(11) **EP 2 902 085 A1**

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:

05.08.2015 Bulletin 2015/32

(51) Int Cl.: **B01D** 35/30 (2006.01)

B01D 35/00 (2006.01)

B01D 29/15 (2006.01)

(21) Application number: 14193928.0

(22) Date of filing: 19.11.2014

(84) Designated Contracting States:

AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR

Designated Extension States:

BA ME

(30) Priority: 19.11.2013 US 201314083638

(71) Applicant: Motor Components LLC Elmira Heights, NY 14903 (US)

(72) Inventors:

 Moreira-Espinoza, Edison Horseheads, NY 14845 (US)

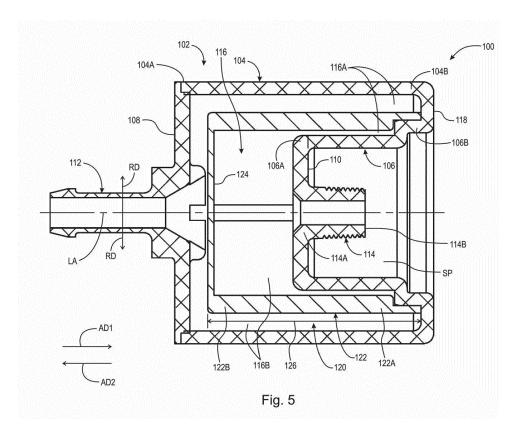
 Seager, Kenneth F. Big Flats, NY 14814 (US)

(74) Representative: Reichert & Lindner Partnerschaft Patentanwälte Bismarckplatz 8 93047 Regensburg (DE)

(54) Axially compact fuel filter

(57) A fuel filter, including: a housing, an inlet port, and an outlet port. The housing includes: a first axially disposed side wall forming a radially outermost portion of a circumference for the housing; a second axially disposed side wall located radially inward of the first axially disposed wall; a first radially disposed end wall connected to a first axial edge of the first axially disposed wall;

and a second radially disposed end wall connected to a first axial edge of the second axially disposed side wall. The outlet port extends from the second radially disposed end wall and is radially aligned with the second axially disposed side wall. The inlet port extends from the first radially disposed end wall.



EP 2 902 085 A1

20

25

35

40

Description

[0001] The present disclosure relates to an axially compact fuel filter, in particular a fuel filter with a recess outlet port.

1

[0002] Figure 7 is a schematic cross-sectional view of typical prior art fuel filter 200. Filter 200 includes housing 202, cavity 204 formed by the housing, filter element 206 located in the cavity, inlet port 208, and outlet port 210. Fuel filters are used in a wide variety of combustion engine applications. In general, it is desirable to minimize axial length 212 of filter 200 while attaining a desired filtering capacity or function. The filtering capacity or function is dependent upon length 216 of element 206, which in turn is dependent upon axial length 214, which along with the respective positions of the input and output ports determines overall axial length 212.

[0003] According to aspects illustrated herein, there is provided a fuel filter, including: a housing, an inlet port, and an outlet port. The housing includes: a first axially disposed side wall forming a radially outermost portion of a circumference for the housing; a second axially disposed side wall located radially inward of the first axially disposed wall; a first radially disposed end wall connected to a first axial edge of the first axially disposed wall; and a second radially disposed end wall connected to a first axial edge of the second axially disposed side wall. The outlet port extends from the second radially disposed end wall and is radially aligned with the second axially disposed side wall. The inlet port extends from the first radially disposed end wall.

[0004] According to aspects illustrated herein, there is provided a fuel filter, including: a housing including a first axially disposed side wall forming a radially outermost portion of a circumference for the housing and a second axially disposed side wall located radially inward of the first axially disposed wall; a cavity enclosed by the housing and including a first portion enclosed, in a radial direction, by only the first axially disposed side wall and a second portion radially disposed between the first and second axially disposed side walls; an inlet port open to the cavity; and an outlet port open to the first portion of the cavity and including a distal end radially aligned with the second portion of the cavity.

