



(11) **EP 2 537 503 B9**

(12) **CORRECTED EUROPEAN PATENT SPECIFICATION**

(15) Correction information:  
**Corrected version no 1 (W1 B1)**  
**Corrections, see**  
**Description Paragraph(s) 19**

(51) Int Cl.:  
**A61H 3/04** <sup>(2006.01)</sup> **A61G 5/08** <sup>(2006.01)</sup>

(48) Corrigendum issued on:  
**21.01.2015 Bulletin 2015/04**

(45) Date of publication and mention  
of the grant of the patent:  
**05.11.2014 Bulletin 2014/45**

(21) Application number: **11171122.2**

(22) Date of filing: **23.06.2011**

---

(54) **Foldable seat for a rollator or a wheelchair**  
Klappbarer Sitz für einen Rollwagen oder Rollstuhl  
Siège pliable pour déambulateur ou fauteuil roulant

---

(84) Designated Contracting States:  
**AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB**  
**GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO**  
**PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR**

(43) Date of publication of application:  
**26.12.2012 Bulletin 2012/52**

(73) Proprietor: **Invacare International Sàrl**  
**1196 Gland (CH)**

(72) Inventors:  
• **Nilsson, Tobias**  
**34133 Ljungby (SE)**

• **van Houtem, Jos**  
**34032 Grimslov (SE)**

(74) Representative: **Ganguillet, Cyril et al**  
**ABREMA**  
**Agence Brevets & Marques Ganguillet**  
**Avenue du Théâtre 16**  
**P.O. Box 5027**  
**1002 Lausanne (CH)**

(56) References cited:  
**EP-A2- 1 060 724 US-A1- 2005 211 285**  
**US-A1- 2010 083 994**

---

Note: Within nine months of the publication of the mention of the grant of the European patent in the European Patent Bulletin, any person may give notice to the European Patent Office of opposition to that patent, in accordance with the Implementing Regulations. Notice of opposition shall not be deemed to have been filed until the opposition fee has been paid. (Art. 99(1) European Patent Convention).

---

**EP 2 537 503 B9**

## Description

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

**[0001]** The present invention relates to a foldable seat for a rollator or a wheelchair, said seat being configured so as to be locked and unlocked in at least one position, i.e. an unfolded position and/or a folded position.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

**[0002]** Conventional collapsible rollators or wheelchairs often use flexible seats made of canvas or similar non-rigid material. However, such seats do not offer the ideally required level of comfort for the user. Thus, rigid foldable seats have been developed. Such seats are generally hinged in their middle to enable the rollators or wheelchairs to be easily folded into a storage position. Therefore, these two-piece seats define at least two positions of use, an unfolded one, in which the pieces are aligned in the same plane, and a folded one, in which the pieces define an angle less than 180°, and preferably, an angle approximately equal to zero.

**[0003]** To prevent these two-piece seats from folding upwardly or downwardly from their unfolded position, it is known by the man skilled in the art to use locking means which prevents the rotation of the two elements forming the seat. It is also known by the man skilled in the art to use unlocking means so as to allow the rotation of the two elements forming the seat from a locked unfolded position. In particular, such locking and unlocking means have been disclosed in the prior art documents US 7,108,004 B2 and EP 1 244 413 B1.

**[0004]** In the document US 7,108,004 B2, the seating structure includes a right side support rotatably mounted on the right side frame of a rollator and a left side support rotatably mounted on the left side frame of said rollator. The right side and left side supports are pivotally interconnected by a first hinge extending along the top surface of the right side and left side supports, and a hinged link, in the form of a tension-rod plate, pivotally interconnecting the bottom surfaces of the right and left side supports. The tension-rod plate is comprised of a first and second solid links pivotally connected to the frame of said rollator, said links being interconnecting by a second hinge, which is positioned directly below the first hinge and parallel thereto. Force-transmitting struts extend diagonally downward from either side of the first hinge to approximate the ends of the first and second solid links. In this prior art, the locking means consists in a spring clip extending from the first solid link and one of the force-transmitting struts and the unlocking means consists in a strap, which extends through openings in the first and second solid links, the force-transmitting struts and the right and left side supports, initial force pulling up on the strap disengaging the spring clip, enabling the right and left side support to pivot towards each other. One of the drawbacks of this solution is its relative complexity. Indeed, it

implies the use of an additional tension-rod plate positioned below the seating structure itself. Another drawback is the impossibility for the user to lock the seating structure in a folded position. Finally, the presence of the strap above the top surface of the seating structure implies that the seat covers includes a shallow recess for receiving the strap to ensure the strap does not cause discomfort to anyone sitting on the seating structure. Therefore, this solution implies increased production costs. Furthermore, it implies that nobody is sitting in the rollator to unlock the seating structure.

**[0005]** In the document EP 1 244 413 B1, the seating structure of a rollator consists in a foldable or hinge joint platform which takes, in the rolling position, a stretched position in a substantially horizontal plane, halves of said platform being pivotally connected in the vertical plane of symmetry of the rollator and being each pivotally mounted to the assembly of frame tubes on a respective side of the rollator for an upward folding movement. In this prior art, the locking means consists in a substantially Z-shaped locking element, which is resiliently received in a center piece of the platform and extends with its upper flange portion forwardly over the upper end of the central piece. The locking element is provided with a locking cam, which, in the unfolded position of the seating structure, engages a rearwardly extending locking edge of a guide piece, which is positioned under the platform. In this way, the central piece and the guide piece are locked relative to one another, which excludes undesired folding of the rollator. To enable folding of the rollator, the locking element may be simply depressed downwards, as a result of which the locking cam gets disengaged from the locking edge. Like the previous document, one of the drawbacks of this solution is the impossibility for the user to lock the seating structure in a folded position. Another drawback is the risk that an unwanted unlock of the seating structure occurs when the user is sitting on the locking element. Therefore, this solution is relatively unsafe.

**[0006]** The aim of the present invention is therefore to provide a foldable seat for a rollator or a wheelchair, wherein the drawbacks mentioned of the known foldable seat is avoided.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

**[0007]** In this view, the present invention is concerned with a foldable seat as claimed in claim 1.

Important features of the device are defined in the dependent claims.

**[0008]** Thanks to the features of the invention, the plates of the seat may be easily locked or unlocked in their folded and/or unfolded position. Furthermore, in the invention, the locking/unlocking system is lodged at least partially inside the hinge pivotally connecting the plates of the seat. Therefore, the invention confers a simple and compact structure to the seat and avoids that an unwanted unlock of the plates occurs when the user is sitting on

the seat.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

**[0009]** Other features and advantages of the present invention will appear more clearly from the detailed description of one embodiment of the invention which is presented solely by way of a non-restricted example and illustrated by the attached drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a first embodiment of a foldable seat according to the present invention in an unfolded position;

Figures 2a and 2b are, respectively, perspective views of the first and second plates of the seat of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a perspective view of the locking/unlocking system of the seat of Figure 1;

Figure 4 is a top plan view, partially in cross-section along line C-C of Figure 5, of the seat of Figure 1;

Figure 5 is a front view, partially in cross-section along line B-B of Figure 4, of the seat of Figure 1;

Figure 6 is a side cross-section view along line A-A of Figure 4 of the seat of Figure 1;

Figure 7 is a perspective view of the locking element used in the locking/unlocking system of Figure 3;

