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(54) Sound enrichment system for tinnitus relief

(57) A sound enrichment system with a reduced or minimum use of memory is provided. The sound enrichment system (1) comprises a signal generator (2) for provision of a carrier signal and at least one signal modulator including a first signal modulator (4) for modulation of the carrier signal to a modulated signal. The sound enrichment system (1) comprises an output transducer (8) for conversion of the modulated signal to an acoustic signal.

The acoustic signal is presented to the user during use of the sound enrichment system (1). The sound enrichment system (1) comprises a memory (6) configured to store at least one feature including a first feature. The at least one signal modulator is configured to modulate the carrier signal according to the at least one feature such that the modulated signal is perceived as a natural sound signal by the user during use.

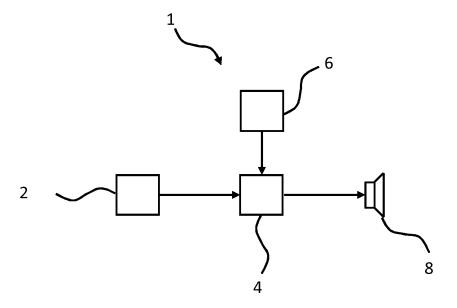


Fig. 1

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Description

[0001] The present disclosure relates to a sound enrichment system for the provision of tinnitus relief. Further, the present disclosure relates to a hearing aid with a sound enrichment system for the provision of tinnitus relief. Finally, the present disclosure relates to a binaural hearing aid system with a sound enrichment system for the provision of tinnitus relief.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Tinnitus is the perception of sound in the human ear in the absence of corresponding external sound(s). Tinnitus is considered a phantom sound, which arises in the auditory system. For example, a ringing, buzzing, whistling, or roaring sound may be perceived as tinnitus. Tinnitus can be continuous or intermittent, and in either case can be very disturbing, and can significantly decrease the quality of life for one who has such an affliction.

[0003] Tinnitus can, to date, not be surgically corrected and since, to date, there are no approved effective drug treatments, so-called tinnitus maskers have become known. These are small, battery-driven devices which are worn like a hearing aid behind or in the ear and which, by means of artificial sounds which are emitted, for example, via a hearing aid speaker into the auditory canal, to thereby psycho acoustically mask the tinnitus and thus reduce the tinnitus perception.

[0004] Although present day tinnitus maskers to a certain extent may provide immediate relief of tinnitus, the masking sound produced by them is very monotonous and therefore unpleasant for the user of such a masker. Investigations show that tinnitus is a condition that requires long term treatment in order to achieve good results. However, the listening to highly monotonic sounds signals as masking sounds during such a long time may be a severe annoyance to a user of such a masker.

[0005] An example of a present day tinnitus masker is disclosed in EP 2 132 957 where a noise signal is random or pseudo randomly modulated.

[0006] Another example is disclosed in US 2009/0028352 where a recorded natural sound is combined with a computer generated sound. The computer generated sound emulates the recorded sound. The combined sound has greater ratios between minimum and maximum amplitude envelopes compared to the recorded natural signal.

30 SUMMARY

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[0007] It is an object of the present disclosure to provide improved tinnitus relief in a sound enrichment system with a reduced or minimum use of memory.

[0008] Accordingly, a sound enrichment system for provision of tinnitus relief to a user is provided, the sound enrichment system comprising a signal generator for provision of a carrier signal and at least one signal modulator including a first signal modulator for modulation of the carrier signal to a modulated signal. The sound enrichment system comprises an output transducer for conversion of the modulated signal to an acoustic signal. The acoustic signal is presented to the user during use of the sound enrichment system. The sound enrichment system may comprise a memory configured to store at least one feature including a first feature, and the at least one signal modulator is configured to modulate the carrier signal according to the at least one feature. The carrier signal may be modulated such that the modulated signal is perceived as a natural sound signal by the user during use.

[0009] The modulated signal may have a first sound pressure level P_1 at a first frequency f_1 and a second sound pressure level P_2 less than the first pressure level P_1 at a second frequency f_2 larger than the first frequency f_1 .

[0010] Further disclosed is a method for provision of tinnitus relief to a user, the method comprising generating a carrier signal in a sound enrichment system worn by the user; modulating the carrier signal with at least one feature including a first feature thereby forming a modulated signal; converting the modulated signal to an acoustic signal and presenting the acoustic signal to the user; wherein modulating the carrier signal comprises retrieving the least one feature from a memory of the sound enrichment system, and wherein the modulated signal is perceived as a natural sound signal by the user during use.

