr	Cys	Phe	Val	Asn	Asp	Gly	Ser	Arg	Ile	Phe	Asp	Gln	Gly	Phe	Phe
				245						250					255	
	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Phe	Val	Trp	Tyr	Leu	Val	Leu	Leu	Gln	Ala	Gly
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	Lys	Gly	Phe	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ala	Ile	Ile	Ile	Ser	Cys	Val	Ala	Ser
		290					295					300				
	Ile	Tyr	Ile	Phe	Asp	Phe	Asn	Leu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Phe	Ser	Phe	Gly	Ala
	305					310					315					320
40	Gly	Leu	Val	Ile	Ala	Ser	Ile	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Pro	Ala	Arg
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	Ser	Ala	Pro	Lys	Pro	Thr	Met	His	Gly	Pro	Gly	Gly	Asp	Glu	Glu	Lys
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<222> (1)...(2097)

55 <223> Encodes ScGAL10

<400> 21

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	1				5					10					15		
5	aca	ggt	ggt	gct	gga	tac	att	ggt	tca	cac	act	gtg	gta	gag	cta	att	96
	Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Gly	Ser	His	Thr	Val	Val	Glu	Leu	Ile	
				20				25						30			
10	gag	aat	gga	tat	gac	tgt	gtt	gtt	gct	gat	aac	ctg	tcg	aat	tca	act	144
	Glu	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Cys	Val	Val	Ala	Asp	Asn	Leu	Ser	Asn	Ser	Thr	
			35					40					45				
15	tat	gat	tct	gta	gcc	agg	tta	gag	gtc	ttg	acc	aag	cat	cac	att	ccc	192
	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Val	Ala	Arg	Leu	Glu	Val	Leu	Thr	Lys	His	His	Ile	Pro	
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	Phe	Tyr	Glu	Val	Asp	Leu	Cys	Asp	Arg	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Lys	Val	Phe	
25																	
30																	
35																	
40																	
45																	
50																	
55																	

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	65		70		75		80	
5	aaa gaa tat aaa att gat tcg gta att cac ttt gct ggt tta aag gct							288
	Lys Glu Tyr Lys Ile Asp Ser Val Ile His Phe Ala Gly Leu Lys Ala		85		90		95	
10	gta ggt gaa tct aca caa atc ccg ctg aga tac tat cac aat aac att							336
	Val Gly Glu Ser Thr Gln Ile Pro Leu Arg Tyr Tyr His Asn Asn Ile		100		105		110	
15	ttg gga act gtc gtt tta tta gag tta atg caa caa tac aac gtt tcc							384
	Leu Gly Thr Val Val Leu Leu Glu Leu Met Gln Gln Tyr Asn Val Ser		115		120		125	
20	aaa ttt gtt ttt tca tct tct gct act gtc tat ggt gat gct acg aga							432
	Lys Phe Val Phe Ser Ser Ser Ala Thr Val Tyr Gly Asp Ala Thr Arg		130		135		140	
25	ttc cca aat atg att cct atc cca gaa gaa tgt ccc tta ggg cct act							480
	Phe Pro Asn Met Ile Pro Ile Pro Glu Glu Cys Pro Leu Gly Pro Thr		145		150		155	160
30	aat ccg tat ggt cat acg aaa tac gcc att gag aat atc ttg aat gat							528
	Asn Pro Tyr Gly His Thr Lys Tyr Ala Ile Glu Asn Ile Leu Asn Asp		165		170		175	
35	ctt tac aat agc gac aaa aaa agt tgg aag ttt gct atc ttg cgt tat							576
	Leu Tyr Asn Ser Asp Lys Lys Ser Trp Lys Phe Ala Ile Leu Arg Tyr		180		185		190	
40	ttt aac cca att ggc gca cat ccc tct gga tta atc gga gaa gat ccg							624
	Phe Asn Pro Ile Gly Ala His Pro Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Glu Asp Pro		195		200		205	
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	Leu Gly Ile Pro Asn Asn Leu Leu Pro Tyr Met Ala Gln Val Ala Val		210		215		220	
50	ggt agg cgc gag aag ctt tac atc ttc gga gac gat tat gat tcc aga							720
	Gly Arg Arg Glu Lys Leu Tyr Ile Phe Gly Asp Asp Tyr Asp Ser Arg		225		230		235	240
55	gat ggt acc ccg atc agg gat tat atc cac gta gtt gat cta gca aaa							768
	Asp Gly Thr Pro Ile Arg Asp Tyr Ile His Val Val Asp Leu Ala Lys		245		250		255	
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65	ggt ttg tgt cgt gag tgg aac ttg ggt tcc ggt aaa ggt tct aca gtt							864
	Gly Leu Cys Arg Glu Trp Asn Leu Gly Ser Gly Lys Gly Ser Thr Val		275		280		285	
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	Phe Glu Val Tyr His Ala Phe Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Ile Asp Leu Pro		290		295		300	
75	tac aaa gtt acg ggc aga aga gca ggt gat gtt ttg aac ttg acg gct							960
	Tyr Lys Val Thr Gly Arg Arg Ala Gly Asp Val Leu Asn Leu Thr Ala		305		310		315	320
80	aaa cca gat agg gcc aaa cgc gaa ctg aaa tgg cag acc gag ttg cag							1008
	Lys Pro Asp Arg Ala Lys Arg Glu Leu Lys Trp Gln Thr Glu Leu Gln		325		330		335	

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	gtt gaa gac tcc tgc aag gat tta tgg aaa tgg act act gag aat cct	1056
	Val Glu Asp Ser Cys Lys Asp Leu Trp Lys Trp Thr Thr Glu Asn Pro	
	340 345 350	
5	ttt ggt tac cag tta agg ggt gtc gag gcc aga ttt tcc gct gaa gat	1104
	Phe Gly Tyr Gln Leu Arg Gly Val Glu Ala Arg Phe Ser Ala Glu Asp	
	355 360 365	
10	atg cgt tat gac gca aga ttt gtg act att ggt gcc ggc acc aga ttt	1152
	Met Arg Tyr Asp Ala Arg Phe Val Thr Ile Gly Ala Gly Thr Arg Phe	
	370 375 380	
15	caa gcc acg ttt gcc aat ttg ggc gcc agc att gtt gac ctg aaa gtg	1200
	Gln Ala Thr Phe Ala Asn Leu Gly Ala Ser Ile Val Asp Leu Lys Val	
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20	aac gga caa tca gtt gtt ctt ggc tat gaa aat gag gaa ggg tat ttg	1248
	Asn Gly Gln Ser Val Val Leu Gly Tyr Glu Asn Glu Glu Gly Tyr Leu	
	405 410 415	
25	aat cct gat agt gct tat ata ggc gcc acg atc ggc agg tat gct aat	1296
	Asn Pro Asp Ser Ala Tyr Ile Gly Ala Thr Ile Gly Arg Tyr Ala Asn	
	420 425 430	
30	cgt att tcg aag ggt aag ttt agt tta tgc aac aaa gac tat cag tta	1344
	Arg Ile Ser Lys Gly Lys Phe Ser Leu Cys Asn Lys Asp Tyr Gln Leu	
	435 440 445	
35	acc gtt aat aac ggc gtt aat gcg aat cat agt agt atc ggt tct ttc	1392
	Thr Val Asn Asn Gly Val Asn Ala Asn His Ser Ser Ile Gly Ser Phe	
	450 455 460	
40	cac aga aaa aga ttt ttg gga ccc atc att caa aat cct tca aag gat	1440
	His Arg Lys Arg Phe Leu Gly Pro Ile Ile Gln Asn Pro Ser Lys Asp	
	465 470 475 480	
45	gtt ttt acc gcc gag tac atg ctg ata gat aat gag aag gac acc gaa	1488
	Val Phe Thr Ala Glu Tyr Met Leu Ile Asp Asn Glu Lys Asp Thr Glu	
	485 490 495	
50	ttt cca ggt gat cta ttg gta acc ata cag tat act gtg aac gtt gcc	1536
	Phe Pro Gly Asp Leu Leu Val Thr Ile Gln Tyr Thr Val Asn Val Ala	
	500 505 510	
55	caa aaa agt ttg gaa atg gta tat aaa ggt aaa ttg act gct ggt gaa	1584
	Gln Lys Ser Leu Glu Met Val Tyr Lys Gly Lys Leu Thr Ala Gly Glu	
	515 520 525	
60	gcg acg cca ata aat tta aca aat cat agt tat ttc aat ctg aac aag	1632
	Ala Thr Pro Ile Asn Leu Thr Asn His Ser Tyr Phe Asn Leu Asn Lys	
	530 535 540	
65	cca tat gga gac act att gag ggt acg gag att atg gtg cgt tca aaa	1680
	Pro Tyr Gly Asp Thr Ile Glu Gly Thr Glu Ile Met Val Arg Ser Lys	
	545 550 555 560	
70	aaa tct gtt gat gtc gac aaa aac atg att cct acg ggt aat atc gtc	1728
	Lys Ser Val Asp Val Asp Lys Asn Met Ile Pro Thr Gly Asn Ile Val	
	565 570 575	
75	gat aga gaa att gct acc ttt aac tct aca aag cca acg gtc tta ggc	1776
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	580 585 590	

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	ccc	aaa	aat	ccc	cag	ttt	gat	tgt	tgt	ttt	gtg	gtg	gat	gaa	aat	gct	1824
	Pro	Lys	Asn	Pro	Gln	Phe	Asp	Cys	Cys	Phe	Val	Val	Asp	Glu	Asn	Ala	
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	Lys	Pro	Ser	Gln	Ile	Asn	Thr	Leu	Asn	Asn	Glu	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ile	Val	
		610					615					620					
10	aag	gct	ttt	cat	ccc	gat	tcc	aat	att	aca	tta	gaa	ggt	tta	agt	aca	1920
	Lys	Ala	Phe	His	Pro	Asp	Ser	Asn	Ile	Thr	Leu	Glu	Val	Leu	Ser	Thr	
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15	gag	cca	act	tat	caa	ttt	tat	acc	ggt	gat	ttc	ttg	tct	gct	ggt	tac	1968
	Glu	Pro	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Phe	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Asp	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ala	Gly	Tyr	
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	Glu	Ala	Arg	Gln	Gly	Phe	Ala	Ile	Glu	Pro	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Ile	Asp	Ala	
				660					665					670			
20	atc	aat	caa	gag	aac	tgg	aaa	gat	tgt	gta	acc	ttg	aaa	aac	ggt	gaa	2064
	Ile	Asn	Gln	Glu	Asn	Trp	Lys	Asp	Cys	Val	Thr	Leu	Lys	Asn	Gly	Glu	
			675					680					685				
25	act	tac	ggg	tcc	aag	att	gtc	tac	aga	ttt	tcc	tga					2100
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<211> 699

30 <212> PRT

<213> *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

<400> 22

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				20				25					30			
5	Glu	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Cys	Val	Val	Ala	Asp	Asn	Leu	Ser	Asn	Ser	Thr
			35				40					45				
	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Val	Ala	Arg	Leu	Glu	Val	Leu	Thr	Lys	His	His	Ile	Pro
		50				55					60					
	Phe	Tyr	Glu	Val	Asp	Leu	Cys	Asp	Arg	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Lys	Val	Phe
10	65				70					75					80	
	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Ile	Asp	Ser	Val	Ile	His	Phe	Ala	Gly	Leu	Lys	Ala
				85					90					95		
	Val	Gly	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln	Ile	Pro	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Tyr	His	Asn	Asn	Ile
			100					105					110			
15	Leu	Gly	Thr	Val	Val	Leu	Leu	Glu	Leu	Met	Gln	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Val	Ser
		115					120					125				
	Lys	Phe	Val	Phe	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ala	Thr	Val	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Ala	Thr	Arg
		130				135					140					
	Phe	Pro	Asn	Met	Ile	Pro	Ile	Pro	Glu	Glu	Cys	Pro	Leu	Gly	Pro	Thr
	145				150				155						160	
20	Asn	Pro	Tyr	Gly	His	Thr	Lys	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Glu	Asn	Ile	Leu	Asn	Asp
				165					170					175		
	Leu	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Asp	Lys	Lys	Ser	Trp	Lys	Phe	Ala	Ile	Leu	Arg	Tyr
			180					185					190			
	Phe	Asn	Pro	Ile	Gly	Ala	His	Pro	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ile	Gly	Glu	Asp	Pro
25		195					200					205				
	Leu	Gly	Ile	Pro	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Pro	Tyr	Met	Ala	Gln	Val	Ala	Val
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	Gly	Arg	Arg	Glu	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Phe	Gly	Asp	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Arg
30	225				230					235					240	

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	Asp	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ile	Arg	Asp	Tyr	Ile	His	Val	Val	Asp	Leu	Ala	Lys	
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				260					265					270			
5	Gly	Leu	Cys	Arg	Glu	Trp	Asn	Leu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ser	Thr	Val	
			275					280					285				
	Phe	Glu	Val	Tyr	His	Ala	Phe	Cys	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly	Ile	Asp	Leu	Pro	
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	Tyr	Lys	Val	Thr	Gly	Arg	Ala	Gly	Asp	Val	Leu	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ala		
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	Lys	Pro	Asp	Arg	Ala	Lys	Arg	Glu	Leu	Lys	Trp	Gln	Thr	Glu	Leu	Gln	
					325					330					335		
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	Met	Arg	Tyr	Asp	Ala	Arg	Phe	Val	Thr	Ile	Gly	Ala	Gly	Thr	Arg	Phe	
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	Gln	Ala	Thr	Phe	Ala	Asn	Leu	Gly	Ala	Ser	Ile	Val	Asp	Leu	Lys	Val	
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20	Asn	Gly	Gln	Ser	Val	Val	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Glu	Asn	Glu	Glu	Gly	Tyr	Leu	
					405					410					415		
	Asn	Pro	Asp	Ser	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Gly	Ala	Thr	Ile	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Ala	Asn	
				420					425					430			
	Arg	Ile	Ser	Lys	Gly	Lys	Phe	Ser	Leu	Cys	Asn	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Leu	
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		450					455					460					
	His	Arg	Lys	Arg	Phe	Leu	Gly	Pro	Ile	Ile	Gln	Asn	Pro	Ser	Lys	Asp	
	465					470					475					480	
30	Val	Phe	Thr	Ala	Glu	Tyr	Met	Leu	Ile	Asp	Asn	Glu	Lys	Asp	Thr	Glu	
				485						490					495		
	Phe	Pro	Gly	Asp	Leu	Leu	Val	Thr	Ile	Gln	Tyr	Thr	Val	Asn	Val	Ala	
				500					505					510			
	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Glu	Met	Val	Tyr	Lys	Gly	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ala	Gly	Glu	
			515					520					525				
35	Ala	Thr	Pro	Ile	Asn	Leu	Thr	Asn	His	Ser	Tyr	Phe	Asn	Leu	Asn	Lys	
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	545					550					555					560	
	Lys	Ser	Val	Asp	Val	Asp	Lys	Asn	Met	Ile	Pro	Thr	Gly	Asn	Ile	Val	
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	Asp	Arg	Glu	Ile	Ala	Thr	Phe	Asn	Ser	Thr	Lys	Pro	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	
				580					585					590			
	Pro	Lys	Asn	Pro	Gln	Phe	Asp	Cys	Cys	Phe	Val	Val	Asp	Glu	Asn	Ala	
			595					600					605				
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		610					615					620					
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	625					630					635					640	
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					645					650					655		
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	Ile	Asn	Gln	Glu	Asn	Trp	Lys	Asp	Cys	Val	Thr	Leu	Lys	Asn	Gly	Glu	
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55	Thr	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Lys	Ile	Val	Tyr	Arg	Phe	Ser						
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<210> 23

<211> 1068

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<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

5 <223> Encodes hGalT catalytic domain codon optimized (XB)

<400> 23

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      gag ttg aga act ggt gga gct aga cca cct cca cca ttg gga gct tcc 144
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      cca ggt cca gct tct aac ttg act tcc gtt cca gtt cca cac act act 240
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15      cca atg ttg atc gag ttc aac atg cca gtt gac ttg gag ttg gtt gct 336
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      tgt gtt tcc cca cac aaa gtt gct atc atc atc cca ttc aga aac aga 432
      cag gag cac ttg aag tac tgg ttg tac tac ttg cac cca gtt ttg caa 480
      aga cag cag ttg gac tac ggt atc tac gtt atc aac cag gct ggt gac 528
20      act att ttc aac aga gct aag ttg ttg aat gtt ggt ttc cag gag gct 576
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      att cca atg aac gac cac aac gct tac aga tgt ttc tcc cag cca aga 672
      cac att tct gtt gct atg gac aag ttc ggt ttc tcc ttg cca tac gtt 720
      caa tac ttc ggt ggt gtt tcc gct ttg tcc aag cag cag ttc ttg act 768
25      atc aac ggt ttc cca aac aat tac tgg gga tgg ggt ggt gaa gat gac 816
      gac atc ttt aac aga ttg gtt ttc aga gga atg tcc atc tct aga cca 864
      aac gct gtt gtt ggt aga tgt aga atg atc aga cac tcc aga gac aag 912
      aag aac gag cca aac cca caa aga ttc gac aga atc gct cac act aag 960
      gaa act atg ttg tcc gac gga ttg aac tcc ttg act tac cag gtt ttg 1008
30      gac gtt cag aga tac cca ttg tac act cag atc act gtt gac atc ggt 1056
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<210> 24

<211> 355

35 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> hGalT catalytic domain (XB)

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<400> 24

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5	Glu	Leu	Arg	Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala	Arg	Pro	Pro	Pro	Pro	Leu	Gly	Ala	Ser
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	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ala	Ser	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ser	Val	Pro	Val	Pro	His	Thr	Thr
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			100					105						110		
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	Arg	Gln	Gln	Leu	Asp	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Val	Ile	Asn	Gln	Ala	Gly	Asp
				165						170					175	
	Thr	Ile	Phe	Asn	Arg	Ala	Lys	Leu	Leu	Asn	Val	Gly	Phe	Gln	Glu	Ala
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25	Leu	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Cys	Phe	Val	Phe	Ser	Asp	Val	Asp	Leu
			195				200					205				
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			210				215				220					
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<210> 25

<211> 1224

<212> DNA

50 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Encodes human GnTI catalytic domain (NA) Codon-optimized

55 <400> 25

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<210> 26

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25 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> human GnTI catalytic doman (NA)

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<211> 1407

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Encodes Mm ManI catalytic domain (FB)

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<210> 28

30 <211> 468

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

35 <223> Mm ManI catalytic doman (FB)

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35	Tyr	Ile	Ala	Glu	Trp	Lys	Gly	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	His	Lys	Met	Gly	His
			275					280					285			
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			355					360					365			
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50	Ser	Gly	Leu	Arg	Asp	Val	Tyr	Ile	Ala	Arg	Glu	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Val
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<210> 29
 <211> 1494
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>
 <223> Encodes Tr ManI catalytic doman

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<210> 30
 <211> 497
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<400> 30

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10	Ala	Asp	Ile	Val	Asn	Thr	Ile	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Val	Pro	Gln	Ile	Asn	Phe
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	Ile	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ser	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Leu	Arg	Gly
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15	Pro	Phe	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ala	Thr	Asn	Gln	Thr	Leu	Val	Asn	Ser	Leu	Leu
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20	Arg	Ser	Gly	Ala	Ser	Ser	Asn	Asn	Val	Ala	Glu	Ile	Gly	Ser	Leu	Val
					165					170					175	
	Leu	Glu	Trp	Thr	Arg	Leu	Ser	Asp	Leu	Thr	Gly	Asn	Pro	Gln	Tyr	Ala
				180					185					190		
25	Gln	Leu	Ala	Gln	Lys	Gly	Glu	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Asn	Pro	Lys	Gly	Ser
			195					200					205			
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		210					215					220				
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	Ala	His	Tyr	Lys	Asp	Arg	Trp	Val	Leu	Ala	Ala	Asp	Ser	Thr	Ile	Ala
				260					265					270		
	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	His	Pro	Ser	Thr	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Thr	Phe	Leu	Ser
			275					280						285		
35	Ser	Tyr	Asn	Gly	Gln	Ser	Thr	Ser	Pro	Asn	Ser	Gly	His	Leu	Ala	Ser
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					310						315					320
	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Asp	Phe	Gly	Ile	Lys	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Phe	Ala	Thr
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40	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Thr	Ala	Ser	Gly	Ile	Gly	Pro	Glu	Gly	Phe	Ala	Trp	Val
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			355					360					365			
45	Phe	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ala	Gly	Phe	Trp	Val	Thr	Ala	Pro	Tyr	Tyr	Ile	Leu
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					390						395					400
	Asp	Ser	Lys	Trp	Gln	Asp	Leu	Ala	Trp	Glu	Ala	Phe	Ser	Ala	Ile	Glu
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50	Asp	Ala	Cys	Arg	Ala	Gly	Ser	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ile	Asn	Asp	Val	Thr
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Ala Glu Ala Leu Lys Tyr Ala Tyr Leu Ile Phe Ala Glu Glu Ser Asp
450 455 460
Val Gln Val Gln Ala Asn Gly Gly Asn Lys Phe Val Phe Asn Thr Glu
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Ala His Pro Phe Ser Ile Arg Ser Ser Ser Arg Arg Gly Gly His Leu
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<210> 31
<211> 1068
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> encodes Rat GnT II (TC) Codon-optimized

<400> 31

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gctgaatacc	cagattcttt	cggtcactac	agagaggcta	agttctccca	aactaagcat	420
cattggtggt	ggaagttgca	ctttgtttgg	gagagagtta	aggttttgca	ggactacact	480
ggattgatct	tgttcttgga	ggaggatcat	tacttggtctc	cagacttcta	ccacgttttc	540
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acttacacta	ctatcagatc	cttctacggt	atcgctgaca	aggttgacgt	taagacttgg	660
aagtccactg	aacacaacat	gggattggct	ttgactagag	atgcttacca	gaagttgatc	720
gagtgtactg	acactttctg	tacttacgac	gactacaact	gggactggac	tttgacgtac	780
ttgacttttg	cttgtttgcc	aaaagtttgg	aaggttttgg	ttccacaggc	tccaagaatt	840
ttccacgctg	gtgactgtgg	aatgcaccac	aagaaaactt	gtagaccatc	cactcagtcc	900
gctcaaatgt	agtccttggt	gaacaacaac	aagcagtagt	tgttcccaga	gactttgggt	960
atcggagaga	agtttccaat	ggctgctatt	tccccaccaa	gaaagaatgg	tggtatgggt	1020
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<210> 32
<211> 355
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Rat GnT II (TC) Codon-optimized

<400> 32

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	Lys	Asp	Gly	Thr	Trp	Ser	Pro	Gly	Glu	Leu	Val	Leu	Val	Val	Gln	Val
				20					25					30		
5	His	Asn	Arg	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Arg	Leu	Leu	Ile	Asp	Ser	Leu	Arg	Lys
			35					40					45			
	Ala	Gln	Gly	Ile	Arg	Glu	Val	Leu	Val	Ile	Phe	Ser	His	Asp	Phe	Trp
		50					55					60				
	Ser	Ala	Glu	Ile	Asn	Ser	Leu	Ile	Ser	Ser	Val	Asp	Phe	Cys	Pro	Val
10	65					70					75				80	
	Leu	Gln	Val	Phe	Phe	Pro	Phe	Ser	Ile	Gln	Leu	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Glu	Phe
					85					90					95	
	Pro	Gly	Ser	Asp	Pro	Arg	Asp	Cys	Pro	Arg	Asp	Leu	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ala
				100					105					110		
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	Ala	Leu	Lys	Leu	Gly	Cys	Ile	Asn	Ala	Glu	Tyr	Pro	Asp	Ser	Phe	Gly
			115					120					125			
	His	Tyr	Arg	Glu	Ala	Lys	Phe	Ser	Gln	Thr	Lys	His	His	Trp	Trp	Trp
		130					135					140				
20	Lys	Leu	His	Phe	Val	Trp	Glu	Arg	Val	Lys	Val	Leu	Gln	Asp	Tyr	Thr
	145					150					155					160
	Gly	Leu	Ile	Leu	Phe	Leu	Glu	Glu	Asp	His	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Pro	Asp	Phe
					165					170					175	
	Tyr	His	Val	Phe	Lys	Lys	Met	Trp	Lys	Leu	Lys	Gln	Gln	Glu	Cys	Pro
				180					185					190		
25	Gly	Cys	Asp	Val	Leu	Ser	Leu	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Ile	Arg	Ser	Phe
			195					200					205			
	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Ala	Asp	Lys	Val	Asp	Val	Lys	Thr	Trp	Lys	Ser	Thr	Glu
		210				215						220				
30	His	Asn	Met	Gly	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Arg	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu	Ile
	225				230						235					240
	Glu	Cys	Thr	Asp	Thr	Phe	Cys	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Tyr	Asn	Trp	Asp	Trp
				245						250					255	
	Thr	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Cys	Leu	Pro	Lys	Val	Trp	Lys	Val
			260					265						270		
35	Leu	Val	Pro	Gln	Ala	Pro	Arg	Ile	Phe	His	Ala	Gly	Asp	Cys	Gly	Met
			275					280					285			
	His	His	Lys	Lys	Thr	Cys	Arg	Pro	Ser	Thr	Gln	Ser	Ala	Gln	Ile	Glu
		290				295						300				
	Ser	Leu	Leu	Asn	Asn	Asn	Lys	Gln	Tyr	Leu	Phe	Pro	Glu	Thr	Leu	Val
	305				310						315					320
40	Ile	Gly	Glu	Lys	Phe	Pro	Met	Ala	Ala	Ile	Ser	Pro	Pro	Arg	Lys	Asn
				325						330					335	
	Gly	Gly	Trp	Gly	Asp	Ile	Arg	Asp	His	Glu	Leu	Cys	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Arg
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<210> 33

<211> 3105

<212> DNA

50 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Encodes Drosophila melanogaster ManII codon-optimized (KD)

55 <400> 33

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	atgtccttca	aggacattga	tggtggtgtt	tggaagcagg	gttggaacat	taagtacgat	180
	ccattgaagt	acaacgctca	tcacaagttg	aaggtcttcg	ttgtcccaca	ctcccacaac	240
5	gatcctgggt	ggattcagac	cttcgaggaa	tactaccagc	acgacaccaa	gcacatcttg	300
	tccaacgctt	tgagacattt	gcacgacaac	ccagagatga	agttcatctg	ggctgaaatc	360
	tcctacttcg	ctagattcta	ccacgatttg	ggtgagaaca	agaagttgca	gatgaagtcc	420
	atcgtcaaga	acggtcagtt	ggaattcgtc	actggtggat	gggtcatgcc	agacgaggct	480
	aactcccact	ggagaaacgt	tttgttcgag	ttgaccgaag	gtcaaacttg	gttgaagcaa	540
10	ttcatgaacg	tcactccaac	tgcttcctgg	gctatcgatc	cattcggaca	ctctccaact	600
	atgccataca	ttttgcagaa	gtctggtttc	agaatatgt	tgatccagag	aaccactac	660
	tccgttaaga	aggagtggc	tcaacagaga	cagttggagt	tcttggtggag	acagatctgg	720
	gacaacaaag	gtgacactgc	tttgttcacc	cacatgatgc	cattctactc	ttacgacatt	780
	cctcatacct	gtggtccaga	tccaaaggtt	tggtgtcagt	tcgatttcaa	aagaatgggt	840
15	tccttcgggt	tgtcttgtcc	atggaaggtt	ccacctagaa	ctatctctga	tcaaatgtt	900
	gctgctagat	ccgatttgtt	ggttgatcag	tggaagaaga	aggctgagtt	gtacagaacc	960
	aacgtcttgt	tgattccatt	gggtgacgac	ttcagattca	agcagaacac	cgagtgggat	1020
	gttcagagag	tcaactacga	aagattgttc	gaacacatca	actctcaggc	tcacttcaat	1080
	gtccaggctc	agttcggtag	tttgacaggaa	tacttcgatg	ctgttcacca	ggctgaaaga	1140
20	gctggacaag	ctgagttccc	aaccttgtct	ggtgacttct	tcacttacgc	tgatagatct	1200

	gataactact	ggtctgggta	ctacacttcc	agaccatacc	ataagagaat	ggacagagtc	1260
	ttgatgcact	acgttagagc	tgctgaaatg	ttgtccgctt	ggcactcctg	ggacgggatg	1320
	gctagaatcg	aggaaagatt	ggagcaggct	agaagagagt	tgctccttgtt	ccagcaccac	1380
25	gacggtatta	ctggtactgc	taaaactcac	gttgctcgtcg	actacgagca	aagaatgcag	1440
	gaagctttga	aagcttgtca	aatggtcatg	caacagtcctg	tctacagatt	gttgactaag	1500
	ccatccatct	actctccaga	cttctccttc	tcctacttca	ctttggacga	ctccagatgg	1560
	ccaggttctg	gtggtgagga	ctctagaact	accatcatct	tggttgagga	tatcttgcca	1620
	tccaagcatg	ttgtcatgca	caacaccttg	ccacactgga	gagagcagtt	ggttgacttc	1680
30	tacgtctcct	ctccattcgt	ttctgttacc	gacttggtta	acaatccagt	tgaggctcag	1740
	gtttctccag	tttgggtctt	gcaccacgac	actttgacta	agactatcca	cccacaaggt	1800
	tccaccacca	agtacagaat	catcttcaag	gctagagttc	caccaatggg	tttggctacc	1860
	tacgttttga	ccatctccga	ttccaagcca	gagcacacct	cctacgcttc	caatttggtg	1920
	cttagaaaga	acccaacttc	cttgccattg	ggtcaatacc	cagaggatgt	caagttcggg	1980
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	ggtttggtga	agtccattca	gttgactcag	gattctccac	atgttccagt	tcacttcaag	2100
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	aatggtccag	cttctccagt	cgagttgggt	cagccagttg	tcttggtcac	taagggtaaa	2220
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	caattcatca	agaggagaag	attggacaag	ttgccattgc	aggctaacta	ctaccaattt	2460
	ccatctggta	tgttcattga	ggatgcta	accagattga	ctttgttgac	cggtaacca	2520
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	ttcatcttcg	ctgaaaatga	gtggatcggg	gctcagggtc	aattcgggtg	tgatcatcca	2820
	tctgctagag	aggattttgga	tgtctctgtc	atgagaagat	tgaccaagtc	ttctgctaaa	2880
	accagagag	ttggttacgt	tttgacacaga	accaatttga	tgcaatgtgg	tactccagag	2940
	gagcatactc	agaagttgga	tgtctgtcac	ttgttgccaa	atgttgctag	atgtgagaga	3000
50	actaccttga	ctttcttgca	gaatttgag	cacttggtg	gtatgggtgc	tccagaagtt	3060
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<210> 34

<211> 1034

55

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

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<223> Drosophila melanogaster ManII codon-optimized (KD)

<400> 34

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				20					25					30		
10	Gln	Met	Leu	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Arg	Met	Ser	Phe	Lys	Asp	Ile	Asp	Gly
			35					40					45			
	Gly	Val	Trp	Lys	Gln	Gly	Trp	Asn	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Pro	Leu	Lys	Tyr
		50					55					60				
	Asn	Ala	His	His	Lys	Leu	Lys	Val	Phe	Val	Val	Pro	His	Ser	His	Asn
	65				70						75					80
15	Asp	Pro	Gly	Trp	Ile	Gln	Thr	Phe	Glu	Glu	Tyr	Tyr	Gln	His	Asp	Thr
					85					90					95	
	Lys	His	Ile	Leu	Ser	Asn	Ala	Leu	Arg	His	Leu	His	Asp	Asn	Pro	Glu
				100					105					110		
	Met	Lys	Phe	Ile	Trp	Ala	Glu	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Phe	Ala	Arg	Phe	Tyr	His
			115				120						125			
20	Asp	Leu	Gly	Glu	Asn	Lys	Lys	Leu	Gln	Met	Lys	Ser	Ile	Val	Lys	Asn
		130					135					140				
	Gly	Gln	Leu	Glu	Phe	Val	Thr	Gly	Gly	Trp	Val	Met	Pro	Asp	Glu	Ala
	145					150					155					160
25	Asn	Ser	His	Trp	Arg	Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Gln	Leu	Thr	Glu	Gly	Gln	Thr
					165					170					175	

