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• **Wilkinson, Craig Adam**

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE12 9TS (GB)

• **Gould, Paul Anthony**

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE12 9TS (GB)

• **Tantawy, Hossam Hassan**

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE12 9TS (GB)

(71) Applicant: **The Procter & Gamble Company**

Cincinnati, OH 45202 (US)

(74) Representative: **Howard, Phillip Jan et al**

Procter & Gamble

Technical Centres Limited

Whitley Road

Longbenton

Newcastle upon Tyne NE12 9TS (GB)

(72) Inventors:

• **Chieffi, Andre**

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE12 9TS (GB)

• **Brooker, Alan Thomas**

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE12 9TS (GB)

(54) **LOW PH LAUNDRY DETERGENT COMPOSITION**

(57) The present invention relates to a solid free flowing particulate laundry detergent composition comprising:

(a) anionic deterative surfactant;

(b) from 0wt% to 8wt% zeolite builder;

(c) from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder;

(d) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium carbonate;

(e) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium silicate;

(f) from 4wt% to 20wt% organic acid,

(g) from 1wt% to 20wt% sodium percarbonate;

(h) from 0.5wt% to 5wt% bleach activator; and

(i) from 0.5wt% to 4wt% disodium 4,5-dihydroxy-1,3-benzenedisulfonate (Tiron) chelant,

wherein the composition at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C, has an equilibrium pH in the range of from 6.5 to 9.0,

wherein the composition comprises from 30wt% to 90wt% base detergent particle, wherein the base detergent particle comprising (by weight of the base detergent particle):

(a) from 4wt% to 35wt% anionic deterative surfactant;

(b) optionally, from 1wt% to 8wt% zeolite builder;

(c) from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder;

(d) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium carbonate;

(e) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium silicate;

(f) from 1wt% to 16wt% organic acid; and

(g) optionally, from 1wt% to 10wt% magnesium sulphate.

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Description

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a solid free flowing particulate laundry detergent composition having a low pH profile. The compositions of the present invention provide good solubility profile, good cleaning profile, good stability profile and good fabric care profile.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Laundry detergent powder manufacturers seek to provide solid free-flowing particulate laundry detergent compositions that have good solubility profile, good cleaning profile, good stability profile and good fabric care profile. Typically, a performance balance is required between the chosen formulation to ensure that these profile requirements are met.

[0003] The pH profile of a typical laundry detergent powder is quite high, around pH 10.5 and sometimes even higher. This pH profile ensures the good performance of historic cleaning mechanisms: such as grease saponification mechanisms and/or fabric fibre swelling mechanisms. However, this high pH profile also means that the detergent formulators are having to address problems with improving the fabric care profile, and ensuring fabric appearance performance and/or fabric shape retention performance is still adequate.

[0004] The inventors have found that an alternative approach to this historic dichotomy of formulating high pH detergent powders to ensure good cleaning performance whilst needing to balance the formulation so as to also provide good fabric care performance, is to formulate the solid detergent powder at a lower pH and then to balance the formulation so as to also provide good cleaning performance.

[0005] This low pH laundry detergent powder formulation approach ensures good fabric appearance and good fabric care profiles, but careful attention is needed to ensure good cleaning performance, and especially to address any undesirable cleaning performance skews that result due to the low pH profile.

[0006] The inventors have found that the cleaning performance of low pH laundry detergent powders can be improved by careful formulation of specific technologies, formulation features and particle architecture as defined by the present invention.

[0007] In particular, the inventors have found that a good cleaning performance is achieved by the combination of a low pH solid laundry detergent powder when formulated using a specific base detergent particle, specific formulation features and a specific chelant, namely Tiron.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0008] The present invention relates to a solid free flowing particulate laundry detergent composition comprising:

- (a) anionic deterative surfactant;
- (b) from 0wt% to 8wt% zeolite builder;
- (c) from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder;
- (d) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium carbonate;
- (e) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium silicate;
- (f) from 4wt% to 20wt% organic acid,
- (g) from 1wt% to 20wt% sodium percarbonate;
- (h) from 0.5wt% to 5wt% bleach activator; and
- (i) from 0.5wt% to 4wt% disodium 4,5-dihydroxy-1,3-benzenedisulfonate (Tiron) chelant,

wherein the composition at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C, has an equilibrium pH in the range of from 6.5 to 9.0, preferably from 6.5 to 8.0,

wherein the composition comprises from 30wt% to 90wt% base detergent particle, wherein the base detergent particle comprising (by weight of the base detergent particle):

- (a) from 4wt% to 35wt% anionic deterative surfactant;
- (b) optionally, from 1wt% to 8wt% zeolite builder;
- (c) from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder;
- (d) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium carbonate;
- (e) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium silicate;
- (f) from 1wt% to 16wt% organic acid; and
- (g) optionally, from 1wt% to 10wt% magnesium sulphate.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0009] The solid free flowing particulate laundry detergent composition comprises:

- (a) anionic deterative surfactant;
- (b) from 0wt% to 8wt% zeolite builder;
- (c) from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder;
- (d) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium carbonate;
- (e) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium silicate;
- (f) from 4wt% to 20wt% organic acid,
- (g) from 1wt% to 20wt% sodium percarbonate;
- (h) from 0.5wt% to 5wt% bleach activator; and
- (i) from 0.5wt% to 4wt% disodium 4,5-dihydroxy-1,3-benzenedisulfonate (Tiron) chelant,

wherein the composition at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C, has an equilibrium pH in the range of from 6.5 to 9.0, preferably from 6.5 to 8.0, wherein the composition comprises from 30wt% to 90wt% base detergent particle, wherein the base detergent particle comprising (by weight of the base detergent particle):

- (a) from 4wt% to 35wt% anionic deterative surfactant;
- (b) optionally, from 1wt% to 8wt% zeolite builder;
- (c) from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder;
- (d) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium carbonate;
- (e) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium silicate;
- (f) from 1wt% to 16wt% organic acid; and
- (g) optionally, from 1wt% to 10wt% magnesium sulphate.

[0010] Solid free-flowing particulate laundry detergent composition: Typically, the solid free-flowing particulate laundry detergent composition is a fully formulated laundry detergent composition, not a portion thereof such as a spray-dried, extruded or agglomerate particle that only forms part of the laundry detergent composition. Typically, the solid composition comprises a plurality of chemically different particles, such as spray-dried base detergent particles and/or agglomerated base detergent particles and/or extruded base detergent particles, in combination with one or more, typically two or more, or five or more, or even ten or more particles selected from: surfactant particles, including surfactant agglomerates, surfactant extrudates, surfactant needles, surfactant noodles, surfactant flakes; phosphate particles; zeolite particles; polymer particles such as carboxylate polymer particles, cellulosic polymer particles, starch particles, polyester particles, polyamine particles, terephthalate polymer particles, polyethylene glycol particles; aesthetic particles such as coloured noodles, needles, lamellae particles and ring particles; enzyme particles such as protease granulates, amylase granulates, lipase granulates, cellulase granulates, mannanase granulates, pectate lyase granulates, xyloglucanase granulates, bleaching enzyme granulates and co- granulates of any of these enzymes, preferably these enzyme granulates comprise sodium sulphate; bleach particles, such as percarbonate particles, especially coated percarbonate particles, such as percarbonate coated with carbonate salt, sulphate salt, silicate salt, borosilicate salt, or any combination thereof, perborate particles, bleach activator particles such as tetra acetyl ethylene diamine particles and/or alkyl oxybenzene sulphonate particles, bleach catalyst particles such as transition metal catalyst particles, and/or isoquinolinium bleach catalyst particles, pre-formed peracid particles, especially coated pre-formed peracid particles; filler particles such as sulphate salt particles and chloride particles; clay particles such as montmorillonite particles and particles of clay and silicone; flocculant particles such as polyethylene oxide particles; wax particles such as wax agglomerates; silicone particles, brightener particles; dye transfer inhibition particles; dye fixative particles; perfume particles such as perfume microcapsules and starch encapsulated perfume accord particles, or pro-perfume particles such as Schiff base reaction product particles; hueing dye particles; chelant particles such as chelant agglomerates; and any combination thereof.

[0011] Typically, the solid free flowing particulate laundry detergent composition comprises:

- (a) anionic deterative surfactant;
- (b) from 0wt% to 8wt% zeolite builder;
- (c) from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder;
- (d) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium carbonate;
- (e) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium silicate; and (f) from 4wt% to 20wt% organic acid.

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[0012] Typically, the composition at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C, has an equilibrium pH in the range of from 6.5 to 9.0, preferably from 6.5 to 8.5, more preferably from 7.0 to 8.0.

[0013] Typically, the composition at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C, has a reserve alkalinity to pH 7.0 of less than 4.0gNaOH/100g, preferably less than 3.0gNaOH/100g, or even less than 2.0gNaOH/100g.

[0014] As used herein, the term "reserve alkalinity" is a measure of the buffering capacity of the detergent composition (g/NaOH/100g detergent composition) determined by titrating a 1% (w/v) solution of detergent composition with hydrochloric acid to pH 7.0 i.e. in order to calculate Reserve Alkalinity as defined herein:

$$\text{Reserve Alkalinity (to pH 7.0) as \% alkali in g NaOH/100 g product} = \frac{T \times M \times 40 \times \text{Vol}}{10 \times \text{Wt} \times \text{Aliquot}}$$

T = titre (ml) to pH 7.0

M = Molarity of HCl = 0.2

40 = Molecular weight of NaOH

Vol = Total volume (ie. 1000 ml)

W = Weight of product (10 g)

Aliquot = (100 ml)

[0015] Obtain a 10g sample accurately weighed to two decimal places, of fully formulated detergent composition. The sample should be obtained using a Pascall sampler in a dust cabinet. Add the 10g sample to a plastic beaker and add 200 ml of carbon dioxide-free de-ionised water. Agitate using a magnetic stirrer on a stirring plate at 150 rpm until fully dissolved and for at least 15 minutes. Transfer the contents of the beaker to a 1 litre volumetric flask and make up to 1 litre with deionised water. Mix well and take a 100 mls $\pm$ 1 ml aliquot using a 100 mls pipette immediately. Measure and record the pH and temperature of the sample using a pH meter capable of reading to $\pm$ 0.01pH units, with stirring, ensuring temperature is 21°C $\pm$ 2°C. Titrate whilst stirring with 0.2M hydrochloric acid until pH measures exactly 7.0. Note the millilitres of hydrochloric acid used. Take the average titre of three identical repeats. Carry out the calculation described above to calculate the reserve alkalinity to pH 7.0.

[0016] Typically, the composition comprises from 30wt% to 90wt% base detergent particle, wherein the base detergent particle comprising (by weight of the base detergent particle): (a) from 4wt% to 35wt% anionic deterative surfactant; (b) optionally, from 1wt% to 8wt% zeolite builder; (c) from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder; (d) from 0wt% to 8wt%, preferably from 0wt% to 4wt%, sodium carbonate; (e) from 0wt% to 8wt%, preferably from 0wt% to 4wt%, sodium silicate; (f) from 1wt% to 10wt% organic acid; and (g) optionally, from 1wt% to 10wt% magnesium sulphate. Typically, the base detergent particle is in the form of a spray-dried particle.

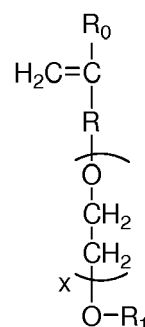
[0017] Typically, the organic acid comprises citric acid and the base detergent particle comprises from 1wt% to 10wt% citric acid.

[0018] The organic acid may be at least partially coated, or even completely coated, by a water-dispersible material. Water-dispersible material also typically includes water-soluble material. A suitable water-dispersible material is wax. A suitable water-soluble material is citrate.

[0019] Typically, the anionic deterative surfactant comprises alkyl benzene sulphonate and wherein the base detergent particle comprises from 4wt% to 35wt% alkyl benzene sulphonate.

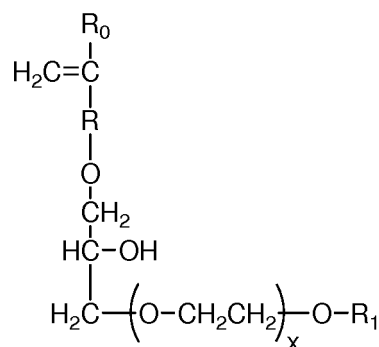
[0020] Typically, the base detergent particle comprises from 0.5wt% to 5wt% carboxylate copolymer, wherein the carboxylate co-polymer comprises: (i) from 50 to less than 98 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising carboxyl groups; (ii) from 1 to less than 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising sulfonate moieties; and (iii) from 1 to 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more types of monomers selected from ether bond-containing monomers represented by formulas (I) and (II):

formula (I):



wherein in formula (I), R_0 represents a hydrogen atom or CH_3 group, R represents a CH_2 group, CH_2CH_2 group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5 provided X represents a number 1-5 when R is a single bond, and R_1 is a hydrogen atom or C_1 to C_{20} organic group;

formula (II)



wherein in formula (II), R_0 represents a hydrogen atom or CH_3 group, R represents a CH_2 group, CH_2CH_2 group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5, and R_1 is a hydrogen atom or C_1 to C_{20} organic group.

[0021] Typically, the base detergent particle comprises from 30wt% to 70wt% sodium sulphate.

[0022] Typically, the composition comprises from 1wt% to 20wt% co-surfactant particle, wherein the co-surfactant particle comprises: (a) from 25wt% to 60wt% co-surfactant; (b) from 10wt% to 50wt% carbonate salt; and (c) from 1wt% to 30wt% silica. Typically, the co-surfactant particle is in the form of an agglomerate.

[0023] Typically, the co-surfactant comprises alkyl ethoxylated sulphate having an average degree of ethoxylation of from 0.5 to 2.5, and wherein the co-surfactant particle comprises from 25wt% to 60wt% alkyl ethoxylated sulphate having an average degree of ethoxylation of from 0.5 to 2.5. The co-surfactant particle may comprise linear alkyl benzene sulphonate and alkyl ethoxylated sulphate having an average degree of ethoxylation of from 0.5 to 2.5.

[0024] The composition at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C, may have an equilibrium pH in the range of from 6.5 to 8.5.

[0025] The composition may have a reserve alkalinity to pH 7.5 of less than 3.0gNaOH/100g.

[0026] The composition may comprise from 0wt% to 6wt%, preferably from 0wt% to 4wt%, sodium bicarbonate.

[0027] The composition may comprise from 0wt% to 4wt% sodium carbonate.

[0028] The composition may comprise from 0wt% to 4wt% sodium silicate.

[0029] The composition may comprise from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder.

[0030] The composition is preferably substantially free of phosphate builder.

[0031] The composition may be substantially free of sodium carbonate.

[0032] The composition may be substantially free of sodium bicarbonate.

[0033] The composition may be substantially free of sodium silicate.

[0034] By "substantially free" it is typically meant herein to mean: "comprises no deliberately added".

[0035] The composition may comprise the combination of lipase enzyme and soil release polymer.

[0036] Preferably, the composition comprises alkyl benzene sulphonate, wherein the alkyl benzene sulphonate com-

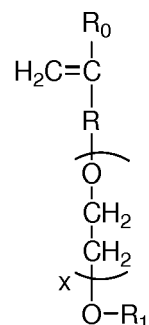
prises at least 25wt% of the combined total of 2-phenyl isomer and 3-phenyl isomer. A suitable alkyl benzene sulphonate having this feature is obtained by DETAL synthesis.

[0037] The composition may comprises alkyl amine oxide.

[0038] The composition may comprises from 0.5wt% to 8wt% carboxylate co-polymer, wherein the carboxylate co-polymer comprises: (i) from 50 to less than 98 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising carboxyl groups;

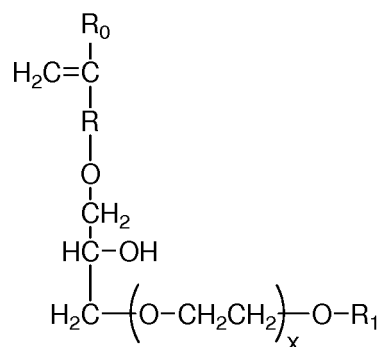
(ii) from 1 to less than 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising sulfonate moieties; and (iii) from 1 to 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more types of monomers selected from ether bond-containing monomers represented by formulas (I) and (II):

formula (I):



wherein in formula (I), R_0 represents a hydrogen atom or CH_3 group, R represents a CH_2 group, CH_2CH_2 group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5 provided X represents a number 1-5 when R is a single bond, and R_1 is a hydrogen atom or C_1 to C_{20} organic group;

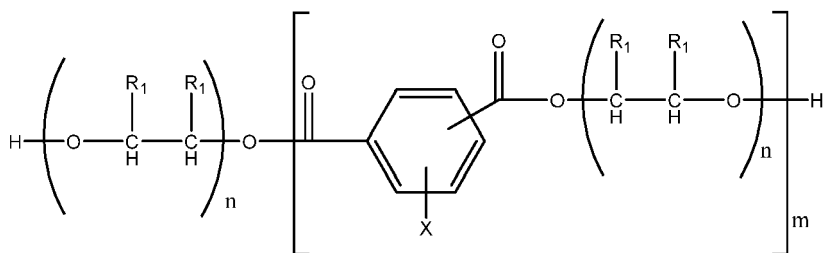
formula (II)



wherein in formula (II), R_0 represents a hydrogen atom or CH_3 group, R represents a CH_2 group, CH_2CH_2 group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5, and R_1 is a hydrogen atom or C_1 to C_{20} organic group.

[0039] The composition may comprise polyethylene glycol polymer, wherein the polyethylene glycol polymer comprises a polyethylene glycol backbone with grafted polyvinyl acetate side chains.