[0011] the modulated signal may have a first sound pressure level at a first frequency and a second sound pressure level less than the first pressure level at a second frequency larger than the first frequency.

[0012] The modulated signal may have a first sound pressure level P_1 in a first frequency band F_1 and a second sound pressure level P_2 less than the first pressure level P_1 in a second frequency band F_2 with frequencies larger than the frequencies of the first frequency band F_1 . The sound pressure level of a frequency band may be defined as the average sound pressure level for frequencies of the frequency band.

[0013] The signal modulator is configured to modulate the carrier signal with at least one feature including a first feature. The modulated signal may correspond to, resemble or be similar to a natural sound signal.

[0014] The sound pressure level of the modulated signal may be a substantially decreasing function of frequency for

frequencies larger than a first threshold frequency. The first threshold frequency may be about 1 kHz or about 2 kHz.

[0015] The sound pressure level of the modulated signal may be a substantially increasing function of frequency for frequencies smaller than a second threshold frequency. The second threshold frequency may be about 100 Hz, 125 Hz or about 250 Hz. The first threshold frequency may be larger than the second threshold frequency.

[0016] The sound pressure level of the modulated signal may have a local minimum at selected frequencies. In one or more embodiments, the sound pressure level has a local minimum at about 125 Hz.

[0017] In one or more embodiments, the first threshold frequency is about 8 kHz and the sound pressure level has a local minimum at about 4 kHz.

[0018] The at least one signal modulator comprises a first signal modulator and optionally a second signal modulator and/or a third signal modulator. The at least one signal, e.g. the first signal modulator and/or the second signal modulator may be configured to modulate the carrier signal by amplitude modulation and/or frequency modulation.

[0019] A natural sound signal is a sound signal that appears in nature. Such signals found in nature can be sounds from an animal, a group of animals or sound from a natural phenomenon. Examples of a natural sound signal is the tile sound of flowing water, breaking waves, a waterfall, the sound of a rainforest and the like. A natural sound signal may be characterized by having a wide band energy spectrum, e.g. in the order of at least 1 kHz.

[0020] The modulated signal may have an energy spectrum with a width of at least 1 kHz, such as in the range from 1 to 8 kHz.

[0021] The first frequency f_1 may be in the intermediate frequency band or in the high frequency band. In one or more exemplary embodiments, the first frequency f_1 is 1 kHz or 2 kHz.

[0022] The second frequency f_2 may be in the intermediate frequency band or in the high frequency band. In one or more exemplary embodiments, the second frequency f_2 is 4 kHz or 8 kHz.

[0023] The third frequency f_3 may be in the intermediate frequency band or in the high frequency band. In one or more exemplary embodiments, the third frequency f_3 is 8 kHz or 12 kHz.

[0024] The intermediate frequency band may include frequencies in the range from 1 kHz to 4 kHz.

[0025] The high frequency band may include frequencies in the range from 4 kHz to 20 kHz.

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[0026] The first frequency band F₁ may include frequencies in the range from 1 kHz to 4 kHz.

[0027] The second frequency band F₂ may include frequencies in the range from 4 kHz to 20 kHz.

[0028] The third frequency band F_3 may include frequencies in the range from 4 kHz to 20 kHz.

[0029] The first frequency band F_1 may comprise the first frequency f_1 and/or the second frequency f_2 . In one or more embodiments, the first frequency band comprises the third frequency f_3 .

[0030] The second frequency band F_2 may comprise the first frequency f_1 and/or the second frequency f_2 . In one or more embodiments, the second frequency band comprises the third frequency f_3 .

[0031] The third frequency band F_3 may comprise the first frequency f_1 and/or the second frequency f_2 . In one or more embodiments, the third frequency band comprises the third frequency f_3 .

[0032] The first feature may comprise amplitude modulation parameters indicative of a natural sound signal. The first feature may comprise spectral parameters or frequency modulation parameters. A feature may comprise a gain value or other value indicative of the sound pressure level of the modulated signal or part thereof being modulated with the respective feature. For example, the first feature may comprise a first gain G_1 or other value indicative of the sound pressure level of the modulated signal in a first frequency band F_1 or at selected frequency or frequencies.

[0033] The at least one feature may comprise a second feature, e.g. a second feature comprising amplitude modulation parameters of a natural sound signal. The second feature may comprise spectral parameters or frequency modulation parameters. The second feature may comprise a second gain G₂ or other value indicative of the sound pressure level of the modulated signal in a second frequency band F₂ or at selected frequency or frequencies.

