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(54) **RECEIVE AND TRANSMIT METHOD FOR INDICATING RECEPTION STATUS OF A-MPDU AND CORRESPONDING DEVICES**

EMPFANG- UND SENDEVERFAHREN ZUR ANZEIGE DES EMPFANGSSTATUS EINER A-MPDU-,
UND ENSPRECHENDE VORRICHTUNGEN

PROCÉDÉ POUR RÉCEPTION ET TRANSMISSION D'INDIQUATION D'UN ÉTAT DE RÉCEPTION
D'A-MPDU ET DES DISPOSITIFS CORRESPONDANTS

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Description**TECHNICAL FIELD**

5 **[0001]** The present invention relates to the communications field, and in particular, to a receiving state indication method for an A-MPDU and a receiving device.

BACKGROUND

10 **[0002]** A fragmentation technology is introduced in the 802.11b protocol that supports low rate data transmission. The so-called fragmentation technology means that a MAC service data unit (MAC service data unit, MSDU) or a MAC management protocol data unit (MAC management protocol data unit, MMPDU) is split into multiple segments at a Media Access Control (media access control, MAC) layer, and each segment is referred to as a fragment of the MSDU or the MMPDU. When receiving a fragment fails, only the fragment that fails to be received is allowed to be retransmitted in the fragmentation technology, and there is no need to retransmit the entire MSDU or MMPDU, thereby improving robustness and a throughput rate of a network.

15 **[0003]** To support a higher data transmission rate, an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (aggregate-MAC protocol data unit, A-MPDU) technology is introduced in the 802.11n protocol. The A-MPDU technology means that an MSDU or an aggregate-MAC service data unit (aggregate MSDU, A-MSDU) is encapsulated to obtain a MAC protocol data unit (MAC protocol data unit, MPDU), and multiple MPDUs are transmitted in an aggregate manner. Aggregated MPDUs are distinguished by using MPDU delimiters. In one A-MPDU, a maximum of 64 encapsulated MSDUs are allowed to aggregate for transmission. In the A-MPDU technology, a receiving state of an A-MPDU is fed back by using a block acknowledgement (Block Acknowledgement, BA) frame. Each bit in a BA bitmap included in the BA frame correspondingly indicates a receiving state of one MSDU or A-MSDU. A first bit in the BA bitmap correspondingly indicates a receiving state of an MSDU with a first sequence number (sequence number, SN) in a BA starting sequence control field, and so on.

25 **[0004]** In the 802.11ax protocol in a new generation wireless local area network (Wireless Local Area Network, WLAN) system, an orthogonal frequency division multiple access (orthogonal frequency division multiple access, OFDMA) technology is introduced. Multiple users who use the OFDMA technology transmit data on different subchannels. As shown in FIG. 1, multiple stations (Station, STA) transmit A-MPDUs on corresponding subchannels. Each MPDU in the A-MPDUs is obtained by encapsulating one MSDU or one A-MSDU, and cannot be obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU. The multiple stations use pad (Pad) bits to enable data transmitted by the multiple stations to align in terms of time. Then, a resource occupied by the Pad bit may be used to transmit a fragment of an MSDU or an A-MSDU, so as to improve transmission efficiency. Therefore, the new generation WLAN system needs to support both the MSDU fragmentation technology and the A-MPDU technology. That is, an MPDU in an A-MPDU may be obtained by encapsulating an MSDU or an A-MSDU, or may be obtained by encapsulating an MSDU fragment or an A-MSDU fragment. For ease of description, an MSDU fragment in the following description may also be understood as an A-MSDU fragment.

35 **[0005]** Because an existing compressed BA frame can only indicate a receiving state of an A-MPDU including MPDUs obtained by encapsulating only MSDUs, and cannot indicate a receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MPDU that is obtained by encapsulating an MSDU fragment in the new generation WLAN system. Currently, a receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MPDU obtained by encapsulating an MSDU fragment in the new generation WLAN system can be indicated by using the following two solutions. However, there are some disadvantages, and details are as follows:

40 **[0006]** Solution 1: A manner of allocating an SN of an MSDU is changed.

45 **[0007]** A unique SN is allocated to an MSDU or an MSDU fragment. In this way, different fragments of a same MSDU no longer have a same SN, and have respective SNs. Two bits in a sequence control field of an MPDU are used to indicate MSDU fragments that belong to a same MSDU. Each bit in a compressed BA frame is used to indicate a receiving state of an MSDU or an MSDU fragment corresponding to one SN. Therefore, a receive end indicates a receiving state of an A-MPDU by sending a compressed BA frame to a transmit end. In solution 1, an existing manner of allocating an SN of an MSDU is changed, and the solution is relatively complex. Once an indication of bits used to indicate MSDU fragments that belong to a same MSDU is incorrect, a receiver incorrectly considers that fragments coming from multiple MSDUs belong to a same MSDU.

50 **[0008]** Solution 2: A quantity of fragments of a same MSDU is restricted in an A-MPDU.

55 **[0009]** It is stipulated that one A-MPDU may include fragments of multiple MSDUs, but one A-MPDU can include only one fragment of a same MSDU. In this way, each bit in a compressed BA frame can indicate a receiving state of an MSDU or an MSDU fragment according to an SN sequence. Therefore, a receive end indicates a receiving state of an A-MPDU by sending a compressed BA frame to a transmit end. Therefore, in solution 2, multiple fragments of a same MSDU are not allowed to aggregate in one A-MPDU for transmission.

60 **[0010]** US 2013/0223345 discloses a compressed block ACK, which has a fragment mode and the compressed block ACK uses a block bitmap to map receiving status of different fragments.

[0011] ALFRED ASTERJADHI (QUALCOMM INC): "LB200-MAC-Resolution-Clause-8.3.5.1.5; 11-13-1427-00-00ah-lb200-mac-resolution-clause-8-3-5-1-5," vol. 802.11 ah, pages 1-6, 13 November 2013 (2013-11-13), discloses the meaning for values of block ACK bitmap.

[0012] In conclusion, a receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment cannot be well indicated by using existing solutions, and the existing solutions have some disadvantages.

SUMMARY

[0013] The present invention provides receiving state indication methods for an A-MPDU, a receive end, and a transmit end, so as to indicate a receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment.

[0014] The present invention is defined in the independent claims. Preferred embodiments are defined in the dependent claims.

[0015] A receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment can be indicated by using the technical solutions provided in the embodiments of the present invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0016]

FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram of data transmission by using an existing OFDMA technology;
 FIG. 2 is a schematic structural diagram of a sequence control field in an MPDU according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 3 is a schematic flowchart of a receiving state indication method for an A-MPDU according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 4 is a schematic structural diagram of a per traffic identifier information field in an M-BA frame according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 5 is a schematic structural diagram of a BA control field in a compressed BA frame according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 6 is a schematic structural diagram of a compressed BA frame according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 7 is a schematic diagram of data transmission by using an OFDMA technology according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 8 is a schematic diagram of a receiving indication field of a first BA frame according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 9 is a schematic diagram of a receiving indication field of a first BA frame according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 10 is a schematic diagram of a receiving indication field of a second BA frame according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 11 is a schematic flowchart of a receiving state indication method for an A-MPDU according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 12 is a schematic diagram of a block acknowledgement bitmap field in a BA frame according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 13 is a schematic flowchart of a receiving state indication method for an MSDU fragment according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 14 is a schematic diagram of a frame format of a request frame according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 15 is a schematic diagram of a frame format of a response frame according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 16 is a schematic diagram of data transmission by using an OFDMA technology according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 17 is a schematic flowchart of a receiving state indication method for an A-MPDU according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 18 is a schematic structural diagram of an HT control field according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 19 is a schematic structural diagram of a QoS control field according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 20 is a schematic diagram of data transmission by using an OFDMA technology according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 21 is a schematic structural diagram of a receiving device according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 22 is a schematic structural diagram of a receiving device according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 23 is a schematic structural diagram of a receiving device according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 24 is a schematic structural diagram of a receiving device according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 25 is a schematic structural diagram of a sending device according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 26 is a schematic structural diagram of a receiving device according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 27 is a schematic structural diagram of a sending device according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 28 is a schematic structural diagram of a receiving device according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 29 is a schematic structural diagram of a sending device according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 30 is a schematic structural diagram of a receiving device according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 FIG. 31 is a schematic structural diagram of a sending device according to an embodiment of the present invention;
 and
 FIG. 32 is a schematic structural diagram of a receiving device according to an embodiment of the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

[0017] The following clearly describes the technical solutions in the embodiments of the present invention with reference to the accompanying drawings in the embodiments of the present invention. Apparently, the described embodiments are merely some but not all of the embodiments of the present invention. All other embodiments obtained by persons of ordinary skill in the art based on the embodiments of the present invention without creative efforts shall fall within the protection scope of the present invention.

[0018] Embodiments of the present invention provide a receiving state indication method for an A-MPDU, a receiving state indication method for an MSDU fragment, a sending device, and a receiving device, so as to indicate a receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment. The methods and the devices are based on a same inventive concept. Because a problem-resolving principle of the methods is similar to that of the devices, mutual reference may be made to implementation of the devices and implementation of the methods, and no repeated description is provided.

[0019] The present invention relates to a technology for transmitting an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment. The technology for transmitting an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment means that a transmit end transmits multiple MPDUs to a receive end by aggregating the MPDUs. Aggregated MPDUs are distinguished by using MPDU delimiters. Each MPDU may be obtained by encapsulating an MSDU or an MSDU fragment. The MSDU fragment is a segment of an MSDU. All fragments except a last fragment need to have an equal length and include even-numbered bytes. Optionally, whether an MSDU is equally fragmented is not limited in the present invention. An MPDU header of an MPDU includes a sequence control field. As shown in FIG. 2, the sequence control field includes a sequence number SN and a fragment number FN. The SN is used to identify an MSDU encapsulated in the MPDU or an MSDU to which an MSDU fragment belongs. Each MSDU is corresponding to one SN. The FN is used to identify an MSDU fragment encapsulated in the MPDU. MSDU fragments that belong to a same MSDU are respectively corresponding to different FNs. In a process of transmitting an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment, if transmission of a fragment fails, the fragment is allowed to be retransmitted, and there is no need to retransmit an MSDU to which the fragment belongs, thereby improving robustness and a throughput rate of a network system.

[0020] In the embodiments of the present invention, an A-MSDU or an A-MSDU fragment may also be encapsulated in an MPDU. The A-MSDU fragment is a segment of an A-MSDU. For ease of description, an MSDU fragment in the following embodiments may be understood as an A-MSDU fragment.

[0021] A receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment can be indicated by using the technical solutions provided in the embodiments of the present invention. Details are as follows.

Embodiment 1

[0022] As shown in FIG. 3, this embodiment of the present invention provides a receiving state indication method for an A-MPDU, including:

[0023] S301. A receive end receives an A-MPDU sent by a transmit end.

[0024] S302. When determining that at least one MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU), the receive end sends, to the transmit end, an acknowledgement frame used to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU.

[0025] The acknowledgement frame includes a fragment indication field and a receiving state field. The fragment indication field is used to indicate that the A-MPDU includes an MPDU obtained by encapsulating an MSDU fragment. The fragment indication field is used to distinguish a type of the acknowledgement frame. The receiving state field is used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU. A specified bit quantity of bits in the receiving state field is used to indicate receiving states of MPDUs with a same sequence number SN. Each bit in the receiving state field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of sequence numbers SN in the A-MPDU.

[0026] The acknowledgement frame in this embodiment may be a BA frame. To facilitate distinction between the

acknowledgement frame and an existing BA frame, in the following content, the acknowledgement frame in this embodiment is described as a first BA frame, and the existing BA frame is described as a second BA frame.

[0027] In this embodiment, when determining that all MPDUs in the A-MPDU are obtained by encapsulating MSDUs, the receive end uses a second BA frame (an existing BA frame) to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU. A specific method includes:

when determining that all MPDUs in the A-MPDU are obtained by encapsulating MSDUs, the receive end sends, to the transmit end, a second BA frame used to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU.

[0028] The second BA frame includes a fragment indication field and a receiving state field. The fragment indication field is used to indicate that the A-MPDU indicated by the second BA frame does not include an MPDU obtained by encapsulating an MSDU fragment. Each bit in the receiving state field is used to indicate a receiving state of one MPDU in a sequence of sequence numbers SN in the A-MPDU.

[0029] A major difference between the first BA frame and the second BA frame lies in that the first BA frame is used to indicate a receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment, and the second BA frame is used to indicate a receiving state of an A-MPDU that does not include an MSDU fragment; and the first BA frame is a new BA frame provided in this embodiment, and the second BA frame is an existing BA frame. In this embodiment, fragment indication fields are used to distinguish between the first BA frame and the second BA frame.

[0030] In S302 in this embodiment, the receive end may determine, according to a fragment number FN field carried in an MPDU in the A-MPDU, whether the A-MPDU includes an MSDU fragment. The FN field is carried in a sequence control field of an MPDU header of the MPDU.

[0031] When none of FN fields in MPDUs in the A-MPDU includes 0, it indicates that the A-MPDU does not include an MSDU fragment. When an FN field in at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU does not include 0, it indicates that the A-MPDU includes an MSDU fragment. Therefore, when the receive end determines that a fragment number FN field carried in at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU sent by the transmit end includes not only 0, the receive end determines that the at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU. That is, the receive end determines that the A-MPDU sent by the transmit end includes an MSDU fragment. In this case, the receive end selects a first BA frame to indicate the receiving state of the A-MPDU.

[0032] In this embodiment, the transmit end uses fragment indication fields to distinguish between the first BA frame and the second BA frame. The first BA frame and the second BA frame may use a frame format of a multi-user block acknowledgement (multi-user block acknowledgement, M-BA) frame or a frame format of a compressed BA frame. The compressed BA frame may be transmitted in a multi-user manner, for example, MU-MIMO or OFDMA, or may be transmitted in a single user manner. The fragment indication field may use the following form according to different frame formats used by the first BA frame and the second BA frame.

1. The frame format of the M-BA frame or the frame format of the compressed BA frame is used.

Both a BA information field in the M-BA frame and a BA information field in the compressed BA frame include a starting sequence control field. The starting sequence control field includes four reserved bits. The fragment indication field may include one or more bits of the four reserved bits, to indicate that the BA frame is a first BA frame or a second BA frame.

2. The frame format of the M-BA frame or the frame format of the compressed BA frame is used.

Both the M-BA frame and the compressed BA frame include a traffic identifier (traffic identifier, TID) field with four bits. The fragment indication field may include one or more bits in the TID field, to indicate that the BA frame is a first BA frame or a second BA frame.

The fragment indication field includes one bit in the TID field. Because only three bits in the TID field are used in a currently used enhanced distributed channel access (enhanced distributed channel access, EDCA) mechanism, the fragment indication field may use the remaining one bit in the TID field to indicate that the BA frame is a first BA frame or a second BA frame.

The fragment indication field includes multiple bits in the TID field. The fragment indication field includes multiple bits in the TID field to indicate a particular TID value. The particular TID value is used to indicate that the BA frame is a first BA frame or a second BA frame. For example, when the fragment indication field includes the four bits in the TID field, a TID value that may be indicated by the four bits ranges from 0 to 15, and a particular TID value indicated by the fragment indication field may be an integer in a range from 8 to 15.

For the M-BA frame, as shown in FIG. 4, the TID field is located in a per traffic identifier information (Per Traffic Identifier Information, Per TID info) field in a BA information field in the M-BA frame. The field may also be referred to as a per association identifier information (per association identifier information, Per AID Info) field. Each Per TID Info field includes an association identifier (association identifier, AID) field, a block acknowledgement/acknowledgement policy (BA/ACK policy) indication field, and a TID field. For the compressed BA frame, the TID field is located in a BA control field in the compressed BA frame.

3. The frame format of the compressed BA frame is used.

FIG. 5 shows a structure of a BA control field in a compressed BA frame. The fragment indication field includes one or more bits of eight reserved bits in the BA control field in the compressed BA frame.

4. The frame format of the compressed BA frame is used.

[0033] The fragment indication field includes a multi-traffic identifier (Multi-Traffic Identifier, Multi-TID) bit, a compressed bitmap (compressed bitmap) bit, and a Groupcast with Retries (Groupcast with retries, GCR) bit in a BA control field in the compressed BA frame. For example, as shown in the following Table 1, the fragment indication field includes a corresponding Multi-TID bit, compressed bitmap bit, and GCR bit in Table 1 when a BA frame variant is "reserved".

Table 1

Multi-traffic identifier (Multi-TID) bit	Compressed bitmap (Compressed bitmap) bit	Groupcast with Retries (GCR) bit	BA frame variant
0	0	0	Basic BA (Basic BA)
0	1	0	Compressed BA (Compressed BA)
1	0	0	Extended compressed BA (Extended Compressed BA)
1	1	0	Multi-traffic identifier BA (Multi-TID BA)
0	0	1	Reserved
0	1	1	Groupcast with Retries BA (GCR BA)
1	0	1	Reserved
1	1	1	Reserved

[0034] In this embodiment, the first BA frame includes a fragment indication field and a receiving state field. The receiving state field is used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU. A specified bit quantity of bits in the receiving state field is used to indicate receiving states of MPDUs with a same sequence number SN. Each bit in the receiving state field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of sequence numbers SN in the A-MPDU. Optionally, for the bits in the receiving state field that are used to indicate the receiving states of the MPDUs with the same SN, the specified bit quantity of the bits is greater than or equal to a maximum value of an allowed quantity of MSDU fragments.