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35

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	Trp	Leu	Lys	Gln	Phe	Met	Asn	Val	Thr	Pro	Thr	Ala	Ser	Trp	Ala	Ile
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	Asp	Pro	Phe	Gly	His	Ser	Pro	Thr	Met	Pro	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Gln	Lys	Ser
			195					200					205			
5	Gly	Phe	Lys	Asn	Met	Leu	Ile	Gln	Arg	Thr	His	Tyr	Ser	Val	Lys	Lys
		210					215					220				
	Glu	Leu	Ala	Gln	Gln	Arg	Gln	Leu	Glu	Phe	Leu	Trp	Arg	Gln	Ile	Trp
	225					230					235					240
	Asp	Asn	Lys	Gly	Asp	Thr	Ala	Leu	Phe	Thr	His	Met	Met	Pro	Phe	Tyr
					245					250					255	
10	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Ile	Pro	His	Thr	Cys	Gly	Pro	Asp	Pro	Lys	Val	Cys	Cys
				260					265					270		
	Gln	Phe	Asp	Phe	Lys	Arg	Met	Gly	Ser	Phe	Gly	Leu	Ser	Cys	Pro	Trp
			275					280						285		
	Lys	Val	Pro	Pro	Arg	Thr	Ile	Ser	Asp	Gln	Asn	Val	Ala	Ala	Arg	Ser
		290					295					300				
15	Asp	Leu	Leu	Val	Asp	Gln	Trp	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Arg	Thr
	305					310					315					320
	Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Ile	Pro	Leu	Gly	Asp	Asp	Phe	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gln	Asn
					325				330						335	
	Thr	Glu	Trp	Asp	Val	Gln	Arg	Val	Asn	Tyr	Glu	Arg	Leu	Phe	Glu	His
				340					345					350		
20	Ile	Asn	Ser	Gln	Ala	His	Phe	Asn	Val	Gln	Ala	Gln	Phe	Gly	Thr	Leu
			355					360					365			
	Gln	Glu	Tyr	Phe	Asp	Ala	Val	His	Gln	Ala	Glu	Arg	Ala	Gly	Gln	Ala
		370					375					380				
	Glu	Phe	Pro	Thr	Leu	Ser	Gly	Asp	Phe	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Arg	Ser
	385					390					395					400
25	Asp	Asn	Tyr	Trp	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Ser	Arg	Pro	Tyr	His	Lys	Arg
				405						410					415	
	Met	Asp	Arg	Val	Leu	Met	His	Tyr	Val	Arg	Ala	Ala	Glu	Met	Leu	Ser
				420					425					430		
	Ala	Trp	His	Ser	Trp	Asp	Gly	Met	Ala	Arg	Ile	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu	Glu
			435				440						445			
30	Gln	Ala	Arg	Arg	Glu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Phe	Gln	His	His	Asp	Gly	Ile	Thr
		450					455					460				
	Gly	Thr	Ala	Lys	Thr	His	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Gln	Arg	Met	Gln
		465				470					475					480
	Glu	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ala	Cys	Gln	Met	Val	Met	Gln	Gln	Ser	Val	Tyr	Arg
				485						490					495	
35	Leu	Leu	Thr	Lys	Pro	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Asp	Phe	Ser	Phe	Ser	Tyr
				500					505					510		
	Phe	Thr	Leu	Asp	Asp	Ser	Arg	Trp	Pro	Gly	Ser	Gly	Val	Glu	Asp	Ser
			515					520					525			
	Arg	Thr	Thr	Ile	Ile	Leu	Gly	Glu	Asp	Ile	Leu	Pro	Ser	Lys	His	Val
		530					535					540				
40	Val	Met	His	Asn	Thr	Leu	Pro	His	Trp	Arg	Glu	Gln	Leu	Val	Asp	Phe
		545				550					555					560
	Tyr	Val	Ser	Ser	Pro	Phe	Val	Ser	Val	Thr	Asp	Leu	Ala	Asn	Asn	Pro
				565						570					575	
45	Val	Glu	Ala	Gln	Val	Ser	Pro	Val	Trp	Ser	Trp	His	His	Asp	Thr	Leu
				580					585					590		
	Thr	Lys	Thr	Ile	His	Pro	Gln	Gly	Ser	Thr	Thr	Lys	Tyr	Arg	Ile	Ile
			595					600					605			
	Phe	Lys	Ala	Arg	Val	Pro	Pro	Met	Gly	Leu	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Val	Leu	Thr
		610					615					620				
50	Ile	Ser	Asp	Ser	Lys	Pro	Glu	His	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Asn	Leu	Leu
		625				630					635					640
	Leu	Arg	Lys	Asn	Pro	Thr	Ser	Leu	Pro	Leu	Gly	Gln	Tyr	Pro	Glu	Asp
				645						650					655	
	Val	Lys	Phe	Gly	Asp	Pro	Arg	Glu	Ile	Ser	Leu	Arg	Val	Gly	Asn	Gly
			660					665						670		
55	Pro	Thr	Leu	Ala	Phe	Ser	Glu	Gln	Gly	Leu	Leu	Lys	Ser	Ile	Gln	Leu
			675					680					685			
	Thr	Gln	Asp	Ser	Pro	His	Val	Pro	Val	His	Phe	Lys	Phe	Leu	Lys	Tyr

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		690			695				700						
		Gly Val Arg Ser His			Gly Asp Arg Ser Gly Ala Tyr Leu Phe Leu Pro										
		705			710				715						720
5		Asn Gly Pro Ala Ser			Pro Val Glu Leu Gly Gln Pro Val Val Leu Val										
				725				730							735
		Thr Lys Gly Lys Leu			Glu Ser Ser Val Ser Val Gly Leu Pro Ser Val										
				740				745							750
		Val His Gln Thr Ile Met			Arg Gly Gly Ala Pro Glu Ile Arg Asn Leu										
				755				760							765
10		Val Asp Ile Gly Ser Leu			Asp Asn Thr Glu Ile Val Met Arg Leu Glu										
				770				775							780
		Thr His Ile Asp Ser Gly			Asp Ile Phe Tyr Thr Asp Leu Asn Gly Leu										
				785				790							800
		Gln Phe Ile Lys Arg Arg			Arg Arg Leu Asp Lys Leu Pro Leu Gln Ala Asn										
				805				810							815
15		Tyr Tyr Pro Ile Pro			Ser Gly Met Phe Ile Glu Asp Ala Asn Thr Arg										
				820				825							830
		Leu Thr Leu Leu Thr Gly			Gln Pro Leu Gly Gly Ser Ser Leu Ala Ser										
				835				840							845
20		Gly Glu Leu Glu Ile Met			Gln Asp Arg Arg Leu Ala Ser Asp Asp Glu										
				850				855							860
		Arg Gly Leu Gly Gln Gly			Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Pro Val Leu His Ile										
				865				870							880
		Tyr Arg Leu Val Leu Glu			Lys Val Asn Asn Cys Val Arg Pro Ser Lys										
				885				890							895
25		Leu His Pro Ala Gly Tyr			Leu Thr Ser Ala Ala His Lys Ala Ser Gln										
				900				905							910
		Ser Leu Leu Asp Pro Leu			Asp Lys Phe Ile Phe Ala Glu Asn Glu Trp										
				915				920							925
		Ile Gly Ala Gln Gly Gln			Phe Gly Gly Asp His Pro Ser Ala Arg Glu										
				930				935							940
30		Asp Leu Asp Val Ser Val			Met Arg Arg Leu Thr Lys Ser Ser Ala Lys										
				945				950							960
		Thr Gln Arg Val Gly Tyr			Val Leu His Arg Thr Asn Leu Met Gln Cys										
				965				970							975
35		Gly Thr Pro Glu Glu His			Thr Gln Lys Leu Asp Val Cys His Leu Leu										
				980				985							990
		Pro Asn Val Ala Arg Cys			Glu Arg Thr Thr Leu Thr Phe Leu Gln Asn										
				995				1000							1005
		Leu Glu His Leu Asp Gly			Met Val Ala Pro Glu Val Cys Pro Met Glu										
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<210> 35

<211> 1014

45 <212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Encodes Mouse CMP-sialic acid transporter (MmCST) Codon optimized

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<400> 35

55

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 ttgggagctt tggtgggttg tgtttccatc tacttgtacg gattgccaag acaagacact 960
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20 <210> 36
 <211> 336
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 25 <220>
 <223> Mouse CMP-sialic acid transporter (MmCST) Codon optimized
 <400> 36

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			35				40						45			
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	Lys	Glu	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gly	Arg	Phe	Lys	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ser	Glu	Asn
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	Val	Tyr	Ala	Val	Gln	Asn	Asn	Met	Ala	Phe	Leu	Ala	Leu	Ser	Asn	Leu
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15	Asp	Ala	Ala	Val	Tyr	Gln	Val	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ile	Pro	Cys	Thr
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	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Ser	Val	Val	Val	Lys	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Asn	Ile	Met	Lys
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	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ile	Val	Leu	Ser	Thr	Ile	Ala	Ser	Val
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	Leu	Val	Cys	Val	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Pro	Arg	Gln	Asp	Thr
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<210> 37

<211> 2172

<212> DNA

45 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Encodes Human UDP-GlcNAc 2-epimerase/N-acetylmannosamine kinase (HsGNE) codon optimized

50 <400> 37

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	acttccgct	ctttgatgaa	cattagaat	ttgcacatc	agggtggtg	agtttctgt	420
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	tacggtgac	gtaacgctgt	tccaagaat	ttgaagttt	tgaagtccat	cgacttgcaa	1140
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<210> 38

<211> 722

<212> PRT

40 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Human UDP-GlcNAc 2-epimerase/N-acetylmannosamine kinase (HsGNE) codon optimized

45 <400> 38

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				100					105					110		
	Arg	Phe	Asp	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Thr	Ser	Ala	Ala	Leu	Met	Asn	Ile
			115					120					125			
15	Arg	Ile	Leu	His	Ile	Glu	Gly	Gly	Glu	Val	Ser	Gly	Thr	Ile	Asp	Asp
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	Thr	Arg	Ser	Ala	Glu	Gln	His	Leu	Ile	Ser	Met	Cys	Glu	Asp	His	Asp
					165					170					175	
20	Arg	Ile	Leu	Leu	Ala	Gly	Cys	Pro	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser	Ala
				180					185					190		
	Lys	Asn	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Met	Ser	Ile	Ile	Arg	Met	Trp	Leu	Gly	Asp	Asp
			195					200					205			
	Val	Lys	Ser	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Val	Ala	Leu	Gln	His	Pro	Val	Thr	Thr
	210						215					220				
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	225					230					235				240	
	Ile	Ser	Phe	Asn	Lys	Arg	Thr	Leu	Val	Leu	Phe	Pro	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ala
					245					250					255	
30	Gly	Ser	Lys	Glu	Met	Val	Arg	Val	Met	Arg	Lys	Lys	Gly	Ile	Glu	His
				260					265					270		
	His	Pro	Asn	Phe	Arg	Ala	Val	Lys	His	Val	Pro	Phe	Asp	Gln	Phe	Ile
			275					280					285			
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	305					310					315				320	
	Arg	Gln	Ile	Gly	Arg	Glu	Thr	Gly	Glu	Asn	Val	Leu	His	Val	Arg	Asp
					325					330					335	
	Ala	Asp	Thr	Gln	Asp	Lys	Ile	Leu	Gln	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Gln	Phe	Gly
				340					345					350		
40	Lys	Gln	Tyr	Pro	Cys	Ser	Lys	Ile	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Gly	Asn	Ala	Val	Pro
			355					360					365			
	Arg	Ile	Leu	Lys	Phe	Leu	Lys	Ser	Ile	Asp	Leu	Gln	Glu	Pro	Leu	Gln
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	Lys	Lys	Phe	Cys	Phe	Pro	Pro	Val	Lys	Glu	Asn	Ile	Ser	Gln	Asp	Ile
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45	Asp	His	Ile	Leu	Glu	Thr	Leu	Ser	Ala	Leu	Ala	Val	Asp	Leu	Gly	Gly
					405					410					415	
	Thr	Asn	Leu	Arg	Val	Ala	Ile	Val	Ser	Met	Lys	Gly	Glu	Ile	Val	Lys
				420					425					430		
	Lys	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Phe	Asn	Pro	Lys	Thr	Tyr	Glu	Glu	Arg	Ile	Asn	Leu
			435					440					445			
50	Ile	Leu	Gln	Met	Cys	Val	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ala	Val	Lys	Leu	Asn
	450						455					460				
	Cys	Arg	Ile	Leu	Gly	Val	Gly	Ile	Ser	Thr	Gly	Gly	Arg	Val	Asn	Pro
	465					470					475				480	
	Arg	Glu	Gly	Ile	Val	Leu	His	Ser	Thr	Lys	Leu	Ile	Gln	Glu	Trp	Asn
					485					490					495	
55	Ser	Val	Asp	Leu	Arg	Thr	Pro	Leu	Ser	Asp	Thr	Leu	His	Leu	Pro	Val
				500					505					510		
	Trp	Val	Asp	Asn	Asp	Gly	Asn	Cys	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Glu	Arg	Lys	Phe

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<210> 39

<211> 1308

<212> DNA

30 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Encodes Human CMP-sialic acid synthase (HsCSS) codon optimized

35 <400> 39

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 aagccaccac acttggctgc tttgatcttg gctagaggag gttctaaggg tatcccattg 180
 40 aagaacatca agcacttggc tggtgttcca ttgattggat gggttttgag agctgctttg 240
 gactctggtg ctttccaatc tgtttgggtt tccactgacc acgacgagat tgagaacgtt 300
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 aacatccaag ctacttcccc atgtttgcac ccaactgact tgcaaaaagt tgctgagatg 480
 45 atcagagaag agggttacga ctccgttttc tccgttggtt gaaggcacca gttcagatgg 540
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 agaccaagaa ggcaggattg ggacggtgaa ttgtacgaaa acggttcctt ctacttcgct 660
 aagagacact tgatcgagat gggatacttg caaggtggaa agatggctta ctacgagatg 720
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 50 gttttgagat acggttactt cggaaggag aagttgaagg agatcaagtt gttggtttgt 840
 aacatcgacg gttgtttgac taacggtcac atctacgttt ctggtgacca gaaggagatt 900
 atctcctacg acgttaagga cgctattggt atctccttgt tgaagaagtc cggatcga 960
 gttagattga tctccgagag agcttgttcc aagcaaacat tgtcctcttt gaagttggac 1020
 tgtaagatgg aggtttccgt ttctgacaag ttggctggtt ttgacgaatg gagaaaggag 1080
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<210> 40
<211> 434
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>
<223> Human CMP-sialic acid synthase (HsCSS) codon optimized

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<400> 40

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				20				25						30		
5	Gly	Gly	Gln	Gly	Arg	Gly	Val	Glu	Lys	Pro	Pro	His	Leu	Ala	Ala	Leu
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	Ile	Leu	Ala	Arg	Gly	Gly	Ser	Lys	Gly	Ile	Pro	Leu	Lys	Asn	Ile	Lys
		50					55					60				
	His	Leu	Ala	Gly	Val	Pro	Leu	Ile	Gly	Trp	Val	Leu	Arg	Ala	Ala	Leu
10	65					70					75					80
	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ala	Phe	Gln	Ser	Val	Trp	Val	Ser	Thr	Asp	His	Asp	Glu
					85					90					95	
	Ile	Glu	Asn	Val	Ala	Lys	Gln	Phe	Gly	Ala	Gln	Val	His	Arg	Arg	Ser
				100					105					110		
15	Ser	Glu	Val	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ser	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ile	Ile	Glu
			115					120					125			
	Phe	Leu	Asn	Tyr	His	Asn	Glu	Val	Asp	Ile	Val	Gly	Asn	Ile	Gln	Ala
		130					135					140				
	Thr	Ser	Pro	Cys	Leu	His	Pro	Thr	Asp	Leu	Gln	Lys	Val	Ala	Glu	Met
20	145					150					155					160
	Ile	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Val	Phe	Ser	Val	Val	Arg	Arg	His
					165					170					175	
	Gln	Phe	Arg	Trp	Ser	Glu	Ile	Gln	Lys	Gly	Val	Arg	Glu	Val	Thr	Glu
				180					185					190		
25	Pro	Leu	Asn	Leu	Asn	Pro	Ala	Lys	Arg	Pro	Arg	Arg	Gln	Asp	Trp	Asp
			195					200					205			
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	225					230					235					240
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	Ala	Glu	Gln	Arg	Val	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Lys	Glu	Lys	Leu
				260					265					270		
	Lys	Glu	Ile	Lys	Leu	Leu	Val	Cys	Asn	Ile	Asp	Gly	Cys	Leu	Thr	Asn
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		290					295					300				
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					310						315					320
	Val	Arg	Leu	Ile	Ser	Glu	Arg	Ala	Cys	Ser	Lys	Gln	Thr	Leu	Ser	Ser
					325					330					335	
40	Leu	Lys	Leu	Asp	Cys	Lys	Met	Glu	Val	Ser	Val	Ser	Asp	Lys	Leu	Ala
				340					345					350		
	Val	Val	Asp	Glu	Trp	Arg	Lys	Glu	Met	Gly	Leu	Cys	Trp	Lys	Glu	Val
			355					360					365			
45	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Asn	Glu	Val	Ser	Asp	Glu	Glu	Cys	Leu	Lys	Arg	Val
		370					375					380				
	Gly	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ala	Pro	Ala	Asp	Ala	Cys	Ser	Thr	Ala	Gln	Lys	Ala
		385				390					395					400
	Val	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Lys	Cys	Asn	Gly	Gly	Arg	Gly	Ala	Ile	Arg	Glu
					405					410					415	
50	Phe	Ala	Glu	His	Ile	Cys	Leu	Leu	Met	Glu	Lys	Val	Asn	Asn	Ser	Cys
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Gln Lys

<210> 41
<211> 1080

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<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

5 <223> Encodes Human N-acetylneuraminate-9-phosphate synthase (HsSPS) codon optimized

<400> 41

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      agaatggcta aggaatgtgg tgctgactgt gctaagttcc agaagtccga gttggagttc 180
      aagttcaaca gaaaggcttt ggaaagacca tacacttcca agcactcttg gggaaagact 240
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      tctatggaca ctatgaagca ggtttaccag atcgttaagc cattgaaccc aaacttttgt 540
      ttcttgcagt gtacttccgc ttaccattg caaccagagg acgttaattt gagagttatc 600
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20      attgctattt ccgttgctgc tgttgctttg ggtgctaagg ttttgagag acacatcact 720
      ttggacaaga cttggaaggg ttctgatcac tctgcttctt tggaacctgg tgagttggct 780
      gaacttgtaa gatcagttag attggttgag agagctttgg gttccccaac taagcaattg 840
      ttgccatgtg agatggcttg taacgagaag ttgggaaagt ccgttggtgc taaggttaag 900
      atcccagagg gtactatctt gactatggac atgttgactg ttaaagtgg agagccaaag 960
25      ggttacccac cagaggacat ctttaacttg gttggtaaaa aggttttggt tactgttgag 1020
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<210> 42

<211> 359

30 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

35 <223> Human N-acetylneuraminate-9-phosphate synthase (HsSPS) codon optimized

<400> 42

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      20          25          30
      Leu Asp Val Ala Lys Arg Met Ile Arg Met Ala Lys Glu Cys Gly Ala
      35          40          45
45      Asp Cys Ala Lys Phe Gln Lys Ser Glu Leu Glu Phe Lys Phe Asn Arg
      50          55          60
      Lys Ala Leu Glu Arg Pro Tyr Thr Ser Lys His Ser Trp Gly Lys Thr
      65          70          75          80
      Tyr Gly Glu His Lys Arg His Leu Glu Phe Ser His Asp Gln Tyr Arg
      85          90          95
50      Glu Leu Gln Arg Tyr Ala Glu Glu Val Gly Ile Phe Phe Thr Ala Ser
      100          105          110
      Gly Met Asp Glu Met Ala Val Glu Phe Leu His Glu Leu Asn Val Pro
      115          120          125
      Phe Phe Lys Val Gly Ser Gly Asp Thr Asn Asn Phe Pro Tyr Leu Glu

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		130			135			140									
		Lys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Lys	Gly	Arg	Pro	Met	Val	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gly	Met	Gln
		145					150					155					160
5		Ser	Met	Asp	Thr	Met	Lys	Gln	Val	Tyr	Gln	Ile	Val	Lys	Pro	Leu	Asn
					165						170					175	
		Pro	Asn	Phe	Cys	Phe	Leu	Gln	Cys	Thr	Ser	Ala	Tyr	Pro	Leu	Gln	Pro
					180					185					190		
		Glu	Asp	Val	Asn	Leu	Arg	Val	Ile	Ser	Glu	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu	Phe	Pro
			195						200				205				
10		Asp	Ile	Pro	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Gly	His	Glu	Thr	Gly	Ile	Ala	Ile	Ser
		210						215					220				
		Val	Ala	Ala	Val	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ala	Lys	Val	Leu	Glu	Arg	His	Ile	Thr
		225					230					235					240
		Leu	Asp	Lys	Thr	Trp	Lys	Gly	Ser	Asp	His	Ser	Ala	Ser	Leu	Glu	Pro
15					245					250						255	
		Gly	Glu	Leu	Ala	Glu	Leu	Val	Arg	Ser	Val	Arg	Leu	Val	Glu	Arg	Ala
					260				265						270		
		Leu	Gly	Ser	Pro	Thr	Lys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Pro	Cys	Glu	Met	Ala	Cys	Asn
			275					280					285				
		Glu	Lys	Leu	Gly	Lys	Ser	Val	Val	Ala	Lys	Val	Lys	Ile	Pro	Glu	Gly
20			290				295					300					
		Thr	Ile	Leu	Thr	Met	Asp	Met	Leu	Thr	Val	Lys	Val	Gly	Glu	Pro	Lys
		305				310						315					320
		Gly	Tyr	Pro	Pro	Glu	Asp	Ile	Phe	Asn	Leu	Val	Gly	Lys	Lys	Val	Leu
					325					330					335		
25		Val	Thr	Val	Glu	Glu	Asp	Asp	Thr	Ile	Met	Glu	Glu	Leu	Val	Asp	Asn
					340				345						350		
		His	Gly	Lys	Lys	Ile	Lys	Ser									
					355												

30 <210> 43
 <211> 1092
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

35 <220>
 <223> Encodes Mouse alpha-2,6-sialyl transferase catalytic domain (MmmST6) codon optimized

<400> 43

40	gttttttcaaaa	tgccaaaagtc	ccaggagaaaa	gttgctgttg	gtccagctcc	acaagctggt	60
	ttctccaact	ccaagcaaga	tccaaaggag	gggtgttcaaa	tcttgtccta	cccaagagtt	120
	actgctaagg	ttaagccaca	accatccttg	caagtttggg	acaaggactc	cacttactcc	180
	aagttgaacc	caagattggt	gaagatttgg	agaaactact	tgaacatgaa	caagtacaag	240
	gtttcctaca	aggggtccagg	tccagggtgt	aagttctccg	ttgaggcttt	gagatgtcac	300
45	ttgagagacc	acgttaacgt	ttccatgata	gaggctactg	acttcccatt	caacactact	360
	gaatgggagg	gatacttgcc	aaaggagaac	ttcagaacta	aggctgggtc	atggcataag	420
	tgtgctgttg	tttcttctgc	tggttccttg	aagaactccc	agttgggtag	agaaattgac	480
	aaccacgacg	ctgttttgag	attcaacggt	gtcctaactg	acaacttcca	gcaggatggt	540
	ggtactaaga	ctactatcag	attggttaac	tcccaattgg	ttactactga	gaagagattc	600
	ttgaaggact	ccttgtacac	tgagggaatc	ttgattttgt	gggacccatc	tgtttaccac	660
50	gctgacattc	cacaatggta	tcagaagcca	gactacaact	tcttcgagac	ttacaagtcc	720
	tacagaagat	tgaccccatc	ccagccattc	tacatcttga	agccacaaat	gccatgggaa	780
	ttgtgggaca	tcatccagga	aatttcccca	gacttgatcc	aaccaaaccc	accatcttct	840
	ggaatggttg	gtatcatcat	catgatgact	ttgtgtgacc	aggttgacat	ctacgagttc	900
	ttgccatcca	agagaaagac	tgatgtttgt	tactaccacc	agaagttctt	cgactccgct	960
55	tgtactatgg	gagcttacca	cccattgttg	ttcgagaaga	acatgggtta	gcacttgaac	1020
	gaagggtactg	acgaggacat	ctacttggtc	ggaaaggcta	ctttgtccgg	tttcagaaac	1080
	aacagatggt	ag					1092

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<210> 44
 <211> 363
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Mouse alpha-2,6-sialyl transferase catalytic domain (MmmST6) codon optimized

<400> 44

10

15

20

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35

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45

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55

```

Val Phe Gln Met Pro Lys Ser Gln Glu Lys Val Ala Val Gly Pro Ala
 1      5      10      15
Pro Gln Ala Val Phe Ser Asn Ser Lys Gln Asp Pro Lys Glu Gly Val
      20      25      30
Gln Ile Leu Ser Tyr Pro Arg Val Thr Ala Lys Val Lys Pro Gln Pro
      35      40      45
Ser Leu Gln Val Trp Asp Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Lys Leu Asn Pro
      50      55      60
Arg Leu Leu Lys Ile Trp Arg Asn Tyr Leu Asn Met Asn Lys Tyr Lys
      65      70      75      80
Val Ser Tyr Lys Gly Pro Gly Pro Gly Val Lys Phe Ser Val Glu Ala
      85      90      95
Leu Arg Cys His Leu Arg Asp His Val Asn Val Ser Met Ile Glu Ala
      100      105      110
Thr Asp Phe Pro Phe Asn Thr Thr Glu Trp Glu Gly Tyr Leu Pro Lys
      115      120      125
Glu Asn Phe Arg Thr Lys Ala Gly Pro Trp His Lys Cys Ala Val Val
      130      135      140
Ser Ser Ala Gly Ser Leu Lys Asn Ser Gln Leu Gly Arg Glu Ile Asp
      145      150      155      160
Asn His Asp Ala Val Leu Arg Phe Asn Gly Ala Pro Thr Asp Asn Phe
      165      170      175
Gln Gln Asp Val Gly Thr Lys Thr Thr Ile Arg Leu Val Asn Ser Gln
      180      185      190
Leu Val Thr Thr Glu Lys Arg Phe Leu Lys Asp Ser Leu Tyr Thr Glu
      195      200      205
Gly Ile Leu Ile Leu Trp Asp Pro Ser Val Tyr His Ala Asp Ile Pro
      210      215      220
Gln Trp Tyr Gln Lys Pro Asp Tyr Asn Phe Phe Glu Thr Tyr Lys Ser
      225      230      235      240
Tyr Arg Arg Leu His Pro Ser Gln Pro Phe Tyr Ile Leu Lys Pro Gln
      245      250      255
Met Pro Trp Glu Leu Trp Asp Ile Ile Gln Glu Ile Ser Pro Asp Leu
      260      265      270
Ile Gln Pro Asn Pro Pro Ser Ser Gly Met Leu Gly Ile Ile Ile Met
      275      280      285
Met Thr Leu Cys Asp Gln Val Asp Ile Tyr Glu Phe Leu Pro Ser Lys
      290      295      300
Arg Lys Thr Asp Val Cys Tyr Tyr His Gln Lys Phe Phe Asp Ser Ala
      305      310      315      320
Cys Thr Met Gly Ala Tyr His Pro Leu Leu Phe Glu Lys Asn Met Val
      325      330      335
Lys His Leu Asn Glu Gly Thr Asp Glu Asp Ile Tyr Leu Phe Gly Lys
      340      345      350
Ala Thr Leu Ser Gly Phe Arg Asn Asn Arg Cys
      355      360
    
```

<210> 45
 <211> 1037
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> PpPMA1 promoter

<400> 45

5
 10
 15
 20

```

aaatgcgtac ctcttctacg agattcaagc gaatgagaat aatgtaatat gcaagatcag 60
aaagaatgaa aggagttgaa aaaaaaaacc gttgcgtttt gaccttgaat ggggtggagg 120
tttccattca aagtaaagcc tgtgtcttgg tattttcggc ggcacaagaa atcgtaattt 180
tcattcttcta aacgatgaag atcgcagccc aacctgtatg tagttaaccg gtcggaatta 240
taagaaagat tttcgatcaa caaaccttag caaatagaaa gcaggggttac aactttaaac 300
cgaagtcaca aacgataaac cactcagctc ccacccaaat tcattcccac tagcagaaag 360
gaattattta atccctcagg aaacctcgat gattctcccg ttcttccatg ggcgggtatc 420
gcaaaatgag gaatttttca aatttctcta ttgtcaagac tgtttattat ctaagaaata 480
gcccaatccg aagctcagtt ttgaaaaaat cacttccgcg tttctttttt acagcccgat 540
gaatatccaa atttggaata tggattactc tatcgggact gcagataata tgacaacaac 600
gcagattaca ttttaggtaa ggcataaaca ccagccagaa atgaaacgcc cactagccat 660
ggtcgaatag tccaatgaat tcagatagct atggtctaaa agctgatgtt ttttattggg 720
taatggcgaa gagtccagta cgacttccag cagagctgag atggccattt ttgggggtat 780
tagtaacttt ttgagctctt ttcacttcca tgaagtgtcc cattcgggat ataatcgat 840
cgcgctcggtt tctcgaaaat acagcttagc gtcgtccgct tgttgtaaaa gcagcaccac 900
attcctaatac tcttatataa acaaaacaac ccaaattatc agtgctgttt tcccaccaga 960
tataagtttc ttttctcttc cgctttttga ttttttatct ctttccttta aaaacttctt 1020
taccttaaag ggcggcc 1037

```

<210> 46

<211> 512

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> PpPMA1 terminator

<400> 46

35
 40

```

taagcttcac gatttgtgtt ccagtttatc ccccttttat ataccgttaa ccctttccct 60
gttgagctga ctgttgttgt attaccgcaa tttttccaag tttgccatgc ttttcgtgtt 120
atttgaccga tgtctttttt cccaaatcaa actatatattg ttaccattta aaccaagtta 180
tcttttgtat taagagtcta agtttgttcc caggcttcat gtgagagtga taaccatcca 240
gactatgatt cttgtttttt attgggtttg tttgtgtgat acatctgagt tgtgattcgt 300
aaagtatgtc agtctatcta gatttttaat agttaattgg taatcaatga cttgtttgtt 360
ttaactttta aattgtgggt cgtatccacg cgttttagtat agctgttcat ggctgttaga 420
ggagggcgat gtttatatac agaggacaag aatgaggagg cggcgtgtat ttttaaaatg 480
gagacgcgac tcctgtacac cttatcggtt gg 512

```

<210> 47

<211> 798

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> PpOCH1 promoter

<400> 47

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	tggacacagg	agactcagaa	acagacacag	agcgttctga	gtcctggtgc	tcctgacgta	60
	ggcctagaac	aggaattatt	ggctttat	gtttgtccat	ttcataggct	tggggtaata	120
	gatagatgac	agagaaatag	agaagaccta	atattttttg	ttcatggcaa	atcgcgggtt	180
5	cgcggtcggg	tcacacacgg	agaagtaatg	agaagagctg	gtaatctggg	gtaaaagggg	240
	tcaaaagaag	gtcgcctggt	agggatgcaa	tacaagggtt	tcttggagtt	tacattgacc	300
	agatgatttg	gctttttctc	tgttcaattc	acattttttca	gcgagaatcg	gattgacgga	360
	gaaatggcgg	ggtgtggggg	ggatagatgg	cagaaatgct	cgcaatcacc	gcgaaagaaa	420
	gactttatgg	aatagaacta	ctgggtggtg	taaggattac	atagctagtc	caatggagtc	480
	cgttggaaag	gtaagaagaa	gctaaaaccg	gctaagtaac	tagggaagaa	tgatcagact	540
10	ttgatttgat	gaggtctgaa	aatactctgc	tgctttttca	gttgcttttt	ccctgcaacc	600
	tatcattttc	cttttcataa	gcctgccttt	tctgttttca	cttatatgag	ttccgccgag	660
	acttccccaa	attctctcct	ggaacattct	ctatcgctct	ccttccaagt	tgcgccccct	720

15	ggcactgcct	agtaatatta	ccacgcgact	tatattcagt	tccacaattt	ccagtgttcg	780
	tagcaaatat	catcagcc					798

<210> 48
 <211> 302
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> PpALG12 terminator
 <400> 48

	aatatatacc	tcatttggtc	aatttgggtg	aaagagtgtg	gcggatagac	ttcttgtaaa	60
	tcaggaaagc	tacaattcca	attgctgcaa	aaaataccaa	tgcccataaa	ccagtatgag	120
30	cggtgccttc	gacggattgc	ttactttccg	accctttgtc	gtttgattct	tctgcctttg	180
	gtgagtcagt	ttgtttcgac	tttatatctg	actcatcaac	ttcctttacg	gttgcggttt	240
	taatcataat	tttagccggt	ggcttattat	cccttgagtt	ggtaggagtt	ttgatgatgc	300
	tg						302

<210> 49
 <211> 435
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> PpSEC4 promoter
 <400> 49

45	gaagtaaagt	tggcgaaact	ttgggaacct	ttggttaaaa	ctttgtaatt	tttgtcgcta	60
	cccattaggg	agaatctgca	tcttgggagg	gggatgtggt	ggcgttctga	gatgtacgcg	120
	aagaatgaag	agccagtggg	aacaacaggc	ctagagagat	acgggcataa	tgggtataac	180
	ctacaagtta	agaatgtagc	agccctggaa	accagattga	aacgaaaaac	gaaatcattt	240
	aaactgtagg	atgttttggc	tcattgtctg	gaaggctggc	tgtttattgc	cctgttcttt	300
50	gcatgggaat	aagctattat	atccctcaca	taatcccaga	aaatagattg	aagcaacgcg	360
	aatccttac	gtatcgaagt	agccttctta	cacattcacg	ttgtacggat	aagaaaacta	420
	ctcaaacgaa	caatc					435

<210> 50
 <211> 404
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>

<223> PpOCH1 terminator

<400> 50

```

5      aatagatata gcgagattag agaatgaata ccttcttcta agcgatcgtc cgatcatcata 60
      gaatatcatg gactgtatag tttttttttt gtacatataa tgattaaacg gtcacccaac 120
      atctcgttga cagatctctc agtacgcgaa atccctgact atcaaagcaa gaaccgatga 180
10     agaaaaaac aacagtaacc caaacaccac aacaaacact ttatcttctc ccccccaaca 240
      ccaatcatca aagagatgtc ggaacacaaa caccaagaag caaaaactaa ccccatataa 300
      aaacatcctg gtagataatg ctggttaacc gctctccttc catattctgg gctacttcac 360
      gaagtctgac cggctctcagt tgatcaacat gatcctcgaa atggg 404

```

<210> 51

15 <211> 600

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

20 <223> PpTEF1 promoter

<400> 51

```

25     ttaaggtttg gaacaacact aaactacctt gcggtactac cattgacact acacatcctt 60
      aattccaatc ctgtctggcc tccttcacct ttttaaccatc ttgcccattc caactcgtgt 120
      cagattgcgt atcaagtga aaaaaaaaaa ttttaaatct ttaacccaat caggtaataa 180
      ctgtcgcctc ttttatctgc cgcactgcat gaggtgtccc cttagtggga aagagtactg 240
      agccaaccct ggaggacagc aagggaacaa tacctacaac ttgcttcata atggtcgtaa 300
      aaacaatcct tgtcggatat aagtgttgta gactgtccct tatcctctgc gatgttcttc 360
30     ctctcaaagt ttgcgatttc tctctatcag aattgccatc aagagactca ggactaattt 420
      cgcagtccca cagcactcgc tacatgattg gctgaaattt ccctaaagaa tttctttttc 480
      acgaaaattt tttttttaca caagattttc agcagatata aaatggagag caggacctcc 540
      gctgtgactc ttcttttttt tctttttattc tcaactacata catttttagtt attcgccaac 600

```

35 <210> 52

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

40 <223> PpTEF1 terminator

<400> 52

```

45     attgcttgaa gctttaattt attttattaa cataataata atacaagcat gatataatttg 60
      tattttgttc gtttaacattg atgttttctt cattttactgt tattgtttgt aactttgatc 120
      gattttatctt ttctacttta ctgtaatatg gctggcgggt gagccttgaa ctccctgtat 180
      tactttacct tgctattact taatctattg actagcagcg acctcttcaa ccgaagggca 240
      agtacacagc aagttcatgt ctccgtaagt gtcacacacc ctggaaacag tgggcatgt 300
50     c 301