[0005] According to aspects illustrated herein, there is provided a fuel filter, including: a housing including a first and second axially disposed side walls, a first radially disposed end wall directly connected to a first axial end of the first axially disposed side wall, a second radially disposed end wall directly connected to a first axial end of the second axially disposed side wall, and a third radially disposed end wall directly connected to respective second axial ends of the first and second axially disposed side walls; a cavity including a first portion at least partially bounded by the first and third radially disposed end walls and the first axially disposed side wall and a second portion open to the first portion and at least partially bounded by the first and second axially disposed side walls and

the third radially disposed end wall; an outlet port open to the first portion of the cavity, and including a first end direction connected to the third radially disposed wall and a distal end radially aligned with the second portion of the cavity and with the first and second axially disposed side walls and separated from the second axially disposed wall, in a radial direction, by a space; an inlet port open to the first portion of the cavity and directly connected to the first radially disposed end wall; and a filter element including an axially extending portion including a first axial end sealed against the second axially disposed wall or the third radially disposed end wall and a radially extending portion directly connected to a second axial end of the axially extending portion and wholly disposed in the first portion of the cavity.

[0006] Various embodiments are disclosed, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying schematic drawings in which corresponding reference symbols indicate corresponding parts, in which:

Figure 1A is a perspective view of a cylindrical coordinate system demonstrating spatial terminology used in the present application;

Figure 1B is a perspective view of an object in the cylindrical coordinate system of Figure 1A demonstrating spatial terminology used in the present application; and,

Figure 2 is a side view of a fuel filter;

Figure 3 is an inlet end view of the fuel filter of Figure 2:

Figure 4 is an outlet end view of the fuel filter of Figure 2;

Figure 5 is a cross-sectional view generally along line 5,6-5,6 in Figure 4;

Figure 6 is a cross-sectional view generally along line 5,6-5,6 in Figure 4; and,

Figure 7 is a schematic representation of a typical prior art fuel filter.

[0007] At the outset, it should be appreciated that like drawing numbers on different drawing views identify identical, or functionally similar, structural elements of the disclosure. It is to be understood that the disclosure as claimed is not limited to the disclosed aspects.

[5008] Furthermore, it is understood that this disclosure is not limited to the particular methodology, materials and modifications described and as such may, of course, vary. It is also understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular aspects only, and is not intended to limit the scope of the present disclosure.

[0009] Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood to one of ordinary skill in the art to which this disclosure belongs. It should be understood that any methods, devices or materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the practice or testing of the disclosure.

[0010] Figure 1A is a perspective view of cylindrical coordinate system 80 demonstrating spatial terminology used in the present application. The present invention is at least partially described within the context of a cylindrical coordinate system. System 80 has a longitudinal axis 81, used as the reference for the directional and spatial terms that follow. The adjectives "axial," "radial," and "circumferential" are with respect to an orientation parallel to axis 81, radius 82 (which is orthogonal to axis 81), and circumference 83, respectively. The adjectives "axial," "radial" and "circumferential" also are regarding orientation parallel to respective planes. To clarify the disposition of the various planes, objects 84, 85, and 86 are used. Surface 87 of object 84 forms an axial plane. That is, axis 81 forms a line along the surface. Surface 88 of object 85 forms a radial plane. That is, radius 82 forms a line along the surface. Surface 89 of object 86 forms a circumferential plane. That is, circumference 83 forms a line along the surface. As a further example, axial movement or disposition is parallel to axis 81, radial movement or disposition is parallel to radius 82, and circumferential movement or disposition is parallel to circumference 83. Rotation is with respect to axis 81.

ferentially" are with respect to an orientation parallel to axis **81**, radius **82**, or circumference **83**, respectively. The adverbs "axially," "radially," and "circumferentially" also are regarding orientation parallel to respective planes. **[0012]** Figure **1B** is a perspective view of object **90** in cylindrical coordinate system **80** of Figure **1A** demonstrating spatial terminology used in the present application. Cylindrical object **90** is representative of a cylindrical object in a cylindrical coordinate system and is not intended to limit the present invention in any manner. Object **90** includes axial surface **91**, radial surface **92**, and

[0011] The adverbs "axially," "radially," and "circum-

circumferential surface **93**. Surface **91** is part of an axial plane, surface **92** is part of a radial plane, and surface **93** is a circumferential surface.

[0013] Figure 2 is a side view of fuel filter 100.

[0014] Figure 3 is an inlet end view of fuel filter **100** of Figure 2.

[0015] Figure 4 is an outlet end view of fuel filter 100 of Figure 2.