[0035] For example, the first BA frame uses a structure of a compressed BA frame shown in FIG. 6. The receiving state field is a BA bitmap field in the compressed BA frame in FIG. 6. The BA bitmap field includes eight bytes (that is, 64 bits). It is assumed that a maximum value of an allowed quantity of MSDU fragments is 4, and the BA bitmap field uses every four bits to indicate receiving states of MPDUs with a same SN. If an MPDU is obtained by encapsulating an MSDU, four bits corresponding to an SN of the MPDU are used to jointly indicate a receiving state of the MPDU, or one bit of the four bits may be selected to indicate the receiving state of the MPDU. Optionally, a first bit of the four bits is selected to indicate the receiving state of the MPDU, and three other bits of the four bits are padded with 0. If an MPDU is obtained by encapsulating an MSDU fragment, four bits corresponding to an SN of the MPDU respectively indicate receiving states of four MPDUs. The four MPDUs are obtained by respectively encapsulating four MSDU fragments with the same SN. If a total quantity of fragments of the MSDU is n, where n is less than 4, n bits of four bits are selected to indicate receiving states of MPDUs obtained by respectively encapsulating the n MSDU fragments. Optionally, first n bits of the four bits are selected to indicate the receiving states of the MPDUs obtained by respectively encapsulating the n MSDU fragments, and remaining bits are padded with 0.

[0036] Downlink OFDMA transmission is used as an example. Assuming that a bit is set to 1, it indicates that a receiving state is success, and assuming that a bit is set to 0, it indicates that a receiving state is failure. As shown in FIG. 7, an access point (Access Point, AP) sends downlink data in an OFDMA transmission manner. The AP transmits three A-MPDUs to a STA 1. An A-MPDU 1 includes three MPDUs, where an MPDU 1 and an MPDU 2 are obtained by respectively encapsulating an MSDU 1 and an MSDU 2, and an MPDU 3 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment 1 of an MSDU 3, and the STA 1 successfully receives the MPDU 1 and the MPDU 2, and fails to receive the MPDU 3. An A-MPDU 2 includes three MPDUs, where an MPDU 4 is obtained by encapsulating the retransmitted fragment 1 of the MSDU 3, an MPDU 5 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment 2 of the MSDU 3, and an MPDU 6 is obtained by encapsulating an MSDU 4, and the STA successfully receives the MPDU 4 and the MPDU 6, and fails to receive the MPDU 5. An A-

MPDU 3 includes two MPDUs, where an MPDU 7 and an MPDU 8 are obtained by respectively encapsulating an MSDU 5 and an MSDU 6, and the STA successfully receives the MPDU 7 and the MPDU 8. Because the fragment 1 of the MSDU 3 and the fragment 2 of the MSDU 3 belong to the same MSDU 3, the fragment 1 and the fragment 2 have a same SN.

[0037] The STA sends first BA frames to the AP to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU 1 and a receiving state of the A-MPDU 2. One first BA frame is used to indicate the receiving state of the A-MPDU 1. An SN in a starting sequence control field in the one first BA frame is 1 (an SN is usually indicated by using 12 bits). A receiving state field of the one first BA frame is shown in FIG. 8. The other first BA frame is used to indicate the receiving state of the A-MPDU 2. An SN in a starting sequence control field in the other first BA frame is 3. A receiving state field of the other first BA frame is shown in FIG. 9. The STA sends a second BA frame to the AP to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU 3. An SN in a starting sequence control field in the second BA frame is 5. A receiving state field of the second BA frame is shown in FIG. 10.

[0038] As shown in FIG. 7, after receiving the A-MPDU, the receive end immediately sends the first BA frame to the transmit end. It should be noted that in a case of a possible delay of the first BA frame, after receiving the A-MPDU, the receive end may delay a period of time before sending the first BA frame to the transmit end.

[0039] In Embodiment 1, after a receive end receives an A-MPDU sent by a transmit end, and when determining that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU, the receive end sends, to the transmit end, a first block acknowledgement BA frame used to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU, where the first BA frame includes a fragment indication field and a receiving state field, the fragment indication field is used to indicate that the A-MPDU includes an MPDU that is obtained by encapsulating an MSDU fragment, the receiving state field is used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU, a specified bit quantity of bits in the receiving state field is used to indicate receiving states of MPDUs with a same sequence number SN, and each bit in the receiving state field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of sequence numbers SN in the A-MPDU. A receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment can be indicated by using the method provided in Embodiment 1.

Embodiment 2

[0040] As shown in FIG. 11, this embodiment of the present invention provides a receiving state indication method for an A-MPDU, including:

S1101. A receive end receives an A-MPDU sent by a transmit end.

[0041] S1102. The receive end sends, to the transmit end, an acknowledgement frame used to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU, where the acknowledgement frame includes a block acknowledgement bitmap field, and each bit in the block acknowledgement bitmap field is used to indicate a receiving state of one MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in the A-MPDU.

[0042] In this embodiment, the acknowledgement frame may be a BA frame. The acknowledgement frame is described as a BA frame in the following content. The BA frame may use a frame format of a compressed BA frame shown in FIG. 6, or may use a frame format of an M-BA frame. A frame format of a compressed BA frame is used as an example. A block acknowledgement bitmap field in the compressed BA frame includes 64 bits (eight bytes). If each bit in the block acknowledgement bitmap field is used to indicate a receiving state of one MPDU in an A-MPDU, the block acknowledgement bitmap field can indicate receiving states of a maximum of 64 MPDUs in the A-MPDU.

[0043] For example, downlink OFDMA transmission is used as an example. Assuming that a bit is set to 1, it indicates that a receiving state is success, and assuming that a bit is set to 0, it indicates that a receiving state is failure. As shown in FIG. 7, an AP sends downlink data in an OFDMA transmission manner. The AP transmits three A-MPDUs to a STA 1. An A-MPDU 1 includes three MPDUs, where an MPDU 1 and an MPDU 2 are obtained by respectively encapsulating an MSDU 1 and an MSDU 2, and an MPDU 3 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment 1 of an MSDU 3, and the STA 1 successfully receives the MPDU 1 and the MPDU 2, and fails to receive the MPDU 3. An A-MPDU 2 includes three MPDUs, where an MPDU 4 is obtained by encapsulating the retransmitted fragment 1 of the MSDU 3, an MPDU 5 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment 2 of the MSDU 3, and an MPDU 6 is obtained by encapsulating an MSDU 4, and the STA 1 successfully receives the MPDU 4 and the MPDU 6, and fails to receive the MPDU 5. An A-MPDU 3 includes two MPDUs, where an MPDU 7 is obtained by encapsulating the retransmitted fragment 2 of the MSDU 3, and an MPDU 8 is obtained by encapsulating the MSDU 4, and the STA 1 successfully receives the MPDU 7 and the MPDU 8. Because the fragment 1 of the MSDU 3 and the fragment 2 of the MSDU 3 belong to the same MSDU 3, the fragment 1 and the fragment 2 have a same SN. The STA 1 needs to send three BA frames to the AP. The three acknowledgement frames are used to respectively indicate receiving states of the three A-MPDUs. A block acknowledgement bitmap field in a BA frame used to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU 1 is shown in FIG. 12. Likewise, a block acknowledgement bitmap field in a BA frame used to indicate a receiving state of the second A-MPDU includes 101...(64 bits in total), and a block acknowledgement bitmap field in a BA frame used to indicate a receiving state of the third A-MPDU includes 11...(64 bits in total).

[0044] Because the receive end may delay sending the BA frame, after the transmit end sends the A-MPDU, the BA frame indicating the A-MPDU does not necessarily reach the transmit end immediately. If all first MPDUs in multiple A-MPDUs are obtained by encapsulating different fragments of a same MSDU, the first MPDUs in the multiple A-MPDUs have a same SN. For example, first MPDUs in the A-MPDU 2 and the A-MPDU 3 in the foregoing example have a same SN, and in this case, the transmit end needs to distinguish a BA frame used to indicate a receiving state of an A-MPDU.

[0045] In this embodiment, in consideration of a possible delay of the BA frame, the BA frame sent by the receive end to the transmit end further includes an A-MPDU identification field. The A-MPDU identification field is used by the transmit end to distinguish an A-MPDU acknowledged by the acknowledgement frame.

[0046] Optionally, the A-MPDU identification field in the BA frame includes a sequence number SN and a fragment number FN that are included in a first MPDU in the A-MPDU indicated by the BA frame. The SN is located in last 12 bits in a starting sequence field in the BA frame (the prior art). The FN is located in first four reserved bits in the starting sequence field in the BA frame (the method provided in this embodiment, which is different from the prior art). The transmit end may distinguish between different A-MPDUs according to SNs and FNs that are carried in A-MPDU identification fields.

[0047] It should be noted that, in this embodiment, content of the A-MPDU identification field in the BA frame is not limited to the content described above. The A-MPDU identification field may also include other content provided that the transmit end can distinguish, according to the content of the A-MPDU identification field in the BA frame, an A-MPDU whose receiving state is indicated by the BA frame.

[0048] Technical solutions in Embodiment 2 may be combined with technical solutions in Embodiment 1 for use.

[0049] In Embodiment 2, after a receive end receives an A-MPDU sent by a transmit end, the receive end sends, to the transmit end, an acknowledgement frame used to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU, where the acknowledgement frame includes a block acknowledgement bitmap field, and each bit in the block acknowledgement bitmap field is used to indicate a receiving state of one MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in the A-MPDU. A receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment can be indicated by using the method provided in Embodiment 2. The acknowledgement frame may be a first BA frame in Embodiment 1, and is used to indicate a receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment.

Embodiment 3

[0050] As shown in FIG. 13, this embodiment of the present invention provides a receiving state indication method for a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU) fragment. A process of interaction between a transmit end and a receive end is as follows:

S1301. The transmit end sends an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment to the receive end.

[0051] S1302. The transmit end sends a request frame to the receive end, where the request frame is used to request to indicate a receiving state of the MSDU fragment in the A-MPDU.

[0052] S1303. The receive end sends a response frame to the transmit end, where the response frame is used to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment in the A-MPDU.

[0053] In this embodiment, after the transmit end sends the A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment to the receive end, the receive end indicates, to the transmit end by using an existing BA frame, a receiving state of an MPDU that is obtained by encapsulating an MSDU and that is in the A-MPDU. The BA frame does not indicate a receiving state of an MPDU that is obtained by encapsulating an MSDU fragment and that is in the A-MPDU. When the transmit end sends the request frame to the receive end to request to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment, the receive end indicates the receiving state of the MSDU fragment by using the response frame.

[0054] It should be noted that an occasion for sending a request frame is not limited in this embodiment. The transmit end may send, after sending an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment, a request frame to the receive end. In this case, the request frame is used to request to indicate a receiving state of the MSDU fragment in the A-MPDU. The transmit end may send, after sending multiple A-MPDUs including MSDU fragments, a request frame to the receive end. In this case, the request frame is used to request to indicate receiving states of the MSDU fragments in the multiple A-MPDUs. Preferably, the transmit end sends a request frame after sending all fragments of an MSDU to the receive end. A specific method includes:

when the transmit end sends all fragments of an MSDU to the receive end by using at least one A-MPDU, the transmit end sends a request frame to the receive end, where the request frame is used to request to indicate a receiving state of each fragment in the MSDU; and the receive end sends a response frame to the transmit end, where the response frame is used to indicate the receiving state of each fragment in the MSDU.

[0055] It should be noted that a manner of sending the request frame and the response frame is not limited in this embodiment. Downlink data transmission is used as an example. An AP may send a request frame by using downlink OFDMA, and a STA may send a response frame by using uplink OFDMA. Uplink data transmission is used as an example. A STA may send a request frame by using uplink OFDMA contention-based random access, and the uplink

OFDMA contention-based random access transmission needs to be triggered by an AP by sending a trigger frame. The STA may send a request frame by using uplink OFDMA scheduling, and the uplink OFDMA scheduling transmission also needs to be triggered by the AP by sending a trigger frame. In this embodiment, the request frame and the response frame may also be sent in a multiple-user multiple-antenna (Multiple-user MIMO, MU-MIMO) manner.

[0056] In this embodiment, the request frame includes a sequence number SN of the MSDU fragment. A frame format of a request frame shown in FIG. 14 is used as an example. The SN of the MSDU fragment is carried in an SN field in a sequence control field. The receive end can learn, according to the SN carried in the request frame, a receiving state that is of a fragment of an MSDU corresponding to the SN and that the transmit end wants to request to indicate. A request frame sent by an AP may be for multiple stations. A structure of the request frame is shown in FIG. 14. A receiving address (RA) is a broadcast address, a sequence control field includes sequence control subfields of the multiple stations, and each subfield includes a station identity and an SN. The station identity may be an association identifier allocated by the AP to the station. Optionally, the request frame sent by the AP includes resource allocation indication information and/or an FN, where the resource allocation indication information indicates a subchannel or a frequency resource block on which the station replies with a response frame, and may further include a parameter, such as a modulation and coding scheme (Modulation and Coding Scheme, MCS) used by the station to transmit a BA.

[0057] In this embodiment, the response frame includes the SN of the MSDU fragment and an indication field used to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment. A frame format of a response frame shown in FIG. 15 is used as an example. The SN of the MSDU fragment is carried in an SN field in a sequence control field, the indication field is a fragment bitmap field, and a length of the indication field may be set according to a requirement. When the length of the indication field is eight bits, the indication field can indicate receiving states of a maximum of eight MSDU fragments. Each bit is used to indicate a receiving state of one MSDU fragment, and so on.

[0058] For example, assuming that a bit is set to 1, it indicates that a receiving state is success, and assuming that a bit is set to 0, it indicates that a receiving state is failure. Downlink OFDMA data transmission shown in FIG. 16 is used as an example. An AP sends data in an OFDMA transmission manner. The AP transmits two A-MPDUs to a STA 1. An A-MPDU 1 includes three MPDUs, where an MPDU 1 and an MPDU 2 are obtained by respectively encapsulating an MSDU 1 and an MSDU 2, and an MPDU 3 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment 1 of an MSDU 3, and the STA successfully receives the MPDU 1, the MPDU 2, and the MPDU 3. An A-MPDU 2 includes four MPDUs, where an MPDU 4 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment 2 of the MSDU 3, an MPDU 5 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment 3 of the MSDU 3, and an MPDU 6 and an MPDU 7 are obtained by respectively encapsulating an MSDU 4 and an MSDU 5, and the STA fails to receive the MPDU 4, and successfully receives the MPDU 5, the MPDU 6, and the MPDU 7. The STA needs to send two BA frames to the AP. A first BA frame indicates receiving states of only the MPDU 1 and the MPDU 2 in the A-MPDU 1. A second BA frame indicates receiving states of only the MPDU 6 and the MPDU 7 in the A-MPDU 2. A request frame sent by the AP to the STA carries an SN of the MSDU 3, and is used to request to indicate receiving states of the fragment 1, the fragment 2, and the fragment 3 of the MSDU 3. A response frame sent by the STA to the AP carries the SN of the MSDU 3, and an indication field is 101. The first bit indicates that the fragment 1 of the MSDU 3 is successfully received, the second bit indicates that receiving of the fragment 2 of the MSDU 3 fails, and the third bit indicates that the fragment 3 of the MSDU 3 is successfully received.

[0059] In this embodiment, when the transmit end sends A-MPDUs including MSDU fragments to multiple receive ends, the request frame sent by the transmit end may be used to request the multiple receive ends to separately reply to the transmit end with a response frame. The request frame includes information about an association between an identity of each receiving device of multiple receiving devices and a sequence number SN of an MSDU fragment received by the receiving device. For example, as shown in FIG. 14, a sequence control field in a request frame includes information about an association between an identity of each STA of multiple receive ends from a STA 1 to a STA n and a sequence number SN of an MSDU fragment corresponding to the STA. The multiple STAs separately use a frame format shown in FIG. 15 to reply to an AP with a response frame.

[0060] In Embodiment 3, a transmit end sends an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment to a receive end; the transmit end sends a request frame to the receive end, where the request frame is used to request to indicate a receiving state of the MSDU fragment in the A-MPDU; and the receive end sends a response frame to the transmit end, where the response frame is used to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment in the A-MPDU. A receiving state of an MSDU fragment in an A-MPDU can be indicated by using the technical solutions provided in Embodiment 3.

Embodiment 4

[0061] As shown in FIG. 17, this embodiment of the present invention provides a receiving state indication method for an A-MPDU. A process of interaction between a transmit end and a receive end is as follows:

S1701. The transmit end allocates a sequence number to each MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (A-MPDU).

[0062] S1702. The transmit end sends the A-MPDU to the receive end, where each MPDU in the A-MPDU carries the

sequence number of each MPDU.

[0063] S1703. The receive end sends a block acknowledgement/acknowledgement frame to the transmit end, where the acknowledgement frame includes an indication field used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU, and each bit in the indication field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of MPDU sequence numbers in the A-MPDU.

[0064] In this embodiment, optionally, when it is determined that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU), the transmit end allocates the sequence number to each MPDU in the A-MPDU. In this way, the transmit end is prevented from allocating sequence numbers to MPDUs in all A-MPDUs, and workload of the transmit end is reduced.