```

<210> 53

<211> 486

<212> DNA

55 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> PpGAPDH promoter

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<400> 53

```

5      tttttgtaga aatgtcttgg tgtcctcgtc caatcaggta gccatctctg aaatatctgg 60
      ctccgttgca actccgaacg acctgctggc aacgtaaaat tctccggggt aaaacttaaa 120
      tgtggagtaa tggaaccaga aacgtctctt cccttctctc tccttccacc gcccgttacc 180
      gtccctagga aattttactc tgctggagag cttcttctac ggcccccttg cagcaatgct 240
      cttcccagca ttacgttgcg ggtaaaacgg aggtcgtgta cccgacctag cagcccaggg 300
      atggaaaagt cccggccgtc gctggcaata atagcggggc gacgcatgtc atgagattat 360
10     tggaaaccac cagaatcgaa tataaaaggc gaacaccttt cccaattttg gtttctcctg 420
      acccaaagac tttaaattta atttatttgt ccctatttca atcaattgaa caactatcaa 480
      aacaca                                         486

```

<210> 54

<211> 376

15 <212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

20 <223> PpALG3 terminator

<400> 54

```

25     atttacaatt agtaatatta aggtggtaaa aacattcgtg gaattgaaat gaattaatat 60
      agtatgacaa tgggttcatt ctataaatct ccgggttcgg taccttctcc ccaattgaat 120
      acattgtcaa aatgaatggg tgaactatta gggttcgccag tttcgttatt aagaaaactg 180
      ttaaaatcaa attccatctc atcgggttcca gtgggaggac cagttccatc gccaaaatcc 240
      tgtaagaatc cattgtcaga acctgttaaag tcagtttgag atgaaatfff tccggtcttt 300
      gttgacttgg aagcttcgtt aagggttaggt gaaacagttt gatcaaccag cgggtcccggt 360
      tttcgtcgtc tagtag                                         376

```

30

<210> 55

<211> 934

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

35

<220>

<223> PpAOX1 promoter and integration locus

<400> 55

40

```

      aacatccaaa gacgaaaggt tgaatgaaac ctttttgcca tccgacatcc acaggtccat 60
      tctcacacat aagtgccaaa cgcaacagga ggggatacac tagcagcaga ccgttgcaaa 120
      cgcaggacct ccactcctct tctcctcaac acccactttt gccatcgaaa aaccagccca 180
      gttattgggc ttgattggag ctcgctcatt ccaattcctt ctattaggct actaacacca 240
45     tgacttttatt agcctgtcta tcctggcccc cctggcgagg ttcatgtttg tttatttccg 300
      aatgcaacaa gctccgcatt acacccgaac atcactccag atgagggctt tctgagtgtg 360
      ggggtcaaata gtttcatgtt ccccaaatgg cccaaaactg acagtttaaa cgctgtcttg 420
      gaacctaata tgacaaaagc gtgatctcat ccaagatgaa ctaagtttgg ttcgttgaaa 480
      tgctaacggc cagttgggtc aaaagaaact tccaaaagtc ggcataccgt ttgtcttggt 540
50     tggatttgat tgacgaatgc tcaaaaataa tctcattaat gcttagcgca gtctctctat 600
      cgcttctgaa ccccggtgca cctgtgccga aacgcgaatg gggaaacacc cgctttttgg 660
      atgattatgc attgtctcca cattgtatgc ttccaagatt ctgggtggaa tactgtgat 720
      agcctaacgt tcatgatcaa aatttaactg ttctaaccct tacttgacag caatatataa 780
      acagaaggaa gctgccctgt cttaaacctt tttttttatc atcattatta gcttactttc 840
55     ataattgcga ctggttccaa ttgacaagct tttgatttta acgactttta acgacaactt 900
      gagaagatca aaaaacaact aattattcga aacg                                         934

```

55

<210> 56

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<211> 293
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

5 <220>
<223> ScCYC1 terminator

<400> 56

```
10      acagggcccct tttcctttgt cgatatcatg taattagtta tgtcacgctt acattcacgc 60
      cctcctccca catccgctct aaccgaaaag gaaggagtta gacaacctga agtctagggtc 120
      cctatattatt ttttttaata gttatgttag tattaagaac gttatttata tttcaaattt 180
      ttcttttttt tctgtacaaa cgcgtgtacg catgtaacat tatactgaaa accttgcttg 240
      agaaggtttt gggacgctcg aaggctttta tttgcaagct gccggctctt aag          293
```

15 <210> 57
<211> 427
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

20 <220>
<223> ScTEF1 promoter

<400> 57

```
25      gatccccac acaccatagc ttcaaaatgt ttctactcct tttttactct tccagatttt 60
      ctcggaactcc gcgcacgcgc gtaccacttc aaaacaccca agcacagcat actaaatttc 120
      ccctctttct tcctctaggg tgtcgttaat tacccgtagt aaagggttggt aaaagaaaaa 180
      agagaccgccc tcgtttcttt ttcttcgctg aaaaaggcaa taaaaatttt tatcacgttt 240
30      ctttttcttg aaaatttttt tttttgattt ttttctcttt cgatgacctc ccattgatata 300
      ttaagttaat aaacggtctt caatttctca agtttcagtt tcatttttct tgttctatta 360
      caactttttt tacttcttgc tcattagaaa gaaagcatag caatctaata taagttttta 420
      ttacaaa          427
```

35 <210> 58
<211> 375
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

40 <220>
<223> Encodes Sh ble ORF (Zeocin resistance marker):

<400> 58

```
45      atggccaagt tgaccagtgc cgttccggtg ctcaccgcgc gcgacgtcgc cggagcggtc 60
      gagttctgga ccgaccggct cgggttctcc cgggacttcg tggaggacga cttcgccggt 120
      gtgggtccggg acgacgtgac cctgttcatc agcgcggtcc aggaccaggt ggtgccggac 180
      aacaccctgg cctgggtgtg ggtgcgcggc ctggacgagc tgtacgccga gtggtcggag 240
      gtcgtgtcca cgaacttccg ggacgcctcc gggccggcca tgaccgagat cggcgagcag 300
50      ccgtgggggc gggagttcgc cctgcgcgac ccggccggca actgcgtgca cttcgtggcc 360
      gaggagcagg actga          375
```

55 <210> 59
<211> 898
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 5'-Region of PpURA5