[0016] Figure 5 is a cross-sectional view generally along line 5,6-5,6 in Figure 4. The following should be viewed in light of Figures 2 through 5. Fuel filter 100 includes longitudinal axis LA and housing 102 including axially disposed side walls 104 and 106 and radially disposed end wall 108 and 110. Side wall 104 forms a radially outermost portion of a circumference for the housing. Side wall 106 is located radially inward of side wall 104. End wall 108 is connected to axial edge 104A of side wall 104. End wall 110 is connected to axial edge 106A of side wall 106. Filter 100 includes inlet port 112 and outlet port 114. Port 112 extends from end wall 108. Port 114 extends from end wall 110 and is radially aligned with side wall 106. Note that radial and axial references are with respect to axis LA.

[0017] In an example embodiment, the outlet port includes axial end 114A directly connected the end wall 110 and distal end 114B radially aligned with side walls 104 and 106. In an example embodiment, an entirety of the outlet port is radially aligned with side walls 104 and 106 and is separated, in radial direction RD, from side wall 106 by space SP external to housing 102.

[0018] In an example embodiment, axial direction AD1 is from the inlet port toward the outlet port and the outlet port includes axial end 114A directly connected end wall 110, and distal end. Each of side walls 104 and 106 extends past distal end 114B in axial direction AD1.

[0019] Fuel filter 100 includes cavity 116 enclosed by the housing. In an example embodiment, axial direction AD1 is from the inlet port toward the outlet port and the outlet port includes axial end 114A directly connected end wall 110, and distal end 114B. Portion 116A of the cavity extends past distal end 114B axial direction AD1. [0020] In an example embodiment, the housing includes radially disposed end wall 118 connecting axial end 104B, opposite axial end 104A, of side wall 104 to axial end 106B, opposite the axial end 106A, of side wall 106. For axial direction AD1 from the inlet port toward the outlet port, end wall 118 is located past distal end 114B in axial direction AD1.

[0021] In an example embodiment, portion 116A of the cavity is radially disposed between side walls 104 and 106. Portion 116B of the cavity is radially disposed between side wall 104 and is free of alignment, in radial direction RD, with side wall 106.

[0022] In an example embodiment, fuel filter 100 includes filter element 120, located within cavity 116, and including axially disposed wall 122 and radially disposed wall 124 connected to axially disposed wall 122. Wall 124 is located only in portion 116B. At least a portion of wall 122 is radially aligned with the outlet port. In an example embodiment, portion 122A of wall 122 is radially disposed between side walls 104 and 106 and portion 122B of axially disposed wall 122 is radially aligned with side wall 104 and free of alignment, in radial direction RD, with side wall 106.

[0023] Figure 6 is a cross-sectional view generally along line 5,6-5,6 in Figure 4. The following should be viewed in light of Figures 2 through 6. Figure 6 is used to illustrate aspects of cavity 116. In an example embodiment, portion 116B of cavity 116 is at least partially bounded by end wall 108 in axial direction AD2, opposite direction AD1 and end wall 110 in direction AD1. In an example embodiment, portion 122A divides portion 116A of cavity 116 into portions 116C and 116D and portion 122B divides portion 116B of cavity 116 into portions 116E and 116F. In an example embodiment, portion 116C opens to portion 116E and portion 116D opens to portion 116F.

[0024] In an example embodiment, portion 116G of cavity 116 is axially located end wall 108 and wall 124 of the filter element 120. In an example embodiment, end 122C of filter wall 122 is sealed against wall 106 and/or

25

40

wall 118 to ensure that fluid entering cavity 116 from the inlet port 112 passes through and not around filter 120. In an example embodiment, wall 106 includes stepped portion 106C and end 122C is sealed against the stepped portion and/or end wall 118. Typical fluid flow paths FP are shown in Figure 6.

[0025] In an example embodiment, end wall 108 is formed as a separate end cap including inlet port 112, and walls 104, 106, and 110 are part of an integral unit including outlet port 114.

[0026] The capacity or function of fuel filter 100 is at least partly dependent upon how much filter material is available for filter, which is at least partly dependent upon length 126 of element 120, which in turn is dependent upon axial length 128 of the housing. As discussed above, it is desirable to attain a specified filter capacity or function while minimizing overall axial length 120 of filter 100. Advantageously, by recessing outlet port 114 into space SP, filter 100 maximizes lengths 126 and length 128, while minimizing overall length 130 of filter 100. Specifically, outlet port 114 does not contribute to length 130. For example, lengths 126 and 128 can be made equal to lengths 216 and 214 noted above, with length 130 being advantageously less than length 212. Thus, the same or greater fuel filter capacity is enabled for filter 100 while minimizing overall axial length 130 of filter 100.