[0065] The acknowledgement frame in this embodiment may be a BA frame. To facilitate distinction between the acknowledgement frame and an existing BA frame, in the following content, the acknowledgement frame in this embodiment is described as a first BA frame, and the existing BA frame is described as a second BA frame. The sequence number allocated by the transmit end to each MPDU in the A-MPDU is carried in a Media Access Control (media access control, MAC) header of the MPDU. The sequence number is temporarily allocated by the transmit end to the MPDU. A preferred implementation manner is that the receive end indicates, to the transmit end, a receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment by using only an MPDU sequence number. The MPDU may carry the sequence number in the following several manners:

Manner 1: The sequence number of the MPDU may be carried in a high throughput rate (high throughput, HT) control field of the MAC header. FIG. 18 shows a schematic structural diagram of an HT control field. A reserved field in the HT control field is used to indicate that the field is an HT control field of this generation WLAN system. Several bits of 28 bits in other content (other contents) fields may be used to indicate a temporary sequence number of the MPDU. Alternatively, an access category constraint (access category, AC constraint) indication bit and a reverse direction grant/more physical layer convergence procedure protocol data unit (reverse direction grant/more PPDU) indication bit in the HT control field may be used to indicate the sequence number of the MPDU. Because one A-MPDU includes a maximum of 64 MPDUs, five bits are preferably used to indicate a sequence number of an MPDU.

Manner 2: The sequence number of the MPDU may be carried in a quality of service (Quality of Service, QoS) control field of the MAC header. FIG. 19 shows a schematic structural diagram of a QoS control field. Several bits of eight bits in a transmit opportunity limit field/queue size field/reserved (transmit opportunity, TXOP limit/queue size/reserved) control field may be used to indicate the sequence number of the MPDU. Optionally, any bit other than the eight bits in the QoS control field is used to indicate that the QoS control field carries the sequence number of the MPDU.

[0066] In this embodiment, the first BA frame (a BA frame provided in this embodiment) is used to indicate a receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment, and the second BA frame (an existing BA frame) is used to indicate a receiving state of an A-MPDU that does not include an MSDU fragment. In this embodiment, when the receive end determines that FN fields of all MPDUs in the received A-MPDU include only 0, it indicates that the A-MPDU does not include an MSDU fragment. In this case, the receive end feeds back a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU to the transmit end by using the second BA frame. This is the prior art, and details are not described herein.

[0067] To distinguish between the first BA frame and the second BA frame, both the first BA frame and the second BA frame further include a fragment indication field. A fragment indication field in the first BA frame is used to indicate that at least one MPDU in an A-MPDU indicated by the first BA frame is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU. A fragment indication field in the second BA frame is used to indicate that all MPDUs in an A-MPDU indicated by the second BA frame are obtained by encapsulating MSDUs. The receive end may determine, by using a fragment indication field in a BA frame, whether an A-MPDU indicated by the BA frame includes an MSDU fragment. A specific form used by the fragment indication fields in the first BA frame and the second BA frame is as follows:

1. A frame format of an M-BA frame or a frame format of a compressed BA frame is used.

Both a BA information field in the M-BA frame and a BA information field in the compressed BA frame include a starting sequence control field. The starting sequence control field includes four reserved bits. The fragment indication field may include one or more bits of the four reserved bits, to indicate whether an A-MPDU indicated by the BA frame includes an MSDU fragment.

2. A frame format of an M-BA frame or a frame format of a compressed BA frame is used.

Both the M-BA frame and the compressed BA frame include a traffic identifier (traffic identifier, TID) field with four bits. The fragment indication field may include one or more bits in the TID field, to indicate whether an A-MPDU indicated by the BA frame includes an MSDU fragment.

The fragment indication field includes one bit in the TID field. Because only three bits in the TID field are used in a currently used enhanced distributed channel access (enhanced distributed channel access, EDCA) mechanism,

the fragment indication field may use the remaining one bit in the TID field to indicate whether an A-MPDU indicated by the BA frame includes an MSDU fragment.

The fragment indication field includes multiple bits in the TID field. The fragment indication field includes multiple bits in the TID field to indicate a particular TID value. The particular TID value is used to indicate whether an A-MPDU indicated by the BA frame includes an MSDU fragment. For example, when the fragment indication field includes four bits in the TID field, a TID value that may be indicated by the four bits ranges from 0 to 15, and a particular TID value indicated by the fragment indication field may be an integer in a range from 8 to 15.

For the M-BA frame, as shown in FIG. 4, the TID field is located in a per traffic identifier information (Per Traffic Identifier Information, Per TID info) field in a BA information field in the M-BA frame. Each Per TID Info field includes an association identifier (association identifier, AID) field, a block acknowledgement/acknowledgement policy (BA/ACK policy) indication field, and a TID field. For the compressed BA frame, the TID field is located in a BA control field in the compressed BA frame.

3. A frame format of a compressed BA frame is used.

FIG. 5 shows a structure of a BA control field in a compressed BA frame. The fragment indication field includes one or more bits of eight reserved bits in the BA control field in the compressed BA frame.

4. A frame format of a compressed BA frame is used.

[0068] The fragment indication field includes a multi-traffic identifier (Multi-Traffic Identifier, Multi-TID) bit, a compressed bitmap (compressed bitmap) bit, and a Groupcast with Retries (Groupcast with retries, GCR) bit in a BA control field in the compressed BA frame. For example, as shown in the following Table 2, the fragment indication field includes a corresponding Multi-TID bit, compressed bitmap bit, and GCR bit in Table 2 when a BA frame variant is "reserved". In this case, the BA frame is used to indicate that an A-MPDU includes an MSDU fragment.

Table 2

Multi-traffic identifier (Multi-TID) bit	Compressed bitmap (Compressed bitmap) bit	Groupcast with Retries (GCR) bit	BA frame variant
0	0	0	Basic BA (Basic BA)
0	1	0	Compressed BA (Compressed BA)
1	0	0	Extended compressed BA (Extended Compressed BA)
1	1	0	Multi-traffic identifier BA (Multi-TID BA)
0	0	1	Reserved
0	1	1	Groupcast with Retries BA (GCR BA)
1	0	1	Reserved
1	1	1	Reserved

[0069] In this embodiment, the first BA frame may use the frame format of the compressed BA frame. The indication field included in the BA frame is a block acknowledgement bitmap field in the compressed BA frame. Each bit in the block acknowledgement bitmap field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of MPDU sequence numbers in the A-MPDU.

[0070] For example, assuming that a bit is set to 1, it indicates that a receiving state is success, and assuming that a bit is set to 0, it indicates that a receiving state is failure. Downlink OFDMA data transmission shown in FIG. 20 is used as an example. An AP sends data in an OFDMA transmission manner. The AP transmits two A-MPDUs to a STA. An A-MPDU 1 includes three MPDUs, where an MPDU 1, an MPDU 2, and an MPDU 3 are obtained by respectively encapsulating an MSDU 1, an MSDU 2, and an MSDU 3, and the STA successfully receives the MPDU 1, the MPDU 2, and the MPDU 3. An A-MPDU 2 includes four MPDUs, where an MPDU 4 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment 1 of an MSDU 4, an MPDU 5 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment 2 of the MSDU 4, and an MPDU 6 and an MPDU 7 are obtained by respectively encapsulating an MSDU 5 and an MSDU 6, and the STA fails to receive the MPDU 4, and successfully receives the MPDU 5, the MPDU 6, and the MPDU 7. Because the A-MPDU 2 includes an MSDU fragment, the AP allocates sequence numbers to all MPDUs in the A-MPDU 2. It is assumed that sequence numbers

respectively corresponding to the MPDU 4 to the MPDU 7 are 1 to 4.

[0071] The STA sends two BA frames to the AP. A first sent BA frame is a second BA frame (an existing BA frame), and is used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in a sequence of sequence numbers SN in the A-MPDU 1. A starting SN is 1. It is assumed that a length of an indication field for receiving states is 64 bits, and an SN in a starting field in the first BA frame is 1, and the indication field is 111...(64 bits in total). First three bits are used to sequentially indicate receiving states of the MPDU 1 to the MPDU 3, and other bits are padded with 0. A second sent BA frame is a first BA frame (a BA frame provided in this embodiment), and is used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in a sequence of MPDU sequence numbers in the A-MPDU 2. It is assumed that a length of an indication field for receiving states is 64 bits, and an SN in a starting field in the second BA frame is 4, and the indication field is 0111...(64 bits in total). First four bits are used to sequentially indicate receiving states of the MPDU 4 to the MPDU 7, and other bits are padded with 0.

[0072] In Embodiment 4, when it is determined that at least one MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in an A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU), a transmit end allocates a sequence number to each MPDU in the A-MPDU; the transmit end sends the A-MPDU to a receive end, where each MPDU in the A-MPDU carries the sequence number of each MPDU; and the receive end sends a block acknowledgement BA frame to the transmit end, where the BA frame includes an indication field used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU, and each bit in the indication field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of MPDU sequence numbers in the A-MPDU. A receiving state of an A-MPDU including an MSDU fragment can be indicated by using the technical solutions provided in Embodiment 4.

Embodiment 5

[0073] Based on Embodiment 1, the present invention further provides a receiving device. The receiving device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 3. Referring to FIG. 21, a receiving device 2100 includes a receiving unit 2101, a determining unit 2102, and a sending unit 2103.

[0074] The receiving unit 2101 is configured to receive an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (A-MPDU) sent by a sending device.

[0075] The determining unit 2102 is configured to: when determining that at least one MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in the A-MPDU received by the receiving unit 2101 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU), determine an acknowledgement frame used to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU.

[0076] The sending unit 2103 is configured to send the acknowledgement frame determined by the determining unit 2102 to the sending device.

[0077] The acknowledgement frame includes a fragment indication field and a receiving state field. The fragment indication field is used to indicate that the A-MPDU includes an MPDU obtained by encapsulating an MSDU fragment. The receiving state field is used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU. A specified bit quantity of bits in the receiving state field is used to indicate receiving states of MPDUs with a same sequence number SN. Each bit in the receiving state field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of sequence numbers SN in the A-MPDU.

[0078] Optionally, when determining that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU received by the receiving unit 2101 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU, the determining unit 2102 is specifically configured to: when determining that a fragment number FN field included in at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU includes not only 0, determine that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU.

[0079] Optionally, when the acknowledgement frame uses a frame format of a multi-user block acknowledgement M-BA frame, the fragment indication field uses the following form:

the fragment indication field includes one or more bits of four reserved bits in a starting sequence control field in a BA information field in the M-BA frame; or
the fragment indication field includes one or more bits in a traffic identifier TID field in the M-BA frame.

[0080] Optionally, when the acknowledgement frame uses a frame format of a compressed block acknowledgement BA frame, the fragment indication field uses the following form:

the fragment indication field includes one or more bits of four reserved bits in a starting sequence control field in a BA information field in the compressed BA frame; or
the fragment indication field includes one or more bits in a traffic identifier TID field in a BA control field in the compressed BA frame; or
the fragment indication field includes one or more bits of eight reserved bits in a BA control field in the compressed BA frame; or
the fragment indication field includes a multi-traffic identifier Multi-TID bit, a compressed bitmap bit, and a Groupcast

with Retries GCR bit in a BA control field in the compressed BA frame.

[0081] Optionally, for the bits in the receiving state field that are used to indicate the receiving states of the MPDUs with the same SN, the specified bit quantity of the bits is greater than or equal to a maximum value of an allowed quantity of MSDU fragments.

[0082] It should be noted that unit division in this embodiment of the present invention is an example, is merely logical function division, and there may be another division in actual implementation. In addition, function units in the embodiments of this application may be integrated into one processing unit, or each of the units may exist alone physically, or two or more units are integrated into one unit. The integrated unit may be implemented in a form of hardware, or may be implemented in a form of a software function unit.

[0083] When the integrated unit is implemented in the form of a software function unit and sold or used as an independent product, the integrated unit may be stored in a computer-readable storage medium. Based on such understanding, the technical solutions of this application essentially, or the part contributing to the prior art, or all or some of the technical solutions may be implemented in a form of a software product. The computer software product is stored in a storage medium and includes several instructions for instructing a computer device (which may be a personal computer, a server, a network device, or the like) or a processor (processor) to perform all or some of the steps of the methods in the embodiments of the present application. The foregoing storage medium includes any medium that can store program code, such as a USB flash drive, a removable hard disk, a read-only memory (ROM, Read-Only Memory), a random access memory (RAM, Random Access Memory), a magnetic disk, or an optical disc.

[0084] Based on Embodiment 1, the present invention further provides a receiving device. The receiving device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 3, and may be a device the same as the receiving device shown in FIG. 21. Referring to FIG. 22, the receiving device 2200 includes a transceiver 2201, a processor 2202, a bus 2203, and a memory 2204.

[0085] The transceiver 2201, the processor 2202, and the memory 2204 are interconnected by using the bus 2203. The bus 2203 may be a peripheral component interconnect (peripheral component interconnect, PCI for short) bus, an extended industry standard architecture (extended industry standard architecture, EISA for short) bus, or the like. The bus may be classified into an address bus, a data bus, a control bus, and the like. For ease of illustration, only one bold line is used in FIG. 22 to represent the bus, which, however, does not mean that there is only one bus or only one type of bus.

[0086] The transceiver 2201 is configured to receive an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (A-MPDU) sent by a sending device.

[0087] The processor 2202 is configured to: when determining that at least one MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in the A-MPDU received by the transceiver 2201 is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU), determine an acknowledgement frame used to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU.

[0088] The transceiver 2201 is further configured to send the acknowledgement frame determined by the processor 2202 to the sending device.

[0089] The acknowledgement frame includes a fragment indication field and a receiving state field. The fragment indication field is used to indicate that the A-MPDU includes an MPDU obtained by encapsulating an MSDU fragment. The receiving state field is used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU. A specified bit quantity of bits in the receiving state field is used to indicate receiving states of MPDUs with a same sequence number SN. Each bit in the receiving state field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of sequence numbers SN in the A-MPDU.

[0090] Optionally, that the processor 2202 determines that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU includes:

when determining that a fragment number FN field included in at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU includes not only 0, the processor 2202 determines that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU.

[0091] Optionally, when the acknowledgement frame uses a frame format of a multi-user block acknowledgement M-BA frame, the fragment indication field uses the following form:

the fragment indication field includes one or more bits of four reserved bits in a starting sequence control field in a BA information field in the M-BA frame; or

the fragment indication field includes one or more bits in a traffic identifier TID field in the M-BA frame.

[0092] Optionally, when the acknowledgement frame uses a frame format of a compressed block acknowledgement BA frame, the fragment indication field uses the following form:

the fragment indication field includes one or more bits of four reserved bits in a starting sequence control field in a BA information field in the compressed BA frame; or

the fragment indication field includes one or more bits in a traffic identifier TID field in a BA control field in the

compressed BA frame; or

the fragment indication field includes one or more bits of eight reserved bits in a BA control field in the compressed BA frame; or

the fragment indication field includes a multi-traffic identifier Multi-TID bit, a compressed bitmap bit, and a Groupcast with Retries GCR bit in a BA control field in the compressed BA frame.

[0093] Optionally, for the bits in the receiving state field that are used to indicate the receiving states of the MPDUs with the same SN, the specified bit quantity of the bits is greater than or equal to a maximum value of an allowed quantity of MSDU fragments.

[0094] The receiving device 2200 further includes the memory 2204, which is configured to store a program and the like. Specifically, the program may include program code. The program code includes a computer operation instruction. The memory 2204 may include a random access memory (random access memory, RAM), and may further include a non-volatile memory (non-volatile memory), for example, at least one magnetic disk memory. The processor 2202 executes the application program stored in the memory 2204, to implement the receiving state indication method for an A-MPDU.

Embodiment 6

[0095] Based on Embodiment 2, the present invention further provides a receiving device. The receiving device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 11. Referring to FIG. 23, the receiving device 2300 includes a receiving unit 2301, a determining unit 2302, and a sending unit 2303.

[0096] The receiving unit 2301 is configured to receive an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (A-MPDU) sent by a sending device.

[0097] The determining unit 2302 is configured to determine an acknowledgement frame used to indicate a receiving state of the A-MPDU received by the receiving unit 2301. The acknowledgement frame includes a block acknowledgement bitmap field. Each bit in the block acknowledgement bitmap field is used to indicate a receiving state of one MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in the A-MPDU.

[0098] The sending unit 2303 is configured to send the acknowledgement frame determined by the determining unit 2302 to the sending device.

[0099] Optionally, the acknowledgement frame further includes an A-MPDU identification field. The A-MPDU identification field is used by the sending device to distinguish between the A-MPDU and another A-MPDU sent by the sending device.

[0100] Optionally, the A-MPDU identification field includes a sequence number SN and a fragment number FN that are included in a first MPDU in the A-MPDU.

[0101] It should be noted that unit division in this embodiment of the present invention is an example, is merely logical function division, and there may be another division in actual implementation. In addition, function units in the embodiments of this application may be integrated into one processing unit, or each of the units may exist alone physically, or two or more units are integrated into one unit. The integrated unit may be implemented in a form of hardware, or may be implemented in a form of a software function unit.

[0102] When the integrated unit is implemented in the form of a software function unit and sold or used as an independent product, the integrated unit may be stored in a computer-readable storage medium. Based on such an understanding, the technical solutions of this application essentially, or the part contributing to the prior art, or all or some of the technical solutions may be implemented in a form of a software product. The computer software product is stored in a storage medium and includes several instructions for instructing a computer device (which may be a personal computer, a server, a network device, or the like) or a processor (processor) to perform all or some of the steps of the methods in the embodiments of the present application. The foregoing storage medium includes any medium that can store program code, such as a USB flash drive, a removable hard disk, a ROM, a RAM, a magnetic disk, or an optical disc.

[0103] Based on Embodiment 2, the present invention further provides a receiving device. The receiving device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 11, and may be a device the same as the receiving device shown in FIG. 23. Referring to FIG. 24, the receiving device 2400 includes a transceiver 2401, a processor 2402, a bus 2403, and a memory 2404.