<400> 59

```

5      atcggccttt gttgatgcaa gttttacgtg gatcatggac taaggagttt tatttggacc 60
      aagttcatcg tcctagacat tacggaaagg gttctgctcc tctttttgga aactttttgg 120
      aacctctgag tatgacagct tgggtggattg taccatgggt atggcttcct gtgaatttct 180
      attttttcta cattggattc accaatcaaa acaaattagt cgccatggct ttttggcttt 240
10     tgggtctatt tgtttggacc ttcttggaaat atgctttgca tagatttttg ttccacttgg 300
      actactatct tccagagaat caaattgcat ttaccattca tttcttattg catgggatac 360
      accactatth accaatggat aaatacagat tgggtgatgcc acctacactt ttcattgtac 420
      tttgctaccc aatcaagacg ctctgtctttt ctgttctacc atattacatg gcttgttctg 480
      gatttgcagg tggattcctg ggctatatca tgtatgatgt cactcattac gttctgcatc 540
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<210> 60

<211> 1060

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

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<223> 3'-Region of PpURA5

<400> 60

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<211> 957

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

55

<220>

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<400> 61

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<210> 62

<211> 709

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Part of the Ec lacZ gene

<400> 62

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      cagccgaaa acctaccgga ttgatggtag tggtaaatag gcgattaccg ttgatgttga 660
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<210> 63

<211> 222

<212> PRT

<213> Pichia pastoris

<400> 63

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30 <210> 64
 <211> 2875
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

35 <220>
 <223> 5'-Region of PpOCH1

<400> 64

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55 <220>
 <223> 3'-Region of PpOCH1

<400> 65

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<210> 66

20 <211> 870

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

25 <223> 5'-Region of PpBMT2

<400> 66

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<210> 67

45 <211> 1733

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

50 <223> 3'-Region of PpBMT2

<400> 67

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30 <210> 68
 <211> 411
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

35 <220>
 <223> 5'-Region of PpBMT1
 <400> 68

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50 <210> 69
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55 <220>
 <223> 3'-Region of PpBMT1
 <400> 69

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	cgcttaaacg	agaaagtgtg	tgcgaattga	atgcaggtgc	ctgtgcgcct	tggtgtattg	420
10	tttttgaggg	cccaatttat	caggcgctt	ttttcttggg	tgttttccct	tagcctcaag	480
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	ctccttactt	ggaatgataa	taatcttggc	ggaatctccc	taaacggagg	caaggattct	660
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<210> 70
 <211> 546
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> 5'-Region of PpBMT3

<400> 70

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tgcattcattg	ttcaacattg	tggttcaatt	gtcgaacatt	gctgggtgctt	atatctacag	180	
ggaagacgat	aagcctttgt	acaagagagg	taacagacag	ttaattggta	tttctttggg	240	
30	agtcgttgcc	ctctacgttg	tctccaagac	atactacatt	ctgagaaaca	gatggaagac	300
	tcaaaaatgg	gagaagctta	gtgaagaaga	gaaagttgcc	tacttgagca	gagctgagaa	360
	ggagaacctg	ggttctaaga	ggctggactt	tttgttcgag	agttaaactg	cataattttt	420
	tctaagtaaa	tttcatagtt	atgaaatttc	tgcagcttag	tgtttactgc	atcgtttact	480
	gcatcaccct	gtaataaatg	tgagcttttt	tccttccatt	gcttggtatc	ttccttgctg	540
35	ctgttt						546

<210> 71
 <211> 378
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> 3'-Region of PpBMT3

<400> 71

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<210> 72
 <211> 1043
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>

<223> 5'-Region of PpBMT4

<400> 72

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      gatgaccgtt gtattgcctg tcaactatagc caggggtagg gtccataaag gaatcatagc 180
10     agggaaatta aaagggcata ttgatgcaat cactcccaat ggctctcttg ccattgaagt 240
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      ttgctctgcc acctgtagtc ctctcaaaac gtcaccttgt gcatcagcaa agactttacc 360
      ttgctccaat actatgacgg aggcaattct gtcaaaattc tctctcagca attcaaccaa 420
      cttgaaagca aattgctgtc tcttgatgat ggagactttt ttccaagatt gaaatgcaat 480

15     gtgggacgac tcaattgctt cttccagctc ctcttcggtt gattgaggaa cttttgaaac 540
      cacaaaattg gtcgttgggt catgtacatc aaaccattct gtagatttag attcgacgaa 600
      agcgttggtt atgaaggaaa aggttggata cggtttgtcg gtctcttttg tatggccggt 660
      ggggtatgca attgcagtag aagataattg gacagccatt gttgaaggta gagaaaaggt 720
20     cagggaaactt ggggggttatt tataccattt taccacacaa ataacaactg aaaagtaccc 780
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      ctgtgtaatc cattgggact aatcaacaga cgattggcaa tataatgaaa tagttcgttg 900
      aaaagccacg tcagctgtct ttctattaac tttggtcgga cacaacattt tctactgttg 960
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<210> 73

<211> 695

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 3'-Region of PpBMT4

<400> 73

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      agtatatttt cctcatctc ccaagcagtt tcgtttttgc atccatatct ctcaaagtag 180
40     cagctacgac tcattagaac cagagtcaag taggggtgag ctacagtcac agccttcgtt 240
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45     agcccagaat gaaatcatca accgttatca gcagattgat aaactcttgg aaagcgggat 540
      cccattttca ttattgaaga actacgataa tgaagatgtg agagacggcg accctctgaa 600
      cgtagacgaa gaaacaaatc tacttttggg gtacaataga gaaagtgaat caagggaggt 660
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<210> 74

<211> 937

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 5'-Region of PpPNO1 and PpMNN4

<400> 74

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 10 caaatgttta atgaagatga gctcaaagat atcccgttta aatgcattat atgcaaagga 540
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 caacggtcaa gaagaaaacc aaattgtatt atatgtggca gagacacttt aggagttgct 660
 ttaccagcaa agaagttgtc ccaatttctg gctaagatac ataataatga aagtaataaa 720
 gtttagtaat tgacattgctg tgactattga ttgcattgat gtcgtgtgat actttcaccg 780
 aaaaaaaaca cgaagcgcaa taggagcggg tgcatattag tccccaaagc tattttaattg 840
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 gtttaggcgc agtttaatac tagccctactg ctaagcc 937

<210> 75

<211> 1906

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 3'-Region of PpPNO1 and PpMNN4

<400> 75

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 tgaaaacgat ataataaatc atttggattt tataataaac cctgacagtt tttccactgt 120
 attgttttaa cactcattgg aagctgtatt gattctaaga agctagaaat caatacggcc 180
 atacaaaaga tgacattgaa taagcaccgg cttttttgat tagcatatac cttaaagcat 240
 gcattcatgg ctacatagtt gttaaagggc ttcttccatt atcagtataa tgaattacat 300
 aatcatgcac ttatatgtgc ccatctctgt tctctcactc ttgcctgggt atattctatg 360
 35 aaattgcgta tagcgtgtct ccagtgaac cccaagcttg gcgagtttga agagaatgct 420
 aaccttgctg attccttgct tcaggaaaca ttcaaggaga aacagggtcaa gaagccaaac 480
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 gagccttttt tggaggaaac aaccaaggga gctagtacct aatgggctca aaaagtatcc 600
 aagacgtggg attgctttac tttaatagga taccagaaa aaagtttaga gagccctccc 660
 cgtatttaca acagtgcggt acttgatcg cctcaggga aagtaatgaa caactacaga 720
 40 aagtccttct tgtatgaagc tgatgaacat tggggatggt cggaatcttc tgatgggttt 780
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<210> 76
 <211> 1128
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

5

<220>
 <223> 5'-Region of PpMNN4L1

10

<400> 76

15

20

25

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30

<210> 77
 <211> 1231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

35

<220>
 <223> 3'-Region of PpMNN4L1

<400> 77

40

45

50

55

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	ggatccatac	aatgtaaatc	attacgagag	ggcgaggttg	aaaagtttcc	attgcaatca	1200
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<210> 78

<211> 1815

<212> DNA

25 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> PpTRP2 gene integration locus

30 <400> 78

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<210> 79

<211> 1373

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 5'-Region of PpARG1

<400> 79

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<210> 80

<211> 1470

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 3'-Region of PpARG1

<400> 80

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30 <210> 81
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35 <220>
 <223> PpARG1 auxotrophic marker

<400> 81

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45

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<210> 82

<211> 1250

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 5'-region of PpADE1

<400> 82

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<210> 83

<211> 882

20 <212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

25 <223> 3'-region of PpADE1

<400> 83

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	aaccattccg	tttatcggtg	atttaaaatc	aataacgaat	gaatgtcggg	ctgagtagtc	180
	aatttggtgc	cttggagctc	attggcaggg	ggtcttttgg	ctcagtatgg	aaggttgaaa	240
	ggaaaacaga	tggaaagtgg	ttcgtcagaa	aagaggatc	ctacatgaag	atgaatgcca	300
	aagagatatc	tcaagtgata	gctgagttca	gaattcttag	tgagttaagc	catccaaca	360