[0034] The frequency modulation parameters may comprise one or more spectral characteristics of a natural sound signal, such as the frequency spectrum mean, the frequency spectrum variance, spectrum distribution etc.

[0035] The first signal modulator may modulate opr be configured to modulate the carrier signal in a first frequency band and/or a second frequency band according to the first feature. A second signal modulator of the at least one signal modulator may be configured to modulate the carrier signal in a second frequency band, e.g. according to the first feature and/or a second feature different from the first feature.

[0036] Modulating the carrier signal with a selected first feature to provide a modulated signal with desired properties may lead to improved tinnitus relief. Further, modulating the carrier signal with different features in different frequency bands provides improved control of the characteristics of the modulated signal which may lead to improved tinnitus relief. [0037] In one or more embodiments, the sound enrichment system can be provided with a microphone for conversion of an acoustic sound signal into an electric signal. The sound signals in the surrounding environment can thereby be analyzed and/or processed.

[0038] The electric signal can also be adjusted for compensation of a hearing loss of the user and converted to an acoustic output signal that during use of the sound enrichment system is presented to the user. Such an adjustment can typical take place digitally by a digital signal processor. Accordingly, the sound enrichment system may be configured

to adjust the electrical signal for compensation of a hearing loss of the user. The adjusted electrical signal may be converted to an acoustic output signal that during use of the sound enrichment system is presented to the user, e.g. the sound enrichment system may be configured to convert the adjusted electrical signal to an acoustic output signal.

[0039] In one or more embodiments, the first feature is selected from a set of features, e.g. according to a user input. [0040] The at least one feature, e.g. the first feature and/or the second feature may comprise amplitude modulation parameters indicative of the modulated signal and the at least one signal modulator, e.g. the first signal modulator and/or the second signal modulator, is configured to modulate the carrier signal by amplitude modulation.

[0041] The modulated signal may be a natural sound signal. The modulated signal may be a pink noise signal (1/fnoise) or a signal having decreasing sound pressure levels with increasing frequency at least within a first frequency range and/or a second frequency range. The modulated signal may be a signal having generally increasing sound pressure levels with increasing frequency for low frequencies, for example for frequencies less than 125 Hz. The modulated signal may have a substantially flat sound pressure spectrum (±3dB) for a selected frequency range, e.g. for frequencies in the range from 250 Hz to 1 kHz. The modulated signal may be a signal having decreasing sound pressure levels with increasing frequency for selected frequencies or at least for frequencies larger than 2 kHz.

[0042] The signal generator may be a noise signal generator for provision of a noise carrier signal. The noise signal generator may be configured to provide a white noise carrier signal, a pseudo white noise carrier signal, a pink noise carrier signal or a pseudo pink noise signal.

[0043] The modulated signal may comprise a random or pseudo-random component, e.g. in order to provide a varying modulated signal.

[0044] The modulation of the carrier signal may be performed in a first frequency band including the first frequency and in a second frequency band including the second frequency.

[0045] In one or more embodiments, the sound enrichment system may be configured to perform the modulation in at least one frequency band including a first frequency band. The sound enrichment system may comprise a filter bank. The filter bank can comprise warped filters for filtering the carrier signal into a number of frequency bands, e.g. including a first frequency band and/or a second frequency band.

[0046] The at least one feature including the first feature may be stored in the memory during fitting or manufacturing of the sound enrichment system. A part of a feature, e.g. a gain value may be stored or coded into a signal modulator during manufacture or during fitting of the sound enrichment system.

[0047] Since many persons that suffer from tinnitus also suffer from a hearing loss, the sound enrichment system according to a preferred embodiment of the disclosure forms part of a hearing aid. Hereby, the hearing aid may be able to account for both the hearing loss of a user as well as providing relief for a user's perceived tinnitus. In this embodiment, the output transducer of the hearing aid is the same as the output transducer of the sound enrichment system.

[0048] Another aspect of the disclosure relates to a binaural hearing aid system comprising a first and a second hearing aid (two hearing aids), wherein the first hearing aid and/or the second hearing aid comprises a sound enrichment system according to the present disclosure. Preferably, both the first and the second hearing aid in the binaural hearing aid system comprise a sound enrichment system according to the present disclosure.

[0049] In one or more embodiments, the two hearing aids of the binaural hearing aid system are operatively connected to each other, and some or all potential modulations may be performed in a synchronized manner between the two hearing aids.

