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(54) **Drawer slide rail assembly**

Gleitschienenanordnung für Schublade

Ensemble de tiroir avec rail de glissement

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Description

Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates to a drawer slide rail assembly which includes a drawer adjusting mechanism to facilitate the adjustment of the relative position of a drawer mounted to the drawer slide rail assembly.

Background of the Invention

[0002] Structures of drawer height adjusting devices are disclosed, for example, in US Patent No. 6,923,518 B2, granted to Kim; US Patent Application Publication No. 2008/0018213 A1 of Chen et al.; and US Patent No. 4,842,422, granted to Nelson.

[0003] In the prior art disclosed in the patent granted to Kim and the patent application of Chen et al., a drawer is connected to one end of an adjusting element (adjustment member 57, adjusting lever 2) configured for and pivotally connected to a rail, and the vertical position of the drawer can be adjusted by rotating the adjusting element. However, as the drawer is adjusted along a curved path of rotation of the adjusting element, forward or backward displacement of the drawer takes place, too. In the prior art disclosed in the patent granted to Nelson, a drawer can be changed in position relative to a slide rail by directly moving an adjusting element (clamp 327), and yet the operation required is inconvenient.

Summary of the Invention

[0004] The present invention relates to a drawer slide rail assembly which allows a drawer mounted thereto to be easily adjusted in position relative to the drawer slide rail assembly.

[0005] According to one aspect of the present invention, a drawer slide rail assembly includes a first rail, a second rail, a movable member, a supporting member, and an adjusting member. The second rail is movably connected to the first rail and includes a pair of sidewalls and a main wall extending between the sidewalls. The movable member is movably mounted on the main wall of the second rail and has a first hole. At least a portion of the supporting member passes through the first hole of the movable member and is connected to the second rail. The adjusting member includes a cam and a shaft eccentrically connected to the cam. At least a portion of the cam presses against the movable member. The shaft passes through the movable member and is connected to the second rail. The first hole of the movable member is configured for movably connecting with the supporting member so that the movable member is adjustable relative to the supporting member, and hence upwardly or downwardly displaceable relative to the second rail, via the adjusting member.

[0006] According to the invention, the main wall of the second rail comprises a mounting portion. The movable

member further comprises a mounting hole and a second hole, wherein the mounting hole corresponds to the mounting portion of the second rail, the first hole has two lateral sides and defines a width as a distance between the two lateral sides, the first hole further has a top side and a bottom side and defines a height as a distance between the top side and the bottom side, and the second hole has a hole wall. At least a portion of the cam of the adjusting member presses against the hole wall of the second hole of the movable member, and the shaft passes through the movable member via the second hole. The supporting member has a width and a height, wherein the width of the supporting member is generally equal to the width of the first hole of the movable member, and the height of the supporting member is less than the height of the first hole of the movable member such that, when the adjusting member is rotated, the movable member is pushed by the cam and is thereby displaced upward or downward relative to the supporting member.

[0007] Preferably, the main wall of the second rail has a first projection and a second projection, and the movable member is linearly displaceable relative to the second rail under the guidance of the first projection and the second projection of the second rail.

[0008] Preferably, the mounting portion of the second rail is in the form of a hole.

[0009] Preferably, the movable member has a first part and a second part extending from and at an angle to the first part, and the second part has a portion movably located in the mounting portion of the second rail.

[0010] Preferably, the cam of the adjusting member has an engaging groove in which a tool (e.g., a screwdriver) can be inserted to facilitate rotation of the adjusting member.

[0011] Preferably, the drawer slide rail assembly further includes a drawer, and the second rail is mounted to a side of the drawer by a connector, wherein the connector has a portion passing through the mounting hole of the movable member and the mounting portion of the second rail.

[0012] Preferably, the slide rail assembly has two of said supporting members, and the movable member has two of said first holes, wherein each of said first holes is a slot that is so oriented as to be generally perpendicular to either of the sidewalls of the second rail, and wherein each of the slots is configured for movably connecting with one of the supporting members.

[0013] Preferably, the slide rail assembly has two of said supporting members, and the first hole of the movable member is a slot that is so oriented as to be generally perpendicular to either of the sidewalls of the second rail, wherein the slot is configured for movably connecting with the two supporting members.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0014] The invention as well as preferred modes of use and the advantages thereof will be best understood by

referring to the following detailed description of some illustrative embodiments in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 schematically shows the drawer slide rail assembly in a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is an exploded view showing how the drawer adjusting mechanism in a preferred embodiment of the present invention is mounted to a second rail;

FIG. 3A schematically shows how the drawer slide rail assembly in a preferred embodiment of the present invention is mounted to a side of a drawer;

FIG. 3B is an enlarged view of the circled area 3B in FIG. 3A;

FIG. 4 schematically shows how the drawer is displaced by an angle relative to the second rail in an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 5 is a perspective view showing how the drawer adjusting mechanism in a second embodiment of the present invention is mounted to the second rail;

FIG. 6 is a plan view showing how the drawer adjusting mechanism in the second embodiment of the present invention is mounted to the second rail;

FIG. 7 is a perspective view showing how the drawer adjusting mechanism in a third embodiment of the present invention is mounted to the second rail; and

FIG. 8 is a plan view showing how the drawer adjusting mechanism in the third embodiment of the present invention is mounted to the second rail.

Detailed Description of the Invention

[0015] Referring to FIG. 1, the drawer slide rail assembly in the first embodiment of the present invention include a first rail 10, a second rail 12 movably connected to the first rail 10, and a drawer adjusting mechanism 14. The first rail 10 is configured to be mounted to a cabinet (not shown), and the second rail 12 is configured to be mounted to a drawer (not shown). The drawer adjusting mechanism 14 is configured for adjusting the drawer and keeping it in a predetermined horizontal position relative to the first rail 10 so that the drawer can be pulled out of or pushed back into the cabinet smoothly.

[0016] As shown in FIG. 2, the second rail 12 has a generally C-shaped cross-section and includes a pair of sidewalls 16 and a main wall 18 extending between the sidewalls 16. The main wall 18 includes a first projection 20a, a second projection 20b, a mounting portion 22, a first connecting portion 24, and a second connecting portion 26.

The mounting portion 22, the first connecting portion 24, and the second connecting portion 26 are located between the first projection 20a and the second projection 20b. In this embodiment, the mounting portion 22, the first connecting portion 24, and the second connecting portion 26 are all provided in the form of a hole, but these three portions are by no means limited to this form. In a preferred embodiment, the second rail 12 has another mounting portion 23, such as a slot spaced from the mounting portion 22 by a predetermined distance. The mounting portion 22 is adjacent to an end of the main wall 18 of the second rail 12.

[0017] As shown in FIG. 3A, the drawer adjusting mechanism 14 is mounted on the main wall 18 of the second rail 12. The drawer adjusting mechanism 14 includes a movable member 28, a supporting member 30, and an adjusting member 32.

[0018] The movable member 28 is linearly movably mounted on the main wall 18 of the second rail 12 and is located between the first projection 20a and the second projection 20b of the second rail 12. The first projection 20a and the second projection 20b of the second rail 12 serve to guide and thereby enable the movable member 28 to displace linearly relative to the second rail 12. More specifically, the movable member 28 has a first part 34, a second part 36 extending from and at an angle to the first part 34, a mounting hole 38, a first hole 40, and a second hole 42. Preferably, a portion of the second part 36 is movably located in the mounting portion 22 of the second rail 12 and can therefore be displaced to a limited extent within the mounting portion 22. The mounting hole 38 is located in the second part 36 and corresponds to the mounting portion 22 of the second rail 12. The first hole 40 and the second hole 42 are located in the first part 34 and correspond to the first connecting portion 24 and the second connecting portion 26 of the second rail 12 respectively. The distance between the two lateral sides of the first hole 40 is defined as width w_1 , and the distance between the top side and the bottom side of the first hole 40 is defined as height h_1 . The second hole 42 has a hole wall 44.