[0040] The composition may comprise a polyester soil release polymer having the structure:



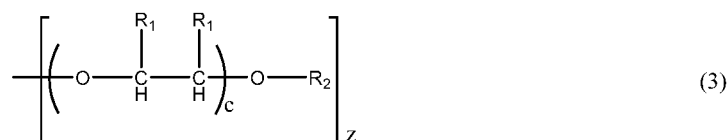
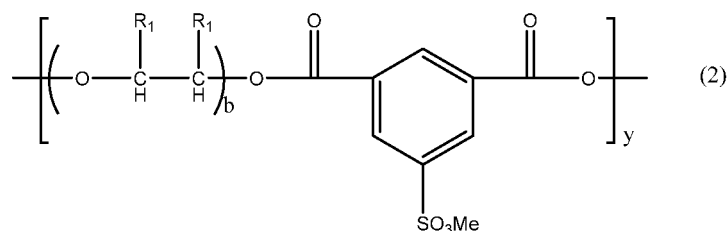
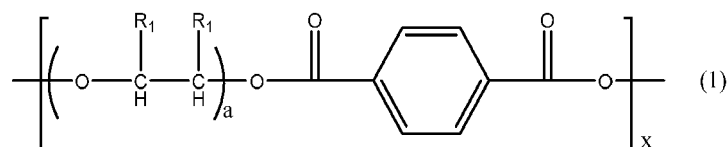
wherein n is from 1 to 10; m is from 1 to 15 ;

X is H or SO₃Me;

wherein Me is H, Na⁺, Li⁺, K⁺, Mg²⁺, Ca²⁺, Al³⁺, ammonium, mono-, di-, tri-, or tetraalkylammonium; wherein the alkyl groups are C₁-C₁₈ alkyl or C₂-C₁₀ hydroxyalkyl, or any mixture thereof;

R₁ are independently selected from H or C₁-C₁₈ n- or iso-alkyl.

[0041] The composition may comprise a polyester soil release polymer consisting of structure units (1) to (3):



wherein:

a, b and c are from 1 to 10;

x, y is from 1 to 10;

z is from 0.1 to 10;

Me is H, Na⁺, Li⁺, K⁺, Mg²⁺, Ca²⁺, Al³⁺, ammonium, mono-, di-, tri-, or tetraalkylammonium wherein the alkyl groups are C₁-C₁₈ alkyl or C₂-C₁₀ hydroxyalkyl, or any mixture thereof;

R₁, are independently selected from H or C₁-C₁₈ n- or iso-alkyl;

R₂ is a linear or branched C₁-C₁₈ alkyl, or a linear or branched C₂-C₃₀ alkenyl, or a cycloalkyl group with 5 to 9 carbon atoms, or a C₆-C₃₀ aryl group, or a C₆-C₃₀ arylalkyl group.

[0042] The composition may comprise carboxymethyl cellulose having a degree of substitution greater than 0.65 and a degree of blockiness greater than 0.45.

[0043] The composition may comprise an alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine, wherein said alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine has a polyalkyleneimine core with one or more side chains bonded to at least one nitrogen atom in the polyalkyleneimine core, wherein said alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine has an empirical formula (I) of (PEI)_a-(EO)_b-R₁, wherein a is the average number-average molecular weight (MW_{PEI}) of the polyalkyleneimine core of the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine and is in the range of from 100 to 100,000 Daltons, wherein b is the average degree of ethoxylation in said one or more side chains of the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine and is in the range of from 5 to 40, and wherein R₁ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyls, and combinations thereof.

[0044] The composition may comprise an alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine, wherein said alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine has a polyalkyleneimine core with one or more side chains bonded to at least one nitrogen atom in the polyalkyleneimine core, wherein the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine has an empirical formula (II) of $(PEI)_o-(EO)_m(PO)_n-R_2$ or $(PEI)_o-(PO)_n(EO)_m-R_2$, wherein o is the average number-average molecular weight (MW_{PEI}) of the polyalkyleneimine core of the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine and is in the range of from 100 to 100,000 Daltons, wherein m is the average degree of ethoxylation in said one or more side chains of the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine which ranges from 10 to 50, wherein n is the average degree of propoxylation in said one or more side chains of the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine which ranges from 1 to 50, and wherein R_2 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyls, and combinations thereof.

[0045] The composition may comprise the combination of a non-ionic soil release polymer and an anionic soil release polymer.

[0046] Highly preferably, the composition is substantially free of pre-formed peracid.

[0047] The composition may comprise:

- (a) from 1wt% to 20wt% sodium percarbonate;
- (b) from 0.5wt% to 5wt% bleach activator; and
- (c) from 0.5wt% to 5wt% chelant.

[0048] The bleach activator may comprise sodium tetraacetylenediamine, and wherein the composition may comprise from 0.5wt% to 5wt% sodium tetraacetylenediamine.

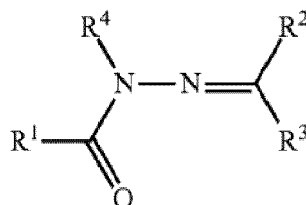
[0049] The chelant may comprise sodium salt of methylglycine diacetic acid (MGDA), and wherein the composition may comprise from 0.5wt% to 5wt% sodium salt of methylglycine diacetic acid (MGDA).

[0050] The chelant may comprise ethylenediamine disuccinic acid (EDDS), and wherein the composition may comprise from 0.5wt% to 5wt% ethylenediamine disuccinic acid (EDDS).

[0051] The chelant may comprise disodium 4,5-dihydroxy-1,3-benzenedisulfonate, and wherein the composition may comprise from 0.5wt% to 5wt% disodium 4,5-dihydroxy-1,3-benzenedisulfonate.

[0052] The composition may comprises 4,4'-bis-(triazinylamino)-stilbene-2,2'-disulfonic acid brightener and/or 4,4'-distyryl biphenyl brightener.

[0053] The composition may comprises an acyl hydrazone bleach catalyst, wherein the acyl hydrazone bleach catalyst has the formula I:

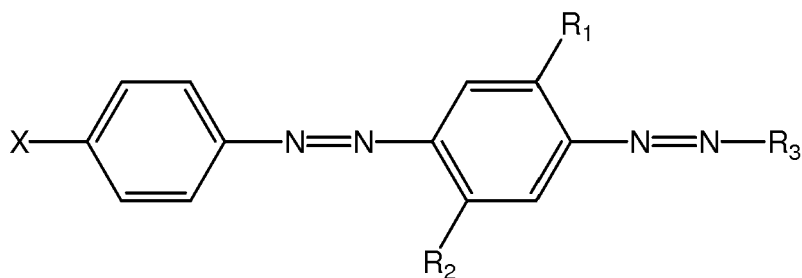


wherein, R^1 is selected from the groups comprising CF_3 , C_{1-28} alkyl, C_{2-28} alkenyl, C_{2-22} alkynyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, C_{7-9} aralkyl, C_{3-20} heteroalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloheteroalkyl or a mixture thereof;

R^2 and R^3 are independently selected from the group comprising hydrogen, substituted C_{1-28} alkyl, C_{2-28} alkenyl, C_{2-22} alkynyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkenyl, C_{7-9} aralkyl, C_{3-28} heteroalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloheteroalkyl, C_{5-16} heteroaralkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, heteroaryl or a mixture thereof;

or R^2 and R^3 are linked to form a substituted 5-, 6-, 7-, 8- or 9-membered ring that optionally comprises heteroatoms; and R^4 is selected from the groups comprising hydrogen, C_{1-28} alkyl, C_{2-28} alkenyl, C_{2-22} alkynyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkenyl, C_{7-9} aralkyl, C_{3-20} heteroalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloheteroalkyl, C_{5-16} heteroaralkyl, substituted phenyl, naphthyl, heteroaryl or a mixture thereof.

[0054] The composition may comprise a hueing agent having the following structure:



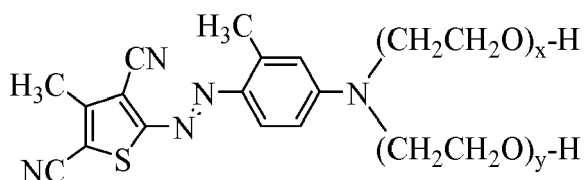
wherein:

R1 and R2 are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; alkyl; alkoxy; alkyleneoxy; alkyl capped alkyleneoxy; urea; and amido;

R3 is a substituted aryl group;

X is a substituted group comprising sulfonamide moiety and optionally an alkyl and/or aryl moiety, and wherein the substituent group comprises at least one alkyleneoxy chain that comprises an average molar distribution of at least four alkyleneoxy moieties.

[0055] The composition may comprise a hueing agent having the following structure:



wherein the index values x and y are independently selected from 1 to 10.

[0056] The composition may comprise a hueing agent selected from Acid Violet 50, Direct Violet 9, 66 and 99, Solvent Violet 13 and any combination thereof.

[0057] The composition may comprise a protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus amyloliquefaciens* as shown in SEQ ID NO:9

[0058] The composition may comprise a protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus amyloliquefaciens* BPN' as shown in SEQ ID NO:10, and which comprises one or more mutations selected from group consisting of V4I, S9R, A15T, S24G, S33T, S53G, V68A, N76D, S78N, S101M/N, Y167F, and Y217Q.

[0059] The composition may comprise a protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus thermoproteolyticus* as shown in SEQ ID NO:11.

[0060] The composition may comprise a protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus lentus* as shown in SEQ IS NO:12, and which comprises one or mutations selected from the group consisting of S3T, V4I, A194P, V199M, V205I, and L217D.

[0061] The composition may comprise a protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus* sp. TY145 as shown in SEQ ID NO:13.

[0062] The composition may comprises a protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus* sp. KSM-KP43 as shown in SEQ ID NO:14.

[0063] The composition may comprise a variant of the wild-type amylase from *Bacillus* sp. which has at least 90% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:5, and which comprises one or more mutations at positions N195, G477, G304, W140, W189, D134, V206, Y243, E260, F262, W284, W347, W439, W469 and/or G476, and optionally which comprises the deletions of D183* and/or G184*.

[0064] The composition may comprise a variant of the wild-type amylase from *Bacillus* sp. which has at least 90% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:6, and which comprises one or more mutations at positions 9, 26, 30, 33, 82, 37, 106, 118, 128, 133, 149, 150, 160, 178, 182, 186, 193, 195, 202, 214, 231, 256, 257, 258, 269, 270, 272, 283, 295, 296, 298, 299, 303, 304, 305, 311, 314, 315, 318, 319, 320, 323, 339, 345, 361, 378, 383, 419, 421, 437, 441, 444, 445, 446, 447, 450, 458, 461, 471, 482 and/or 484, preferably that also contain the deletions of D183* and G184*.

[0065] The composition may comprise a variant of the wild-type amylase from *Bacillus* sp. KSM-K38 which has at least 90% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:7.

[0066] The composition may comprise a variant of the wild-type amylase from *Cytophaga sp.* which has at least 60% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:8.

[0067] The composition may comprise a variant of the wild-type lipase from *Thermomyces lanuginosus* which has at least 90% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:1.

[0068] The composition may comprise a variant of the wild-type lipase from *Thermomyces lanuginosus* which has at least 90% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:1, and which comprises T231R and/or N233R mutations.

[0069] The composition may comprise a variant of the wild-type lipase from *Thermomyces lanuginosus* which has at least 90% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:1, and which comprises G91A, D96G, G225R, T231R and/or N233R mutations.

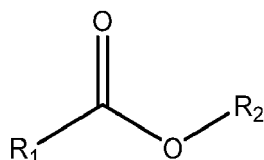
the composition may comprise a cellulase that is a wild-type or variant of a microbially-derived endoglucanase endogenous to *Bacillus sp.* exhibiting endo-beta-1,4-glucanase activity (E.C. 3.2.1.4) which has at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:2.

[0070] The composition may comprise cellulase that is a wild-type or variant of a microbially-derived endoglucanase endogenous to *Paenibacillus polymyxa* exhibiting endo-beta-1,4-glucanase activity (E.C. 3.2.1.4) which has at least 90% identity to amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:3.

[0071] The composition may comprise a cellulase that is a hybrid fusion endoglucanase comprising a Glycosyl Hydrolase Family 45 catalytic domain that is a wild-type or variant of a microbially-derived endoglucanase endogenous to *Melanocarpus albomyces*, and a carbohydrate binding module that is a wild-type or variant of a carbohydrate binding module endogenous to *Trichoderma reesei*, and which has at least 90% identity to amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:4.

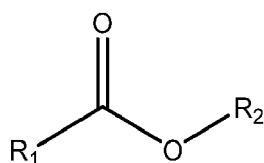
[0072] The composition may comprise an enzyme selected from mannanase, pectate lyase, laccase, polyesterase, galactanase, acyltransferase, and any combination thereof.

[0073] The composition may comprise a perfume, wherein the perfume comprises from 60wt% to 85wt% ester perfume raw materials having the structure:



wherein R1 and R2 are independently selected from C1 to C30 linear or branched, cyclic or non-cyclic, aromatic or non-aromatic, saturated or un-saturated, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl.

[0074] The composition may comprise: (a) alkyl ethoxylated sulphate having an average degree of ethoxylation of from 0.5 to 2.0; (b) perfume, wherein the perfume comprises from 60wt% to 85wt% ester perfume raw materials having the structure:



wherein R1 and R2 are independently selected from C1 to C30 linear or branched, cyclic or non-cyclic, aromatic or non-aromatic, saturated or un-saturated, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl.

[0075] The composition may comprise polyvinyl N oxide polymer.

[0076] The composition may comprise: silicate salt particles, especially sodium silicate particles; and/or carbonate salt particles, especially sodium bicarbonate particles. However it may be preferred for the composition to be free of silicate salt particles, especially free of sodium silicate particles. It may also be preferred for the composition to be free of carbonate salt particles, especially free of sodium carbonate particles.

[0077] Preferably, the composition comprises from 1wt% to 10wt% dry-added acid particles, preferably from 2wt% to 8wt% dry-added acid particles. A suitable dry-added acid is an organic acid, preferably a carboxylic acid, preferably citric acid.

[0078] Base detergent particle: The solid free-flowing particulate laundry detergent composition typically comprises a base detergent particle. The base detergent particle may be in the form of spray-dried particle, or an agglomerate, preferably the base particle is in the form of a spray-dried particle. Typically, the composition comprises from 30wt% to 90wt% base detergent particle, preferably from 40wt% to 80wt%, more preferably from 50wt% to 70wt% base detergent

particle.

[0079] The base detergent particle typically comprises from 1wt% to 10wt% organic acid, preferably from 2wt% to 8wt%, or from 3wt% to 7wt% organic acid. A preferred organic acid is a carboxylic acid, preferably citric acid.

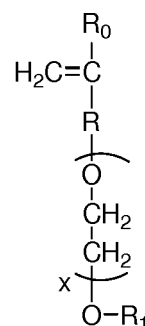
[0080] The base detergent particle typically comprises from 1wt% to 10wt% magnesium sulphate, preferably from 2wt% to 8wt%, or from 3wt% to 6wt% magnesium sulphate.

[0081] The base detergent particle typically comprises from 1wt% to 8wt%, preferably from 2wt% to 6wt% or from 2wt% to 4wt% zeolite. A preferred zeolite is zeolite A, especially zeolite 4A.

[0082] The base detergent particle typically comprises from 5wt% to 40wt%, preferably from 10wt% to 30wt% anionic deterative surfactant. A preferred anionic deterative surfactant is alkyl benzene sulphonate.

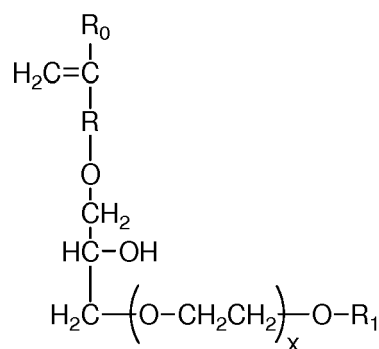
[0083] The base detergent particle typically comprises from 0.5wt% to 5wt% polymer, preferably from 1wt% to 3wt% polymer. A preferred polymer is a carboxylate polymer, more preferably a co-polymer that comprises: (i) from 50 to less than 98 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising carboxyl groups; (ii) from 1 to less than 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising sulfonate moieties; and (iii) from 1 to 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more types of monomers selected from ether bond-containing monomers represented by formulas (I) and (II):

formula (I):



wherein in formula (I), R_0 represents a hydrogen atom or CH_3 group, R represents a CH_2 group, CH_2CH_2 group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5 provided X represents a number 1-5 when R is a single bond, and R_1 is a hydrogen atom or C_1 to C_{20} organic group;

formula (II)



wherein in formula (II), R_0 represents a hydrogen atom or CH_3 group, R represents a CH_2 group, CH_2CH_2 group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5, and R_1 is a hydrogen atom or C_1 to C_{20} organic group.

[0084] It may be preferred that the polymer has a weight average molecular weight of at least 50kDa, or even at least 70kDa.

[0085] Typically, the base detergent particle comprises from 30wt% to 70wt%, or from 40wt% to 70wt% sodium sulphate.

[0086] Co-surfactant particle: Typically, the detergent composition comprises a co-surfactant particle. Typically, the composition comprises from 1wt% to 20wt%, or from 2wt% to 15wt%, or from 3wt% to 10wt% co-surfactant particle.

Typically, the co-surfactant particle is in the form of an agglomerate, extrudate, needle, noodle, flake or any combination thereof. Preferably, the co-surfactant particle is in the form of an agglomerate.

[0087] The co-surfactant particle typically comprises from 25wt% to 60wt% co-surfactant, preferably from 30wt% to 50wt% co-surfactant. A preferred co-surfactant is alkyl alkoxy sulphate, preferably a C₁₀-C₂₀ alkyl ethoxylated sulphate having an average degree of ethoxylation of from 0.5 to 2.0.

[0088] Typically, the co-surfactant particle comprises from 10wt% to 50wt% carbonate salt. A preferred carbonate salt is sodium carbonate and/or sodium bicarbonate. However, it may be preferred for the co-surfactant particle to be free of carbonate salt, especially free of sodium carbonate.

[0089] Typically, the co-surfactant particle comprises from 1wt% to 30wt% silica, preferably from 5wt% to 20wt% silica.