[0027] According to a embodiment of the invention the fuel filter 100, comprises a housing 102 with a first axially disposed side wall 104, forming a radially outermost portion of a circumference for the housing 102 and a second axially disposed side wall 106 located radially inward of the first axially disposed wall 104. A cavity 116 is enclosed by the housing 102. The cavity 116 has a first portion 116A enclosed, in a radial direction RD, by only the first axially disposed side wall 104. A second portion 116B is radially disposed between the first and second axially disposed side walls 104, 106. An inlet port 112 is open to the cavity 116. An outlet port 114 is open to the first portion 116A of the cavity 116 and including a distal end 114A radially aligned with the second portion 116A of the cavity 116.

[0028] The housing 102 includes a first radially disposed end wall 108 directly connected to an axial edge 104A of the first axially disposed side wall 104 and the inlet port 112. A second radially disposed end wall 110 directly connected to an axial edge 106A of the second axially disposed side wall 106. The radially disposed end wall 110 has an outlet port 114. The first portion 116A of the cavity 116 is at least partially bounded by the first radially disposed end wall 108 in a first axial direction AD1 and the second radially disposed end wall 110 in a second axial direction AD2 which is opposite the first axial direction AD1. Furthermore, the housing 102 includes a radially disposed end wall 118 directly connected to respective axial edges 104B, 106B of the first and second axially disposed side walls 104, 106. The second portion 116B of the cavity 116 is open to the first portion

116A of the cavity **116** and is at least partially bounded by the radially disposed end wall **118**.

[0029] A filter element 120 of the fuel filter 100 includes an axially disposed wall 122 located in the first and second portions 116A, 116B of the cavity 116. A radially disposed wall 124 is directly connected to the axially disposed wall 122 and located only in the first portion 116A of the cavity 116. A first portion 122A of the axially disposed wall 122 for the filter element 120 divides the second portion 116B of the cavity 116 into third and fourth portions 116C, 116D. A second portion 122B of the axially disposed wall 122 for the filter element 120 divides a part of the first portion 116A of the cavity 116 into fifth and sixth portions 116E, 116F. The third portion 116C is open to the fifth portion 116E and the fourth portion 116D is open to the sixth portion 116E.

end wall 108 which is directly connected to the first axially disposed side wall 104 and the inlet port 112. The radially disposed wall 124 of the filter element 120 bounds the fifth portion 116E in an axial direction AD1. A seventh portion 116G of the cavity 116 is axially located between the radially disposed end wall 108 and the radially disposed wall 124 of the filter element 120. The outlet port 114 includes a distal end 114B axially opposite the first end 114A and distal end 114B is aligned, in a radial direction RD, with the third 116C and fourth portions 116D of the cavity 116. An inlet port 112 open to the first portion 116A of the cavity 116 and extending from the first radially disposed end wall 118 in an axial direction AD1.

[0031] According to a further embodiment a fuel filter 100 has a housing 102 including a first and second axially disposed side walls 104, 106, a first radially disposed end wall 108 directly connected to a first axial end 104A of the first axially disposed side wall 104, a second radially disposed end wall 110 directly connected to a first axial end 106A of the second axially disposed side wall 106 and a third radially disposed end wall 118 directly connected to respective second axial ends 104B, 106B of the first and second axially disposed side walls 104,106. A cavity 116 includes a first portion 116A at least partially bounded by the first and third radially disposed end walls 108, 118 and the first axially disposed side wall 104. A second portion 116B of the cavity 116 open to the first portion 116A and at least partially bounded by the first and second axially disposed side walls 104, 106 and the third radially disposed end wall 118. An outlet port 114 is open to the first portion 116A of the cavity 116. The outlet port 114 has a first end direction connected to the third radially disposed wall 118 and a distal end 114B which is radially aligned with the second portion 116B of the cavity 116 and with the first and second axially disposed side walls 104, 106. The outlet port 114 is separated from the second axially disposed wall 106, in a radial direction, by a space SP. An inlet port 112 is open to the first portion 116A of the cavity 116 and directly connected to the first radially disposed end wall 108. A filter element 120, located within the cavity 116,

encompasses an axially extending portion with a first axial end 122A sealed against the second axially disposed wall 106 or the third radially disposed end wall 118 and a radially extending portion is directly connected to a second axial end 122B of the axially extending portion and wholly disposed in the first portion 116A of the cavity 116. [0032] It will be appreciated that various of the abovedisclosed and other features and functions, or alternatives thereof, may be desirably combined into many other different systems or applications. Various presently unforeseen or unanticipated alternatives, modifications, variations, or improvements therein may be subsequently made by those skilled in the art which are also intended to be encompassed by the following claims.