Figure 8 is an underneath view of the locking element of Figure 7.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION

**[0010]** In reference to Figure 1, a foldable seat conform to the present invention is shown.

**[0011]** The seat 1 comprises a first plate 2 defining an upper plane surface 2a, said upper surface 2a having an approximately rectangular form, and a second plate 3 defining an upper plane surface 3a, said upper surface 3a being approximately symmetric to said upper surface 2a with respect to a vertical plane passing through a longitudinal axis XX', said first and second plates 2, 3 being pivotally interconnected around said longitudinal axis XX' by a hinge 10. Said first and second plates 2, 3 are also configured so as to be pivotally connectable at their lateral free ends 4, 5 to a frame of a rollator or a wheelchair. In particular, said lateral ends 4, 5 will be advantageously configured so as to receive connecting means for pivotally connecting said first and second plates 2, 3 to said frame. Said plates 2 and 3 are made of a rigid material, preferably in plastics or metal. In the position shown in Figure 1, the seat 1 is locked in its unfolded position of use, in which the plane surfaces 2a and 3a of said plates 2 and 3 are approximately aligned. In a further position of the seat, not shown, said plates 2 and 3 may be positioned in a folded position, in which their plane surfaces 2a and 3a define an angle less than 180°, and, preferably, an angle approximately equal to zero. So as to lock or unlock said plates 2 and 3 in said unfolded and/or folded

position, the seat 1 comprises a locking/unlocking system 20, illustrated in greater detail in Figure 3.

**[0012]** The hinge 10 is illustrated in greater detail in Figure 2. Said hinge 10 comprises a first cylinder 11 integral with the first plate 2, a second cylinder 12 integral with the second plate 3 and a third cylinder 13 integral with the first plate 2, said first, second and third cylinders being coaxially aligned along the longitudinal axis XX', said second cylinder 12 being disposed between said first and said third cylinders 11, 13 and being rotatably movable with respect to said first and said third cylinders 11, 13 by means of a pivot pin 14, illustrated in Figure 4 or 6, extending along said longitudinal axis XX' through axial through-bores 11c, 12c and 13c of said first, second and third cylinders respectively. In the embodiment shown, the first plate 2 projects over said first and third cylinders 11, 13 so that the proximal end 11a of said first cylinder 11 is approximately aligned with the front side 2f of said first plate 2 and the distal end 13b of said third cylinder 13 is approximately aligned with the back side 2g of said first plate 2. Furthermore, the second plate 3 projects over said second cylinder 12 so that, in the position of use of the seat 1, the proximal end 12a of said second cylinder 12 is adjacent to the distal end 11b of said first cylinder 11 and the distal end 12b of said second cylinder 12 is adjacent to the proximal end 13a of said third cylinder 13 and so that, in said position of use of the seat 1, the front side 2f, respectively the back side 2g, of said first plate 2 is approximately aligned with the front side 3f, respectively the back side 3g, of said second plate 3.

**[0013]** In a second embodiment (not shown) of the invention, the hinge 10 differs from the first embodiment shown on Figures 2a and 2b by the fact that it comprises only two cylinders, a first one 11 integral with the first plate 2 and a second one 12 integral with the second plate 3. In this embodiment, the first and second cylinders 11, 12 could advantageously be disposed so that the distal end 12b of said second cylinder 12 is approximately aligned with the back side 3g of the second plate 3 and/or so that said first and second cylinders 11, 12 have approximately the same length.

**[0014]** In a third embodiment (not shown) of the invention, the hinge could also comprise more than three cylinders. In this case, the locking/unlocking system of the seat may advantageously be lodged at least partially inside at least one cylinder of said hinge, so that the unlocking element(s) of said locking/unlocking system is positioned at the periphery of the seat and/or at the exterior of the seat.

**[0015]** In reference to Figure 3, a locking/unlocking system conform to the present invention is shown.

**[0016]** Said locking/unlocking system 20 comprises a locking element 21 and two unlocking elements, i.e. a button 24 and a strap 25. However, in a further embodiment (not shown) of the invention, said locking/unlocking system 20 may comprise only one unlocking element chosen among said button 24 and said strap 25.

**[0017]** The locking/unlocking system 20 is advantageously configured so as to be at least partially lodged inside said hinge 10, so that, in the unfolded position of use of the seat 1, the distal end 24b of said button 24 is approximately aligned with the distal end 13b of the third cylinder 13, as shown in Figure 6, or slightly recessed inside the hinge 20 at said distal end 13b of said third cylinder 13, and the strap 25 extends at least partially outside of the first cylinder 11 from its proximal end 11a, as shown in Figure 4 and 6. Thus, said unlocking elements 24 and 25 may be easily actuated by the hand of the user, either by pushing said button 24 along the axial direction XX' or by pulling said strap 25 along the axial direction XX', both actions moving the locking element 21 along the longitudinal axis XX' in the direction going from the back, or distal, side of the seat 1 to the front, or proximal, side of the seat 1. As explained in detail in the following description, this axial motion of the locking element 21 disconnects the second cylinder 12 from the first cylinder 11 and permits a relative rotational movement between said cylinders 11, 12. In addition, said configuration avoids an unwanted unlock of the seat 1, in particular in its unfolded position, due to the hidden position of the button 24 inside the hinge 10, which avoids an unwanted actuation of said button 24.

**[0018]** As shown in detail in Figures 7 and 8, the locking element 21 has an approximately cylindrical form. It comprises an axial through-bore 21c adapted to receive one end of the pivot pin 14. Said end is fixedly connected to said locking element 21 by means of a screw 32 received in corresponding threaded holes formed in said pivot pin 14 and said locking element 21. The threaded hole 30 formed in said locking element 21 leads to a first longitudinal axially-oriented groove 29 in which one end of the strap 25 is received, said end being fixedly connected to the locking element 21 by means of the same screw 32. Several indentations 31 are advantageously formed in the external cylindrical surface of the locking element 21 so as to lodge dirt or debris during use. A second longitudinal axially-oriented groove 28 is also formed in said external surface, said groove 28 being designed to mate with a projecting shape 18 formed in the internal cylindrical surface of an axial aperture 11c formed at the distal end 11b of said first cylinder 11, thus permitting a sliding axially-oriented relative motion of said locking element 21 with respect to said first cylinder 11 and rendering said locking element 21 integral in rotation with said first cylinder 11. At its distal end 21b, said locking element 21 comprises a projecting shape 23 which is designed to mate with a corresponding notch 17i or 17j, see in particular Figures 2b and 4, formed in the proximal end 12a of the second cylinder 12, thus rendering said locking element 21 integral in rotation with said second cylinder 12 and locking said seat in its unfolded position or folded position. In particular, when the seat 1 is in its locked unfolded, respectively folded, position, said projecting shape 23 abuts against the bottom of the notch 17i, respectively 17j, and the upper end 23a and lower end 23b