[0090] Detergent Ingredients: Suitable laundry detergent compositions comprise a detergent ingredient selected from: deterative surfactant, such as anionic deterative surfactants, non-ionic deterative surfactants, cationic deterative surfactants, zwitterionic deterative surfactants and amphoteric deterative surfactants; polymers, such as carboxylate polymers, soil release polymer, anti-redeposition polymers, cellulosic polymers and care polymers; bleach, such as sources of hydrogen peroxide, bleach activators, bleach catalysts and pre-formed peracids; photobleach, such as such as zinc and/or aluminium sulphonated phthalocyanine; enzymes, such as proteases, amylases, cellulases, lipases; zeolite builder; phosphate builder; co-builders, such as citric acid and citrate; sulphate salt, such as sodium sulphate; chloride salt, such as sodium chloride; brighteners; chelants; hueing agents; dye transfer inhibitors; dye fixative agents; perfume; silicone; fabric softening agents, such as clay; flocculants, such as polyethyleneoxide; suds suppressors; and any combination thereof.

[0091] The composition may comprise: silicate salt, especially sodium silicate; and/or carbonate salt, especially sodium bicarbonate and/or sodium carbonate. However it may be preferred for the composition to be free of silicate salt, especially free of sodium silicate. It may also be preferred for the composition to be free of carbonate salt, especially free of sodium carbonate and/or sodium bicarbonate.

[0092] The composition may have a pH profile such that upon dilution in de-ionized water at a concentration of 1g/L at a temperature of 20°C, the composition has a pH in the range of from 6.5 to 8.5, preferably from 7.0 to 8.0.

[0093] Suitable laundry detergent compositions may have a low buffering capacity. Such laundry detergent compositions typically have a reserve alkalinity to pH 7.5 of less than 5.0gNaOH/100g, preferably less than 3.0gNaOH/100g.

[0094] The composition is preferably substantially free of pre-formed peracid. The composition is preferably substantially free of phthalimido-peroxycaproic acid. Substantially free means no deliberately added.

[0095] Deterative Surfactant: Suitable deterative surfactants include anionic deterative surfactants, non-ionic deterative surfactant, cationic deterative surfactants, zwitterionic deterative surfactants and amphoteric deterative surfactants. Suitable deterative surfactants may be linear or branched, substituted or un-substituted, and may be derived from petrochemical material or biomaterial.

[0096] Anionic deterative surfactant: Suitable anionic deterative surfactants include sulphonate and sulphate deterative surfactants.

[0097] Suitable sulphonate deterative surfactants include methyl ester sulphonates, alpha olefin sulphonates, alkyl benzene sulphonates, especially alkyl benzene sulphonates, preferably C₁₀₋₁₃ alkyl benzene sulphonate. Suitable alkyl benzene sulphonate (LAS) is obtainable, preferably obtained, by sulphonating commercially available linear alkyl benzene (LAB); suitable LAB includes low 2-phenyl LAB, other suitable LAB include high 2-phenyl LAB, such as those supplied by Sasol under the tradename Hyblene®.

[0098] Suitable sulphate deterative surfactants include alkyl sulphate, preferably C₈₋₁₈ alkyl sulphate, or predominantly C₁₂ alkyl sulphate.

[0099] A preferred sulphate deterative surfactant is alkyl alkoxyated sulphate, preferably alkyl ethoxyated sulphate, preferably a C₈₋₁₈ alkyl alkoxyated sulphate, preferably a C₈₋₁₈ alkyl ethoxyated sulphate, preferably the alkyl alkoxyated sulphate has an average degree of alkoxylation of from 0.5 to 20, preferably from 0.5 to 10, preferably the alkyl alkoxyated sulphate is a C₈₋₁₈ alkyl ethoxyated sulphate having an average degree of ethoxylation of from 0.5 to 10, preferably from 0.5 to 5, more preferably from 0.5 to 3 and most preferably from 0.5 to 1.5.

[0100] The alkyl sulphate, alkyl alkoxyated sulphate and alkyl benzene sulphonates may be linear or branched, substituted or un-substituted, and may be derived from petrochemical material or biomaterial.

[0101] Other suitable anionic deterative surfactants include alkyl ether carboxylates.

[0102] Suitable anionic deterative surfactants may be in salt form, suitable counter-ions include sodium, calcium, magnesium, amino alcohols, and any combination thereof. A preferred counterion is sodium.

[0103] Non-ionic deterative surfactant: Suitable non-ionic deterative surfactants are selected from the group consisting of: C₈-C₁₈ alkyl ethoxylates, such as, NEODOL® non-ionic surfactants from Shell; C₆-C₁₂ alkyl phenol alkoxyates wherein preferably the alkoxyate units are ethyleneoxy units, propyleneoxy units or a mixture thereof; C₁₂-C₁₈ alcohol and C₆-C₁₂ alkyl phenol condensates with ethylene oxide/propylene oxide block polymers such as Pluronic® from BASF; alkylpolysaccharides, preferably alkylpolyglycosides; methyl ester ethoxylates; polyhydroxy fatty acid amides; ether capped poly(oxyalkylated) alcohol surfactants; and mixtures thereof.

[0105] Suitable non-ionic deterative surfactants include alkyl alkoxyated alcohols, preferably C₈₋₁₈ alkyl alkoxyated alcohol, preferably a C₈₋₁₈ alkyl ethoxyated alcohol, preferably the alkyl alkoxyated alcohol has an average degree of alkoxylation of from 1 to 50, preferably from 1 to 30, or from 1 to 20, or from 1 to 10, preferably the alkyl alkoxyated alcohol is a C₈₋₁₈ alkyl ethoxyated alcohol having an average degree of ethoxylation of from 1 to 10, preferably from 1 to 7, more preferably from 1 to 5 and most preferably from 3 to 7. The alkyl alkoxyated alcohol can be linear or branched, and substituted or un-substituted.

[0107] Cationic deterative surfactant: Suitable cationic deterative surfactants include alkyl pyridinium compounds, alkyl quaternary ammonium compounds, alkyl quaternary phosphonium compounds, alkyl ternary sulphonium compounds, and mixtures thereof.

$$(R)(R_1)(R_2)(R_3)N^+ X^-$$

[0109] Zwitterionic deterative surfactant: Suitable zwitterionic deterative surfactants include amine oxides and/or betaines.

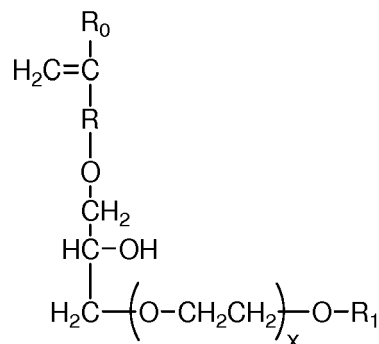
[0111] Carboxylate polymer: The composition may comprise a carboxylate polymer, such as a maleate/acrylate random copolymer or polyacrylate homopolymer. Suitable carboxylate polymers include: polyacrylate homopolymers having a molecular weight of from 4,000 Da to 9,000 Da; maleate/acrylate random copolymers having a molecular weight of from 50,000 Da to 100,000 Da, or from 60,000 Da to 80,000 Da.

[0112] Another suitable carboxylate polymer is a co-polymer that comprises: (i) from 50 to less than 98 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising carboxyl groups; (ii) from 1 to less than 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising sulfonate moieties; and (iii) from 1 to 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more types of monomers selected from ether bond-containing monomers represented by formulas (I) and (II):

$$\begin{array}{c} R_0 \\ | \\ H_2C=C \\ | \\ R \\ | \\ \text{---} O \text{---} \\ | \\ CH_2 \\ | \\ CH_2 \\ | \\ \text{---} O-R_1 \end{array}$$

wherein in formula (I), R₀ represents a hydrogen atom or CH₃ group, R represents a CH₂ group, CH₂CH₂ group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5 provided X represents a number 1-5 when R is a single bond, and R₁ is a hydrogen atom or C₁ to C₂₀ organic group;

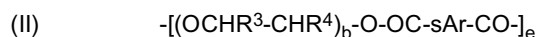
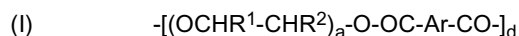
formula (II)



wherein in formula (II), R_0 represents a hydrogen atom or CH_3 group, R represents a CH_2 group, CH_2CH_2 group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5, and R_1 is a hydrogen atom or C_1 to C_{20} organic group.

[0113] It may be preferred that the polymer has a weight average molecular weight of at least 50kDa, or even at least 70kDa.

[0114] Soil release polymer: The composition may comprise a soil release polymer. A suitable soil release polymer has a structure as defined by one of the following structures (I), (II) or (III):



wherein:

a, b and c are from 1 to 200;

d, e and f are from 1 to 50;

Ar is a 1,4-substituted phenylene;

sAr is 1,3-substituted phenylene substituted in position 5 with SO_3Me ;

Me is Li, K, Mg/2, Ca/2, Al/3, ammonium, mono-, di-, tri-, or tetraalkylammonium wherein the alkyl groups are C_1 - C_{18} alkyl or C_2 - C_{10} hydroxyalkyl, or mixtures thereof;

R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 and R^6 are independently selected from H or C_1 - C_{18} n- or iso-alkyl; and

R^7 is a linear or branched C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, or a linear or branched C_2 - C_{30} alkenyl, or a cycloalkyl group with 5 to 9 carbon atoms, or a C_8 - C_{30} aryl group, or a C_6 - C_{30} arylalkyl group.

[0115] Suitable soil release polymers are sold by Clariant under the TexCare® series of polymers, e.g. TexCare® SRN240 and TexCare® SRA300. Other suitable soil release polymers are sold by Solvay under the Repel-o-Tex® series of polymers, e.g. Repel-o-Tex® SF2 and Repel-o-Tex® Crystal.

[0116] Anti-redeposition polymer: Suitable anti-redeposition polymers include polyethylene glycol polymers and/or polyethyleneimine polymers.

[0117] Suitable polyethylene glycol polymers include random graft co-polymers comprising: (i) hydrophilic backbone comprising polyethylene glycol; and (ii) hydrophobic side chain(s) selected from the group consisting of: C_4 - C_{25} alkyl group, polypropylene, polybutylene, vinyl ester of a saturated C_1 - C_6 mono-carboxylic acid, C_1 - C_6 alkyl ester of acrylic or methacrylic acid, and mixtures thereof. Suitable polyethylene glycol polymers have a polyethylene glycol backbone with random grafted polyvinyl acetate side chains. The average molecular weight of the polyethylene glycol backbone can be in the range of from 2,000 Da to 20,000 Da, or from 4,000 Da to 8,000 Da. The molecular weight ratio of the polyethylene glycol backbone to the polyvinyl acetate side chains can be in the range of from 1:1 to 1:5, or from 1:1.2 to 1:2. The average number of graft sites per ethylene oxide units can be less than 1, or less than 0.8, the average number of graft sites per ethylene oxide units can be in the range of from 0.5 to 0.9, or the average number of graft sites per ethylene oxide units can be in the range of from 0.1 to 0.5, or from 0.2 to 0.4. A suitable polyethylene glycol polymer is Sokalan HP22. Suitable polyethylene glycol polymers are described in WO08/007320.

[0118] Cellulosic polymer: Suitable cellulosic polymers are selected from alkyl cellulose, alkyl alkoxyalkyl cellulose,

carboxyalkyl cellulose, alkyl carboxyalkyl cellulose, sulphaalkyl cellulose, more preferably selected from carboxymethyl cellulose, methyl cellulose, methyl hydroxyethyl cellulose, methyl carboxymethyl cellulose, and mixtures thereof.

[0119] Suitable carboxymethyl celluloses have a degree of carboxymethyl substitution from 0.5 to 0.9 and a molecular weight from 100,000 Da to 300,000 Da.

[0120] Suitable carboxymethyl celluloses have a degree of substitution greater than 0.65 and a degree of blockiness greater than 0.45, e.g. as described in WO99/154933.

[0121] Care polymers: Suitable care polymers include cellulosic polymers that are cationically modified or hydrophobically modified. Such modified cellulosic polymers can provide anti-abrasion benefits and dye lock benefits to fabric during the laundering cycle. Suitable cellulosic polymers include cationically modified hydroxyethyl cellulose.

[0122] Other suitable care polymers include dye lock polymers, for example the condensation oligomer produced by the condensation of imidazole and epichlorhydrin, preferably in ratio of 1:4:1. A suitable commercially available dye lock polymer is Polyquart® FDI (Cognis).

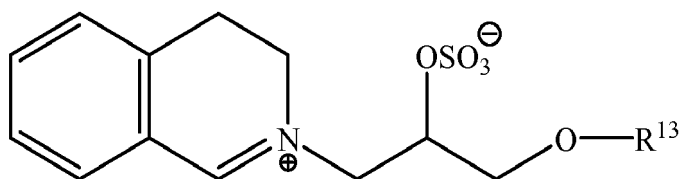
[0123] Other suitable care polymers include amino-silicone, which can provide fabric feel benefits and fabric shape retention benefits.

[0124] Bleach: Suitable bleach includes sources of hydrogen peroxide, bleach activators, bleach catalysts, pre-formed peracids and any combination thereof. A particularly suitable bleach includes a combination of a source of hydrogen peroxide with a bleach activator and/or a bleach catalyst.

[0125] Source of hydrogen peroxide: Suitable sources of hydrogen peroxide include sodium perborate and/or sodium percarbonate.

[0126] Bleach activator: Suitable bleach activators include tetra acetyl ethylene diamine and/or alkyl oxybenzene sulphonate.

[0127] Bleach catalyst: The composition may comprise a bleach catalyst. Suitable bleach catalysts include oxaziridium bleach catalysts, transition metal bleach catalysts, especially manganese and iron bleach catalysts. A suitable bleach catalyst has a structure corresponding to general formula below:



wherein R¹³ is selected from the group consisting of 2-ethylhexyl, 2-propylheptyl, 2-butyloctyl, 2-pentylononyl, 2-hexyldecyl, n-dodecyl, n-tetradecyl, n-hexadecyl, n-octadecyl, iso-nonyl, isodecyl, iso-tridecyl and iso-pentadecyl.

[0128] Pre-formed peracid: Suitable pre-form peracids include phthalimido-peroxycaproic acid. However, it is preferred that the composition is substantially free of pre-formed peracid. By: "substantially free" it is meant: "no deliberately added".

[0129] Enzymes: Suitable enzymes include lipases, proteases, cellulases, amylases and any combination thereof.

[0130] Protease: Suitable proteases include metalloproteases and/or serine proteases. Examples of suitable neutral or alkaline proteases include: subtilisins (EC 3.4.21.62); trypsin-type or chymotrypsin-type proteases; and metalloproteases. The suitable proteases include chemically or genetically modified mutants of the aforementioned suitable proteases.

[0131] Suitable commercially available protease enzymes include those sold under the trade names Alcalase®, Savinase®, Primase®, Durazym®, Polarzyme®, Kannase®, Liquezyme®, Liquezyme Ultra®, Savinase Ultra®, Ovozime®, Neutrase®, Everlase® and Esperase® by Novozymes A/S (Denmark), those sold under the tradename Maxatase®, Maxacal®, Maxapem®, Preferenz P® series of proteases including Preferenz® P280, Preferenz® P281, Preferenz® P2018-C, Preferenz® P2081-WE, Preferenz® P2082-EE and Preferenz® P2083-A/J, Properase®, Purafect®, Purafect Prime®, Purafect Ox®, FN3®, FN4®, Excellase® and Purafect OXP® by DuPont, those sold under the tradename Opticlean® and Optimase® by Solvay Enzymes, those available from Henkel/ Kemira, namely BLAP (sequence shown in Figure 29 of US 5,352,604 with the following mutations S99D + S101 R + S103A + V104I + G159S, hereinafter referred to as BLAP), BLAP R (BLAP with S3T + V4I + V199M + V205I + L217D), BLAP X (BLAP with S3T + V4I + V205I) and BLAP F49 (BLAP with S3T + V4I + A194P + V199M + V205I + L217D) - all from Henkel/Kemira; and KAP (Bacillus alkalophilus subtilisin with mutations A230V + S256G + S259N) from Kao.

[0132] A suitable protease is described in WO11/140316 and WO11/072117.

[0133] Amylase: Suitable amylases are derived from AA560 alpha amylase endogenous to Bacillus sp. DSM 12649, preferably having the following mutations: R118K, D183*, G184*, N195F, R320K, and/or R458K. Suitable commercially available amylases include Stainzyme®, Stainzyme® Plus, Natalase, Termamyl®, Termamyl® Ultra, Liquezyme® SZ, Duramyl®, Everest® (all Novozymes) and Spezyme® AA, Preferenz S® series of amylases, Purastar® and Purastar® Ox Am, Optisize® HT Plus (all Du Pont).

[0134] A suitable amylase is described in WO06/002643.

[0135] Cellulase: Suitable cellulases include those of bacterial or fungal origin. Chemically modified or protein engineered mutants are also suitable. Suitable cellulases include cellulases from the genera *Bacillus*, *Pseudomonas*, *Humicola*, *Fusarium*, *Thielavia*, *Acremonium*, e.g., the fungal cellulases produced from *Humicola insolens*, *Myceliophthora thermophila* and *Fusarium oxysporum*.

[0136] Commercially available cellulases include Celluzyme®, Carezyme®, and Carezyme® Premium, Celluclean® and Whitezyme® (Novozymes A/S), Revitalenz® series of enzymes (Du Pont), and Biotouch® series of enzymes (AB Enzymes). Suitable commercially available cellulases include Carezyme® Premium, Celluclean® Classic. Suitable cellulases are described in WO07/144857 and WO10/056652.

[0137] Lipase: Suitable lipases include those of bacterial, fungal or synthetic origin, and variants thereof. Chemically modified or protein engineered mutants are also suitable. Examples of suitable lipases include lipases from *Humicola* (synonym *Thermomyces*), e.g., from *H. lanuginosa* (*T. lanuginosus*).