35	ttgtgaagta	ccttcacac	gaacatattt	ctgagaataa	aactgtcaat	ttatacatgg	420
	aatactgtga	tgggtggagat	ctctccaagc	tgattcgaac	acatagaagg	aacaaagagt	480
	acatttcaga	agaaaaaata	tggagtattt	ttacgcaggt	tttatttagca	ttgtatcggt	540
	gtcattatgg	aactgatttc	acggcttcaa	aggagtttga	atcgctcaat	aaaggtaata	600
	gacgaacca	gaatccttcg	tgggtagact	cgacaagagt	tattattcac	agggatataa	660
	aacccgacaa	catctttctg	atgaacaatt	caaacttgt	caaactggga	gattttggat	720
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	acatgtctcc	tgaagtgtcg	ttggaccaac	cctactcacc	attatgtgat	atatgggtctc	840
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<210> 84

45 <211> 909

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

50 <223> 5'-region of MET16

<400> 84

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      gatgctggaa aaaaaaaatt gaaaacgcc aagcttccag ctttgcaagg aaagaagaaa 720
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15
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20     <210> 85
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      <213> Artificial Sequence

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25     <220>
      <223> 3'-region of MET16

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      <400> 85

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45     <210> 86
      <211> 1796
      <212> DNA
      <213> Artificial Sequence

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50     <220>
      <223> PpMET16 auxotrophic marker

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      <400> 86

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<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 5'-Region of PpHIS1

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<400> 87

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<210> 88

<211> 1841

<212> DNA

55 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> 3'-Region of PpHIS1

<400> 88

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<210> 89

35 <211> 1729

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

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40 <223> PpHIS1 auxotrophic marker

<400> 89

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55

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agagttcctt tcactcttgt tatctatatt gtcagcgtgg actgtttata actgtaccaa 1680
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30 <210> 90
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    <213> Artificial Sequence

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35 <220>
    <223> 5'-region of PpPRO1

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    <400> 90

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<211> 1425

<212> DNA

25 <213> Artificial Sequence

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<223> 3'-region of PpPRO1

30 <400> 91

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<210> 92

<211> 501

<212> DNA

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<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Encodes Truncated hEPO DNA (codon optimized)

<400> 92

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<211> 165

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Truncated hEPO

<400> 93

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20          25          30
Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe
35          40          45
Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp
50          55          60
Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu
65          70          75          80
Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp
85          90          95
Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu
100         105         110
Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala
115         120         125
Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val
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<210> 94

<211> 78

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> encodes chicken lysozyme signal peptide (CLSP)

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<400> 94

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<210> 95

<211> 26

<212> PRT

10 <213> Artificial Sequence

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<223> chicken lysozyme signal peptide (CLSP)

15 <400> 95

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<210> 96

<211> 1892

<212> DNA

25 <213> Artificial Sequence

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<223> Encodes PpAde2

30 <400> 96

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 <211> 563
 <212> PRT
 <213> Pichia pastoris

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<400> 97

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	225					230					235				240	
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10	Glu	Thr	Pro	Gly	Ala	Ser	Val	Tyr	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Thr	Thr	Arg	Leu
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<223> Pp TRP2: 5' and ORF

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<400> 98

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 <212> DNA
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Claims

1. A method for producing a recombinant glycoprotein in *Pichia pastoris* that lacks detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens, comprising:
 - (a) providing a recombinant *Pichia pastoris* host cell which does not display any of β -mannosyltransferase 1, 2, 3 and 4 activity with respect to an *N*-glycan or *O*-glycan, wherein the β -mannosyltransferase 1, 2 and 3 genes have been deleted or disrupted, wherein the host cell includes a nucleic acid molecule encoding the recombinant glycoprotein
 - (b) growing the host cell in a medium under conditions effective for expressing the recombinant glycoprotein; and
 - (c) recovering the recombinant glycoprotein from the medium to produce the recombinant glycoprotein that lacks detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein the detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens is determined in a sandwich ELISA.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein the detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens is determined in a Western blot.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein the recombinant glycoprotein is a therapeutic glycoprotein.
5. The method of claim 4, wherein the therapeutic glycoprotein is selected from the group consisting erythropoietin (EPO); cytokines such as interferon α , interferon β , interferon γ , and interferon ω ; and granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (GCSF); GM-CSF; coagulation factors such as factor VIII, factor IX, and human protein C; antithrombin III; thrombin; soluble IgE receptor α -chain; immunoglobulins such as IgG, IgG fragments, IgG fusions, and IgM; immunoadhesions and other Fc fusion proteins such as soluble TNF receptor-Fc fusion proteins; RAGE-Fc fusion proteins; interleukins; urokinase; chymase; and urea trypsin inhibitor; IGF-binding protein; epidermal growth factor; growth hormone-releasing factor; annexin V fusion protein; angiostatin; vascular endothelial growth factor-2; myeloid progenitor inhibitory factor-1; osteoprotegerin; α -1-antitrypsin; α -feto proteins; DNase II; kringle 3 of human plasminogen; glucocerebrosidase; TNF binding protein 1; follicle stimulating hormone; cytotoxic T lymphocyte associated

antigen 4 - Ig; transmembrane activator and calcium modulator and cyclophilin ligand; glucagon like protein 1; and IL-2 receptor agonist.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein the host cell is genetically engineered to produce glycoproteins that have human-like *N*-glycans.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein the host cell is genetically engineered to produce glycoproteins that have predominantly an *N*-glycan selected from $\text{Man}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GalGlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{NANAGalGlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAcMan}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAc}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Gal}_{(1-4)}\text{GlcNAc}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, and $\text{NANA}_{(1-4)}\text{Gal}_{(1-4)}\text{GlcNAc}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$.

8. The method of claim 1 for producing a mature human erythropoietin in *Pichia pastoris* comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens, comprising:

(a) providing a recombinant *Pichia pastoris* host cell genetically engineered to produce sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and does not display any of β -mannosyltransferase 1, 2, 3 and 4 activity with respect to an *N*-glycan or *O*-glycan, wherein the β -mannosyltransferase 1, 2 and 3 genes have been deleted or disrupted, wherein the host cell includes two or more nucleic acid molecules, each encoding a fusion protein comprising a mature human erythropoietin fused to a signal peptide that targets the ER and which is removed when the fusion protein is in the ER;

