



(12) **EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

(43) Date of publication:
30.11.2016 Bulletin 2016/48

(51) Int Cl.:
B65D 43/02 (2006.01)

(21) Application number: **16158844.7**

(22) Date of filing: **04.03.2016**

(84) Designated Contracting States:
AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR
Designated Extension States:
BA ME
Designated Validation States:
MA MD

(71) Applicant: **Anthony, Patricia M.**
Auburn Hills, MI 48326 (US)

(72) Inventor: **Anthony, Patricia M.**
Auburn Hills, MI 48326 (US)

(74) Representative: **Maitland, Matthew et al**
Mathys & Squire LLP
The Shard
32 London Bridge Street
London SE1 9SG (GB)

(30) Priority: **26.05.2015 US 201562129734 P**
28.08.2015 US 201514838529

(54) **VERSATILE SQUARE CONTAINER LID**

(57) In one embodiment of the invention, a versatile square lid (100) includes: a lid body (130) comprising a square configuration; and a plurality of square rings (120a, 120b) formed in the lid body; wherein the plurality of square rings includes a first square ring that is configured to receive a first square container having a first size and a second square ring that is configured to receive a second square container having a second size. In another

embodiment of the invention, a versatile square lid (800) includes: a square lid body (130) comprising a center portion (115), a bendable lid portion (815), and an edge portion; wherein the bendable lid portion is between the center portion and the edge portion; and wherein the bendable lid portion is configured to bend in an upward direction and bend in a downward direction.

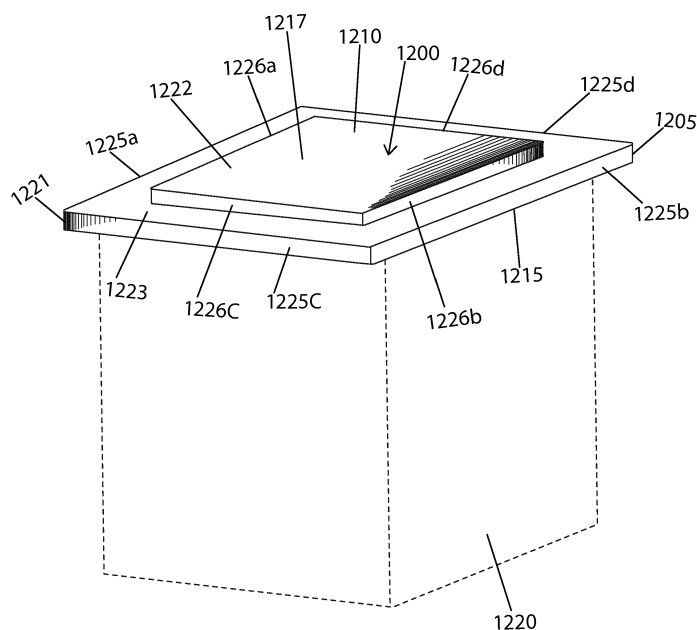


FIG. 12

Description

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims the benefit of and priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/129,734. This U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/129,734 is hereby fully incorporated herein by reference.

[0002] This application is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. Application No. 14/465,805.

[0003] This application is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. Application No. 13/439,823.

[0004] Application No. 13/439,823 is a continuation-in-part application of Design application No. 29/405,305, filed Nov. 1, 2011.

[0005] Application No. 13/439,823 is a continuation-in-part application of Design application No. 29/405,306, filed Nov. 1, 2011.

[0006] Application No. 13/439,823 is a continuation-in-part application of Design application No. 29/392,677, filed May 25, 2011.

[0007] Application No. 13/439,823 is a continuation-in-part application of Design application No. 29/392,680, filed May 25, 2011.

[0008] This application claims the benefits of and priorities to Application Nos. 13/439,823, 29/405,305, 29/405,306, 29/392,677, and 29/392,680.

[0009] Application Nos. 13/439,823, 29/405,305, 29/405,306, 29/392,677, and 29/392,680 are hereby fully incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0010] Embodiments of the invention relate generally to a versatile container lid.

BACKGROUND

[0011] A variety of food containers and corresponding lids are available to consumers in various sizes, shapes (e.g., bowls, box-shaped containers, and/or the like), and/or configurations. Consumers often unnecessarily spend their valuable time looking for a particular lid that fits into a bowl or other container and/or often sift or search through a pile of mismatched lids. In other words, the consumer is often required to rummage through countless lids (or a relatively high number of lids in the kitchen) in order to find a lid that fits a particular food container.

[0012] Additionally, maintaining a large number of lids does not allow the consumer to save space in the kitchen, kitchen cabinets, and/or cupboards. Furthermore, the currently available tin foil products and plastic wrap products may not provide a sufficient air-tight cover for food containers, are disposable products that may harm the environment, and/or would add to the consumer's expense since new foil products and/or plastic wrap products are disposable products that are required to be re-

purchased by the consumer. Therefore, some consumers are frustrated with the requirement and inconvenience of having to keep different sized lids that are associated with different sized food containers and/or with the unnecessary expense of purchasing disposable food covers.

[0013] Various food container lids are disclosed in, for example, the following patent-related publications: U.S. Pat. No. 7,264,135, U.S. Pat. No. 8,007,615, US 2009/0183807, US 2010/0207297, and US D555,982. However, these conventional products: (1) do not provide a sufficiently rigid cover, (2) are not able to provide a cover for different sized food containers, (3) require multiple parts that are subject to wear-and-tear due to the frequent use of the food containers, and/or (4) require particular shapes and/or configurations that lead to additional manufacturing expenses and complexities. Silicone sealing lids which are reusable and safe for use in a refrigerator, freezer, and/or dishwasher are also commercially available. However, any particular silicone sealing lids is only usable for a corresponding container size. Therefore, the conventional products have various disadvantages that are not desirable for the consumer.

[0014] Based on the above discussion, the current technology is limited in its capabilities and suffers from at least the above constraints and deficiencies.

SUMMARY

[0015] In one embodiment of the invention, a versatile container lid includes: a lid body; and a plurality of rings formed in the lid body; wherein the plurality of rings includes a first ring that is configured to receive a first container having a first size and a second ring that is configured to receive a second container having a second size.

[0016] In another embodiment of the invention, a versatile container lid includes: a lid body comprising a center portion, a bendable lid portion, and an edge portion; wherein the bendable lid portion is between the center portion and the edge portion; and wherein the bendable lid portion is configured to bend in an upward direction and bend in a downward direction.

[0017] In another embodiment of the invention, a method of manufacturing a versatile lid includes: forming a lid body from a material, forming a plurality of rings within the lid body, and forming a top surface of the lid body, wherein the top surface has a given configuration.

[0018] It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following detailed description are exemplary and explanatory only and are not restrictive of the invention, as claimed.

[0019] The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification, illustrate one (several) embodiment(s) of the invention and together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0020] Non-limiting and non-exhaustive embodiments of the invention are described with reference to the following figures, wherein like reference numerals refer to like parts throughout the various views unless otherwise specified. Additionally, the left-most digit of a reference number may identify the drawing in which the reference number first appears.

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a top view of a versatile container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of a bottom view of a versatile container lid of FIG. 2, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 4 is a block diagram of a top view of a versatile container lid, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 5 is a block diagram of a bottom view of a versatile container lid of FIG. 4, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 6 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile container lid removably coupled to a first container of a first size, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 7 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile container lid removably coupled to a second container of a second size, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 8 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a foldable versatile container lid, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 9A is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 9B is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid in FIG. 9A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 9C is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid in FIG. 9A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 10A is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid, in accordance with another em-

bodiment of the invention.

FIG. 10B is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid in FIG. 10A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 10C is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid in FIG. 10A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 10D is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid in FIG. 10A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 10E is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid in FIG. 10A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 11 is a flow diagram of a method for manufacturing a versatile container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 12 is a block diagram of a front perspective view of a versatile square container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 13 is a block diagram of a front perspective view of a versatile square container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container is detached or separated from the lid.

FIG. 14 is a block diagram of a top plan view of a versatile square container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 15 is a block diagram of a bottom plan view of a versatile square container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 16 is a block diagram of a side elevational view of a versatile square container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container of a first size is attached to the lid.

FIG. 17 is a block diagram of a side elevational view of a versatile square container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container of a first size is detached or separated from the lid.

FIG. 18 is a block diagram of a top plan view of a versatile square container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 19 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile square container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container of a first size is attached to the lid.

FIG. 20 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile square container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container of a first size is de-attached to the lid.

FIG. 21 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile square container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container of a second size is attached to the lid.

FIG. 22 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile square container lid, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container of a second size is de-attached to the lid.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0021] In the description herein, numerous specific details are provided, such as examples of components, materials, parts, structures, and/or methods, to provide a thorough understanding of embodiments of the invention. One skilled in the relevant art will recognize, however, that an embodiment of the invention can be practiced without one or more of the specific details, or with other apparatus, systems, methods, components, materials, parts, structures, and/or the like. In other instances, well-known components, materials, parts, structures, methods, or operations are not shown or described in detail to avoid obscuring aspects of embodiments of the invention. Additionally, the figures are representative in nature and their shapes are not intended to illustrate the precise shape or precise size of any element and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

[0022] Those skilled in the art will understand that when an element or part in the drawings is referred to as being "on" (or "connected" to or "coupled" to or "attached" to) another element, it can be directly on (or directly attached to) the other element or intervening elements may also be present. Furthermore, relative terms such as "inner", "outer", "upper", "above", "lower", "beneath", "below", "downward", and "upward" and similar terms, may be used herein to describe a relationship of one element relative to another element. It is understood that these terms are intended to encompass different orientations of the device in addition to the orientation depicted in the figures.

[0023] Although the terms first, second, and the like may be used herein to describe various elements, components, parts, regions, layers, chambers, and/or sections, these elements, components, parts, regions, layers, chambers, and/or sections should not be limited by these terms. These terms are only used to distinguish one element, component, part, region, layer, chamber, or section from another element, component, part, region, layer, chamber, or section. Thus, a first element, component, part, region, layer, chamber, or section discussed below could be termed a second element, com-

ponent, part, region, layer, chamber, or section without departing from the teachings of the present invention.

[0024] Embodiments of the invention are described herein with reference to cross-sectional view illustrations that are schematic illustrations of representative embodiments of the invention. As such, variations from the shapes of the illustrations as a result of, for example, manufacturing techniques and/or tolerances are expected. Embodiments of the invention should not be construed as limited to the particular shapes of the regions, elements, components, parts, layers, chambers, and/or sections illustrated herein but are to include deviations in shapes that result, for example, from manufacturing or particular implementations. For example, an element illustrated or described as square or rectangular may typically have rounded or curved features due to normal manufacturing tolerances or due to a particular implementation. Thus, the elements illustrated in the figures are schematic in nature and their shapes are not intended to illustrate the precise shape of an element of a device and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

[0025] FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of versatile container lid 100 (apparatus 100), in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The lid 100 includes a base portion 105 and an upper portion 110 coupled to (or integrated with) the base portion 105. In other embodiments of the invention, the base portion 105 and upper portion 105 may be a single piece that forms the lid 100. Other variations in the components of the lid 100 are possible in other embodiments of the invention.

[0026] In an embodiment of the invention, an upper central surface 115 (or top center portion 115) of the upper portion 110 is a flat surface 116 or a substantially flat surface 116. In another embodiment of the invention, the upper central surface 115 may have another configuration, shape, and/or characteristic such as a non-planar surface 117 which is shown in dashed (phantom) lines. Although the exemplary non-planar surface 117 is depicted in FIG. 1 as a hemisphere configuration, those skilled in the relevant art(s) would realize based on the discussion herein that the non-planar surface 117 may have other shapes and/or configuration and/or may be disposed in another position on any position on a top surface 118 of the upper portion 110 and/or may be a single element 117 and/or may be multiple elements 117 or any amount or number of elements 117. The upper central surface 115 is disposed within a top surface central area of the lid 100 and is on the top surface of the lid body 130.

[0027] In accordance with an embodiment of the invention, the lid 100 includes a plurality of rings (which are generally referred herein as rings 120). In FIG. 1, the exemplary lid 100 includes the rings 120a and 120b, although the number of rings 120 may vary in another embodiment of the invention. As will be discussed below, a ring 120 is a hollow section between ridges of the lid 100, and each ring 120 can removably receive and removably

attach (and/or removably secure and/or removably couple) the lid 100 to a container as will be discussed below. Two components are removably attached (or removably coupled or removably secured) means that two different components can be attached together or detached apart. Therefore, the rings 120a and 120b are formed by respective openings (or respective hollow portions) in the solid body portion 130 (or solid body 130) of the lid 100. If the rings 120a and 120b are circular, then the two rings 120a and 120b will be concentric or substantially concentric. If the rings 120a and 120b are non-circular (e.g., square or rectangular), then adjacent portions of the rings 120a and 120b will be parallel or substantially parallel.

[0028] Otherwise stated, the plurality of rings 120 are formed within the lid body 130 of the lid 100. One exemplary plurality of rings 120 includes a first ring 120a that is configured to removably receive a first container 600 (FIG. 6) having a first size D6 and a second ring 120b that is configured to removably receive a second container 700 (FIG. 7) having a second size D8. As will be discussed below, the lid 100 can include one or more additional rings among the plurality of rings 120 so that the lid 100 also has a third ring that is configured to removably receive a third container (e.g., container 930a in FIG. 9A) having a third size D10. The lid 100 can include one or more additional rings.

[0029] The opening 121 in the ring 120a is between the upright wall 122a (vertical wall 122a) and the upright wall 122b (vertical wall 122b) which is opposite to the wall 122a. The walls 122a and 122b are part of the lid body 130. The opening 121 is also below upper wall 122c which is above the walls 122a and 122b and is typically substantially perpendicular to the walls 122a and 122b. The upper wall 122c is also part of the lid body 130.

[0030] The opening 123 in the ring 120b is between the upright wall 124a (vertical wall 124a) and the upright wall 124b (vertical wall 124b) which is opposite to the wall 124a. The walls 124a and 124b are part of the lid body 130. The opening 123 is also below upper wall 124c which is above the walls 124a and 124b and is typically substantially perpendicular to the walls 124a and 124b. The upper wall 124c is also part of the lid body 130.

[0031] In the exemplary lid 100, the ring 120a is disposed between the ridges 125a and 125b and disposed within the lid body 130, with the ridge 125a forming an outer edge portion 135 (or edge portion 135) that spans the circumference (or that spans the outer edge) of the base 105. The ridges 125a, 125b, and 125c are also part of the lid body 130. The ring 120b is disposed between the ridges 125b and 125c, with the ridge 125c disposed adjacent to (and/or is a part of) the center portion 115 of the lid 100.

[0032] In an embodiment of the invention, the lid 100 may be formed by any suitable rigid material or semi-rigid material such as, by way of example and not by way of limitation, plastic, rubber, and/or another suitable synthetic material. In another embodiment of the invention as will be discussed below in additional details, the lid

100 may be foldable and, therefore, the lid is at least partly formed by a suitably flexible material, substantially flexible material, or foldable material such as, by way of example and not by way of limitation, silicone (i.e., silicone rubber).

[0033] The lid 100 may be manufactured by standard manufacturing methods known to those skilled in the relevant art(s) such as, by way of example and not by way of limitation, molding, stamping, extrusion processing, casting, polymer foam processing and forming, and/or other standard shaping processes of synthetic materials.

[0034] FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a top view of a versatile container lid 100, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The lid 100 has a diameter D1 (or dimension D1) between the edge portion 135 and is circular in shape or substantially circular in shape. The diameter D1 may be set at any suitable length, so that the lid 100 may have different sizes for covering any variety of sizes of bowls. As will be discussed below, in other embodiments of the invention, the lid 100 may have other shapes.

[0035] FIG. 3 is a block diagram of a bottom view of a versatile container lid 100 of FIG. 2, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The vertical walls 122a, 122b, 124a, and 124b are circular-shaped walls that are part of the lid body 130. The vertical wall 122a has a diameter of D2 and the vertical wall 122b has a diameter of D3, where $D1 > D2 > D3$. The vertical wall 124a has a diameter of D4 and the vertical wall 124b has a diameter of D5, where $D1 > D2 > D3 > D4 > D5$ and where the diameters D1, D2, D3, D4, and D5 may be set to any suitable lengths so that the lid 100 can cover any container of different sizes. The diameters D1 through D5 will be discussed further below when the lid 100 is used to cover different sized containers.