[0104] The transceiver 2401, the processor 2402, and the memory 2404 are interconnected by using the bus 2403. The bus 2403 may be a PCI bus, an EISA bus, or the like. The bus may be classified into an address bus, a data bus, a control bus, and the like. For ease of illustration, only one bold line is used in FIG. 24 to represent the bus, which, however, does not mean that there is only one bus or only one type of bus.

[0105] The transceiver 2401 is configured to receive an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (A-MPDU) sent by a sending device.

[0106] The processor 2402 is configured to determine an acknowledgement frame used to indicate a receiving state

of the A-MPDU received by the transceiver 2401. The acknowledgement frame includes a block acknowledgement bitmap field. Each bit in the block acknowledgement bitmap field is used to indicate a receiving state of one MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in the A-MPDU.

[0107] The transceiver 2401 is further configured to send the acknowledgement frame determined by the processor 2402 to the sending device.

[0108] Optionally, the acknowledgement frame further includes an A-MPDU identification field. The A-MPDU identification field is used by the sending device to distinguish between the A-MPDU and another A-MPDU sent by the sending device.

[0109] Optionally, the A-MPDU identification field includes a sequence number SN and a fragment number FN that are included in a first MPDU in the A-MPDU.

[0110] The receiving device 2400 further includes the memory 2404, which is configured to store a program and the like. Specifically, the program may include program code. The program code includes a computer operation instruction. The memory 2404 may include a RAM, and may further include a non-volatile memory, for example, at least one disk memory. The processor 2402 executes the application program stored in the memory 2404, to implement the receiving state indication method for an A-MPDU.

Embodiment 7

[0111] Based on Embodiment 3, the present invention further provides a sending device. The sending device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 13. Referring to FIG. 25, the sending device 2500 includes a sending unit 2501 and a receiving unit 2502.

[0112] The sending unit 2501 is configured to send an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (A-MPDU) including a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU) fragment to a receiving device, and send a request frame to the receiving device. The request frame is used to request to indicate a receiving state of the MSDU fragment included in the A-MPDU.

[0113] The receiving unit 2502 is configured to receive a response frame sent by the receiving device. The response frame is used to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment included in the A-MPDU sent by the sending unit 2501.

[0114] Optionally, the request frame includes a sequence number SN of the MSDU fragment, and the response frame includes the SN of the MSDU fragment and an indication field used to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment.

[0115] Optionally, when the sending unit 2501 sends A-MPDUs including MSDU fragments to multiple receiving devices, the request frame is used to request the multiple receiving devices to separately send a response frame to the sending device. The request frame includes information about an association between an identity of each receiving device of the multiple receiving devices and a sequence number SN of an MSDU fragment received by the receiving device.

[0116] Optionally, when the sending unit 2501 sends all fragments of an MSDU to the receiving device by using at least one A-MPDU, the request frame sent by the sending unit 2501 is used to request to indicate a receiving state of each fragment in the MSDU, and the response frame received by the receiving unit is used to indicate the receiving state of each fragment in the MSDU.

[0117] Based on Embodiment 3, the present invention further provides a receiving device. The receiving device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 13. Referring to FIG. 26, the receiving device 2600 includes a receiving unit 2601, a determining unit 2602, and a sending unit 2603.

[0118] The receiving unit 2601 is configured to receive an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (A-MPDU) that includes a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU) fragment and that is sent by a sending device, and receive a request frame sent by the sending device. The request frame is used to request to indicate a receiving state of the MSDU fragment included in the A-MPDU.

[0119] The determining unit 2602 is configured to determine a response frame. The response frame is used to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment included in the A-MPDU received by the receiving unit 2601.

[0120] The sending unit 2603 is configured to send the response frame determined by the determining unit to the sending device.

[0121] Optionally, the request frame includes a sequence number SN of the MSDU fragment, and the response frame includes the SN of the MSDU fragment and an indication field used to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment.

[0122] Optionally, when the sending device sends A-MPDUs including MSDU fragments to multiple receiving devices, the request frame received by the receiving unit 2601 is used to request the multiple receiving devices to separately send a response frame to the sending device. The request frame includes sequence numbers SN of MSDU fragments respectively received by the multiple receiving devices.

[0123] Optionally, when the receiving unit 2601 receives all fragments of an MSDU that are sent by the sending device by using at least one A-MPDU, the request frame received by the receiving unit 2601 is used to request to indicate a receiving state of each fragment in the MSDU, and the response frame sent by the sending unit 2603 to the sending device is used to indicate the receiving state of each fragment in the MSDU.

[0124] It should be noted that unit division in this embodiment of the present invention is an example, is merely logical function division, and there may be another division in actual implementation. In addition, function units in the embodiments of this application may be integrated into one processing unit, or each of the units may exist alone physically, or two or more units are integrated into one unit. The integrated unit may be implemented in a form of hardware, or may be implemented in a form of a software function unit.

[0125] When the integrated unit is implemented in the form of a software function unit and sold or used as an independent product, the integrated unit may be stored in a computer-readable storage medium. Based on such an understanding, the technical solutions of this application essentially, or the part contributing to the prior art, or all or some of the technical solutions may be implemented in a form of a software product. The computer software product is stored in a storage medium and includes several instructions for instructing a computer device (which may be a personal computer, a server, a network device, or the like) or a processor (processor) to perform all or some of the steps of the methods in the embodiments of the present application. The foregoing storage medium includes any medium that can store program code, such as a USB flash drive, a removable hard disk, a ROM, a RAM, a magnetic disk, or an optical disc.

[0126] Based on Embodiment 3, the present invention further provides a sending device. The sending device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 13, and may be a device the same as the sending device shown in FIG. 25. Referring to FIG. 27, the sending device 2700 includes a transceiver 2701, a bus 2702, and a memory 2703.

[0127] The transceiver 2701 and the memory 2703 are interconnected by using the bus 2702. The bus 2702 may be a PCI bus, an EISA bus, or the like. The bus may be classified into an address bus, a data bus, a control bus, and the like. For ease of illustration, only one bold line is used in FIG. 27 to represent the bus, which, however, does not mean that there is only one bus or only one type of bus.

[0128] The transceiver 2701 is configured to send an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (A-MPDU) including a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU) fragment to a receiving device, send a request frame to the receiving device, where the request frame is used to request to indicate a receiving state of the MSDU fragment included in the A-MPDU, and receive a response frame sent by the receiving device, where the response frame is used to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment included in the A-MPDU.

[0129] Optionally, the request frame includes a sequence number SN of the MSDU fragment, and the response frame includes the SN of the MSDU fragment and an indication field used to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment.

[0130] Optionally, when the transceiver 2701 sends A-MPDUs including MSDU fragments to multiple receiving devices, the request frame is used to request the multiple receiving devices to separately send a response frame to the sending device. The request frame includes information about an association between an identity of each receiving device of the multiple receiving devices and a sequence number SN of an MSDU fragment received by the receiving device.

[0131] Optionally, when the transceiver 2701 sends all fragments of an MSDU to the receiving device by using at least one A-MPDU, the request frame sent by the transceiver 2701 is used to request to indicate a receiving state of each fragment in the MSDU, and the response frame received by the transceiver 2701 is used to indicate the receiving state of each fragment in the MSDU.

[0132] The sending device 2700 further includes the memory 2703, which is configured to store a program and the like. Specifically, the program may include program code. The program code includes a computer operation instruction. The memory 2703 may include a RAM, and may further include a non-volatile memory, for example, at least one disk memory.

[0133] Based on Embodiment 3, the present invention further provides a receiving device. The receiving device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 13, and may be a device the same as the receiving device shown in FIG. 26. Referring to FIG. 28, the receiving device 2800 includes a transceiver 2801, a processor 2802, a bus 2803, and a memory 2804.

[0134] The transceiver 2801, the processor 2802, and the memory 2804 are interconnected by using the bus 2803. The bus 2803 may be a PCI bus, an EISA bus, or the like. The bus may be classified into an address bus, a data bus, a control bus, and the like. For ease of illustration, only one bold line is used in FIG. 28 to represent the bus, which, however, does not mean that there is only one bus or only one type of bus.

[0135] The transceiver 2801 is configured to receive an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (A-MPDU) that includes a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU) fragment and that is sent by a sending device, and receive a request frame sent by the sending device. The request frame is used to request to indicate a receiving state of the MSDU fragment included in the A-MPDU.

[0136] The processor 2802 is configured to determine a response frame. The response frame is used to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment included in the A-MPDU received by the transceiver 2801.

[0137] The transceiver 2801 is further configured to send the response frame determined by the processor 2802 to the sending device.

[0138] Optionally, the request frame includes a sequence number SN of the MSDU fragment, and the response frame includes the SN of the MSDU fragment and an indication field used to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment.

[0139] Optionally, when the sending device sends A-MPDUs including MSDU fragments to multiple receiving devices, the request frame is used to request the multiple receiving devices to separately send a response frame to the sending device. The request frame includes sequence numbers SN of MSDU fragments respectively received by the multiple receiving devices.

[0140] Optionally, when the transceiver 2801 receives all fragments of an MSDU that are sent by the sending device by using at least one A-MPDU, the request frame received by the transceiver 2801 is used to request to indicate a receiving state of each fragment in the MSDU, and the response frame sent by the transceiver 2801 to the sending device is used to indicate the receiving state of each fragment in the MSDU.

[0141] The receiving device 2800 further includes the memory 2804, which is configured to store a program and the like. Specifically, the program may include program code. The program code includes a computer operation instruction. The memory 2804 may include a RAM, and may further include a non-volatile memory, for example, at least one disk memory. The processor 2802 executes the application program stored in the memory 2804, to indicate the receiving state of the MSDU fragment in the A-MPDU.

Embodiment 8

[0142] Based on Embodiment 4, the present invention further provides a sending device. The sending device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 17. Referring to FIG. 29, the sending device 2900 includes an allocation unit 2901, a sending unit 2902, and a receiving unit 2903.

[0143] The allocation unit 2901 is configured to allocate a sequence number to each MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (A-MPDU).

[0144] The sending unit 2902 is configured to send the A-MPDU to a receiving device. Each MPDU in the A-MPDU carries the sequence number allocated by the allocation unit 2901.

[0145] The receiving unit 2903 is configured to receive an acknowledgement frame sent by the receiving device. The acknowledgement frame includes an indication field used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU sent by the sending unit 2902. Each bit in the indication field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of sequence numbers in the A-MPDU.

[0146] Optionally, the allocation unit 2901 is specifically configured to: when it is determined that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU), allocate the sequence number to each MPDU in the A-MPDU.

[0147] Optionally, the sequence number is carried in a Media Access Control header of the MPDU.

[0148] Optionally, when the acknowledgement frame uses a frame format of a compressed block acknowledgement BA frame, the indication field included in the acknowledgement frame is a block acknowledgement bitmap field in the compressed BA frame.

[0149] Optionally, the acknowledgement frame further includes a fragment indication field. The fragment indication field is used to indicate that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU.

[0150] Based on Embodiment 4, the present invention further provides a receiving device. The receiving device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 17. Referring to FIG. 30, the receiving device 3000 includes a receiving unit 3001, a determining unit 3002, and a sending unit 3003.

[0151] The receiving unit 3001 is configured to receive an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit (A-MPDU) sent by a sending device. Each MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in the A-MPDU carries a sequence number of each MAC protocol data unit (MPDU).

[0152] The determining unit 3002 is configured to determine an acknowledgement frame. The acknowledgement frame includes an indication field used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU received by the receiving unit 3001. Each bit in the indication field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of MPDU sequence numbers in the A-MPDU.

[0153] The sending unit 3003 is configured to send the acknowledgement frame determined by the determining unit 3002 to the sending device.

[0154] Optionally, the sequence number is carried in a Media Access Control header of the MPDU.

[0155] Optionally, when the acknowledgement frame uses a frame format of a compressed block acknowledgement BA frame, the indication field included in the acknowledgement frame is a block acknowledgement bitmap field in the compressed BA frame.

[0156] Optionally, the acknowledgement frame further includes a fragment indication field. The fragment indication field is used to indicate that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU.

[0157] It should be noted that unit division in this embodiment of the present invention is an example, is merely logical function division, and there may be another division in actual implementation. In addition, function units in the embodiments of this application may be integrated into one processing unit, or each of the units may exist alone physically, or two or more units are integrated into one unit. The integrated unit may be implemented in a form of hardware, or may

be implemented in a form of a software function unit.

[0158] When the integrated unit is implemented in the form of a software function unit and sold or used as an independent product, the integrated unit may be stored in a computer-readable storage medium. Based on such an understanding, the technical solutions of this application essentially, or the part contributing to the prior art, or all or some of the technical solutions may be implemented in a form of a software product. The computer software product is stored in a storage medium and includes several instructions for instructing a computer device (which may be a personal computer, a server, a network device, or the like) or a processor (processor) to perform all or some of the steps of the methods in the embodiments of the present application. The foregoing storage medium includes any medium that can store program code, such as a USB flash drive, a removable hard disk, a ROM, a RAM, a magnetic disk, or an optical disc.

[0159] Based on Embodiment 4, the present invention further provides a sending device. The sending device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 17, and may be a device the same as the sending device shown in FIG. 29. Referring to FIG. 31, the sending device 3100 includes a processor 3101, a transceiver 3102, a bus 3103, and a memory 3104.

[0160] The processor 3101, the transceiver 3102, and the memory 3104 are interconnected by using the bus 3103. The bus 3103 may be a PCI bus, an EISA bus, or the like. The bus may be classified into an address bus, a data bus, a control bus, and the like. For ease of illustration, only one bold line is used in FIG. 31 to represent the bus, which, however, does not mean that there is only one bus or only one type of bus.

[0161] The processor 3101 is configured to allocate a sequence number to each MPDU in an A-MPDU.

[0162] The transceiver 3102 is configured to send the A-MPDU to a receiving device, where each MPDU in the A-MPDU carries the sequence number allocated by the processor 3101, and receive an acknowledgement frame sent by the receiving device. The acknowledgement frame includes an indication field used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU. Each bit in the indication field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of sequence numbers in the A-MPDU.

[0163] Optionally, the processor 3101 is specifically configured to:

when it is determined that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of a Media Access Control service data unit (MSDU), allocate the sequence number to each MPDU in the A-MPDU.

[0164] Optionally, the sequence number is carried in a Media Access Control header of the MPDU.

[0165] Optionally, when the acknowledgement frame uses a frame format of a compressed block acknowledgement BA frame, the indication field included in the acknowledgement frame is a block acknowledgement bitmap field in the compressed BA frame.

[0166] Optionally, the acknowledgement frame further includes a fragment indication field. The fragment indication field is used to indicate that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU.

[0167] The sending device 3100 further includes the memory 3104, which is configured to store a program and the like. Specifically, the program may include program code. The program code includes a computer operation instruction. The memory 3104 may include a RAM, and may further include a non-volatile memory, for example, at least one disk memory. The processor 3101 executes the application program stored in the memory 3104, to implement the receiving state indication method for an A-MPDU.

[0168] Based on Embodiment 4, the present invention further provides a receiving device. The receiving device may use the method provided in the embodiment corresponding to FIG. 17, and may be a device the same as the receiving device shown in FIG. 30. Referring to FIG. 32, the receiving device 3200 includes a transceiver 3201, a processor 3202, a bus 3203, and a memory 3204.

[0169] The transceiver 3201, the processor 3202, and the memory 3204 are interconnected by using the bus 3203. The bus 3203 may be a PCI bus, an EISA bus, or the like. The bus may be classified into an address bus, a data bus, a control bus, and the like. For ease of illustration, only one bold line is used in FIG. 32 to represent the bus, which, however, does not mean that there is only one bus or only one type of bus.

[0170] The transceiver 3201 is configured to receive an A-MPDU sent by a sending device. Each MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) in the A-MPDU carries a sequence number of each MAC protocol data unit (MPDU).

[0171] The processor 3202 is configured to determine an acknowledgement frame. The acknowledgement frame includes an indication field used to indicate a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU received by the transceiver 3201. Each bit in the indication field is used to indicate one MPDU in a sequence of MPDU sequence numbers in the A-MPDU.

[0172] The transceiver 3201 is further configured to send the acknowledgement frame determined by the processor 3202 to the sending device.

[0173] Optionally, the sequence number is carried in a Media Access Control header of the MPDU.

[0174] Optionally, when the acknowledgement frame uses a frame format of a compressed block acknowledgement BA frame, the indication field included in the acknowledgement frame is a block acknowledgement bitmap field in the compressed BA frame.

[0175] Optionally, the acknowledgement frame further includes a fragment indication field. The fragment indication

field is used to indicate that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating a fragment of an MSDU.

[0176] Persons skilled in the art should understand that the embodiments of the present invention may be provided as a method, a system, or a computer program product. Therefore, the present invention may use a form of hardware only embodiments, software only embodiments, or embodiments with a combination of software and hardware. Moreover, the present invention may use a form of a computer program product that is implemented on one or more computer-usable storage media (including but not limited to a disk memory, a CD-ROM, an optical memory, and the like) that include computer-usable program code.

[0177] The present invention is described with reference to the flowcharts and/or block diagrams of the method, the device (system), and the computer program product according to the embodiments of the present invention. It should be understood that computer program instructions may be used to implement each process and/or each block in the flowcharts and/or the block diagrams and a combination of a process and/or a block in the flowcharts and/or the block diagrams. These computer program instructions may be provided for a general-purpose computer, a dedicated computer, an embedded processor, or a processor of any other programmable data processing device to generate a machine, so that the instructions executed by a computer or a processor of any other programmable data processing device generate an apparatus for implementing a specific function in one or more processes in the flowcharts and/or in one or more blocks in the block diagrams.

[0178] These computer program instructions may be stored in a computer readable memory that can instruct the computer or any other programmable data processing device to work in a specific manner, so that the instructions stored in the computer readable memory generate an artifact that includes an instruction apparatus. The instruction apparatus implements a specific function in one or more processes in the flowcharts and/or in one or more blocks in the block diagrams.