(b) growing the host cell in a medium under conditions effective for expressing and processing the first and second fusion proteins; and

(c) recovering the mature human erythropoietin from the medium to produce the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein the signal peptide is a *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide or a chicken lysozyme signal peptide.

10. The method of claim 8, wherein at least one nucleic acid molecule encodes a fusion protein wherein the erythropoietin is fused to the *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide and at least one nucleic acid molecule encodes a fusion protein wherein the erythropoietin is fused to the *S. cerevisiae* α MATpre signal peptide or a chicken lysozyme signal peptide.

11. The method of claim 8, wherein the codons of the nucleic acid sequence of the nucleic acid molecule encoding the erythropoietin is optimized for expression in *Pichia pastoris*.

12. The method of claim 8, wherein the detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens is determined in a sandwich ELISA.

13. The method of claim 8, wherein the detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens is determined in a Western blot.

14. The method of claim 8, wherein recovering the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens from the medium includes a cation exchange chromatography step.

15. The method of claim 8, wherein recovering the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens from the medium includes a hydroxyapatite chromatography step.

16. The method of claim 8, wherein recovering the mature human erythropoietin comprising predominantly sialic acid-terminated biantennary *N*-glycans and having no detectable cross binding activity with antibodies made against host cell antigens from the medium includes an anion exchange chromatography step.

Patentansprüche

1. Ein Verfahren zur Erzeugung eines rekombinanten Glykoproteins in *Pichia pastoris*, dem eine nachweisbare Querbindungsaktivität mit gegen Wirtszellenantigene erzeugten Antikörpern fehlt, umfassend:

(a) Bereitstellen einer rekombinanten *Pichia-pastoris*-Wirtszelle, die keine β -Mannosyltransferase-1-, -2-, -3- oder -4-Aktivität gegenüber einem N-Glykan oder O-Glykan aufweist, bei der die β -Mannosyltransferase-1-, -2- und -3-Gene deletiert oder disruptiert wurden, wobei die Wirtszelle ein Nukleinsäuremolekül umfasst, welches das rekombinante Glykoprotein kodiert,

(b) Kultivieren der Wirtszelle in einem Medium unter Bedingungen, welche die Expression des rekombinanten Glykoproteins bewirken, und

(c) Gewinnen des rekombinanten Glykoproteins aus dem Medium, um das rekombinante Glykoprotein zu erzeugen, dem eine nachweisbare Querbindungsaktivität mit gegen Wirtszellenantigene erzeugten Antikörpern fehlt.

2. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei die nachweisbare Querbindungsaktivität mit gegen Wirtszellenantigene erzeugten Antikörpern in einem Sandwich-ELISA ermittelt wird.

3. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei die nachweisbare Querbindungsaktivität mit gegen Wirtszellenantigene erzeugten Antikörpern in einem Western-Blot ermittelt wird.

4. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei das rekombinante Glykoprotein ein therapeutisches Glykoprotein ist.

5. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 4, wobei das therapeutische Glykoprotein ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe bestehend aus Erythropoietin (EPO); Zytokinen wie z.B. Interferon α , Interferon β , Interferon γ und Interferon ω ; und Granulozyten-Kolonie-stimulierendem Faktor (G-CSF); GM-CSF; Gerinnungsfaktoren wie z.B. Faktor VIII, Faktor IX und menschliches Protein C; Antithrombin III; Thrombin; löslicher IgE-Rezeptor- α -Kette; Immunglobulinen wie z.B. IgG, IgG-Fragmenten, IgG-Fusionen und IgM; Immunadhäsionen und anderen Fc-Fusionsproteinen wie z.B. löslichen TNF-Rezeptor-Fc-Fusionsproteine; RAGE-Fc-Fusionsproteinen; Interleukinen; Urokinase; Chymase; und Harnstoff-Trypsin-Inhibitor; IGF-Bindungsprotein; epidermale Wachstumsfaktor; Wachstumshormon-Releasing-Faktor; Annexin-V-Fusionsprotein; Angiostatin; Vascular-Endothelial-Growth-Faktor 2; Myeloid-Progenitor-Inhibitory-Faktor 1; Osteoprotegerin; α -1-Antitrypsin; α -Fetoproteinen; DNase II, Kringel 3 von menschlichem Plasminogen; Glucocerebrosidase; TNF-Bindungsprotein 1; follikelstimulierendem Hormon; zytotoxischem T-Lymphozyten-assoziiertem Antigen 4 - Ig; Transmembranaktivator und Kalziummodulator und Cyclophilin-Ligand; Glucagon-like Protein 1; und IL-2-Rezeptor-Agonist.

6. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Wirtszelle genetisch verändert ist, so dass sie Glykoproteine erzeugt, die humanartige N-Glykane besitzen.

7. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Wirtszelle genetisch verändert ist, so dass sie Glykoproteine erzeugt, die überwiegend ein N-Glykan besitzen, ausgewählt aus $\text{Man}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GalGlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{NANAGlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAcMan}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAc}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Gal}_{(1-4)}\text{GlcNAc}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$ und $\text{NANA}_{(1-4)}\text{Gal}_{(1-4)}\text{GlcNAc}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$.

8. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 1 zur Erzeugung eines reifen menschlichen Erythropoietins in *Pichia pastoris*, das vorwiegend Sialinsäureterminierte N-Glykane mit zwei Antennen umfasst und keine nachweisbare Querbindungsaktivität mit gegen Wirtszellenantigene erzeugten Antikörpern besitzt, umfassend:

(a) Bereitstellen einer rekombinanten *Pichia-pastoris*-Wirtszelle, die genetisch verändert ist, so dass sie Sialinsäure-terminierte N-Glykane mit zwei Antennen erzeugt, und die keine β -Mannosyltransferase-1-, -2-, -3- oder -4-Aktivität gegenüber einem N-Glykan oder O-Glykan aufweist, bei der die β -Mannosyltransferase-1-, -2- und -3-Gene deletiert oder disruptiert wurden, wobei die Wirtszelle zwei oder mehr Nukleinsäuremoleküle umfasst, wobei jedes davon ein Fusionsprotein kodiert, das ein reifes menschliches Erythropoietin umfasst, fusioniert mit einem Signalpeptid, welches auf das ER abzielt, und das entfernt wird, wenn das Fusionsprotein sich im ER befindet,

(b) Kultivieren der Wirtszelle in einem Medium unter Bedingungen, welche die Expression und das Processing des ersten und des zweiten Fusionsproteins bewirken, und

(c) Gewinnen des reifen menschlichen Erythropoietins aus dem Medium, um das reife menschliche Erythro-

poietin zu erzeugen, das vorwiegend Sialinsäure-terminierte *N*-Glykane mit zwei Antennen umfasst und keine nachweisbare Querbindungsaktivität mit gegen Wirtszellenantigene erzeugten Antikörpern besitzt.

9. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 8, wobei das Signalpeptid ein *S.-cerevisiae*- α MATpre-Signalpeptid oder ein Hühner-Lysozym-Signalpeptid ist.
10. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 8, wobei wenigstens ein Nukleinsäuremolekül ein Fusionsprotein kodiert, bei dem Erythropoietin mit dem *S.-cerevisiae*- α MATpre-Signalpeptid fusioniert ist, und wenigstens ein Nukleinsäuremolekül ein Fusionsprotein kodiert, bei dem das Erythropoietin mit dem *S.-cerevisiae*- α MATpre-Signalpeptid oder einem Hühner-Lysozym-Signalpeptid fusioniert ist.
11. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 8, wobei die Codons der Nukleinsäuresequenz des Nukleinsäuremoleküls, welches das Erythropoietin kodiert, für die Expression in *Pichia pastoris* optimiert sind.
12. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 8, wobei die nachweisbare Querbindungsaktivität mit gegen Wirtszellenantigene erzeugten Antikörpern in einem Sandwich-ELISA ermittelt wird.
13. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 8, wobei die nachweisbare Querbindungsaktivität mit gegen Wirtszellenantigene erzeugten Antikörpern in einem Western-Blot ermittelt wird.
14. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 8, wobei die Gewinnung des reifen menschlichen Erythropoietins, das vorwiegend Sialinsäure-terminierte *N*-Glykane mit zwei Antennen umfasst und keine nachweisbare Querbindungsaktivität mit gegen Wirtszellenantigene erzeugten Antikörpern besitzt, aus dem Medium einen Kationenaustauschchromatographieschritt umfasst.
15. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 8, wobei die Gewinnung des reifen menschlichen Erythropoietins, das vorwiegend Sialinsäure-terminierte *N*-Glykane mit zwei Antennen umfasst und keine nachweisbare Querbindungsaktivität mit gegen Wirtszellenantigene erzeugten Antikörpern besitzt, aus dem Medium einen Hydroxyapatitchromatographieschritt umfasst.
16. Das Verfahren nach Anspruch 8, wobei die Gewinnung des reifen menschlichen Erythropoietins, das vorwiegend Sialinsäure-terminierte *N*-Glykane mit zwei Antennen umfasst und keine nachweisbare Querbindungsaktivität mit gegen Wirtszellenantigene erzeugten Antikörpern besitzt, aus dem Medium einen Anionenaustauschchromatographieschritt umfasst.

Revendications