[0050] In one or more embodiments, the modulation with a first feature in the first hearing aid may be in phase and/or synchronized in time relative to the modulation with a second feature in the second hearing aid. Such a synchronous relation between the modulation together with frequency band pass filtering may make it sound much like listening to breaking waves, as if the user of the binaural hearing aid system is standing on a beach and listening to the waves. Hereby, an even more comfortable signal for tinnitus relief is provided for.

Fig. 1 shows a simplified block diagram of a sound enrichment system according to the present disclosure,

Fig. 2 is a block diagram illustrating the sound enrichment system in a fitting situation,

Fig. 3 is a block diagram illustrating an alternative embodiment of a sound enrichment system according to the present disclosure,

Fig. 4 schematically illustrates a sound enrichment system forming part of a hearing aid according to the present disclosure, and

Fig. 5 schematically illustrates a binaural hearing aid system according to the present disclosure.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0051] The accompanying drawings are schematic and simplified for clarity, and they merely show details which are essential to the understanding, while other details have been left out. The accompanying drawings should not be construed as limited to the examples set forth herein. Rather, these examples are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete. Like reference numerals refer to like elements throughout.

[0052] The at least one signal modulator is configured to modulate the carrier signal according to the at least one feature such that the modulated signal has a number of different sound pressure levels at different frequencies and/or different frequency areas.

[0053] Table 1 and Table 2 below shows exemplary combinations of frequencies/frequency bands and sound pressure levels of the modulated signal according to the present invention.

Table 1

| Embodiment | f ₁ | P ₁ | f ₂ | P ₂ | f_3 | P ₃ |
|------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|
| А | 500 Hz | P ₁ | 1 kHz | ~P ₁ | 4 kHz | <0.9P ₁ |
| В | 2 kHz | P ₁ | 4 kHz | <0.9P ₁ | 8 kHz | <0.5P ₁ |

Table 2

| Embodiment | F ₁ | P ₁ | F ₂ | P ₂ | F ₃ | P ₃ |
|------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Α | 25-125 Hz | P ₁ | 125 Hz - 2 kHz | >1.1 P ₁ | 2 kHz - 8 kHz | <0.9P ₂ |

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[0054] Fig. 1 shows a simplified block diagram of a sound enrichment system 1 according to the present disclosure. The sound enrichment system 1 has a signal generator 2 for provision of a carrier signal and a first signal modulator 4 for modulation of the carrier signal to a modulated signal.

[0055] The sound enrichment system 1 further has an output transducer 8 for conversion of the modulated signal to an acoustic signal. The acoustic signal is presented to the user during use of the sound enrichment system 1.

[0056] Also shown is a memory **6** for storing at least one feature including a first feature. In the illustrated embodiment, the first feature comprises amplitude modulation parameters.

[0057] The first signal modulator 4 is configured to apply one or more features stored in the memory 6 to the carrier signal generated by the signal generator 2.

[0058] In an exemplary embodiment, the signal generator 2 is a noise signal generator for provision of a noise carrier signal.

[0059] Fig. 2 is a block diagram illustrating the sound enrichment system 1 shown in Fig. 1 wherein the sound enrichment system is in a fitting situation, i.e. a situation where the sound enrichment system is connected to a fitting instrumentation, such as a computer (PC). The first feature may be extracted from a sound signal recorded in nature and stored on a recordable medium 12 such as a compact disc (CD) or flash memory.

[0060] Alternatively, a second signal generator (not shown) may be configured to provide an artificial generated natural sound signal. To ensure that such a signal is suitable for tinnitus relief, the generated signal can be converted by an electro acoustic transducer (not shown) to an acoustic signal and presented to a user. The user can hereby provide feedback on how the artificially generated signal is perceived.

[0061] The natural sound signal is applied to a feature extractor **10**. The extractor **10** is configured to extract at least one feature of the natural sound signal.

[0062] In one embodiment of the sound enrichment system, the feature to be extracted can be the amplitude modulation of the natural sound signal. For extraction of the amplitude modulation of the natural sound signal, the extractor 10 samples the natural sound signal over a period of time with a sampling frequency. The sampling frequency together with the period of time in which the natural sound signal is sampled determines the number of samples/amplitude parameter values of the respective feature. For example, sampling ten samples per second over a time period of ten seconds gives 100 feature samples.

[0063] The sound enrichment system 1 is then programmed with the samples of the amplitude modulation. During the programming the extractor 10 is connected with the memory 6 via a programming interface. The connection between the extractor 10 and the memory 6 can be wired or wireless. The samples of the extracted amplitude modulation of the natural sound signal is transferred to the memory 6 and the connection between the extractor 10 and the memory 6 is disabled.