Claims

1. A fuel filter (100), comprising:

a housing (102) including:

a first axially disposed side wall (104) forming a radially outermost portion of a circumference for the housing (102);

a second axially disposed side wall (106) located radially inward of the first axially disposed wall (104);

a first radially disposed end wall (108) connected to a first axial edge (104A) of the first axially disposed wall (104); and,

a second radially disposed end wall (110) connected to a first axial edge (106A) of the second axially disposed side wall (106);

an outlet port (114) which extends from the second radially disposed end wall (110), and is radially aligned with the second axially disposed side wall (106); and,

an inlet port (112) extending from the first radially disposed end wall (108).

- 2. The fuel filter (100) of claim 1, wherein the radially disposed end wall (108) is directly connected to the first axially disposed side wall (104) and the inlet port (112).
- 3. The fuel filter (100) of claim 1 to 2, wherein the outlet port (114) includes:

a first axial end (114A) directly connected to the second radially disposed end wall (110); and, a distal end (114B) radially aligned with the first and second axially disposed side walls (104, 106).

4. The fuel filter (100) of claim 1 to 3, wherein the outlet port (114) is separated, in a radial direction (RD), from the first axially disposed side wall (104) by a space (SP) external to the housing (102).

- The fuel filter (100) of claim 1 to 4, wherein a cavity (116) enclosed by the housing (100) and an axial direction (AD1) is from the inlet port (112) toward the outlet port (114); the outlet port (114) includes a first axial end (114A) directly connected to the second axial end wall (110); a distal end (114B) radially aligned with the first and second axially disposed side walls (104, 106); and a portion of the cavity extends past the distal end (114B) in the axial direction (AD1).
- 15 6. The fuel filter (100) of claim 1 to 5, wherein a third radially disposed end wall (118) connects a second axial end (106B), opposite the first axial end (104B), of the first axially disposed side wall (104) to a second axial end, opposite the first axial end, of the second 20 axially disposed side wall (106), an axial direction (AD1) is from the inlet port (112) toward the outlet port (114); and the third axial wall (122) is located past the distal end (114b) in the axial direction (AD1).
- 7. The fuel filter (100) of claims 5 to 6, wherein the cavity (116) enclosed by the housing 102, encompasses a first portion (116A) of the cavity (116) which is radially disposed between the first and second axially disposed side walls (104, 106); and a second portion 30 (116B) of the cavity (116) which is radially disposed between the first axially disposed side wall (104, 106) and free of alignment, in a radial direction (RD), with the second axially disposed side wall (106).
- 8. The fuel filter (100) of claims 5 to 7, wherein a filter 35 element (120) is located within the cavity (116), which includes an axially disposed wall (122) and a radially disposed wall (124) connected to the axially disposed wall (122) and radially aligned with the out-40 let port (114).
 - **9.** The fuel filter (100) of claim 8, wherein:

a first portion (122A) of the axially disposed wall (122) for the filter element (120) is radially disposed between the first and second axially disposed side walls (104, 106); and, a second portion (122B) of the axially disposed

wall (124) for the filter element (120) is:

radially aligned with the first axially disposed side wall (104); and, free of alignment, in a radial direction (RD),

with the second axially disposed side wall (106).

10. The fuel filter (100) of claim 8 to 9, wherein the inlet port (112) is open to the cavity (116) and the outlet

5

45

50

55

port (114) is open to the first portion (116A) of the cavity (116) and including a distal end (114B) are radially aligned with the second portion (116B) of the cavity (116)

11. The fuel filter (100) of claim 10, wherein the first portion (122A) of the axially disposed wall (122) for the filter element (120) divides the first portion (116A) of the cavity (116) into third and fourth portions (116C, 116D) and the second portion (112B) of the axially disposed wall (122) for the filter element (120) divides a part of the second (112B) portion of the cavity (116) into fifth and sixth portions (116E, 116F).