[0138] The lipase may be a "first cycle lipase", e.g. such as those described in WO06/090335 and WO13/116261. In one aspect, the lipase is a first-wash lipase, preferably a variant of the wild-type lipase from *Thermomyces lanuginosus* comprising T231R and/or N233R mutations. Preferred lipases include those sold under the tradenames Lipex®, Lipolex® and Lipoclean® by Novozymes, Bagsvaerd, Denmark.

[0139] Other suitable lipases include: Liprl 139, e.g. as described in WO2013/171241; and TfuLip2, e.g. as described in WO2011/084412 and WO2013/033318.

[0140] Other enzymes: Other suitable enzymes are bleaching enzymes, such as peroxidases/oxidases, which include those of plant, bacterial or fungal origin and variants thereof. Commercially available peroxidases include Guardzyme® (Novozymes A/S). Other suitable enzymes include choline oxidases and perhydrolases such as those used in Gentle Power Bleach™.

[0141] Other suitable enzymes include pectate lyases sold under the tradenames X-Pect®, Pectaway® (from Novozymes A/S, Bagsvaerd, Denmark) and PrimaGreen® (DuPont) and mannanases sold under the tradenames Mannaway® (Novozymes A/S, Bagsvaerd, Denmark), and Mannastar® (Du Pont).

[0142] Identity: When used herein identity or sequence identity refers to the relatedness between two amino acid sequences.

[0143] For purposes of the present invention, the degree of sequence identity between two amino acid sequences is determined using the Needleman-Wunsch algorithm (Needleman and Wunsch, 1970, J. Mol. Biol. 48: 443-453) as implemented in the Needle program of the EMBOSS package (EMBOSS: The European Molecular Biology Open Software Suite, Rice et al., 2000, Trends Genet. 16: 276-277), preferably version 3.0.0 or later. The optional parameters used are gap open penalty of 10, gap extension penalty of 0.5, and the EBLOSUM62 (EMBOSS version of BLOSUM62) substitution matrix. The output of Needle labeled "longest identity" (obtained using the -nobrief option) is used as the percent identity and is calculated as follows:

$$(\text{Identical Residues} \times 100) / (\text{Length of Alignment} - \text{Total Number of Gaps in Alignment})$$

[0144] Zeolite builder: The composition may comprise zeolite builder. The composition may comprise from 0wt% to 5wt% zeolite builder, or 3wt% zeolite builder. The composition may even be substantially free of zeolite builder; substantially free means "no deliberately added". Typical zeolite builders include zeolite A, zeolite P and zeolite MAP.

[0145] Phosphate builder: The composition may comprise phosphate builder. The composition may comprise from 0wt% to 5wt% phosphate builder, or to 3wt%, phosphate builder. The composition may even be substantially free of phosphate builder; substantially free means "no deliberately added". A typical phosphate builder is sodium tri-polyphosphate.

[0146] Carbonate salt: The composition may comprise carbonate salt. The composition may comprise from 0wt% to 5wt% carbonate salt. The composition may even be substantially free of carbonate salt; substantially free means "no deliberately added". Suitable carbonate salts include sodium carbonate and sodium bicarbonate.

[0147] Silicate salt: The composition may comprise silicate salt. The composition may comprise from 0wt% to 5wt% silicate salt. The composition may even be substantially free of silicate salt; substantially free means "no deliberately added". A preferred silicate salt is sodium silicate, especially preferred are sodium silicates having a Na₂O:SiO₂ ratio of from 1.0 to 2.8, preferably from 1.6 to 2.0.

[0148] Sulphate salt: A suitable sulphate salt is sodium sulphate.

[0149] Brightener: Suitable fluorescent brighteners include: di-styryl biphenyl compounds, e.g. Tinopal® CBS-X, di-amino stilbene di-sulfonic acid compounds, e.g. Tinopal® DMS pure Xtra and Blankophor® HRH, and Pyrazoline compounds, e.g. Blankophor® SN, and coumarin compounds, e.g. Tinopal® SWN.

[0150] Preferred brighteners are: sodium 2 (4-styryl-3-sulfophenyl)-2H-naphthol[1,2-d]triazole, disodium 4,4'-bis{[(4-anilino-6-(N methyl-N-2 hydroxyethyl)amino 1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)]amino}stilbene-2-2' disulfonate, disodium 4,4'-bis{[(4-anilino-6-morpholino-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)]amino} stilbene-2-2' disulfonate, and disodium 4,4'- bis(2-sulfostyryl)biphenyl. A

suitable fluorescent brightener is C.I. Fluorescent Brightener 260, which may be used in its beta or alpha crystalline forms, or a mixture of these forms.

[0151] Chelant: The composition may also comprise a chelant selected from: diethylene triamine pentaacetate, diethylene triamine penta(methyl phosphonic acid), ethylene diamine-N'N'-disuccinic acid, ethylene diamine tetraacetate, ethylene diamine tetra(methylene phosphonic acid) and hydroxyethane di(methylene phosphonic acid). A preferred chelant is ethylene diamine-N'N'-disuccinic acid (EDDS) and/or hydroxyethane diphosphonic acid (HEDP). The composition preferably comprises ethylene diamine-N'N'-disuccinic acid or salt thereof. Preferably the ethylene diamine-N'N'-disuccinic acid is in S,S enantiomeric form. Preferably the composition comprises 4,5-dihydroxy-m-benzenedisulfonic acid disodium salt. Preferred chelants may also function as calcium carbonate crystal growth inhibitors such as: 1-hydroxyethanediphosphonic acid (HEDP) and salt thereof; N,N-dicarboxymethyl-2-aminopentane-1,5-dioic acid and salt thereof; 2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid and salt thereof; and combination thereof.

[0152] Hueing agent: Suitable hueing agents include small molecule dyes, typically falling into the Colour Index (C.I.) classifications of Acid, Direct, Basic, Reactive (including hydrolysed forms thereof) or Solvent or Disperse dyes, for example classified as Blue, Violet, Red, Green or Black, and provide the desired shade either alone or in combination. Preferred such hueing agents include Acid Violet 50, Direct Violet 9, 66 and 99, Solvent Violet 13 and any combination thereof.

[0153] Many hueing agents are known and described in the art which may be suitable for the present invention, such as hueing agents described in WO2014/089386.

[0154] Suitable hueing agents include phthalocyanine and azo dye conjugates, such as described in WO2009/069077.

[0155] Suitable hueing agents may be alkoxylated. Such alkoxylated compounds may be produced by organic synthesis that may produce a mixture of molecules having different degrees of alkylation. Such mixtures may be used directly to provide the hueing agent, or may undergo a purification step to increase the proportion of the target molecule. Suitable hueing agents include alkoxylated bis-azo dyes, such as described in WO2012/054835, and/or alkoxylated thiophene azo dyes, such as described in WO2008/087497 and WO2012/166768.

[0156] The hueing agent may be incorporated into the detergent composition as part of a reaction mixture which is the result of the organic synthesis for a dye molecule, with optional purification step(s). Such reaction mixtures generally comprise the dye molecule itself and in addition may comprise un-reacted starting materials and/or by-products of the organic synthesis route. Suitable hueing agents can be incorporated into hueing dye particles, such as described in WO 2009/069077.

[0157] Dye transfer inhibitors: Suitable dye transfer inhibitors include polyamine N-oxide polymers, copolymers of N-vinylpyrrolidone and N-vinylimidazole, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinylloxazolidone, polyvinylimidazole and mixtures thereof. Preferred are poly(vinyl pyrrolidone), poly(vinylpyridine betaine), poly(vinylpyridine N-oxide), poly(vinyl pyrrolidone-vinyl imidazole) and mixtures thereof. Suitable commercially available dye transfer inhibitors include PVP-K15 and K30 (Ashland), Sokalan® HP165, HP50, HP53, HP59, HP56K, HP56, HP66 (BASF), Chromabond® S-400, S403E and S-100 (Ashland).

[0158] Perfume: Suitable perfumes comprise perfume materials selected from the group: (a) perfume materials having a ClogP of less than 3.0 and a boiling point of less than 250°C (quadrant 1 perfume materials); (b) perfume materials having a ClogP of less than 3.0 and a boiling point of 250°C or greater (quadrant 2 perfume materials); (c) perfume materials having a ClogP of 3.0 or greater and a boiling point of less than 250°C (quadrant 3 perfume materials); (d) perfume materials having a ClogP of 3.0 or greater and a boiling point of 250°C or greater (quadrant 4 perfume materials); and (e) mixtures thereof.

[0159] It may be preferred for the perfume to be in the form of a perfume delivery technology. Such delivery technologies further stabilize and enhance the deposition and release of perfume materials from the laundered fabric. Such perfume delivery technologies can also be used to further increase the longevity of perfume release from the laundered fabric. Suitable perfume delivery technologies include: perfume microcapsules, pro-perfumes, polymer assisted deliveries, molecule assisted deliveries, fiber assisted deliveries, amine assisted deliveries, cyclodextrin, starch encapsulated accord, zeolite and other inorganic carriers, and any mixture thereof. A suitable perfume microcapsule is described in WO2009/101593.

[0160] Silicone: Suitable silicones include polydimethylsiloxane and amino-silicones. Suitable silicones are described in WO05075616.

[0161] Process for making the solid composition: Typically, the particles of the composition can be prepared by any suitable method. For example: spray-drying, agglomeration, extrusion and any combination thereof.

[0162] Typically, a suitable spray-drying process comprises the step of forming an aqueous slurry mixture, transferring it through at least one pump, preferably two pumps, to a pressure nozzle. Atomizing the aqueous slurry mixture into a spray-drying tower and drying the aqueous slurry mixture to form spray-dried particles. Preferably, the spray-drying tower is a counter-current spray-drying tower, although a co-current spray-drying tower may also be suitable.

[0163] Typically, the spray-dried powder is subjected to cooling, for example an air lift. Typically, the spray-drying powder is subjected to particle size classification, for example a sieve, to obtain the desired particle size distribution.

Preferably, the spray-dried powder has a particle size distribution such that weight average particle size is in the range of from 300 micrometers to 500 micrometers, and less than 10wt% of the spray-dried particles have a particle size greater than 2360 micrometers.

[0164] It may be preferred to heat the aqueous slurry mixture to elevated temperatures prior to atomization into the spray-drying tower, such as described in WO2009/158162.

[0165] It may be preferred for anionic surfactant, such as linear alkyl benzene sulphonate, to be introduced into the spray-drying process after the step of forming the aqueous slurry mixture: for example, introducing an acid precursor to the aqueous slurry mixture after the pump, such as described in WO 09/158449.

[0166] It may be preferred for a gas, such as air, to be introduced into the spray-drying process after the step of forming the aqueous slurry, such as described in WO2013/181205.

[0167] It may be preferred for any inorganic ingredients, such as sodium sulphate and sodium carbonate, if present in the aqueous slurry mixture, to be micronized to a small particle size such as described in WO2012/134969.

[0168] Typically, a suitable agglomeration process comprises the step of contacting a detergent ingredient, such as a detergent surfactant, e.g. linear alkyl benzene sulphonate (LAS) and/or alkyl alkoxylated sulphate, with an inorganic material, such as sodium carbonate and/or silica, in a mixer. The agglomeration process may also be an in-situ neutralization agglomeration process wherein an acid precursor of a detergent surfactant, such as LAS, is contacted with an alkaline material, such as carbonate and/or sodium hydroxide, in a mixer, and wherein the acid precursor of a detergent surfactant is neutralized by the alkaline material to form a detergent surfactant during the agglomeration process.

[0169] Other suitable detergent ingredients that may be agglomerated include polymers, chelants, bleach activators, silicones and any combination thereof.

[0170] The agglomeration process may be a high, medium or low shear agglomeration process, wherein a high shear, medium shear or low shear mixer is used accordingly. The agglomeration process may be a multi-step agglomeration process wherein two or more mixers are used, such as a high shear mixer in combination with a medium or low shear mixer. The agglomeration process can be a continuous process or a batch process.

[0171] It may be preferred for the agglomerates to be subjected to a drying step, for example to a fluid bed drying step. It may also be preferred for the agglomerates to be subjected to a cooling step, for example a fluid bed cooling step.

[0172] Typically, the agglomerates are subjected to particle size classification, for example a fluid bed elutriation and/or a sieve, to obtain the desired particle size distribution. Preferably, the agglomerates have a particle size distribution such that weight average particle size is in the range of from 300 micrometers to 800 micrometers, and less than 10wt% of the agglomerates have a particle size less than 150 micrometers and less than 10wt% of the agglomerates have a particle size greater than 1200 micrometers.

[0173] It may be preferred for fines and over-sized agglomerates to be recycled back into the agglomeration process. Typically, over-sized particles are subjected to a size reduction step, such as grinding, and recycled back into an appropriate place in the agglomeration process, such as the mixer. Typically, fines are recycled back into an appropriate place in the agglomeration process, such as the mixer.

[0174] It may be preferred for ingredients such as polymer and/or non-ionic detergent surfactant and/or perfume to be sprayed onto base detergent particles, such as spray-dried base detergent particles and/or agglomerated base detergent particles. Typically, this spray-on step is carried out in a tumbling drum mixer.

[0175] Method of laundering fabric: The method of laundering fabric comprises the step of contacting the solid composition to water to form a wash liquor, and laundering fabric in said wash liquor. Typically, the wash liquor has a temperature of above 0°C to 90°C, or to 60°C, or to 40°C, or to 30°C, or to 20°C. The fabric may be contacted to the water prior to, or after, or simultaneous with, contacting the solid composition with water. Typically, the wash liquor is formed by contacting the laundry detergent to water in such an amount so that the concentration of laundry detergent composition in the wash liquor is from 0.2g/l to 20g/l, or from 0.5g/l to 10g/l, or to 5.0g/l. The method of laundering fabric can be carried out in a front-loading automatic washing machine, top loading automatic washing machines, including high efficiency automatic washing machines, or suitable hand-wash vessels. Typically, the wash liquor comprises 90 litres or less, or 60 litres or less, or 15 litres or less, or 10 litres or less of water. Typically, 200g or less, or 150g or less, or 100g or less, or 50g or less of laundry detergent composition is contacted to water to form the wash liquor.

Solid free-flowing particulate laundry detergent composition illustrative examples:

[0176]

Ingredient	Amount (in wt%)
Anionic detergent surfactant (such as alkyl benzene sulphonate, alkyl ethoxylated sulphate and mixtures thereof)	from 8wt% to 15wt%

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(continued)

	<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>Amount (in wt%)</u>
5	<u>Non-ionic deterative surfactant</u> (such as alkyl ethoxylated alcohol)	from 0.1wt% to 4wt%
	<u>Cationic deterative surfactant</u> (such as quaternary ammonium compounds)	from 0wt% to 4wt%
10	<u>Other deterative surfactant</u> (such as zwitterionic deterative surfactants, amphoteric surfactants and mixtures thereof)	from 0wt% to 4wt%
	<u>Carboxylate polymer</u> (such as co-polymers of maleic acid and acrylic acid and/or carboxylate polymers comprising ether moieties and sulfonate moieties)	from 0.1wt% to 4wt%
15	<u>Polyethylene glycol polymer</u> (such as a polyethylene glycol polymer comprising polyvinyl acetate side chains)	from 0wt% to 4wt%
	<u>Polyester soil release polymer</u> (such as Repel-o-tex and/or Texcare polymers)	from 0wt% to 2wt%
20	<u>Cellulosic polymer</u> (such as carboxymethyl cellulose, methyl cellulose and combinations thereof)	from 0.5wt% to 2wt%
	<u>Other polymer</u> (such as care polymers)	from 0wt% to 4wt%
25	<u>Zeolite builder and phosphate builder</u> (such as zeolite 4A and/or sodium tripolyphosphate)	from 0wt% to 4wt%
	<u>Other co-builder</u> (such as sodium citrate and/or citric acid)	from 0wt% to 3wt%
30	<u>Citric Acid</u>	from 4wt% to 16wt%
	<u>Magnesium Sulphate</u>	from 1wt% to 4wt%
35	<u>Carbonate salt</u> (such as sodium carbonate and/or sodium bicarbonate)	from 0wt% to 4wt%
	<u>Silicate salt</u> (such as sodium silicate)	from 0wt% to 4wt%
40	<u>Filler</u> (such as sodium sulphate and/or bio-fillers)	from 10wt% to 70wt%
	<u>Source of hydrogen peroxide</u> (such as sodium percarbonate)	from 0wt% to 20wt%
45	<u>Bleach activator</u> (such as tetraacetylene diamine (TAED) and/or nonanoyloxybenzenesulphonate (NOBS))	from 0wt% to 8wt%
	<u>Bleach catalyst</u> (such as oxaziridium-based bleach catalyst and/or transition metal bleach catalyst)	from 0wt% to 0.1wt%
50	<u>Other bleach</u> (such as reducing bleach and/or pre-formed peracid)	from 0wt% to 10wt%
	<u>Photobleach</u> (such as zinc and/or aluminium sulphonated phthalocyanine)	from 0wt% to 0.1wt%
55	<u>Chelant</u> (such as ethylenediamine-N'-disuccinic acid (EDDS) and/or hydroxyethane diphosphonic acid (HEDP))	from 0.2wt% to 1 wt%
	<u>Hueing agent</u> (such as direct violet 9, 66, 99, acid red 50, solvent violet 13 and any combination thereof)	from 0wt% to 1wt%

(continued)

Ingredient	Amount (in wt%)
<u>Brightener</u> (C.I. fluorescent brightener 260 or C.I. fluorescent brightener 351)	from 0.1wt% to 0.4wt%
<u>Protease</u> (such as Savinase, Savinase Ultra, Purafect, FN3, FN4 and any combination thereof)	from 0.1wt% to 0.4wt%
<u>Amylase</u> (such as Termamyl, Termamyl ultra, Natalase, Optisize, Stainzyme, Stainzyme Plus and any combination thereof)	from 0wt% to 0.2wt%
<u>Cellulase</u> (such as Carezyme and/or Celluclean)	from 0wt% to 0.2wt%
<u>Lipase</u> (such as Lipex, Lipolex, Lipoclean and any combination thereof)	from 0wt% to 1wt%
Other <u>enzyme</u> (such as xyloglucanase, cutinase, pectate lyase, mannanase, bleaching enzyme)	from 0wt% to 2wt%
<u>Fabric softener</u> (such as montmorillonite clay and/or polydimethylsiloxane (PDMS))	from 0wt% to 15wt%
<u>Flocculant</u> (such as polyethylene oxide)	from 0wt% to 1wt%
<u>Suds suppressor</u> (such as silicone and/or fatty acid)	from 0wt% to 4wt%
<u>Perfume</u> (such as perfume microcapsule, spray-on perfume, starch encapsulated perfume accords, perfume loaded zeolite, and any combination thereof)	from 0.1wt% to 1wt%
<u>Aesthetics</u> (such as coloured soap rings and/or coloured speckles/noodles)	from 0wt% to 1wt%
<u>Miscellaneous</u>	balance to 100wt%

EXAMPLES

Example 1 - Low pH formulation with Tiron chelant (embodiment of the present invention)

[0177] A low pH base powder was prepared by mixing the ingredients together. The composition of the base powder was:

Ingredient	Amount (wt% of base powder)
Alkyl benzene sulphonate anionic deterative surfactant	17.1
Sodium sulphate	69.3
Citric acid	12.4
Water & miscellaneous	to 100wt%

[0178] 143g Sodium sulphate, 18g sodium carbonate, 18g sodium silicate, 45g sodium percarbonate, 12.5g tetraacetyl ethylene diamine (TAED), and 5.0g Tiron were added to the 342.5g base powder to form 584.0g of solid free-flowing particulate laundry detergent composition (in accordance with the present invention) having the following formulation:

Ingredient	Amount (wt% of composition)
Alkyl benzene sulphonate anionic deterative surfactant	10.0
Sodium sulphate	65.1

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(continued)

Ingredient	Amount (wt% of composition)
Citric acid	7.3
Sodium carbonate	3.1
Sodium silicate	3.1
Sodium percarbonate	7.7
TAED	2.1
Tiron	0.9
Water & miscellaneous	to 100wt%

[0179] The composition had an equilibrium pH at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C of 7.0.