[0036] As shown in FIG. 3, the rings 120a and 120b are substantially circular and are substantially concentric.

[0037] FIG. 4 is a block diagram of a top view of a versatile container lid 100, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention. The lid 100 has a length of L1 and width of W1, where L1 and W1 may be set at any suitable set to any suitable length, so that the lid 100 may have different sizes for covering any variety of sizes of containers. If $L1 = W1$, then the lid 100 will have a substantially square shape. If L1 does not equal W1 (e.g., $L1 > W1$), the lid 100 will have a substantially non-square shape or substantially rectangular shape.

[0038] FIG. 5 is a block diagram of a bottom view of a versatile container lid 100 of FIG. 4, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The vertical walls 122a, 122b, 124a, and 125b are square-shaped walls that are part of the lid body 130. The vertical wall 122a has a width (dimension) of W2 and length (dimension) of L2, and the vertical wall 122b has a width (dimension) of W3 and length (dimension) of L3, where $W1 > W2 > W3$ and $L1 > L2 > L3$. The vertical wall 124a has a width (dimension) of W4 and length (dimension) of L4, and the vertical

wall 124b has a width (dimension) of $W5$ and length (dimension) of $L5$, where $L1 > L2 > L3 > L4 > L5$ and $W1 > W2 > W3 > W4 > W5$, and where the lengths $L1$, $L2$, $L3$, $L4$, and $L5$ and the widths $W1$, $W2$, $W3$, $W4$, and $W5$ may be set to any suitable lengths so that the lid 100 can cover different sized containers.

[0039] The exemplary lid 100 is square in shape if $W1 = L1$, $W2 = L2$, $W3 = L3$, $W4 = L4$, and $W5 = L5$. The exemplary lid 100 is non-square in shape or is rectangular in shape if at least $W1$ does not equal $L1$.

[0040] As shown in FIG. 5, the vertical portions 502a of the ring 120a and the vertical portions 504a of the ring 120b are all substantially parallel. The horizontal portions 502b of the ring 120a and the horizontal portions 504b of the ring 120b are all substantially parallel.

[0041] FIG. 6 and FIG. 7 will illustrate the versatile feature of the lid 100. In particular, FIGS. 6 and 7 will illustrate the adaptability or versatility of the lid 100 to function as a cover for different sized containers (e.g., containers with different diameters or different dimensions such as different width dimensions). The containers 600 and 700 in FIGS. 6 and 7, respectively are, by way of example and not by way of limitation, food containers or other suitable types of containers used by the consumer in the kitchen or in the home.

[0042] FIG. 6 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile container lid 100 removably coupled to a first container 600 of a first size $D6$, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention. The container 600 includes a side wall 602 that forms (surrounds) an opening of size $D6$ (which could be a diameter $D6$ if the container 600 is circular in shape or a width $D6$ if the container 600 is non-circular such as a square-shaped container or rectangular-shaped container). A rim 605 is formed at the end or top of the side wall 602. The rim 605 is removably inserted into the opening 121 of the ring 120a such that the rim side 606 will push against the side wall 122a and the side wall 122a will push against the rim side 606. Since the rim side 606 and the side wall 122a will push against each other, the lid 100 (and lid body 130) are removably secured on the container 600 and provide a substantially sealed cover on the container 600. The size $D7$ of the container 600 between the rim side 606 will be approximately equal to the size (dimension) $D2$ (for a circular lid 100) or to the size (dimension) $W2$ (for a non-circular lid 100) so that the side wall 122a and the rim side 606 will provide sufficient force against each other. The size $D7$ is also greater than the size (dimension) $D3$ (for a circular lid 100) or the size (dimension) $W3$ (for a non-circular lid 100) so that the rim 605 is removably insertable into the opening 121. The lid 100 is removably attached to the container 600 by pressing the lid 100 in a downward direction 610 toward the container 600 so that the rim 605 is received by the opening 121 and the rim 605 is removably contacting at least the side wall 122a of the ring 120a. Typically, the top wall 122c is also in contact with the rim 605.

[0043] The lid 100 is detached from the container 600

by pulling the lid 100 in the upward direction 615 away from the container 600, so that the rim 605 is removed from the opening 121 of the ring 120a. As a result, the lid 100 is separated from the container 600.

[0044] FIG. 7 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile container lid 100 removably coupled to a second container 700 of a second size $D8$, in accordance with another embodiment of the invention. The container 700 includes a side wall 702 that forms (surrounds) an opening of size $D8$ (which could be a diameter $D8$ if the container 700 is circular in shape or a width $D8$ if the container 700 is non-circular such as a square-shaped container or rectangular-shaped container). A rim 705 is formed at the end or top of the side wall 702. The rim 705 is removably inserted into the opening 123 of the ring 120b such that the rim side 706 will push against the side wall 124a and the side wall 124a will push against the rim side 706. Since the rim side 706 and the side wall 124a will push against each other, the lid 100 (and body 130) are removably secured on the container 700 and provide a substantially sealed cover on the container 700. The size $D9$ of the container 700 between the rim side 706 will be approximately equal to the size (dimension) $D4$ (for a circular lid 100) or to the size (dimension) $W4$ (for a non-circular lid 100) so that the side wall 124a and the rim side 706 will provide sufficient force against each other. The size $D9$ is also greater than the size $D5$ (for a circular lid 100) or the size $W5$ (for a non-circular lid 100) so that the rim 705 is removably insertable into the opening 123. The lid 100 is removably attached to the container 700 by pressing the lid 100 in a downward direction 710 toward the container 700 so that the rim 705 is received by the opening 123 and the rim 705 is removably contacting at least the side wall 124a of the ring 120b. Typically, the top wall 124c is also in contact with the rim 705.

[0045] The lid 100 is detached from the container 700 by pulling the lid 100 in the upward direction 715 away from the container 700, so that the rim 705 is removed from the opening 123 of the ring 120b. As a result, the lid 100 is separated from the container 700.

[0046] In another embodiment of the invention, the lid 100 is foldable in the downward direction 720. As a result, when the lid 100 is removably coupled to the container 700, folding the lid 100 against the wall 702 will save space and will allow the lid 100 to be stored in a relatively smaller area. Therefore, the lid 100 advantageously provides saves room or space in the kitchen, kitchen cabinets, refrigerators, and/or cupboards. The foldable feature of the lid 100 will be discussed below with reference to FIG. 8 in accordance with another embodiment of the invention.

[0047] Referring to both FIGS. 6 and 7, the first container 600 is larger than the second container 700 because $D7 > D9$ and $D6 > D8$. Therefore, the various rings 120 (e.g., rings 120a and 120b) are configured to removably receive different sized rims of associated different sized containers and to allow the lid 100 to be used as a

cover for different sized containers. The exemplary lid 100 can be used to cover a relatively larger container 600 as shown in FIG. 6 and can also be used to cover a relatively smaller container 700 as shown in FIG. 6.

[0048] As will be discussed below, in other embodiments of the invention, the lid 100 can include additional rings 120 so that the lid 100 can also be used to cover other containers that may have sizes that differ from the container 600 or container 700.

[0049] FIG. 8 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a foldable versatile container lid 800 (apparatus 800), in accordance with another embodiment of the invention. The foldable lid 800 may include at least some of the features described above in the lid 100 such as, for example, a plurality of rings that are formed within the lid body 130. The lid 800 is removably attached to the container 700 in a manner as similarly described above with respect to FIG. 7. After the lid 800 is removably attached to the container 700, the lid 800 is bent in a downward direction 805 so that the bottom surface 810 of the bendable lid portion 815 is adjacent to (and/or is in contact with) the external surface 820 of the container 700. The bendable lid portion 815 is a part of the lid body 130 of the lid 800 and is disposed between the center portion 115 (that includes portion 825 which is adjacent to the ring 120b) of the lid 800 and the end portion 830 of the lid 800. The center portion 115, portion 825, bendable portion 815, and end portion 830 are part of the lid body 130. When the lid 800 is bent in the downward direction 805, the portion 815 will not be parallel to the portion 825 and center portion 115. By bending the portion 815 in the downward direction 805, the lid 800 is more compact, occupies less space, and can advantageously be stored in a relatively smaller area.

[0050] The lid 800 can be bent in the upward direction 835 so that the surface 810 is no longer adjacent with (and/or is no longer in contact with) the surface 830. As a result, the portion 815 will be substantially parallel to the portion 825 and center portion 115. The lid 800 can then be separated from the container 700 that is currently removably attached to the lid 800.

[0051] In an embodiment of the invention, the bendable portion 815 is formed from a substantially bendable material that maintains the shape that is configured for the bendable material. For example, the portion 815 may be formed from silicone (or silicone rubber or polydimethylsiloxane) or another suitable silicon polymer with rubber-like properties. As known to those skilled in the relevant art(s), silicone rubber is a polymer of silicon-containing carbon, hydrogen and oxygen. Silicone rubber has excellent insulating and temperature-resistant properties. Silicone rubber is made through a process known as vulcanization or curing of natural rubber. Silicon is injected into the long hydrocarbon chains of natural rubber through a dual-stage process under high heat and pressure, thus converting it into silicone rubber. Additionally, the cured rubber is processed with additional steps until the final marketable product is obtained. Silicone

rubber maintains all of its properties even at high temperatures of approximately 300 degrees Celsius as well as at low temperatures around -55 degrees Celsius. The silicon-carbon bonds in silicone rubber are resistant to temperature fluctuations. Additionally, silicone rubber exhibits better tear strength, tensile strength, elongation and compression in comparison to natural rubber at high temperatures. To provide added rigidity to the portion 815 and decreased elasticity to the portion 815, a suitable amount of sulfur is added to the liquid rubber during the manufacturing process. If rigidity is added to (and elasticity is decreased for) the silicone used to form the portion 815, then the portion 815 can be bent in the downward direction 805 and the portion 815 will not automatically return back to its prior shape in the upward direction 835, and/or the portion 815 can be bent in the upward direction 835 and the portion 815 will not automatically return back to a prior shape in the downward direction 805. Other standard steps known to those skilled in the relevant art(s) for setting the characteristics of silicone may be used in the bendable portion 815. In an embodiment of the invention, other portions of the lid 800 (such as, for example, the portion 825 and/or center portion 115) may be formed from the same material that forms the portion 815.

[0052] Those skilled in the art will realize, after reading the discussion herein, that other suitable materials or combination of suitable materials can be used for the components in the lid 100 (or other lids discussed herein such as the lid 800). Those skilled in the art will also realize, after reading the discussion herein, that the assembly, manufacture, and/or construction of the components of the lid 100 (or other lids discussed herein such as the lid 800) may be selectively varied based on cost, ease of manufacturing, or/and other considerations. Additionally, the parts or components in the lid 100 (or other lids discussed herein such as the lid 800) can be suitably varied or substituted with other parts or components or shapes, as manufacturing and parts technologies improve in the future.

[0053] FIGS. 9A through 9C are block diagrams that illustrate the additional versatile features of a versatile container lid in accordance with another embodiment of the invention. FIG. 9A is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid 900, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The lid 900 may include the various features of the lid 100 and/or the lid 800 as described with reference to FIGS. 1 and 8, respectively. The lid 900 includes a plurality of rings 920a, 920b, and 920c, where all of the rings 920a through 920c are formed in the lid body 902. As mentioned above, the number of rings may vary in a lid according to various embodiments of the invention. The rim 925a of a container 930a is removably inserted in an opening 935a of the ring 920a. Therefore, the container 930a is removably coupled to the lid 900. The container 930a has a dimension D10 (e.g., diameter or width) that can be of any suitable size.

[0054] FIG. 9B is a block diagram of a side view of a

versatile container lid 900 in FIG. 9A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The rim 925b of a container 930b is removably inserted in an opening 935b of the ring 920b. Therefore, the container 930b is removably coupled to the lid 900. The container 930b has a dimension nil (e.g., diameter or width) that can be of any suitable size.

[0055] FIG. 9C is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid 900 in FIG. 9A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The rim 925c of a container 930c is removably inserted in an opening 935c of the ring 920c. Therefore, the container 930c is removably coupled to the lid 900. The container 930c has a dimension D12 (e.g., diameter or width) that can be of any suitable size. Since the sizes of the containers 930a, 930b, and 930c are each different from each other (e.g., $D10 > D11 > D12$), the lid 900 has the advantageous versatile feature of being able to cover various containers of different sizes. In another embodiment of the invention, the lid 900 may have the bendable lid features of the lid 800 in FIG. 8.

[0056] FIGS. 10A through 10E are block diagrams that illustrate the additional versatile features of a versatile container lid in accordance with another embodiment of the invention. FIG. 10A is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid 1000, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The lid 1000 may include the various features of the lid 100 and/or the lid 800 as described with reference to FIGS. 1 and 8, respectively. The lid 1000 includes a plurality of rings 1020a, 1020b, 1020c, 1020d, and 1020e, where the rings 1020a through 1020e are formed within the lid body 1002. As mentioned above, the number of rings may vary in a lid according to various embodiments of the invention. The rim 1025a of a container 1030a is removably inserted in an opening 1035a of the ring 1020a. Therefore, the container 1030a is removably coupled to the lid 1000. The container 1030a has a dimension D13 (e.g., diameter or width) that can be of any suitable size.

[0057] FIG. 10B is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid 1000 in FIG. 10A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The rim 1025b of a container 1030b is removably inserted in an opening 1035b of the ring 1020b. Therefore, the container 1030b is removably coupled to the lid 1000. The container 1030b has a dimension D14 (e.g., diameter or width) that can be of any suitable size.

[0058] FIG. 10C is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid 1000 in FIG. 10A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The rim 1025c of a container 1030c is removably inserted in an opening 1035c of the ring 1020c. Therefore, the container 1030c is removably coupled to the lid 1000. The container 1030c has a dimension D15 (e.g., diameter or width) that can be of any suitable size.

[0059] FIG. 10D is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid 1000 in FIG. 10A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The rim 1025d of

a container 1030d is removably inserted in an opening 1035d of the ring 1020d. Therefore, the container 1030d is removably coupled to the lid 1000. The container 1030d has a dimension D16 (e.g., diameter or width) that can be of any suitable size.

[0060] FIG. 10E is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile container lid 1000 in FIG. 10A, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The rim 1025e of a container 1030e is removably inserted in an opening 1035e of the ring 1020e. Therefore, the container 1030e is removably coupled to the lid 1000. The container 1030e has a dimension D17 (e.g., diameter or width) that can be of any suitable size. Since the sizes (dimensions) of the containers 1030a, 1030b, 1030c, 1030d, and 1030e are each different from each other (e.g., $D13 > D14 > D15 > D16 > D17$), the lid 1000 has the advantageous versatile feature of being able to cover various containers of different sizes. In another embodiment of the invention, the lid 1000 may have the bendable lid features of the lid 800 in FIG. 8.

[0061] FIG. 11 is a flow diagram of a method 1100 for manufacturing a versatile container lid in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The blocks in method 1100 (and/or steps in the blocks in method 1100) may vary in order or sequence than those shown in FIG. 11. For example, the steps in blocks 1110 and 1115 may be switched in sequence or order.

[0062] In block 1105, a lid body (e.g., lid body 130) is formed from a material. Various suitable materials for a lid are discussed above. In block 1110, two or more rings (i.e., a plurality of rings) are formed within the lid body. The number of rings in the lid may vary. In block 1115, a top surface of the lid body is formed, wherein the top surface has a given configuration. Exemplary configurations for the top surface are discussed above with reference to FIG. 1. Additional steps in the method 1100 may be added as previously discussed above.

[0063] One or more of the features of the lids (e.g., lids 100 or 800) disclosed above in Figures 1 through 11 (and accompanying text for Figures 1 through 11) may also be incorporated as features included in the embodiments of the lid 1200 discussed below in Figures 12 through 23. For example, any of the embodiments disclosed in Figures 12 through 23 may comprise a versatile container lid 1200 that is bendable upwards and bendable downwards as similarly discussed above for the lid shown in Figures 7 and 8 which disclose a bendable versatile container lid 100 or lid 800.