[0019] At least a portion of the supporting member 30 extends through the first hole 40 of the movable member 28 and is connected to the first connecting portion 24 of the second rail 12. Thus, the supporting member 30 connects the movable member 28 to the second rail 12. More specifically, the at least a portion of the supporting member 30 has a width w_2 and a height h_2 , as shown in FIG. 3B. The width w_2 is generally equal to the width w_1 , but the height h_2 is less than the height h_1 ; consequently, a path is formed, allowing the movable member 28 to displace linearly along the path relative to the supporting member 30.

[0020] The adjusting member 32 includes a cam 46 and a shaft 48 eccentrically connected to the cam 46. At least a portion of the cam 46 presses against the hole wall 44 of the second hole 42 of the movable member 28. The shaft 48 passes through the second hole 42 of

the movable member 28 and is connected to the second connecting portion 26 of the second rail 12. When the adjusting member 32 is rotated, the movable member 28 is pushed by the cam 46 and is hence displaced upward or downward relative to the supporting member 30. Preferably, the cam 46 has a tool portion 50, such as an engaging groove in which a corresponding tool (e.g., a screwdriver) can be inserted to facilitate rotation of the adjusting member 32.

[0021] In FIG. 4, the second rail 12 has been mounted to a side of a drawer 52. More specifically, the second rail 12 is mounted to the drawer 52 by a connector 54 a portion of which extends through the mounting hole 38 of the movable member 28 and the mounting portion 22 of the second rail 12. In addition, the mounting portion 23 (see FIG. 2) of the second rail 12 is connected to the drawer 52 by a fixing element (not shown). Therefore, should an inclination angle α be formed between the second rail 12 and the drawer 52 after assembly, the adjusting member 32 can be rotated with a tool to displace the movable member 28 linearly relative to the second rail 12, thereby eliminating the undesirable angle between the second rail 12 and the drawer 52, allowing the drawer 52 to be pulled out of or pushed back into a cabinet in a smooth manner. The foregoing design is particularly useful when a plurality of drawers 52 are vertically arranged in a cabinet, for the gap or angle between each two adjacent drawers 52 can be fine-tuned and corrected as needed.

[0022] FIG. 5 and FIG. 6 show the drawer adjusting mechanism 200 in the second embodiment of the present invention, wherein the drawer adjusting mechanism 200 includes a pair of supporting members 202 connecting a movable member 204 to the second rail 12. In more detail, the movable member 204 has a pair of slots 206 each configured for movably connecting with one supporting member 202. Moreover, each slot 206 is so oriented as to be generally perpendicular to either sidewall 16 of the second rail 12. The drawer adjusting mechanism 200 further includes an adjusting member 208, and the adjusting member 208 includes a cam 210 and a shaft 212 eccentrically connected to the cam 210. At least a portion of the cam 210 presses against the movable member 204, and the shaft 212 passes through the movable member 204 and is connected to the second rail 12 so that, by means of the adjusting member 208, the movable member 204 can be adjusted relative to the supporting members 202 and thus be displaced upward or downward relative to the second rail 12 conveniently.

[0023] FIG. 7 and FIG. 8 show the drawer adjusting mechanism 300 in the third embodiment of the present invention, wherein the drawer adjusting mechanism 300 includes a pair of supporting members 302 connecting a movable member 304 to the second rail 12. More specifically, the movable member 304 has a slot 306 for movably connecting with the supporting members 302. The slot 306 is so oriented as to be generally perpendicular to either sidewall 16 of the second rail 12. The drawer

adjusting mechanism 300 further includes an adjusting member 308, and the adjusting member 308 includes a cam 310 and a shaft 312 eccentrically connected to the cam 310. At least a portion of the cam 310 presses against the movable member 304, and the shaft 312 passes through the movable member 304 and is connected to the second rail 12 so that, by means of the adjusting member 308, the movable member 304 can be adjusted relative to the supporting members 302 and thus be displaced upward or downward relative to the second rail 12 conveniently.

[0024] While the present invention has been disclosed through the foregoing preferred embodiments, the embodiments are not intended to be restrictive of the present invention. The scope of patent protection sought by the applicant is defined by the appended claims.

Claims

1. A drawer slide rail assembly, comprising:

a first rail (10);
a second rail (12) movably connected to the first rail (10), the second rail (12) comprising a pair of sidewalls (16) and a main wall (18) extending between the sidewalls (16);
a movable member (28, 204, 304) movably mounted on the main wall (18) of the second rail (12), the movable member (28, 204, 304) having a first hole (40, 206, 306);
a supporting member (30, 202, 302), at least a portion of which passes through the first hole (40, 206, 306) and is connected to the second rail (12); and
an adjusting member (32, 208, 308) comprising a cam (46, 210, 310) and a shaft (48, 212, 312) eccentrically connected to the cam (46, 210, 310), wherein at least a portion of the cam (46, 210, 310) presses against the movable member (28, 204, 304), and the shaft (48, 212, 312) passes through the movable member (28, 204, 304) and is connected to the second rail (12);

wherein the first hole (40, 206, 306) of the movable member (28, 204, 304) is configured for movably connecting with the supporting member (30, 202, 302) so that the movable member (28, 204, 304) is adjustable relative to the supporting member (30, 202, 302), and hence upwardly or downwardly displaceable relative to the second rail (12), via the adjusting member (32, 208, 308), **characterized in that** the main wall (18) of the second rail (12) comprises a mounting portion (22); the movable member (28) further comprises a mounting hole (38) and a second hole (42), wherein the mounting hole (38) corresponds to the mounting portion (22) of the second rail (12), the first hole (40) has two lateral sides

and defines a width (w_1) as a distance between the two lateral sides, the first hole (40) further has a top side and a bottom side and defines a height (h_1) as a distance between the top side and the bottom side, and the second hole (42) has a hole wall (44); at least a portion of the cam (46) of the adjusting member (32) presses against the hole wall (44) of the second hole (42) of the movable member (28), and the shaft (48) passes through the movable member (28) via the second hole (42); the supporting member (30) has a width (w_2) and a height (h_2); and wherein the width (w_2) of the supporting member (30) is generally equal to the width (w_1) of the first hole (40) of the movable member (28), and the height (h_2) of the supporting member (30) is less than the height (h_1) of the first hole (40) of the movable member (28) such that, when the adjusting member (32) is rotated, the movable member (28) is pushed by the cam (46) and is thereby displaced upward or downward relative to the supporting member (30).

2. The drawer slide rail assembly as claimed in claim 1, wherein the main wall (18) of the second rail (12) has a first projection (20a) and a second projection (20b), and the movable member (28) is linearly displaceable relative to the second rail (12) under guidance of the first projection (20a) and the second projection (20b) of the second rail (12).
3. The drawer slide rail assembly as claimed in claim 1, wherein the mounting portion (22) of the second rail (12) is a hole.
4. The drawer slide rail assembly as claimed in claim 3, wherein the movable member (28) has a first part (34) and a second part (36) extending from and at an angle to the first part (34), and the second part (36) has a portion movably located in the mounting portion (22) of the second rail (12).
5. The drawer slide rail assembly as claimed in claim 1, wherein the cam (46) of the adjusting member (32) has an engaging groove (50) in which a tool can be inserted to facilitate rotation of the adjusting member (32).
6. The drawer slide rail assembly as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a drawer (52), wherein the second rail (12) is mounted to a side of the drawer (52) by a connector (54) having a portion passing through the mounting hole (38) of the movable member (28) and the mounting portion (22) of the second rail (12).
7. The drawer slide rail assembly as claimed in claim 1, wherein the slide rail assembly has two of said supporting members (202); the movable member (204) has two of said first holes (206), wherein each of said first holes (206) is a slot that is so oriented

as to be generally perpendicular to either of the side-walls (16) of the second rail (12), and wherein each of the slots is configured for movably connecting with one of the supporting members (202).