[0180] The composition had a reserve alkalinity to pH 7 at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C of 2.0.

Example 2 - Low pH formulation with GLDA chelant (comparative example)

[0181] A low pH base powder was prepared by mixing the ingredients together. The composition of the base powder was:

Ingredient	Amount (wt% of base powder)
Alkyl benzene sulphonate anionic detergent surfactant	17.1
Sodium sulphate	69.3
Citric acid	12.4
Water & miscellaneous	to 100wt%

[0182] 143g Sodium sulphate, 18g sodium carbonate, 18g sodium silicate, 45g sodium percarbonate, 12.5g tetraacetyl ethylene diamine (TAED), and 5.3g tetra sodium salt of N,N-dicarboxymethyl glutamic acid (GLDA) were added to the 342.5g base powder to form 584.3g of solid free-flowing particulate laundry detergent composition (in accordance with the present invention) having the following formulation:

Ingredient	Amount (wt% of composition)
Alkyl benzene sulphonate anionic detergent surfactant	10.0
Sodium sulphate	65.1
Citric acid	7.3
Sodium carbonate	3.1
Sodium silicate	3.1
Sodium percarbonate	7.7
TAED	2.1
GLDA	0.9
Water & miscellaneous	to 100wt%

[0183] The composition had an equilibrium pH at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C of 7.0.

[0184] The composition had a reserve alkalinity to pH 7 at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C of 2.0.

Example 3 - Low pH formulation without chelant (comparative example)

[0185] A low pH base powder was prepared by mixing the ingredients together. The composition of the base powder

was:

Ingredient	Amount (wt% of base powder)
Alkyl benzene sulphonate anionic deterative surfactant	17.1
Sodium sulphate	69.3
Citric acid	12.4
Water & miscellaneous	to 100wt%

[0186] 143g Sodium sulphate, 18g sodium carbonate, 18g sodium silicate, 45g sodium percarbonate, and 12.5g tetraacetyl ethylene diamine (TAED) were added to the 342.5g base powder to form 579.0g of solid free-flowing particulate laundry detergent composition (in accordance with the present invention) having the following formulation:

Ingredient	Amount (wt% of composition)
Alkyl benzene sulphonate anionic deterative surfactant	10.1
Sodium sulphate	65.7
Citric acid	7.3
Sodium carbonate	3.1
Sodium silicate	3.1
Sodium percarbonate	7.8
TAED	2.2
Water & miscellaneous	to 100wt%

[0187] The composition had an equilibrium pH at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C of 7.0.

[0188] The composition had a reserve alkalinity to pH 7 at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C of 2.0.

[0189] Washing method: The following method demonstrates the ability of Samples 1-8 to remove stains during the wash process. The above samples were added separately into the pots of a tergotometer (quantity of sample = 1% of the bulk preparation as described in the Examples, sampled-down uniformly to give a representative sample). The volume of each pot was 1 L. The wash temperature was set to 30 °C. Throughout the procedure, 21 gpg water was used. The products were agitated for 2 minutes before addition of fabrics (2 internal replicates of each stain (CFT wine stain on polycotton), and 15 g of WfK SBL 2004 soil sheets per pot with additional knitted cotton ballast to make the total fabric weight up to 35 g). Once the fabrics were added, the wash solution was agitated for 30 minutes. The wash solutions were then drained and the fabrics were subject to a 5 minute rinse step before being drained and spun dry. The washed fabrics were then dried in an airflow cabinet before being analysed to measure the stain removal from the fabric. This procedure wash repeated a further two times to give a total of three external replicates.

[0190] Stain Removal Analysis: The fabrics were analysed using commercially available DigiEye software for L, a, b values. SRI values were then calculated from the L, a, b values using the formula shown. The higher the SRI, the better the stain removal.

$$\%SRI \text{ (stain removal)} = 100 * ((\Delta E_b - \Delta E_a) / \Delta E_b)$$

$$\Delta E_b = \sqrt{((L_c - L_b)^2 + (a_c - a_b)^2 + b_c - b_b)^2}$$

$$\Delta E_a = \sqrt{((L_c - L_a)^2 + (a_c - a_a)^2 + b_c - b_a)^2}$$

Subscript 'b' denotes data for the stain before washing

Subscript 'a' denotes data for the stain after washing

Subscript 'c' denotes data for the unstained fabric

[0191] Thus, L*a*b* values are taken of the unstained fabric, of the stained fabric before washing and of the stained fabric after washing.

Sample	%SRI
Sample 1: low pH with Tiron (in accordance with the present invention)	76.90
Sample 2: low pH with GLDA (comparative example)	72.13
Sample 3: low pH without chelant (comparative example)	71.94

[0192] The dimensions and values disclosed herein are not to be understood as being strictly limited to the exact numerical values recited. Instead, unless otherwise specified, each such dimension is intended to mean both the recited value and a functionally equivalent range surrounding that value. For example, a dimension disclosed as "40 mm" is intended to mean "about 40 mm".

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SEQUENCE LISTING

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35	Asp	Asn	Val	Lys	Arg	Pro	Ser	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ala	Leu	Gln	Leu	Gln	Glu	
				20					25					30			
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	Ala	Ser	Thr	Glu	Ser	Tyr	Pro	Pro	Glu	Thr	Pro	Asn	Ser	Glu	Arg	Gly	
					245					250					255		
30	Asn	Val	Met	Ser	Asn	Thr	Arg	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Ala	Val	
				260					265					270			
	Phe	Ala	Thr	Glu	Trp	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gln	Ala	Asn	Gly	Asp	Gly	Gly	Pro	
35			275					280					285				
	Tyr	Phe	Asp	Glu	Ala	Asp	Val	Trp	Ile	Glu	Phe	Leu	Asn	Glu	Asn	Asn	
		290					295					300					
40	Ile	Ser	Trp	Ala	Asn	Trp	Ser	Leu	Thr	Asn	Lys	Asn	Glu	Val	Ser	Gly	
	305					310					315					320	
	Ala	Phe	Thr	Pro	Phe	Glu	Leu	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Ala	Thr	Asn	Leu	Asp	
45					325					330					335		
	Pro	Gly	Pro	Asp	His	Val	Trp	Ala	Pro	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly	
50				340					345					350			
	Glu	Tyr	Val	Arg	Ala	Arg	Ile	Lys	Gly	Val	Asn	Tyr	Glu	Pro	Ile	Asp	
			355					360					365				
55	Arg	Thr	Lys	Tyr	Thr	Lys	Val	Leu	Trp	Asp	Phe	Asn	Asp	Gly	Thr	Lys	
		370					375					380					

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	Gln	Gly	Phe	Gly	Val	Asn	Ser	Asp	Ser	Pro	Asn	Lys	Glu	Leu	Ile	Ala	385	390	395	400
5	Val	Asp	Asn	Glu	Asn	Asn	Thr	Leu	Lys	Val	Ser	Gly	Leu	Asp	Val	Ser		405	410	415
10	Asn	Asp	Val	Ser	Asp	Gly	Asn	Phe	Trp	Ala	Asn	Ala	Arg	Leu	Ser	Ala		420	425	430
	Asp	Gly	Trp	Gly	Lys	Ser	Val	Asp	Ile	Leu	Gly	Ala	Glu	Lys	Leu	Thr		435	440	445
15	Met	Asp	Val	Ile	Val	Asp	Glu	Pro	Thr	Thr	Val	Ala	Ile	Ala	Ala	Ile		450	455	460
20	Pro	Gln	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ser	Gly	Trp	Ala	Asn	Pro	Glu	Arg	Ala	Val	Arg		465	470	475
	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Asp	Phe	Val	Gln	Gln	Thr	Asp	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Lys	Ala		485	490	495
25	Gly	Leu	Thr	Ile	Thr	Gly	Glu	Asp	Ala	Pro	Asn	Leu	Lys	Asn	Ile	Ala		500	505	510
30	Phe	His	Glu	Glu	Asp	Asn	Asn	Met	Asn	Asn	Ile	Ile	Leu	Phe	Val	Gly		515	520	525
35	Thr	Asp	Ala	Ala	Asp	Val	Ile	Tyr	Leu	Asp	Asn	Ile	Lys	Val	Ile	Gly		530	535	540
	Thr	Glu	Val	Glu	Ile	Pro	Val	Val	His	Asp	Pro	Lys	Gly	Glu	Ala	Val		545	550	555
40	Leu	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Glu	Asp	Gly	Thr	Arg	Gln	Gly	Trp	Asp	Trp	Ala		565	570	575
45	Gly	Glu	Ser	Gly	Val	Lys	Thr	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ile	Glu	Glu	Ala	Asn	Gly		580	585	590
	Ser	Asn	Ala	Leu	Ser	Trp	Glu	Phe	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Glu	Val	Lys	Pro	Ser		595	600	605
50	Asp	Asn	Trp	Ala	Thr	Ala	Pro	Arg	Leu	Asp	Phe	Trp	Lys	Ser	Asp	Leu		610	615	620
55	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Val	Ala	Phe	Asp	Phe	Tyr	Leu	Asp	Pro		625	630	635

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	Val	Arg	Ala	Thr	Glu	Gly	Ala	Met	Asn	Ile	Asn	Leu	Val	Phe	Gln	Pro	
					645					650					655		
5	Pro	Thr	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Trp	Val	Gln	Ala	Pro	Lys	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Asn	
				660					665					670			
10	Phe	Asp	Glu	Leu	Glu	Glu	Ala	Asn	Gln	Val	Asn	Gly	Leu	Tyr	His	Tyr	
			675					680					685				
15	Glu	Val	Lys	Ile	Asn	Val	Arg	Asp	Ile	Thr	Asn	Ile	Gln	Asp	Asp	Thr	
		690					695					700					
20	Leu	Leu	Arg	Asn	Met	Met	Ile	Ile	Phe	Ala	Asp	Val	Glu	Ser	Asp	Phe	
	705					710					715					720	
25	Ala	Gly	Arg	Val	Phe	Val	Asp	Asn	Val	Arg	Phe	Glu	Gly	Ala	Ala	Thr	
					725					730					735		
30	Thr	Glu	Pro	Val	Glu	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Asp	Pro	Gly	Glu	Glu	Thr	Pro	
				740					745					750			
35	Pro	Val	Asp	Glu	Lys	Glu	Ala	Lys	Lys	Glu	Gln	Lys	Glu	Ala	Glu	Lys	
			755					760					765				
40	Glu	Glu	Lys	Glu	Glu												
			770														
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	<211>	524															
	<212>	PRT															
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	1				5					10					15		
55	Phe	Lys	Asp	Arg	Lys	Pro	Ile	Ser	Pro	Tyr	Ile	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Asn	Gln	
				20					25					30			
60	Asp	Leu	Ala	Gly	Asp	Glu	Asn	Met	Ala	Ala	Arg	Arg	Leu	Gly	Gly	Asn	
			35					40					45				
65	Arg	Met	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Asn	Trp	Glu	Asn	Asn	Met	Ser	Asn	Ala	Gly	Ser	
		50					55					60					
70	Asp	Trp	Gln	Gln	Ser	Ser	Asp	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Cys	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gly	Leu	
	65					70					75					80	

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	Thr	Gln	Ala	Glu	Cys	Glu	Lys	Pro	Gly	Ala	Val	Thr	Thr	Ser	Phe	His	
					85					90					95		
5	Asp	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Leu	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Val	Thr	Leu	Pro	Met	
				100					105					110			
10	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Val	Ala	Lys	Asp	Gly	Asn	Gly	Ser	Val	Gln	Glu	Ser	Glu	
			115					120					125				
15	Lys	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ala	Arg	Trp	Asn	Gln	Val	Val	Asn	Ala	Lys	Asn	Ala	
		130					135					140					
20	Pro	Phe	Gln	Leu	Gln	Pro	Asp	Leu	Asn	Asp	Asn	Arg	Val	Tyr	Val	Asp	
	145					150					155					160	
25	Glu	Phe	Val	His	Phe	Leu	Val	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	
				165						170					175		
30	Ala	Gly	Val	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Asp	Asn	Glu	Pro	Ala	Leu	Trp	Ser	
				180					185					190			
35	His	Thr	His	Pro	Arg	Ile	His	Gly	Glu	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Lys	Glu	Leu	
			195					200					205				
40	Val	Asp	Arg	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Lys	Ala	Ile	Asp	Ala	
		210					215					220					
45	Gly	Ala	Glu	Val	Phe	Gly	Pro	Val	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Lys	
	225					230					235					240	
50	Asp	Leu	Gln	Thr	Ala	Pro	Asp	Trp	Asp	Ser	Val	Lys	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Ser	
					245					250					255		
55	Trp	Phe	Val	Asp	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Asp	Gln	Met	Arg	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gln	Val	
				260					265					270			
60	Glu	Gly	Lys	Arg	Leu	Leu	Asp	Val	Phe	Asp	Val	His	Trp	Tyr	Pro	Glu	
			275					280					285				
65	Ala	Met	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ile	Arg	Ile	Thr	Asn	Glu	Val	Gly	Asn	Asp	Glu	
		290					295					300					
70	Thr	Lys	Lys	Ala	Arg	Met	Gln	Ala	Pro	Arg	Thr	Leu	Trp	Asp	Pro	Thr	
	305					310					315					320	
75	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Asp	Ser	Trp	Ile	Ala	Gln	Trp	Asn	Ser	Glu	Phe	Leu	Pro	

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	325		330		335
5	Ile Leu Pro Arg Leu Lys Gln Ser Val Asp Lys Tyr Tyr Pro Gly Thr	340	345		350
	Lys Leu Ala Met Thr Glu Tyr Ser Tyr Gly Gly Glu Asn Asp Ile Ser	355	360		365
10	Gly Gly Ile Ala Met Thr Asp Val Leu Gly Ile Leu Gly Lys Asn Asp	370	375		380
15	Val Tyr Met Ala Asn Tyr Trp Lys Leu Lys Asp Gly Val Asn Asn Tyr	385	390	395	400
	Val Ser Ala Ala Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Arg Asn Tyr Asp Gly Lys Asn Ser	405	410		415
20	Thr Phe Gly Asp Thr Ser Val Ser Ala Gln Thr Ser Asp Ile Val Asn	420	425		430
25	Ser Ser Val His Ala Ser Val Thr Asn Ala Ser Asp Lys Glu Leu His	435	440	445	
	Leu Val Val Met Asn Lys Ser Met Asp Ser Ala Phe Asp Ala Gln Phe	450	455	460	
30	Asp Leu Ser Gly Ala Lys Thr Tyr Ile Ser Gly Lys Val Trp Gly Phe	465	470	475	480
35	Asp Lys Asn Ser Ser Gln Ile Lys Glu Ala Ala Pro Ile Thr Gln Ile	485	490		495
40	Ser Gly Asn Arg Phe Thr Tyr Thr Val Pro Pro Leu Thr Ala Tyr His	500	505		510
	Ile Val Leu Thr Thr Gly Asn Asp Thr Ser Pro Val	515	520		
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	<212> PRT				
50	<213> Artificial Sequence				
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	<223> Hybrid protein containing fragments originating from proteins endogenous to Melanocarpus albomyces and Trichoderma reesei				
55	<400> 4				
	Ala Asn Gly Gln Ser Thr Arg Tyr Trp Asp Cys Cys Lys Pro Ser Cys				

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	1			5				10				15				
5	Gly	Trp	Arg	Gly	Lys	Gly	Pro	Val	Asn	Gln	Pro	Val	Tyr	Ser	Cys	Asp
				20					25					30		
	Ala	Asn	Phe	Gln	Arg	Ile	His	Asp	Phe	Asp	Ala	Val	Ser	Gly	Cys	Glu
10			35					40					45			
	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ala	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ala	Asp	His	Ser	Pro	Trp	Ala	Ile	Asn
		50					55					60				
15	Asp	Asn	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr
	65					70					75					80
	Glu	Glu	Ser	Trp	Cys	Cys	Ala	Cys	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ser	Gly
20					85					90					95	
	Pro	Val	Ala	Gly	Lys	Thr	Met	Val	Val	Gln	Ser	Thr	Ser	Thr	Gly	Gly
				100					105					110		
25	Asp	Leu	Gly	Ser	Asn	His	Phe	Asp	Leu	Asn	Ile	Pro	Gly	Gly	Gly	Val
			115					120					125			
	Gly	Leu	Phe	Asp	Gly	Cys	Thr	Pro	Gln	Phe	Gly	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	Ala
30							135					140				
	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ser	Arg	Gln	Glu	Cys	Asp	Ser	Phe	Pro	Glu
35	145					150					155					160
	Pro	Leu	Lys	Pro	Gly	Cys	Gln	Trp	Arg	Phe	Asp	Trp	Phe	Gln	Asn	Ala
					165					170					175	
40	Asp	Asn	Pro	Ser	Phe	Thr	Phe	Glu	Arg	Val	Gln	Cys	Pro	Glu	Glu	Leu
				180					185					190		
	Val	Ala	Arg	Thr	Gly	Cys	Arg	Arg	His	Asp	Asp	Gly	Gly	Phe	Pro	Ala
45			195					200					205			
	Val	Gln	Ile	Pro	Ser	Ser	Thr	Gly	Asn	Pro	Ser	Gly	Gly	Asn	Pro	Pro
50		210					215					220				
	Gly	Gly	Asn	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Arg	Arg	Pro	Ala	Thr	Thr
	225					230					235					240
55	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ser	Pro	Gly	Pro	Thr	Gln	Ser	His	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Cys	Gly
					245					250					255	

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Gly Ile Gly Tyr Ser Gly Pro Thr Val Cys Ala Ser Gly Thr Thr Cys
260 265 270

5 Gln Val Leu Asn Pro Tyr Tyr Ser Gln Cys Leu
275 280

10 <210> 5
<211> 485
<212> PRT
<213> Bacillus sp.