[0064] FIG. 12 is a block diagram of a front perspective view of a versatile square container lid 1200 (apparatus 1200), in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The lid 1200 includes a body 1205 with a top surface 1210 and a bottom surface 1215. The top surface 1210 may include a flat top surface portion (planar portion) 1217 that is formed directly on the top surface 1210. A square container 1220 is removably attached to the lid 1200. Two components are removably attached (or removably coupled or removably secured) means that two

different components can be attached together or detached apart. The details of the lid 1200 are discussed further below.

[0065] In an embodiment of the invention, the body 1205 comprises a lower portion 1221 (or square base portion 1221) and a top portion 1222 on the lower portion 1221. The planar portion 1217 is on the top portion 1222. The top portion 1222 has a first surface area that is less than a second surface area of the lower portion 1221 so that there is a planar portion 1223 that is adjacent to all sides of the top portion 1222.

[0066] The top portion 1222 and lower portion 1221 form concentric square rings or concentric non-circular rings.

[0067] In an embodiment of the invention, the lid 1200 is a square configuration so that the lower portion 1221 is a square configuration and the top portion 1222 is also a square configuration. In an embodiment of the invention, the lower portion 1221 has left side 1225a and a right side 1225b wherein the sides 1225a and 1225b are parallel to each other. The lower portion 1221 has front side 1225c and a back side 1225d wherein the sides 1225c and 1225d are parallel to each other. The sides 1225a and 1225b are substantially orthogonal or substantially perpendicular to the sides 1225c and 1225d.

[0068] In an embodiment of the invention, the upper portion 1222 has left side 1226a and a right side 1226b wherein the sides 1226a and 1226b are parallel to each other. The upper portion 1222 has front side 1226c and a back side 1226d wherein the sides 1225c and 1225d are parallel to each other. The sides 1226a and 1226b are substantially orthogonal or substantially perpendicular to the sides 1226c and 1226d.

[0069] Other variations in the components of the lid 1200 are possible in other embodiments of the invention.

[0070] FIG. 13 is a block diagram of a front perspective view of a versatile square container lid 1200, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a square container 1220 is detached or separated from the lid 1200.

[0071] FIG. 14 is a block diagram of a top view of a versatile container square lid 1200, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The planar portion 1223 (or planar surface 1223) of the lower portion 1221 is adjacent to all sides 1226a, 1226b, 1226c, and 1226d of the top portion 1222. The planar portion 1223 is lower in elevation than the planar portion 1217 of the upper portion 1222.

[0072] FIG. 15 is a block diagram of a bottom view of a versatile container lid 1200, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The bottom surface 1508 of the top portion 1222 is shown on the lid 1200. A ledge 1501 (or protrusion 1501) extends from (or protrudes from) the bottom surface 1510 in a perpendicular direction. The ledge 1501 comprises a right side 1502a and a left side 1502b wherein the sides 1502a and 1502b are parallel to each other. The ledge 1501 also comprises a front side 1502c and back side 1502d wherein the sides

1502c and 1502d are parallel to each other. The sides 1502a and 1502b are substantially orthogonal or substantially perpendicular to the sides 1502c and 1502d. The ledge 1501 is higher in height from the surface 1508 than the height of the surface 1508 itself.

[0073] The bottom surface 1503 of the planar portion 1223 is also shown in Figure 15. The bottom surface 1503 is substantially planar and is adjacent to the sides 1502a, 1502b, 1502c, and 1502d of the ledge 1501. A second ledge 1505 is along the sides 1225a, 1225b, 1225c, and 1225d of the lid 1200. The ledge 1505 extends from (or protrudes from) the surface 1503 in a perpendicular direction. The height of the ledge 1505 is substantially the same height as the height of the ledge 1501, in one embodiment of the invention. The ledge 1501 and ledge 1505 are higher in height from the surface 1503 than the height of the surface 1503 itself. Therefore, the surface 1503 is between the ledges 1501 and 1505 and the surface 1504 is a valley in between the ledges 1501 and 1505. The bottom surface 1508 is also a valley surrounded by the edges 1502a, 1502b, 1502c, and 1502d of the ledge 1501.

[0074] The sides 1225a, 1225b, 1502a, and 1502b are parallel to each other. The sides 1225c, 1225d, 1502d, and 1502c are parallel to each other.

[0075] FIG. 16 is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile square container lid 1200, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container 1220 of a first size is attached to the bottom surface 1215 of the lid 1200.

[0076] FIG. 17 is a block diagram of a side view of a versatile square container lid 1200, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container 1220 of a first size is detached or separated from the lid 1220.

[0077] FIG. 18 is a block diagram of a top view of a versatile square container lid 1200, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The reference arrows A-A are shown in Figure 18 as the boundary of the cross-sectional views of Figures 19-22 below.

[0078] FIG. 19 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile square container lid 1200, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container 1220a of a first size L1 (e.g., maximum length L1) is attached to the bottom surface 1508 of the lid 1200. The inner wall 1905a of the ledge 1501 and bottom surface 1508 of the upper portion 1222 of the lid 1200 are in contact with and removably secured against the container 1220a.

[0079] In the discussion herein, the containers sizes L1 and L2 are as follows: $L1 < L2$.

[0080] FIG. 20 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile square container lid 1200, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container 1220a of a first size L1 is de-attached to the lid 1200.

[0081] FIG. 21 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile square container lid 1200, in ac-

cordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container 1220b of a second size L2 (e.g., maximum length L2) is attached to the bottom surface 1503 of the lid 1200. The inner wall 1905b of the ledge 1505 and bottom surface 1503 of the lower portion 1221 of the lid 1200 are in contact with and removably secured against the container 1220b. In the discussion herein, the containers sizes L1 and L2 are as follows: $L1 < L2$.

[0082] FIG. 22 is a block diagram of a cross-sectional side view of a versatile square container lid 1200, in accordance with an embodiment of the invention, wherein a container 1220b of a second size L2 is de-attached to the lid 1200.

[0083] Other variations in the components of the lid 1200 are possible.

[0084] In an embodiment of the invention, the lid 1200 (or lid 100 or other embodiments of the lid disclosed herein) may be formed by any suitable rigid material or semi-rigid material such as, by way of example and not by way of limitation, plastic, rubber, and/or another suitable synthetic material. In another embodiment of the invention as will be discussed below in additional details, the lid 1200 (or lid 100 or other embodiments of the lid disclosed herein) may be foldable and, therefore, the lid is at least partly formed by a suitably flexible material, substantially flexible material, or foldable material such as, by way of example and not by way of limitation, silicone (i.e., silicone rubber).

[0085] The lid 1200 (or lid 100), or other embodiments of the lid disclosed herein may be manufactured by standard manufacturing methods known to those skilled in the relevant art(s) such as, by way of example and not by way of limitation, molding, stamping, extrusion processing, casting, polymer foam processing and forming, and/or other standard shaping processes of synthetic materials.

[0086] In an embodiment of the invention, a bendable portion of the lid 1200 (or lid 100 or other embodiments of the lid disclosed herein) is formed from a substantially bendable material that maintains the shape that is configured for the bendable material. For example, the bendable portion may be formed from silicone (or silicone rubber or polydimethylsiloxane) or another suitable silicon polymer with rubber-like properties. As known to those skilled in the relevant art(s), silicone rubber is a polymer of silicon-containing carbon, hydrogen and oxygen. Silicone rubber has excellent insulating and temperature-resistant properties. Silicone rubber is made through a process known as vulcanization or curing of natural rubber. Silicon is injected into the long hydrocarbon chains of natural rubber through a dual-stage process under high heat and pressure, thus converting it into silicone rubber. Additionally, the cured rubber is processed with additional steps until the final marketable product is obtained. Silicone rubber maintains all of its properties even at high temperatures of approximately 300 degrees Celsius as well as at low temperatures around -55 degrees Celsius. The silicon-carbon bonds in silicone rubber are

resistant to temperature fluctuations. Additionally, silicone rubber exhibits better tear strength, tensile strength, elongation and compression in comparison to natural rubber at high temperatures. To provide added rigidity to the bendable portion and decreased elasticity to the bendable portion, a suitable amount of sulfur is added to the liquid rubber during the manufacturing process. If rigidity is added to (and elasticity is decreased for) the silicone used to form the bendable portion, then the bendable portion can be bent in the downward direction and the bendable portion will not automatically return back to its prior shape in the upward direction, and/or the portion 815 can be bent in the upward direction and the bendable portion will not automatically return back to a prior shape in the downward direction. Other standard steps known to those skilled in the relevant art(s) for setting the characteristics of silicone may be used in the bendable portion. In an embodiment of the invention, other portions of the lid 1200 may be formed from the same material that forms the bendable portion.

[0087] In an embodiment of the invention, the surface 1503 and surface 1223 of the lid 1200 are bendable portions as described above.

[0088] Those skilled in the art will realize, after reading the discussion herein, that other suitable materials or combination of suitable materials can be used for the components in the lid 1200. Those skilled in the art will also realize, after reading the discussion herein, that the assembly, manufacture, and/or construction of the components of the lid 1200 may be selectively varied based on cost, ease of manufacturing, or/and other considerations. Additionally, the parts or components in the lid 1200 can be suitably varied or substituted with other parts or components or shapes, as manufacturing and parts technologies improve in the future.

[0089] In one embodiment of the invention, a versatile square lid comprises: a lid body comprising a square configuration; and a plurality of square rings formed in the lid body; wherein the plurality of square rings includes a first square ring that is configured to receive a first square container having a first size and a second square ring that is configured to receive a second square container having a second size.

[0090] In another embodiment of the invention, a versatile square lid comprises: a square base (lower) portion; a square upper portion coupled to the base portion; a planar element on a top surface of the upper square portion; a square lid body comprising a center portion, a bendable lid portion, and an edge portion; wherein the lid body includes and is between the base portion and the upper portion; wherein the plurality of square rings comprises a plurality of hollow square portions formed in the lid body and wherein each hollow portion is formed from the base portion to the upper portion and wherein each hollow portion forms a respective opening between two vertical walls; wherein the bendable lid portion is between the center portion and the edge portion; and wherein the bendable lid portion is configured to bend in

an upward direction and bend in a downward direction.

[0091] In an embodiment of the invention, the bendable lid portion comprises silicone.

[0092] In another embodiment of the invention, a method of manufacturing a versatile square lid, the method comprises: forming a square base portion, as square upper portion coupled to the base portion, a non-planar element on a top surface of the upper portion, and a lid body including and between the base portion and the upper portion from a material; forming a plurality of square rings within the lid body, wherein the plurality of square rings comprises a plurality of hollow portions formed in the lid body and wherein each hollow portion is formed from the base portion to the upper portion and wherein each hollow portion forms a respective opening between two vertical walls; and forming the top surface of the upper portion of the lid body, wherein the top surface has a given configuration.

[0093] In embodiment of the invention, the plurality of square rings includes a first square ring that is configured to receive a first square container having a first size and a second square ring that is configured to receive a second square container having a second size.

[0094] In an embodiment of the invention, the lid body (or lid) comprises a bendable lid portion and wherein the bendable lid portion is configured to bend in an upward direction and bend in a downward direction.

[0095] Other variations and modifications of the above-described embodiments and methods are possible in light of the teaching discussed herein.

[0096] The above description of illustrated embodiments of the invention, including what is described in the Abstract, is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise forms disclosed. While specific embodiments of, and examples for, the invention are described herein for illustrative purposes, various equivalent modifications are possible within the scope of the invention, as those skilled in the relevant art will recognize.

[0097] These modifications can be made to the invention in light of the above detailed description. The terms used in the following claims should not be construed to limit the invention to the specific embodiments disclosed in the specification and the claims. Rather, the scope of the invention is to be determined entirely by the following claims, which are to be construed in accordance with established doctrines of claim interpretation.

Claims

1. A versatile square lid comprising: a lid body comprising a square configuration; and a plurality of square rings formed in the lid body; wherein the plurality of square rings includes a first square ring that is configured to receive a first square container having a first size and a second square ring that is configured to receive a second square container having a second size.

ond size.

2. The versatile square lid of claim 1, wherein the first square ring has a first dimension and the second square ring has a second dimension and wherein the first dimension is larger than the second dimension.
3. The versatile square lid of claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the plurality of square rings comprises openings in the lid body.
4. The versatile square lid of any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the plurality of square rings are substantially non-circular and preferably are either substantially square or substantially rectangular.
5. The versatile square lid of any preceding claim, wherein the lid body comprises a rigid material.
6. The versatile square lid of any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the lid body comprises a semi-rigid material.
7. The versatile square lid of any preceding claim, wherein the lid body provides a substantially sealed cover on any of the first square container and the second square container.
8. A versatile square lid comprising:
 - a square base portion;
 - a square upper portion coupled to the base portion;
 - a planar element on a top surface of the upper square portion;
 - a square lid body comprising a center portion, a bendable lid portion, and an edge portion;
 - wherein the lid body includes and is between the base portion and the upper portion;
 - wherein the plurality of square rings comprises a plurality of hollow square portions formed in the lid body and wherein each hollow portion is formed from the base portion to the upper portion and wherein each hollow portion forms a respective opening between two vertical walls;
 - wherein the bendable lid portion is between the center portion and the edge portion; and
 - wherein the bendable lid portion is configured to bend in an upward direction and bend in a downward direction;
 - optionally wherein the plurality of square rings are non-circular and preferably are either substantially square or substantially rectangular.
9. The versatile square lid of claim 8, wherein the bendable lid portion comprises silicone.
10. The versatile square lid of claim 8 or claim 9, further

comprising a plurality of square rings formed in the lid body;

wherein the plurality of square rings includes a first square ring that is configured to receive a first square container having a first size and a second square ring that is configured to receive a second square container having a second size. 5

11. The versatile square lid of claim 10, wherein the first square ring has a first dimension and the second square ring has a second dimension and wherein the first dimension is larger than the second dimension. 10

12. The versatile square lid of claim 11, wherein the plurality of square rings comprises openings in the lid body. 15

13. A method of manufacturing a versatile square lid, the method comprising: 20

forming a square base portion, as square upper portion coupled to the base portion, a non-planar element on a top surface of the upper portion, and a lid body including and between the base portion and the upper portion from a material; 25
forming a plurality of square rings within the lid body, wherein the plurality of square rings comprises a plurality of hollow portions formed in the lid body and wherein each hollow portion is formed from the base portion to the upper portion and wherein each hollow portion forms a respective opening between two vertical walls; 30
and
forming the top surface of the upper portion of the lid body, wherein the top surface has a given configuration. 35

14. The method of claim 13, wherein the plurality of square rings includes a first square ring that is configured to receive a first square container having a first size and a second square ring that is configured to receive a second square container having a second size. 40

15. The method of claim 13 or claim 14, wherein the lid body comprises a bendable lid portion and wherein the bendable lid portion is configured to bend in an upward direction and bend in a downward direction. 45