8. The drawer slide rail assembly as claimed in claim 1, wherein the slide rail assembly has two of said supporting members (302); the first hole (306) of the movable member (304) is a slot that is so oriented as to be generally perpendicular to either of the side-walls (16) of the second rail (12), wherein the slot is configured for movably connecting with the two supporting members (302).

Patentansprüche

1. Ein Aufbau einer Schubladen-Laufschiene, umfassend:

eine erste Schiene (10);

eine zweite Schiene (12), die beweglich an der ersten Schiene (10) befestigt ist; die zweite Schiene (12) ein Paar Seitenwände (16) und eine Hauptwand (18), die zwischen den Seitenwänden (16) gebildet ist, umfaßt;

ein beweglicher Teil (28, 204, 304), der beweglich an der Hauptwand (18) der zweiten Schiene (12) montiert ist; der bewegliche Teil (28, 204, 304) ein erstes Loch (40, 206, 306) aufweist; ein Stützglied (30, 202, 302), dessen mindestens ein Teil durch das erste Loch (40, 206, 306) ragt und an der zweiten Schiene (12) befestigt ist; und

ein Verstellglied (32, 208, 308), das eine Nocke (46, 210, 310) und eine Welle (48, 212, 312) umfaßt, wobei letztere exzentrisch an der Nocke (46, 210, 310) befestigt ist; mindestens ein Teil der Nocke (46, 210, 310) an den beweglichen Teil (28, 204, 304) andrückt; die Welle (48, 212, 312) durch den beweglichen Teil (28, 204, 304) ragt und an der zweiten Schiene (12) befestigt ist;

wobei das erste Loch (40, 206, 306) des beweglichen Teils (28, 204, 304) so ausgeführt ist, dass das Stützglied (30, 202, 302) darin befestigt werden kann, damit der bewegliche Teil (28, 204, 304) am Stützglied (30, 202, 302) verstellbar ist und mit dem Verstellglied (32, 208, 308) an der zweiten Schiene (12) aufwärts oder abwärts verschoben werden kann, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Hauptwand (18) der zweiten Schiene (12) ein Montageglied (22) umfaßt; das bewegliche Teil (28) weiter mit einem Montageloch (38) und einem zweiten Loch (42) gebildet ist, wobei das Montageloch (38) mit dem Montageglied (22) in der zweiten Schiene (12) übereinstimmt; das erste Loch (40) zwei Seiten und

eine Breite (w1) als einen Abstand zwischen den beiden Seiten aufweist; das erste Loch (40) weiter eine obere Seite und eine untere Seite und eine Höhe (h1) als einen Abstand zwischen dieser oberen Seite und der unteren Seite aufweist; das zweite Loch (42) 5 eine Bohrungswand (44) aufweist; mindestens ein Teil der Nocke (46) am Verstellglied (32) an die Bohrungswand (44) des zweiten Loches (42) im beweglichen Teil (28) andrückt und die Welle (48) durch das zweite Loch (42) und durch den beweglichen Teil (28) ragt; das Stützglied (30) eine Breite (w2) 10 und eine Höhe (h2) aufweist; wobei die Breite (w2) des Stützgliedes (30) generell der Breite (w1) des ersten Lochs (40) im beweglichen Teil (28) entspricht; die Höhe (h2) des Stützgliedes (30) geringer als die Höhe (h1) des ersten Lochs (40) im beweglichen Teil (28) ist, und zwar so, dass beim Rotieren des Verstellgliedes (32) der bewegliche Teil (28) mit der Nocke (46) angeschoben und daher am Stützglied (30) aufwärts oder abwärts verschoben wird. 20

2. Der Aufbau einer Schubladen-Laufschiene nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Hauptwand (18) der zweiten Schiene (12) mit einem ersten Vorsprung (20a) und mit einem zweiten Vorsprung (20b) gebildet ist; der bewegliche Teil (28) mit dem ersten Vorsprung (20a) und dem zweiten Vorsprung (20b) linear an der zweiten Schiene (12) verschiebbar ist. 25
3. Der Aufbau einer Schubladen-Laufschiene nach Anspruch 1, wobei das Montageglied (22) der zweiten Schiene (12) als ein Loch gebildet ist. 30
4. Der Aufbau einer Schubladen-Laufschiene nach Anspruch 3, wobei der bewegliche Teil (28) mit einem ersten Teil (34) und mit einem zweiten Teil (36) gebildet ist; der zweite Teil (36) sich vom ersten Teil (34) in einem Winkel zu diesem erstreckt und der zweite Teil (36) weiter einen Teil aufweist, der beweglich im Montageglied (22) der zweiten Schiene (12) angeordnet ist. 35 40
5. Der Aufbau einer Schubladen-Laufschiene nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Nocke (46) des Verstellgliedes (32) mit einer Eingriffsrille (50) gebildet ist, in der ein Werkzeug eingeführt werden kann, um die Rotierung des Verstellgliedes (32) zu erleichtern. 45
6. Der Aufbau einer Schubladen-Laufschiene nach Anspruch 1, weiter umfassend eine Schublade (52), wobei eine zweite Schiene (12) mit einem Verbindungsteil (54) an einer Seite der Schublade (52) montiert ist; der Verbindungsteil (54) einen Teil aufweist, der durch das Montageloch (38) im beweglichen Teil (28) und das Montageglied (22) der zweiten Schiene (12) ragt. 50 55
7. Der Aufbau einer Schubladen-Laufschiene nach An-