[0179] These computer program instructions may be loaded onto a computer or another programmable data processing device, so that a series of operations and steps are performed on the computer or the another programmable device, thereby generating computer-implemented processing. Therefore, the instructions executed on the computer or the another programmable device provide steps for implementing a specific function in one or more processes in the flowcharts and/or in one or more blocks in the block diagrams. The scope of protection is defined by the appended independent claims, with preferred embodiments defined by the dependent claims.

Claims

1. A receiving state indication method for an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit, A-MPDU, comprising:

receiving (S301), by a receive end, an A-MPDU, wherein the A-MPDU comprises at least one MPDU; wherein the at least one MPDU comprises a sequence number, SN, field, and a fragment number, FN, field, when the FN field of the at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is not 0, sending (S302), by the receive end to the transmit end, an first acknowledgement frame indicating a receiving state of the A-MPDU, wherein the first acknowledgement frame comprises a fragment indication field and a receiving state field, wherein the fragment indication field indicates that the A-MPDU comprises at least one MPDU, which is obtained by encapsulating an Media Access Control service data unit, MSDU, fragment, wherein the MSDU fragment is a fragment of an MSDU; wherein the receiving state field indicates a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU in a sequence of SNs, wherein the SN identifies a sequence number of an MSDU in the MPDU; wherein all bits of a fixed quantity of bits in the receiving state field are corresponding to one SN, and one bit of the fixed quantity of bits in the receiving state field indicates a receiving state of one MPDU in the A-MPDU; wherein the fixed quantity of bits is 4 bits.

2. The method according to claim 1, where one bit of the fixed quantity of bits indicates a receiving state of one MPDU in a sequence of FNs, wherein the FN identifies a number of an MSDU fragment.

3. The method according to claim 1, wherein when the FN fields of all MPDUs in the A-MPDU is 0, sending (S302), by the receive end to the transmit end, an second acknowledgement frame indicating a receiving state of the A-MPDU, wherein the acknowledgement frame comprises a fragment indication field and a receiving state field, wherein the receiving state field indicates a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU in a sequence of SNs, wherein one bit in the receiving state field is corresponding to one SN, and indicating a receiving state of one MPDU in the A-MPDU.

4. The method according to claim 1 or 3, wherein when the first acknowledgement frame or the second acknowledgement

ment frame uses a frame format of a multi-user block acknowledgement M-BA frame, the fragment indication comprises one or more bits of four reserved bits in a starting sequence control field in a BA information field in the M-BA frame.

- 5 **5.** The method according to claim 1 or 3, wherein when the first acknowledgement frame or the second acknowledgement frame uses a frame format of a compressed block acknowledgement BA frame, the fragment indication field uses the following form:
the fragment indication field comprises one or more bits of four reserved bits in a starting sequence control field in a BA information field in the compressed BA frame.
- 10 **6.** The method according to claim 1, wherein the quantity of the fixed bits is greater than or equal to a maximum value of an allowed quantity of MSDU fragments of one MSDU.
- 15 **7.** A receiving state indication method for an aggregate-MAC protocol data unit, A-MPDU, comprising:
allocating (S1701), by a transmit end, a sequence number, SN, to each MPDU in an A-MPDU, wherein the A-MPDU comprises at least one MPDU;
sending (S1702), by the transmit end, the A-MPDU to a receive end, wherein the at least one MPDU comprises a SN field and a fragment number, FN, field, wherein the FN field of the at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is not 0; and
20 receiving (S1703), by the transmit end, an first acknowledgement frame, wherein the acknowledgement frame comprises an indication field indicating a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU in a sequence of SNs, wherein all bits of a fixed quantity of bits in the indication field are corresponding to one SN, and one bit of the fixed quantity of bits in the indication field indicates a receiving state of one MPDU in the A-MPDU; wherein the fixed quantity of bits is 4 bits.
- 25 **8.** The method according to claim 7,
wherein the at least one MPDU further comprises a fragment number, FN, which identifies a number of an MSDU fragment;
30 wherein one bit of the fixed quantity of bits indicates a receiving state of one MPDU in a sequence of FNs, wherein the FN identifies a number of an MSDU fragment.
- 35 **9.** The method according to claim 7 or 8, wherein when the FN fields of all MPDUs in the A-MPDU is 0, receiving (S1703), by the transmit end, an second acknowledgement frame indicating a receiving state of the A-MPDU, wherein the second acknowledgement frame comprises a fragment indication field and a receiving state field, wherein the receiving state field indicates a receiving state of each MPDU in the A-MPDU in a sequence of SNs; wherein one bit in the receiving state field is corresponding to one SN, and indicating a receiving state of one MPDU in the A-MPDU.
- 40 **10.** The method according to claim 7 or 9, wherein the sequence number is carried in a Media Access Control header of the MPDU.
- 45 **11.** The method according to claim 7 or 9, wherein when the first acknowledgement frame or the second acknowledgement frame uses a frame format of a compressed block acknowledgement BA frame, the indication field comprised in the acknowledgement frame is a block acknowledgement bitmap field in the compressed BA frame.
- 50 **12.** The method according to claim 7, wherein the first acknowledgement frame or the second acknowledgement frame further comprises a fragment indication field, and the fragment indication field indicates that at least one MPDU in the A-MPDU is obtained by encapsulating one MSDU fragment which is a segment of an MSDU.
- 55 **13.** A receive end (2200), comprising a processor (2202), a transceiver (2201) and a memory (2204) storing instructions which, when executed by the processor (2202), cause the receive end (2200) to carry out the steps according to any of the claims 1-6.
- 14.** A transmit end (3100), comprising a processor (3101), a transceiver (3102) and a memory (3104) storing instructions which, when executed by the processor (3101), cause the transmit end (3100) to carry out the steps according to any of the claims 7-12.

Patentansprüche

1. Empfangszustandsanzeigeverfahren für eine Aggregat-MAC-Protokolldateneinheit, (*aggregate-MAC protocol data unit* - A-MPDU), das Folgendes umfasst: Empfangen (S301), durch ein Empfangsende, einer A-MPDU, wobei die A-MPDU wenigstens eine MPDU umfasst; wobei die wenigstens eine MPDU ein Feld einer Sequenznummer (SN) und ein Feld einer Fragmentnummer (FN) umfasst, wenn das FN-Feld der wenigstens einen MPDU in der A-MPDU nicht 0 ist, Senden (S302), durch das Empfangsende zu dem Übermittlungsende, eines ersten Quittungsrahmens, der einen Empfangszustand der A-MPDU anzeigt, wobei der erste Quittungsrahmen ein Fragmentanzeigefeld und ein Empfangszustandsfeld umfasst, wobei das Fragmentanzeigefeld anzeigt, dass die A-MPDU wenigstens eine MPDU umfasst, die durch Einkapseln einer Medienzugangssteuer-Dienstdateneinheit (*Media Access Control service data unit* - MSDU) erhalten wird, wobei das MSDU-Fragment ein Fragment einer MSDU ist; wobei das Empfangszustandsfeld einen Empfangszustand jeder MPDU in der A-MPDU in einer Sequenz von SNs anzeigt, wobei die SN eine Sequenznummer einer MSDU in der MPDU identifiziert; wobei alle Bits einer festen Anzahl von Bits in dem Empfangszustandsfeld einer SN entsprechen und ein Bit der festen Anzahl von Bits in dem Empfangszustandsfeld einen Empfangszustand einer MPDU in der A-MPDU anzeigt; wobei die feste Anzahl von Bits 4 Bits beträgt.
2. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei ein Bit der festen Anzahl von Bits einen Empfangszustand einer MPDU in einer Sequenz von FNs anzeigt, wobei die FN eine Nummer eines MSDU-Fragments identifiziert.
3. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei, wenn die FN-Felder aller MPDUs in der A-MPDU 0 sind, Senden (S302), durch das Empfangsende an das Übermittlungsende, eines zweiten Quittungsrahmens, der einen Empfangszustand der A-MPDU anzeigt, wobei der Quittungsrahmen ein Fragmentanzeigefeld und ein Empfangszustandsfeld umfasst, wobei das Empfangszustandsfeld einen Empfangszustand jeder MPDU in der A-MPDU in einer Sequenz von SNs anzeigt, wobei ein Bit in dem Empfangszustandsfeld einer SN entspricht, und der einen Empfangszustand einer MPDU in der A-MPDU anzeigt.
4. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1 oder 3, wobei, wenn der erste Quittungsrahmen oder der zweite Quittungsrahmen ein Rahmenformat eines Mehrbenutzerblockquittungs(*multi-user block acknowledgement* - M-BA)-Rahmens verwendet, die Fragmentanzeige ein oder mehrere Bits von vier reservierten Bits in einem Steuerfeld einer Startsequenz in einem BA-Informationsfeld in dem M-BA-Rahmen umfasst.
5. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1 oder 3, wobei, wenn der erste Quittungsrahmen oder der zweite Quittungsrahmen ein Rahmenformat eines Rahmens einer komprimierten Blockquittung (*block acknowledgement* -BA) verwendet, das Fragmentanzeigefeld die folgende Form verwendet: das Fragmentanzeigefeld umfasst ein oder mehrere Bits von vier reservierten Bits in einem Steuerfeld der Startsequenz in einem BA-Informationsfeld in dem Rahmen der komprimierten BA.
6. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Anzahl der festen Bits größer als oder gleich einem Maximalwert einer zulässigen Anzahl von MSDU-Fragmenten einer MSDU ist.
7. Empfangszustandsanzeigeverfahren für eine Aggregat-MAC-Protokolldateneinheit (A-MPDU), das Folgendes umfasst: Zuweisen (S1701), durch ein Übermittlungsende, einer Sequenznummer (SN) zu jeder MPDU in einer A-MPDU, wobei die A-MPDU wenigstens eine MPDU umfasst; Senden (S1702), durch das Übermittlungsende, der A-MPDU an ein Empfangsende, wobei die wenigstens eine MPDU ein SN-Feld und ein Fragmentnummer(FN)-Feld umfasst, wobei das FN-Feld der wenigstens einen MPDU in der A-MPDU nicht 0 ist; und Empfangen (S1703), durch das Übermittlungsende, eines ersten Quittungsrahmens, wobei der Quittungsrahmen ein Anzeigefeld umfasst, das einen Empfangszustand jeder MPDU in der A-MPDU in einer Sequenz von SNs anzeigt, wobei alle Bits einer festen Anzahl von Bits in dem Anzeigefeld einer SN entsprechen, und ein Bit der festen Anzahl von Bits in dem Anzeigefeld einen Empfangszustand einer MPDU in der A-MPDU anzeigt; wobei die feste Anzahl von Bits 4 Bits beträgt.
8. Verfahren nach Anspruch 7, wobei die wenigstens eine MPDU ferner eine Fragmentnummer (FN) umfasst, die eine Nummer eines MSDU-Fragments identifiziert; wobei ein Bit der festen Anzahl von Bits einen Empfangszustand einer MPDU in einer Sequenz von FNs anzeigt, wobei die FN eine Nummer eines MSDU-Fragments identifiziert.
9. Verfahren nach Anspruch 7 oder 8, wobei, wenn die FN-Felder aller MPDUs in der A-MPDU 0 sind, Empfangen (S1703), durch das Übermittlungsende, eines zweiten Quittungsrahmens, der einen Empfangszustand der A-MPDU anzeigt, wobei der zweite Quittungsrahmen ein Fragmentanzeigefeld und ein Empfangszustandsfeld umfasst, wobei das Empfangszustandsfeld einen Empfangszustand jeder MPDU in der A-MPDU in einer Sequenz von SNs anzeigt;

wobei ein Bit in dem Empfangszustandsfeld einer SN entspricht, und der einen Empfangszustand einer MPDU in der A-MPDU anzeigt.

10. Verfahren nach Anspruch 7 oder 9, wobei die Sequenznummer in einem Medienzugangssteuer-Header der MPDU getragen wird.
11. Verfahren nach Anspruch 7 oder 9, wobei, wenn der erste Quittungsrahmen oder der zweite Quittungsrahmen ein Rahmenformat eines Rahmens der komprimierten Blockquittung (BA) verwendet, das Anzeigefeld, das in dem Quittungsrahmen enthalten ist, ein Blockquittungs-Bitmap-Feld in dem Rahmen der komprimierten BA ist.
12. Verfahren nach Anspruch 7, wobei der erste Quittungsrahmen oder der zweite Quittungsrahmen ferner ein Fragmentanzeigefeld umfasst und das Fragmentanzeigefeld anzeigt, dass wenigstens eine MPDU in der A-MPDU durch Einkapseln eines MSDU-Fragments erhalten wird, das ein Segment einer MSDU ist.
13. Empfangsende (2200), das einen Prozessor (2202), einen Sendeempfänger (2201) und einen Speicher (2204) umfasst, der Anweisungen speichert, die, wenn sie durch den Prozessor (2202) ausgeführt werden, das Empfangsende (2200) veranlassen, die Schritte nach einem der Ansprüche 1-6 durchzuführen.
14. Übermittlungsende (3100), das einen Prozessor (3101), einen Sendeempfänger (3102) und einen Speicher (3104) umfasst, der Anweisungen speichert, die, wenn sie durch den Prozessor (3101) ausgeführt werden, das Übermittlungsende (3100) veranlassen, die Schritte nach einem der Ansprüche 7-12 durchzuführen.

Revendications

1. Procédé d'indication d'état de réception pour une unité de données de protocole MAC agrégé, A-MPDU, comprenant :
 - la réception (S301), par une extrémité de réception, d'une A-MPDU, l'A-MPDU comprenant au moins une MPDU ;
 - l'au moins une MPDU comprenant un champ de numéro de séquence, SN, et un champ de numéro de fragment, FN,
 - lorsque le champ de FN de l'au moins une MPDU dans l'A-MPDU n'est pas 0, l'envoi (S302), par l'extrémité de réception à l'extrémité de transmission, d'une première trame d'accusé de réception indiquant un état de réception de l'A-MPDU, la première trame d'accusé de réception comprenant un champ d'indication de fragment et un champ d'état de réception,
 - le champ d'indication de fragment indiquant que l'A-MPDU comprend au moins une MPDU, qui est obtenue en encapsulant un fragment d'unité de données de service de contrôle d'accès au support, MSDU, le fragment de MSDU étant un fragment d'une MSDU ;
 - le champ d'état de réception indiquant un état de réception de chaque MPDU dans l'A-MPDU dans une séquence de SN, le SN identifiant un numéro de séquence d'une MSDU dans la MPDU ; tous les bits d'une quantité fixe de bits dans le champ d'état de réception correspondant à un SN, et un bit de la quantité fixe de bits dans le champ d'état de réception indiquant un état de réception d'une MPDU dans l'A-MPDU ; la quantité fixe de bits étant de 4 bits.
2. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel un bit de la quantité fixe de bits indique un état de réception d'une MPDU dans une séquence de FN, le FN identifiant un numéro d'un fragment de MSDU.
3. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel lorsque les champs de FN de toutes les MPDU dans l'A-MPDU sont 0, l'envoi (S302), par l'extrémité de réception à l'extrémité de transmission, d'une seconde trame d'accusé de réception indiquant un état de réception de l'A-MPDU, la trame d'accusé de réception comprenant un champ d'indication de fragment et un champ d'état de réception, le champ d'état de réception indiquant un état de réception de chaque MPDU dans l'A-MPDU dans une séquence de SN, un bit dans le champ d'état de réception correspondant à un SN, et indiquant un état de réception d'une MPDU dans l'A-MPDU.
4. Procédé selon la revendication 1 ou 3, dans lequel lorsque la première trame d'accusé de réception ou la seconde trame d'accusé de réception utilise un format de trame d'une trame d'accusé de réception de bloc multi-utilisateurs, M-BA, l'indication de fragment comprend un ou plusieurs bits de quatre bits réservés dans un champ de commande

de séquence de départ dans un champ d'informations de BA dans la trame de M-BA.

5 5. Procédé selon la revendication 1 ou 3, dans lequel lorsque la première trame d'accusé de réception ou la seconde trame d'accusé de réception utilise un format de trame d'une trame d'accusé de réception de bloc, BA, compressée, le champ d'indication de fragment utilise la forme suivante :
le champ d'indication de fragment comprend un ou plusieurs bits de quatre bits réservés dans un champ de commande de séquence de départ dans un champ d'informations de BA dans la trame de BA compressée.

10 6. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel la quantité des bits fixes est supérieure ou égale à une valeur maximale d'une quantité autorisée de fragments de MSDU d'une MSDU.

7. Procédé d'indication d'état de réception pour une unité de données de protocole MAC agrégé, A-MPDU, comprenant :

15 l'attribution (S1701), par une extrémité de transmission, d'un numéro de séquence, SN, à chaque MPDU dans une A-MPDU, l'A-MPDU comprenant au moins une MPDU ;

l'envoi (S1702), par l'extrémité de transmission, de l'A-MPDU à une extrémité de réception, l'au moins une MPDU comprenant un champ de SN et un champ de numéro de fragment, FN, le champ de FN de l'au moins une MPDU dans le A-MPDU n'étant pas 0 ; et

20 la réception (S1703), par l'extrémité de transmission, d'une première trame d'accusé de réception, la trame d'accusé de réception comprenant un champ d'indication indiquant un état de réception de chaque MPDU dans l'A-MPDU dans une séquence de SN, tous les bits d'une quantité fixe de bits dans le champ d'indication correspondant à un SN, et un bit de la quantité fixe de bits dans le champ d'indication indiquant un état de réception d'une MPDU dans l'A-MPDU ; la quantité fixe de bits étant de 4 bits.