50

55

Fig. 1

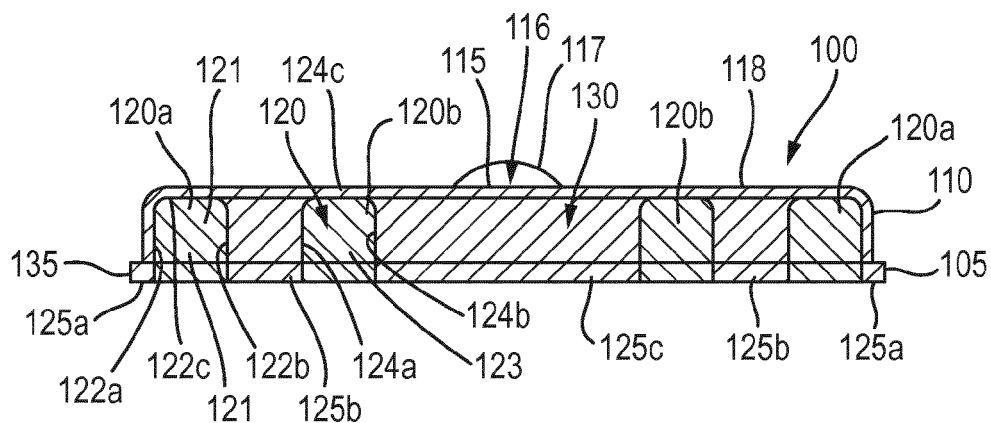


Fig. 2

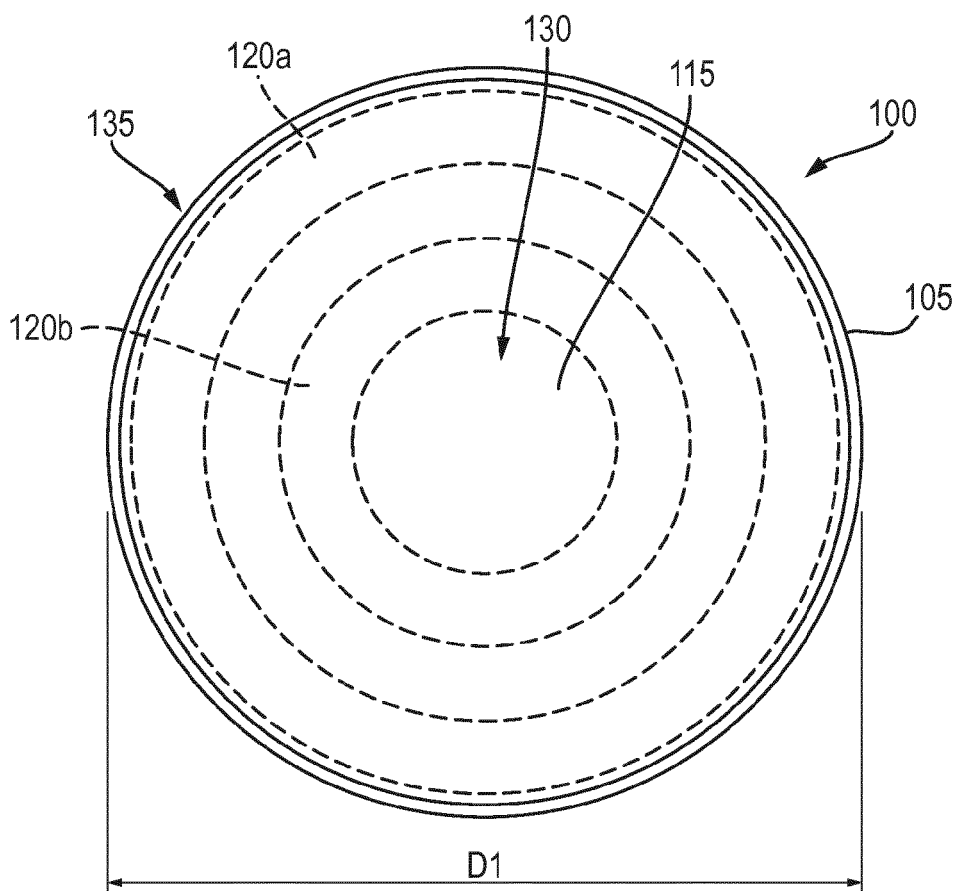


Fig. 3

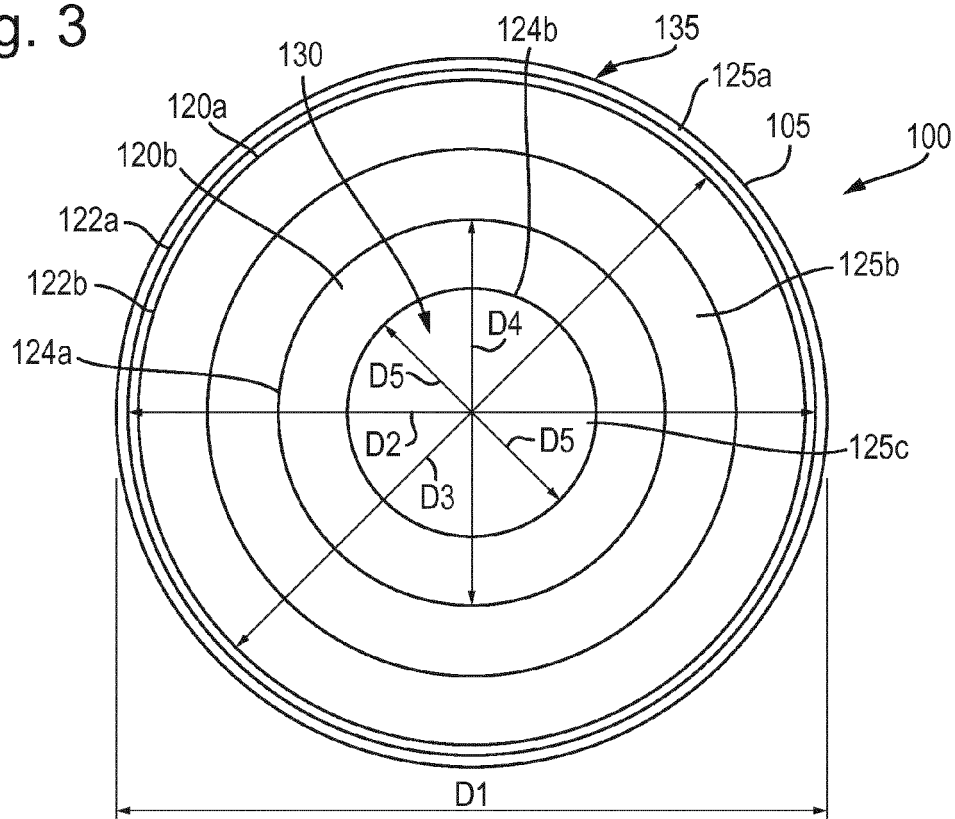
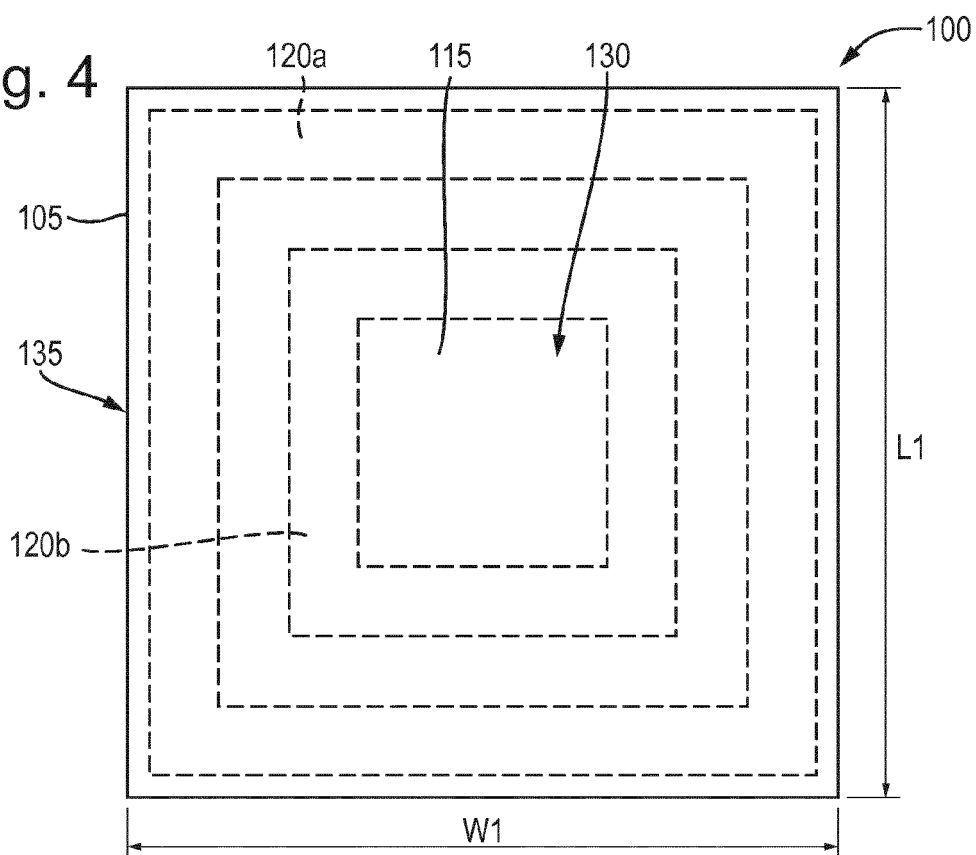


Fig. 4



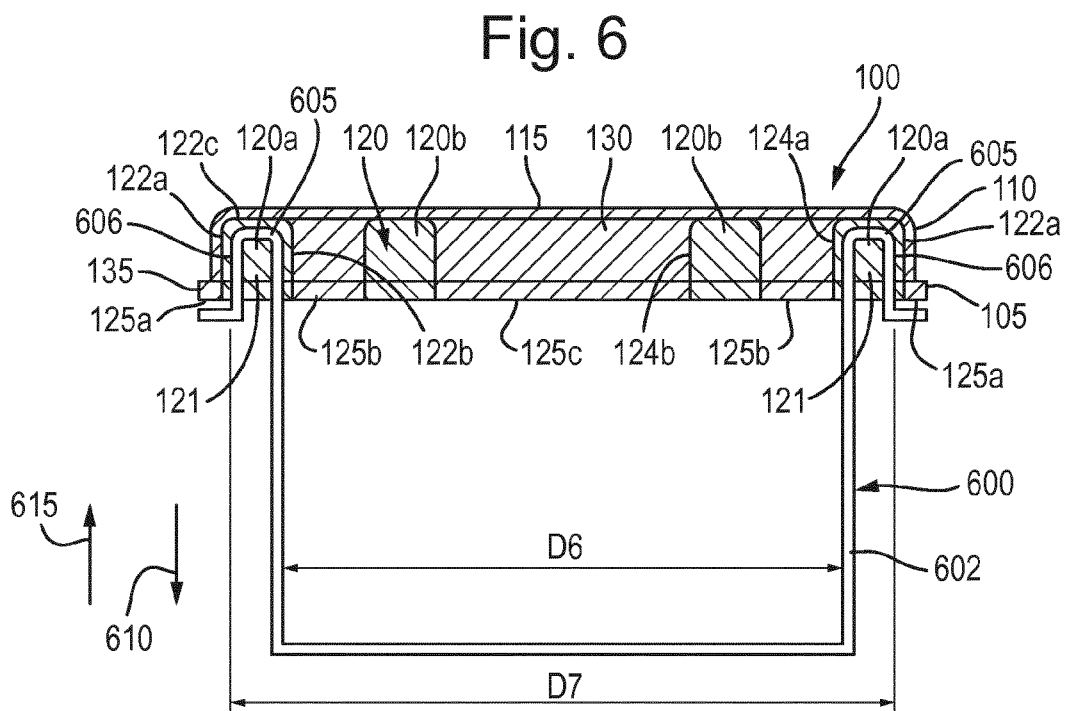
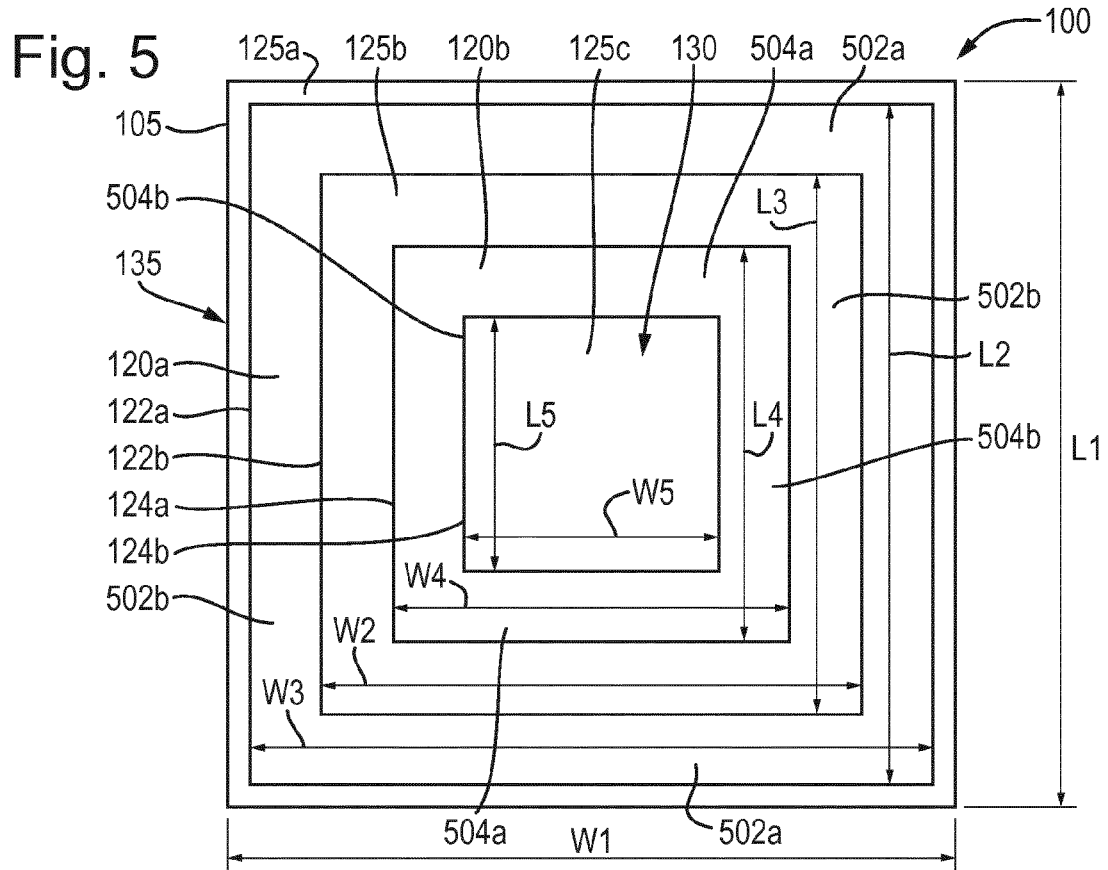