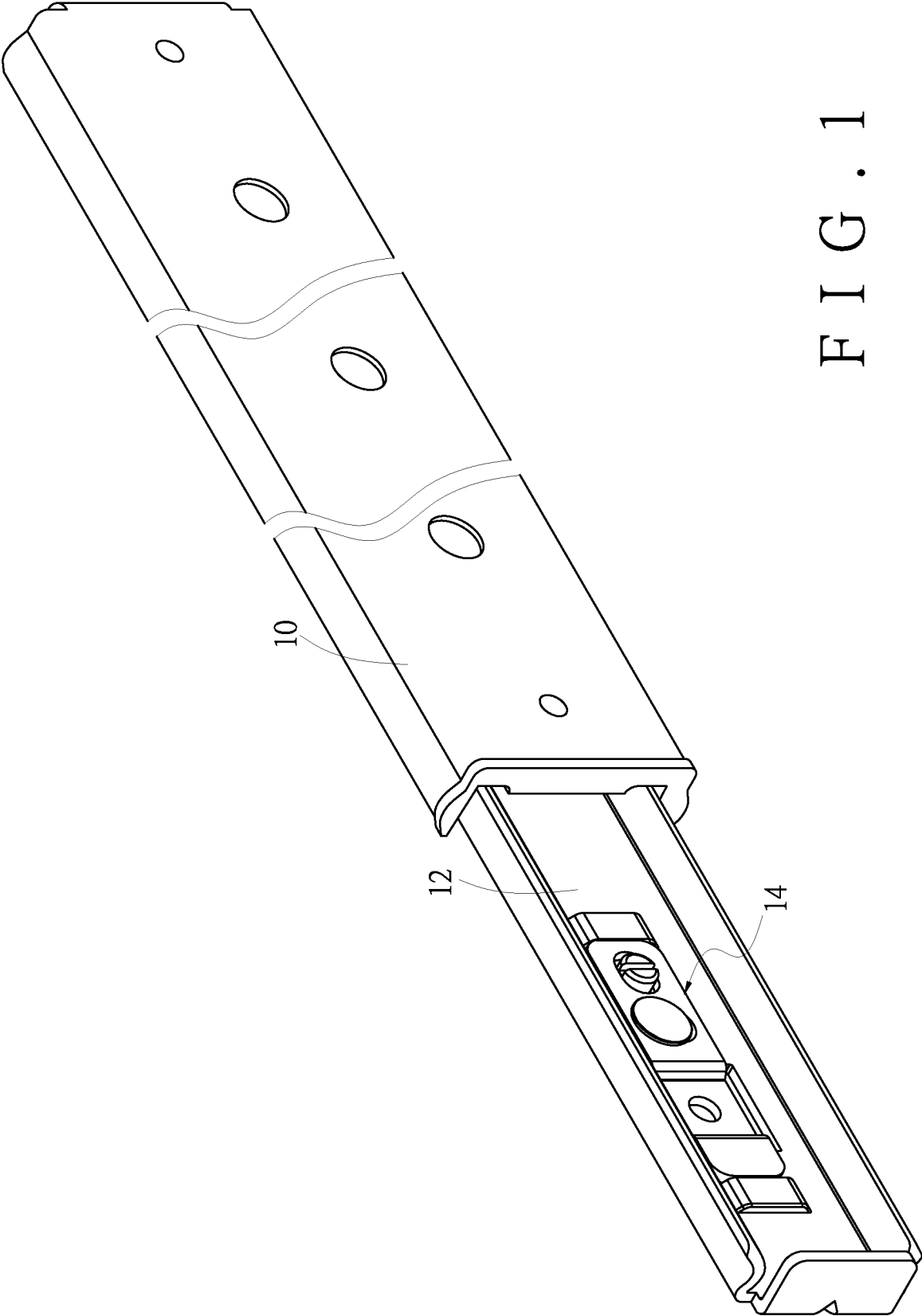
spruch 1, wobei an der Schubladen-Laufschiene zwei der Stützglieder (202) montiert sind; der bewegliche Teil (204) zwei der ersten Löcher (206) aufweist, wobei jedes dieser ersten Löcher (206) als eine Schlitzöffnung gebildet ist, die so ausgerichtet ist, dass sie generell senkrecht zu den Seitenwänden (16) der zweiten Schiene (12) geformt ist; jede der Schlitzöffnungen so gebildet ist, dass eines der Stützglieder (202) beweglich in diese befestigt werden kann.

8. Der Aufbau einer Schubladen-Laufschiene nach Anspruch 1, wobei an der Schubladen-Laufschiene zwei der Stützglieder (302) montiert sind; das erste Loch (306) im beweglichen Teil (304) als eine Schlitzöffnung gebildet ist, die so ausgerichtet ist, dass sie generell senkrecht zu den Seitenwänden (16) der zweiten Schiene (12) geformt ist; die Schlitzöffnung so gebildet ist, dass beide Stützglieder (302) beweglich in diese befestigt werden kann.

Revendications

1. Un ensemble de glissières de tiroir, comprenant :
 - un premier rail (10) ;
 - un second rail (12) raccordé de façon mobile au premier rail (10), le second rail (12) comprenant une paire de parois latérales (16) et une paroi principale (18) s'étendant entre les parois latérales (16) ;
 - un élément mobile (28, 204, 304) assemblé de façon mobile sur la paroi principale (18) du second rail (12), l'élément mobile (28, 204, 304) comportant un premier trou (40, 206, 306) ;
 - un élément de support (30, 202, 302), dont au moins une partie passe à travers le premier trou (40, 206, 306) et est raccordée au second rail (12) ; et
 - un élément de réglage (32, 208, 308) comprenant une came (46, 210, 310) et un axe (48, 212, 312) raccordé de façon excentrique à la came (46, 210, 310), dans lequel au moins une partie de la came (46, 210, 310) s'appuie contre l'élément mobile (28, 204, 304), et l'axe (48, 212, 312) passe à travers l'élément mobile (28, 204, 304) et est raccordé au second rail (12) ;
- dans lequel le premier trou (40, 206, 306) de l'élément mobile (28, 204, 304) est configuré pour se raccorder de façon mobile à l'élément de support (30, 202, 302) de sorte que l'élément mobile (28, 204, 304) est réglable par rapport à l'élément de support (30, 202, 302), et ainsi déplaçable vers le haut ou le bas par rapport au second rail (12), via l'élément de réglage (32, 208, 308), **caractérisé en ce que** la paroi principale (18) du second rail (12) comprend

- une partie d'assemblage (22) ; l'élément mobile (28) comprend en outre un trou d'assemblage (38) et un second trou (42), dans lequel le trou d'assemblage (38) correspond à la partie d'assemblage (22) du second rail (12), le premier trou (40) comporte deux bords latéraux et définit une largeur (w1) comme distance entre les deux bords latéraux, le premier trou (40) comporte en outre un côté supérieur et un côté inférieur et définit une hauteur (h1) comme distance entre le côté supérieur et le côté inférieur, et le second trou (42) comporte une paroi de trou (44) ; au moins une partie de la came (46) de l'élément de réglage (32) s'appuie contre la paroi de trou (44) du second trou (42) de l'élément mobile (28), et l'axe (48) passe à travers l'élément mobile (28) via le second trou (42) ; l'élément de support (30) comporte une largeur (w2) et une hauteur (h2) ; et dans lequel la largeur (w2) de l'élément de support (30) est généralement égal à la largeur (w1) du premier trou (40) de l'élément mobile (28), et la hauteur (h2) de l'élément de support (30) est inférieure à la hauteur (h1) du premier trou (40) de l'élément mobile (28) de sorte que, lorsque l'élément de réglage (32) est tourné, l'élément mobile (28) est poussé par la came (46) et est ainsi déplacé vers le haut ou le bas par rapport à l'élément de support (30).
2. L'ensemble de glissières de tiroir selon la revendication 1, dans lequel la paroi principale (18) du second rail (12) comporte une première saillie (20a) et une seconde saillie (20b), et l'élément mobile (28) est déplaçable de façon linéaire par rapport au second rail (12) guidé par la première saillie (20a) et la seconde saillie (20b) du second rail (12).
 3. L'ensemble de glissières de tiroir selon la revendication 1, dans lequel la partie d'assemblage (22) du second rail (12) est un trou.
 4. L'ensemble de glissières de tiroir selon la revendication 3, dans lequel l'élément mobile (28) comporte une première pièce (34) et une seconde pièce (36) s'étendant à un angle à partir de la première pièce (34), et la seconde pièce (36) comporte une partie située de façon mobile dans la partie d'assemblage (22) du second rail (12).
 5. L'ensemble de glissières de tiroir selon la revendication 1, dans lequel la came (46) de l'élément de réglage (32) comporte une rainure d'engagement (50) dans laquelle un outil peut être inséré pour faciliter la rotation de l'élément de réglage (32).
 6. L'ensemble de glissières de tiroir selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre un tiroir (52), dans lequel le second rail (12) est assemblé sur un côté du tiroir (52) par un connecteur (54) comportant une partie passant à travers le trou d'assemblage (38) de l'élément mobile (28) et la partie d'assemblage (22) du second rail (12).
 7. L'ensemble de glissières de tiroir selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'ensemble de glissières comporte deux desdits éléments de support (202) ; l'élément mobile (204) comporte deux desdits premiers trous (206), dans lequel chacun desdits premiers trous (206) est une fente qui est orientée de façon à être en général perpendiculaire à l'une des parois latérales (16) du second rail (12), et dans lequel chacune des fentes est configurée pour se raccorder de façon mobile à l'un des éléments de support (202).
 8. L'ensemble de glissières de tiroir selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'ensemble de glissières comporte deux desdits éléments de support (302) ; le premier trou (306) de l'élément mobile (304) est une fente qui est orientée de façon à être en général perpendiculaire à l'une des parois latérales (16) du second rail (12), dans lequel la fente est configurée pour se raccorder de façon mobile aux deux éléments de support (302).