<400> 5

15 His His Asn Gly Thr Asn Gly Thr Met Met Gln Tyr Phe Glu Trp His
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20 Leu Pro Asn Asp Gly Asn His Trp Asn Arg Leu Arg Asp Asp Ala Ser
20 25 30

25 Asn Leu Arg Asn Arg Gly Ile Thr Ala Ile Trp Ile Pro Pro Ala Trp
35 40 45

Lys Gly Thr Ser Gln Asn Asp Val Gly Tyr Gly Ala Tyr Asp Leu Tyr
50 55 60

30 Asp Leu Gly Glu Phe Asn Gln Lys Gly Thr Val Arg Thr Lys Tyr Gly
65 70 75 80

35 Thr Arg Ser Gln Leu Glu Ser Ala Ile His Ala Leu Lys Asn Asn Gly
85 90 95

Val Gln Val Tyr Gly Asp Val Val Met Asn His Lys Gly Gly Ala Asp
100 105 110

40 Ala Thr Glu Asn Val Leu Ala Val Glu Val Asn Pro Asn Asn Arg Asn
115 120 125

45 Gln Glu Ile Ser Gly Asp Tyr Thr Ile Glu Ala Trp Thr Lys Phe Asp
130 135 140

50 Phe Pro Gly Arg Gly Asn Thr Tyr Ser Asp Phe Lys Trp Arg Trp Tyr
145 150 155 160

His Phe Asp Gly Val Asp Trp Asp Gln Ser Arg Gln Phe Gln Asn Arg
165 170 175

55 Ile Tyr Lys Phe Arg Gly Asp Gly Lys Ala Trp Asp Trp Glu Val Asp
180 185 190

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	Ser	Glu	Asn	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Met	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Val	Asp	Met	
			195					200					205				
5	Asp	His	Pro	Glu	Val	Val	Asn	Glu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Trp	Gly	Glu	Trp	Tyr	
	210						215					220					
10	Thr	Asn	Thr	Leu	Asn	Leu	Asp	Gly	Phe	Arg	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	Lys	His	
	225					230					235					240	
	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Phe	Thr	Arg	Asp	Trp	Leu	Thr	His	Val	Arg	Asn	Ala	
					245					250					255		
15	Thr	Gly	Lys	Glu	Met	Phe	Ala	Val	Ala	Glu	Phe	Trp	Lys	Asn	Asp	Leu	
				260					265					270			
20	Gly	Ala	Leu	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Lys	Thr	Asn	Trp	Asn	His	Ser	Val	
			275					280					285				
	Phe	Asp	Val	Pro	Leu	His	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Asn	Ala	Ser	Asn	Ser	Gly	
	290						295					300					
25	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Asp	Met	Ala	Lys	Leu	Leu	Asn	Gly	Thr	Val	Val	Gln	Lys	
	305					310					315					320	
30	His	Pro	Met	His	Ala	Val	Thr	Phe	Val	Asp	Asn	His	Asp	Ser	Gln	Pro	
					325					330					335		
35	Gly	Glu	Ser	Leu	Glu	Ser	Phe	Val	Gln	Glu	Trp	Phe	Lys	Pro	Leu	Ala	
				340					345					350			
	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Thr	Arg	Glu	Gln	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Tyr	
			355					360					365				
40	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Pro	Thr	His	Ser	Val	Pro	Ala	Met	Lys	Ala	
	370						375					380					
45	Lys	Ile	Asp	Pro	Ile	Leu	Glu	Ala	Arg	Gln	Asn	Phe	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Thr	
	385					390					395					400	
	Gln	His	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Asp	His	His	Asn	Ile	Ile	Gly	Trp	Thr	Arg	Glu	
					405					410					415		
50	Gly	Asn	Thr	Thr	His	Pro	Asn	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ala	Thr	Ile	Met	Ser	Asp	
				420					425					430			
55	Gly	Pro	Gly	Gly	Glu	Lys	Trp	Met	Tyr	Val	Gly	Gln	Asn	Lys	Ala	Gly	
			435					440					445				

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Gln Val Trp His Asp Ile Thr Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Thr Val Thr Ile
450 455 460

5 Asn Ala Asp Gly Trp Ala Asn Phe Ser Val Asn Gly Gly Ser Val Ser
465 470 475 480

Ile Trp Val Lys Arg
10 485

<210> 6
<211> 485
<212> PRT
15 <213> Bacillus sp.

<400> 6

His His Asn Gly Thr Asn Gly Thr Met Met Gln Tyr Phe Glu Trp Tyr
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Leu Pro Asn Asp Gly Asn His Trp Asn Arg Leu Arg Ser Asp Ala Ser
25 20 25 30

Asn Leu Lys Asp Lys Gly Ile Ser Ala Val Trp Ile Pro Pro Ala Trp
35 35 40 45

Lys Gly Ala Ser Gln Asn Asp Val Gly Tyr Gly Ala Tyr Asp Leu Tyr
30 50 55 60

Asp Leu Gly Glu Phe Asn Gln Lys Gly Thr Ile Arg Thr Lys Tyr Gly
35 65 70 75 80

Thr Arg Asn Gln Leu Gln Ala Ala Val Asn Ala Leu Lys Ser Asn Gly
40 85 90 95

Ile Gln Val Tyr Gly Asp Val Val Met Asn His Lys Gly Gly Ala Asp
100 105 110

Ala Thr Glu Met Val Arg Ala Val Glu Val Asn Pro Asn Asn Arg Asn
45 115 120 125

Gln Glu Val Ser Gly Glu Tyr Thr Ile Glu Ala Trp Thr Lys Phe Asp
50 130 135 140

Phe Pro Gly Arg Gly Asn Thr His Ser Asn Phe Lys Trp Arg Trp Tyr
145 150 155 160

His Phe Asp Gly Val Asp Trp Asp Gln Ser Arg Lys Leu Asn Asn Arg
55 165 170 175

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	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Phe	Arg	Gly	Asp	Gly	Lys	Gly	Trp	Asp	Trp	Glu	Val	Asp	
				180					185					190			
5	Thr	Glu	Asn	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Met	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Ile	Asp	Met	
			195					200					205				
10	Asp	His	Pro	Glu	Val	Val	Asn	Glu	Leu	Arg	Asn	Trp	Gly	Val	Trp	Tyr	
		210					215					220					
15	Thr	Asn	Thr	Leu	Gly	Leu	Asp	Gly	Phe	Arg	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	Lys	His	
	225					230					235					240	
20	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Phe	Thr	Arg	Asp	Trp	Ile	Asn	His	Val	Arg	Ser	Ala	
					245					250					255		
25	Thr	Gly	Lys	Asn	Met	Phe	Ala	Val	Ala	Glu	Phe	Trp	Lys	Asn	Asp	Leu	
				260					265					270			
30	Gly	Ala	Ile	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Lys	Thr	Asn	Trp	Asn	His	Ser	Val	
			275					280					285				
35	Phe	Asp	Val	Pro	Leu	His	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Asn	Ala	Ser	Lys	Ser	Gly	
		290					295					300					
40	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Asp	Met	Arg	Gln	Ile	Phe	Asn	Gly	Thr	Val	Val	Gln	Arg	
	305					310					315					320	
45	His	Pro	Met	His	Ala	Val	Thr	Phe	Val	Asp	Asn	His	Asp	Ser	Gln	Pro	
					325					330					335		
50	Glu	Glu	Ala	Leu	Glu	Ser	Phe	Val	Glu	Glu	Trp	Phe	Lys	Pro	Leu	Ala	
				340					345					350			
55	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Thr	Leu	Thr	Arg	Glu	Gln	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Tyr	
			355					360					365				
60	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Pro	Thr	His	Gly	Val	Pro	Ala	Met	Lys	Ser	
		370					375					380					
65	Lys	Ile	Asp	Pro	Ile	Leu	Glu	Ala	Arg	Gln	Lys	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Arg	
	385					390					395					400	
70	Gln	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Asp	His	His	Asn	Ile	Ile	Gly	Trp	Thr	Arg	Glu	
					405					410					415		
75	Gly	Asn	Thr	Ala	His	Pro	Asn	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ala	Thr	Ile	Met	Ser	Asp	
				420					425					430			

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Gly Ala Gly Gly Asn Lys Trp Met Phe Val Gly Arg Asn Lys Ala Gly
435 440 445

5 Gln Val Trp Thr Asp Ile Thr Gly Asn Arg Ala Gly Thr Val Thr Ile
450 455 460

10 Asn Ala Asp Gly Trp Gly Asn Phe Ser Val Asn Gly Gly Ser Val Ser
465 470 475 480

Ile Trp Val Asn Lys
485

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20 <400> 7

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25 Asn Asp Gly Gln His Trp Asn Arg Leu His Asp Asp Ala Ala Ala Leu
20 25 30

30 Ser Asp Ala Gly Ile Thr Ala Ile Trp Ile Pro Pro Ala Tyr Lys Gly
35 40 45

35 Asn Ser Gln Ala Asp Val Gly Tyr Gly Ala Tyr Asp Leu Tyr Asp Leu
50 55 60

Gly Glu Phe Asn Gln Lys Gly Thr Val Arg Thr Lys Tyr Gly Thr Lys
65 70 75 80

40 Ala Gln Leu Glu Arg Ala Ile Gly Ser Leu Lys Ser Asn Asp Ile Asn
85 90 95

45 Val Tyr Gly Asp Val Val Met Asn His Lys Met Gly Ala Asp Phe Thr
100 105 110

Glu Ala Val Gln Ala Val Gln Val Asn Pro Thr Asn Arg Trp Gln Asp
115 120 125

50 Ile Ser Gly Ala Tyr Thr Ile Asp Ala Trp Thr Gly Phe Asp Phe Ser
130 135 140

55 Gly Arg Asn Asn Ala Tyr Ser Asp Phe Lys Trp Arg Trp Phe His Phe
145 150 155 160

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	Asn	Gly	Val	Asp	Trp	Asp	Gln	Arg	Tyr	Gln	Glu	Asn	His	Ile	Phe	Arg	
					165					170					175		
5	Phe	Ala	Asn	Thr	Asn	Trp	Asn	Trp	Arg	Val	Asp	Glu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Asn	
				180					185					190			
	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ser	Asn	Ile	Asp	Phe	Ser	His	Pro	Glu	Val	
10			195					200					205				
	Gln	Asp	Glu	Leu	Lys	Asp	Trp	Gly	Ser	Trp	Phe	Thr	Asp	Glu	Leu	Asp	
		210					215					220					
15																	
	Leu	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ile	Lys	His	Ile	Pro	Phe	Trp	Tyr	
	225					230					235					240	
20	Thr	Ser	Asp	Trp	Val	Arg	His	Gln	Arg	Asn	Glu	Ala	Asp	Gln	Asp	Leu	
					245					250					255		
	Phe	Val	Val	Gly	Glu	Tyr	Trp	Lys	Asp	Asp	Val	Gly	Ala	Leu	Glu	Phe	
25				260					265					270			
	Tyr	Leu	Asp	Glu	Met	Asn	Trp	Glu	Met	Ser	Leu	Phe	Asp	Val	Pro	Leu	
			275					280					285				
30																	
	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Phe	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Ser	Gln	Gln	Gly	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Met	
		290					295					300					
35	Arg	Asn	Ile	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ser	Leu	Val	Glu	Ala	His	Pro	Met	His	Ala	
	305					310					315					320	
	Val	Thr	Phe	Val	Asp	Asn	His	Asp	Thr	Gln	Pro	Gly	Glu	Ser	Leu	Glu	
40					325					330					335		
	Ser	Trp	Val	Ala	Asp	Trp	Phe	Lys	Pro	Leu	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Thr	Ile	Leu	
				340					345					350			
45																	
	Thr	Arg	Glu	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Asn	Val	Phe	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	
			355					360					365				
	Ile	Pro	Asn	Asp	Asn	Ile	Ser	Ala	Lys	Lys	Asp	Met	Ile	Asp	Glu	Leu	
50		370					375					380					
	Leu	Asp	Ala	Arg	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Gln	His	Asp	Tyr	Phe	
	385					390					395					400	
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	Asp	His	Trp	Asp	Val	Val	Gly	Trp	Thr	Arg	Glu	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ser	Arg	

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	405	410	415
5	Pro Asn Ser Gly Leu Ala Thr Ile Met Ser Asn Gly Pro Gly Gly Ser 420 425 430		
10	Lys Trp Met Tyr Val Gly Arg Gln Asn Ala Gly Gln Thr Trp Thr Asp 435 440 445		
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35	Ser Ser Val Gly Ile Thr Ala Val Trp Thr Pro Pro Ala Tyr Lys Gly 35 40 45		
40	Thr Ser Gln Ala Asp Val Gly Tyr Gly Pro Tyr Asp Leu Tyr Asp Leu 50 55 60		
45	Gly Glu Phe Asn Gln Lys Gly Thr Val Arg Thr Lys Tyr Gly Thr Lys 65 70 75 80		
50	Gly Glu Leu Lys Ser Ala Val Asn Thr Leu His Ser Asn Gly Ile Gln 85 90 95		
55	Val Tyr Gly Asp Val Val Met Asn His Lys Ala Gly Ala Asp Tyr Thr 100 105 110		
60	Glu Asn Val Thr Ala Val Glu Val Asn Pro Ser Asn Arg Asn Gln Glu 115 120 125		
65	Thr Ser Gly Glu Tyr Asn Ile Gln Ala Trp Thr Gly Phe Asn Phe Pro 130 135 140		
70	Gly Arg Gly Thr Thr Tyr Ser Asn Phe Lys Trp Gln Trp Phe His Phe		

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	145			150			155			160						
5	Asp	Gly	Thr	Asp	Trp 165	Asp	Gln	Ser	Arg	Ser 170	Leu	Ser	Arg	Ile	Phe 175	Lys
10	Phe	Thr	Gly	Lys 180	Ala	Trp	Asp	Trp	Pro 185	Val	Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn 190	Gly	Asn
15	Tyr	Asp	Tyr 195	Leu	Met	Tyr	Ala	Asp 200	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Asp	His 205	Pro	Asp	Val
20	Val	Asn 210	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	Trp 215	Gly	Val	Trp	Tyr	Ala 220	Asn	Glu	Val	Gly
25	Leu 225	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Arg 230	Leu	Asp	Ala	Val	Lys	His 235	Ile	Lys	Phe	Ser	Phe 240
30	Leu	Lys	Asp	Trp 245	Val	Asp	Asn	Ala	Arg	Ala 250	Ala	Thr	Gly	Lys	Glu 255	Met
35	Phe	Thr	Val	Gly 260	Glu	Tyr	Trp	Gln	Asn 265	Asp	Leu	Gly	Ala	Leu 270	Asn	Asn
40	Tyr	Leu	Ala 275	Lys	Val	Asn	Tyr	Asn 280	Gln	Ser	Leu	Phe	Asp 285	Ala	Pro	Leu
45	His	Tyr 290	Asn	Phe	Tyr	Ala	Ala 295	Ser	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly 300	Tyr	Tyr	Asp	Met
50	Arg 305	Asn	Ile	Leu	Asn 310	Asn	Thr	Leu	Val	Ala	Ser 315	Asn	Pro	Thr	Lys	Ala 320
55	Val	Thr	Leu	Val	Glu 325	Asn	His	Asp	Thr	Gln 330	Pro	Gly	Gln	Ser	Leu 335	Glu
60	Ser	Thr	Val	Gln 340	Pro	Trp	Phe	Lys 345	Pro	Leu	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Phe 350	Ile	Leu
65	Thr	Arg	Ser 355	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Ser 360	Val	Phe	Tyr	Gly	Asp 365	Met	Tyr	Gly
70	Thr	Lys 370	Gly	Thr	Thr	Thr	Arg 375	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ala	Leu 380	Lys	Ser	Lys	Ile
75	Glu 385	Pro	Leu	Leu	Lys 390	Ala	Arg	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Ala 395	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Gln	Arg 400