Fig. 7

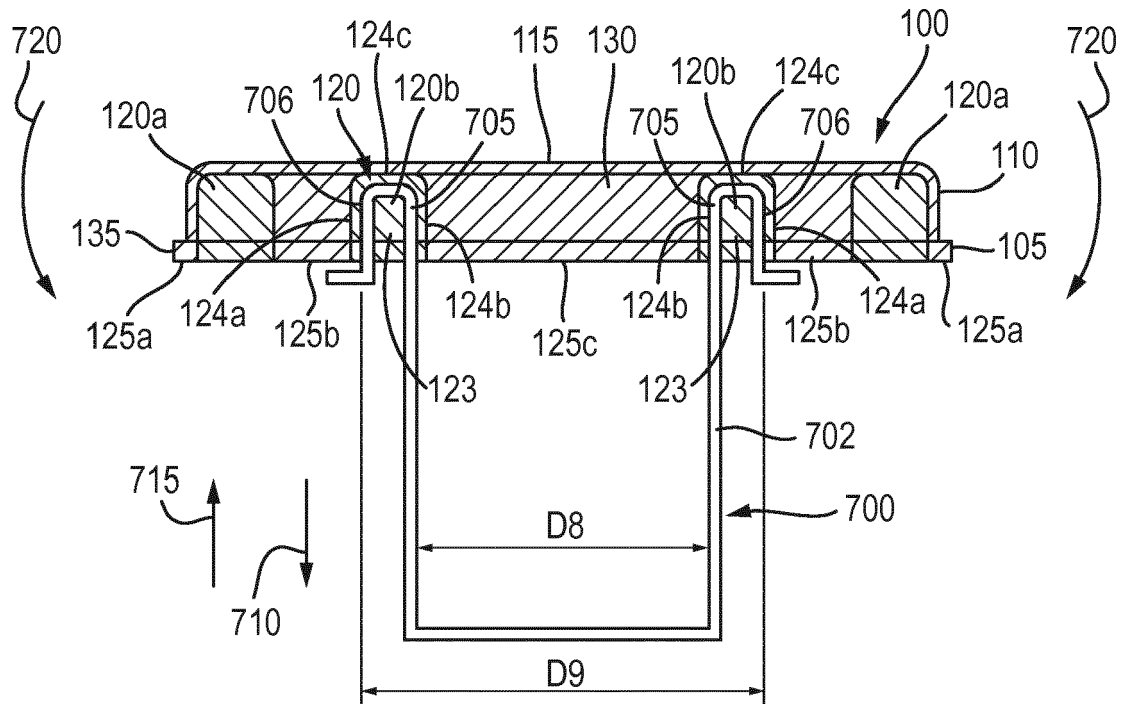


Fig. 8

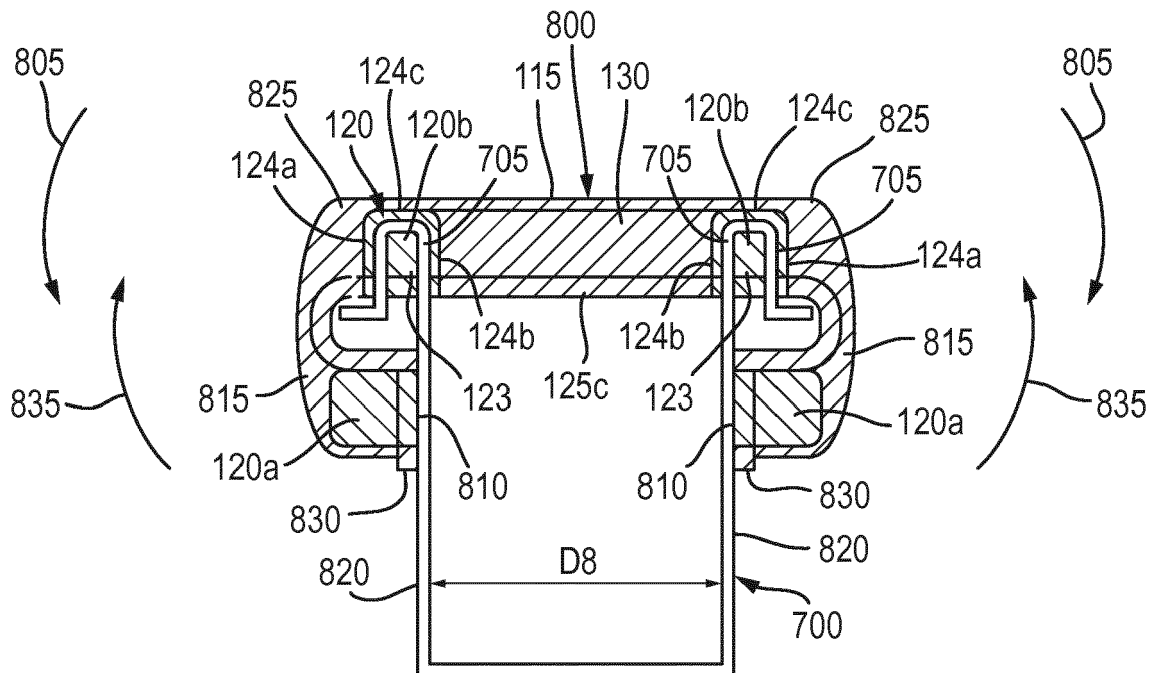


Fig. 9A

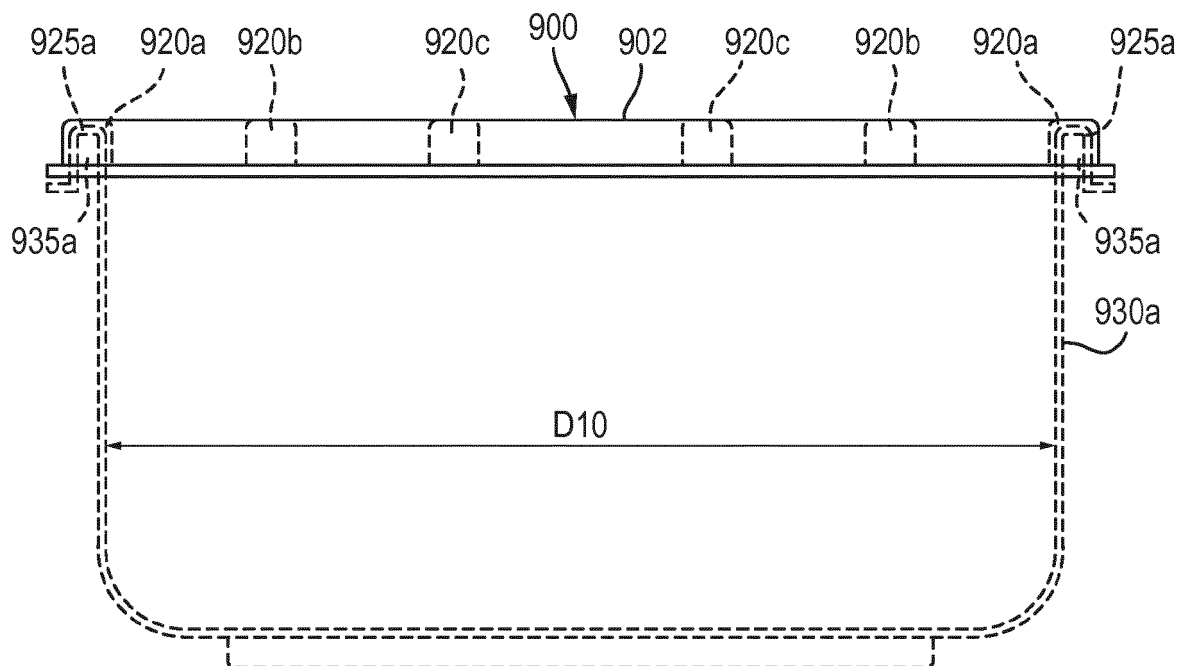


Fig. 9B

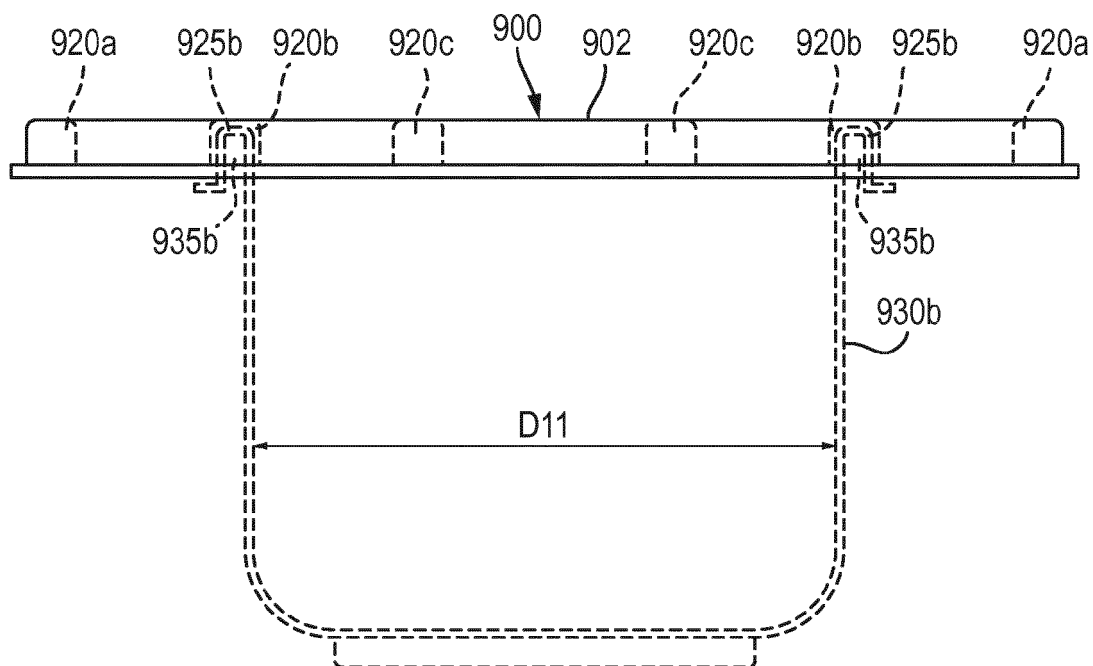


Fig. 9C

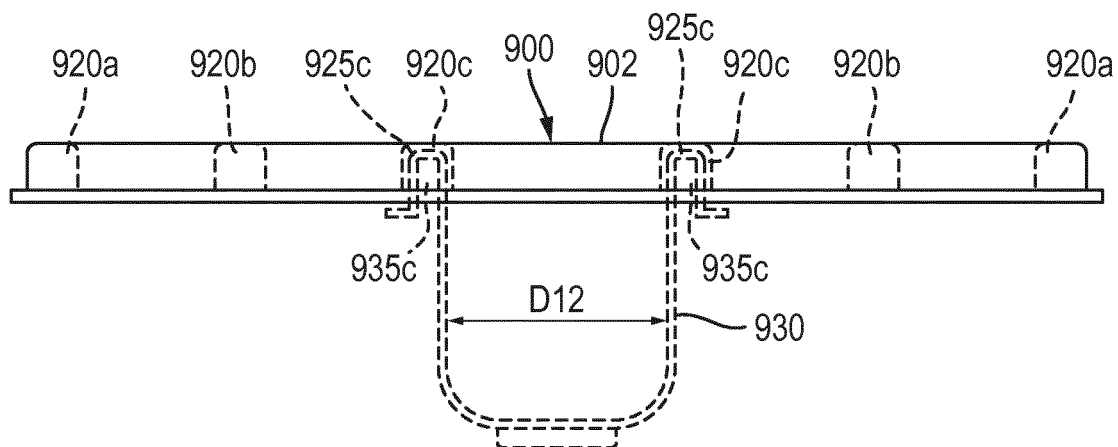


Fig. 10A