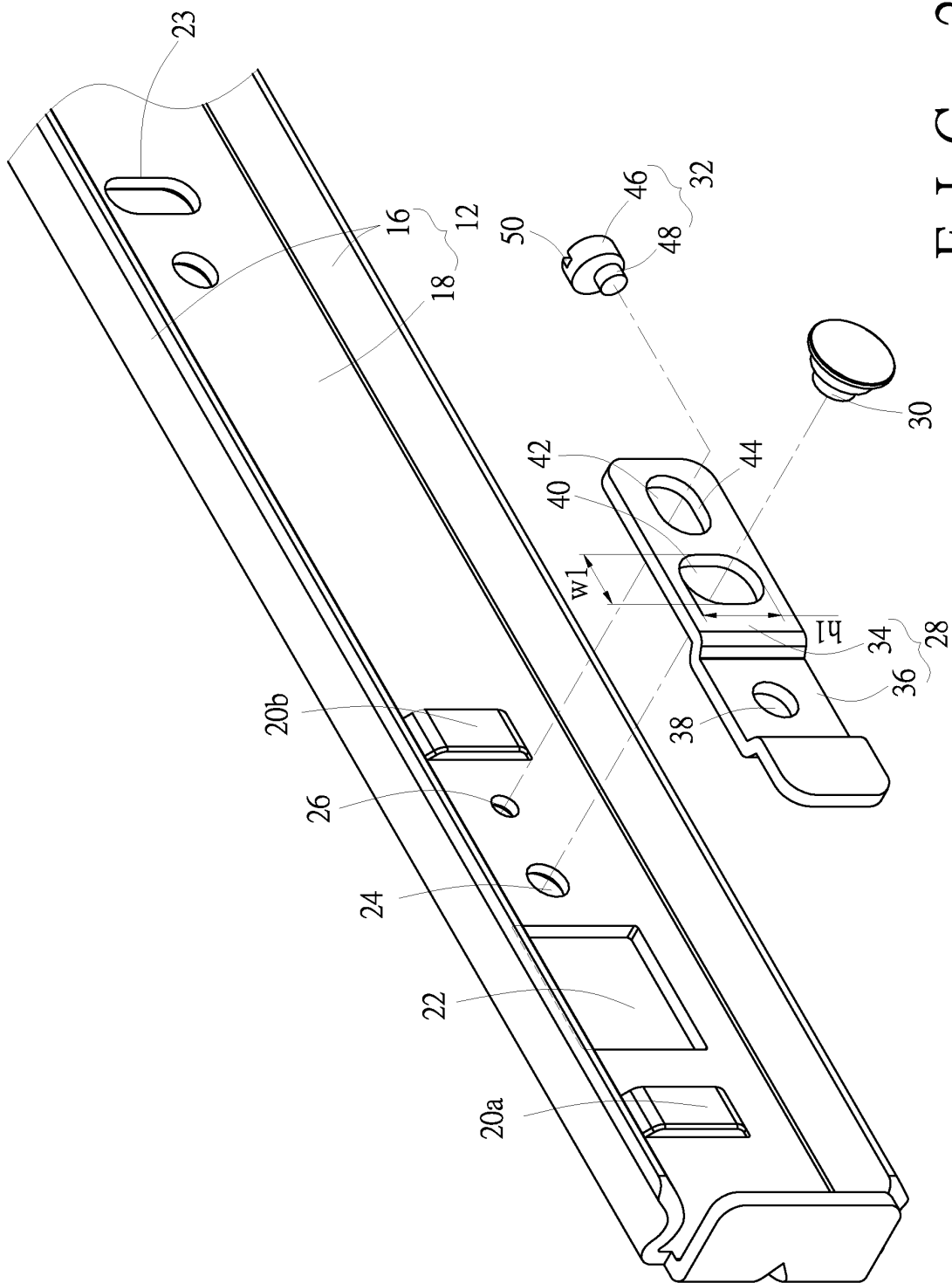
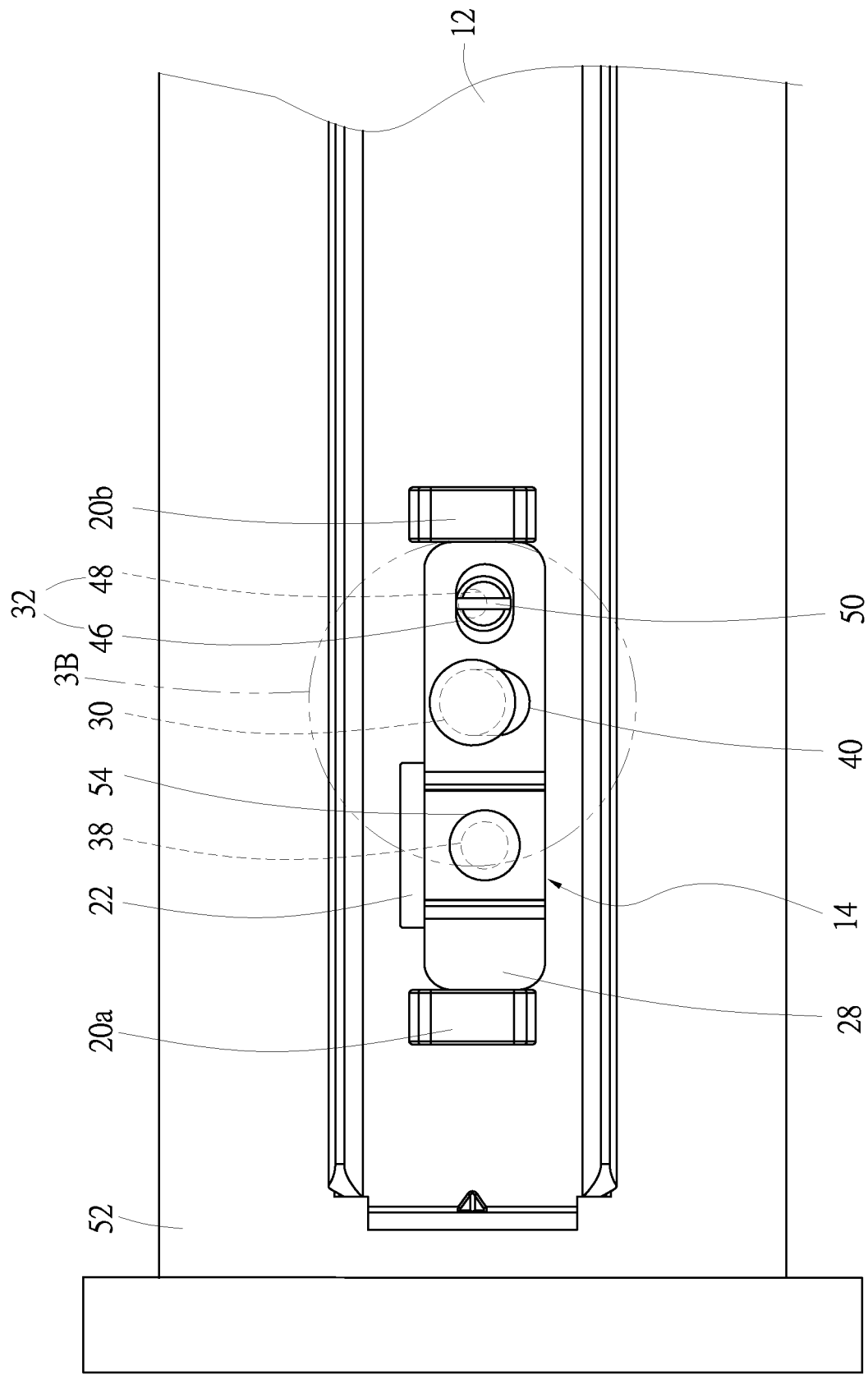
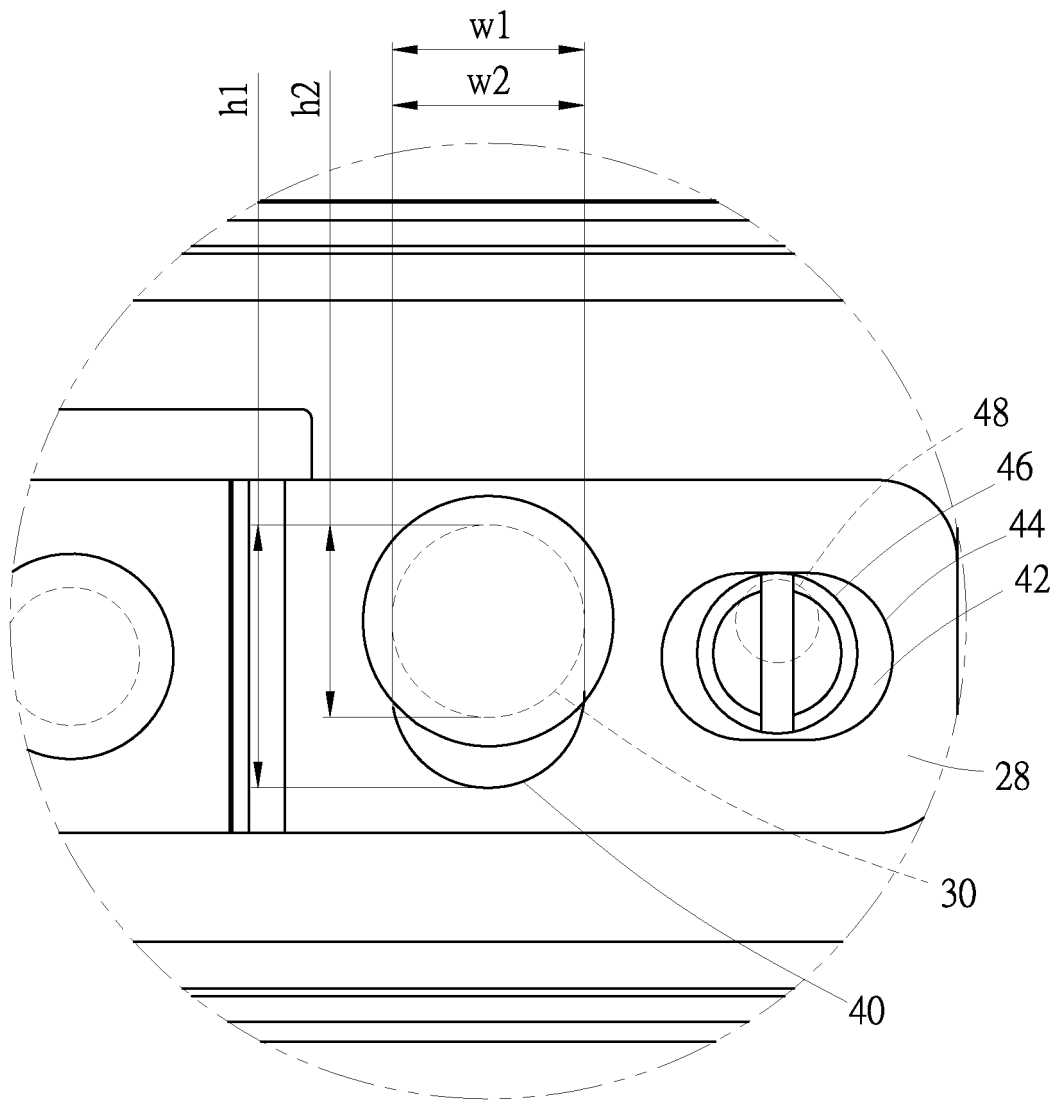