[0064] During operation of the sound enrichment system 1, the first signal modulator 4 applies the first feature, i.e. the samples of the amplitude modulation of the natural sound signal to the carrier signal generated by the signal generator 2. Each sample is applied to the carrier signal a time span from the previous feature.

[0065] In an alternative embodiment of the sound enrichment system the feature to be extracted may be a spectral characteristic of the natural sound signal such as the frequency modulation. For extraction of the frequency modulation the extractor comprises a frequency modulation extractor (not shown).

[0066] The extractor 10 may extract more than one feature of a natural sound signal. As an example the extractor 10 extracts a first feature being the amplitude modulation of the natural sound signal and a second feature being the frequency modulation of the natural sound signal. The extracted features are communicated to the memory 6 for storing in the sound enrichment system. Thus, the memory 6 may comprise the amplitude modulation as a first feature and the frequency modulation as a second feature.

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[0067] When more than one feature is provided in the memory 6 of the sound enrichment system 1, the sound enrichment system 1 can be provided with a control or function (not shown) configured to select between a number of programs using different feature configurations or settings and wherein in a first program state the first signal modulator 4 e.g. applies the first feature (e,g, amplitude modulation of the natural sound signal to the carrier signal) and in a second program state the signal modulator applies the second feature (e.g. frequency modulation of the natural sound signal) to the carrier signal. The control or function for selecting can also be implemented on a remote control for the sound enrichment system 1. The remote control can be a smart phone.

[0068] The extractor 10 may also extract one or more features from a selection of natural sound signals. As an example the extractor 10 is presented with a first natural sound signal and a second natural sound signal.

[0069] The extractor 10 is configured to extract at least one feature of the first natural sound signal and at least one feature of the second natural sound signal. A connection is then established between the extractor 10 and the memory 6. The feature extracted from the first natural sound signal and the feature extracted from the second natural sound signal are transferred to the memory 6.

[0070] In one or more exemplary embodiments, the sound enrichment system 1 further comprises an environment classifier (not shown) that is adapted to at least in part classify the ambient sound environment and wherein the first signal modulator 4 may be configured to apply a feature of a natural sound signal in dependence of the classification of the ambient sound environment. For example, the modulation may be performed in dependence of what kind of noise or sound signals that are already present in the ambient sound environment. In one ambient sound environment a feature indicative of a natural sound signal is applied to the carrier signal and in another ambient sound environment a feature indicative of another natural sound signal is applied to the carrier signal.

[0071] Fig. 3 is a block diagram illustrating an alternative embodiment of the sound enrichment system 1 shown in Fig. 1 wherein the modulation of the carrier signal takes place in a number of frequency bands.

[0072] During the programming of the sound enrichment system, the natural sound signal is applied to a first filter bank **16**. The first filter bank **16** can comprise any number of bands from one band up to N bands. In an exemplary embodiment the first filter bank **16** comprises a low pass filter for provision of a low pass filtered natural sound signal, a band pass filter for provision of a band pass filtered natural sound signal and a high pass filter for provision of a high pass filtered natural sound signal.

[0073] Each frequency band of the natural sound signal is then applied to the feature extractor 10. The feature extractor 10 is configured to extract a feature of a number of the bands of the natural sound signal. For example the feature extractor 10 can be configured to extract a feature of each band of the natural sound signal. The extracted feature for each band of the natural sound signal is then transferred to the memory 6.

[0074] During operation of the sound enrichment system, the carrier signal generated by the signal generator 2 is applied to a second filter bank 14. The second filter bank 14 can comprise any number of bands. In an exemplary embodiment the second filter bank 14 comprises a low pass filter for provision of a low pass filtered carrier signal, a band pass filter for provision of a band pass filtered carrier signal and a high pass filter for provision of a high pass filtered carrier signal.

[0075] Each of the bands of the carrier signal is then applied to the first signal modulator 4. The first signal modulator 4 is configured to apply the feature of a frequency band of the natural sound signal to the corresponding frequency band of the carrier signal.

[0076] In an embodiment of the sound enrichment system where the first filter bank 14 and the second filter banks 16 are identical, the feature extracted for the n'th band of the natural sound signal is applied to the n'th band of the carrier signal.

[0077] The environment classifier can be connected to the second filter bank **14** and/or the first signal modulator **4** for control of the band modulation in dependence of an ambient sound environment.