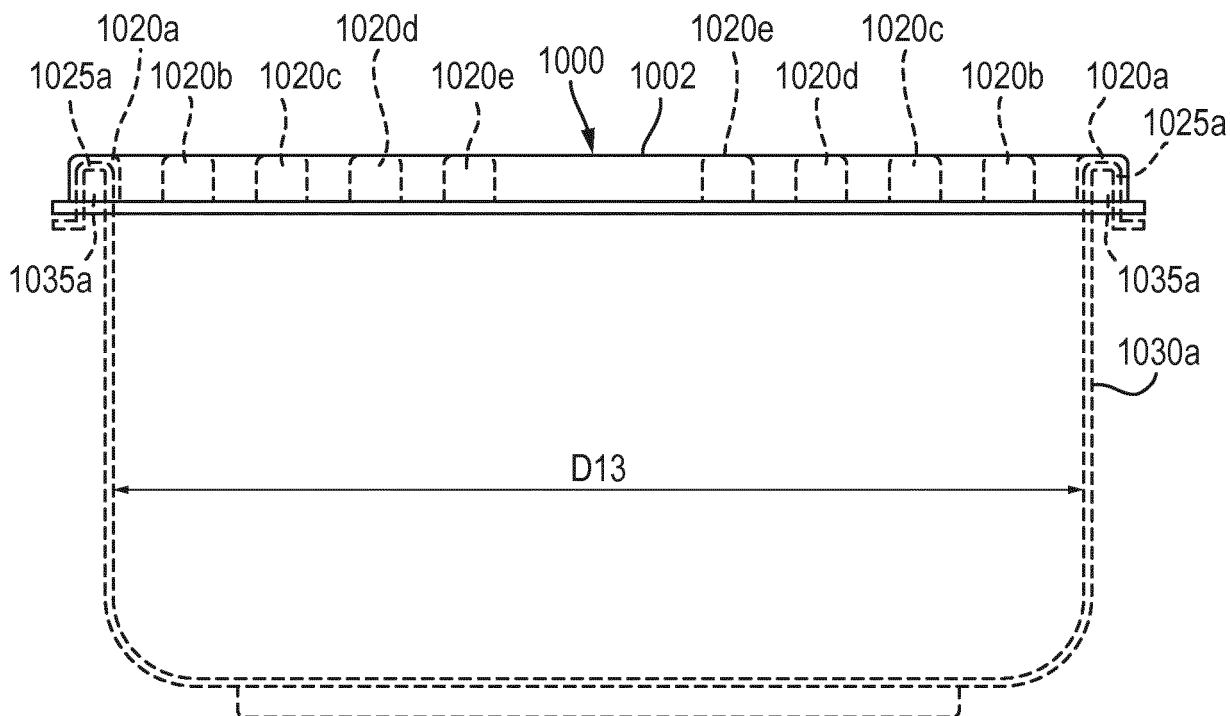


Fig. 10B

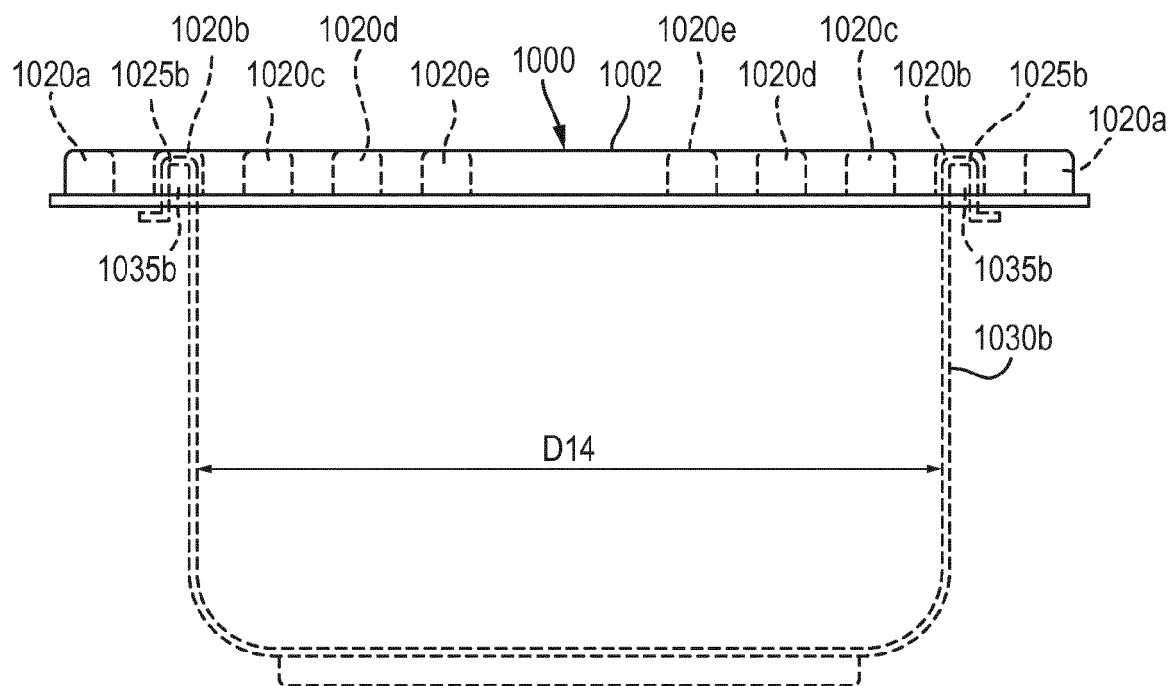


Fig. 10C

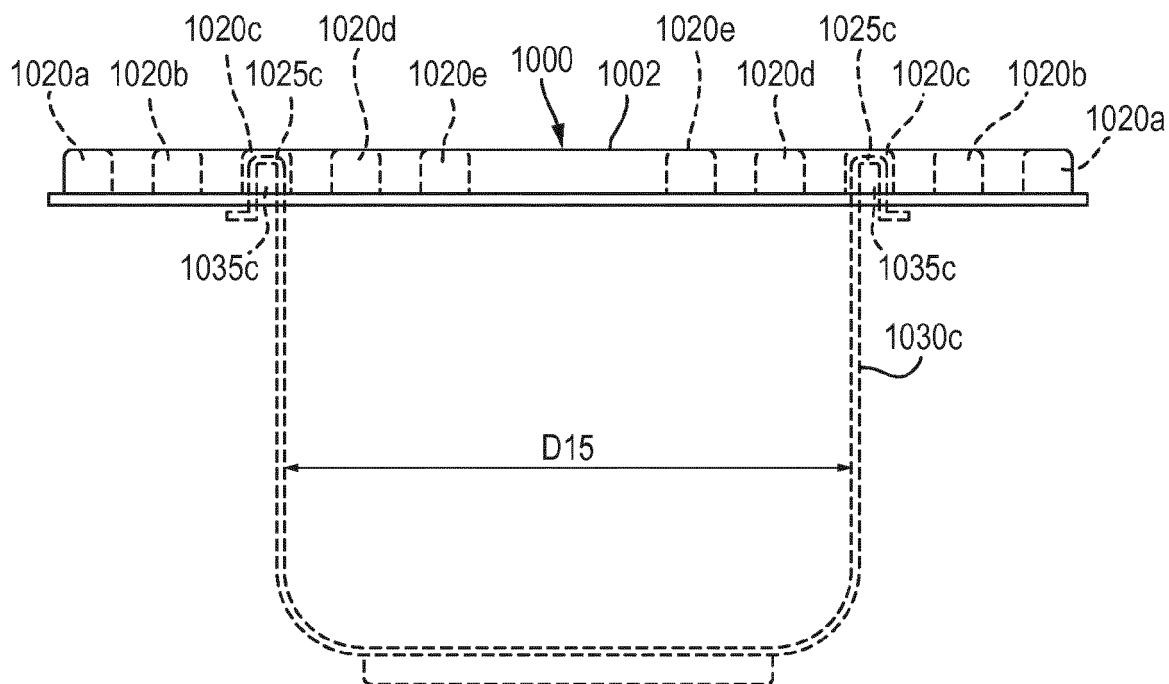


Fig. 10D

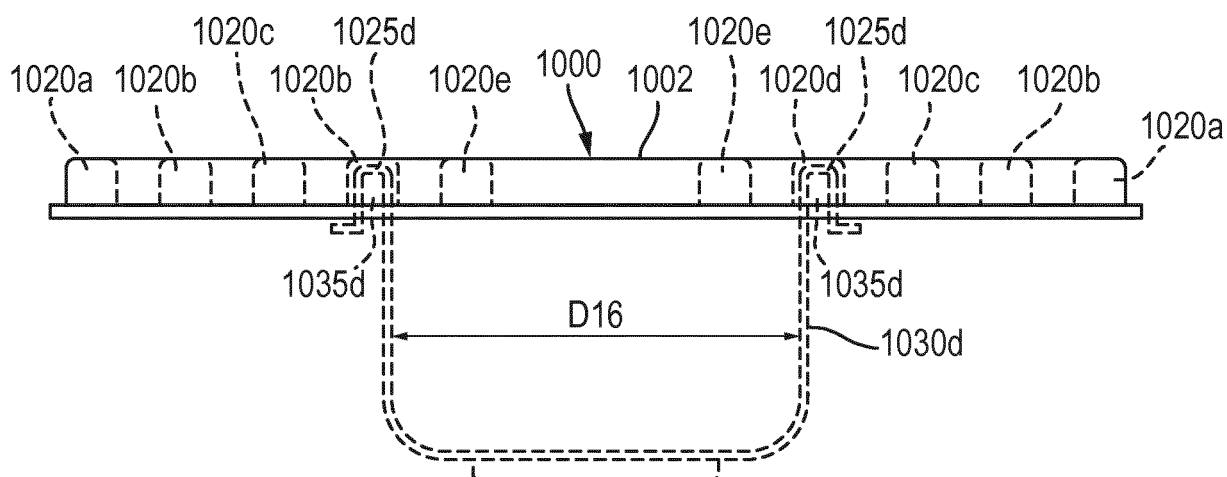


Fig. 10E

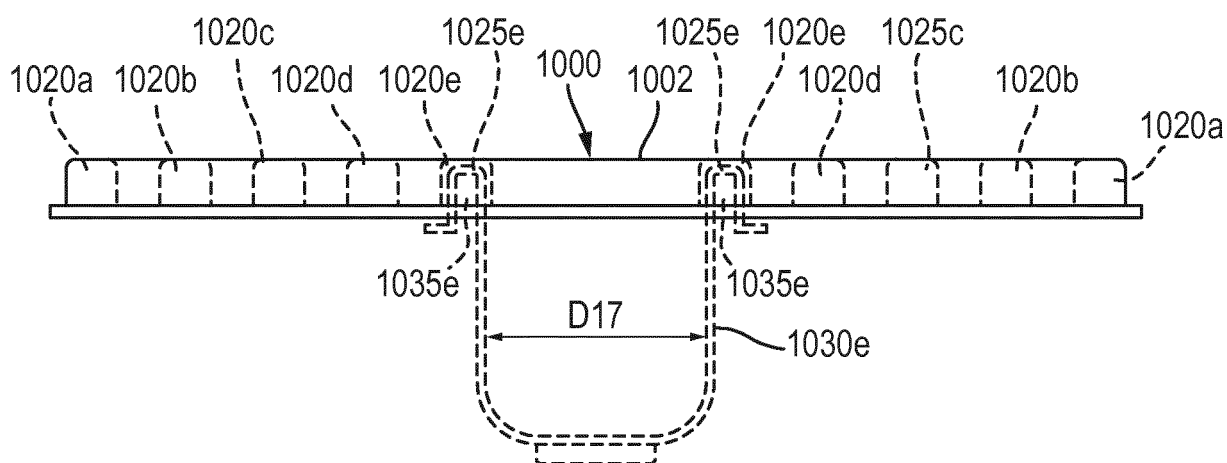
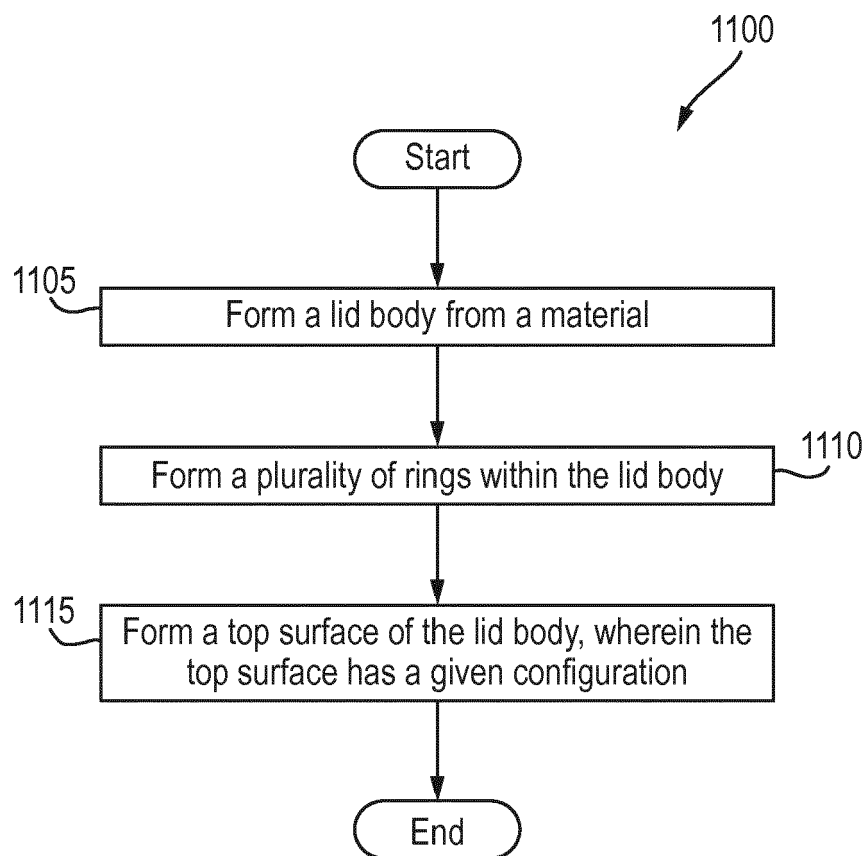