12. The fuel filter (100) of claim 11, wherein the third portion (116C) is open to the fifth portion (116E) the fourth portion (116D) is open to the sixth portion (116F).

13. The fuel filter (100) of claim 12, wherein the radially disposed wall (122) of the filter element (120) bounds the fifth portion (116 E) in an axial direction (AD1), and a seventh portion (116G) of the cavity (116) is axially located between the radially disposed end wall (124) and the radially disposed wall (108) of the filter element (120).

14. The fuel filter (100) of claim 11, wherein the outlet port (114) includes a distal end (114B) axially opposite the first end (114A) and the distal end (114B) is aligned, in a radial direction (RD), with the third and fourth portions (116C, 116D) of the cavity (116).

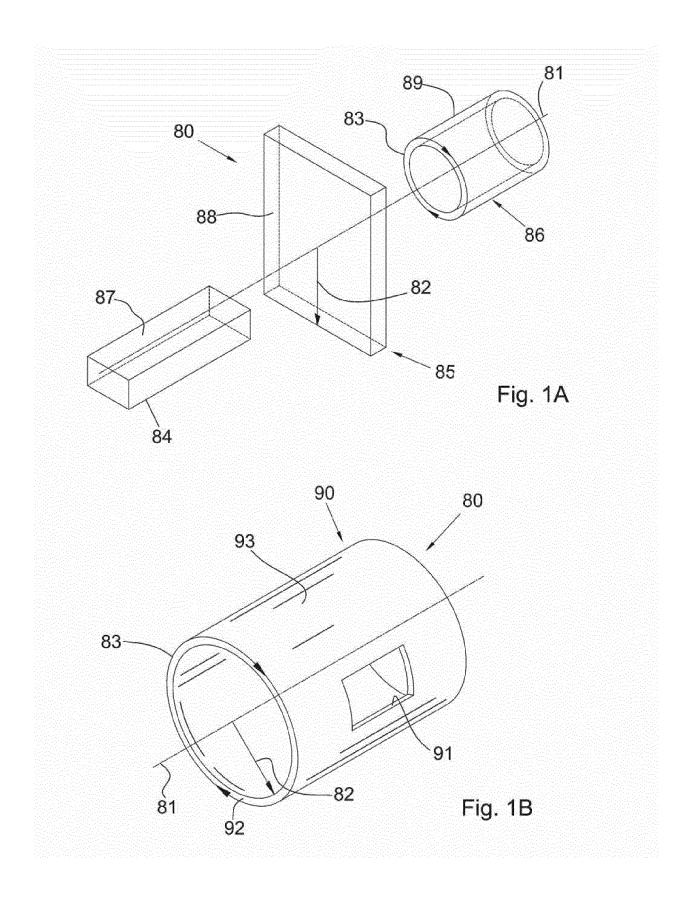
35

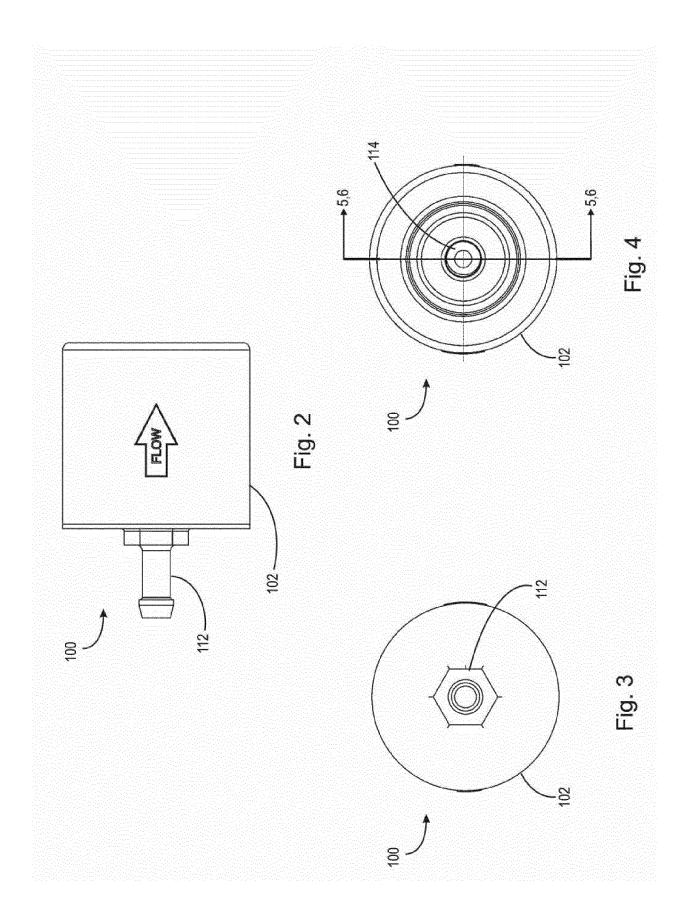
40

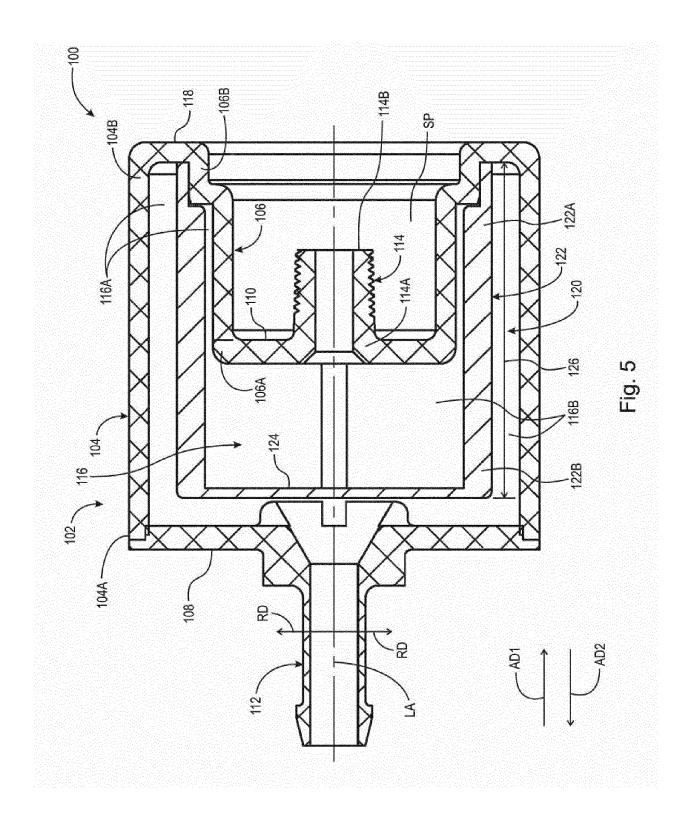
45

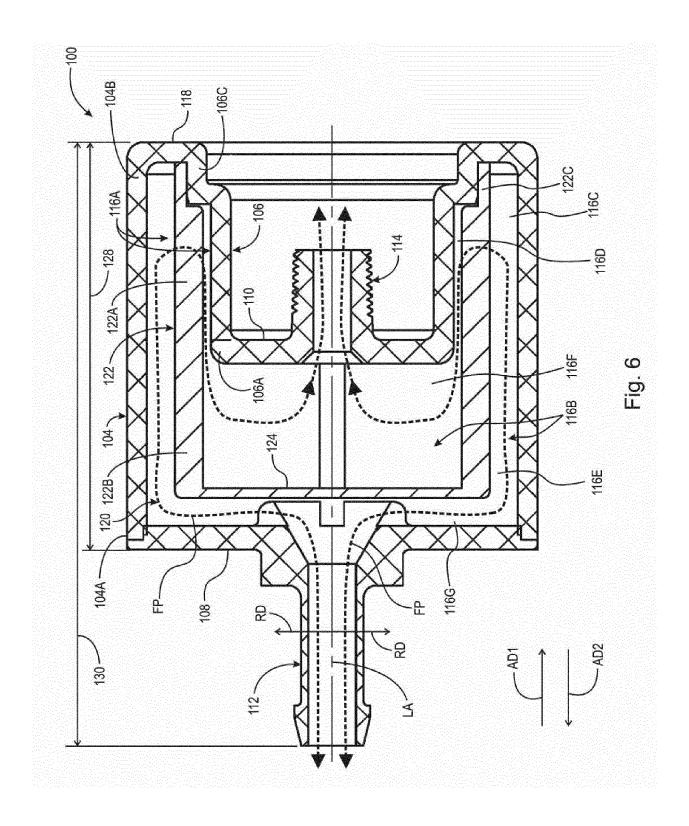
50

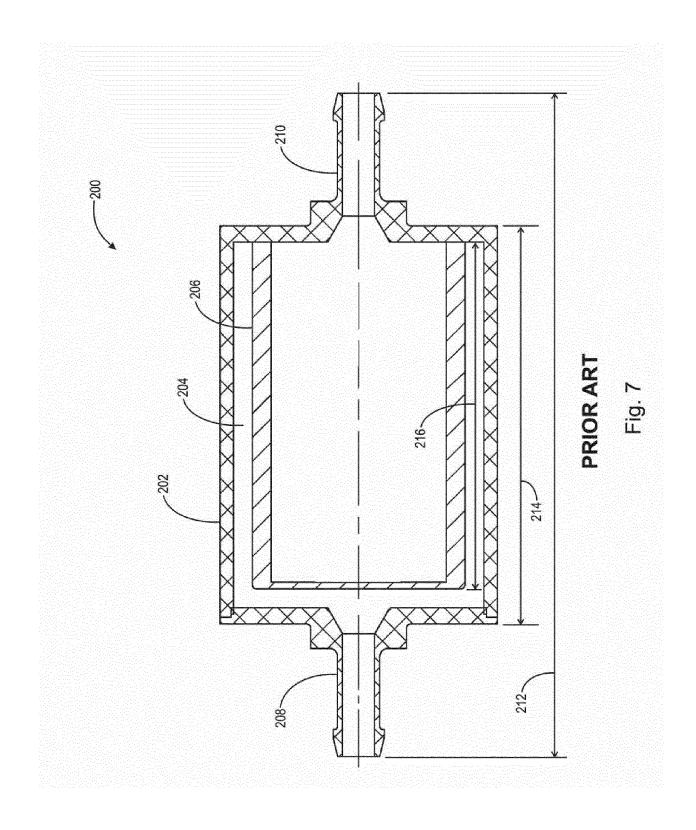
55













EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 14 19 3928