of said projecting shape 23 is very close to the upper side and lower side of said notch 17i, respectively the lower side and upper side of said notch 17j. In the embodiment shown, said notches 17i and 17j are separated by the axial through-bore 12c of the second cylinder 12 and are approximately symmetrical with regard to the longitudinal axis of said second cylinder 12, corresponding to the longitudinal axis XX' in the position of use of the seat. In this configuration, the plane surfaces 2a and 3a of said first plates 2 and 3 define an angle approximately equal to zero when the seat 1 is in its locked folded position. However, in a further embodiment (not shown) of the invention, said plane surfaces 2a and 3a may define an angle higher to zero, but less than 180°, in the locked folded position of the seat when said notch 27j is not symmetrical to said notch 27i with regard to the longitudinal axis of said second cylinder 12. In addition, in the embodiment shown, said notch 27j is deeper than said notch 27i. In this configuration, the distal end 24b of the button 24 will be positioned, in the locked folded position of the seat, slightly outside of the hinge 20 at the distal end 13b of the third cylinder 13 so as to ease the accessibility to said button 24. However, in further embodiments (not shown) of the invention, said notch 27j may have the same depth as said notch 27i, or may be less deep than said notch 27i, or, finally, only one notch 27i or 27j is formed in the proximal end 12a of the second cylinder 12. In this last configuration, the seat 1 could only be locked in one position, i.e. an unfolded one or a folded one. In a further embodiment (not shown) of the invention, said notch 27i and/or 27j may be formed in the distal end 21b of the locking element 21 and the corresponding projecting shape 23 may be formed in the proximal end 12a of the second cylinder 12. In a preferred configuration of said embodiment, the positions of said projecting shape 23 and said notch 27i and/or 27j may be symmetrical to their positions in the embodiment illustrated in Figures 1 to 8 with regard to a plane perpendicular to the longitudinal axis XX'.

**[0019]** As shown in detail in Figures 4 to 6, the locking element 21 is lodged at least partially inside an axial aperture 11c formed at the distal end 11b of the first cylinder 11, said distal end 11b being adjacent to the proximal end 12a of the second cylinder 12. In the configuration shown, said axial aperture 11c corresponds to an axial through-bore of said first cylinder 11, said axial through-bore being closed at the proximal end 11a of said first cylinder 11 by a lid 26 fixedly connected to said first cylinder 11. Said locking element 21 is urged against the proximal end 12a of the second cylinder 12 by a spring means 22. In the configuration shown, the spring means consists in a compression spring 22 lodged inside said axial aperture 11c, the ends of said spring 22 abutting against the proximal end 21a of said locking element 21 and the internal side of said lid 26. As shown in Figure 3, said lid 26 includes a slot 27 through which the strap 26 may extend. So as to fixedly connect the button 24 to the pivot pin 14, the distal end 14b of said pivot pin 14

may be advantageously screwed inside a threaded hole formed in the proximal end 24a of said button 24. In the configuration shown in Figure 6, said button 24 is received inside an axial aperture 16 formed at the distal end of an intermediate cylinder 15 lodged inside the hinge 10 and extending partially through an axial through-bore 13c of the third cylinder 13 and an axial through-bore 12c of the second cylinder 12, said axial through-bore 12c having a narrower proximal end 12c1 adapted to receive the pivot pin 14. The bottom of said aperture 16 forms a stop against which said button 14 abuts, thus limiting the axial motion of the locking element 21 and avoiding that the projecting shape 18 is positioned outside of the groove 28. In a further embodiment (not shown) of the invention, said button 24 may also be received inside an axial aperture formed at a distal end 13b of said third cylinder 13, the bottom of said aperture forming also a stop against which said button 14 abuts.

**[0020]** The above detailed configuration of the first embodiment of the invention illustrated in Figures 1 to 8 could easily be adapted to the above mentioned second and third embodiments of the invention. In particular, the configuration illustrated in Figure 6 could easily be adapted to the second embodiment by cancelling the separation between the second and the third cylinders and by designating this combined cylinder as the second cylinder 12. In the same way, the configuration in Figure 6 could easily be adapted to the third embodiment by adding further separations in the second and/or third cylinders and by designating the cylinder inside which is lodged the button as the third cylinder and the cylinder inside which is formed the notches as the second cylinder.

## Claims

1. Foldable seat (1) for a rollator or a wheelchair, said seat comprising:

- a first rigid plate (2) and a second rigid plate (3), said plates being adjacently connected along a longitudinal axis (XX') so as to be rotatably moveable around said longitudinal axis (XX') between an unfolded position, in which their plane surfaces (2a, 3a) are approximately aligned, and a folded position, in which their plane surfaces (2a, 3a) define an angle less than 180°, and preferably, an angle approximately equal to zero, said plates (2, 3) being also configured so as to be pivotally connectable to a frame of a rollator or a wheelchair, and
- a hinge (10) pivotally connecting said first plate (2) to said second plate (3), wherein said hinge (10) comprises at least a first cylinder (11) integral with said first plate (2), said first plate (2) projecting over said first cylinder (11), at least a second cylinder (12) integral with said second

plate (3), said second plate (3) projecting over said second cylinder (12), and a pivot pin (14) extending through axial through-bores and/or apertures (11c, 12c) of said first and second cylinders (11, 12), said pin (14) defining said longitudinal axis (XX'),

**characterized in that** said seat (1) further comprises a locking/unlocking system (20) configured to be actuated by hand by the user so as to lock, respectively unlock, said first and second plates (2, 3) into, respectively from, said unfolded position and/or said folded position, said locking/unlocking system (20) being at least partially lodged inside said first and/or said second cylinder (11, 12).

2. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 1, wherein said locking/unlocking system (20) comprises:

- a locking element (21) integral in rotation with the first cylinder (11) and lodged at least partially inside an axial aperture (11c) formed at a distal end (11b) of said first cylinder (11), said distal end (11b) being adjacent to a proximal end (12a) of said second cylinder (12), said locking element (21) being urged by a spring means (22) against said proximal end (12a) and comprising a projecting shape (23) which is designed to mate with a corresponding notch (17i, 17j) formed in said proximal end (12a), and
- an unlocking element (24, 25) configured to be actuated by hand by the user so as to move said locking element (21) away from said proximal end (12a) till said projecting shape (23) is positioned outside of said corresponding notch (17i, 17j).

3. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 2, wherein at least two notches (17i, 17j) are formed in the proximal end (12a) of the second cylinder (12), a first one (17i) being configured so as to receive said projecting shape (23) when said first and second plates (2, 3) are positioned in their unfolded position and a second one (17j) being configured so as to receive said projecting shape (23) when said first and second plates (2, 3) are positioned in their folded position.

4. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 3, wherein said first and second notches (17i, 17j) are approximately symmetrical with regard to the longitudinal axis (XX').

5. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 4, wherein said first and second notches (17i, 17j) are separated by an axial through-bore (12c) of the second cylinder (12).

6. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 1, wherein said locking/unlocking system (20) comprises:

- a locking element (21) integral in rotation with the first cylinder (11) and lodged at least partially inside an axial aperture (11c) formed at a distal end (11b) of said first cylinder (11), said distal end (11b) being adjacent to a proximal end (12a) of said second cylinder (12), said locking element (21) being urged by a spring means (22) against said proximal end (12a) and comprising at least one notch which is designed to mate with a corresponding projecting shape formed in said proximal end (12a), and
- an unlocking element (24, 25) configured to be actuated by hand by the user so as to move said locking element (21) away from said proximal end (12a) till said corresponding projecting shape is positioned outside of said notch.
7. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 6, wherein at least two notches are formed in the locking element (21), a first one being configured so as to receive said projecting shape of said second cylinder (12) when said first and second plates (2, 3) are positioned in their unfolded position and a second one being configured so as to receive said projecting shape when said first and second plates (2, 3) are positioned in their folded position.
  8. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 7, wherein said first and second notches are approximately symmetrical with regard to the longitudinal axis (XX').
  9. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 8, wherein said first and second notches are separated by an axial through-bore of the locking element (21), said through-bore being configured to receive one end of the pivot pin (14).
  10. Foldable seat (1) according to any one of the claims 2 to 9, wherein said unlocking element comprises a button (24) fixedly connected to one end of said pivot pin (14), the other end of said pivot pin (14) being fixedly connected to said locking element (21), so that, when the user pushes the button (24) along the axial direction (XX'), said locking element (21) is moved away from the proximal end (12a) of the second cylinder (12).
  11. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 10, wherein said button (24) is received inside an axial aperture (12c) formed at a distal end (12b) of the second cylinder (12), said button (24) being configured so that a distal end (24b) of said button (24) is approximately aligned with said distal end (12b) of said second cylinder (12) when said first and second plates (2, 3) are locked in their unfolded or folded position.
  12. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 10, wherein said button (24) is received inside an axial aperture (13c) formed at a distal end (13b) of a third cylinder (13) integral with said first plate (2), said first plate (2) projecting over said third cylinder (13), said third cylinder (13) being axially aligned with said first and said second cylinders (11, 12) and said second cylinder (12) being disposed between said first and said third cylinders (11, 13), said button (24) being configured so that a distal end (24b) of said button (24) is approximately aligned with said distal end (13b) of said third cylinder (13) when said first and second plates (2, 3) are locked in their unfolded or folded position.
  13. Foldable seat (1) according to any one of the claims 2 to 9, wherein said unlocking element comprises a strap (25) fixedly connected at one of its end to said locking element (21) and extended at least partially outside of the first cylinder (11) from a proximal end (11a) of said first cylinder (11), so that, when the user pulls said strap (25) along the axial direction (XX'), the locking element (21) is moved away from the proximal end (12a) of the second cylinder (12).
  14. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 13, wherein said strap (25) extends through a slot (27) formed in a lid (26) fixedly connected at the proximal end (11a) of said first cylinder (11), said lid (26) closing the axial aperture (11c) of said first cylinder (11) inside which the locking element (21) is at least partially lodged.
  15. Foldable seat (1) according to claim 14, wherein the spring means consists in a compression spring (22) lodged inside said axial aperture (11c) of said first cylinder (11), the ends of said spring (22) abutting against said locking element (21) and said lid (26) respectively.
  16. Foldable rollator or wheelchair comprising a foldable seat (1) according to any one of the claims 1 to 15.

## Patentansprüche

1. Klappsitz (1) für einen Rollator oder Rollstuhl, wobei der Sitz Folgendes umfasst:

- eine erste starre Platte (2) und eine zweite starre Platte (3), die benachbart entlang einer Längsachse (XX') verbunden sind, so dass sie drehbar um die Längsachse (XX') zwischen einer auseinandergeklappten Position, in der ihre ebenen Flächen (2a, 3a) ungefähr fluchten, und einer zusammengeklappten Position, in der ihre ebenen Flächen (2a, 3a) einen Winkel von weniger als 180° und vorzugsweise einen Winkel von ungefähr gleich Null definieren, beweglich sind, wobei die Platten (2, 3) auch dazu konfiguriert sind, dass sie schwenkbar mit einem

Rahmen eines Rollators oder eines Rollstuhls verbunden werden können, und

- ein Scharnier (10), das die erste Platte (2) schwenkbar mit der zweiten Platte (3) verbindet,

wobei das Scharnier (10) mindestens einen mit der ersten Platte (2) integralen ersten Zylinder (11), wobei die erste Platte (2) über den ersten Zylinder (11) vorragt, mindestens einen mit der zweiten Platte (3) integralen zweiten Zylinder (12), wobei die zweite Platte (3) über den zweiten Zylinder (12) vorragt, und einen Schwenkstift (14) umfasst, der sich durch axiale Durchgangsbohrungen und/oder -öffnungen (11c, 12c) des ersten und zweiten Zylinders (11, 12) erstreckt und die Längsachse (XX') definiert, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der Sitz (1) ferner ein Verriegelungs-/Entriegelungssystem (20) umfasst, das dazu konfiguriert ist, vom Benutzer von Hand betätigt zu werden, um die erste und zweite Platte (2, 3) in der auseinandergeklappten Position und/oder aus der zusammengeklappten Position zu verriegeln bzw. zu entriegeln, wobei das Verriegelungs-/Entriegelungssystem (20) mindestens teilweise im ersten und/oder zweiten Zylinder (11, 12) angeordnet ist.

2. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 1, wobei das Verriegelungs-/Entriegelungssystem (20) Folgendes umfasst:

- ein Verriegelungselement (21), das drehungsmäßig mit dem ersten Zylinder (11) integral und mindestens teilweise in einer an einem distalen Ende (11b) des ersten Zylinders (11) gebildeten axialen Öffnung (11c) angeordnet ist, wobei das distale Ende (11b) einem proximalen Ende (12a) des zweiten Zylinders (12) benachbart ist, wobei das Verriegelungselement (21) durch ein Federmittel (22) gegen das proximale Ende (12a) gedrängt wird und eine vorragende Form (23) umfasst, die dazu ausgelegt ist, mit einer entsprechenden im proximalen Ende (12a) gebildeten Kerbe (17i, 17j) zusammenzupassen, und
- ein Entriegelungselement (24, 25), das dazu konfiguriert ist, vom Benutzer von Hand betätigt zu werden, um das Verriegelungselement (21) vom proximalen Ende (12a) wegzubewegen, bis die vorragende Form (23) außerhalb der entsprechenden Kerbe (17i, 17j) positioniert ist.

3. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 2, wobei mindestens zwei Kerben (17i, 17j) im proximalen Ende (12a) des zweiten Zylinders (12) gebildet sind, wobei eine erste (17i) dazu konfiguriert ist, die vorragende Form (23) aufzunehmen, wenn die erste und die zweite Platte (2, 3) in ihrer auseinandergeklappten Position positioniert sind, und eine zweite (17j) dazu konfiguriert

ist, die vorragende Form (23) aufzunehmen, wenn die erste und die zweite Platte (2, 3) in ihrer zusammengeklappten Position positioniert sind.

4. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 3, wobei die erste und die zweite Kerbe (17i, 17j) zu der Längsachse (XX') ungefähr symmetrisch sind.

5. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 4, wobei die erste und die zweite Kerbe (17i, 17j) durch eine axiale Durchgangsbohrung (12c) des zweiten Zylinders (12) getrennt sind.

6. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 1, wobei das Verriegelungs-/Entriegelungssystem (20) Folgendes umfasst:

- ein Verriegelungselement (21), das drehungsmäßig mit dem ersten Zylinder (11) integral und mindestens teilweise in einer an einem distalen Ende (11b) des ersten Zylinders (11) gebildeten axialen Öffnung (11c) angeordnet ist, wobei das distale Ende (11b) einem proximalen Ende (12a) des zweiten Zylinders (12) benachbart ist, wobei das Verriegelungselement (21) durch ein Federmittel (22) gegen das proximale Ende (12a) gedrängt wird und mindestens eine Kerbe umfasst, die dazu ausgelegt ist, mit einer entsprechenden im proximalen Ende (12a) gebildeten vorragenden Form zusammenzupassen, und

- ein Entriegelungselement (24, 25), das dazu konfiguriert ist, vom Benutzer von Hand betätigt zu werden, um das Verriegelungselement (21) vom proximalen Ende (12a) wegzubewegen, bis die entsprechende vorragende Form außerhalb der Kerbe positioniert ist.

7. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 6, wobei mindestens zwei Kerben im Verriegelungselement (21) ausgebildet sind, wobei eine erste dazu konfiguriert ist, die vorragende Form des zweiten Zylinders (12) aufzunehmen, wenn die erste und die zweite Platte (2, 3) in ihrer auseinandergeklappten Position positioniert sind, und eine zweite dazu konfiguriert ist, die vorragende Form aufzunehmen, wenn die erste und die zweite Platte (2, 3) in ihrer zusammengeklappten Position positioniert sind.

8. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 7, wobei die erste und die zweite Kerbe zu der Längsachse (XX') ungefähr symmetrisch sind.

9. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 8, wobei die erste und die zweite Kerbe durch eine axiale Durchgangsbohrung des Verriegelungselements (21) getrennt sind, wobei die Durchgangsbohrung dazu konfiguriert ist, ein Ende des Schwenkstifts (14) aufzunehmen.

10. Klappsitz (1) nach einem der Ansprüche 2 bis 9, wobei das Entriegelungselement einen Knopf (24) umfasst, der fest mit einem Ende des Schwenkstifts (14) verbunden ist, wobei das andere Ende des Schwenkstifts (14) fest mit dem Verriegelungselement (21) verbunden ist, so dass das Verriegelungselement (21) vom proximalen Ende (12a) des zweiten Zylinders (12) wegbewegt wird, wenn der Benutzer den Knopf (24) entlang der Axialrichtung (XX') schiebt.

11. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 10, wobei der Knopf (24) in einer an einem distalen Ende (12b) des zweiten Zylinders (12) gebildeten axialen Öffnung (12c) aufgenommen ist und so konfiguriert ist, dass ein distales Ende (24b) des Knopfs (24) mit dem distalen Ende (12b) des zweiten Zylinders (12) ungefähr fluchtet, wenn die erste und die zweite Platte (2, 3) in ihrer auseinandergeklappten oder zusammengeklappten Position verriegelt sind.

12. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 10, wobei der Knopf (24) in einer an einem distalen Ende (13b) eines mit der ersten Platte (2) integralen dritten Zylinders (13) gebildeten axialen Öffnung (13c) aufgenommen ist, wobei die erste Platte (2) über den dritten Zylinder (13) vorragt, der dritte Zylinder (13) axial mit dem ersten und dem zweiten Zylinder (11, 12) fluchtet und der zweite Zylinder (12) zwischen dem ersten und dem dritten Zylinder (11, 13) angeordnet ist, wobei der Knopf (24) so konfiguriert ist, dass ein distales Ende (24b) des Knopfs (24) mit dem distalen Ende (13b) des dritten Zylinders (13) ungefähr fluchtet, wenn die erste und die zweite Platte (2, 3) in ihrer auseinandergeklappten oder zusammengeklappten Position verriegelt sind.

13. Klappsitz (1) nach einem der Ansprüche 2 bis 9, wobei das Entriegelungselement einen Gurt (25) umfasst, der an einem seiner Enden fest mit dem Verriegelungselement (21) verbunden ist und sich mindestens teilweise aus dem ersten Zylinder (11) aus einem proximalen Ende (11a) des ersten Zylinders (11) heraus erstreckt, so dass das Verriegelungselement (21) vom proximalen Ende (12a) des zweiten Zylinders (12) wegbewegt wird, wenn der Benutzer entlang der Axialrichtung (XX') am Gurt (25) zieht.

14. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 13, wobei sich der Gurt (25) durch einen in einem Deckel (26) gebildeten Schlitz (27) erstreckt, wobei der Deckel (26) fest am proximalen Ende (11a) des ersten Zylinders (11) verbunden ist und die axiale Öffnung (11c) des ersten Zylinders (11) verschließt, in der das Verriegelungselement (21) mindestens teilweise angeordnet ist.

15. Klappsitz (1) nach Anspruch 14, wobei das Federmittel aus einer Druckfeder (22) besteht, die in der

axialen Öffnung (11c) des ersten Zylinders (11) angeordnet ist, wobei die Enden der Feder (22) am Verriegelungselement (21) bzw. am Deckel (26) anschlagen.

16. Klapprollator oder Klapprollstuhl, umfassend einen Klappsitz (1) nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 15.

## 10 Revendications

1. Siège pliable (1) pour un déambulateur ou un fauteuil roulant, ledit siège comprenant :

- une première plaque rigide (2) et une deuxième plaque rigide (3), lesdites plaques étant raccordées, de sorte qu'elles se trouvent en position adjacente, le long d'un axe longitudinal (XX') de manière à être mobiles par rotation autour dudit axe longitudinal (XX') entre une position dépliée, dans laquelle leurs surfaces en plan (2a, 3a) sont approximativement alignées, et une position pliée, dans laquelle leurs surfaces en plan (2a, 3a) définissent un angle inférieur à 180° et, de préférence, un angle approximativement égal à zéro, lesdites plaques (2, 3) étant également configurées de façon à pouvoir être raccordées à pivotement à un châssis d'un déambulateur ou d'un fauteuil roulant, et

- une charnière (10) raccordant à pivotement ladite première plaque (2) à ladite deuxième plaque (3), ladite charnière (10) comprenant au moins un premier cylindre (11) faisant partie intégrante de ladite première plaque (2), ladite première plaque (2) faisant saillie au-dessus dudit premier cylindre (11), au moins un deuxième cylindre (12) faisant partie intégrante de ladite deuxième plaque (3), ladite deuxième plaque (3) faisant saillie au-dessus dudit deuxième cylindre (12), et un axe formant pivot (14) s'étendant à travers des trous traversants et/ou des orifices axiaux (11c, 12c) desdits premier et deuxième cylindres (11, 12), ledit axe (14) définissant ledit axe longitudinal (XX'),

**caractérisé en ce que** ledit siège (1) comprend en outre un système de verrouillage/déverrouillage (20) configuré pour être actionné manuellement par l'utilisateur de façon à verrouiller ou déverrouiller, respectivement, lesdites première et deuxième plaques (2, 3) de sorte qu'elles adoptent ladite position dépliée et/ou ladite position pliée, ou la/les quittent, respectivement, ledit système de verrouillage/déverrouillage (20) étant au moins partiellement logé à l'intérieur dudit premier et/ou dudit deuxième cylindres (11, 12).

2. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 1, dans le-



quel ledit système de verrouillage/déverrouillage (20) comprend :

- un élément de verrouillage (21) solidaire en rotation du premier cylindre (11) et logé au moins partiellement à l'intérieur d'un orifice axial (11c) formé au niveau d'une extrémité distale (11b) dudit premier cylindre (11), ladite extrémité distale (11b) étant adjacente à une extrémité proximale (12a) dudit deuxième cylindre (12), ledit élément de verrouillage (21) étant poussé par un moyen formant ressort (22) contre ladite extrémité proximale (12a) et présentant une forme saillante (23) qui est conçue pour s'accoupler avec une encoche correspondante (17i, 17j) formée dans ladite extrémité proximale (12a), et
  - un élément de déverrouillage (24, 25) configuré pour être actionné manuellement par l'utilisateur de façon à déplacer ledit élément de verrouillage (21) afin de l'éloigner de ladite extrémité proximale (12a) jusqu'à ce que ladite forme saillante (23) soit positionnée en dehors de ladite encoche correspondante (17i, 17j).
3. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 2, dans lequel au moins deux encoches (17i, 17j) sont formées dans l'extrémité proximale (12a) du deuxième cylindre (12), une première (17i) étant configurée de façon à recevoir ladite forme saillante (23) lorsque lesdites première et deuxième plaques (2, 3) se trouvent dans leur position dépliée et une deuxième (17j) étant configurée de façon à recevoir ladite forme saillante (23) lorsque lesdites première et deuxième plaques (2, 3) se trouvent dans leur position pliée.
  4. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 3, dans lequel lesdites première et deuxième encoches (17i, 17j) sont approximativement symétriques par rapport à l'axe longitudinal (XX').
  5. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 4, dans lequel lesdites première et deuxième encoches (17i, 17j) sont séparées par un trou traversant axial (12c) du deuxième cylindre (12).
  6. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 1, dans lequel ledit système de verrouillage/déverrouillage (20) comprend :
    - un élément de verrouillage (21) solidaire en rotation du premier cylindre (11) et logé au moins partiellement à l'intérieur d'un orifice axial (11c) formé au niveau d'une extrémité distale (11b) dudit premier cylindre (11), ladite extrémité distale (11b) étant adjacente à une extrémité proximale (12a) dudit deuxième cylindre (12), ledit élément de verrouillage (21) étant poussé par un moyen formant ressort (22) contre ladite

extrémité proximale (12a) et comportant au moins une encoche qui est conçue pour s'accoupler avec une forme saillante correspondante formée dans ladite extrémité proximale (12a), et

- un élément de déverrouillage (24, 25) configuré pour être actionné manuellement par l'utilisateur de façon à déplacer ledit élément de verrouillage (21) afin de l'éloigner de ladite extrémité proximale (12a) jusqu'à ce que ladite forme saillante correspondante soit positionnée en dehors de ladite encoche.

7. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 6, dans lequel au moins deux encoches sont formées dans l'élément de verrouillage (21), une première étant configurée de façon à recevoir ladite forme saillante dudit deuxième cylindre (12) lorsque lesdites première et deuxième plaques (2, 3) se trouvent dans leur position dépliée et une deuxième étant configurée de façon à recevoir ladite forme saillante lorsque lesdites première et deuxième plaques (2, 3) se trouvent dans leur position pliée.
8. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 7, dans lequel lesdites première et deuxième encoches sont approximativement symétriques par rapport à l'axe longitudinal (XX').
9. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 8, dans lequel lesdites première et deuxième encoches sont séparées par un trou traversant axial de l'élément de verrouillage (21), ledit trou traversant étant configuré de façon à recevoir une extrémité de l'axe formant pivot (14).
10. Siège pliable (1) selon l'une quelconque des revendications 2 à 9, dans lequel ledit élément de déverrouillage comprend un bouton (24) raccordé de manière fixe à une extrémité dudit axe formant pivot (14), l'autre extrémité dudit axe formant pivot (14) étant raccordée de manière fixe audit élément de verrouillage (21), de telle sorte que, lorsque l'utilisateur pousse le bouton (24) le long de la direction axiale (XX'), ledit élément de verrouillage (21) est déplacé afin de l'éloigner de l'extrémité proximale (12a) du deuxième cylindre (12).
11. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 10, dans lequel ledit bouton (24) est reçu à l'intérieur d'un orifice axial (12c) formé au niveau d'une extrémité distale (12b) du deuxième cylindre (12), ledit bouton (24) étant configuré de telle sorte qu'une extrémité distale (24b) dudit bouton (24) soit approximativement alignée avec ladite extrémité distale (12b) dudit deuxième cylindre (12) lorsque lesdites première et deuxième plaques (2, 3) sont verrouillées dans leur position dépliée ou pliée.

12. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 10, dans lequel ledit bouton (24) est reçu à l'intérieur d'un orifice axial (13c) formé au niveau d'une extrémité distale (13b) d'un troisième cylindre (13) faisant partie intégrante de ladite première plaque (2), ladite première plaque (2) faisant saillie au-dessus dudit troisième cylindre (13), ledit troisième cylindre (13) étant aligné axialement avec ledit premier et ledit deuxième cylindre (11, 12) et ledit deuxième cylindre (12) étant disposé entre ledit premier et ledit troisième cylindre (11, 13), ledit bouton (24) étant configuré de telle sorte qu'une extrémité distale (24b) dudit bouton (24) soit approximativement alignée avec ladite extrémité distale (13b) dudit troisième cylindre (13) lorsque lesdites première et deuxième plaques (2, 3) sont verrouillées dans leur position dépliée ou pliée.
13. Siège pliable (1) selon l'une quelconque des revendications 2 à 9, dans lequel ledit élément de déverrouillage comprend une lanière (25) raccordée de manière fixe au niveau de l'une de ses extrémités audit élément de verrouillage (21) et s'étendant au moins partiellement en dehors du premier cylindre (11) à partir d'une extrémité proximale (11a) dudit premier cylindre (11), de telle sorte que, lorsque l'utilisateur tire ladite lanière (25) le long de la direction axiale (XX'), l'élément de verrouillage (21) est déplacé afin de l'éloigner de l'extrémité proximale (12a) du deuxième cylindre (12).
14. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 13, dans lequel ladite lanière (25) s'étend à travers une fente (27) formée dans un couvercle (26) raccordé de manière fixe à l'extrémité proximale (11a) dudit premier cylindre (11), ledit couvercle (26) fermant l'orifice axial (11c) dudit premier cylindre (11) à l'intérieur duquel est au moins partiellement logé l'élément de verrouillage (21).
15. Siège pliable (1) selon la revendication 14, dans lequel le moyen formant ressort est constitué d'un ressort de compression (22) logé à l'intérieur dudit orifice axial (11c) dudit premier cylindre (11), les extrémités dudit ressort (22) étant en appui respectivement contre ledit élément de verrouillage (21) et ledit couvercle (26).
16. Déambulateur ou fauteuil roulant pliable comprenant un siège pliable (1) selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 15.