Fig. 11



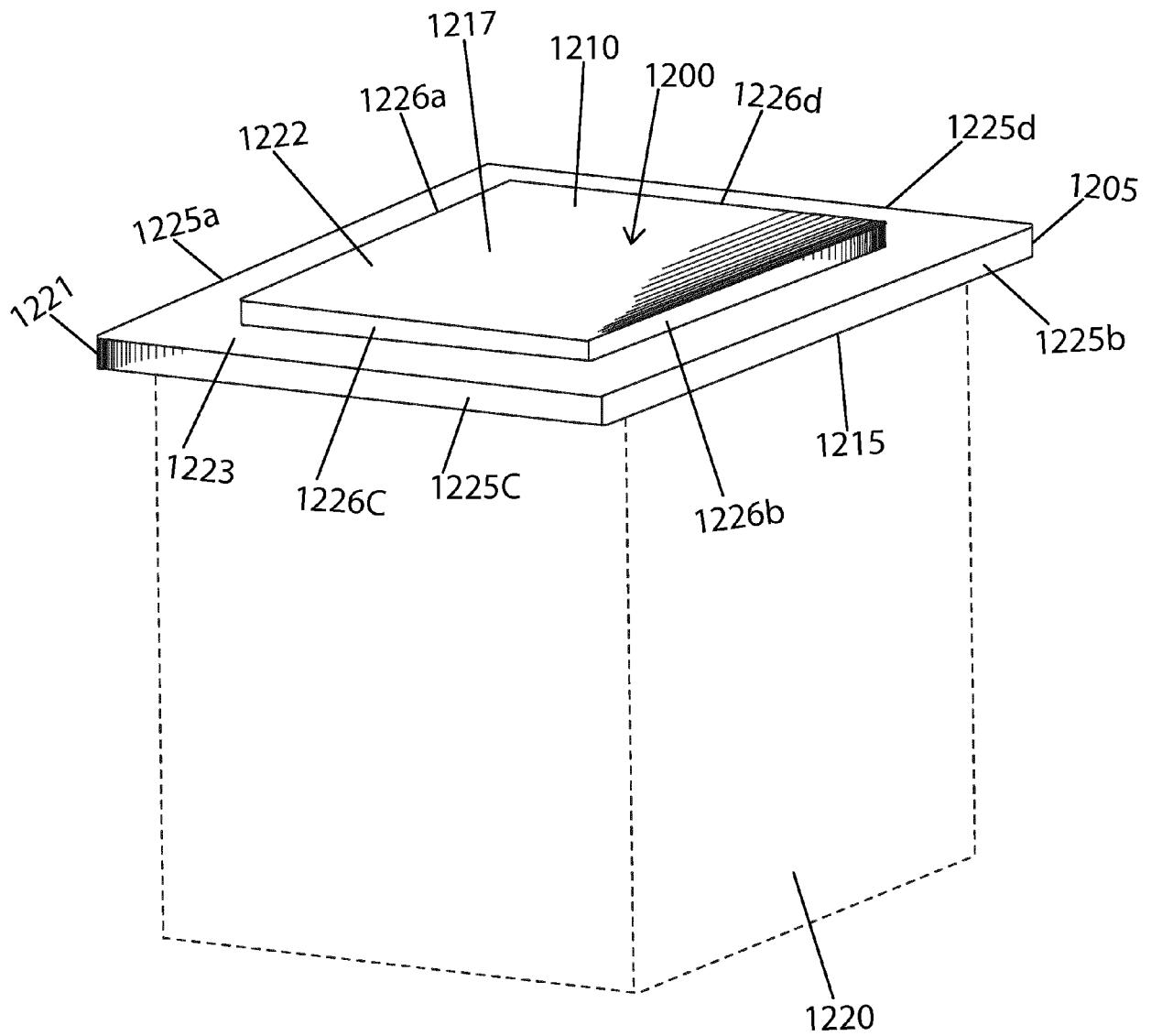


FIG. 12

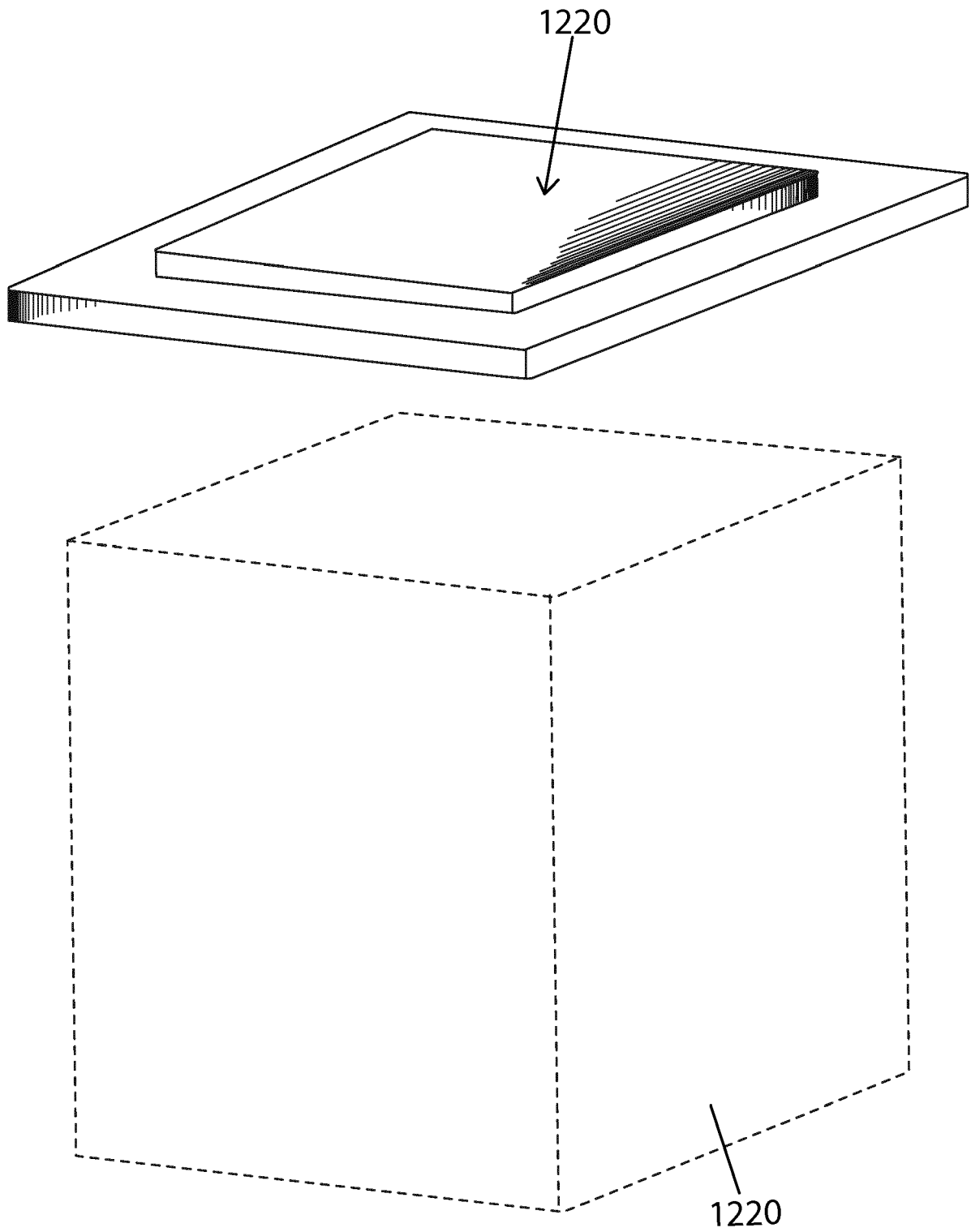


FIG. 13

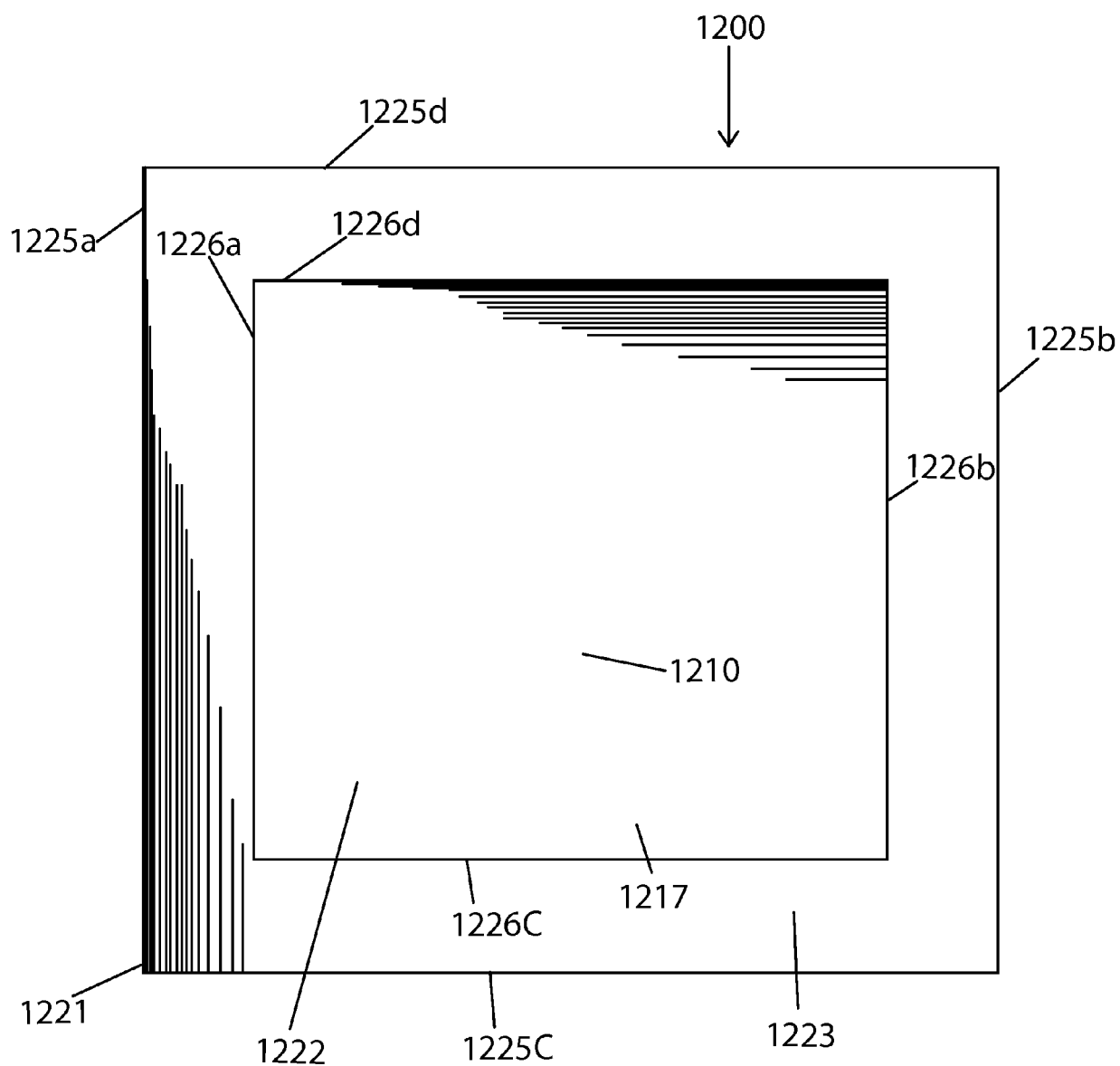


FIG. 14

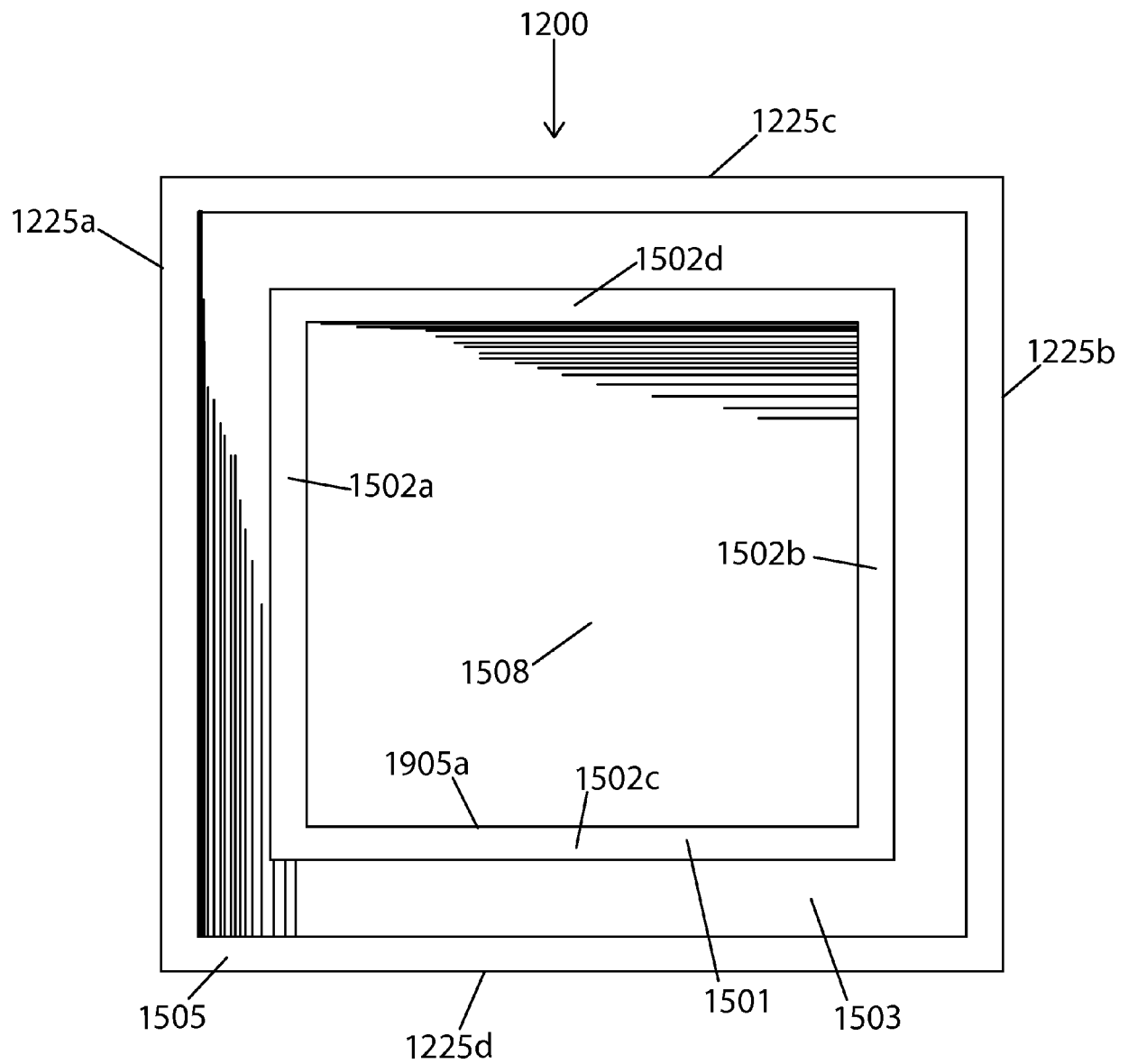


FIG. 15

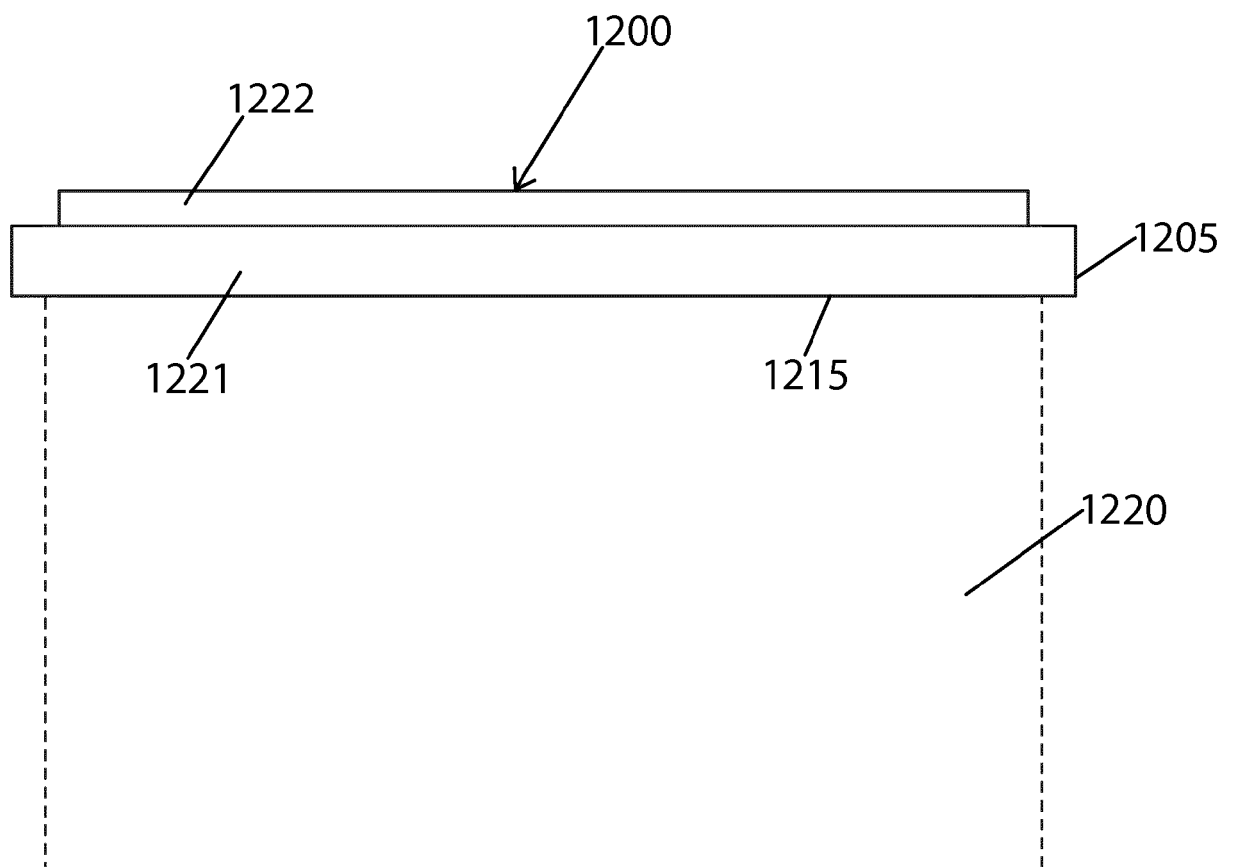


FIG. 16

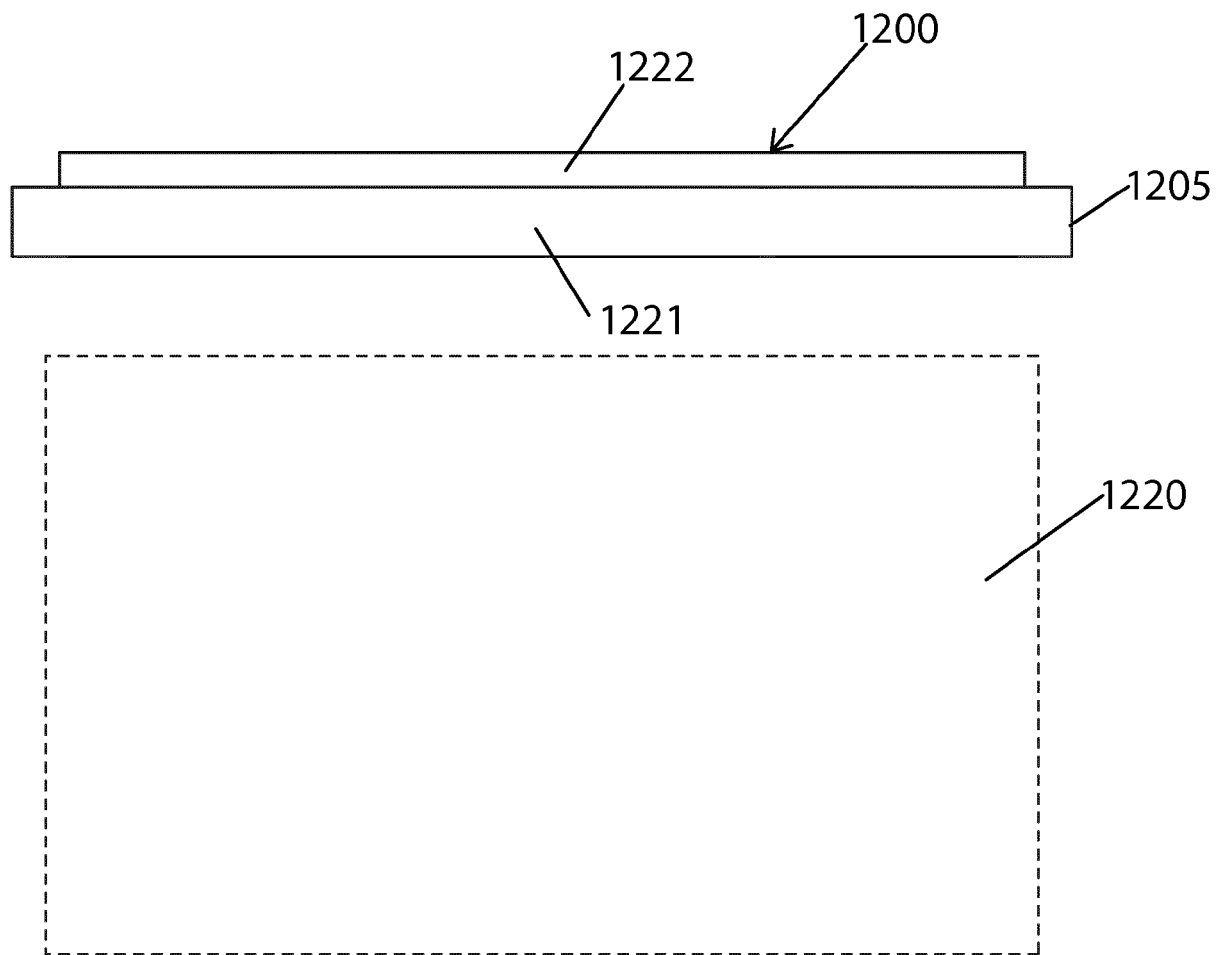


FIG. 17

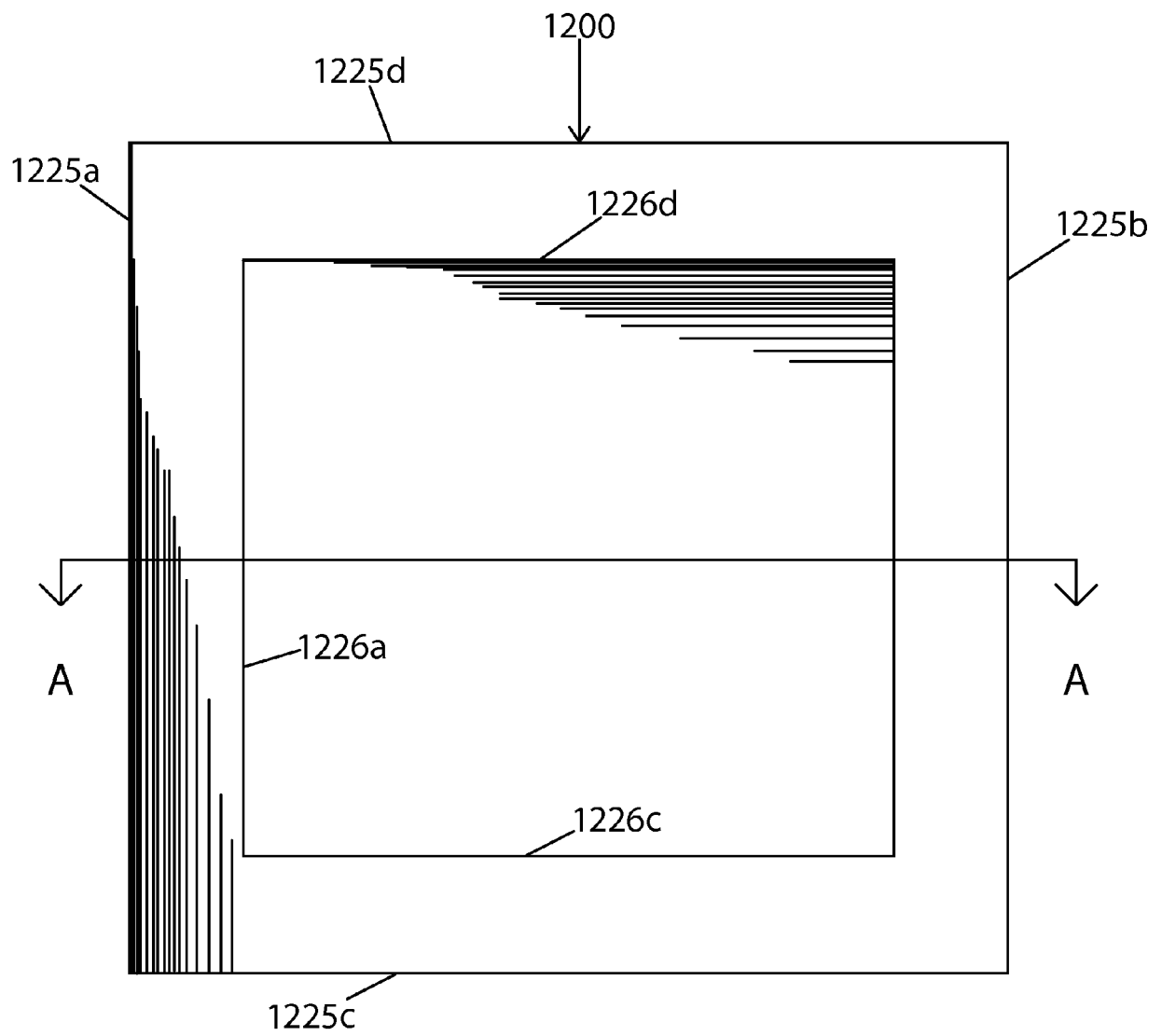


FIG. 18

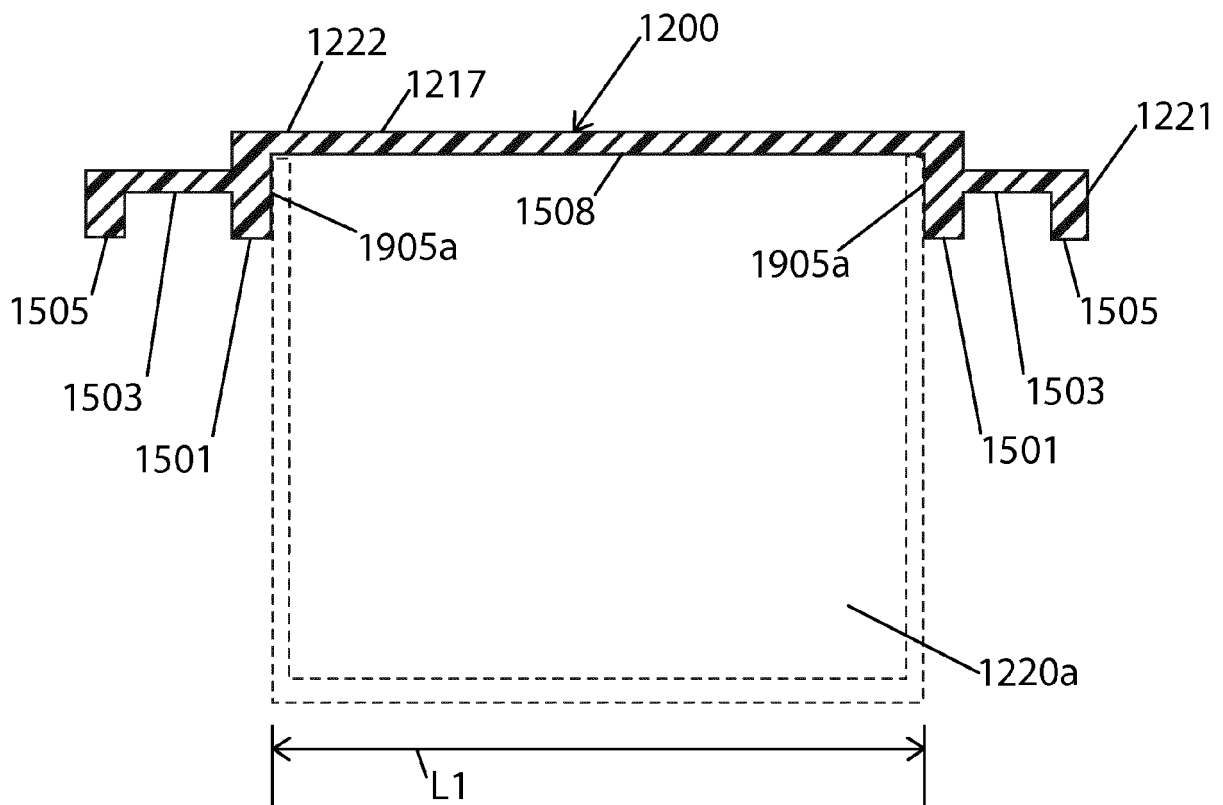


FIG. 19

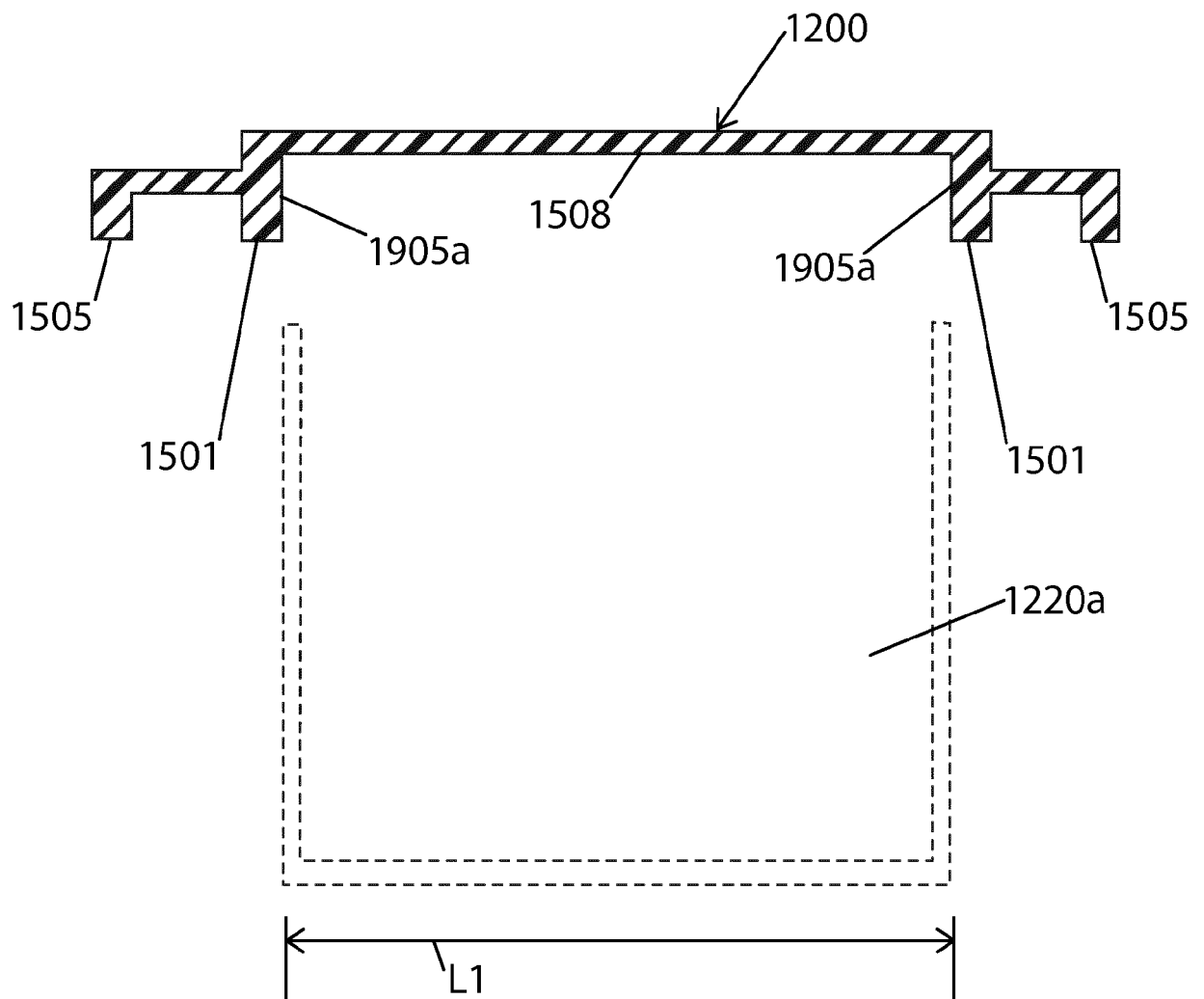


FIG. 20

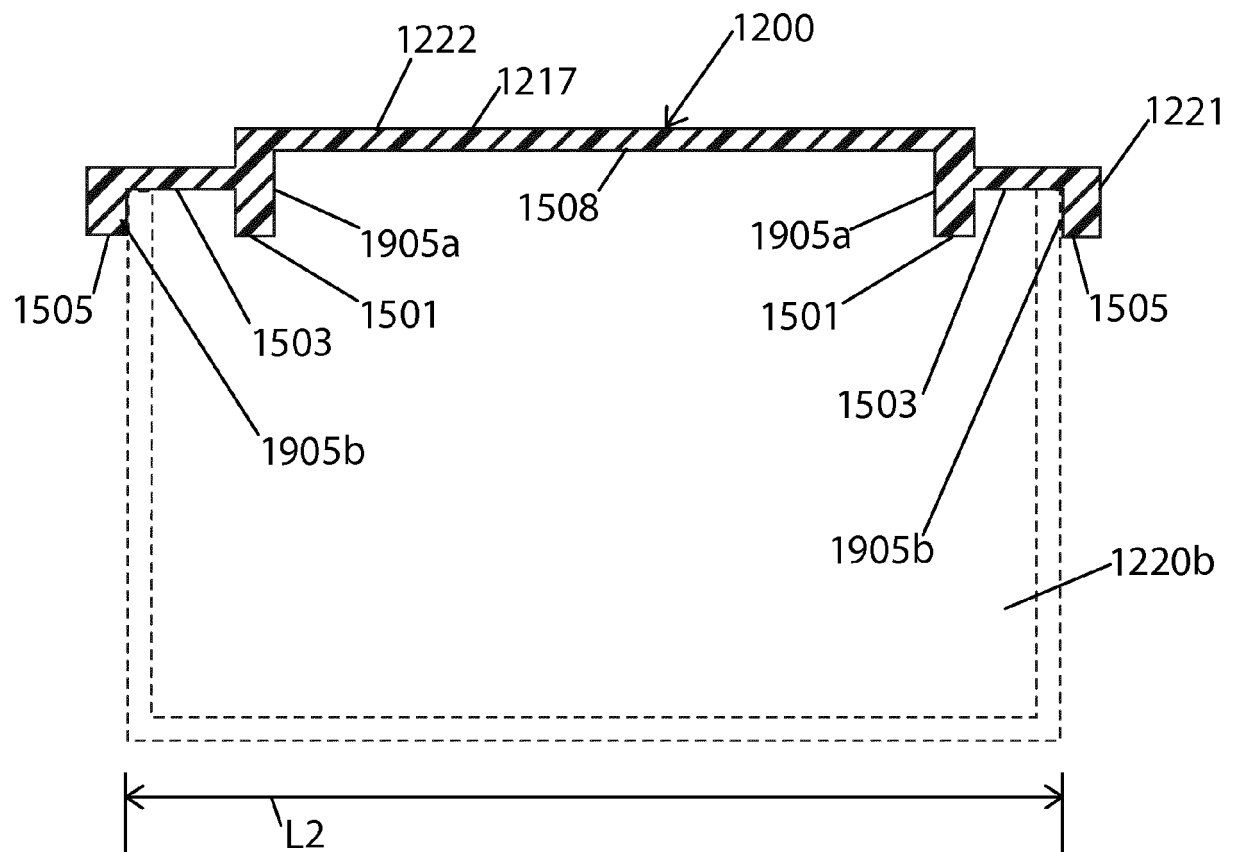


FIG. 21

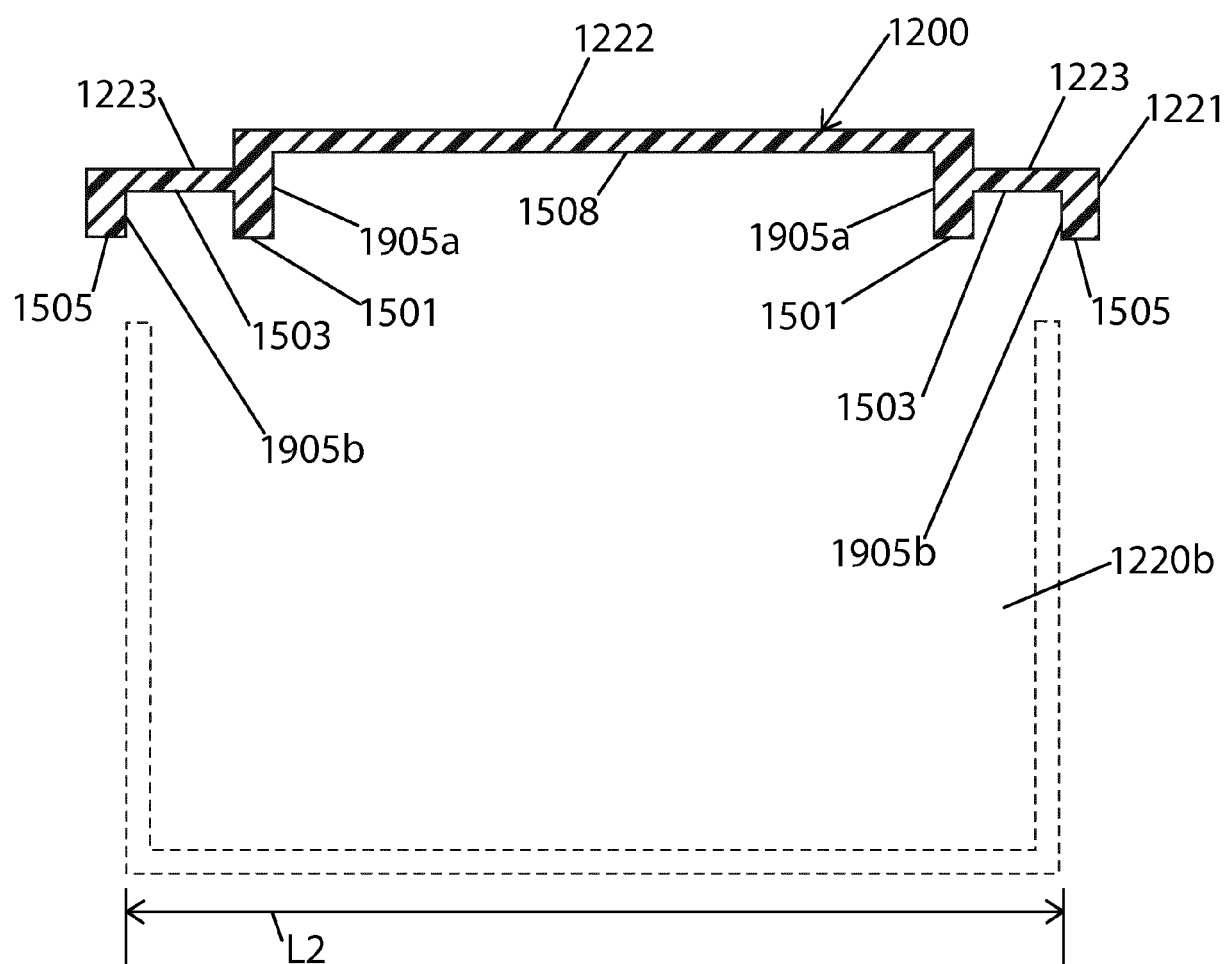


FIG. 22



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 16 15 8844

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)
X	US 2012/298667 A1 (ANTHONY PATRICIA M [US]) 29 November 2012 (2012-11-29) * paragraphs [0035] - [0076]; claims; figures 4-11 *	1-15	INV. B65D43/02
X,P	EP 2 952 445 A1 (ANTHONY PATRICIA M [US]) 9 December 2015 (2015-12-09) * paragraphs [0020] - [0087]; figures 4-11 *	1-15	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)
			B65D
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search The Hague		Date of completion of the search 5 October 2016	Examiner Fournier, Jacques
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

 2
EPO FORM 1503 03/02 (P04C01)

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 16 15 8844

5

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report.
The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on
The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

05-10-2016

10

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 2012298667 A1	29-11-2012	NONE	
EP 2952445 A1	09-12-2015	NONE	

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

EPO FORM P0459

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

This list of references cited by the applicant is for the reader's convenience only. It does not form part of the European patent document. Even though great care has been taken in compiling the references, errors or omissions cannot be excluded and the EPO disclaims all liability in this regard.

Patent documents cited in the description

- US 62129734 A [0001]
- US 465805 A [0002]
- US 439823 A [0003]
- US 13439823 B [0004] [0005] [0006] [0007] [0008] [0009]
- US 29405305 B [0004] [0008] [0009]
- US 29405306 B [0005] [0008] [0009]
- US 29392677 B [0006] [0008] [0009]
- US 29392680 B [0007] [0008] [0009]
- US 7264135 B [0013]
- US 8007615 B [0013]
- US 20090183807 A [0013]
- US 20100207297 A [0013]
- US D555982 S [0013]