	Oitation of decomposit with it		D-I-		OL ADDIESO ATION OF THE
Category	of relevant pass	ndication, where appropriate, ages	to cla	vant aim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)
Х	US 6 595 371 B1 (DE 22 July 2003 (2003- * figure 2 *	SMARAIS CHRIS [US])	1-14		INV. B01D35/30 B01D29/15 B01D35/00
Х	DE 35 34 240 A1 (TE 26 March 1987 (1987	EVES GMBH ALFRED [DE])	1		001033700
Α	* figure 1 *		2-14		
A	DE 19 30 082 A1 (MI 23 December 1970 (1 * the whole documer	.970-12-23)	1-14		
A	EP 1 070 529 A1 (ST [US] STANADYNE CORF 24 January 2001 (20 * the whole documer	001-01-24)	1-14		
A	DE 10 2009 046094 A [DE]) 5 May 2011 (2 * the whole documen		1-14	14	
					TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)
					B01D
			4		
	The present search report has	·	<u> </u>		
	Place of search	Date of completion of the search		Clia	Examiner Maile
Munich		16 June 2015	Skowronski, Maik		
	ATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS icularly relevant if taken alone	T : theory or princip E : earlier patent d after the filing da	cument, b		
Y : parti docu	cularly relevant if combined with anot ment of the same category	her D : document cited L : document cited	aπer the filling date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons		
	nological background				

ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 14 19 3928

5

55

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

16-06-2015

10		-,	5	16-06-201
	Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
15 20	US 6595371 B1	22-07-2003	AT 468899 T AU 2002323228 A1 BR 0213231 A CA 2463292 A1 EP 1485180 A1 ES 2347322 T3 JP 3889401 B2 JP 2005518923 A MX PA04006467 A US 6595371 B1 WO 03074150 A1	15-06-2010 16-09-2003 28-09-2004 12-09-2003 15-12-2004 28-10-2010 07-03-2007 30-06-2005 04-10-2004 22-07-2003 12-09-2003
	DE 3534240 A1	26-03-1987	NONE	
25	DE 1930082 A1	23-12-1970	NONE	
30	EP 1070529 A1	24-01-2001	DE 69932156 T2 EP 1070529 A1 ES 2267232 T3 US 6364121 B1 US 2002113005 A1	09-11-2006 24-01-2001 01-03-2007 02-04-2002 22-08-2002
	DE 102009046094 A1	05-05-2011	NONE	
35				
40				
45				
50				
M P0459				

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82