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	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Asp	Asn	Pro	Asp	Val	Ile	Gly	Trp	Thr	Arg	Glu	Gly	Asp	
					405					410					415		
5	Ser	Thr	Lys	Ala	Lys	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ala	Thr	Val	Ile	Thr	Asp	Gly	Pro	
				420					425					430			
	Gly	Gly	Ser	Lys	Arg	Met	Tyr	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Asn	Ala	Gly	Glu	Ile	
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	Trp	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Thr	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ser	Thr	Lys	Ile	Thr	Ile	Gly	Ser	
		450					455					460					
15																	
	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Thr	Phe	Pro	Val	Asn	Lys	Gly	Ser	Val	Ser	Val	Trp	
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	<211>	300															
25	<212>	PRT															
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	<400>	9															
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	1				5					10					15		
	Leu	Asn	Ile	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Val	Leu	Arg	Asp	Leu	Ser	
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	Lys	Pro	Thr	Gly	Thr	Gln	Ile	Ile	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Gln	Asn	Arg	Glu	
			35					40					45				
40																	
	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Ser	Ser	Thr	Thr	Asn	Gln	Phe	Thr	
		50					55					60					
	Thr	Ser	Ser	Gln	Arg	Ala	Ala	Val	Asp	Ala	His	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Gly	Lys	
45	65					70				75						80	
	Val	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Phe	Asn	Arg	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Asn	
					85					90					95		
50																	
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55	Asn	Ala	Ala	Trp	Ile	Gly	Asp	Gln	Met	Ile	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Gly	Asp	Gly	
			115					120					125				

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	Ser	Phe	Phe	Ser	Pro	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Met	Asp	Val	Thr	Ala	His	Glu
	130						135					140				
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	145					150					155					160
10	Gln	Pro	Gly	Ala	Leu	Asn	Glu	Ser	Phe	Ser	Asp	Val	Phe	Gly	Tyr	Phe
					165					170					175	
15	Asn	Asp	Thr	Glu	Asp	Trp	Asp	Ile	Gly	Glu	Asp	Ile	Thr	Val	Ser	Gln
				180					185					190		
20	Pro	Ala	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Ser	Asn	Pro	Thr	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Pro	Asp
			195					200					205			
25	Asn	Phe	Lys	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Leu	Pro	Asn	Thr	Asp	Ala	Gly	Asp	Tyr
		210					215					220				
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	225					230					235					240
35	Thr	Ile	Thr	Lys	Ile	Gly	Val	Asn	Lys	Ala	Glu	Gln	Ile	Tyr	Tyr	Arg
					245					250					255	
40	Ala	Leu	Thr	Val	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Pro	Ser	Ser	Thr	Phe	Lys	Asp	Ala	Lys
				260					265					270		
45	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ile	Gln	Ser	Ala	Arg	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Gln	Asp	Ala
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				20					25					30		
70	Ser	Gly	Ile	Asp	Ser	Ser	His	Pro	Asp	Leu	Lys	Val	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ala
			35					40					45			

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	Ser	Met	Val	Pro	Ser	Glu	Thr	Asn	Pro	Phe	Gln	Asp	Asn	Asn	Ser	His	
	50						55					60					
5	Gly	Thr	His	Val	Ala	Gly	Thr	Val	Ala	Ala	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ser	Ile	Gly	
	65					70					75					80	
	Val	Leu	Gly	Val	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ala	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Lys	Val	Leu	
10					85					90					95		
	Gly	Ala	Asp	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Trp	Ile	Ile	Asn	Gly	Ile	Glu	
				100					105					110			
15	Trp	Ala	Ile	Ala	Asn	Asn	Met	Asp	Val	Ile	Asn	Met	Ser	Leu	Gly	Gly	
			115					120					125				
	Pro	Ser	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ala	Ala	Val	Asp	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala	
20			130				135					140					
	Ser	Gly	Val	Val	Val	Val	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Asn	Glu	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	
	145					150					155					160	
25	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Val	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Val	Ile	Ala	
					165					170					175		
	Val	Gly	Ala	Val	Asp	Ser	Ser	Asn	Gln	Arg	Ala	Ser	Phe	Ser	Ser	Val	
30				180					185					190			
	Gly	Pro	Glu	Leu	Asp	Val	Met	Ala	Pro	Gly	Val	Ser	Ile	Gln	Ser	Thr	
			195				200						205				
35	Leu	Pro	Gly	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Gly	Thr	Ser	Met	Ala	Ser	
	210						215					220					
40	Pro	His	Val	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ser	Lys	His	Pro	Asn	
	225					230					235					240	
	Trp	Thr	Asn	Thr	Gln	Val	Arg	Ser	Ser	Leu	Glu	Asn	Thr	Thr	Thr	Lys	
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	Leu	Gly	Asp	Ser	Phe	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Gly	Leu	Ile	Asn	Val	Gln	Ala	
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15	Asn Thr Arg Gly Asn Gly Ile Phe Thr Tyr Asp Ala Lys Tyr Arg Thr	35 40 45
20	Thr Leu Pro Gly Ser Leu Trp Ala Asp Ala Asp Asn Gln Phe Phe Ala	50 55 60
25	Ser Tyr Asp Ala Pro Ala Val Asp Ala His Tyr Tyr Ala Gly Val Thr	65 70 75 80
30	Tyr Asp Tyr Tyr Lys Asn Val His Asn Arg Leu Ser Tyr Asp Gly Asn	85 90 95
35	Asn Ala Ala Ile Arg Ser Ser Val His Tyr Ser Gln Gly Tyr Asn Asn	100 105 110
40	Ala Phe Trp Asn Gly Ser Gln Met Val Tyr Gly Asp Gly Asp Gly Gln	115 120 125
45	Thr Phe Ile Pro Leu Ser Gly Gly Ile Asp Val Val Ala His Glu Leu	130 135 140
50	Thr His Ala Val Thr Asp Tyr Thr Ala Gly Leu Ile Tyr Gln Asn Glu	145 150 155 160
55	Ser Gly Ala Ile Asn Glu Ala Ile Ser Asp Ile Phe Gly Thr Leu Val	165 170 175
	Glu Phe Tyr Ala Asn Lys Asn Pro Asp Trp Glu Ile Gly Glu Asp Val	180 185 190
	Tyr Thr Pro Gly Ile Ser Gly Asp Ser Leu Arg Ser Met Ser Asp Pro	195 200 205
	Ala Lys Tyr Gly Asp Pro Asp His Tyr Ser Lys Arg Tyr Thr Gly Thr	210 215 220
	Gln Asp Asn Gly Gly Val His Ile Asn Ser Gly Ile Ile Asn Lys Ala	225 230 235 240

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					245					250					255		
5	Gly	Ile	Gly	Arg	Asp	Lys	Leu	Gly	Lys	Ile	Phe	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Leu	Thr	
				260					265					270			
10	Gln	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Pro	Thr	Ser	Asn	Phe	Ser	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ala	
			275					280					285				
15	Val	Gln	Ser	Ala	Thr	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gln	Glu	Val	Ala	
		290					295					300					
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			20					25					30				
40	Thr	Gly	Ile	Ser	Thr	His	Pro	Asp	Leu	Asn	Ile	Arg	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ser	
			35					40					45				
45	Phe	Val	Pro	Gly	Glu	Pro	Ser	Thr	Gln	Asp	Gly	Asn	Gly	His	Gly	Thr	
		50			55							60					
50	His	Val	Ala	Gly	Thr	Ile	Ala	Ala	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ser	Ile	Gly	Val	Leu	
	65				70				75				80				
55	Gly	Val	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ala	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Lys	Val	Leu	Gly	Ala	
				85				90					95				
60	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Val	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ala	Gln	Gly	Leu	Glu	Trp	Ala	
				100				105					110				
65	Gly	Asn	Asn	Gly	Met	His	Val	Ala	Asn	Leu	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ser	Pro	Ser	
				115				120					125				
70	Pro	Ser	Ala	Thr	Leu	Glu	Gln	Ala	Val	Asn	Ser	Ala	Thr	Ser	Arg	Gly	
		130					135					140					

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	Val	Leu	Val	Val	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ser	Ile	Ser	145	150	155	160
5	Tyr	Pro	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Ala	Asn	Ala	Met	Ala	Val	Gly	Ala	Thr	Asp	Gln	165	170	175	
10	Asn	Asn	Asn	Arg	Ala	Ser	Phe	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Gly	Leu	Asp	Ile	180	185	190	
15	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly	Val	Asn	Val	Gln	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Pro	Gly	Ser	Thr	Tyr	195	200	205	
20	Ala	Ser	Leu	Asn	Gly	Thr	Ser	Met	Ala	Thr	Pro	His	Val	Ala	Gly	Ala	210	215	220	
25	Ala	Ala	Leu	Val	Lys	Gln	Lys	Asn	Pro	Ser	Trp	Ser	Asn	Val	Gln	Ile	225	230	235	240
30	Arg	Asn	His	Leu	Lys	Asn	Thr	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ser	Thr	Asn	Leu	245	250	255	
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60	Val	Leu	Asp	Thr	Gly	Val	Tyr	Thr	Ser	His	Leu	Asp	Leu	Ala	Gly	Ser	35	40	45	
65	Ala	Glu	Gln	Cys	Lys	Asp	Phe	Thr	Gln	Ser	Asn	Pro	Leu	Val	Asp	Gly	50	55	60	
70	Ser	Cys	Thr	Asp	Arg	Gln	Gly	His	Gly	Thr	His	Val	Ala	Gly	Thr	Val	65	70	75	80
75	Leu	Ala	His	Gly	Gly	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Gly	Val	Tyr	Gly	Val	Ala	Pro	85	90	95	

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	Gln	Ala	Lys	Leu	Trp	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Val	Leu	Gly	Asp	Asn	Gly	Ser	Gly	
				100					105					110			
5	Tyr	Ser	Asp	Asp	Ile	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ile	Arg	His	Val	Ala	Asp	Glu	Ala	
			115					120					125				
10	Ser	Arg	Thr	Gly	Ser	Lys	Val	Val	Ile	Asn	Met	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ser	Ser	
		130					135					140					
15	Ala	Lys	Asp	Ser	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ser	Ala	Val	Asp	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Lys	
	145					150					155					160	
20	Gly	Val	Leu	Ile	Val	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asn	
				165						170					175		
25	Thr	Ile	Gly	Phe	Pro	Gly	Gly	Leu	Val	Asn	Ala	Val	Ala	Val	Ala	Ala	
			180						185					190			
30	Leu	Glu	Asn	Val	Gln	Gln	Asn	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val	Ala	Asp	Phe	Ser	
			195					200					205				
35	Ser	Arg	Gly	Asn	Pro	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Ile	Gln	Glu	Arg	
		210					215					220					
40	Asp	Ile	Glu	Val	Ser	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ala	Ser	Val	Glu	Ser	Thr	Trp	Tyr	
	225					230					235					240	
45	Thr	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Asn	Thr	Ile	Ser	Gly	Thr	Ser	Met	Ala	Thr	Pro	His	
				245						250					255		
50	Val	Ala	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ile	Trp	Ser	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ser	
			260						265					270			
55	His	Ser	Gln	Leu	Arg	Thr	Glu	Leu	Gln	Asn	Arg	Ala	Lys	Val	Tyr	Asp	
			275					280					285				
60	Ile	Lys	Gly	Gly	Ile	Gly	Ala	Gly	Thr	Gly	Asp	Asp	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Gly	
		290					295					300					
65	Phe	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Arg	Val	Lys										
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	1				5					10					15		
5	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Gly	Gln	Ile	Val	Ala	Val	Ala	Asp	Thr	Gly	
				20					25					30			
	Leu	Asp	Thr	Gly	Arg	Asn	Asp	Ser	Ser	Met	His	Glu	Ala	Phe	Arg	Gly	
10			35					40					45				
	Lys	Ile	Thr	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Gly	Arg	Thr	Asn	Asn	Ala	Asn	Asp	
		50					55					60					
15	Thr	Asn	Gly	His	Gly	Thr	His	Val	Ala	Gly	Ser	Val	Leu	Gly	Asn	Gly	
	65					70					75					80	
	Ser	Thr	Asn	Lys	Gly	Met	Ala	Pro	Gln	Ala	Asn	Leu	Val	Phe	Gln	Ser	
20					85					90					95		
	Ile	Met	Asp	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Leu	Gly	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Asn	Leu	Gln	
25				100					105					110			
	Thr	Leu	Phe	Ser	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Ala	Gly	Ala	Arg	Ile	His	Thr	Asn	
			115					120					125				
30	Ser	Trp	Gly	Ala	Ala	Val	Asn	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Arg	Asn	
		130					135					140					
	Val	Asp	Asp	Tyr	Val	Arg	Lys	Asn	Asp	Met	Thr	Ile	Leu	Phe	Ala	Ala	
35		145				150					155					160	
	Gly	Asn	Glu	Gly	Pro	Asn	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ala	Pro	Gly	Thr	Ala	
					165					170					175		
40	Lys	Asn	Ala	Ile	Thr	Val	Gly	Ala	Thr	Glu	Asn	Leu	Arg	Pro	Ser	Phe	
				180					185					190			
45	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Asn	Ile	Asn	His	Val	Ala	Gln	Phe	Ser	Ser	Arg	
			195					200					205				
	Gly	Pro	Thr	Lys	Asp	Gly	Arg	Ile	Lys	Pro	Asp	Val	Met	Ala	Pro	Gly	
50		210					215					220					
	Thr	Phe	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ala	Arg	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ala	Pro	Asp	Ser	Ser	Phe	
	225					230					235					240	
55	Trp	Ala	Asn	His	Asp	Ser	Lys	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Met	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ser	Met	
				245						250					255		

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Ala Thr Pro Ile Val Ala Gly Asn Val Ala Gln Leu Arg Glu His Phe
260 265 270

5 Val Lys Asn Arg Gly Ile Thr Pro Lys Pro Ser Leu Leu Lys Ala Ala
275 280 285

10 Leu Ile Ala Gly Ala Ala Asp Ile Gly Leu Gly Tyr Pro Asn Gly Asn
290 295 300

Gln Gly Trp Gly Arg Val Thr Leu Asp Lys Ser Leu Asn Val Ala Tyr
305 310 315 320

15 Val Asn Glu Ser Ser Ser Leu Ser Thr Ser Gln Lys Ala Thr Tyr Ser
325 330 335

20 Phe Thr Ala Thr Ala Gly Lys Pro Leu Lys Ile Ser Leu Val Trp Ser
340 345 350

25 Asp Ala Pro Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Ser Val Thr Leu Val Asn Asp Leu
355 360 365

Asp Leu Val Ile Thr Ala Pro Asn Gly Thr Gln Tyr Val Gly Asn Asp
370 375 380

30 Phe Thr Ser Pro Tyr Asn Asp Asn Trp Asp Gly Arg Asn Asn Val Glu
385 390 395 400

35 Asn Val Phe Ile Asn Ala Pro Gln Ser Gly Thr Tyr Thr Ile Glu Val
405 410 415

40 Gln Ala Tyr Asn Val Pro Val Gly Pro Gln Thr Phe Ser Leu Ala Ile
420 425 430

Val Asn

Claims

1. A solid free flowing particulate laundry detergent composition comprising:

- (a) anionic deterative surfactant;
- (b) from 0wt% to 8wt% zeolite builder;
- (c) from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder;
- (d) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium carbonate;
- (e) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium silicate;
- (f) from 4wt% to 20wt% organic acid;
- (g) from 1wt% to 20wt% sodium percarbonate;
- (h) from 0.5wt% to 5wt% bleach activator; and
- (i) from 0.5wt% to 4wt% disodium 4,5-dihydroxy-1,3-benzenedisulfonate (Tiron) chelant,

wherein the composition at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C, has an equilibrium pH in the range of from 6.5 to 9.0,

wherein the composition comprises from 30wt% to 90wt% base detergent particle, wherein the base detergent particle comprising (by weight of the base detergent particle):

- (a) from 4wt% to 35wt% anionic deterative surfactant;
- (b) optionally, from 1wt% to 8wt% zeolite builder;
- (c) from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder;
- (d) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium carbonate;
- (e) from 0wt% to 8wt% sodium silicate;
- (f) from 1wt% to 16wt% organic acid; and
- (g) optionally, from 1wt% to 10wt% magnesium sulphate.

2. A composition according to claim 1, wherein the composition at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C, has an equilibrium pH in the range of from 6.5 to 8.0.

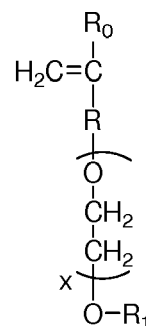
3. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the organic acid comprises citric acid, and wherein the base detergent particle comprises from 1wt% to 16wt% citric acid, and wherein optionally the organic acid is at least partially coated with a water-dispersible material.

4. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein:

- (a) the anionic deterative surfactant comprises alkyl benzene sulphonate and wherein the base detergent particle comprises from 4wt% to 35wt% alkyl benzene sulphonate; and/or
- (b) the base detergent particle comprises from 0.5wt% to 5wt% carboxylate co-polymer, wherein the carboxylate co-polymer comprises:

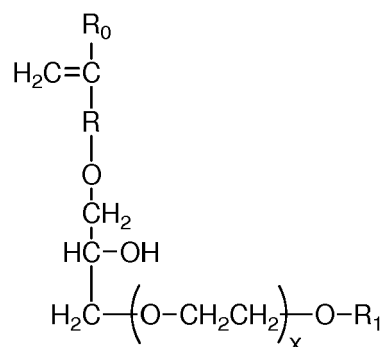
- (i) from 50 to less than 98 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising carboxyl groups;
- (ii) from 1 to less than 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising sulfonate moieties; and
- (iii) from 1 to 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more types of monomers selected from ether bond-containing monomers represented by formulas (I) and (II):

formula (I):



wherein in formula (I), R_0 represents a hydrogen atom or CH_3 group, R represents a CH_2 group, CH_2CH_2 group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5 provided X represents a number 1-5 when R is a single bond, and R_1 is a hydrogen atom or C_1 to C_{20} organic group;

formula (II)



wherein in formula (II), R_0 represents a hydrogen atom or CH_3 group, R represents a CH_2 group, CH_2CH_2 group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5, and R_1 is a hydrogen atom or C_1 to C_{20} organic group; and/or (c) wherein the base detergent particle comprises from 30wt% to 70wt% sodium sulphate.

5. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises from 1wt% to 20wt% co-surfactant particle, wherein the co-surfactant particle comprises:

- (a) from 25wt% to 60wt% co-surfactant;
- (b) from 10wt% to 50wt% carbonate salt; and
- (c) from 1wt% to 30wt% silica,

and wherein optionally:

- (a) the co-surfactant particle is in the form of an agglomerate; and/or
- (b) the co-surfactant comprises alkyl ethoxylated sulphate having an average degree of ethoxylation of from 0.5 to 2.5, and wherein the co-surfactant particle comprises from 25wt% to 60wt% alkyl ethoxylated sulphate having an average degree of ethoxylation of from 0.5 to 2.5; and/or
- (c) the co-surfactant particle comprises linear alkyl benzene sulphonate and alkyl ethoxylated sulphate having an average degree of ethoxylation of from 0.5 to 2.5.

6. A composition according to any preceding claim wherein the composition at 1wt% dilution in deionized water at 20°C, has an equilibrium pH in the range of from 6.5 to 8.5, and wherein optionally the composition has a reserve alkalinity to pH 7.0 of less than 3.0gNaOH/100g.

7. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises:

- (a) from 0wt% to 6wt% sodium bicarbonate;
- (b) from 0wt% to 4wt% sodium carbonate;
- (c) from 0wt% to 4wt% sodium silicate; and
- (d) from 0wt% to 4wt% phosphate builder,

and optionally wherein the composition is substantially free of phosphate builder, and optionally wherein the composition is substantially free of sodium carbonate, and optionally wherein the composition is substantially free of sodium bicarbonate, and optionally wherein the composition is substantially free of sodium silicate.

8. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises the combination of a lipase enzyme and soil release polymer.

9. A composition according to any preceding claim wherein the composition comprises:

- (a) alkyl benzene sulphonate, wherein the alkyl benzene sulphonate comprises at least 25wt% of the combined

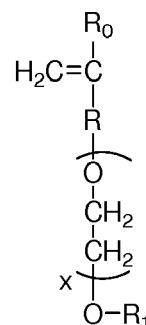
total of 2-phenyl isomer and 3-phenyl isomer; and/or
(b) alkyl amine oxide.

10. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises:

(a) from 0.5wt% to 8wt% carboxylate co-polymer, wherein the carboxylate co-polymer comprises:

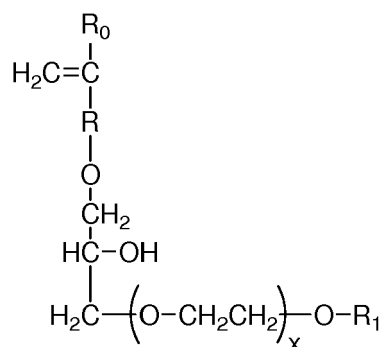
- (i) from 50 to less than 98 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising carboxyl groups;
- (ii) from 1 to less than 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more monomers comprising sulfonate moieties; and
- (iii) from 1 to 49 wt% structural units derived from one or more types of monomers selected from ether bond-containing monomers represented by formulas (I) and (II):

formula (I):

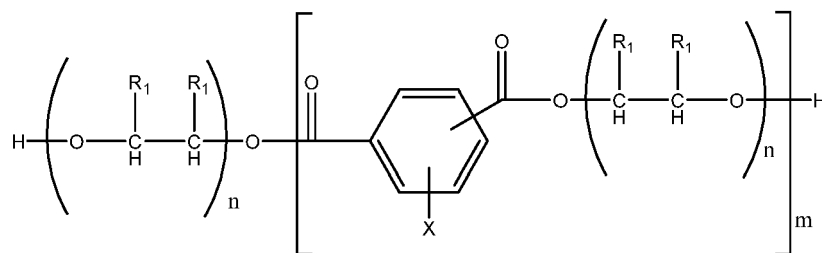


wherein in formula (I), R_0 represents a hydrogen atom or CH_3 group, R represents a CH_2 group, CH_2CH_2 group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5 provided X represents a number 1-5 when R is a single bond, and R_1 is a hydrogen atom or C_1 to C_{20} organic group;

formula (II)



wherein in formula (II), R_0 represents a hydrogen atom or CH_3 group, R represents a CH_2 group, CH_2CH_2 group or single bond, X represents a number 0-5, and R_1 is a hydrogen atom or C_1 to C_{20} organic group; and/or
(b) polyethylene glycol polymer, wherein the polyethylene glycol polymer comprises a polyethylene glycol backbone with grafted polyvinyl acetate side chains; and/or
(c) polyester soil release polymer having the structure:



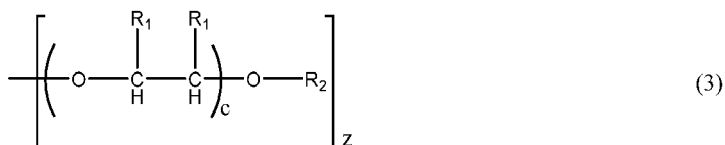
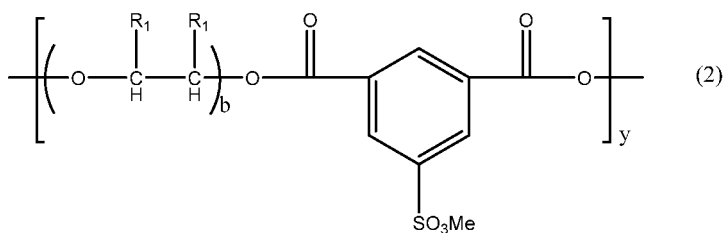
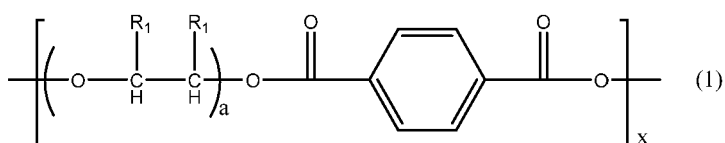
wherein n is from 1 to 10; m is from 1 to 15 ;

X is H or SO₃Me;

wherein Me is H, Na⁺, Li⁺, K⁺, Mg²⁺, Ca²⁺, Al³⁺, ammonium, mono-, di-, tri-, or tetraalkylammonium; wherein the alkyl groups are C₁-C₁₈ alkyl or C₂-C₁₀ hydroxyalkyl, or any mixture thereof;

R₁ are independently selected from H or C₁-C₁₈ n- or iso-alkyl; and/or

(d) polyester soil release polymer consisting of structure units (1) to (3):



wherein:

a, b and c are from 1 to 10;

x, y is from 1 to 10;

z is from 0.1 to 10;

Me is H, Na⁺, Li⁺, K⁺, Mg²⁺, Ca²⁺, Al³⁺, ammonium, mono-, di-, tri-, or tetraalkylammonium wherein the alkyl groups are C₁-C₁₈ alkyl or C₂-C₁₀ hydroxyalkyl, or any mixture thereof;

R₁, are independently selected from H or C₁-C₁₈ n- or iso-alkyl;

R₂ is a linear or branched C₁-C₁₈ alkyl, or a linear or branched C₂-C₃₀ alkenyl, or a cycloalkyl group with 5 to 9 carbon atoms, or a C₆-C₃₀ aryl group, or a C₆-C₃₀ arylalkyl group; and/or

(e) carboxymethyl cellulose having a degree of substitution greater than 0.65 and a degree of blockiness greater than 0.45; and/or

(f) alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine, wherein said alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine has a polyalkyleneimine core with one or more side chains bonded to at least one nitrogen atom in the polyalkyleneimine core, wherein said alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine has an empirical formula (I) of (PEI)_a-(EO)_b-R₁, wherein a is the average number-average molecular weight (MW_{PEI}) of the polyalkyleneimine core of the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine and is in the range of from 100 to 100,000 Daltons, wherein b is the average degree of ethoxylation in said one or more side chains of the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine and is in the range of from 5 to 40, and wherein R₁ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyls, and combinations thereof; and/or

(g) alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine, wherein said alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine has a polyalkyleneimine core with one or more side chains bonded to at least one nitrogen atom in the polyalkyleneimine core, wherein the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine has an empirical formula (II) of $(PEI)_o-(EO)_m(PO)_n-R_2$ or $(PEI)_o-(PO)_n(EO)_m-R_2$, wherein o is the average number-average molecular weight (MW_{PEI}) of the polyalkyleneimine core of the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine and is in the range of from 100 to 100,000 Daltons, wherein m is the average degree of ethoxylation in said one or more side chains of the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine which ranges from 10 to 50, wherein n is the average degree of propoxylation in said one or more side chains of the alkoxyated polyalkyleneimine which ranges from 1 to 50, and wherein R_2 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyls, and combinations thereof; and/or

(h) the combination of a non-ionic soil release polymer and an anionic soil release polymer.

11. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition is substantially free of pre-formed peracid.

12. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises from 0.5wt% to 5wt% sodium tetraacetylenediamine.

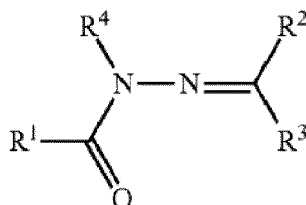
13. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises from 0.5wt% to 5wt% sodium salt of methylglycine diacetic acid (MGDA).

14. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises from 0.5wt% to 5wt% tri sodium salt of methylglycine diacetic acid (MGDA).

15. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises from 0.5wt% to 5wt% ethylenediamine disuccinic acid (EDDS).

16. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises 4,4'-bis-(triazinylamino)-stilbene-2,2'-disulfonic acid brightener and/or 4,4'-distyryl biphenyl brightener.

17. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises acyl hydrazone bleach catalyst, wherein the acyl hydrazone bleach catalyst has the formula I:



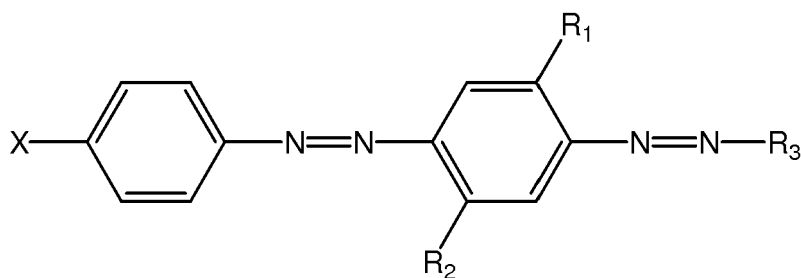
wherein, R^1 is selected from the groups comprising CF_3 , C_{1-28} alkyl, C_{2-28} alkenyl, C_{2-22} alkynyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, C_{7-9} aralkyl, C_{3-20} heteroalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloheteroalkyl or a mixture thereof;

R^2 and R^3 are independently selected from the group comprising hydrogen, substituted C_{1-28} alkyl, C_{2-28} alkenyl, C_{2-22} alkynyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkenyl, C_{7-9} aralkyl, C_{3-28} heteroalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloheteroalkyl, C_{5-16} heteroaralkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, heteroaryl or a mixture thereof;

or R^2 and R^3 are linked to form a substituted 5-, 6-, 7-, 8- or 9-membered ring that optionally comprises heteroatoms; and R^4 is selected from the groups comprising hydrogen, C_{1-28} alkyl, C_{2-28} alkenyl, C_{2-22} alkynyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloalkenyl, C_{7-9} aralkyl, C_{3-20} heteroalkyl, C_{3-12} cycloheteroalkyl, C_{5-16} heteroaralkyl, substituted phenyl, naphthyl, heteroaryl or a mixture thereof.

18. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises:

(a) hueing agent having the following structure:



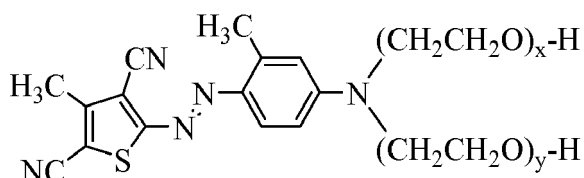
wherein:

R1 and R2 are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; alkyl; alkoxy; alkyleneoxy; alkyl capped alkyleneoxy; urea; and amido;

R3 is a substituted aryl group;

X is a substituted group comprising sulfonamide moiety and optionally an alkyl and/or aryl moiety, and wherein the substituent group comprises at least one alkyleneoxy chain that comprises an average molar distribution of at least four alkyleneoxy moieties; and/or

(b) hueing agent having the following structure:



wherein the index values x and y are independently selected from 1 to 10; and/or

(c) hueing agent selected from Acid Violet 50, Direct Violet 9, 66 and 99, Solvent Violet 13 and any combination thereof.

19. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises an enzyme selected from:

(a) protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus amyloliquefaciens* as shown in SEQ ID NO:9;

(b) protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus amyloliquefaciens* BPN' as shown in SEQ ID NO:10, and which comprises one or more mutations selected from group consisting of V4I, S9R, A15T, S24G, S33T, S53G, V68A, N76D, S78N, S101M/N, Y167F, and Y217Q;

(c) protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus thermoproteolyticus* as shown in SEQ ID NO:11;

(d) protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus lentus* as shown in SEQ IS NO:12, and which comprises one or mutations selected from the group consisting of S3T, V4I, A194P, V199M, V205I, and L217D;

(e) protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus sp. TY145* as shown in SEQ ID NO:13;

(f) protease having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of *Bacillus sp. KSM-KP43* as shown in SEQ ID NO:14;

(g) variant of the wild-type amylase from *Bacillus sp.* which has at least 90% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:5, and which comprises one or more mutations at positions N195, G477, G304, W140, W189, D134, V206, Y243, E260, F262, W284, W347, W439, W469 and/or G476, and optionally which comprises the deletions of D183* and/or G184*;

(h) variant of the wild-type amylase from *Bacillus sp.* which has at least 90% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:6, and which comprises one or more mutations at positions 9, 26, 30, 33, 82, 37, 106, 118, 128, 133, 149, 150, 160, 178, 182, 186, 193, 195, 202, 214, 231, 256, 257, 258, 269, 270, 272, 283, 295, 296, 298, 299, 303, 304, 305, 311, 314, 315, 318, 319, 320, 323, 339, 345, 361, 378, 383, 419, 421, 437, 441, 444, 445, 446, 447, 450, 458, 461, 471, 482 and/or 484, preferably that also contain the deletions of D183* and G184*;

(i) variant of the wild-type amylase from *Bacillus sp. KSM-K38* which has at least 90% identity for amino acid

sequence SEQ ID NO:7;

(j) variant of the wild-type amylase from *Cytophaga* sp. which has at least 60% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:8;

(k) a variant of the wild-type lipase from *Thermomyces lanuginosus* which has at least 90% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:1;

(l) variant of the wild-type lipase from *Thermomyces lanuginosus* which has at least 90% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:1, and which comprises T231R and/or N233R mutations;

(m) variant of the wild-type lipase from *Thermomyces lanuginosus* which has at least 90% identity for amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:1, and which comprises G91A, D96G, G225R, T231R and/or N233R mutations;

(n) cellulase that is a wild-type or variant of a microbially-derived endoglucanase endogenous to *Bacillus* sp. exhibiting endo-beta-1,4-glucanase activity (E.C. 3.2.1.4) which has at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:2;

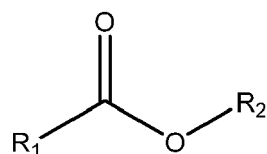
(o) cellulase that is a wild-type or variant of a microbially-derived endoglucanase endogenous to *Paenibacillus polymyxa* exhibiting endo-beta-1,4-glucanase activity (E.C. 3.2.1.4) which has at least 90% identity to amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:3;

(p) cellulase that is a hybrid fusion endoglucanase comprising a Glycosyl Hydrolase Family 45 catalytic domain that is a wild-type or variant of a microbially-derived endoglucanase endogenous to *Melanocarpus albomyces*, and a carbohydrate binding module that is a wild-type or variant of a carbohydrate binding module endogenous to *Trichoderma reesei*, and which has at least 90% identity to amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:4;

(q) an enzyme selected from mannanase, pectate lyase, laccase, polyesterase, galactanase, acyltransferase, and any combination thereof; and

(r) any combination thereof.

20. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises a perfume, wherein the perfume comprises from 60wt% to 85wt% ester perfume raw materials having the structure:



wherein R1 and R2 are independently selected from C1 to C30 linear or branched, cyclic or non-cyclic, aromatic or non-aromatic, saturated or un-saturated, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, and optionally wherein the composition comprises alkyl ethoxylated sulphate having an average degree of ethoxylation of from 0.5 to 2.0.

21. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the composition comprises polyvinyl N oxide polymer.



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Y	* page 7, paragraph 1 - pages 10-11; claims 1,3-10,12-20; example 1; table 1 *		
A	* page 1, paragraph 4 - page 2, paragraph 3 * * pages 8-9 - page 12, paragraph 1 * * page 8, paragraph 2 - page 9, paragraph 2 * * page 9, paragraph 3 * * page 11, paragraph 3 * * page 12, paragraph 2 - page 13, paragraph 1 * * page 14, paragraph 3 * * page 32, paragraph 4 - page 33, paragraph 1 * * page 33, paragraph 3 * * page 22, paragraph 2 - page 23, paragraph 1 * * page 32, paragraph 2 * * page 23, paragraph 4 - page 30, paragraph 3 * * page 16, paragraph 1-2 - page 18, paragraph 2 * * page 19, paragraph 3 * * page 23, paragraph 2 * * page 21, paragraph 5 * * page 27, paragraph 5 - page 28, paragraph 3 *		
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The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search The Hague		Date of completion of the search 16 March 2017	Examiner Kambier, Titia
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document		T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document	

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The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)
Place of search The Hague		Date of completion of the search 16 March 2017	Examiner Kambier, Titia
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

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The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search The Hague		Date of completion of the search 16 March 2017	Examiner Kambier, Titia
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ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

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