1. Procédé de production d'une glycoprotéine recombinante dans *Pichia pastoris* qui est exempte d'activité de liaison croisée détectable avec des anticorps faits contre des antigènes de cellule hôte, comprenant:
 - (a) fournir une cellule hôte recombinante de *Pichia pastoris* qui ne présente aucune activité de β -mannosyltransférase 1, 2, 3 et 4 en ce qui concerne un *N*-glycane ou un *O*-glycane, où les gènes de β -mannosyltransférase 1, 2 et 3 ont été supprimés ou perturbés, où la cellule hôte comprend une molécule d'acide nucléique codant la glycoprotéine recombinante;
 - (b) cultiver la cellule hôte dans un milieu dans des conditions efficaces pour exprimer la glycoprotéine recombinante; et
 - (c) récupérer la glycoprotéine recombinante du milieu afin de produire une glycoprotéine recombinante qui est exempte d'activité de liaison croisée détectable avec des anticorps faits contre des antigènes de cellule hôte.
2. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'activité de liaison croisée détectable avec des anticorps faits contre des antigènes de cellule hôte est déterminée par un ELISA en sandwich.
3. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'activité de liaison croisée détectable avec des anticorps faits contre des antigènes de cellule hôte est déterminée par un "Western blot".
4. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel la glycoprotéine recombinante est une glycoprotéine thérapeutique.

5. Procédé selon la revendication 4, dans lequel la glycoprotéine thérapeutique est sélectionnée parmi le groupe consistant en érythropoïétine (EPO); des cytokines telles que l'interféron α , l'interféron β , l'interféron γ et l'interféron ω ; et le facteur stimulant les colonies de granulocytes (G-CSF); le GM-CSF; des facteurs de coagulation tels que le facteur VIII, le facteur IX et la protéine C humaine; l'antithrombine III; la thrombine; la chaîne α du récepteur d'IgE soluble; des immunoglobulines telles qu'IgG, des fragments d'IgG, des fusions d'IgG, et IgM; des immunoadhésions et d'autres protéines de fusion Fc telles que des protéines de fusion Fc-récepteur du TNF; protéines de fusion Fc-RAGE; des interleukines; l'urokinase; chymase et l'inhibiteur de trypsine uréique; protéine de liaison à IGF; facteur de croissance épidermique; facteur de libération d'hormone de croissance; protéine de fusion de l'annexine V; angiostatine; facteur-2 de croissance endothéliale vasculaire; facteur-1 inhibiteur des progéniteurs myéloïdes; ostéoprotégérine, α -1-antitrypsine; protéines α -foeto; DNase II; kringle 3 du plasminogène humain; glucocérébrosidase; protéine 1 de liaison du TNF; hormone stimulant les follicules; antigène 4-Ig associé aux lymphocytes T cytotoxiques; activateur transmembranaire et modulateur de calcium et ligand de cyclophiline; protéine 1 glucagon-like; et agoniste des récepteurs d'IL-2.
6. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel la cellule hôte est manipulée génétiquement pour produire des glycoprotéines qui ont des *N*-glycanes humains analogues.
7. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel la cellule hôte est manipulée génétiquement pour produire des glycoprotéines qui ont essentiellement un *N*-glycane sélectionné parmi $\text{Man}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GalGlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{NANAGlcNAcMan}_5\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAcMan}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{GlcNAc}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$, $\text{Gal}_{(1-4)}\text{GlcNAc}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$ et $\text{NANA}_{(1-4)}\text{Gal}_{(1-4)}\text{GlcNAc}_{(1-4)}\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}_2$.
8. Procédé selon la revendication 1 destiné à la production d'une érythropoïétine mature humaine dans *Pichia pastoris* comprenant essentiellement des *N*-glycanes bi-antennaires à terminaison d'acide sialique et n'ayant aucune activité de liaison croisée détectable avec des anticorps faits contre des antigènes de cellule hôte, comprenant:
 - (a) fournir une cellule hôte recombinante de *Pichia pastoris* manipulée génétiquement pour produire des *N*-glycanes bi-antennaires à terminaison d'acide sialique et qui ne présente aucune activité β -mannosyltransférase 1, 2, 3 et 4 en ce qui concerne un *N*-glycane ou un *O*-glycane, où les gènes de β -mannosyltransférase 1, 2 et 3 ont été supprimés ou perturbés, où la cellule hôte comprend deux molécules d'acide nucléique ou plus, chacune codant une protéine de fusion comprenant une érythropoïétine humaine mature fusionnée à un peptide signal qui cible le RE et qui est retiré lorsque la protéine de fusion est dans le RE;
 - (b) cultiver la cellule hôte dans un milieu dans des conditions efficaces pour exprimer et traiter la première et la deuxième protéine de fusion; et
 - (c) récupérer l'érythropoïétine humaine mature du milieu pour produire l'érythropoïétine humaine mature comprenant essentiellement des *N*-glycanes bi-antennaires à terminaison d'acide sialique et n'ayant aucune activité de liaison croisée détectable avec des anticorps faits contre des antigènes de cellule hôte.
9. Procédé selon la revendication 8, dans lequel le peptide signal est un peptide signal α MATpre de *S. cerevisiae* ou un peptide signal du lysozyme de poulet.
10. Procédé selon la revendication 8, dans lequel au moins une molécule d'acide nucléique code une protéine de fusion où l'érythropoïétine est fusionnée au peptide signal α MATpre de *S. cerevisiae* et au moins une molécule d'acide nucléique code une protéine de fusion où l'érythropoïétine est fusionnée au peptide signal α MATpre de *S. cerevisiae* ou à un peptide signal du lysozyme de poulet.
11. Procédé selon la revendication 8, dans lequel les codons de la séquence d'acide nucléique de la molécule d'acide nucléique codant l'érythropoïétine sont optimisés pour l'expression dans *Pichia pastoris*.
12. Procédé selon la revendication 8, dans lequel l'activité de liaison croisée détectable avec des anticorps faits contre des antigènes de cellule hôte est déterminée par un ELISA en sandwich.
13. Procédé selon la revendication 8, dans lequel l'activité de liaison croisée détectable avec des anticorps faits contre des antigènes de cellule hôte est déterminée par un "Western blot".
14. Procédé selon la revendication 8, dans lequel récupérer du milieu l'érythropoïétine humaine mature comprenant essentiellement des *N*-glycanes bi-antennaires à terminaison d'acide sialique et n'ayant aucune activité de liaison croisée détectable avec des anticorps faits contre des antigènes de cellule hôte, comprend une étape de chroma-

tographie par échange de cations.

- 5 15. Procédé selon la revendication 8, dans lequel récupérer du milieu l'érythropoïétine humaine mature comprenant essentiellement des *N*-glycanes bi-antennaires à terminaison d'acide sialique et n'ayant aucune activité de liaison croisée détectable avec des anticorps faits contre des antigènes de cellule hôte, comprend une étape de chromatographie sur hydroxyapatite.
- 10 16. Procédé selon la revendication 8, dans lequel récupérer du milieu l'érythropoïétine humaine mature comprenant essentiellement des *N*-glycanes bi-antennaires à terminaison d'acide sialique et n'ayant aucune activité de liaison croisée détectable avec des anticorps faits contre des antigènes de cellule hôte, comprend une étape de chromatographie par échange d'anions.

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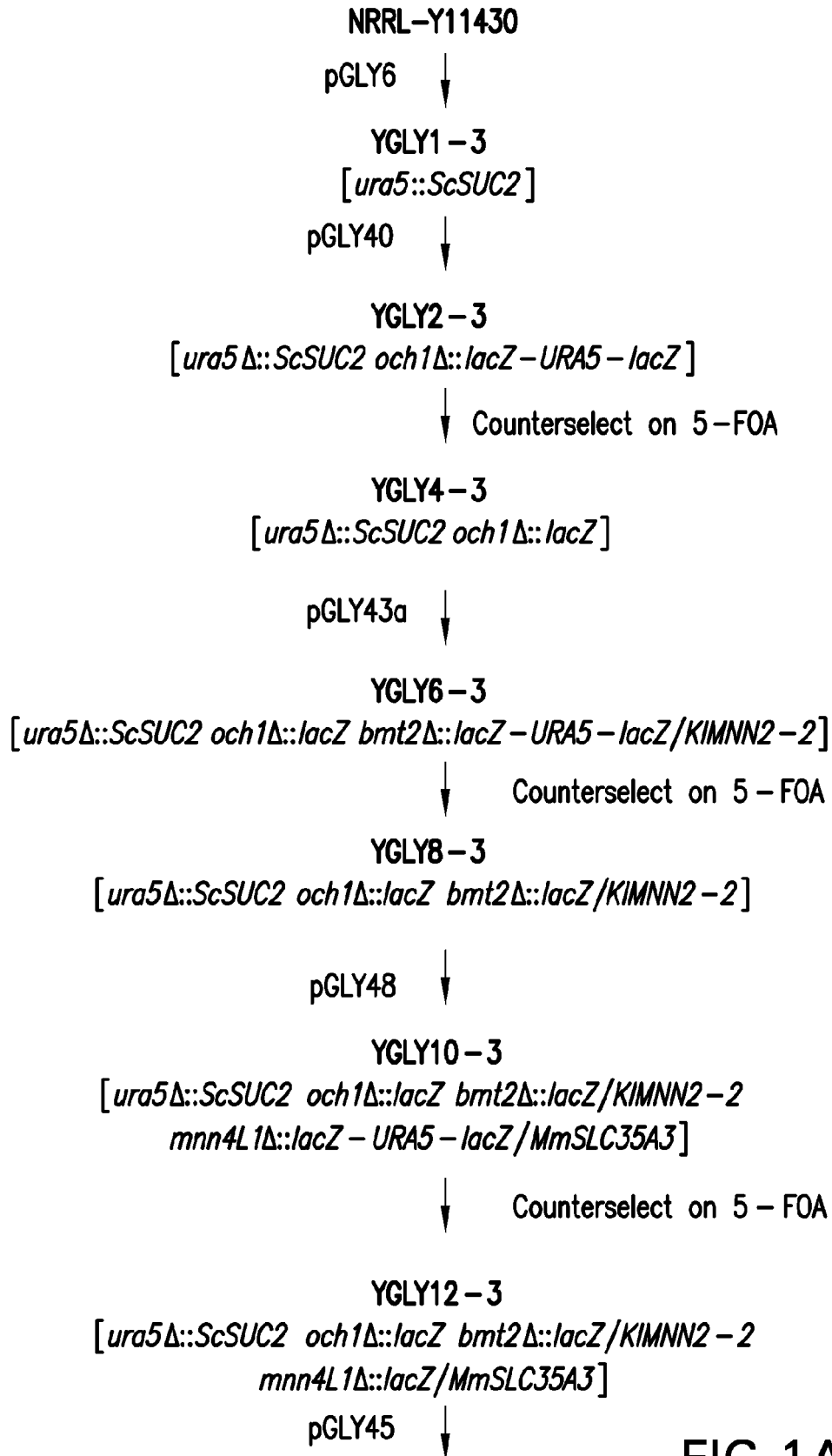


FIG.1A

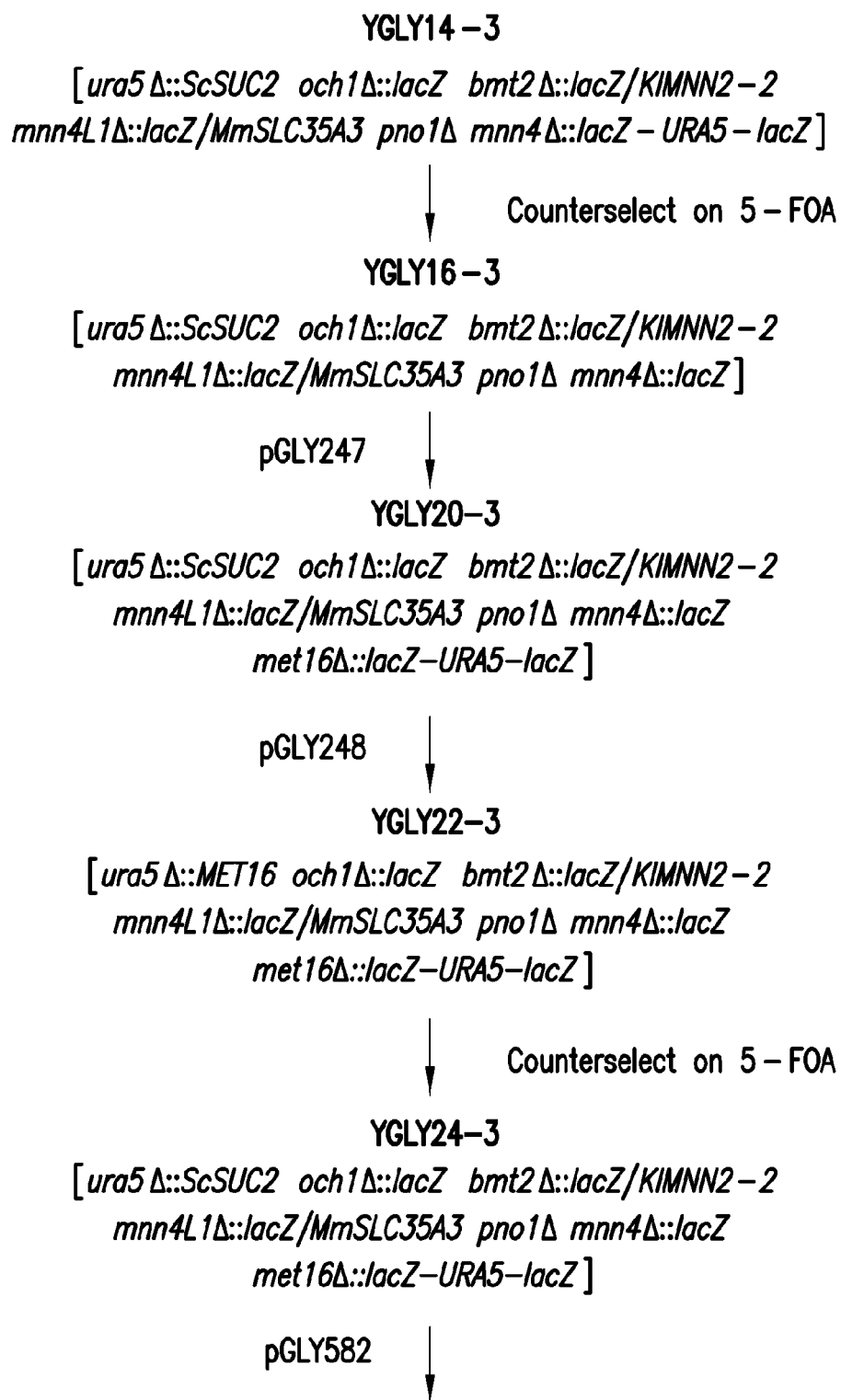


FIG. 1 B

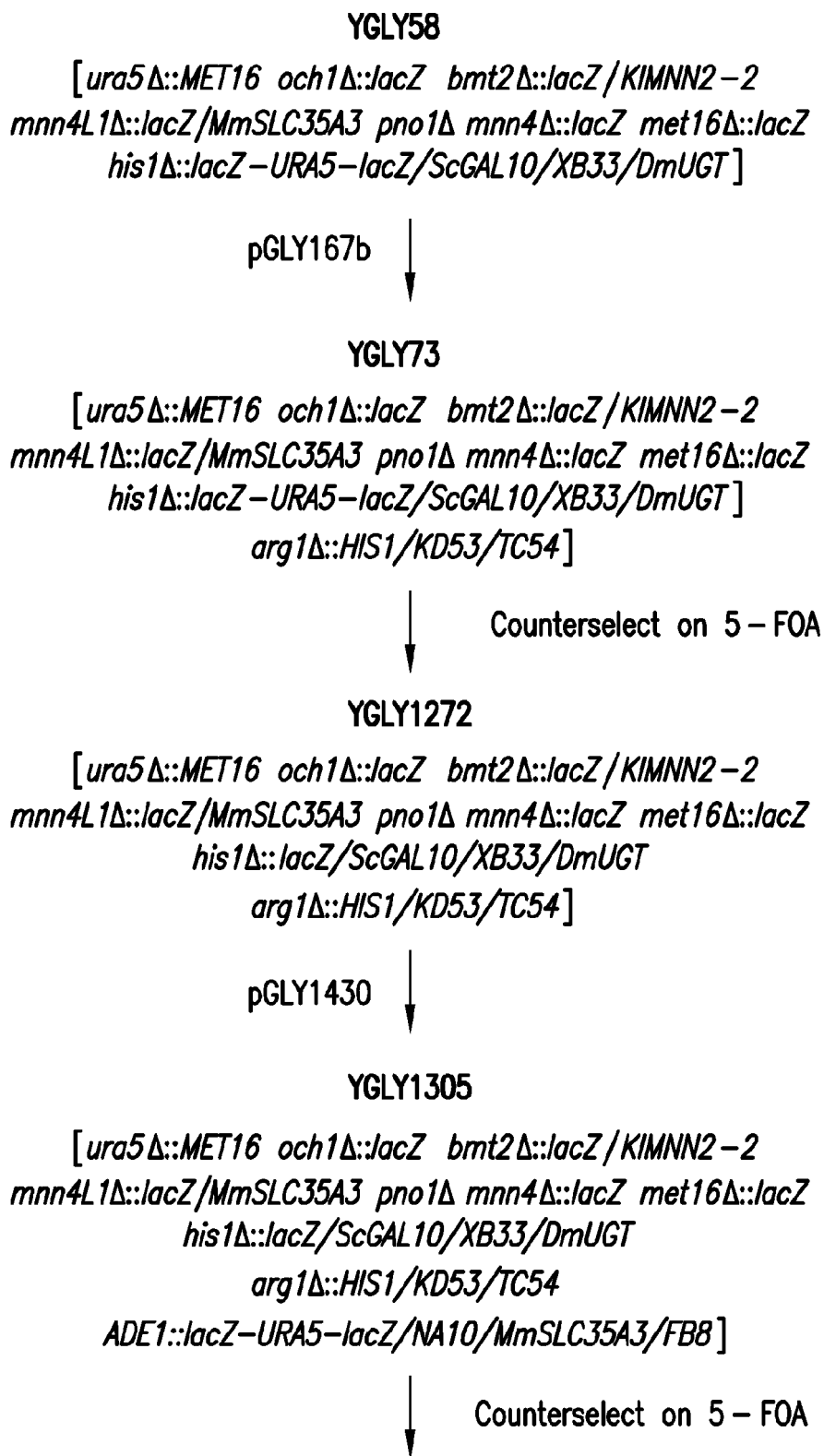


FIG. 1C

YGLY1461

[*ura5Δ::MET16 och1Δ::lacZ bmt2Δ::lacZ/KIMNN2-2*
mnn4L1Δ::lacZ/MmSLC35A3 pno1Δ mnn4Δ::lacZ met16Δ::lacZ
his1Δ::lacZ/ScGAL10/XB33/DmUGT
arg1Δ::HIS1/KD53/TC54
ADE1::lacZ/NA10/MmSLC35A3/FB8]

pGFI-165



YGLY1703

[*ura5Δ::MET16 och1Δ::lacZ bmt2Δ::lacZ/KIMNN2-2*
mnn4L1Δ::lacZ/MmSLC35A3 pno1Δ mnn4Δ::lacZ met16Δ::lacZ
his1Δ::lacZ/ScGAL10/XB33/DmUGT
arg1Δ::HIS1/KD53/TC54
ADE1::lacZ/NA10/MmSLC35A3/FB8
PRO1::lacZ-URA5-lacZ/TrMDS1]

pGly2088



YGLY2849

[*ura5Δ::MET16 och1Δ::lacZ bmt2Δ::lacZ/KIMNN2-2*
mnn4L1Δ::lacZ/MmSLC35A3 pno1Δ mnn4Δ::lacZ met16Δ::lacZ
his1Δ::lacZ/ScGAL10/XB33/DmUGT
arg1Δ::HIS1/KD53/TC54
ADE1::lacZ/NA10/MmSLC35A3/FB8
PRO1::lacZ-URA5-lacZ/TrMDS1
AOX1:Sh ble/AOX1p/ScaMFpre-GFI800]

pGLY2456



FIG. 1D



FIG. 1E

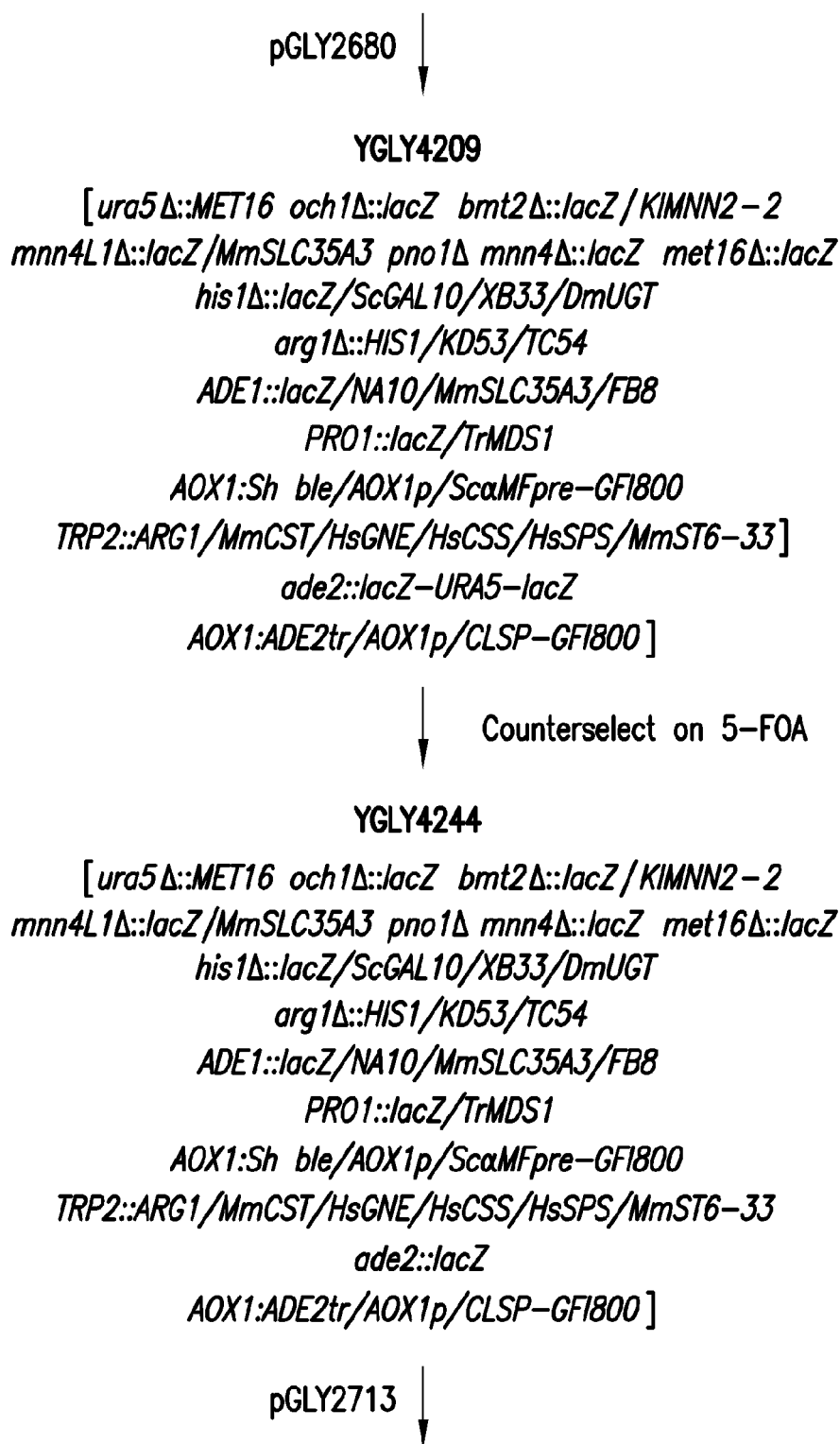


FIG. 1 F

YGLY5053

[ura5Δ::MET16 och1Δ::lacZ bmt2Δ::lacZ/KIMNN2-2
mnn4L1Δ::lacZ/MmSLC35A3 pno1Δ mnn4Δ::lacZ met16Δ::lacZ
his1Δ::lacZ/ScGAL10/XB33/DmUGT
arg1Δ::HIS1/KD53/TC54
ADE1::lacZ/NA10/MmSLC35A3/FB8
PRO1::lacZ/TrMDS1
AOX1:Sh ble/AOX1p/ScαMFpre-GFI800
TRP2::ARG1/MmCST/HsGNE/HsCSS/HsSPS/MmST6-33]
ade2::lacZ
AOX1:ADE2tr/AOX1p/CLSP-GFI800
pep4::lacZ-URA5-lacZ/PpPNO1]



Counterselect on 5-FOA

YGLY5597

[ura5Δ::MET16 och1Δ::lacZ bmt2Δ::lacZ/KIMNN2-2
mnn4L1Δ::lacZ/MmSLC35A3 pno1Δ mnn4Δ::lacZ met16Δ::lacZ
his1Δ::lacZ/ScGAL10/XB33/DmUGT
arg1Δ::HIS1/KD53/TC54
ADE1::lacZ/NA10/MmSLC35A3/FB8
PRO1::lacZ/TrMDS1
AOX1:Sh ble/AOX1p/ScαMFpre-GFI800
TRP2::ARG1/MmCST/HsGNE/HsCSS/HsSPS/MmST6-33]
ade2::lacZ
AOX1:ADE2tr/AOX1p/CLSP-GFI800
pep4::lacZ/PpPNO1]

pGLY3411