FIG. 2





F I G . 3 B

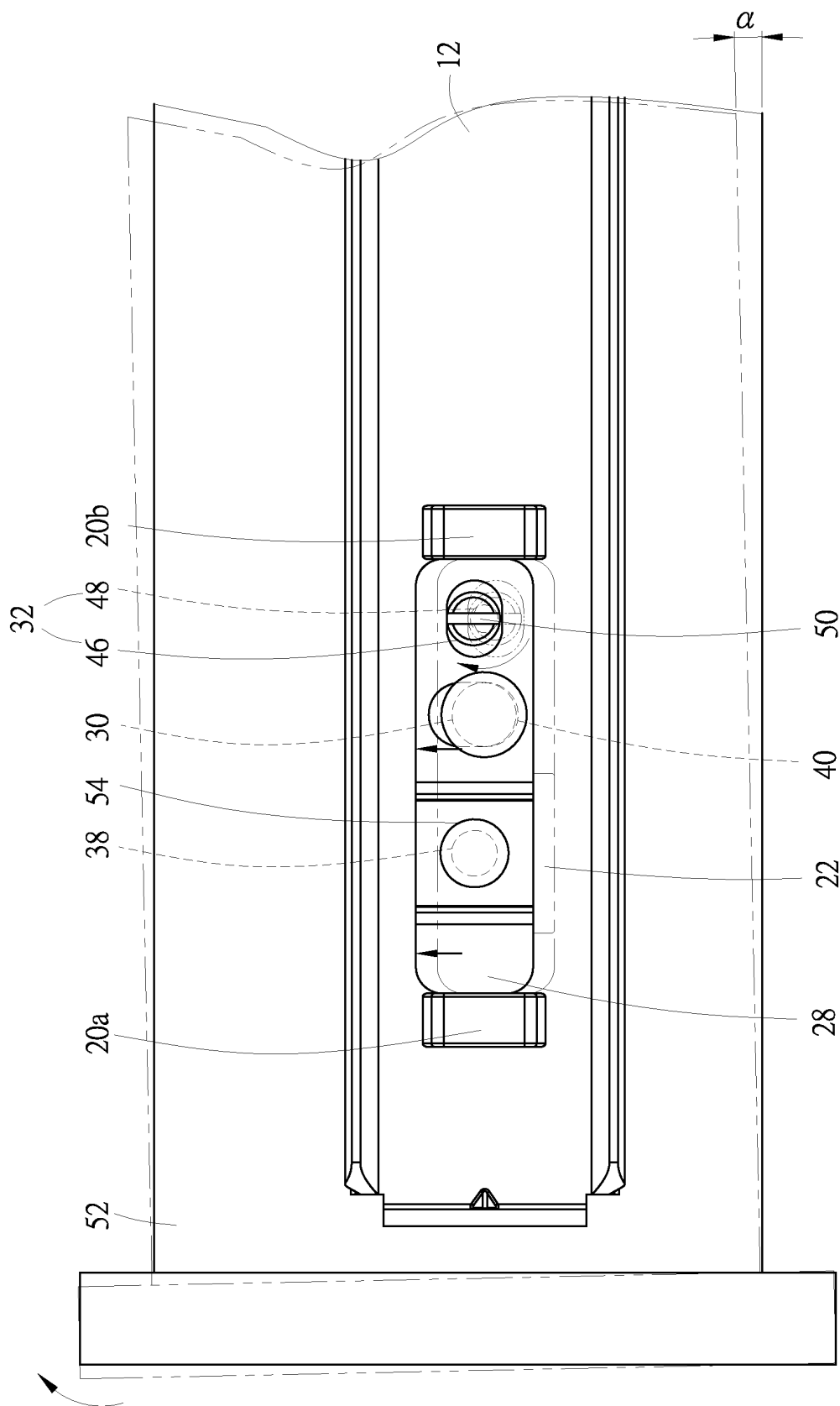


FIG. 4.