25 8. Procédé selon la revendication 7,

l'au moins une MPDU comprenant en outre un numéro de fragment, FN, qui identifie un numéro d'un fragment de MSDU ;

30 un bit de la quantité fixe de bits indiquant un état de réception d'une MPDU dans une séquence de FN, le FN identifiant un numéro d'un fragment de MSDU.

35 9. Procédé selon la revendication 7 ou 8, dans lequel lorsque les champs de FN de toutes les MPDU dans l'A-MPDU sont 0, la réception (S1703), par l'extrémité de transmission, d'une seconde trame d'accusé de réception indiquant un état de réception de l'A-MPDU, la seconde trame d'accusé de réception comprenant un champ d'indication de fragment et un champ d'état de réception, le champ d'état de réception indiquant un état de réception de chaque MPDU dans l'A-MPDU dans une séquence de SN ; un bit dans le champ d'état de réception correspondant à un SN, et indiquant un état de réception d'une MPDU dans l'A-MPDU.

40 10. Procédé selon la revendication 7 ou 9, dans lequel le numéro de séquence est transporté dans un en-tête de contrôle d'accès au support de la MPDU.

45 11. Procédé selon la revendication 7 ou 9, dans lequel lorsque la première trame d'accusé de réception ou la seconde trame d'accusé de réception utilise un format de trame d'une trame d'accusé de réception de bloc, BA, compressée, le champ d'indication compris dans la trame d'accusé de réception est un champ matriciel d'accusé de réception de bloc dans la trame de BA compressée.

50 12. Procédé selon la revendication 7, dans lequel la première trame d'accusé de réception ou la seconde trame d'accusé de réception comprend en outre un champ d'indication de fragment, et le champ d'indication de fragment indique qu'au moins une MPDU dans l'A-MPDU est obtenue en encapsulant un fragment de MSDU qui est un segment d'une MSDU.

55 13. Extrémité de réception (2200), comprenant un processeur (2202), un transmetteur-récepteur (2201) et une mémoire (2204) stockant des instructions qui, lorsqu'elles sont exécutées par le processeur (2202), amènent l'extrémité de réception (2200) à effectuer les étapes selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 6.

14. Extrémité de transmission (3100), comprenant un processeur (3101), un transmetteur-récepteur (3102) et une mémoire (3104) stockant des instructions qui, lorsqu'elles sont exécutées par le processeur (3101), amènent l'ex-

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trémité de transmission (3100) à effectuer les étapes selon l'une quelconque des revendications 7 à 12.

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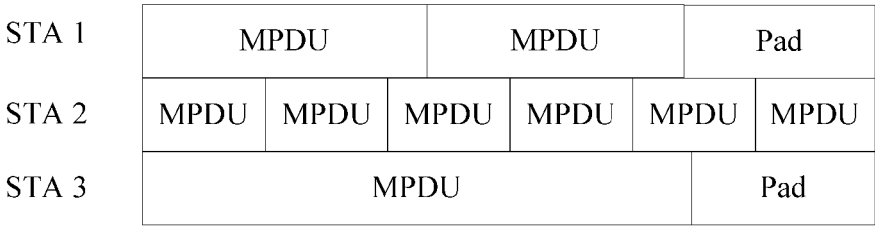