FIG. 1 G

YGLY5618

[ura5Δ::MET16 och1Δ::lacZ bmt2Δ::lacZ / KIMNN2-2
mnn4L1Δ::lacZ / MmSLC35A3 pno1Δ mnn4Δ::lacZ met16Δ::lacZ
his1Δ::lacZ / ScGAL10 / XB33 / DmUGT
arg1Δ::HIS1 / KD53 / TC54
ADE1::lacZ / NA10 / MmSLC35A3 / FB8
PRO1::lacZ / TrMDS1
AOX1:Sh ble / AOX1p / ScaMFpre-GFI800
TRP2::ARG1 / MmCST / HsGNE / HsCSS / HsSPS / MmST6-33]
ade2::lacZ
AOX1:ADE2tr / AOX1p / CLSP-GFI800
pep4::lacZ / PpPN01
bmt4::lacZ-URA5-lacZ]

pGLY3430 ↓

YGLY7110

[ura5Δ::MET16 och1Δ::lacZ bmt2Δ::lacZ / KIMNN2-2
mnn4L1Δ::lacZ / MmSLC35A3 pno1Δ mnn4Δ::lacZ met16Δ::lacZ
his1Δ::lacZ / ScGAL10 / XB33 / DmUGT
arg1Δ::HIS1 / KD53 / TC54
ADE1::lacZ / NA10 / MmSLC35A3 / FB8
PRO1::lacZ / TrMDS1
AOX1:Sh ble / AOX1p / ScaMFpre-GFI800
TRP2::ARG1 / MmCST / HsGNE / HsCSS / HsSPS / MmST6-33]
ade2::lacZ
AOX1:ADE2tr / AOX1p / CLSP-GFI800
pep4::lacZ / PpPN01
bmt4::lacZ-URA5-lacZ bmt1::Nat^R]

pGLY4472 ↓

FIG. 1H

YGLY7113-7122

[ura5Δ::MET16 och1Δ::lacZ bmt2Δ::lacZ/KIMNN2-2
mnn4L1Δ::lacZ/MmSLC35A3 pno1Δ mnn4Δ::lacZ met16Δ::lacZ
his1Δ::lacZ/ScGAL10/XB33/DmUGT
arg1Δ::HIS1/KD53/TC54
ADE1::lacZ/NA10/MmSLC35A3/FB8
PRO1::lacZ/TrMDS1
AOX1:Sh ble/AOX1p/ScαMFpre-GFI800
TRP2::ARG1/MmCST/HsGNE/HsCSS/HsSPS/MmST6-33]
ade2::lacZ
AOX1:ADE2tr/AOX1p/CLSP-GFI800
pep4::lacZ/PpPNO1
bmt4::lacZ-URA5-lacZ bmt1::Nat^R bmt3::Hyg^R]

FIG. 11

Glossary:

<i>ScSUC2</i>	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> Invertase
<i>OCH1</i>	Alpha-1,6-mannosyltransferase
<i>K1MNN2-2:</i>	<i>K. lactis</i> UDP-GlcNAc transporter
<i>BMT1:</i>	Beta-mannose-transfer (beta-mannose elimination)
<i>BMT2:</i>	Beta-mannose-transfer (beta-mannose elimination)
<i>BMT3:</i>	Beta-mannose-transfer (beta-mannose elimination)
<i>BMT4:</i>	Beta-mannose-transfer (beta-mannose elimination)
<i>MNN4L1:</i>	MNN4-like 1 (charge elimination)
<i>MmSLC35A3</i>	Mouse homologue of UDP-GlcNAc transporter
<i>PNO1:</i>	Phosphomannosylation of <i>N</i> -glycans (charge elimination)
<i>MNN4:</i>	Mannosyltransferase (charge elimination)
<i>ScGAL10</i>	UDP-glucose 4-epimerase
<i>XB33</i>	Truncated HsGalT1 fused to <i>ScKRE2</i> leader
<i>DmUGT</i>	UDP-Galactose transporter
<i>KD53</i>	Truncated DmMNSII fused to <i>ScMNN2</i> leader
<i>TC54</i>	Truncated RnGNTII fused to <i>ScMNN2</i> leader
<i>NA10</i>	Truncated HsGNTI fused to <i>PpSEC12</i> leader
<i>FB8:</i>	Truncated MmMNS1A fused to <i>ScSEC12</i> leader
<i>TrMDS1:</i>	Secreted <i>T. reesei</i> <i>MNS1</i>
<i>Sh ble:</i>	Zeocin resistance marker
<i>ScαMFpre-GFI800</i>	Sc alpha mating factor presequence fusion to HsEPO
<i>MmCST</i>	Mouse CMP-sialic acid transporter
<i>HsGNE</i>	Human UDP-GlcNAc 2-epimerase/ <i>N</i> -acetylmannosamine kinase
<i>HsCSS</i>	Human CMP-sialic acid synthase
<i>HsSPS</i>	Human <i>N</i> -acetylneuraminate-9-phosphate synthase
<i>MmST6-33</i>	Truncated Mouse α -2,6-sialyl transferase fused to <i>ScKRE2</i> leader
<i>ADE2tr</i>	Truncated <i>ADE2</i> marker
<i>CLSP</i>	Chicken Lysozyme signal peptide
<i>PEP4</i>	Proteinase A

FIG. 1J

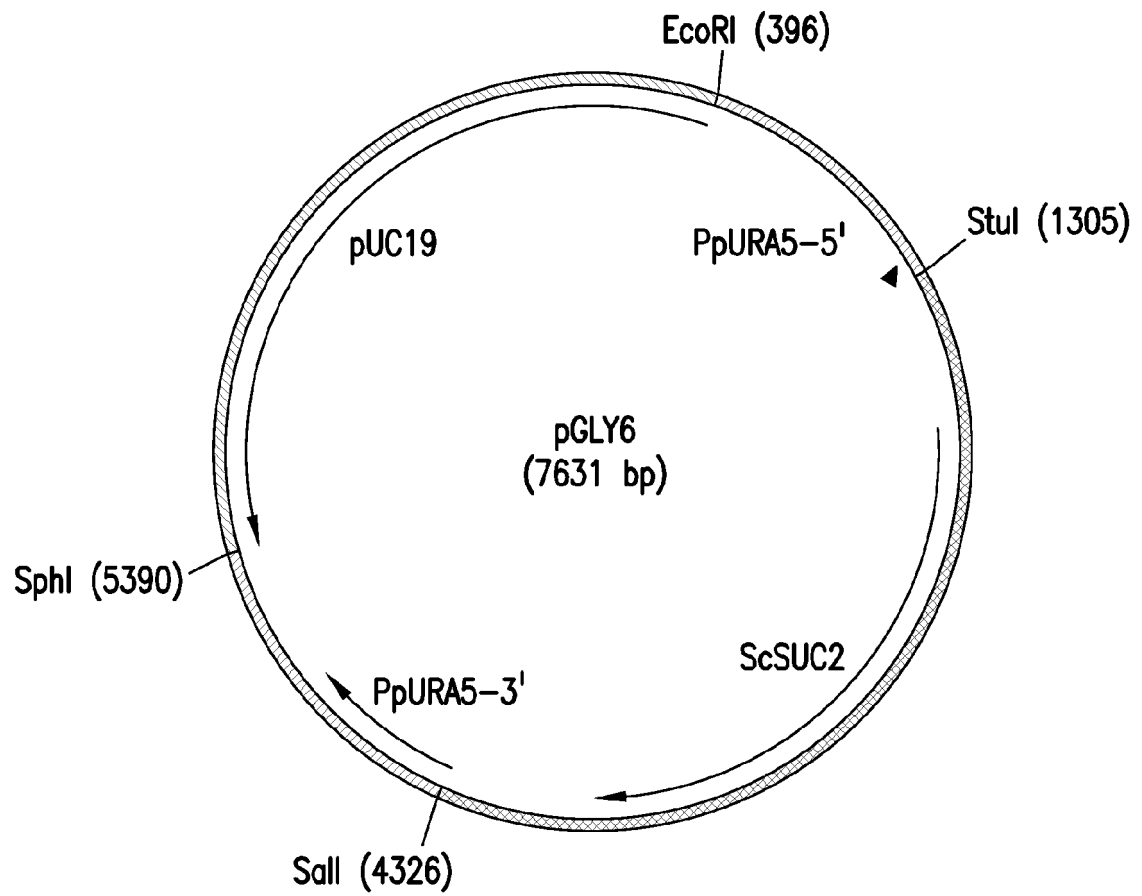


FIG.2

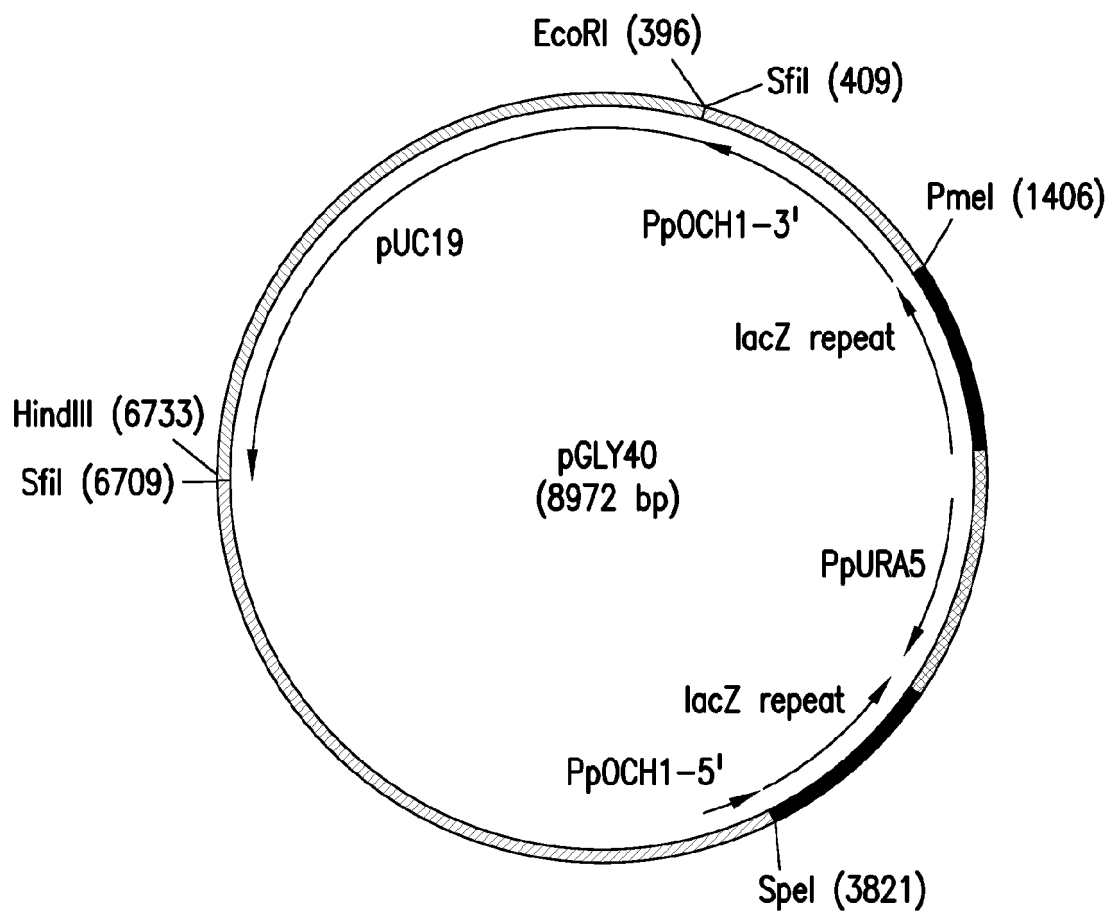


FIG.3

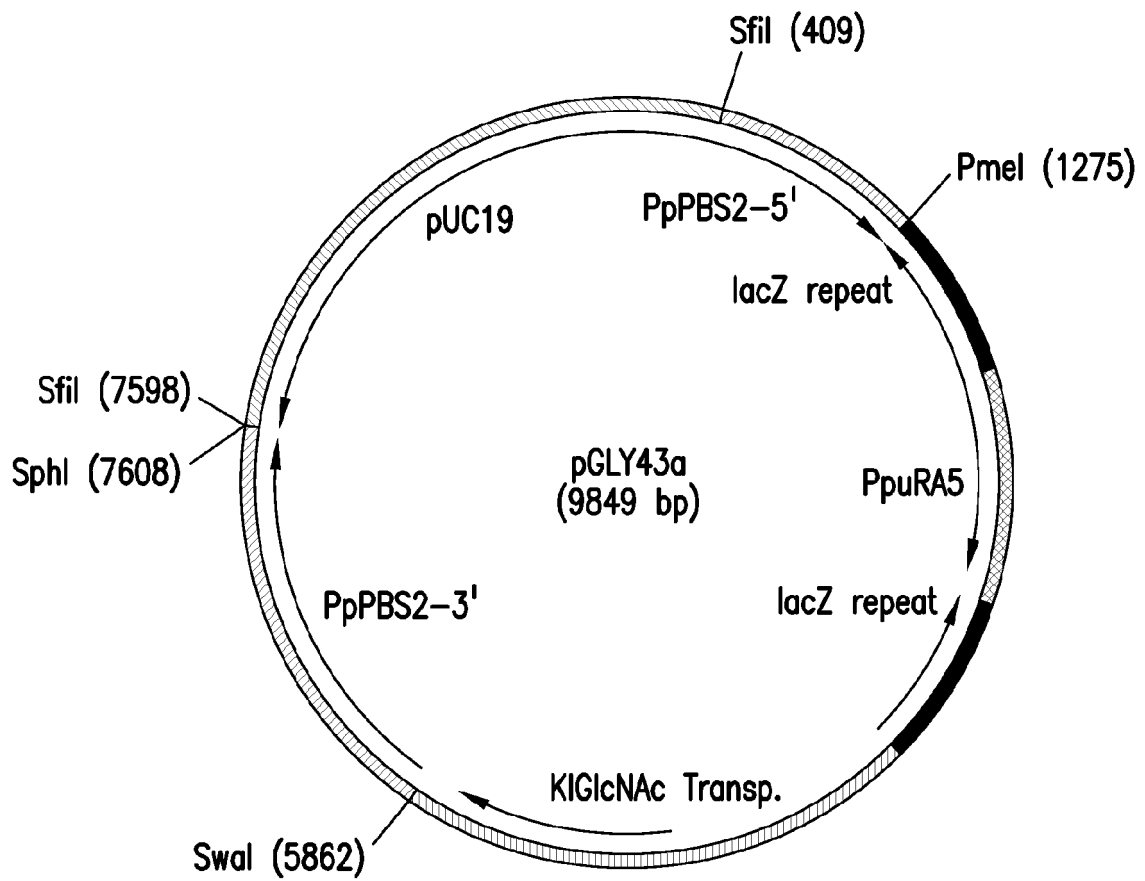


FIG.4

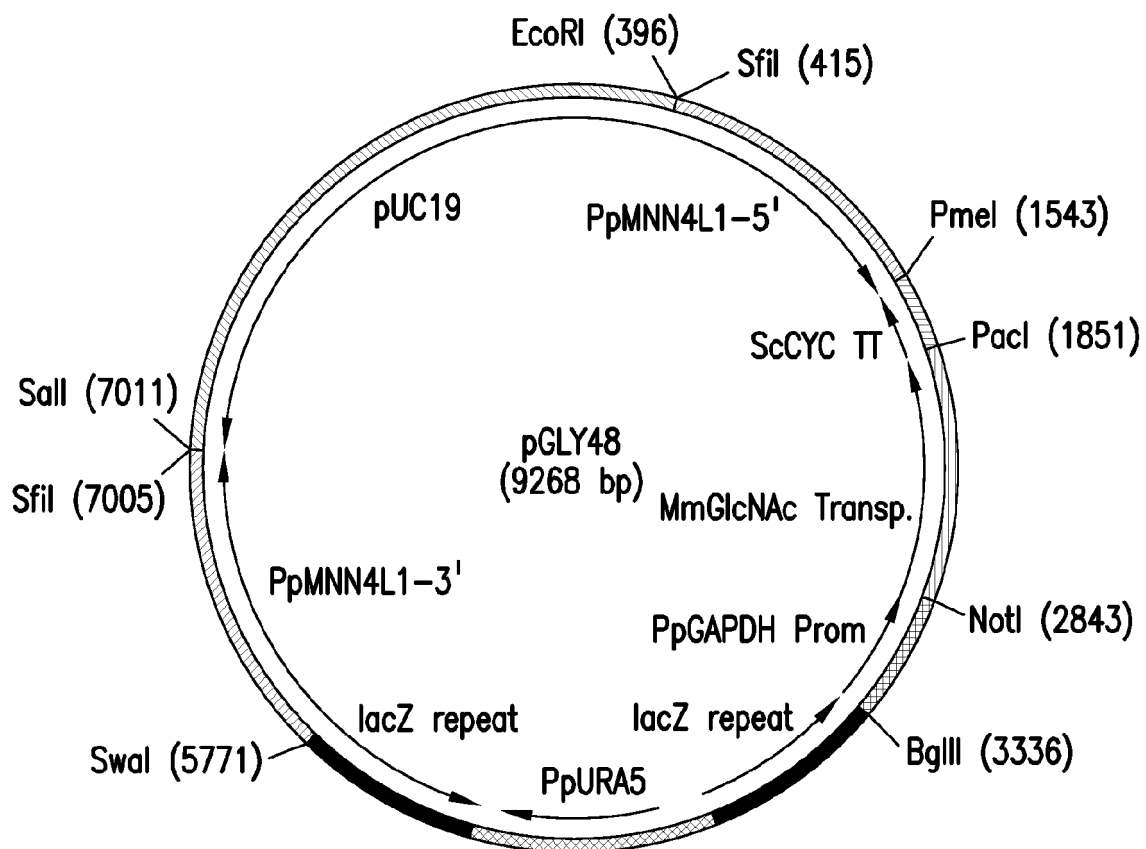


FIG.5

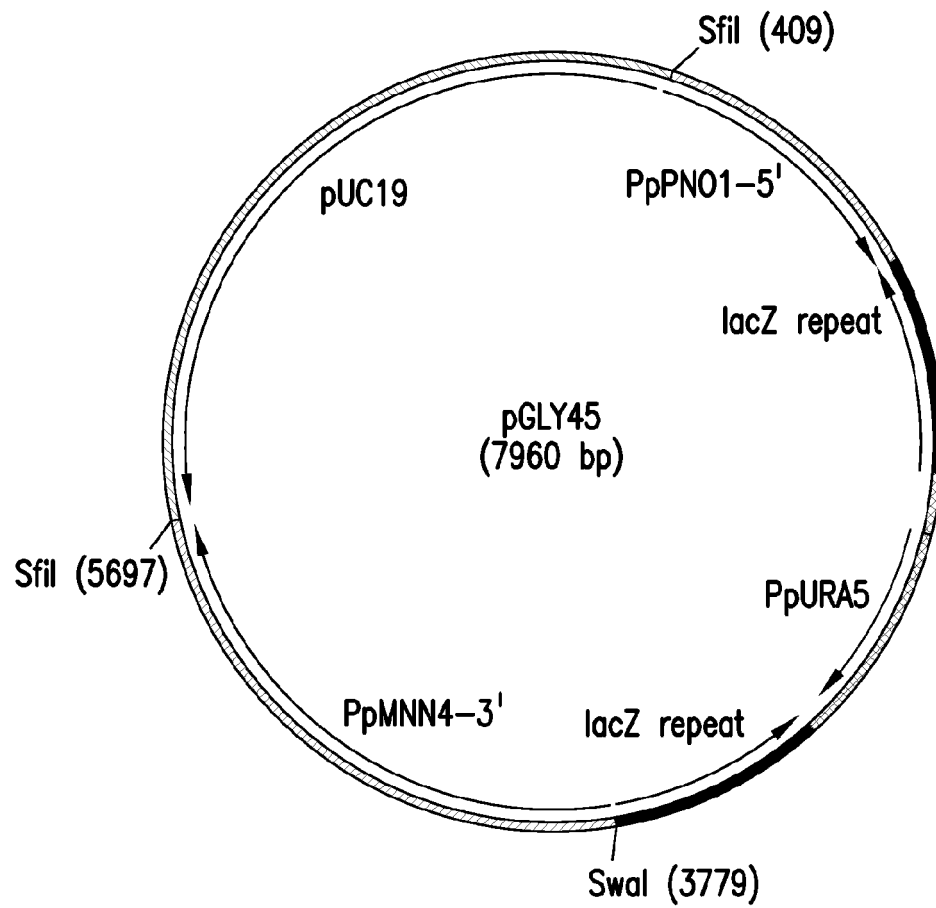


FIG.6

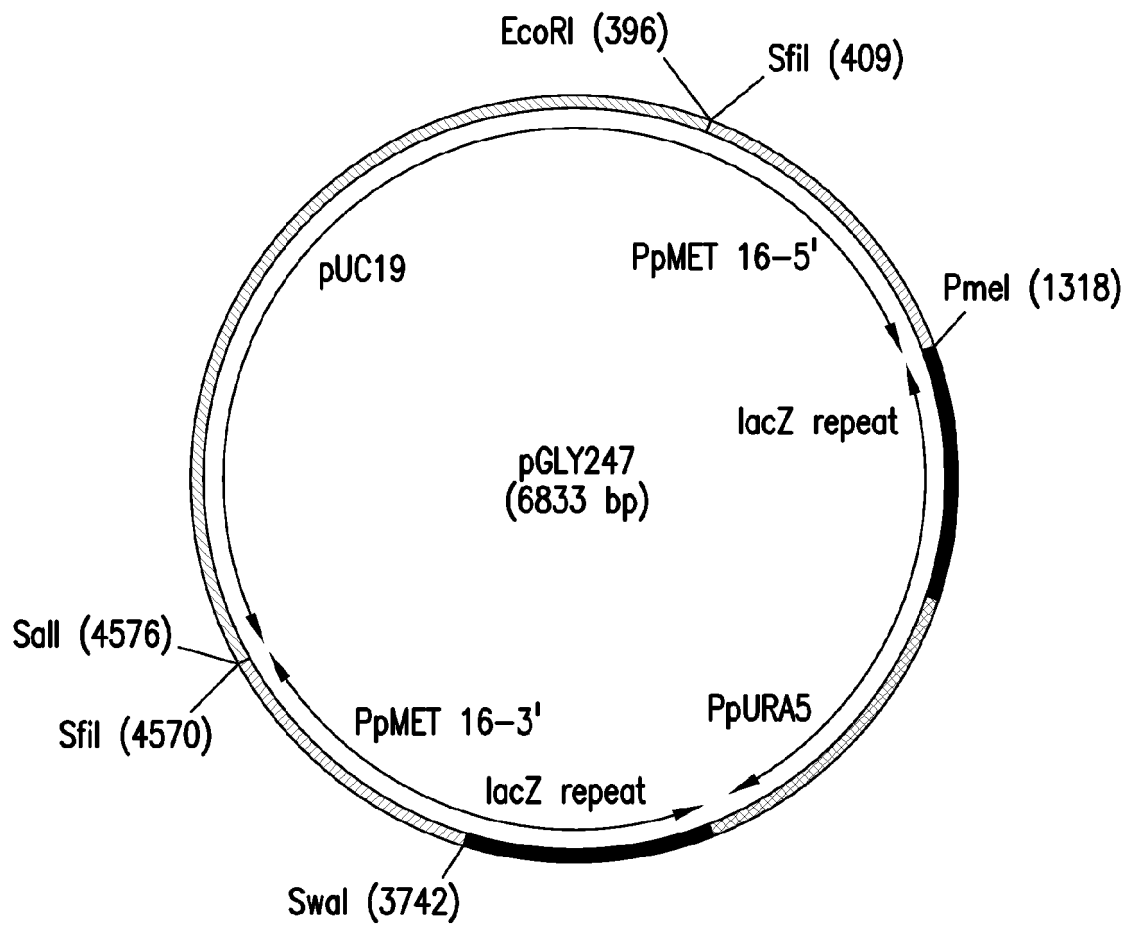


FIG.7

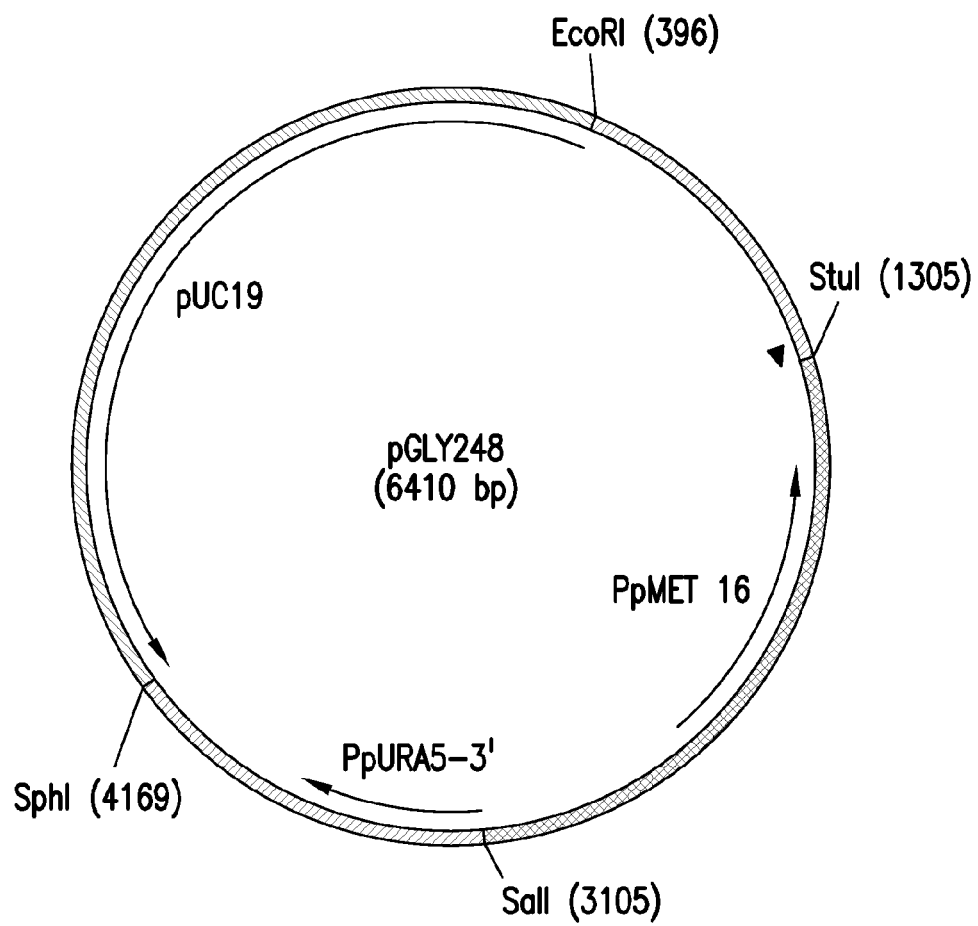


FIG.8

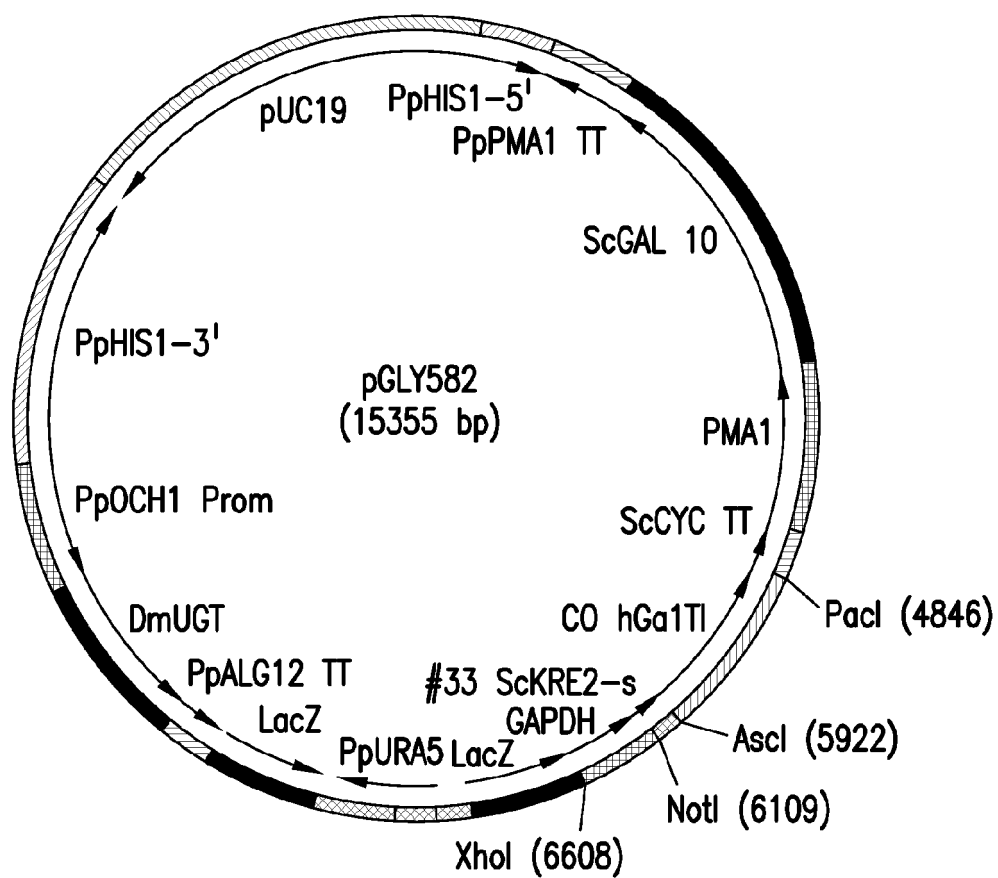


FIG.9

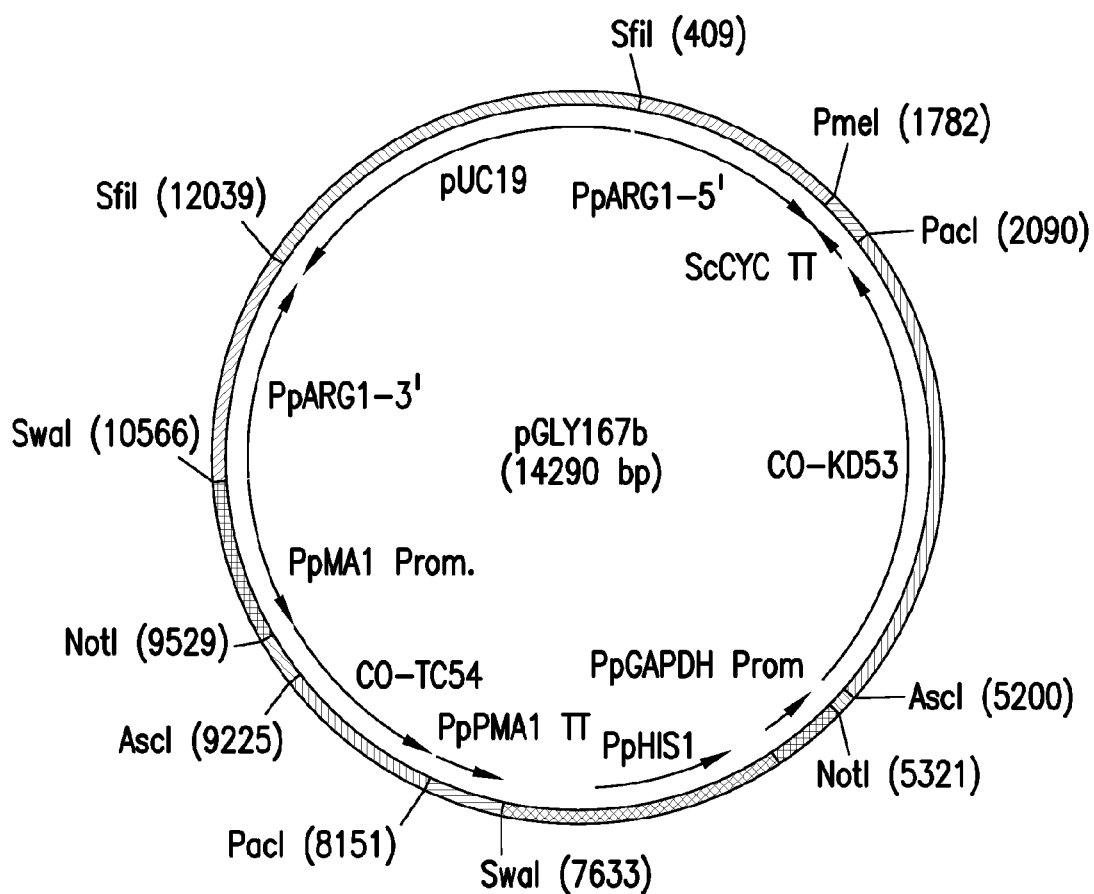


FIG.10

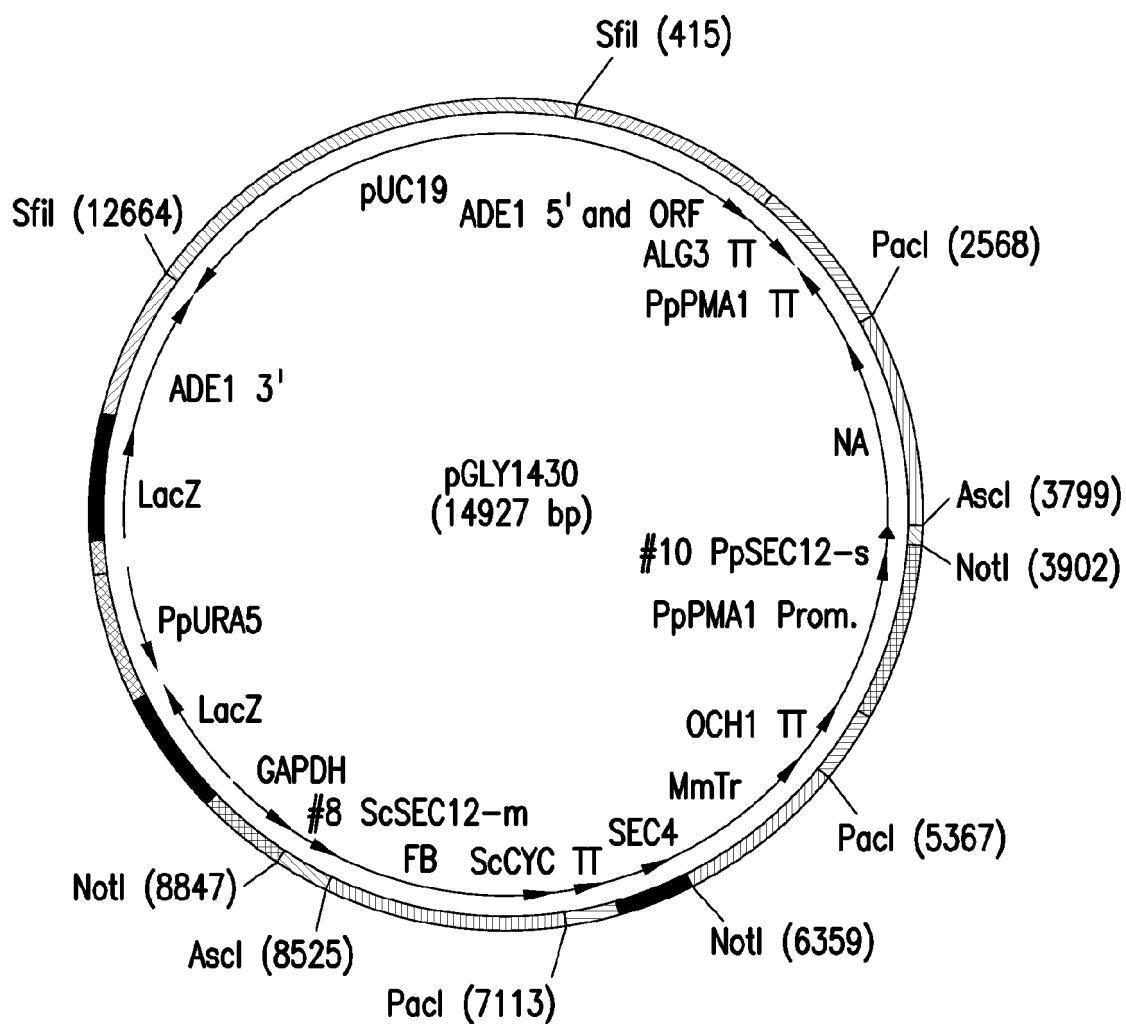


FIG.11

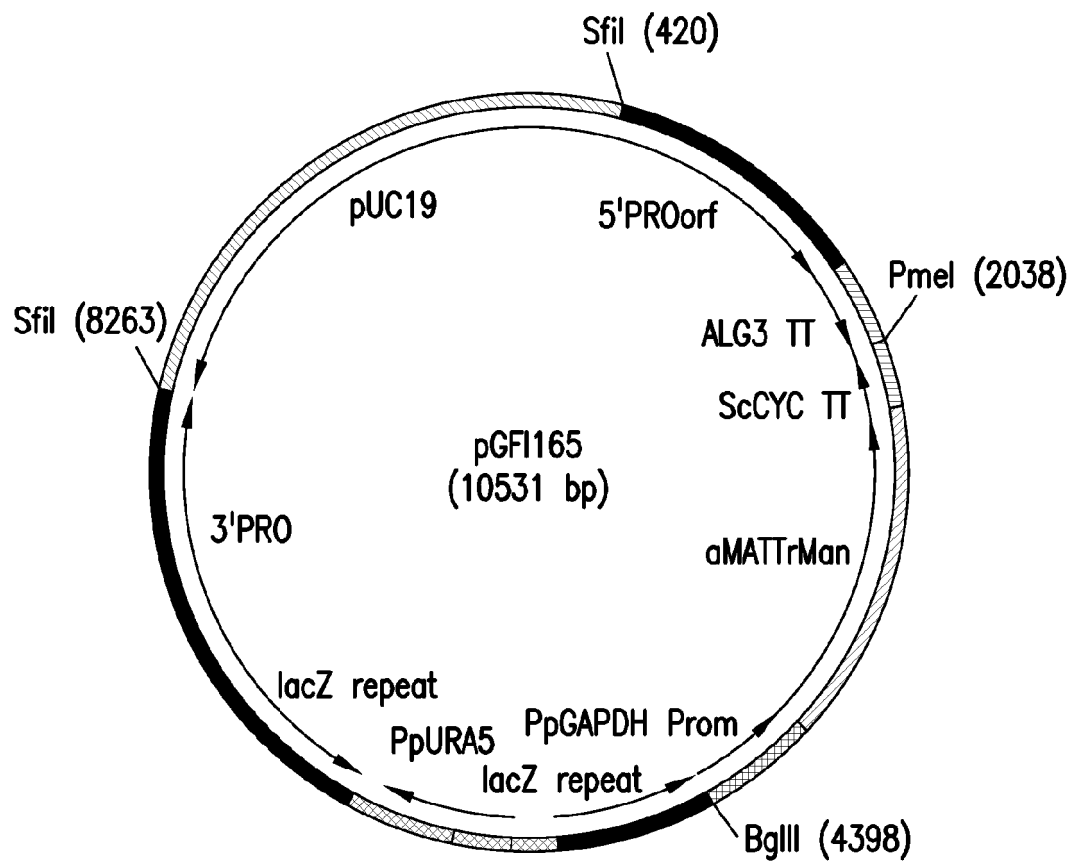


FIG.12

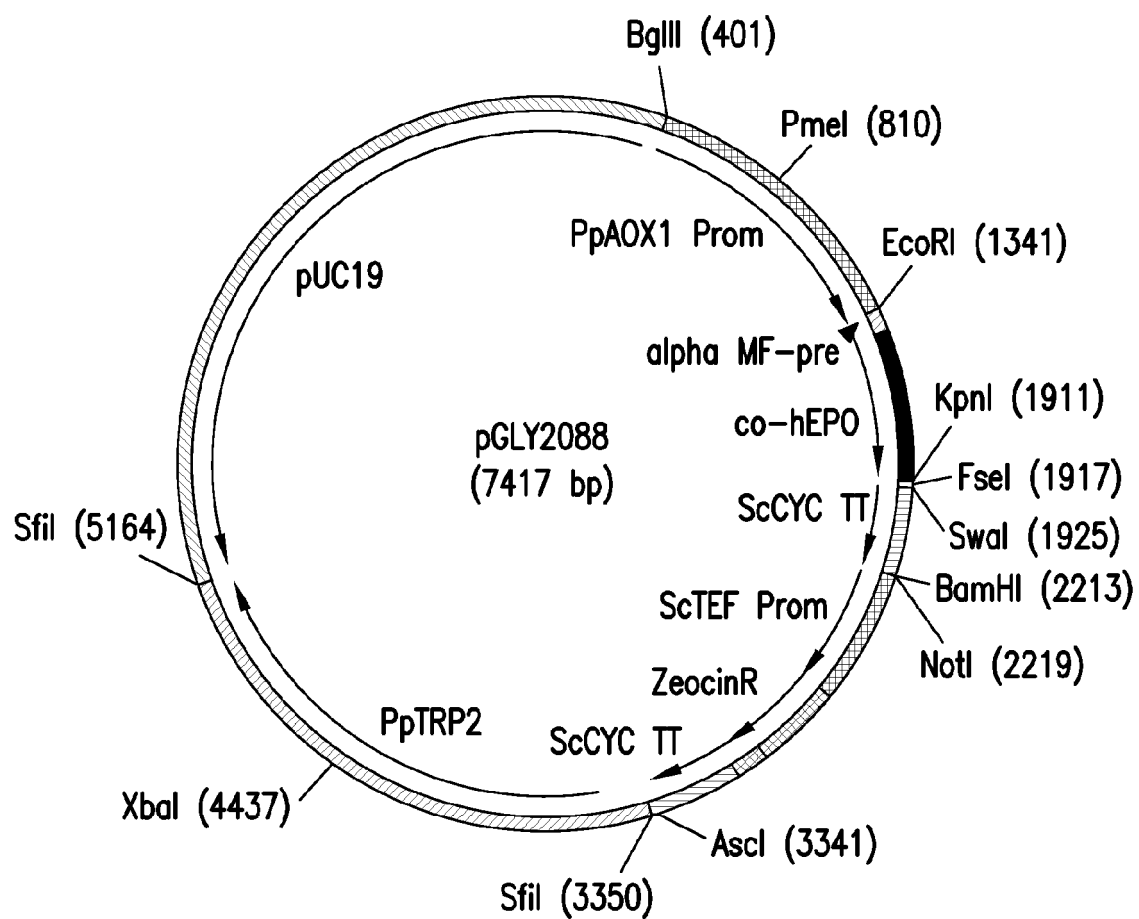


FIG.13

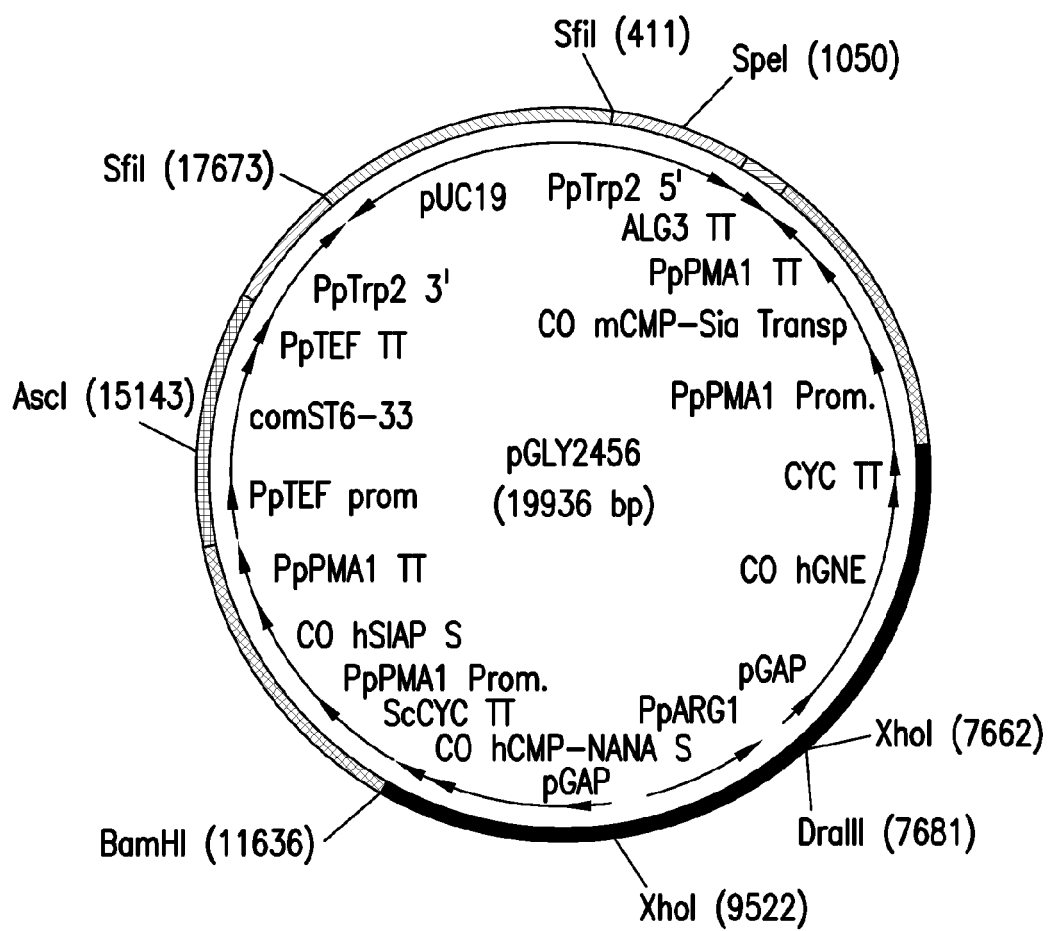


FIG.14

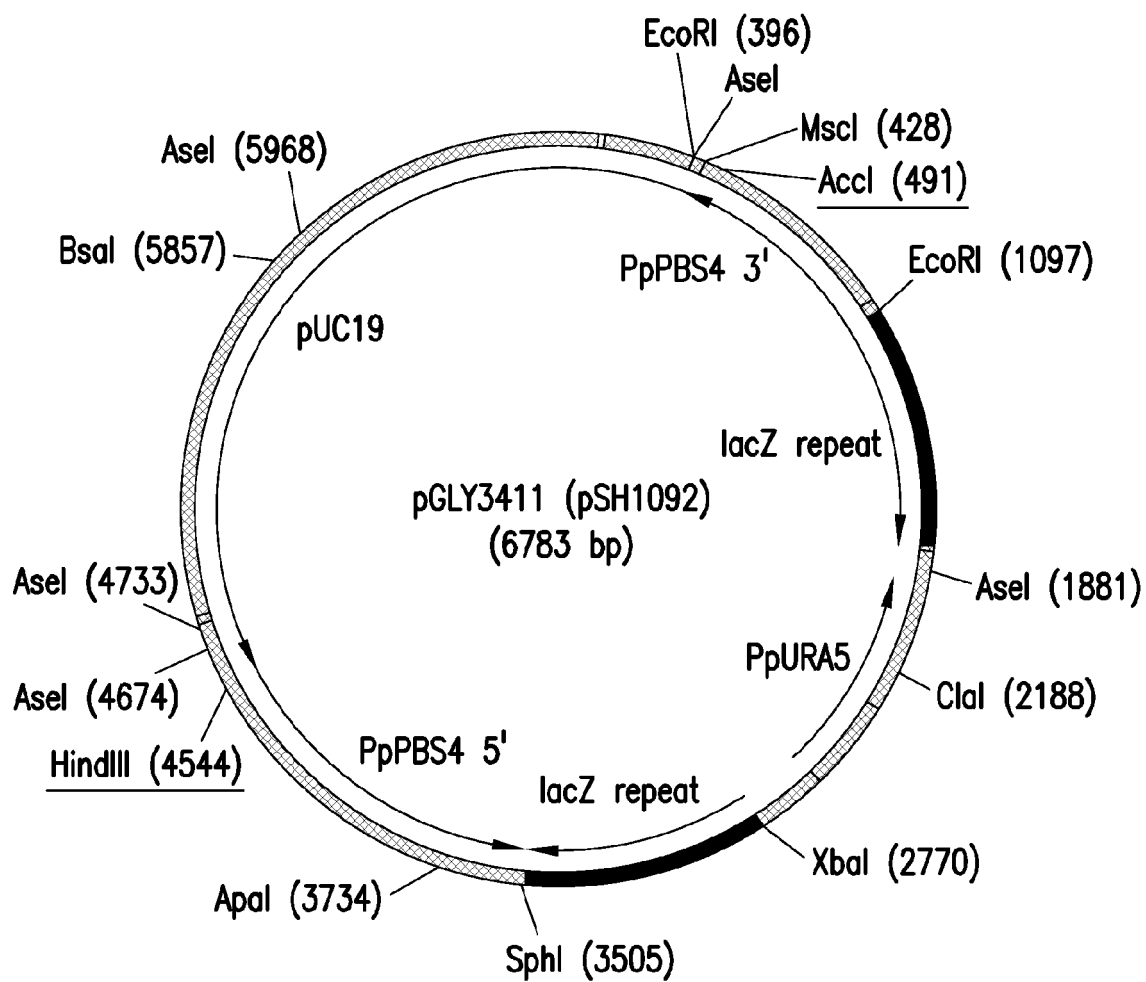


FIG.15

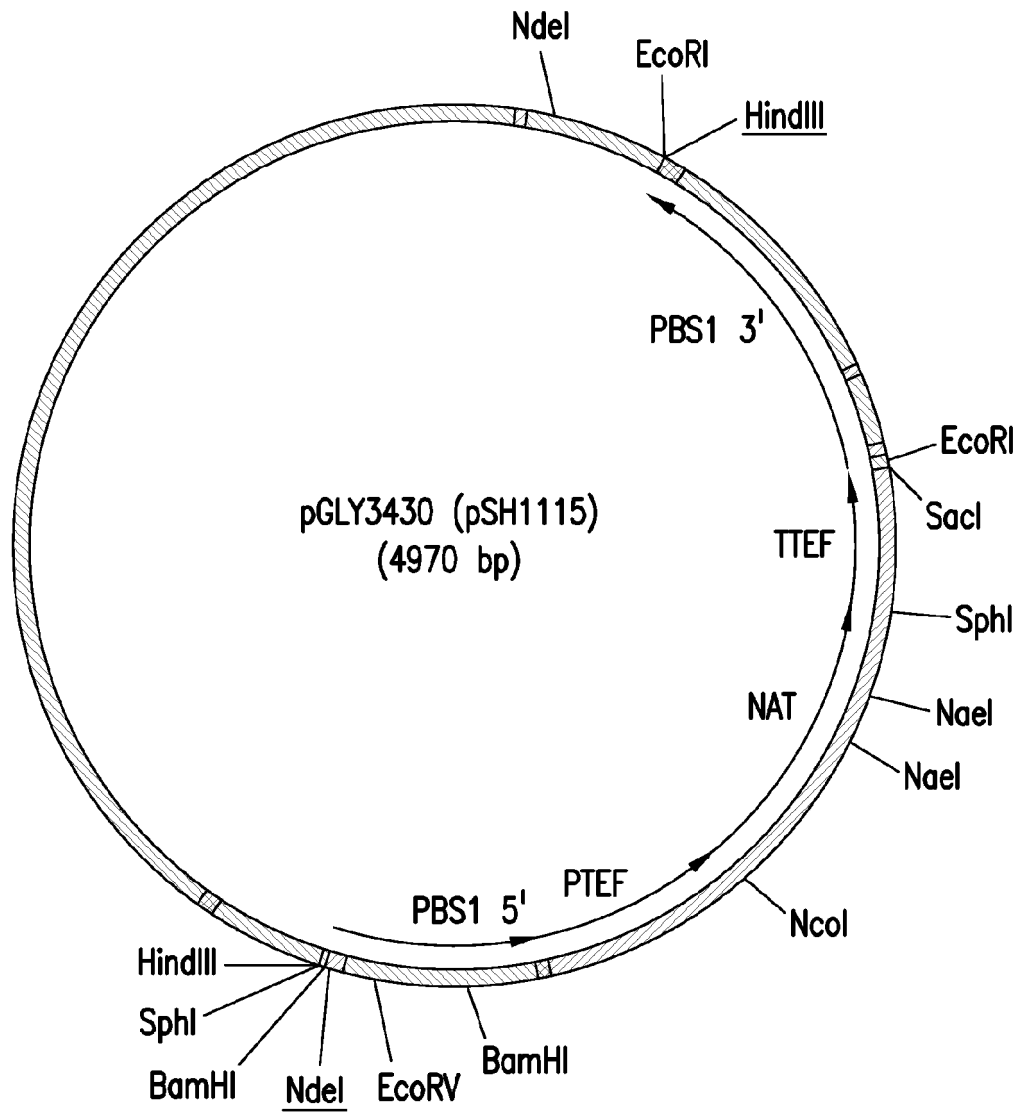


FIG.16

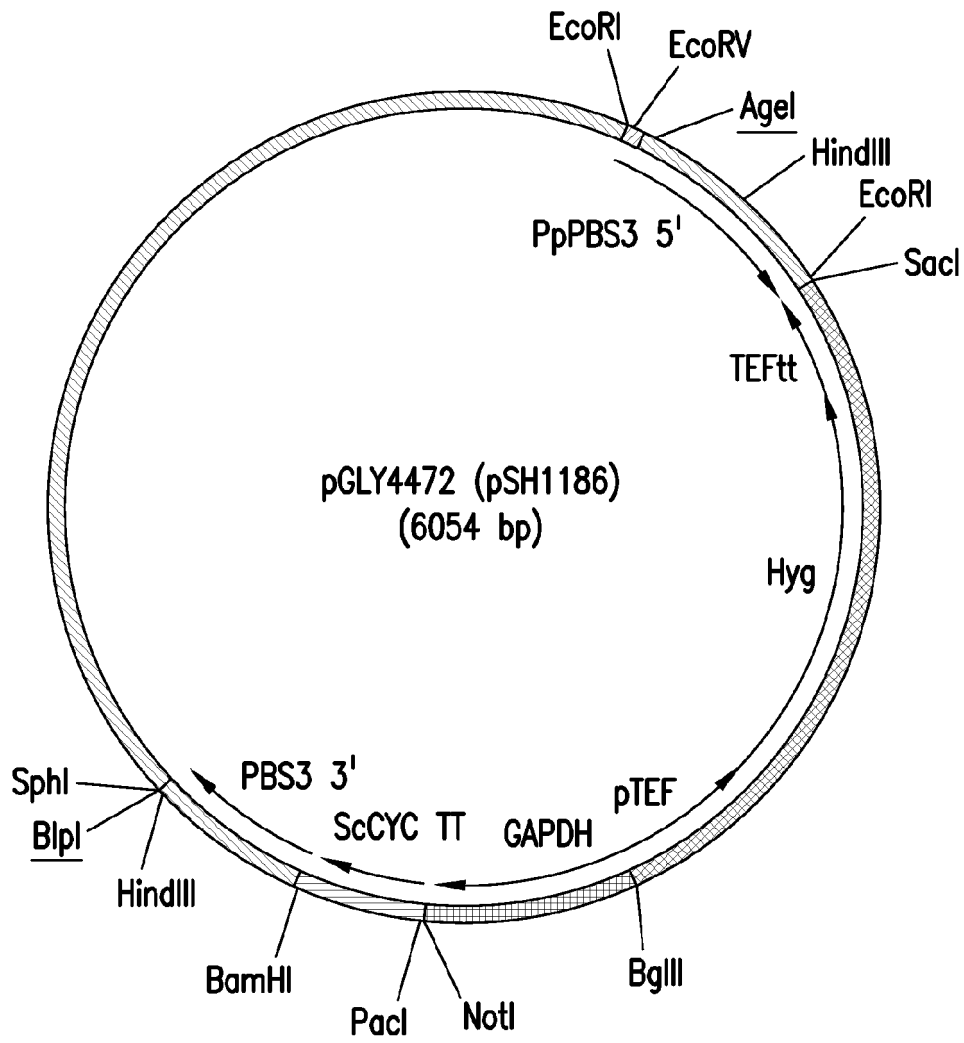


FIG.17

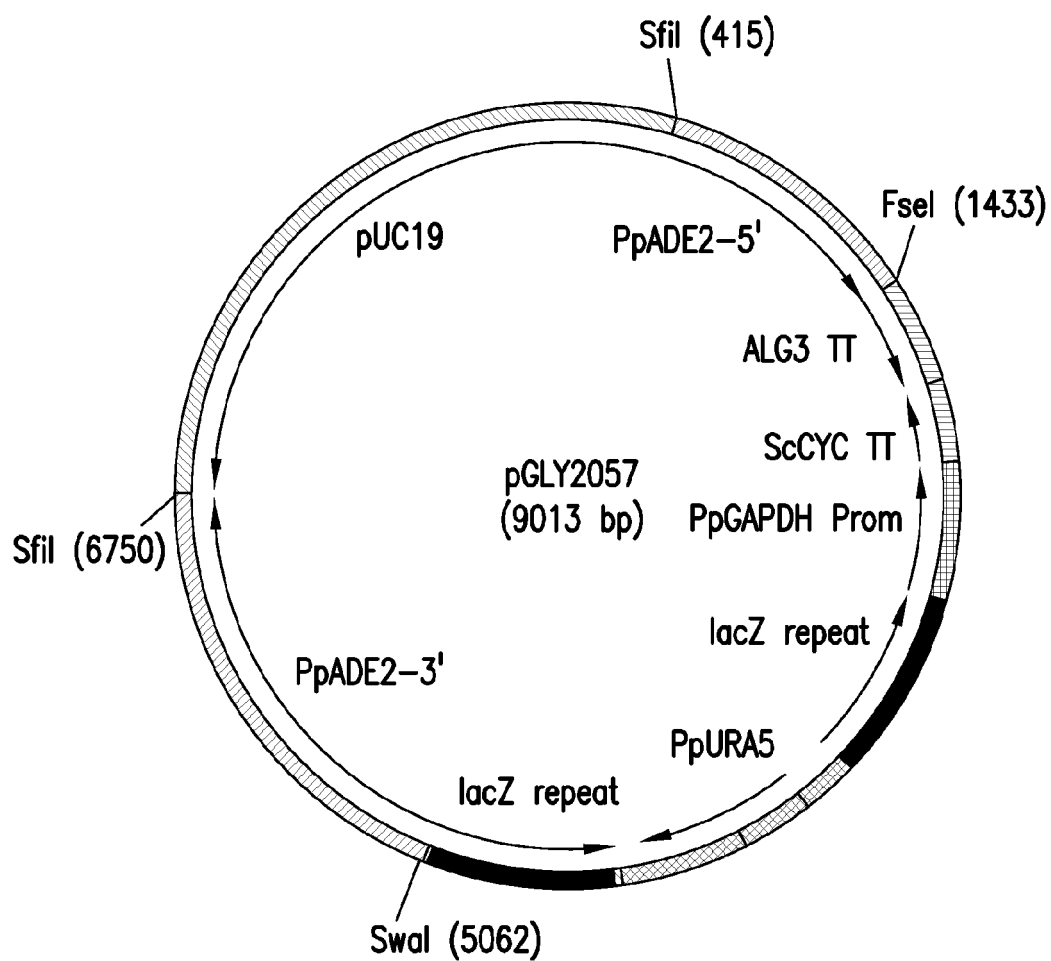


FIG.18

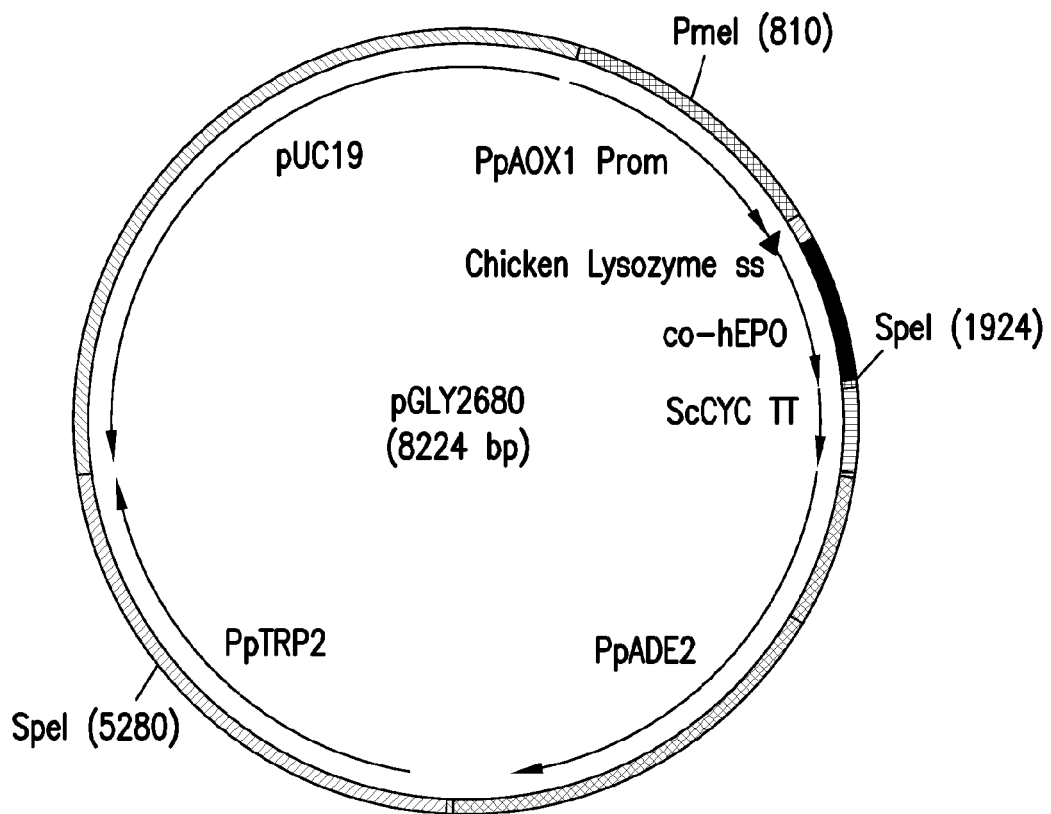


FIG.19

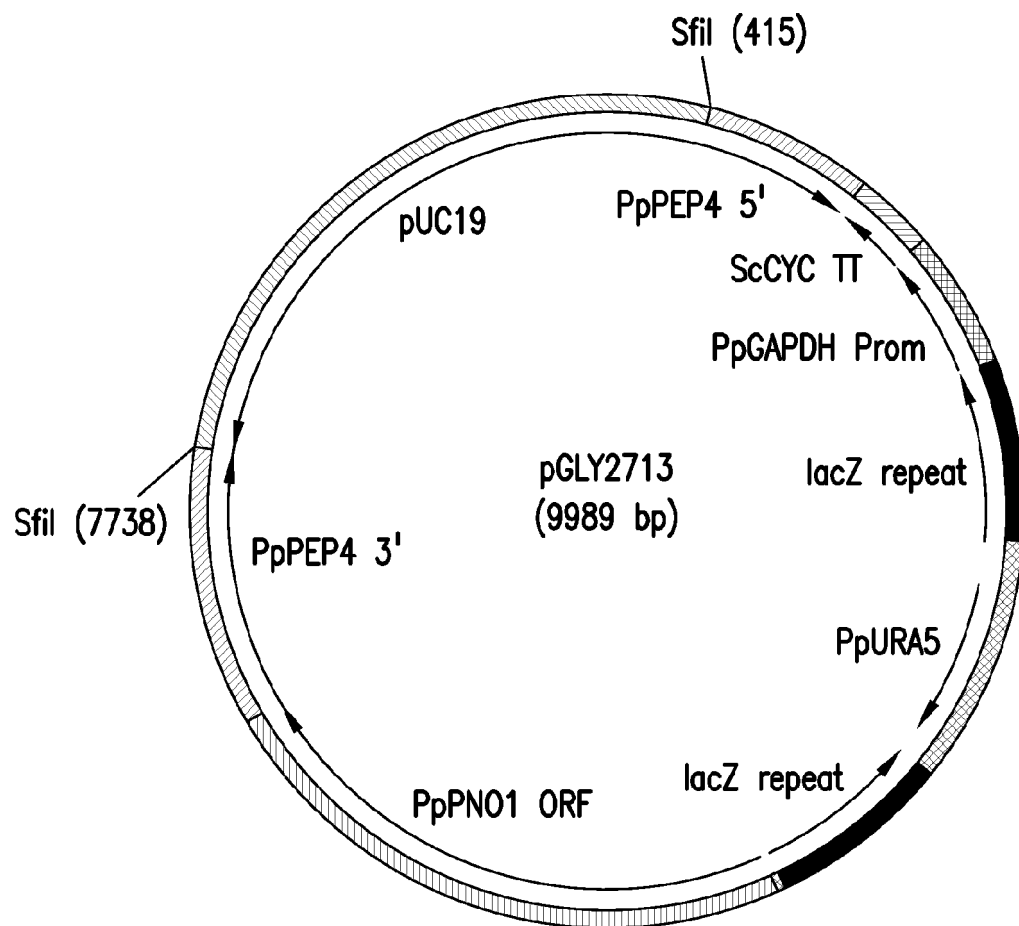


FIG.20

Fermentation Process Flow

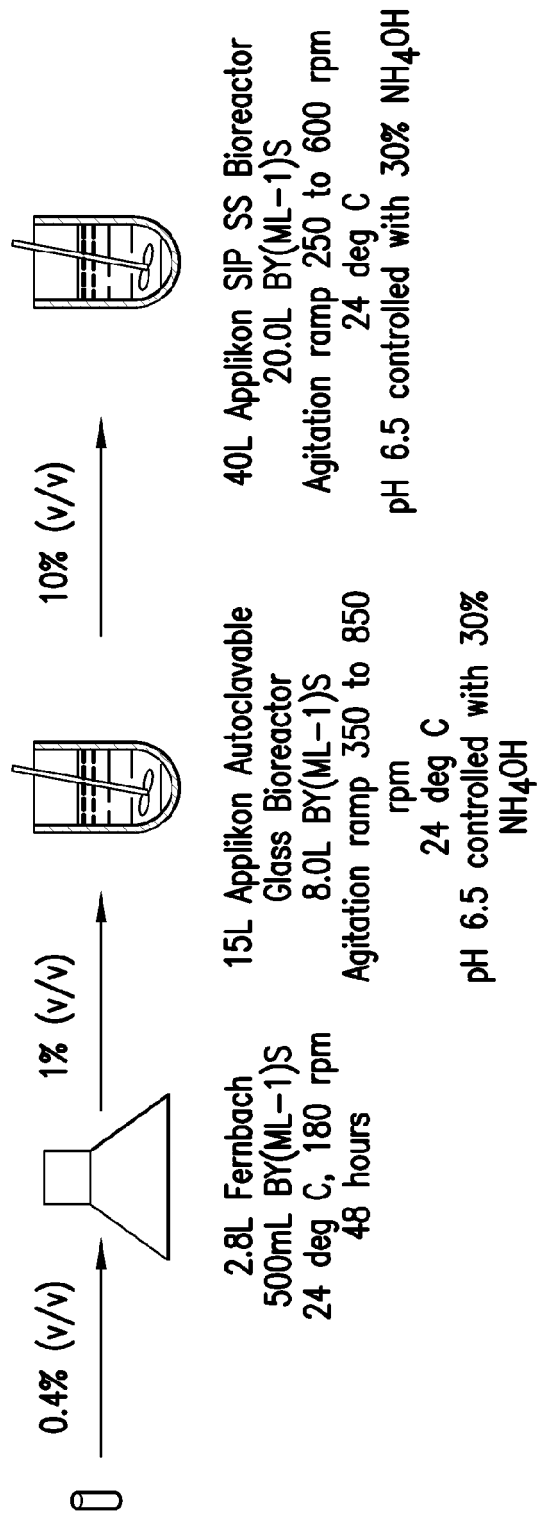


FIG.21

HCA antibody Western Blot

Detection of a Protein Approximately at the Size of rhEPO

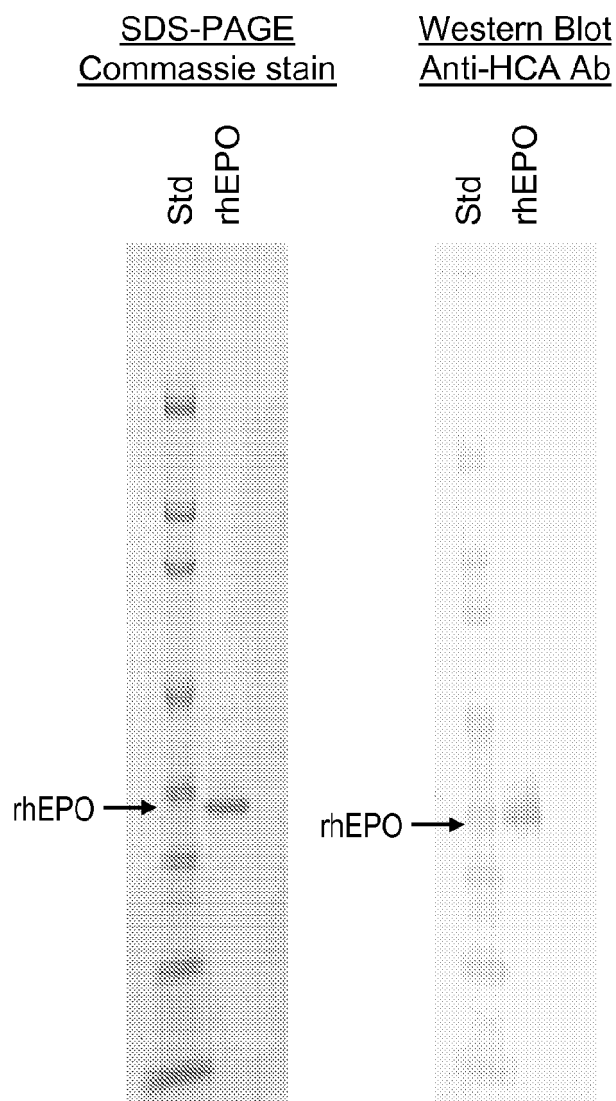


FIG.22

Anti-HCA antibody Western Blot

No Detection of the Deglycosylated Form of This Protein

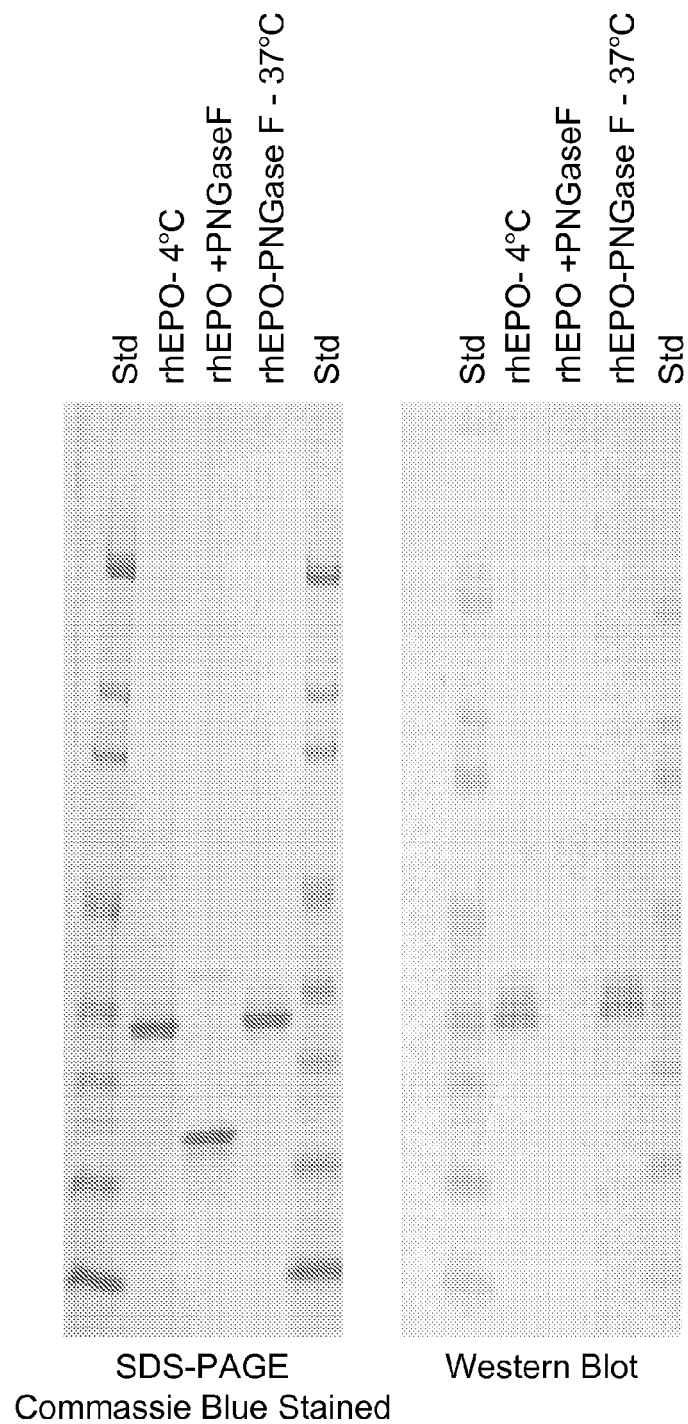


FIG.23

Reactivity of anti-HCP with rhIgG1 produced
in *Pichia pastoris*

Lane 1: rhIgG1 produced in GS2.0 containing detectable
Man₉GlcNAc₂ N-glycans that were α 1,2-mannosidase resistant
Lane 2: Marker
Lane 3: rhIgG1 produced in WT
Lane 4: rhIgG1 produced in WT+PNGaseF
Lane 5: Marker

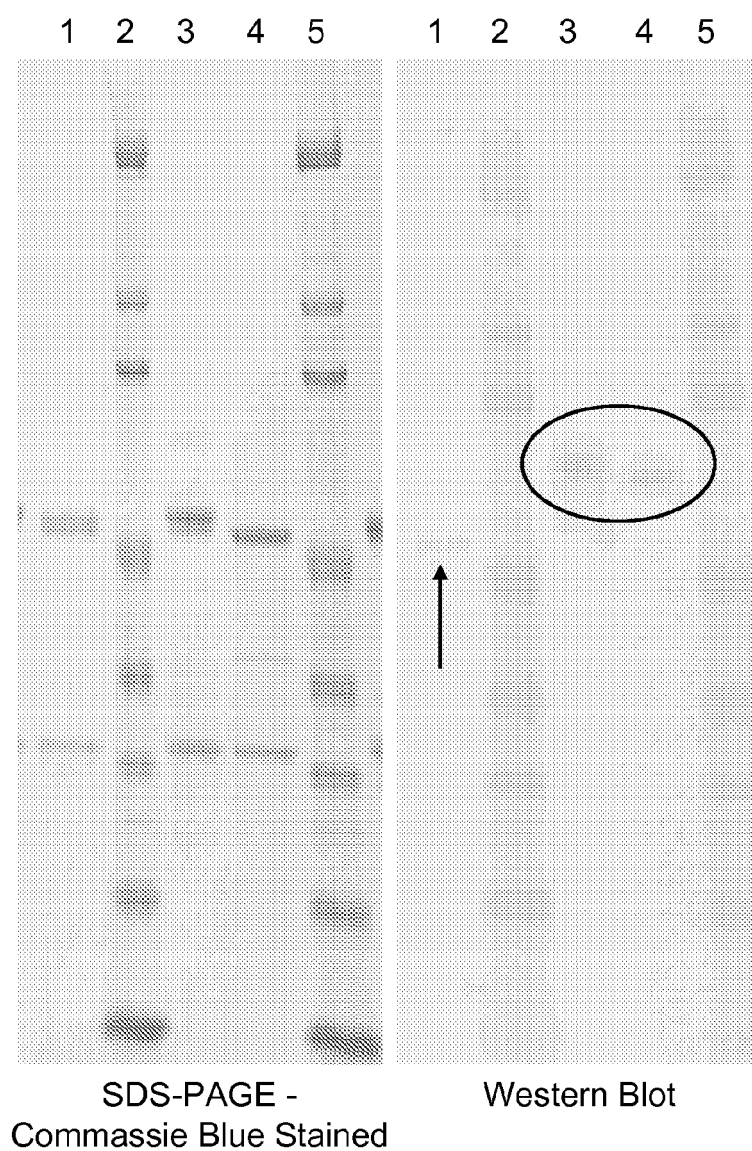


FIG.24

HCA Detection in rhEPO and Other
Protein Preparations
Produced in *Pichia pastoris*

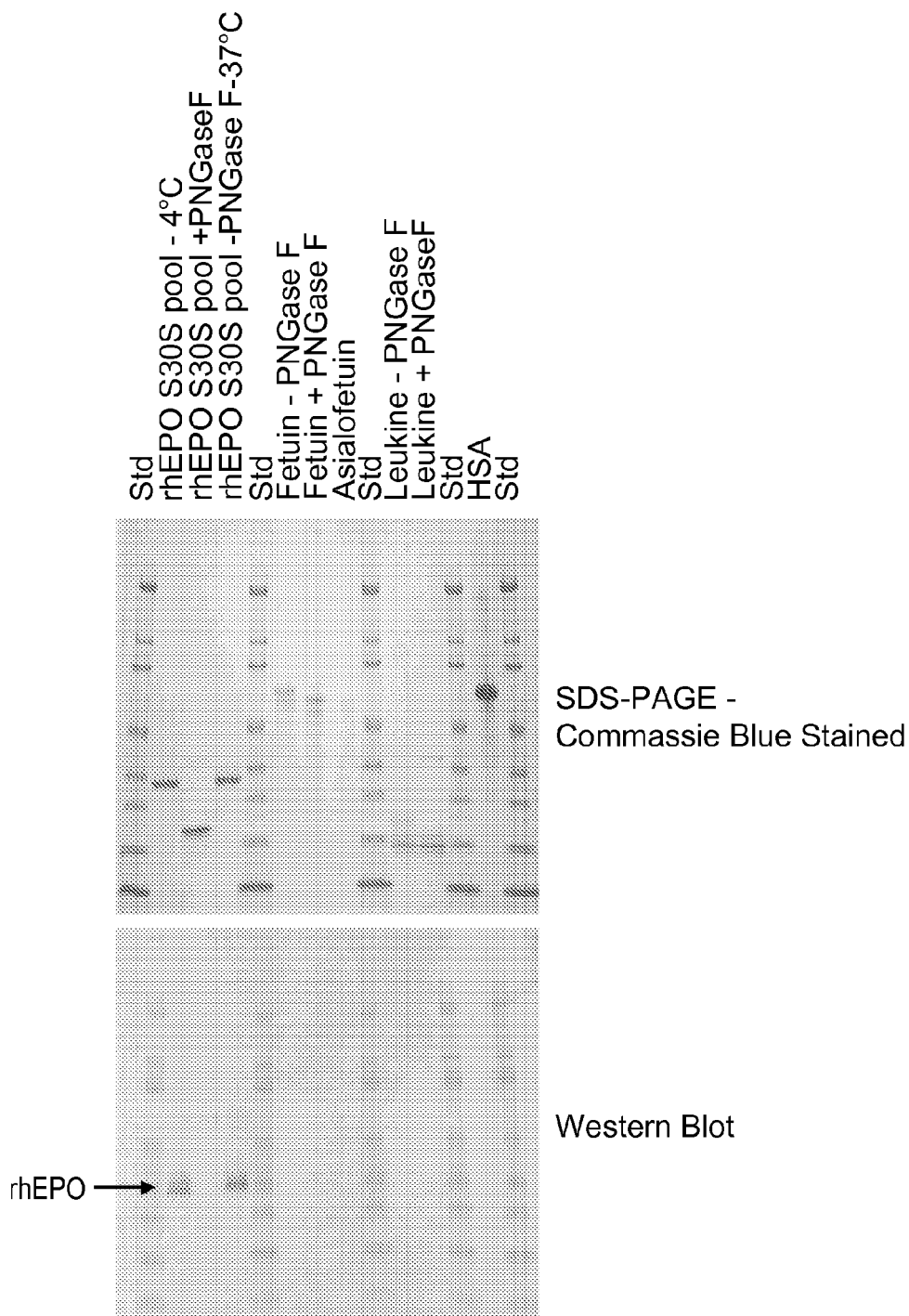


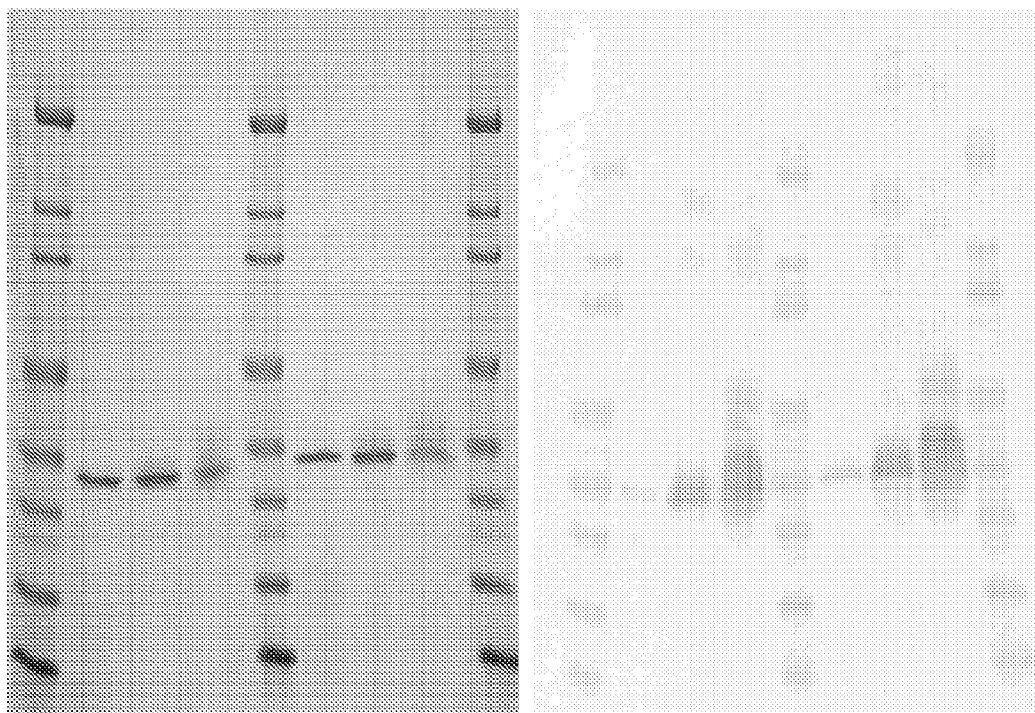
FIG.25

HCA Detection - rhEPO**F071401 - Mix - Hydroxy apatite Type I 40µm Purification****SDS PAGE****Commassie Blue stained**

	Reduced			Non-Reduced		
	HA pool 1	HA pool 2	HA pool 3	HA pool 1	HA pool 2	HA pool 3
Std				Std		

Western Blot

	Reduced			Non-Reduced		
	HA pool 1	HA pool 2	HA pool 3	HA pool 1	HA pool 2	HA pool 3
Std				Std		

**N-Glycan Analysis HPLC**

pools	% Neutral	% Mono Sialylated	% Hybrid Sialylated	% Bi sialylated
HA pool 1	3.49%	4.90%	1.21%	90.40%
HA pool 2	13.51%	15.76%	5.86%	64.87%
HA pool 3	46.79%	11.50%	10.33%	31.38%

FIG.26

Chromatogram of Q sepharose FF purification

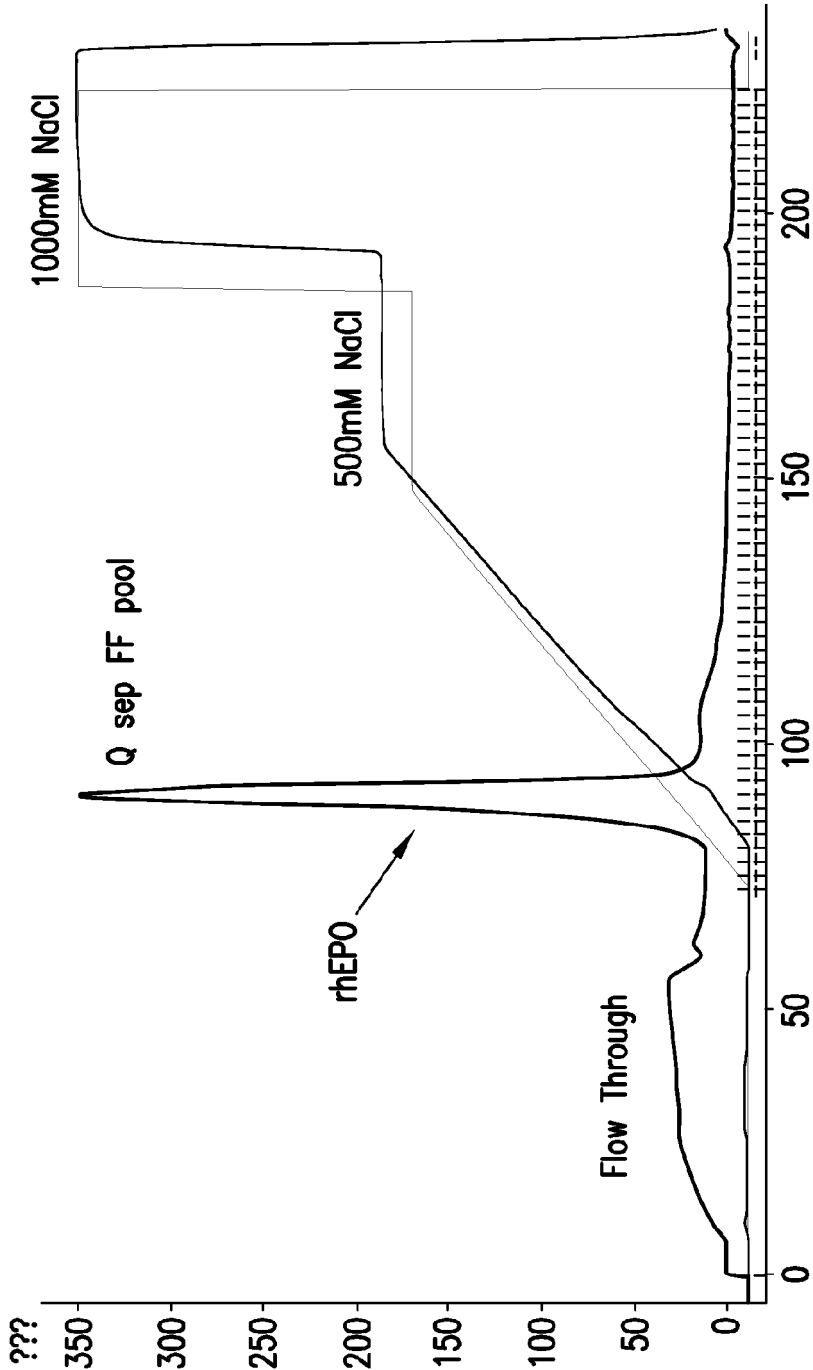
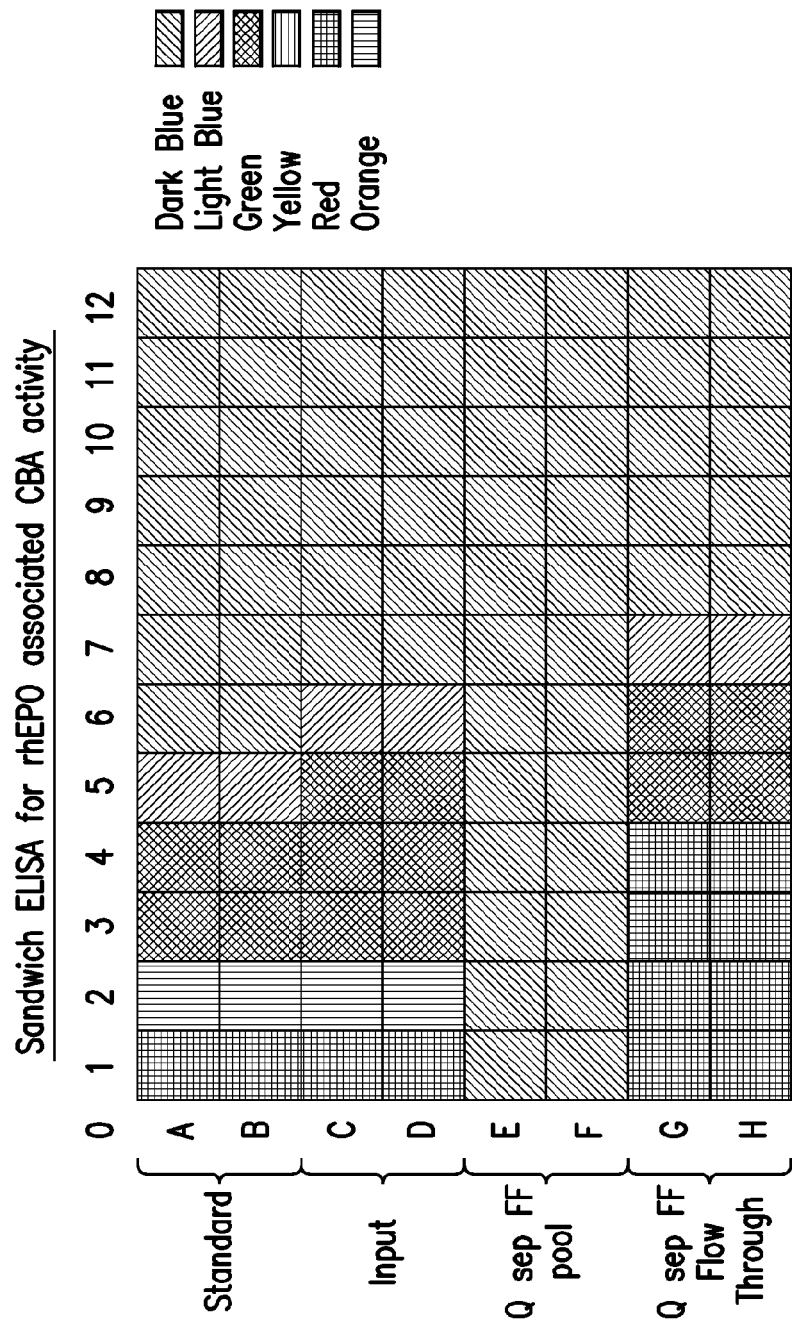


FIG.27A



Anti-Sera Plate Dilutions

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	1:800	1:1600	1:3200	1:6400	1:12800	1:25600	1:51200	1:102400	1:204800	1:409600	1:819200	NEG. Control
B	1:800	1:1600	1:3200	1:6400	1:12800	1:25600	1:51200	1:102400	1:204800	1:409600	1:819200	NEG. Control

FIG. 27B

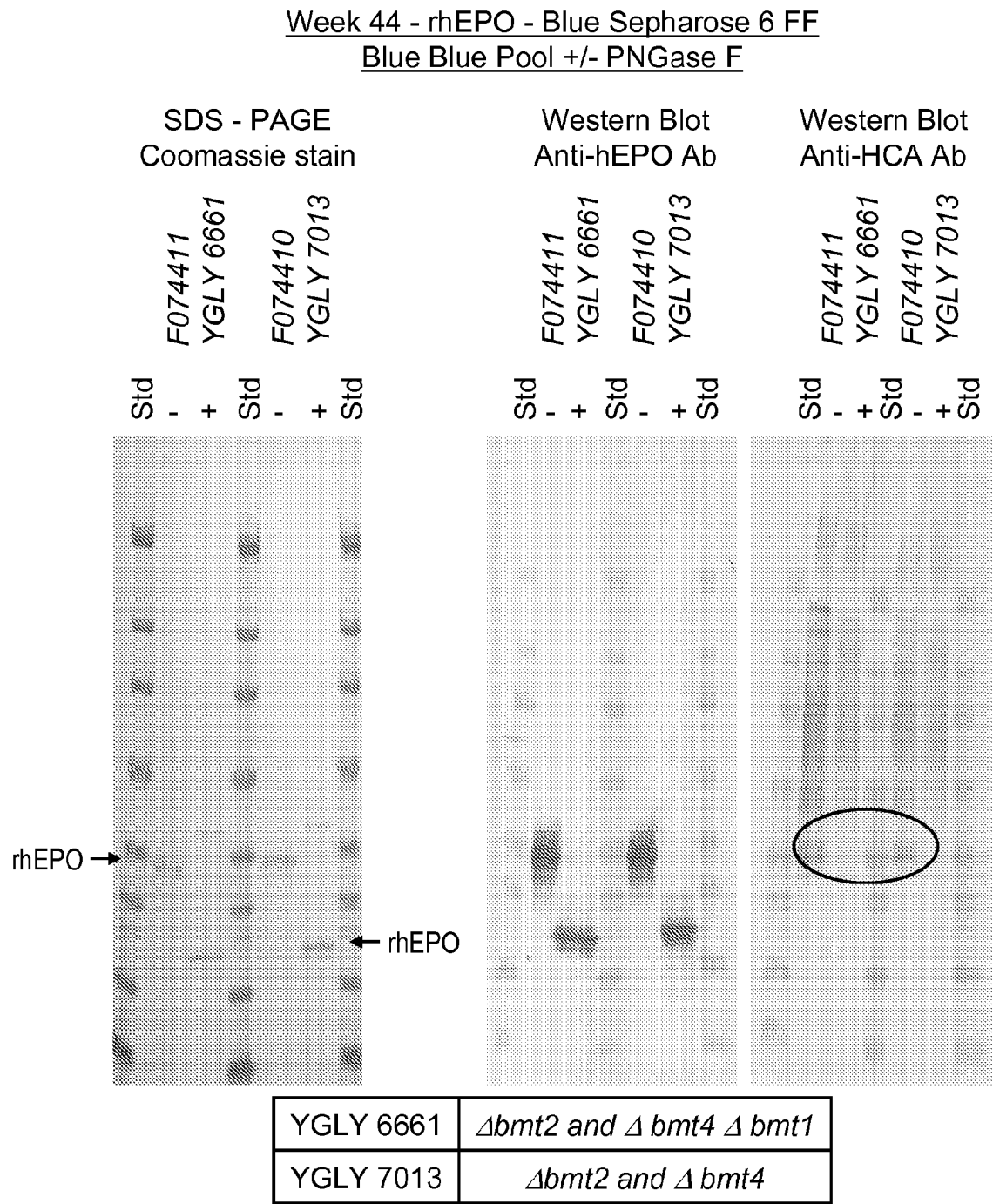
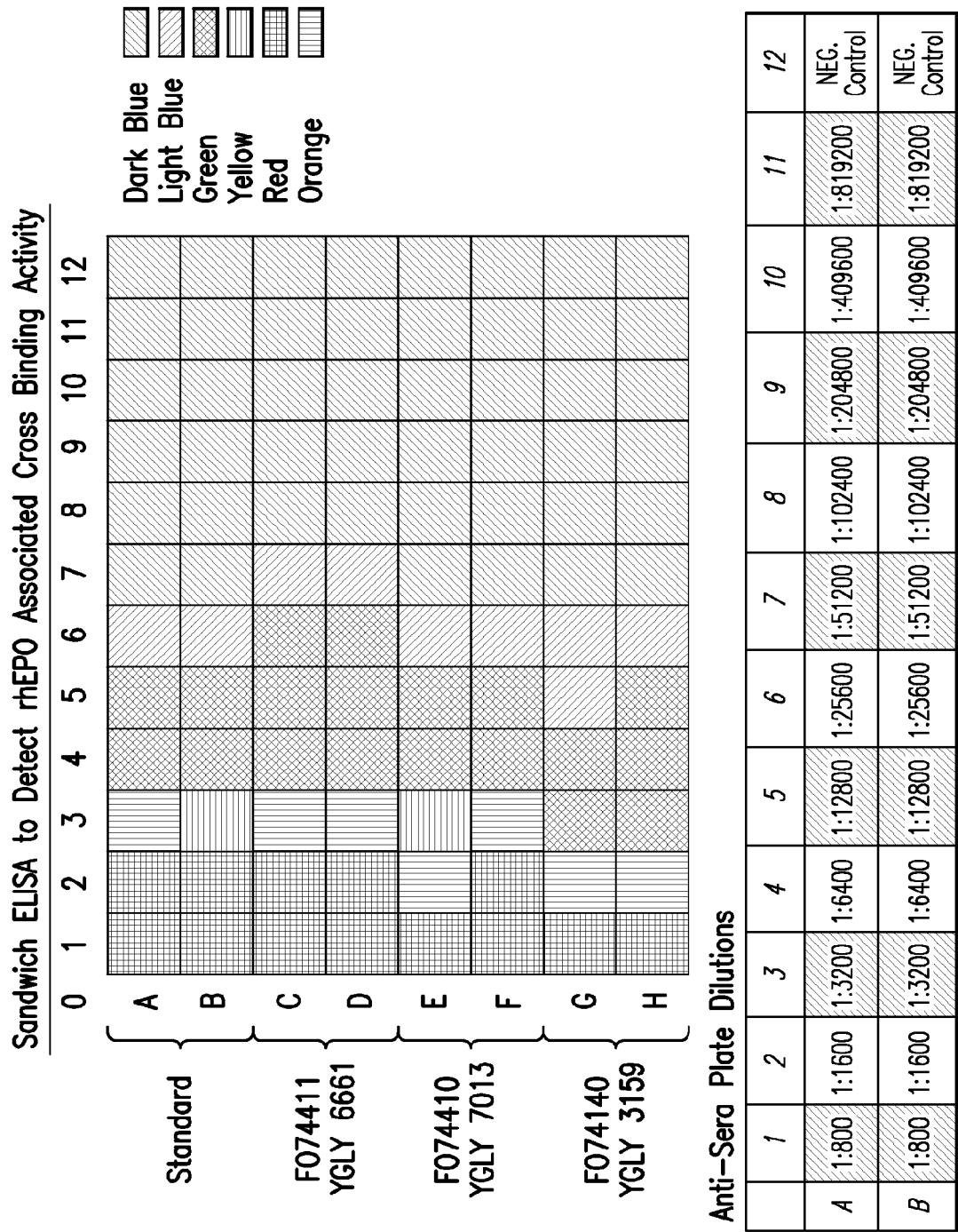


FIG.28



▷ YGLY 6661 and 7013 showed rhEPO associated Cross Binding activity

FIG.29

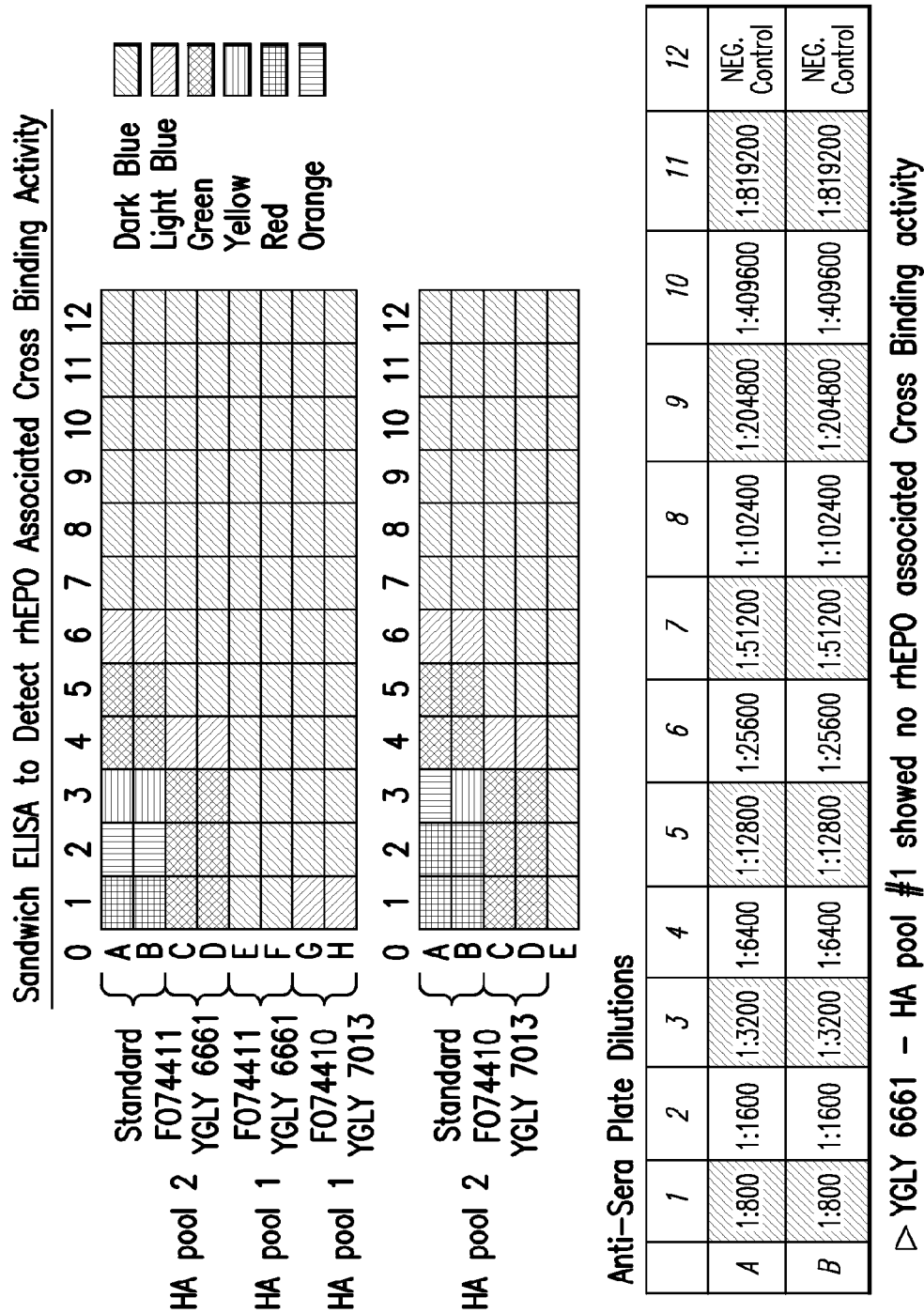


FIG.30

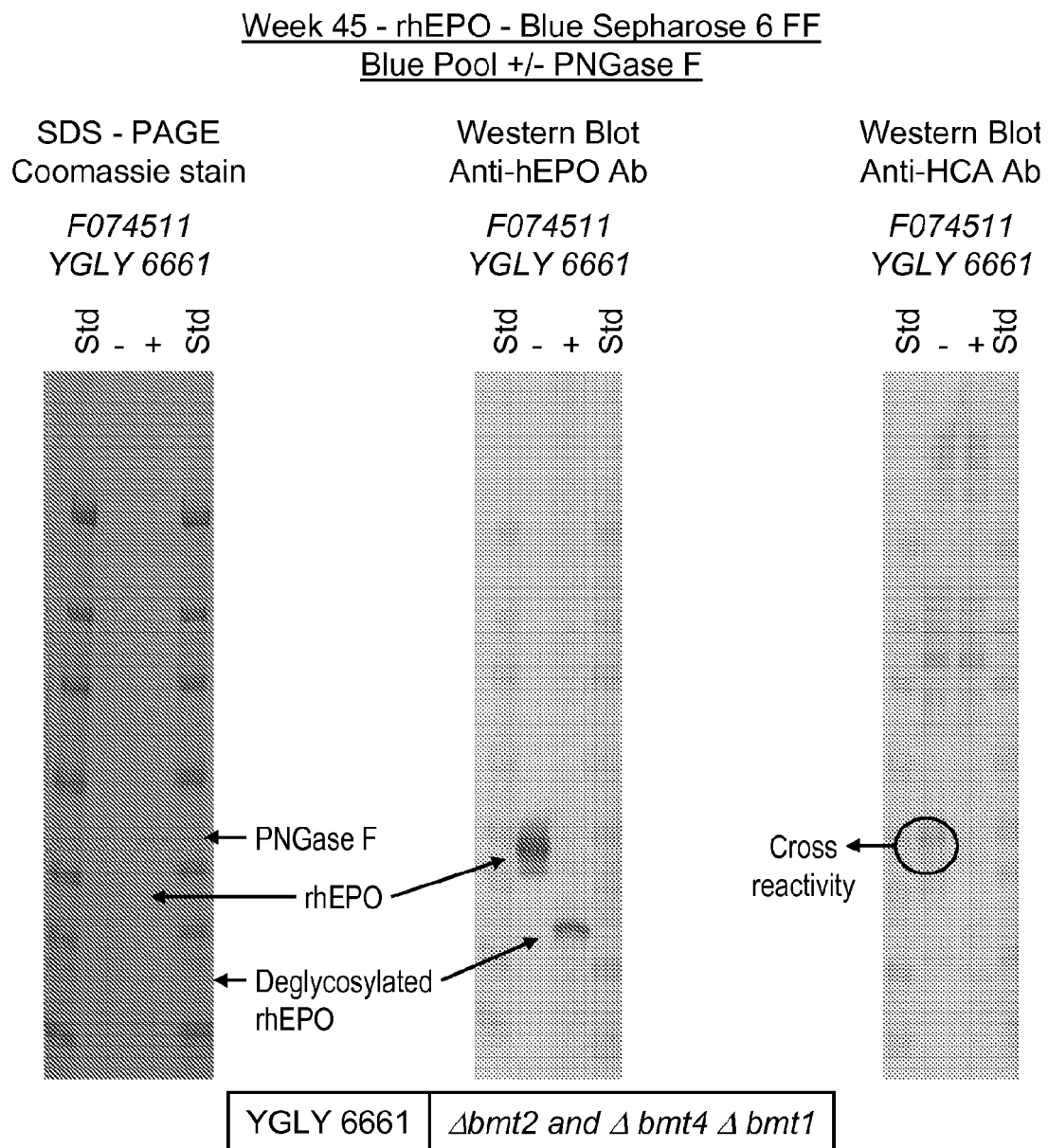


FIG.31

Week 46 a - SixFors - Quadruple *BMT*
Knockout - Blue pools

+/- PNGase F treatment

SDS-PAGE Coomassie Blue Stained

Std	YGLY 7361	YGLY 7361	YGLY 7362	YGLY 7362	YGLY 7363	YGLY 7363	YGLY 7366	YGLY 7366	YGLY 7365	YGLY 7365	YGLY 7364	YGLY 7364	Std
	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	

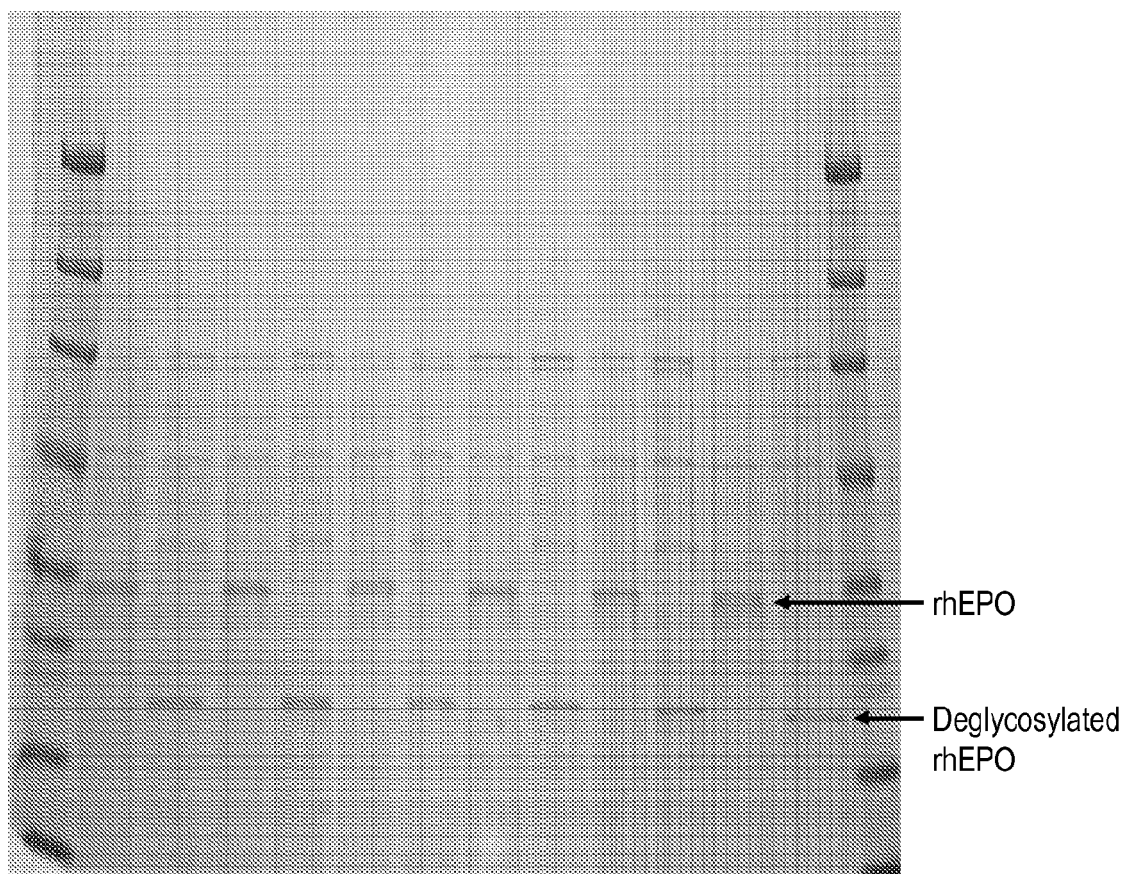


FIG.32A

Week 46 b - SixFors - Quadruple BMT
Knockout - Blue pools

+/- PNGase F treatment

SDS-PAGE Coomassie Blue Stained

Std	YGLY 7393	YGLY 7394	YGLY 7395	YGLY 7396	YGLY 7397	YGLY 7398	Std
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

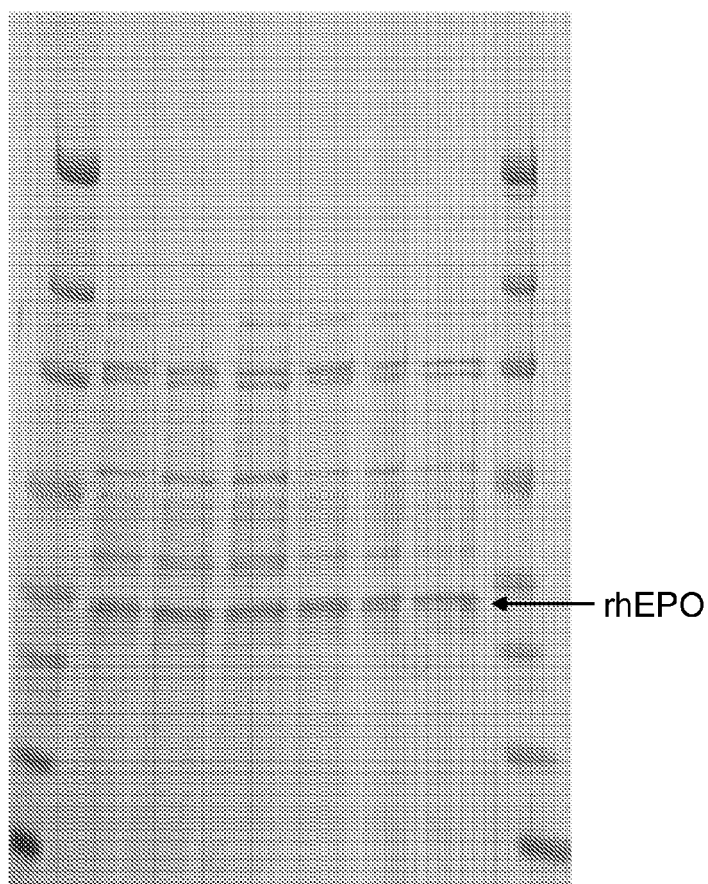
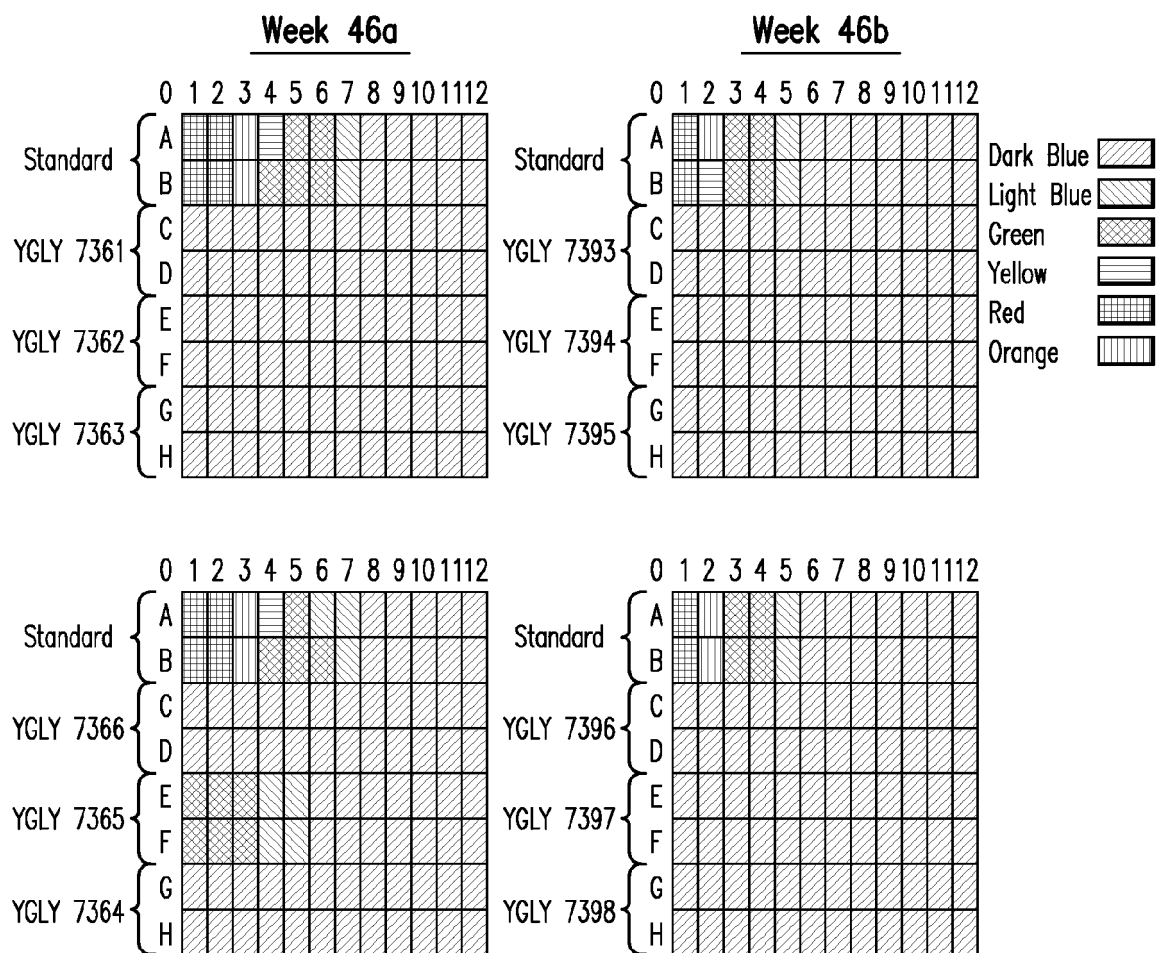


FIG.32B

Sandwich ELISA To Detect rhEPO Associated Cross Binding Activity

Week 46 – SixFors – Quadruple *BMT* Knockout – Blue pools



Anti-Sera Plate Dilutions:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	1:800	1:1600	1:3200	1:6400	1:12800	1:25600	1:51200	1:102400	1:204800	1:409600	1:819200	NEG. Control
B	1:800	1:1600	1:3200	1:6400	1:12800	1:25600	1:51200	1:102400	1:204800	1:409600	1:819200	NEG. Control

FIG.33

N-Glycan HPLC Results

Week 46 a & b – SixFors – Quadruple *BMT* Knockout – Blue pools

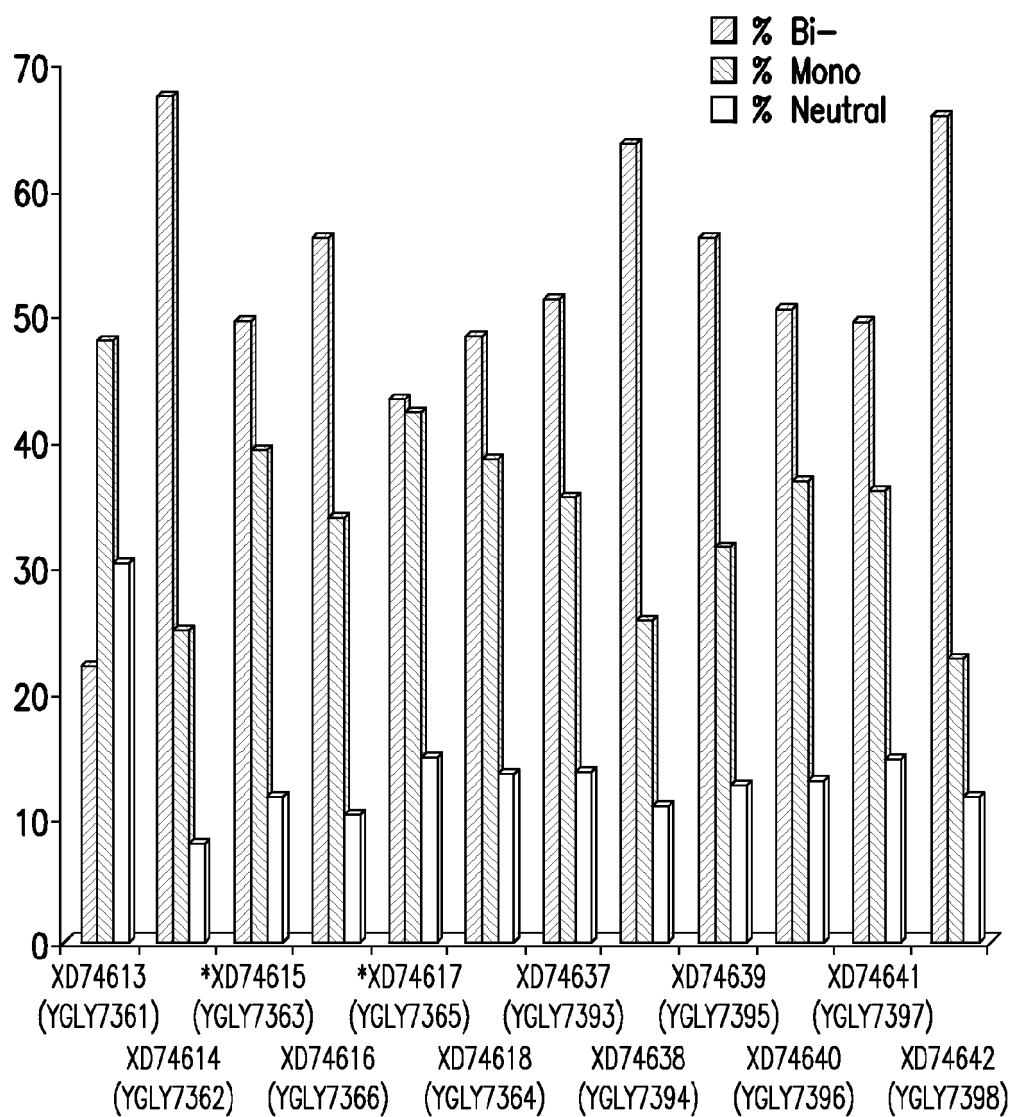


FIG.34

Week 50 - Quadruple *BMT* Knockout Strains
Screening for rhEPO Blue pools and HA pool 1s

SDS - PAGE Coomassie stain

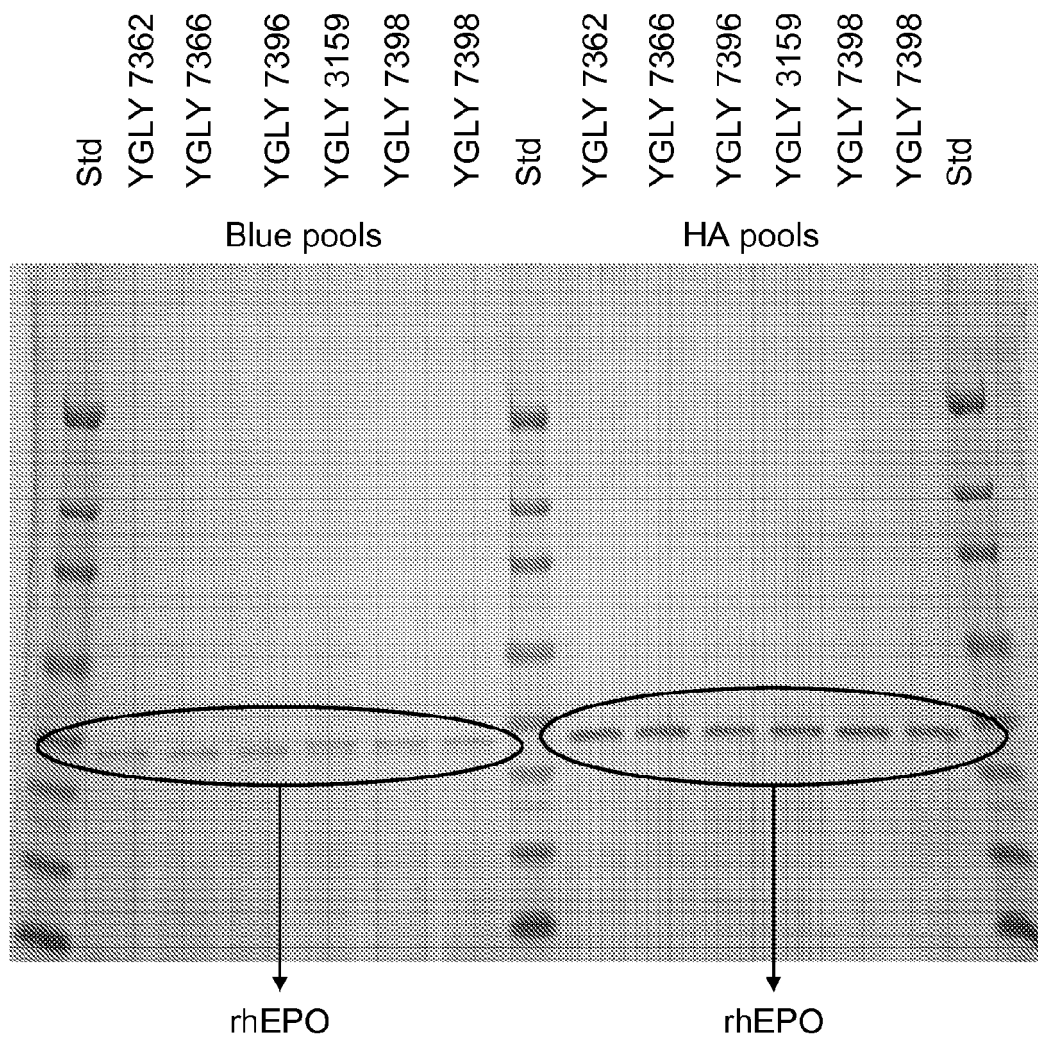


FIG.35A

Week 50 - Quadruple *BMT* Knockout Strains
Screening for rhEPO Blue pools and HA pool 1s

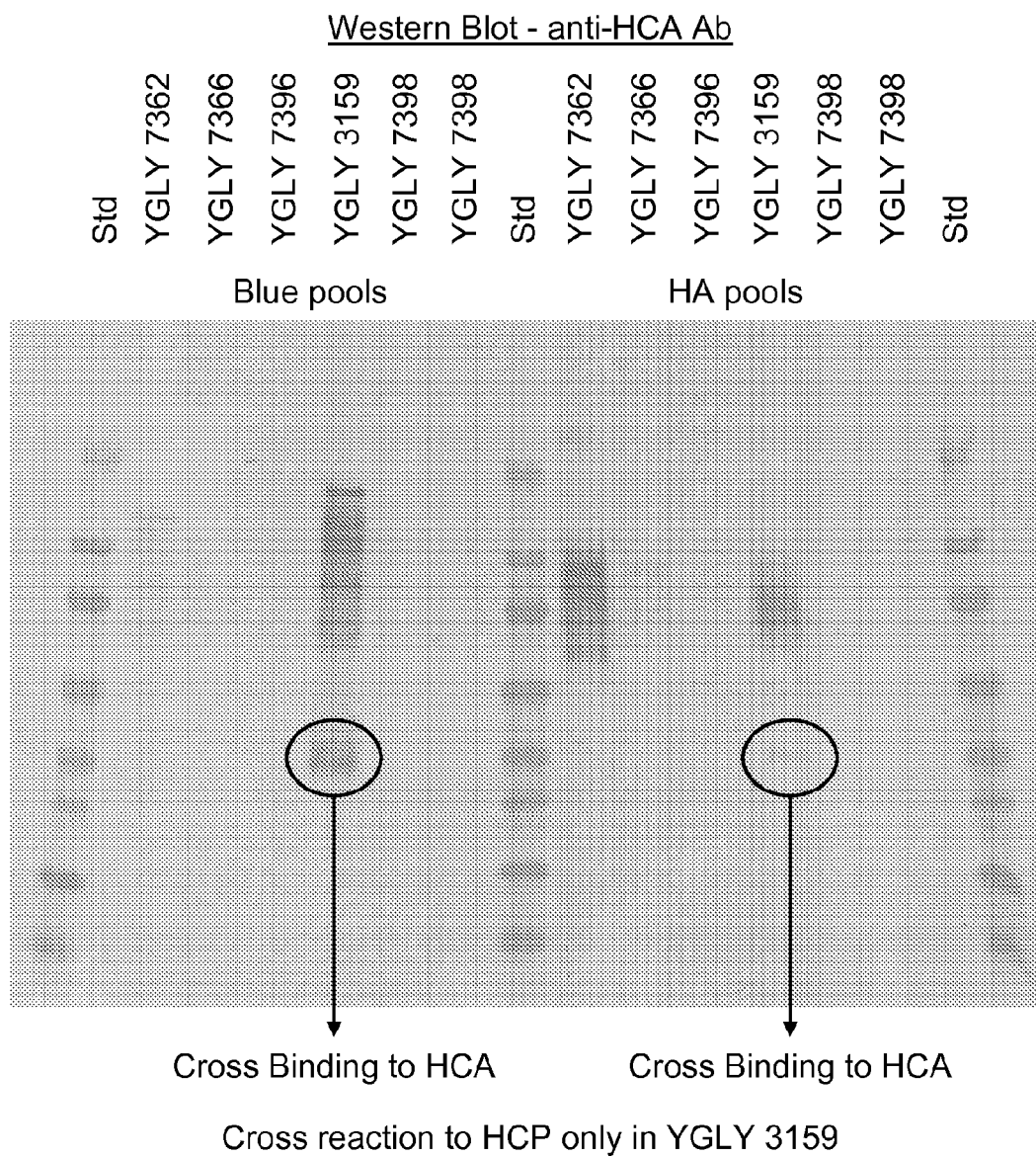
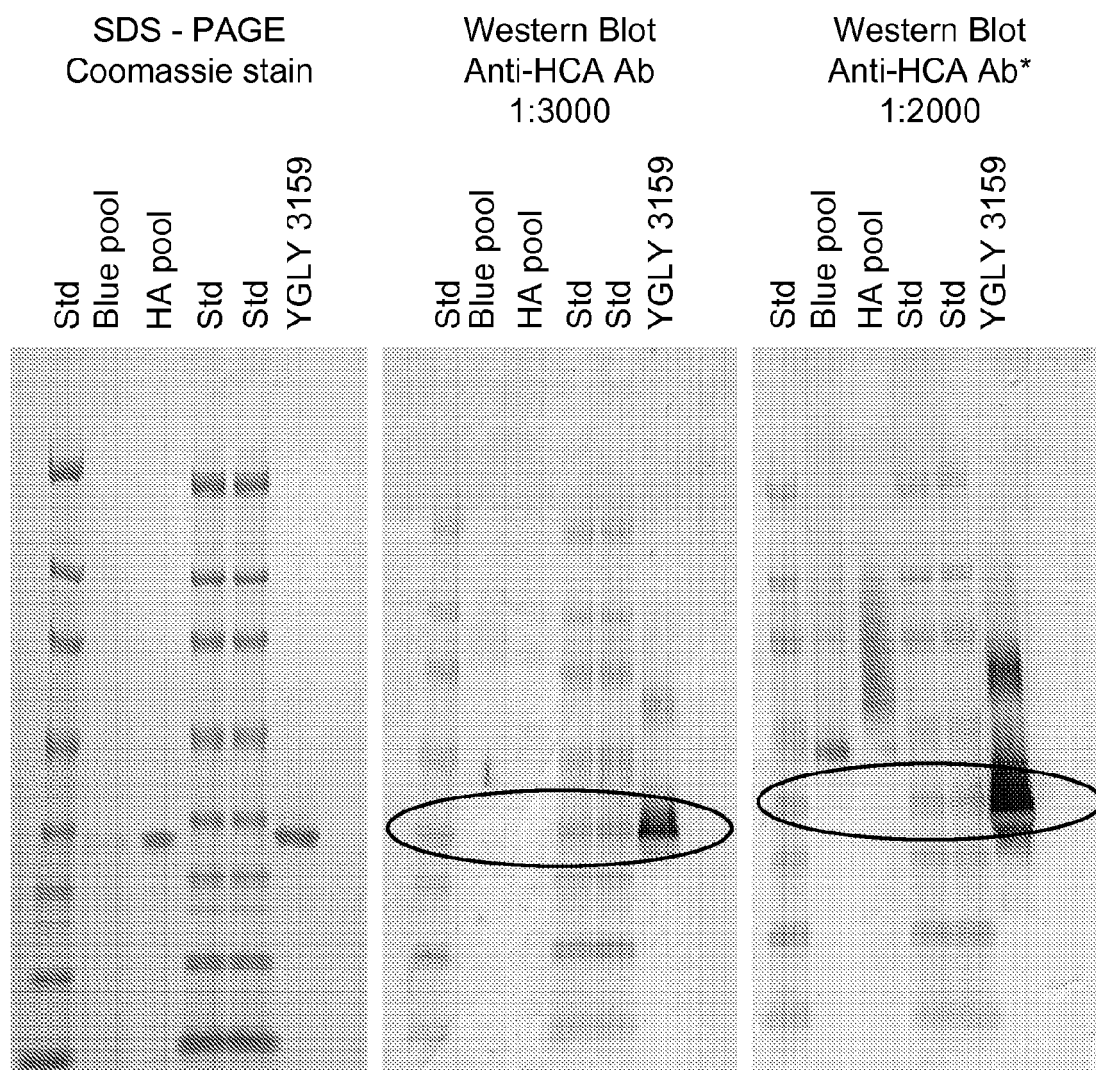


FIG.35B

SDS - PAGE Gel - Coomassie Blue Stained
Quadruple *BMT* Knockout Strains Screening

F080240 - YGLY 7398 - Blue pool/HA pool 1

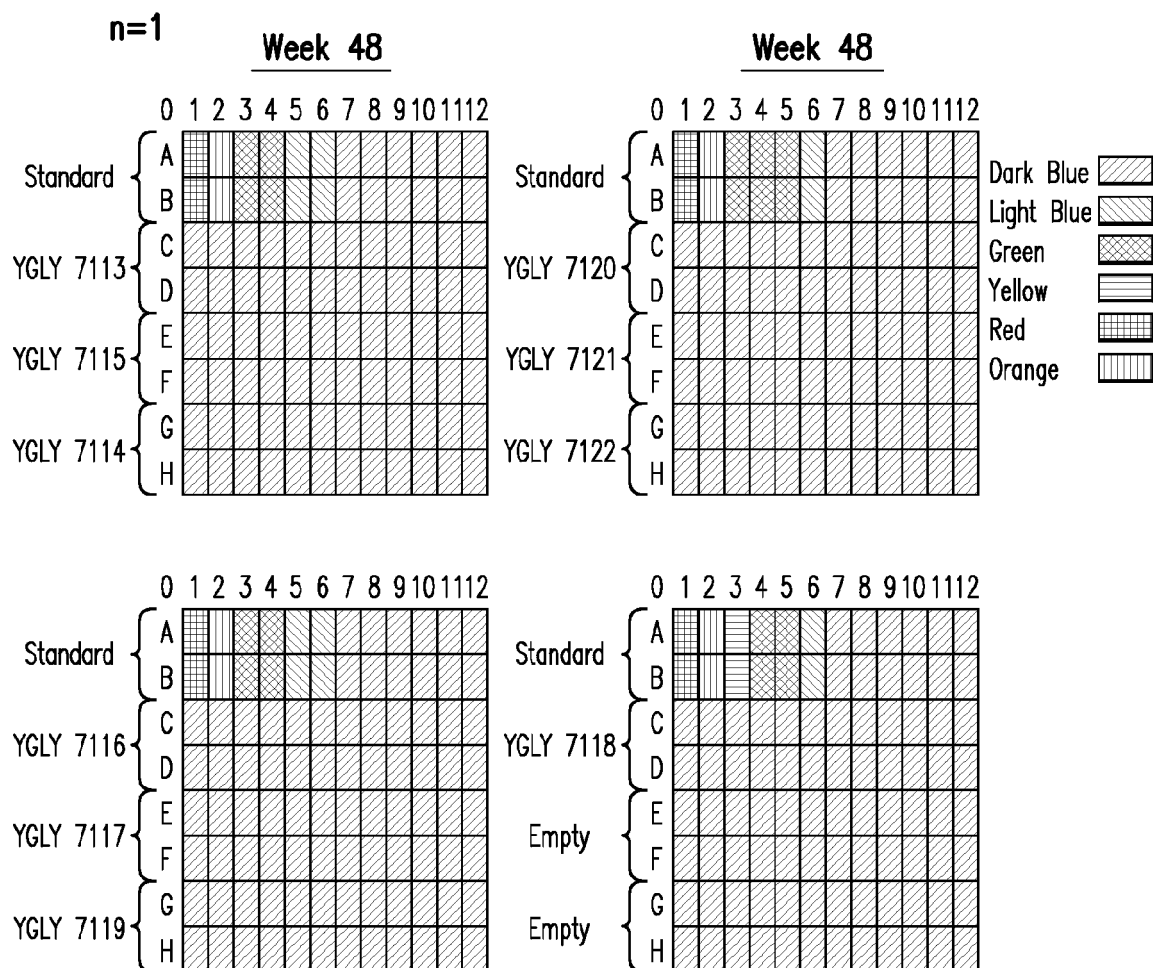


*GiF2 polyclonal rabbit::6316

FIG.36

Sandwich ELISA To Detect rhEPO Associated Cross Binding Activity

SixFors – Quadruple *BMT* Knockout – Blue pools



Anti-Sera Plate Dilutions:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	1:800	1:1600	1:3200	1:6400	1:12800	1:25600	1:51200	1:102400	1:204800	1:409600	1:819200	NEG. Control
B	1:800	1:1600	1:3200	1:6400	1:12800	1:25600	1:51200	1:102400	1:204800	1:409600	1:819200	NEG. Control

FIG.37

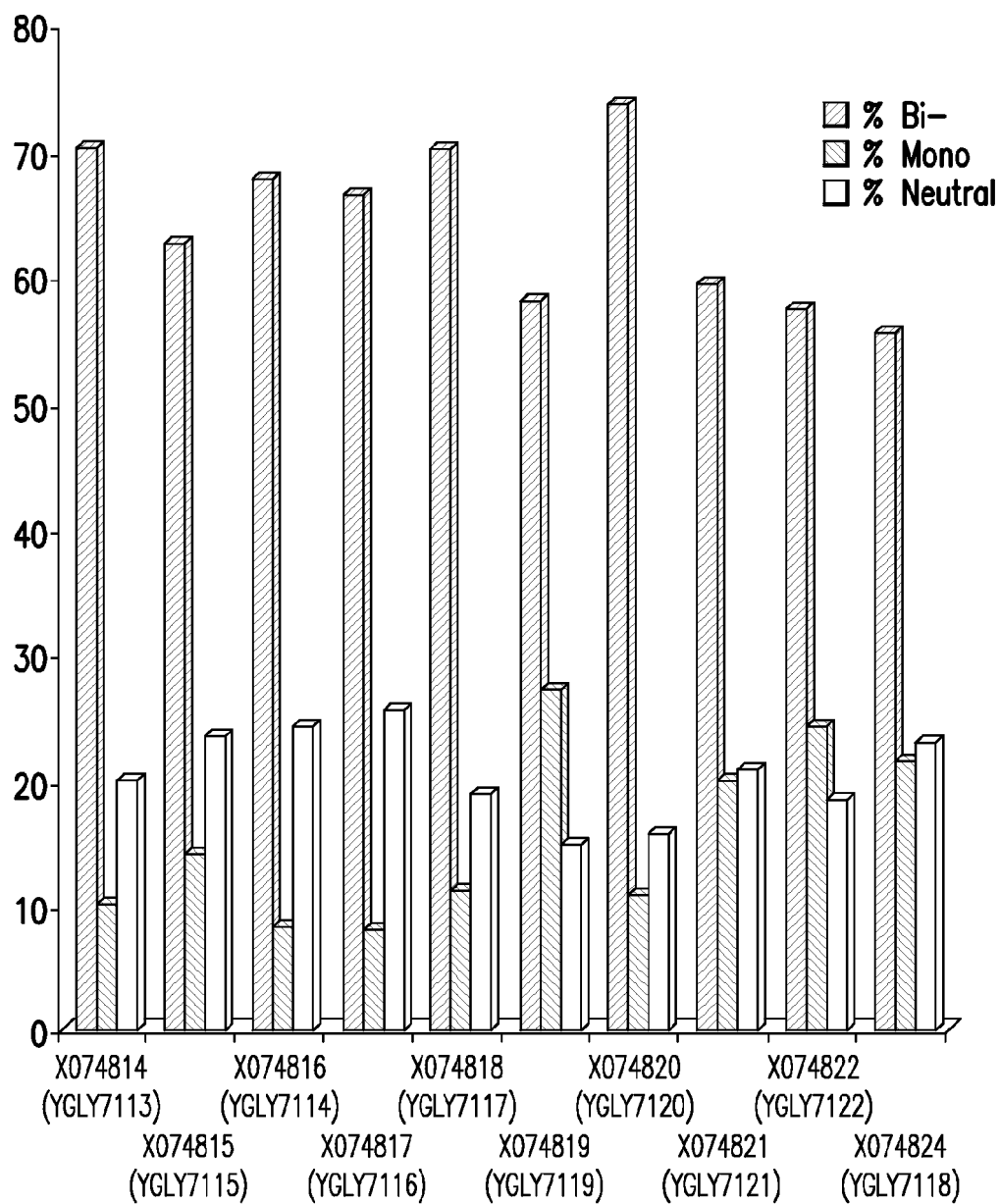
N-Glycan HPLC ResultsWeek 48 – SixFors – Quadruple *BMT* Knockout – Blue pools

FIG.38

Week 51 - Quadruple *BMT* Knockout Strains
Screening for rhEPO Blue pools and HA pool 1s

SDS - PAGE Coomassie stain

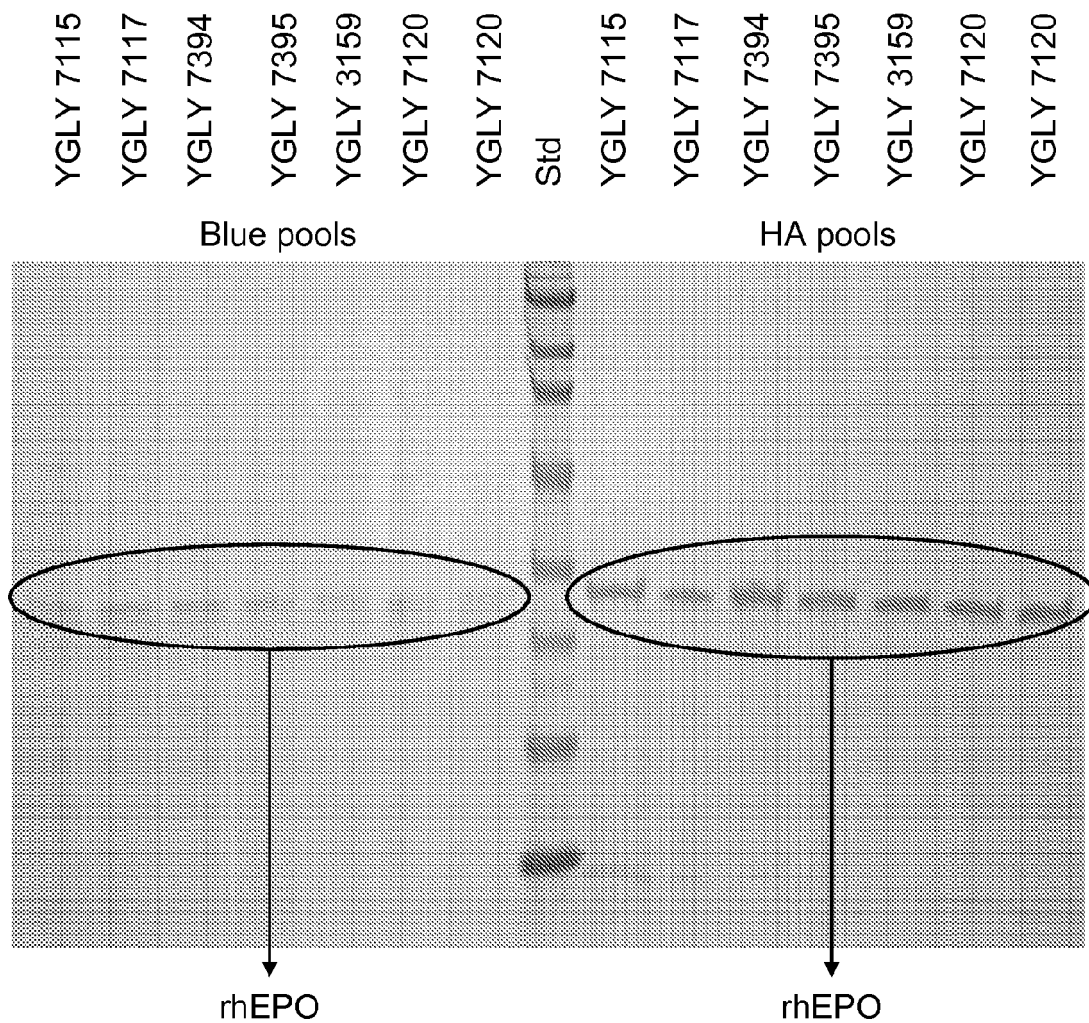


FIG.39A

Week 51 - Quadruple *BMT* Knockout Strains
Screening for rhEPO Blue pools and HA pool 1s

Western Blot - anti-HCA Ab

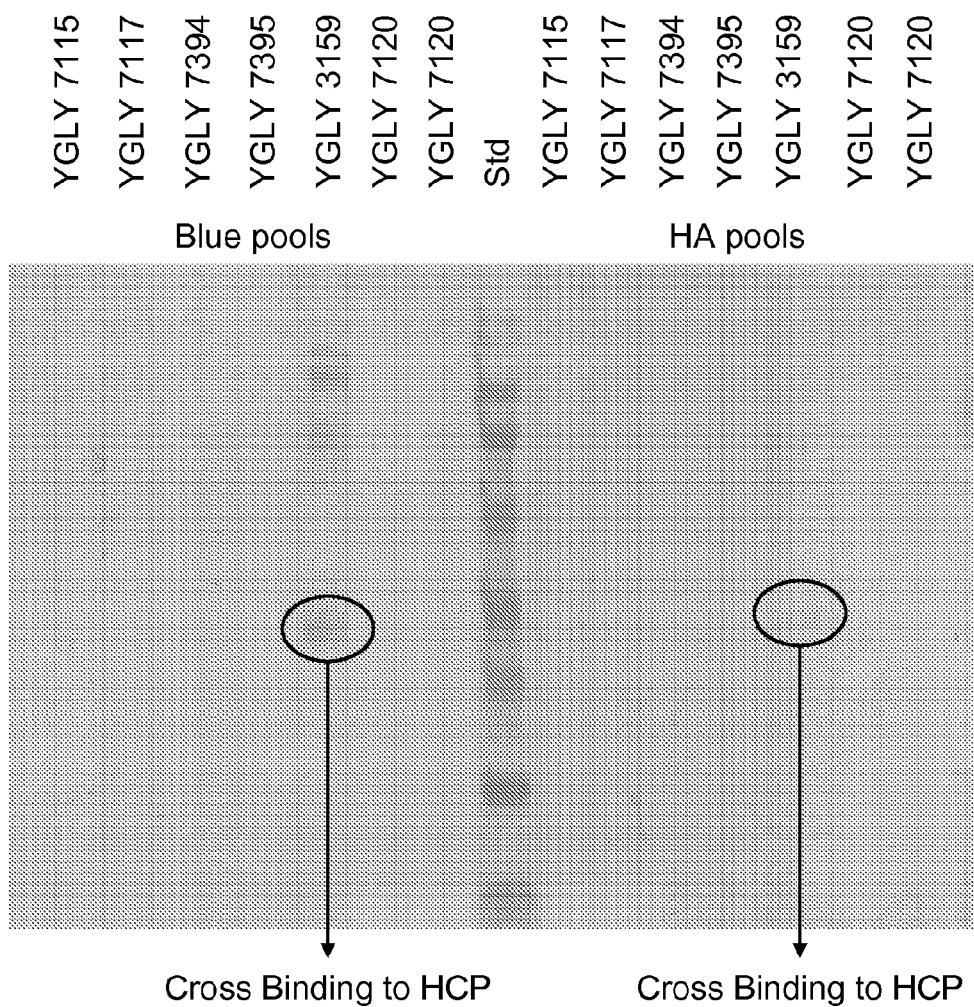
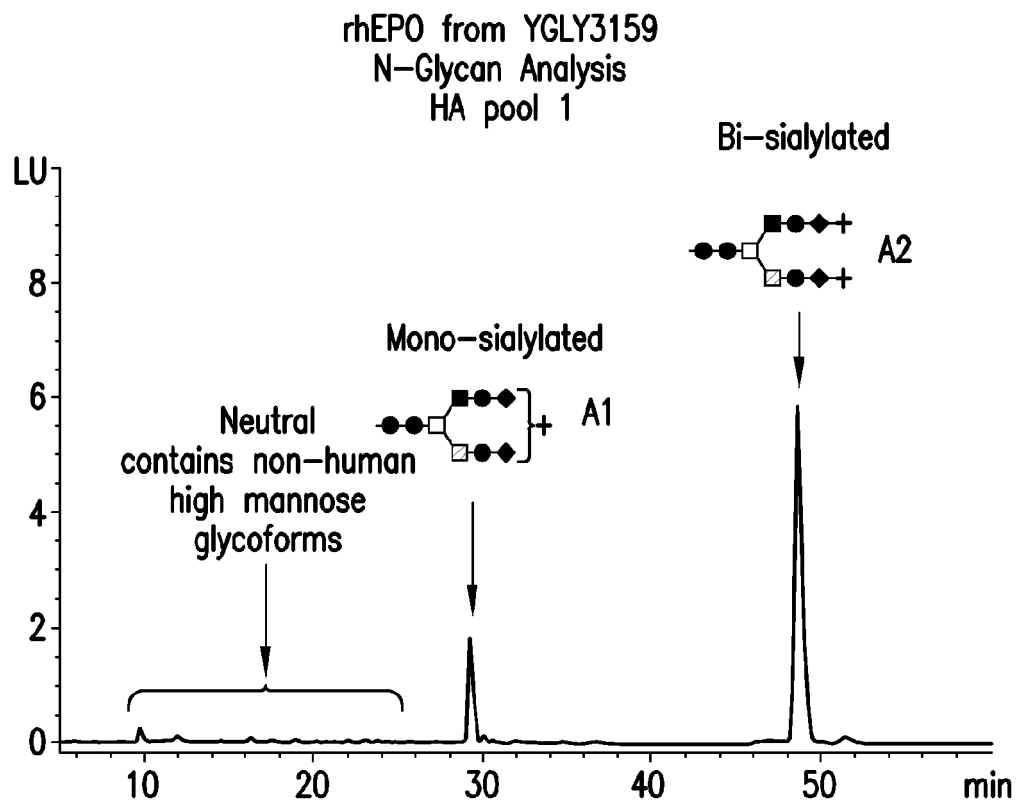
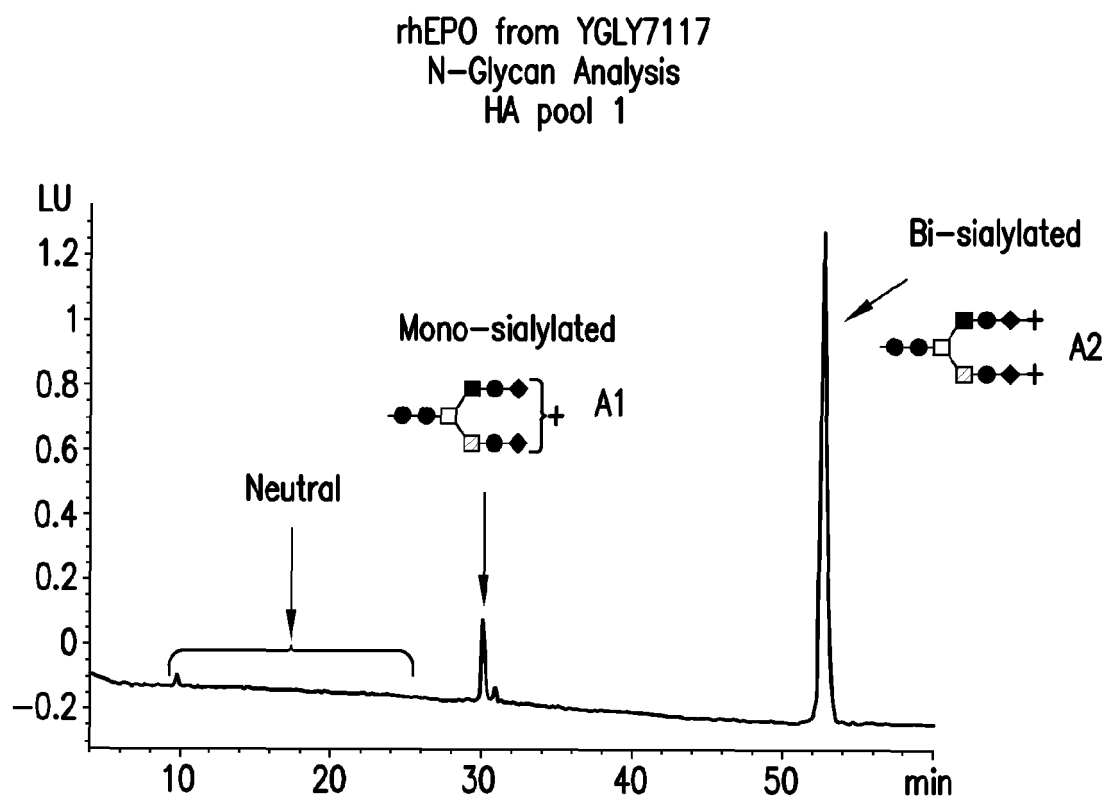


FIG.39B



Sample Name	% neutral	%A1	%A2
SA lot (YGLY3159)	5 (3% non-human high mannose glycoforms, >Man ₉ GlcNAc ₂ , α-mannosidase resistant)	17	78

FIG.40A



Sample Name	% neutral	%A1	%A2
PK/PD lot (YGLY7117)	1 (Man ₅ GlcNAc ₂) (Fungal-type β -mannose glycoforms not detected)	10	89

FIG.40B

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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