[0078] Fig. 4 shows a hearing aid 18 with a sound enrichment system for the provision of tinnitus relief.

[0079] The hearing 18 comprises the signal generator 2 for provision of a carrier signal and the first signal modulator 4 for modulation of the carrier signal to a modulated signal. The sound enrichment system also comprises the memory

6 for storing at least one feature indicative of a natural sound signal.

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[0080] The hearing aid 18 also comprises a microphone 20 for conversion of an acoustic sound signal into an electric signal. The electric signal is provided to a digital signal processor (DSP) 22 for provision of a compensated signal. The DSP is programmed to adjust the electric signal for compensation of a hearing loss of the user. The signal generator 2, the memory 6 and the first signal modulator 4 can be implemented as separate parts or as an integral part in the processor 22

[0081] The hearing aid 18 further comprises an adder 24 for provision of an added signal. The adder 24 ads the compensated signal and the modulated signal. The output transducer 8 converts the added signal to an acoustic output signal that during use of the hearing aid 18 is presented to the user. The output transducer 8 in an exemplary embodiment is a receiver. The adder 24 can also be implemented as separate parts or as an integral part in the processor 22.

[0082] The hearing aid 18 can be provided with a control or function 26 configured to select between a first program state of the hearing aid 18 where the modulated signal is added to the compensated electric signal and a second program state of the hearing aid 18 where the modulated signal is not added to the compensated electric signal. The control or function for selecting can also be implemented on a remote control for the sound enrichment system 1. The remote control can be a smart phone.

[0083] The control **26** can be connected with an environment classifier for provision of an automatic switch. In one ambient sound environment the environment classifier sets the switch in an off position such that no signal for tinnitus relief is added to the compensated signal and in another ambient sound environment the environment classifier sets the switch in an on position such that a signal for tinnitus relief is presented to the user.

[0084] Fig. 5 shows a binaural hearing aid system. The binaural hearing aid system comprises a first hearing aid 18a and a second hearing aid 18b.

[0085] The first hearing **18a** comprises a first sound enrichment system **1a** having a first signal generator (not shown) for provision of a first carrier signal, a first signal modulator (not shown) for modulation of the first carrier signal to a first modulated signal and a first memory (not shown) for storing at least one feature of a natural sound signal.

[0086] The first hearing aid 18a also comprises a first microphone 20a for conversion of an acoustic sound signal into a first electric signal. The first electric signal is provided to a first digital signal processor (DSP) 22a for provision of a first compensated signal.

[0087] The first hearing aid further comprises a first adder 24a for provision of a first added signal. The first adder 24a ads the first compensated signal and the first modulated signal. A first receiver 8a converts the first added signal to an acoustic output signal that during use of the first hearing aid 18a is presented to the user.

[0088] The second hearing 18a comprises a second sound enrichment system 1b having a second signal generator (not shown) for provision of a second carrier signal, a second signal modulator (not shown) for modulation of the second carrier signal to a second modulated signal and a second memory (not shown) for storing at least one feature of a natural sound signal.

[0089] The second hearing aid 18b also comprises a second microphone 20b for conversion of an acoustic sound signal into a second electric signal. The second electric signal is provided to a second digital signal processor (DSP) 22b for provision of a second compensated signal.

[0090] The second hearing aid further comprises a second adder 24b for provision of a second added signal. The second adder 24b ads the second compensated signal and the second modulated signal. A second receiver 8b converts the second added signal to an acoustic output signal that during use of the second hearing aid 18b is presented to the user.

[0091] The binaural hearing aid system comprises a link 28 between the two individual hearing aids. The link 28 is preferably wireless, but may in another embodiment be wired. A wireless link is established with a first transceiver 30a connected to the first DSP 22a and a second transceiver 30b connected to the second DSP 22b.

[0092] The link 28 enables at least one of the two hearing aids to communicate with the other, i.e. it may be possible to send information from at least one of the two hearing aids via the link 28 to the other of the two hearing aids. In a preferred embodiment, the link 28 enables the two hearing aids to communicate with each other. The link 28, thus, enables the two digital signal processors, to perform binaural signal processing. Moreover, the link 28 enables the two hearing aids to perform the modulations of the carrier signals generated in the two hearing aids in a coordinated manner. At least one of the hearing aids comprises a sound enrichment system. Preferably, both of the hearing aids comprise a sound enrichment system.