FIG 1

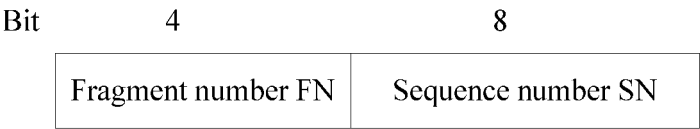


FIG 2

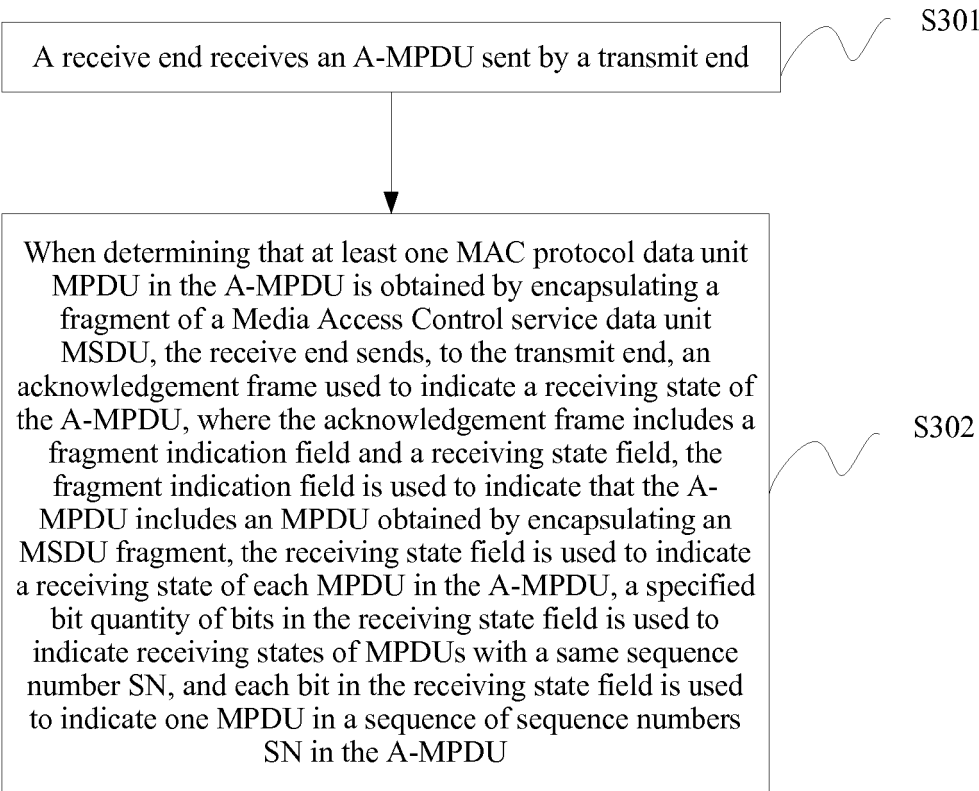


FIG 3

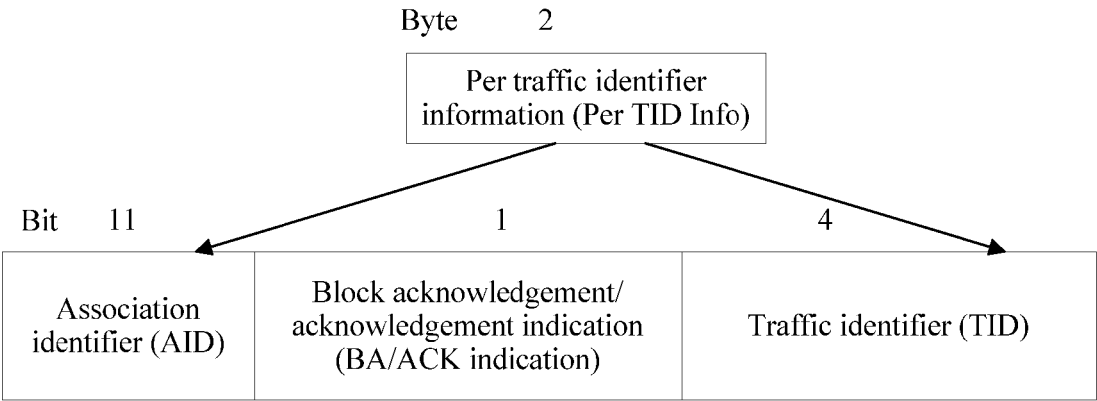


FIG. 4

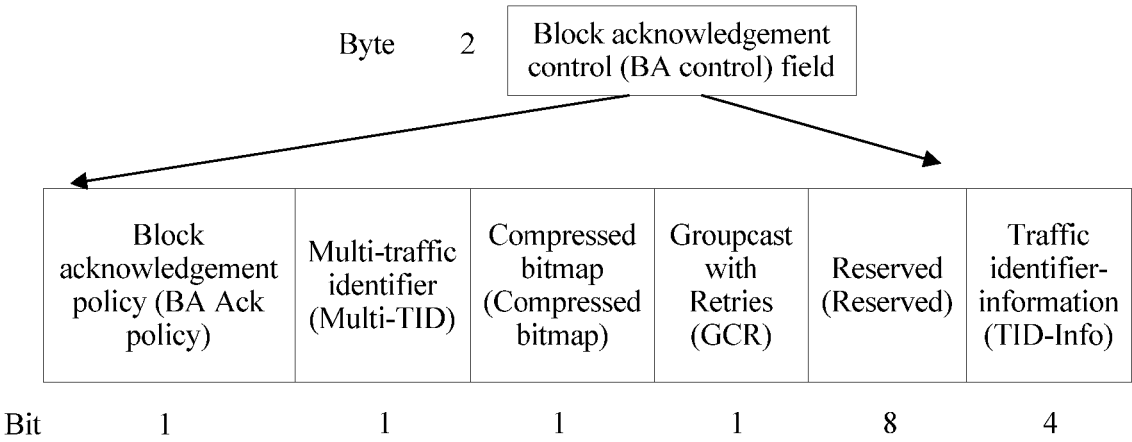


FIG. 5

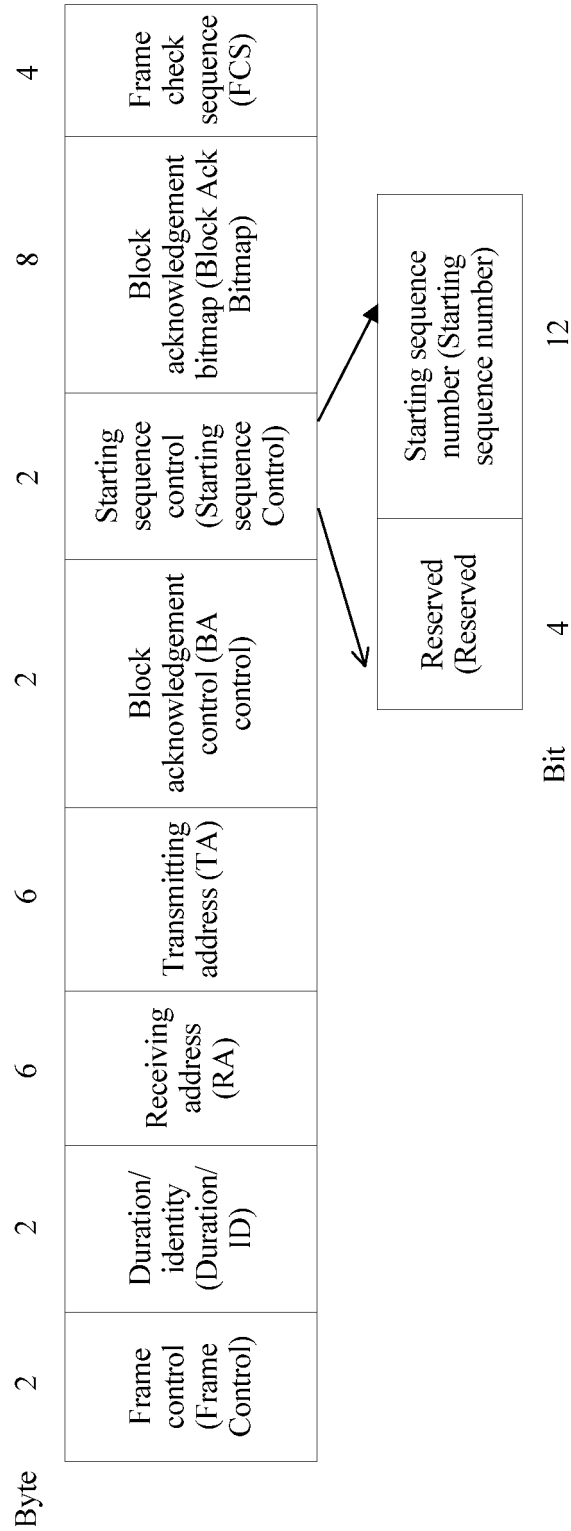


FIG. 6

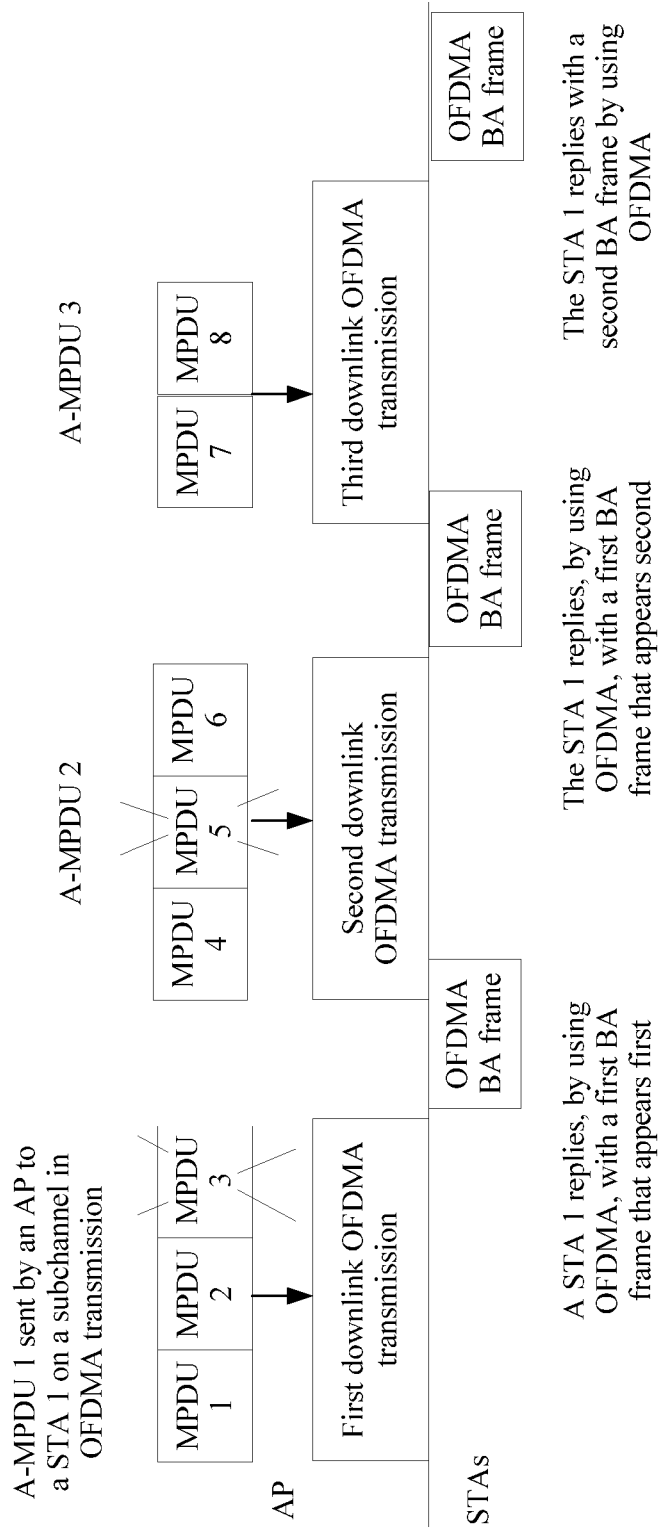


FIG. 7

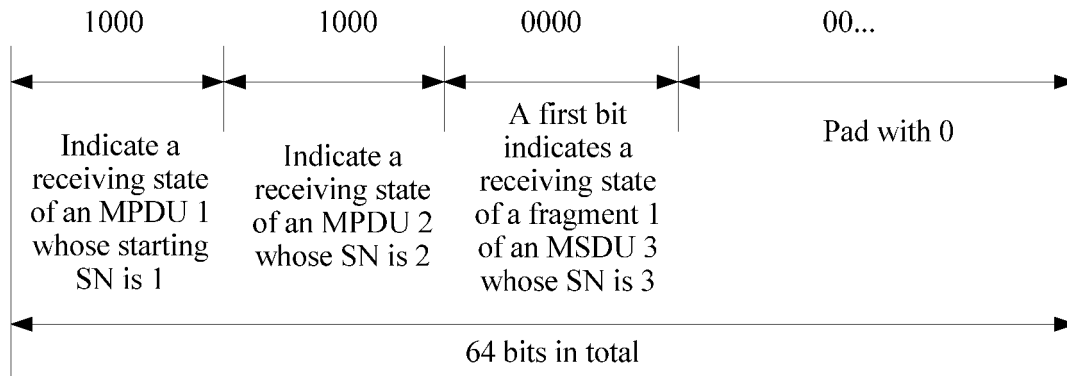


FIG. 8

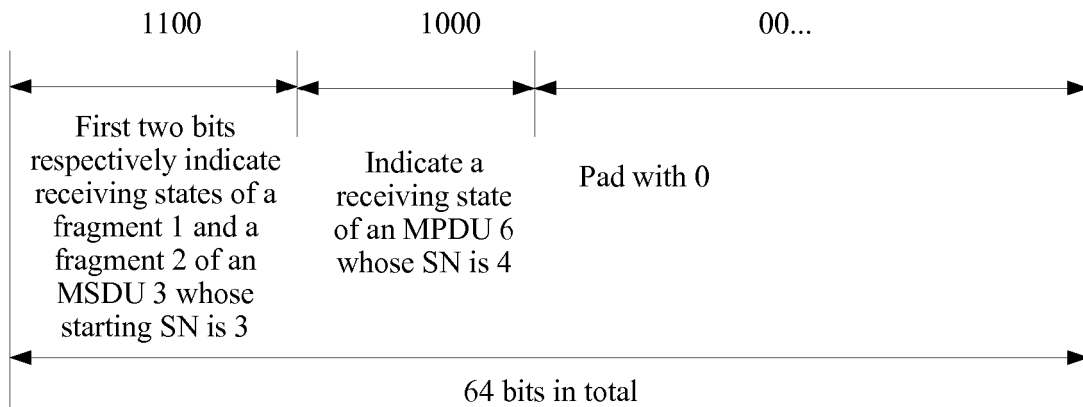


FIG. 9

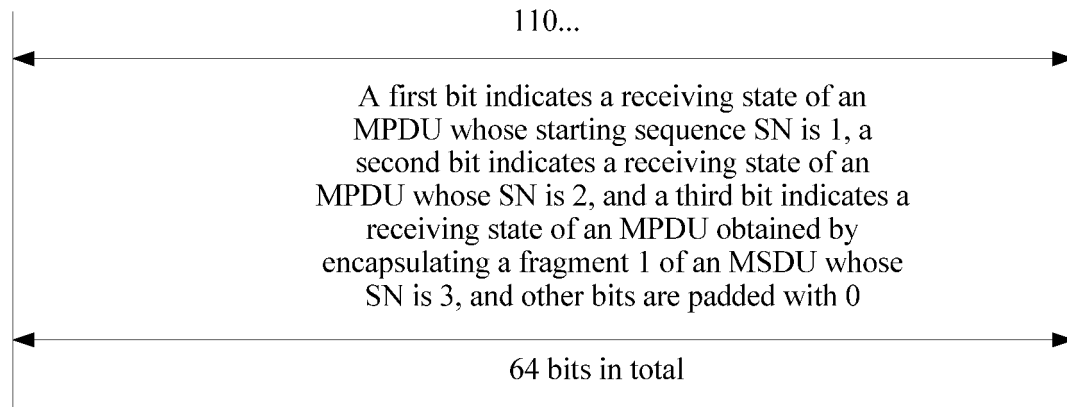


FIG. 10

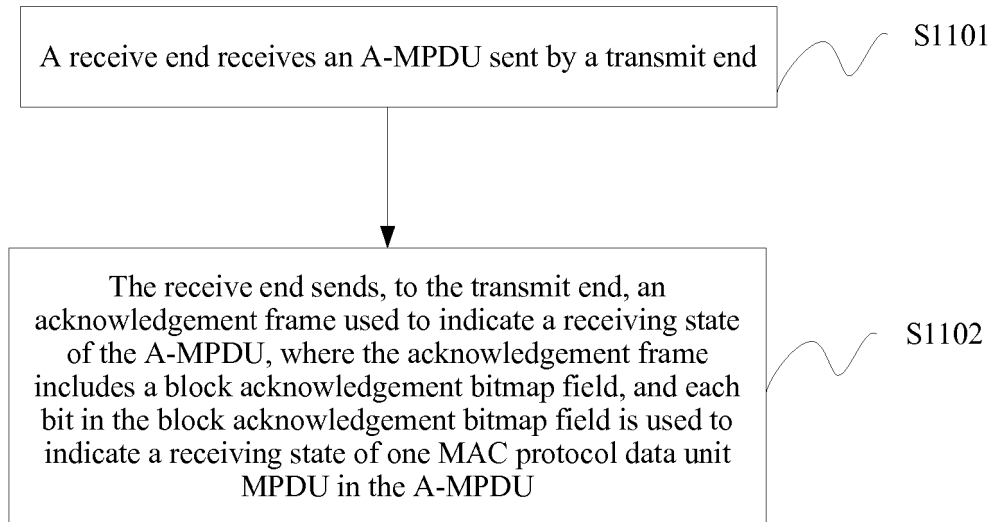


FIG. 11

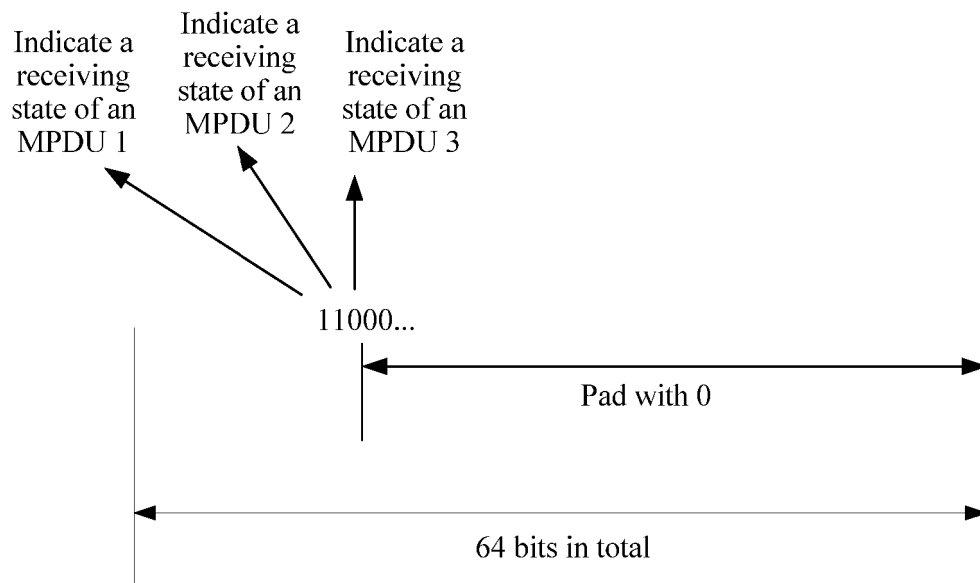


FIG. 12

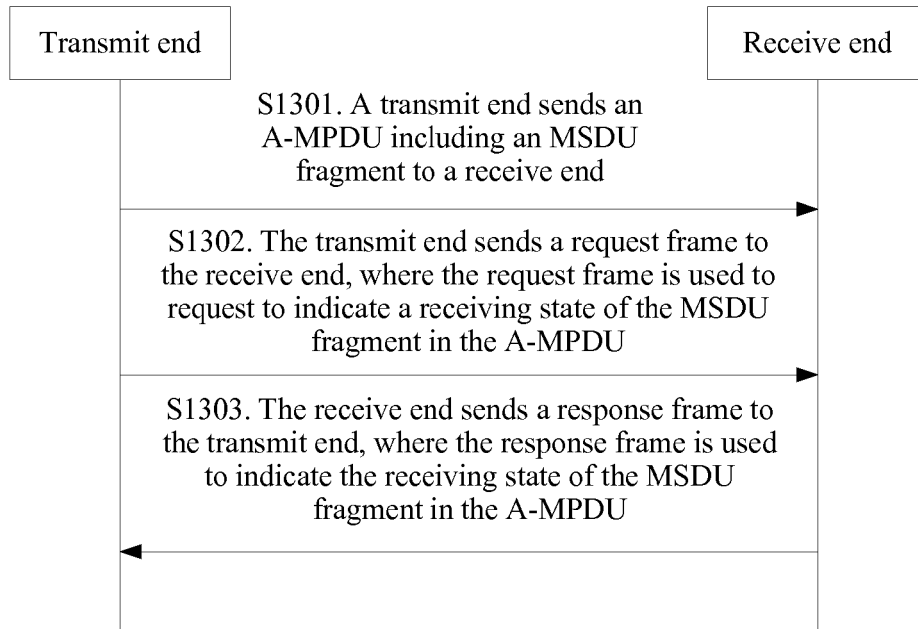


FIG. 13

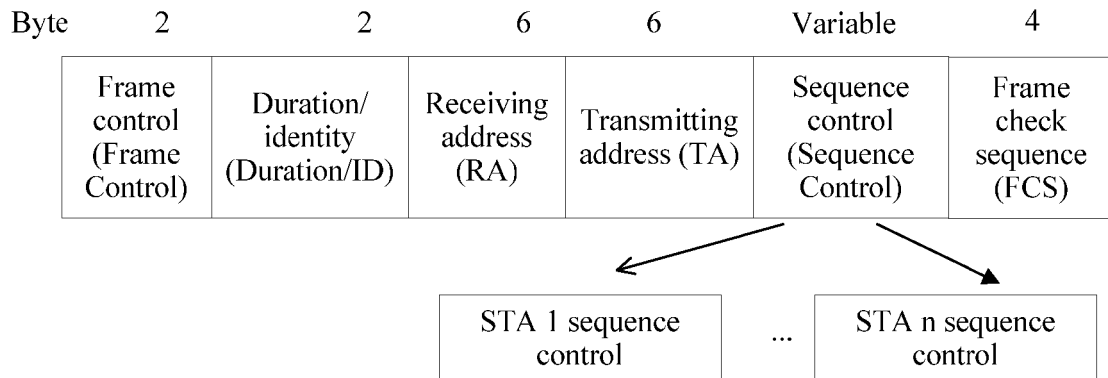


FIG. 14

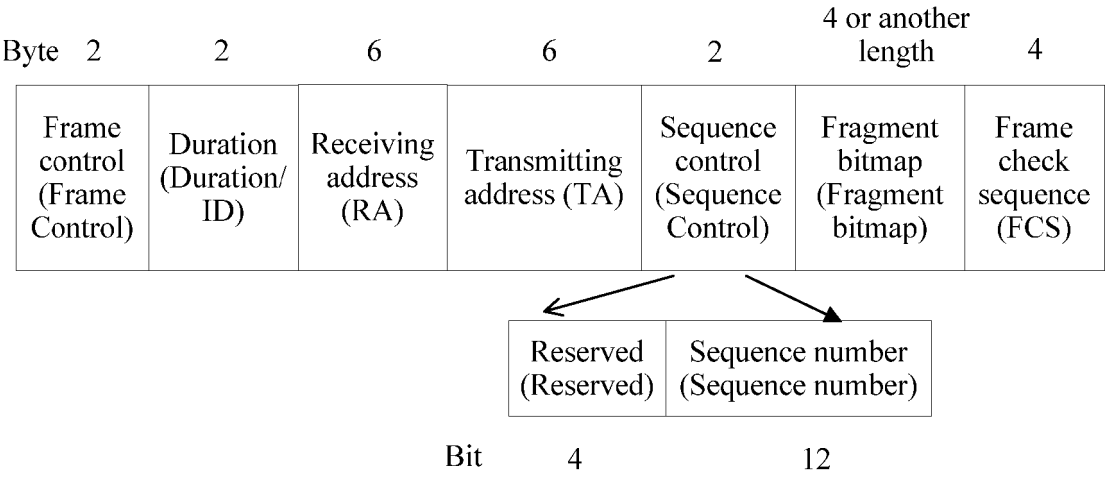


FIG. 15

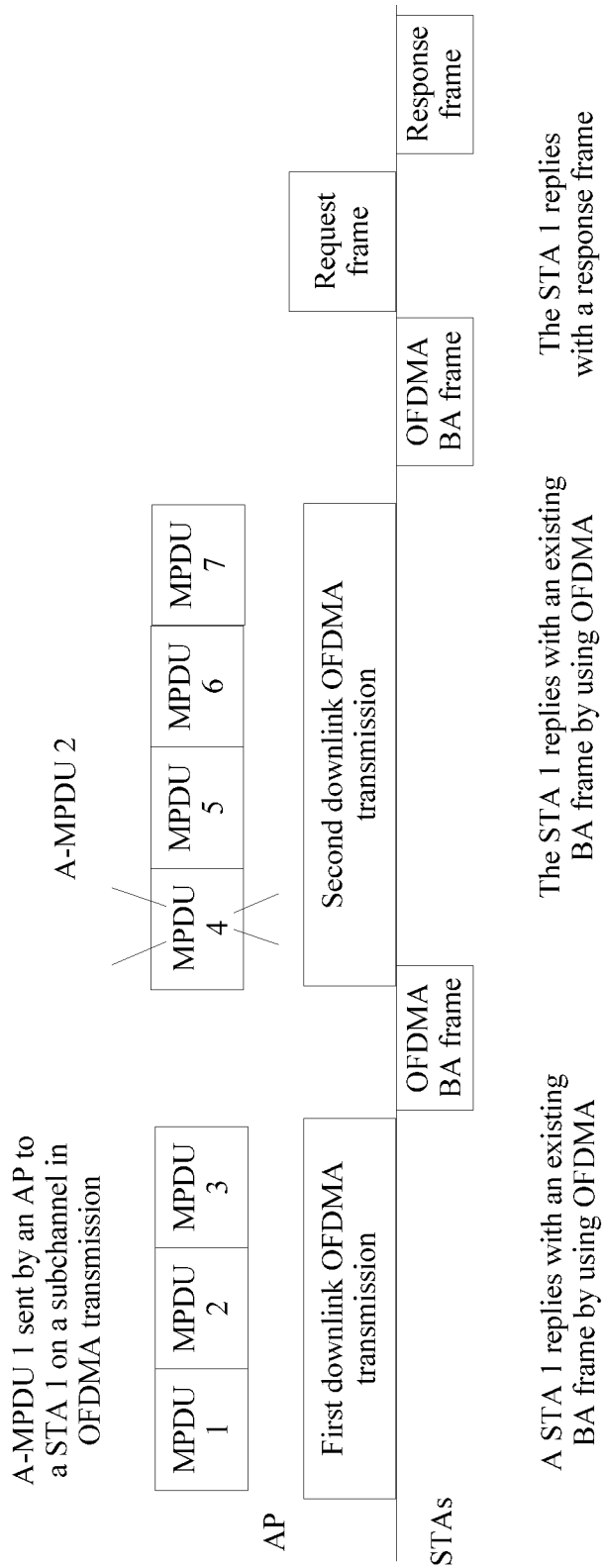


FIG. 16

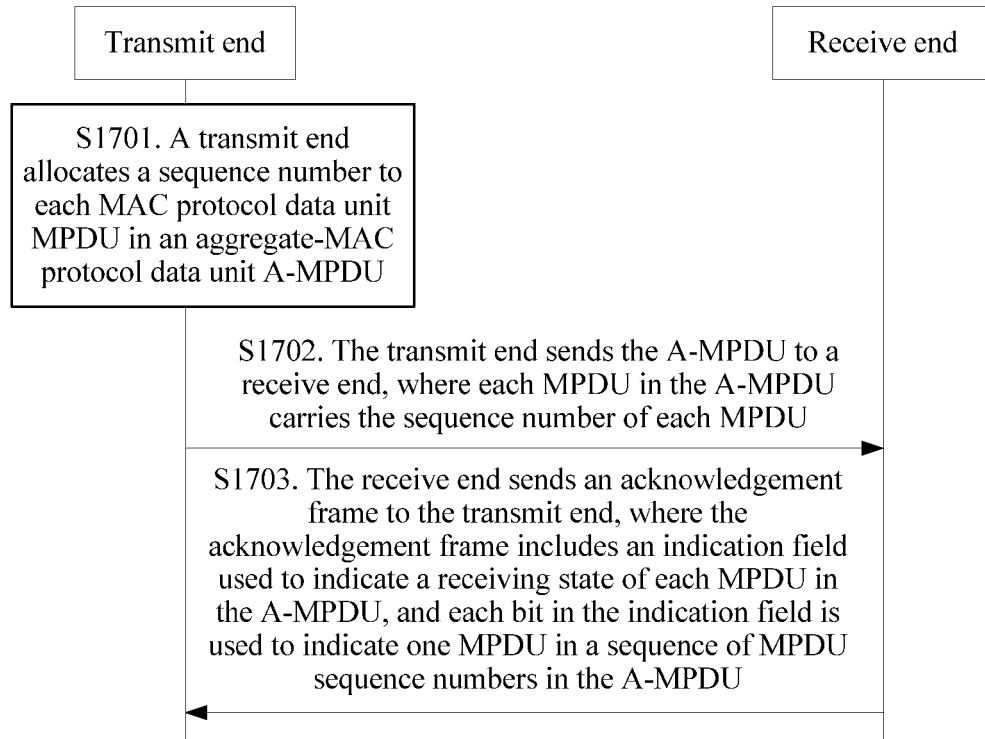


FIG. 17

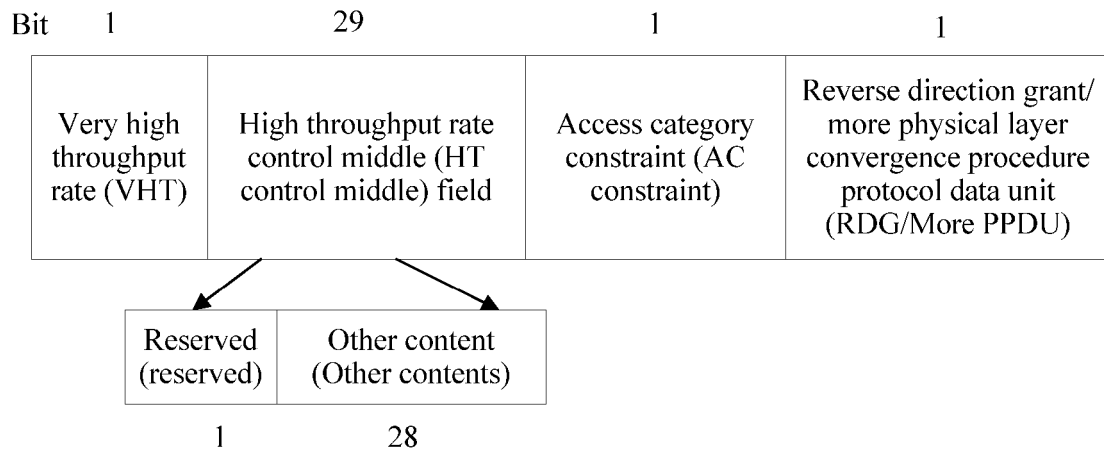


FIG. 18

Bit	4	1	2	1	8
	Traffic identifier (TID)	End of Service Period indication bit/reserved (EOSP/reserved)	Acknowledgment policy (ACK policy)	A-MSDU present/reserved (present/reserved)	Transmit opportunity limit field/queue size field/reserved field (TXOP limit/Queue size/reserved)