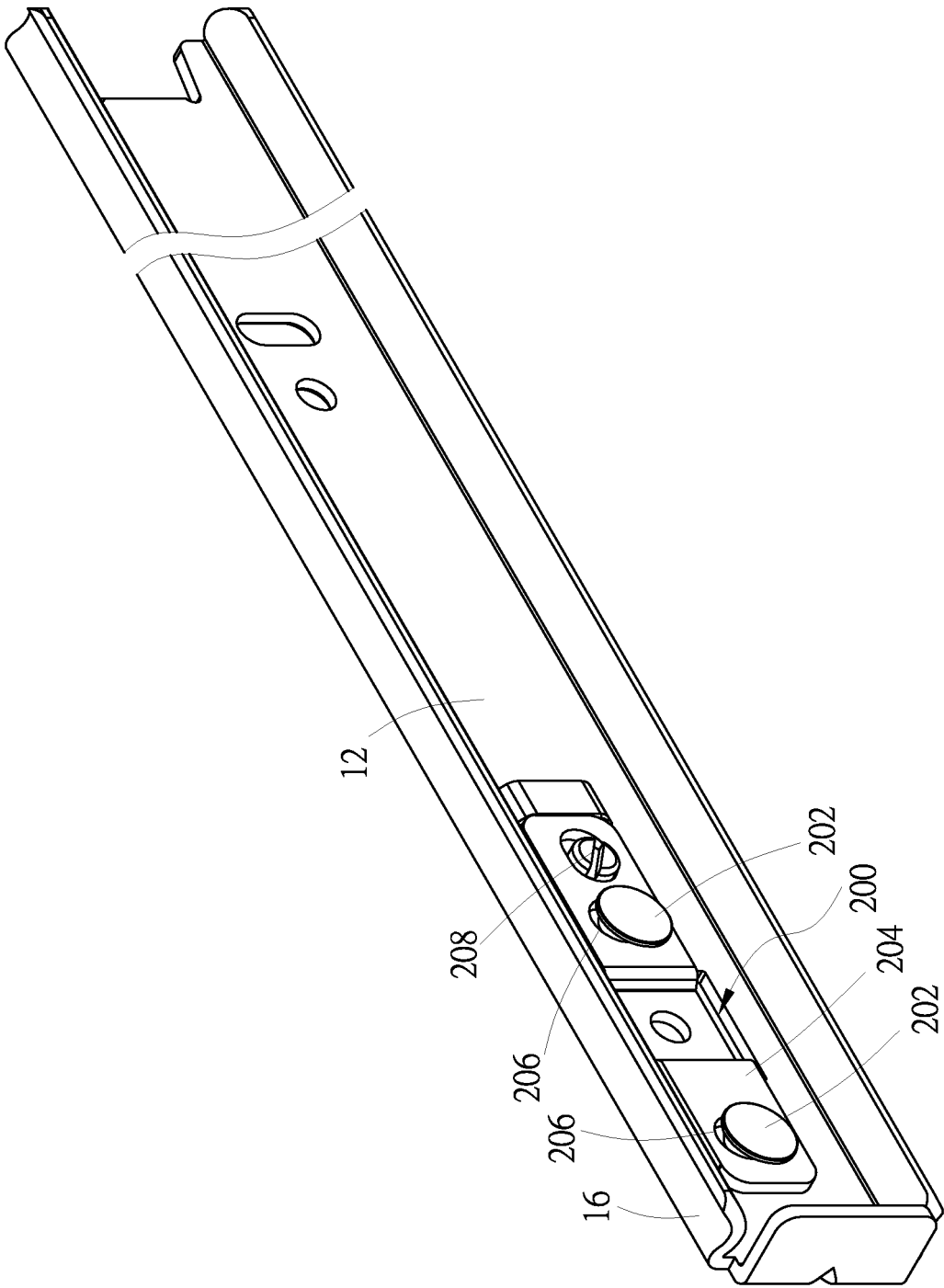


FIG. 5

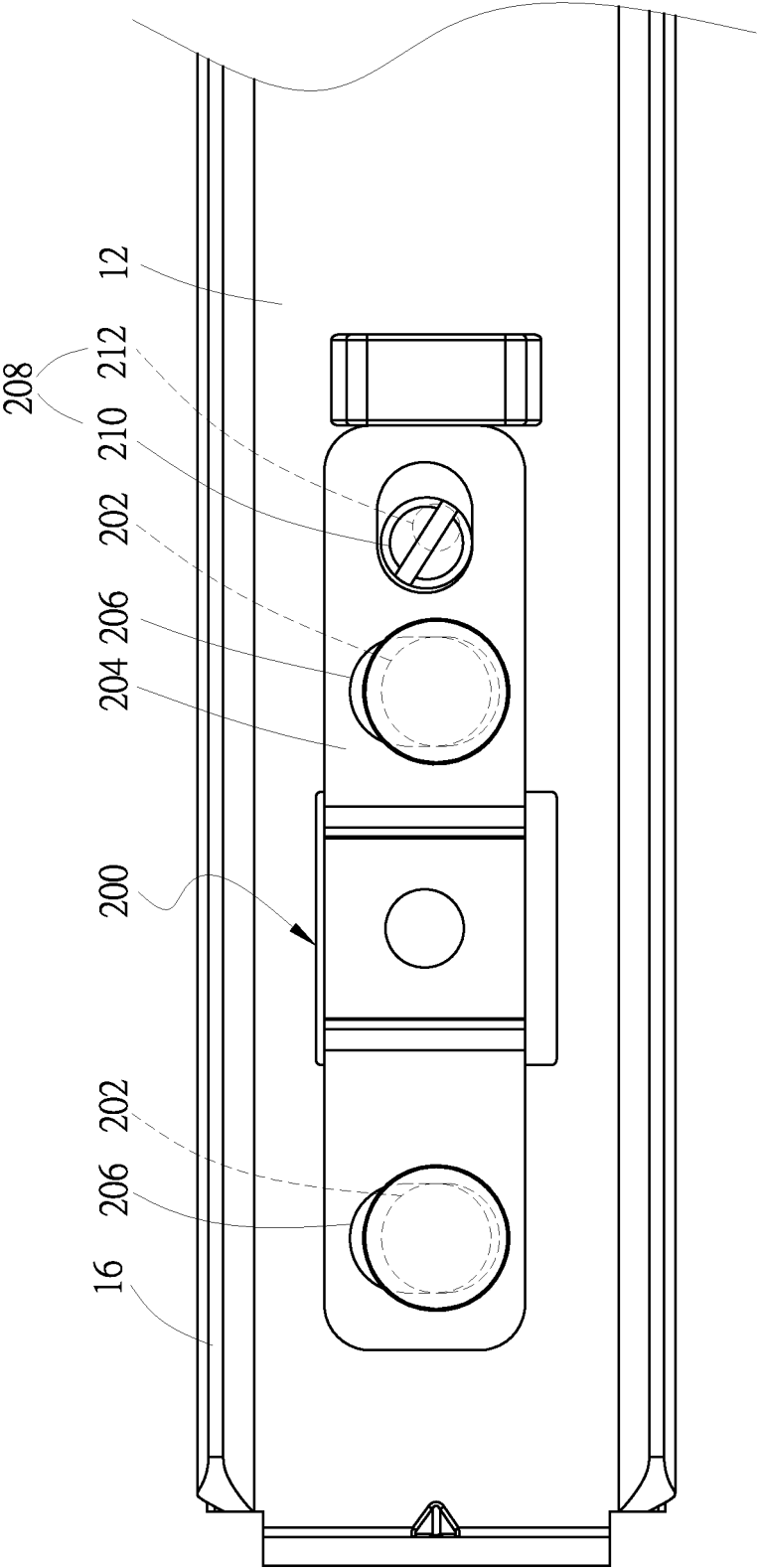
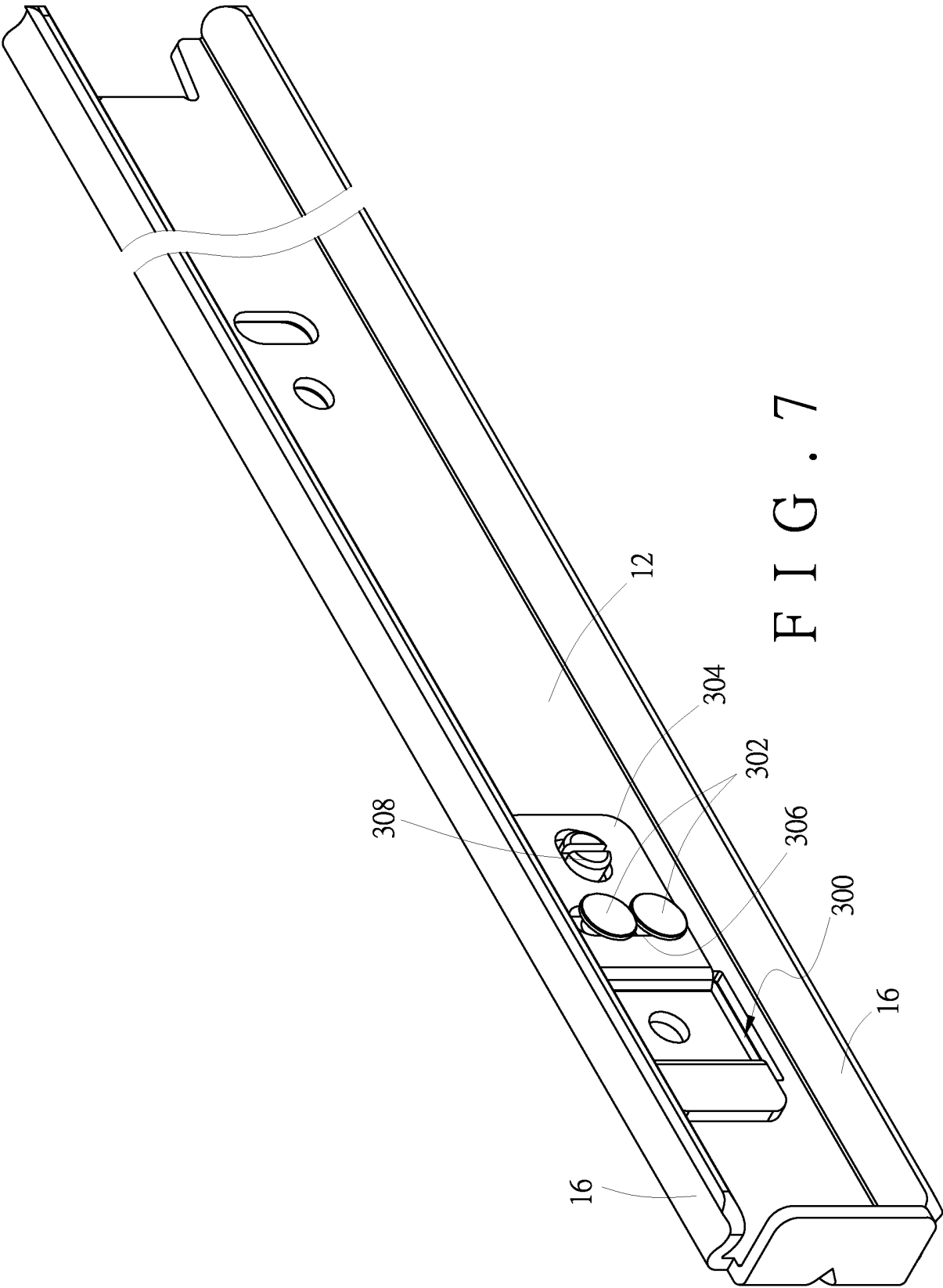