[0093] In a preferred embodiment of the disclosure, the first and second hearing aids are the hearing aid shown in Fig. 4. Hereby, it is achieved that the modulations of the carrier signal may furthermore be performed in a coordinated, possibly asynchronous, manner between the two hearing aids. In this way, the stereo perception of the tinnitus enrichment system can be maintained.

[0094] The modulations of the carrier signal may even be shifted between the two hearing aids. After a certain time span the roles of the two hearing aids may be reversed. This shifting between the modes of the two hearing aids may continue as long as they are turned on, and the time span between the shifting may also be a randomly determined time span, or even be a time span that is modulated by another signal.

[0095] In an embodiment of the binaural hearing aid system, the two hearing aids are configured to operate in a master-slave configuration wherein only one of the two hearing aids comprises a sound enrichment system. Hereby is achieved an embodiment wherein all the signal processing associated with the generation and modulation of the carrier signal and the classification of the sound environment may be done in only one of the two hearing aids, and wherein the thus modulated carrier signal may simply be transferred to the other via the link **28**.

[0096] However, in a preferred embodiment of the invention both hearing aids comprise a sound enrichment system. Hereby is achieved that only signals used to control the sound enrichment system may need to be transferred from the master to the slave. This will lead to a considerable saving of the energy usage, because it may require at least five times as much battery power to transfer the noise signals itself from the master to the slave.

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Claims

- 1. A sound enrichment system for provision of tinnitus relief to a user, the sound enrichment system comprising a signal generator for provision of a carrier signal,
 - at least one signal modulator including a first signal modulator for modulation of the carrier signal to a modulated signal,
 - an output transducer for conversion of the modulated signal to an acoustic signal that during use of the sound enrichment system is presented to the user, and
 - a memory configured to store at least one feature including a first feature,
 - wherein the at least one signal modulator is configured to modulate the carrier signal according to the at least one feature such that the modulated signal is perceived as a natural sound signal by the user during use..
- A sound enrichment system according to claim 1, wherein the modulated signal has a first sound pressure level at a first frequency and a second sound pressure level less than the first pressure level at a second frequency larger than the first frequency.
- 3. A sound enrichment system according to claim 2, wherein the at least one signal modulator is configured to modulate the carrier signal according to the at least one feature such that the modulated signal has a third sound pressure level less than the second pressure level at a third frequency larger than the second frequency.
- **4.** A sound enrichment system according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the sound pressure level of the modulated signal is a substantially decreasing function of frequency for frequencies larger than a first threshold frequency.

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- **5.** A sound enrichment system according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the sound pressure level of the modulated signal is a substantially increasing function of frequency for frequencies smaller than a second threshold frequency.
- **6.** A sound enrichment system according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the sound enrichment system comprises a microphone for conversion of an acoustic sound signal into an electric signal.
 - 7. A sound enrichment system according to claim 6, wherein the electric signal is adjusted for compensation of a hearing loss of the user and converted to an acoustic output signal that during use of the sound enrichment system is presented to the user.

is presented to the user

8. A sound enrichment system according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the first feature comprises amplitude modulation parameters indicative of the modulated signal and the signal modulator is configured to modulate the carrier signal by amplitude modulation.

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9. A sound enrichment system according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the modulated signal is a natural sound signal.

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- **10.** A sound enrichment system according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the signal generator is a noise signal generator for provision of a noise carrier signal.
- **11.** A sound enrichment system according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the modulated signal comprises a random or pseudo-random component.

- **12.** A sound enrichment system according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the modulation is performed in a first frequency band including the first frequency and in a second frequency band including the second frequency.
- **13.** A binaural hearing aid system comprising a first and a second hearing aid, wherein the first hearing aid comprises a first sound enrichment system according to any of the claims 1-10 and the second hearing aid comprises a second sound enrichment system according to any of the claims 1-10, wherein the first sound enrichment system and the second sound enrichment system are synchronized in time.

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- **14.** A binaural hearing aid system according to claim 13, wherein the first sound enrichment system is configured to modulate with a first feature and the second sound enrichment system is configured to modulate with a second feature and wherein the modulation with the first and second feature is synchronized between the first and second sound enrichment systems.
- 15. A method for provision of tinnitus relief to a user, the method comprising generating a carrier signal in a sound enrichment system worn by the user; modulating the carrier signal with at least one feature including a first feature thereby forming a modulated signal; converting the modulated signal to an acoustic signal and presenting the acoustic signal to the user; wherein modulating the carrier signal comprises retrieving the least one feature from a memory of the sound enrichment system, and wherein the modulated signal is perceived as a natural sound signal by the user during use.