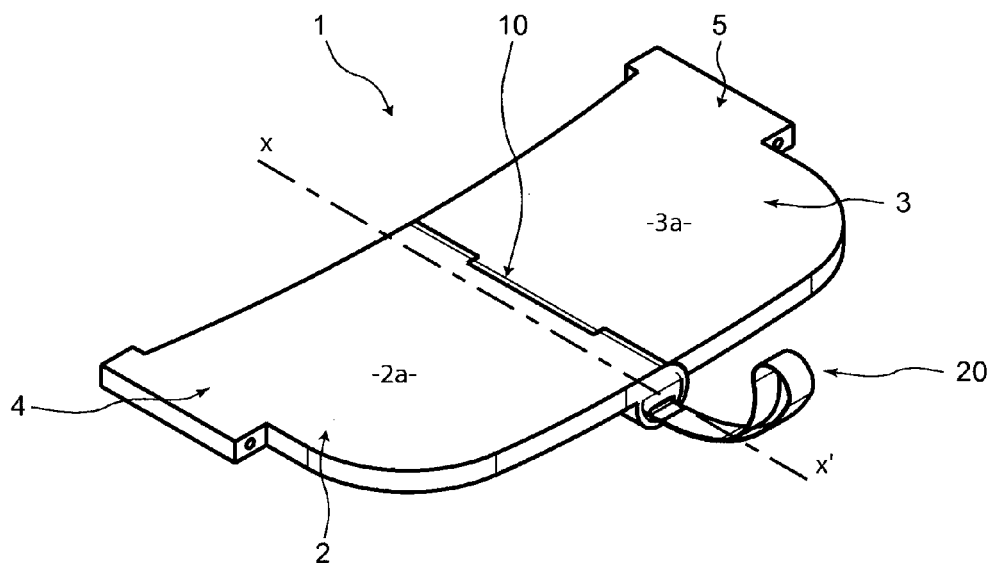


Fig. 1

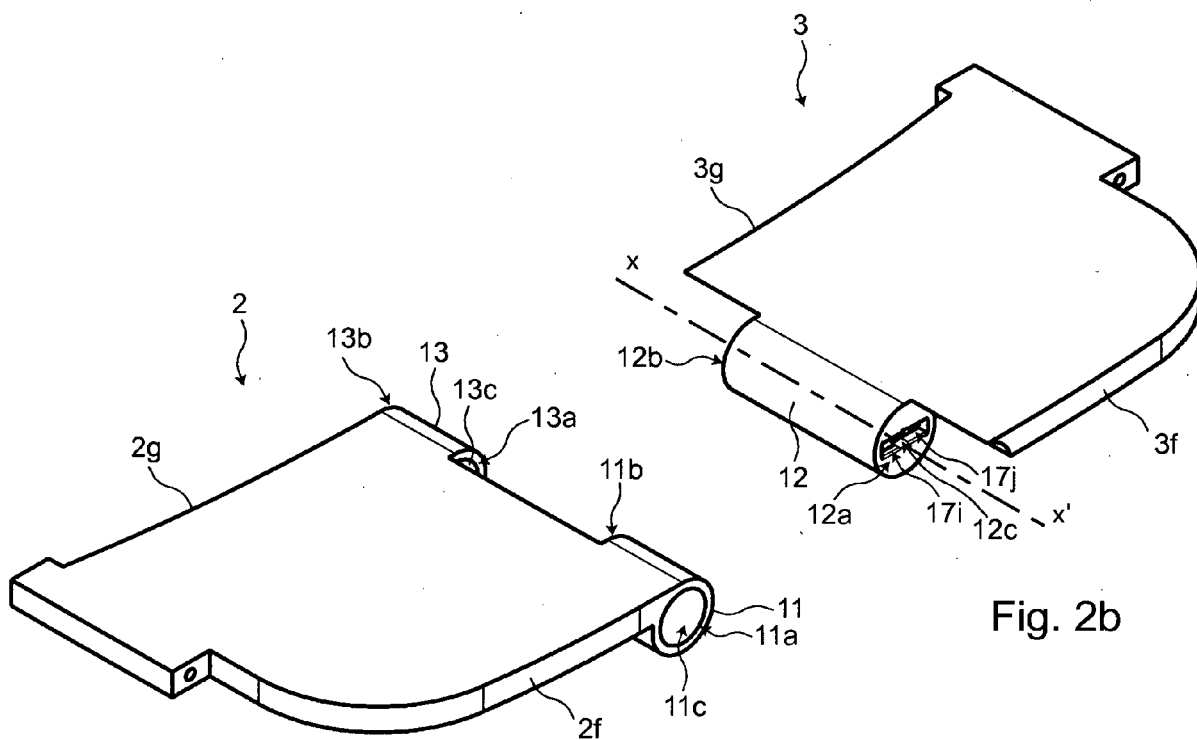


Fig. 2b

Fig. 2a

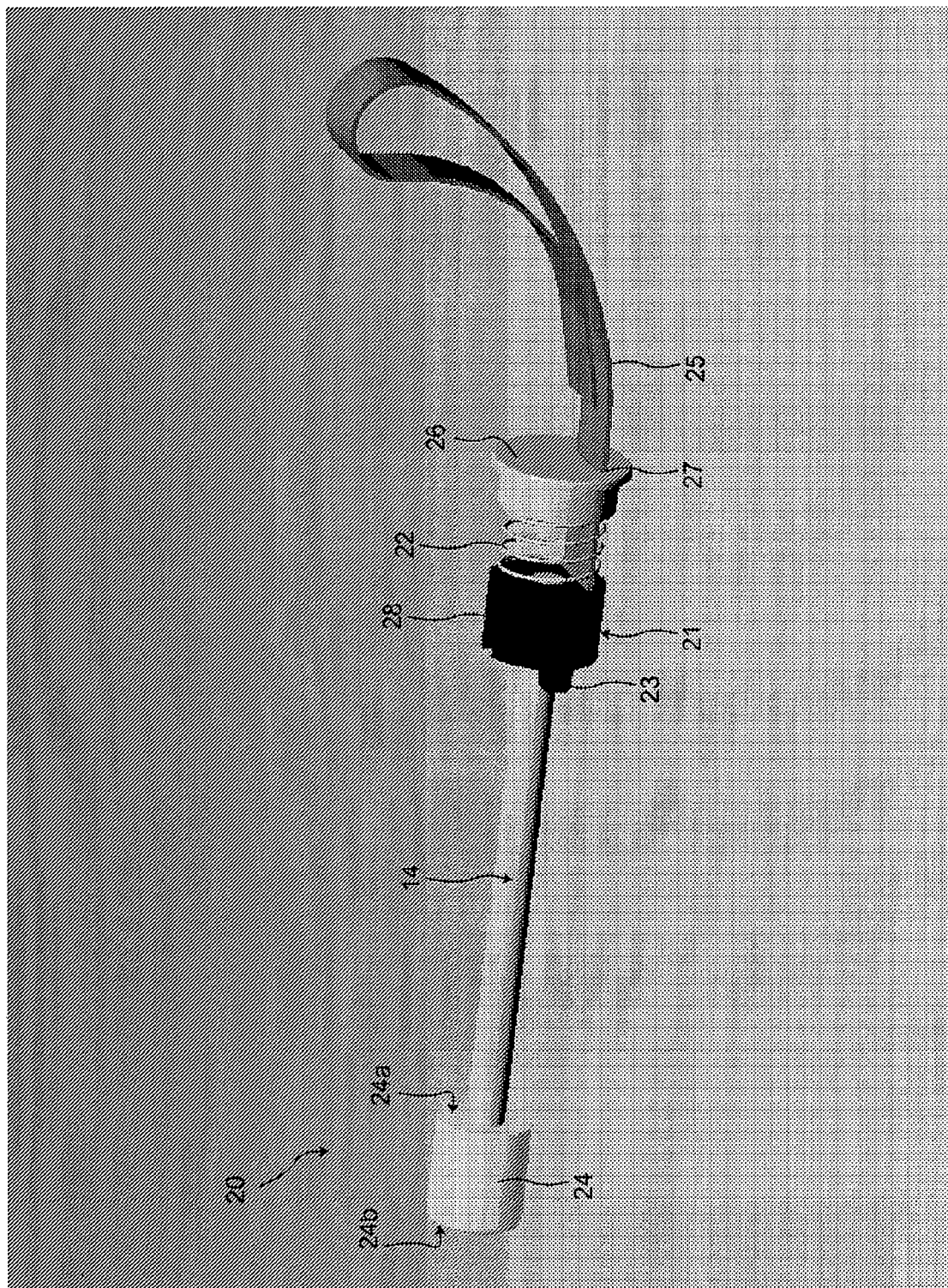


Fig. 3

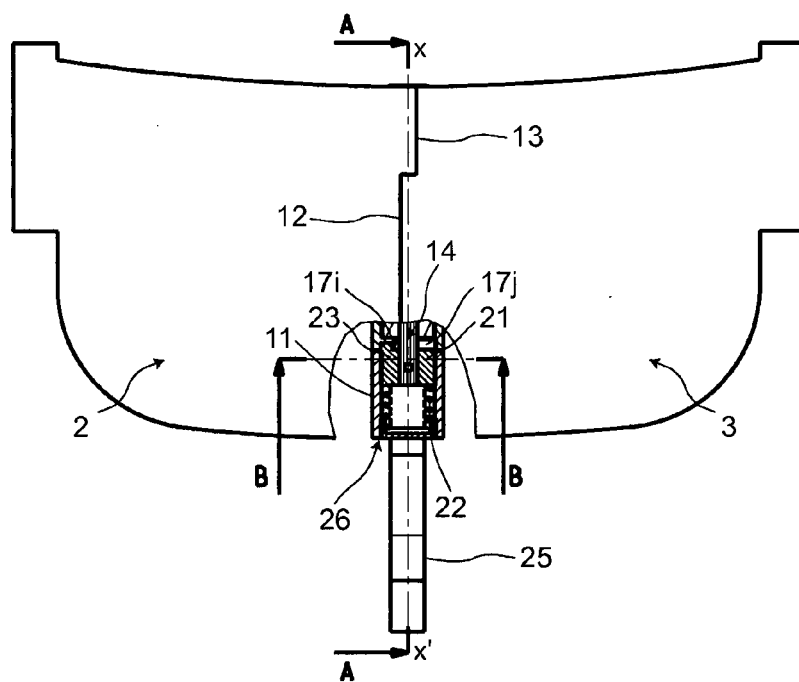


Fig. 4

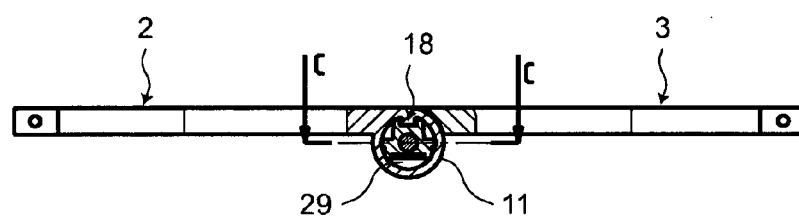


Fig. 5

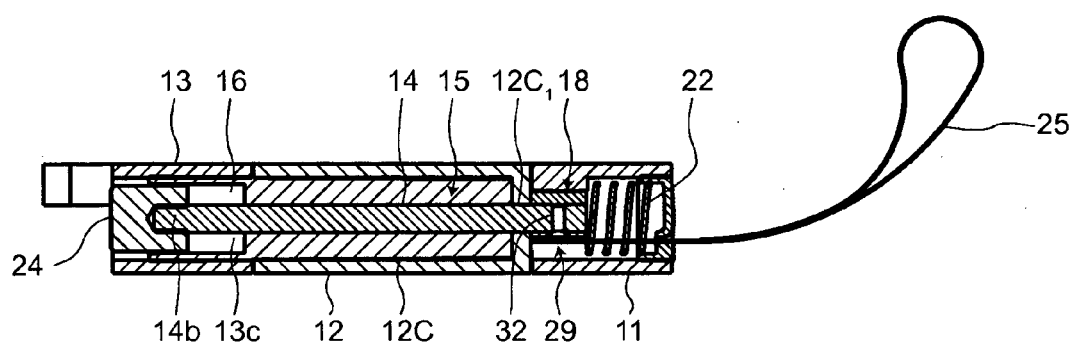


Fig. 6

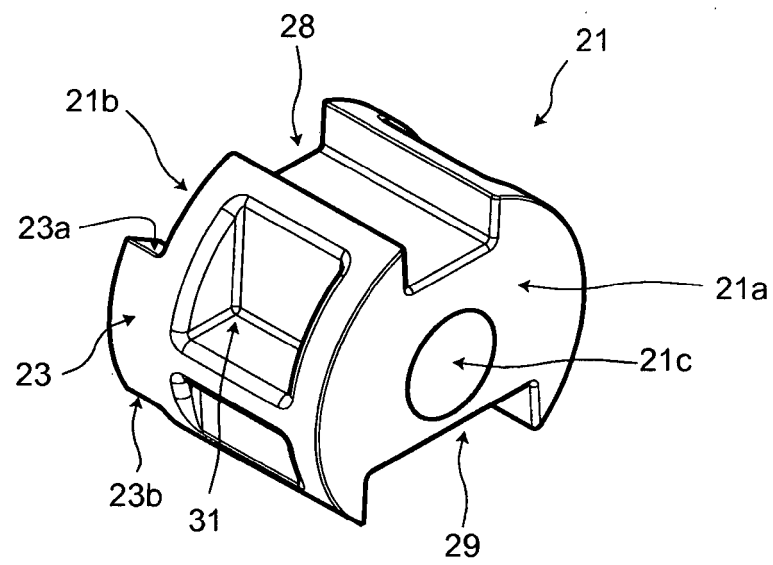


Fig. 7

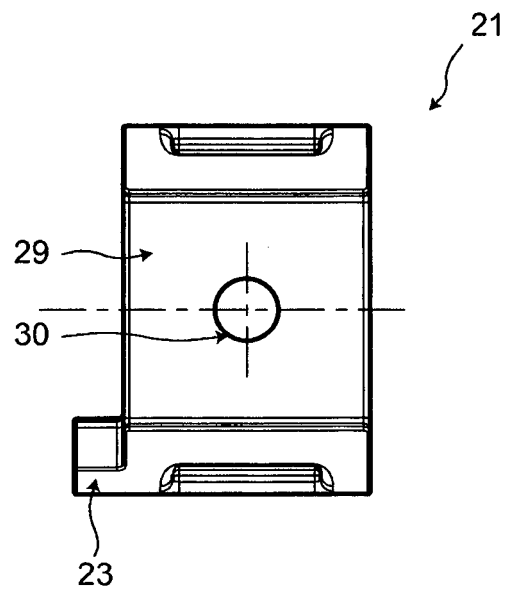


Fig. 8

**REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION**

*This list of references cited by the applicant is for the reader's convenience only. It does not form part of the European patent document. Even though great care has been taken in compiling the references, errors or omissions cannot be excluded and the EPO disclaims all liability in this regard.*

**Patent documents cited in the description**

- US 7108004 B2 [0003] [0004]
- EP 1244413 B1 [0003] [0005]