FIG. 6



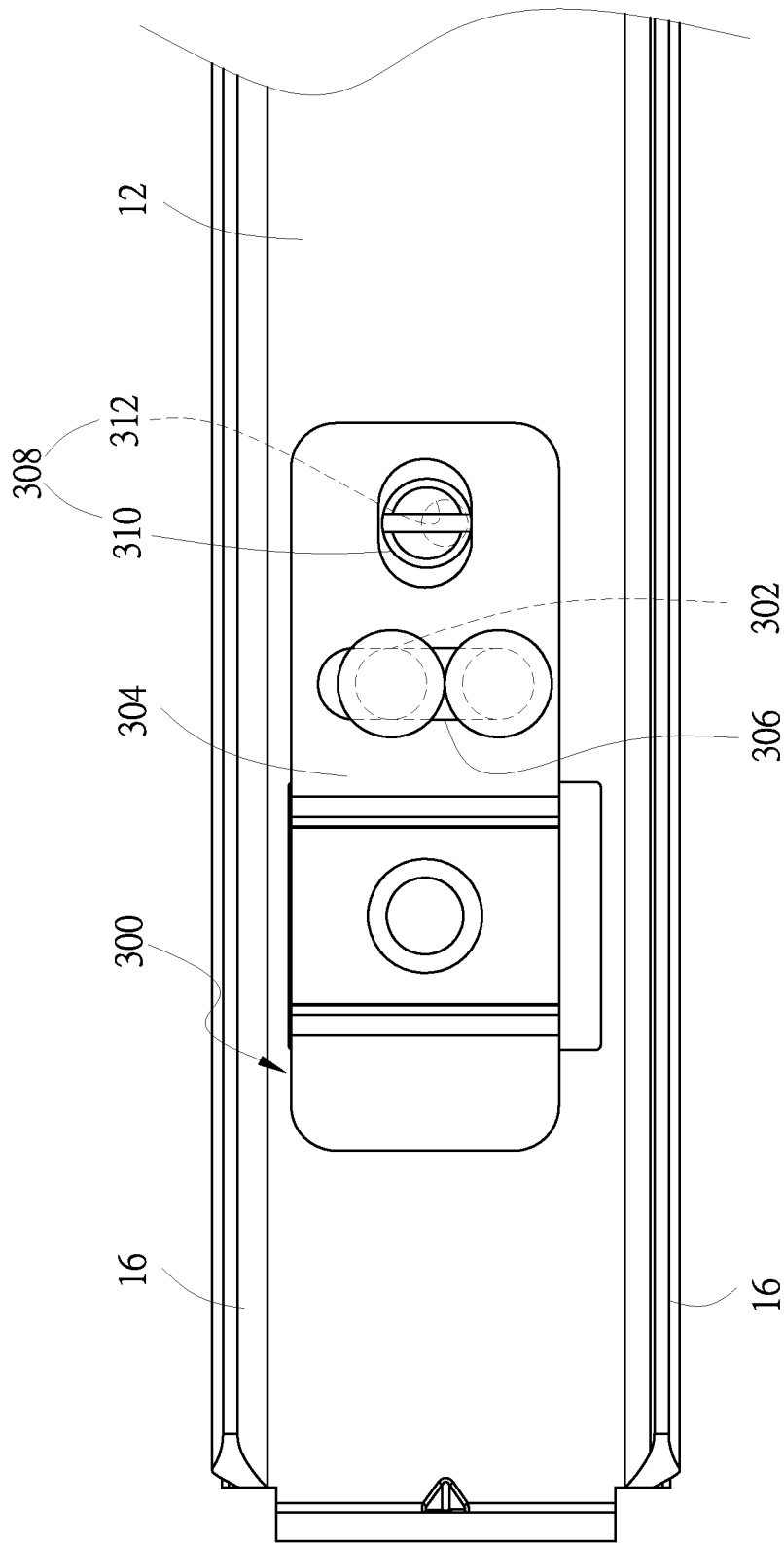


FIG. 8

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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