FIG. 19

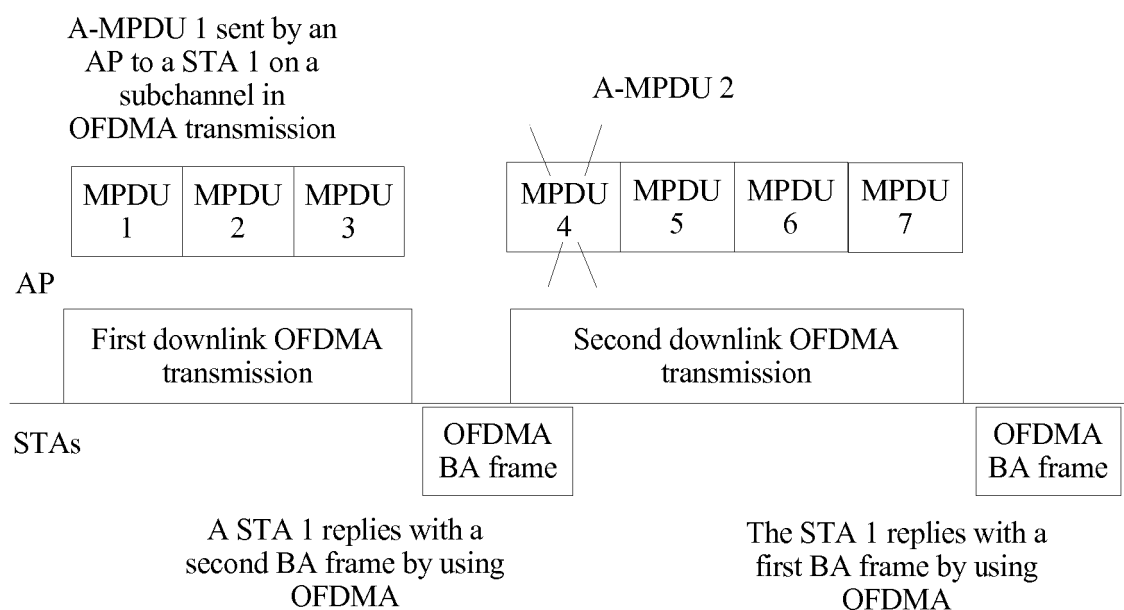


FIG. 20

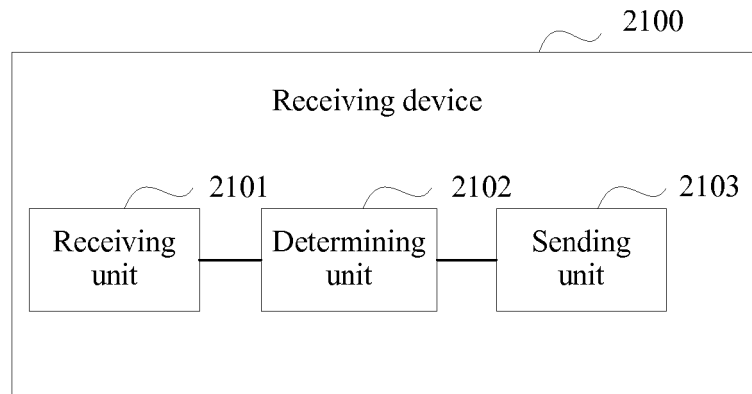


FIG. 21

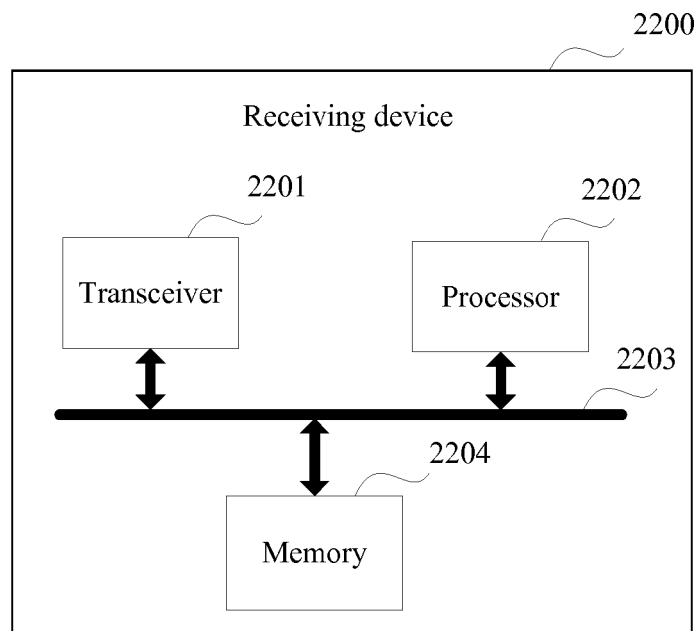


FIG. 22

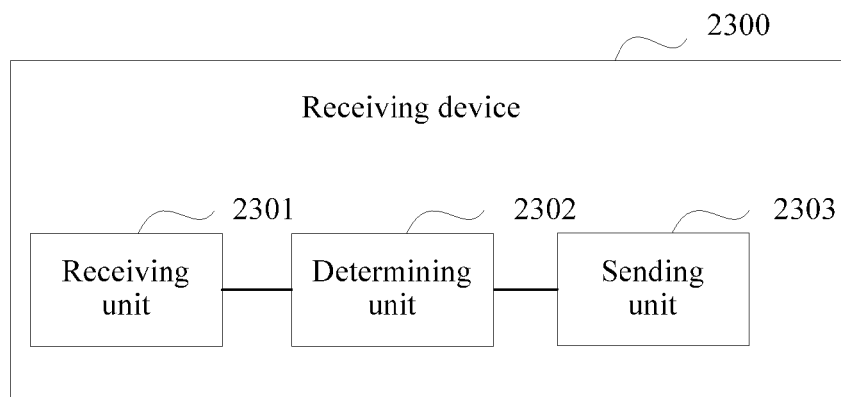


FIG. 23

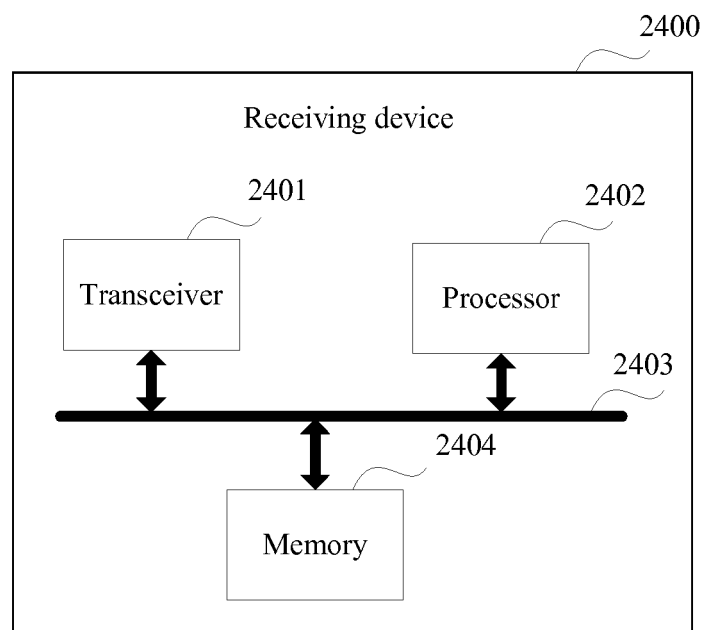


FIG. 24

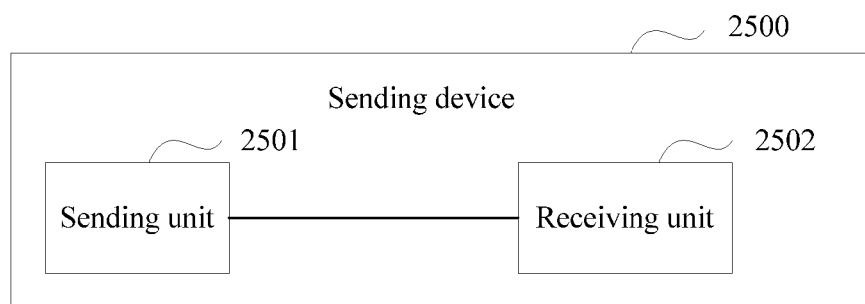


FIG. 25

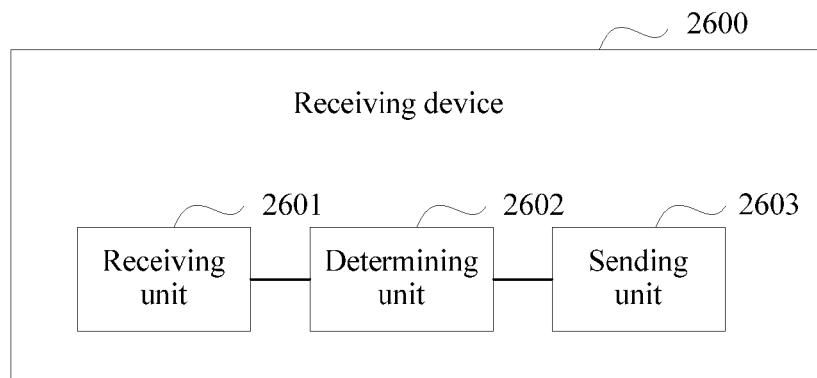


FIG. 26

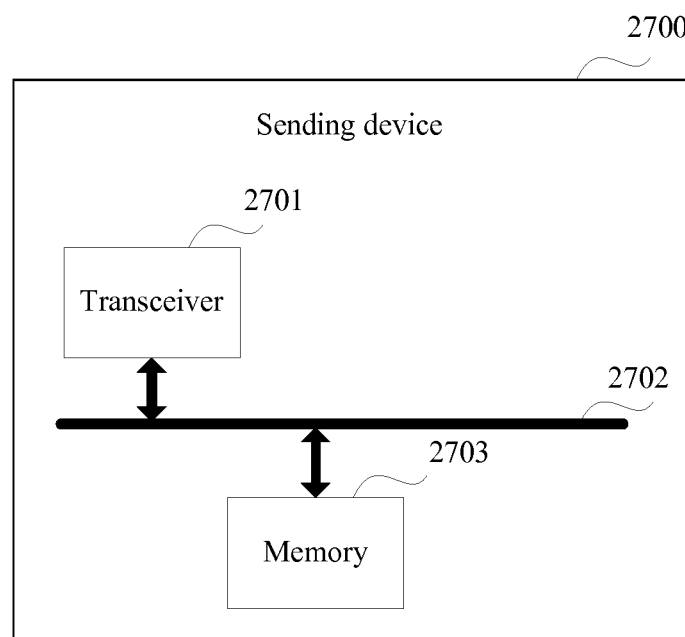


FIG. 27

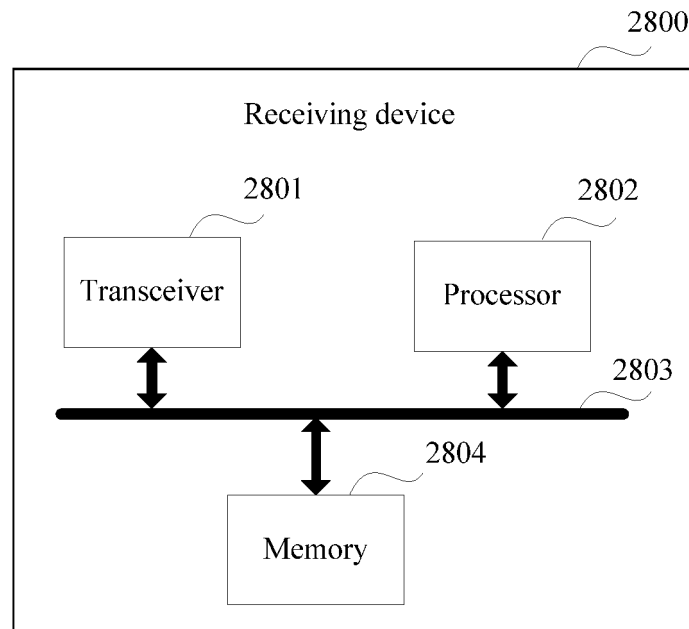


FIG. 28

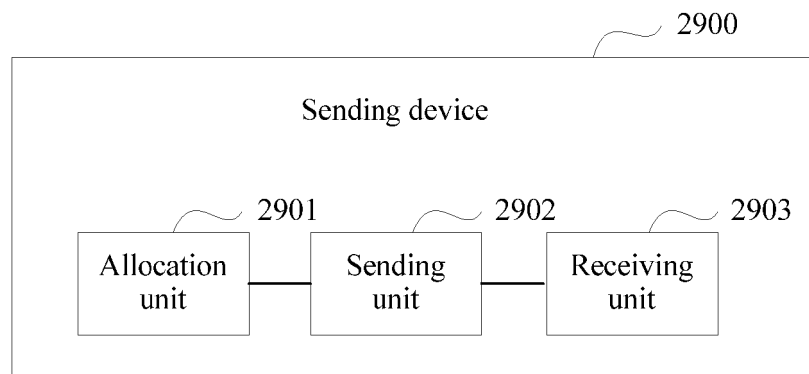


FIG. 29

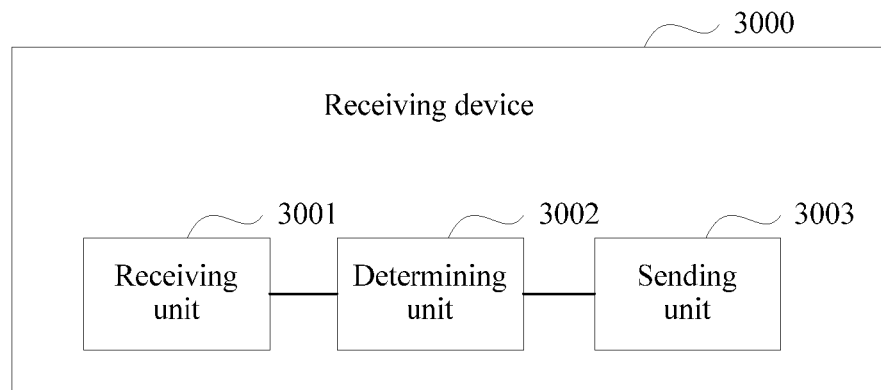


FIG. 30

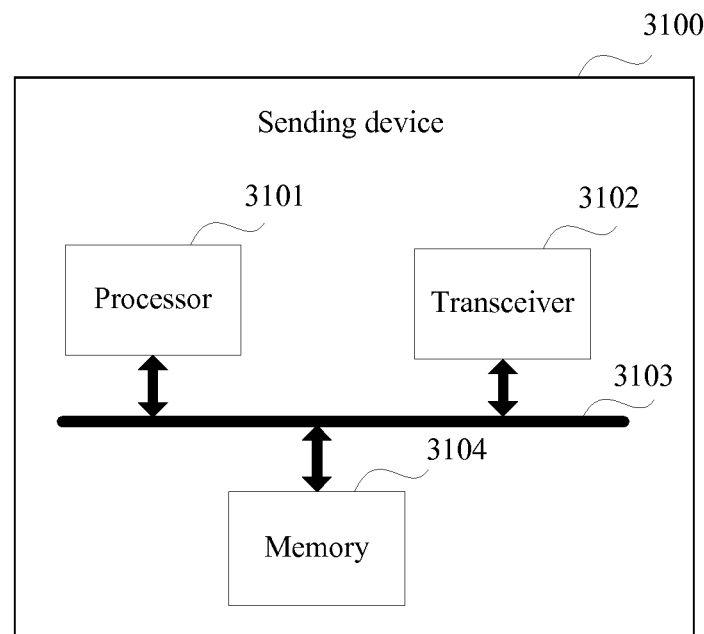


FIG. 31

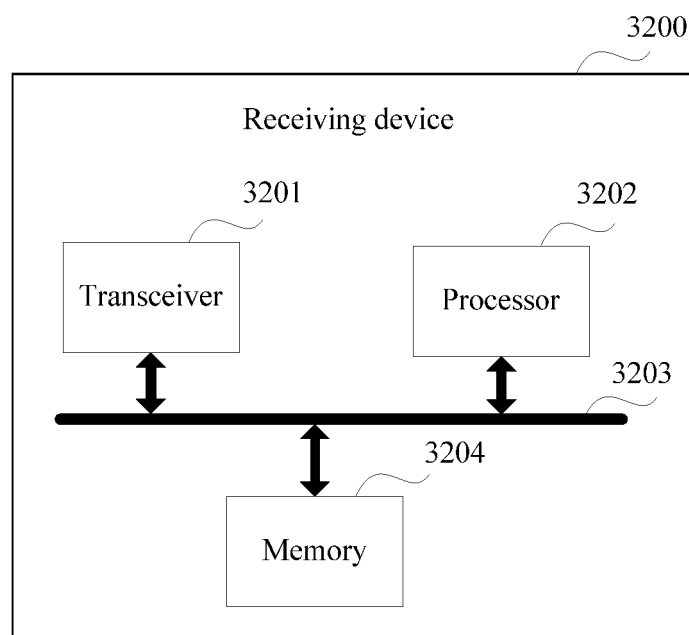


FIG. 32

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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- **ALFRED ASTERJADHI.** *LB200-MAC-Resolution-Clause-8.3.5.1.5;*
11-13-1427-00-00ah-lb200-mac-resolution-clause-8-3-5-1-5, 13 November 2013, vol. 802.11, 1-6 [0011]