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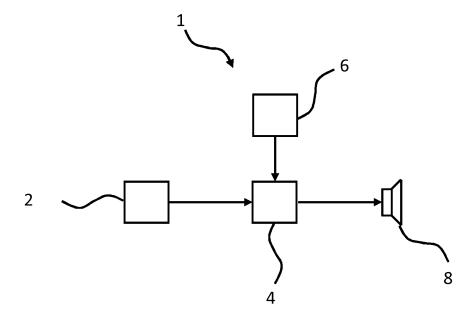


Fig. 1

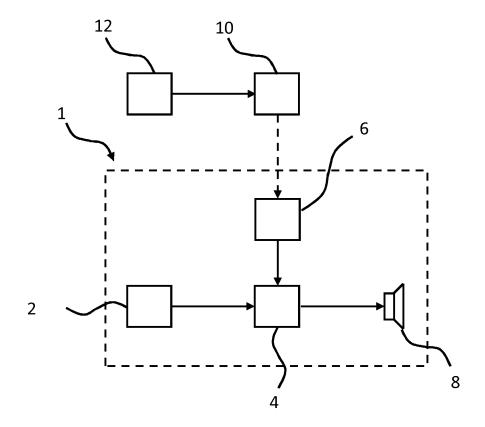


Fig. 2

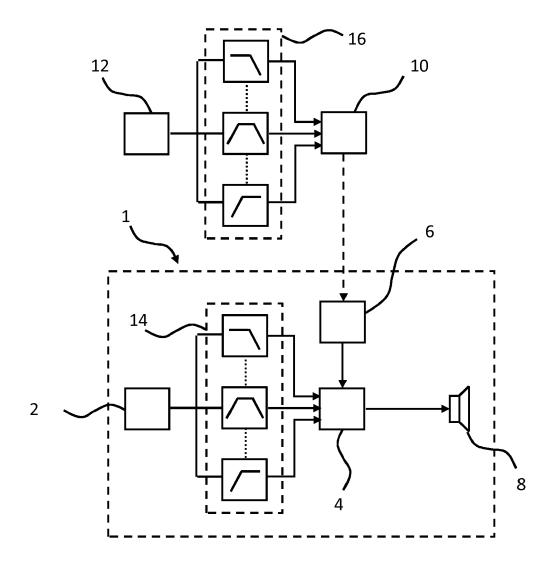


Fig. 3

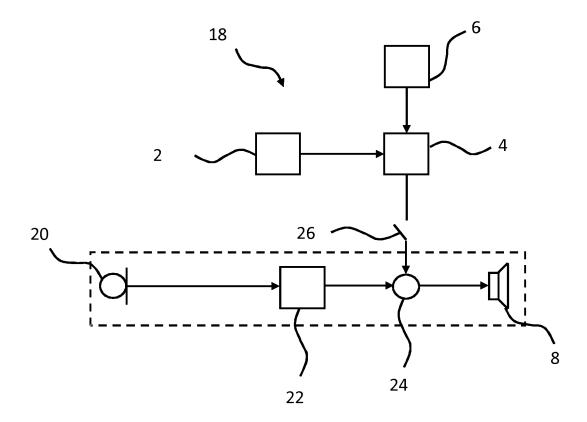


Fig. 4

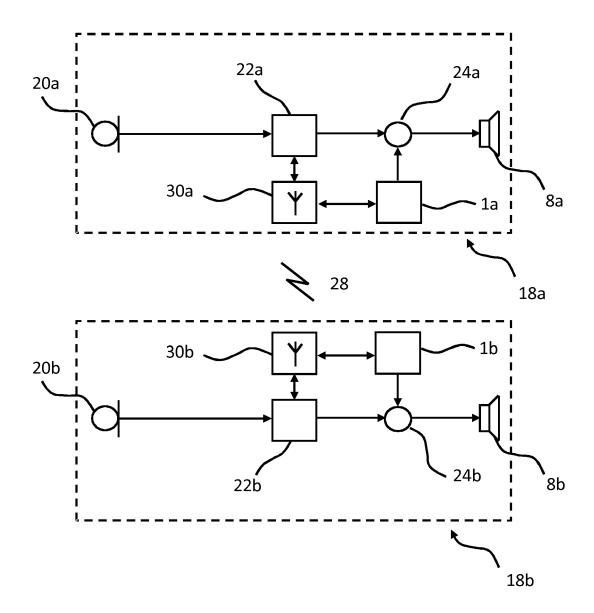


Fig. 5



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