

(19)



(11)

EP 3 332 885 A1

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
13.06.2018 Bulletin 2018/24

(51) Int Cl.:
B21D 7/00 (2006.01) **B21D 43/09 (2006.01)**
B21F 99/00 (2009.01)

(21) Application number: **16202527.4**

(22) Date of filing: **06.12.2016**

(84) Designated Contracting States:
AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR
Designated Extension States:
BA ME
Designated Validation States:
MA MD

(72) Inventor: **Huang, Kuo-Chan**
411 Taichung City (TW)

(74) Representative: **Lang, Christian**
LangPatent Anwaltskanzlei
IP Law Firm
Rosenheimer Straße 139
81671 München (DE)

(71) Applicant: **Industro International Co., Ltd.**
Taichung City 411 (TW)

Remarks:

Amended claims in accordance with Rule 137(2) EPC.

(54) **APPARATUS FOR PROTECTIVELY HOLDING AN ELONGATED OBJECT DURING BENDING AND STRETCHING OF THE ELONGATED OBJECT**

(57) An apparatus is provided for protectively hold an elongated object during bending and stretching of the elongated object. The apparatus includes a shell, sleds and roller sets. The shell includes a wall, support portions longitudinally extending on an internal face of the wall, and grooves separated from one another by the support portions. Each of the sleds is inserted in a corresponding

one of the grooves. Each of the roller sets includes rollers attached to a corresponding one of the sleds. Each of the rollers includes a tread. The treads together provide an axial tunnel. A surface of the elongated object is in contact with the concave treads of the rollers when the elongated object is rolled in the axial tunnel during bending or stretching of the elongated object.

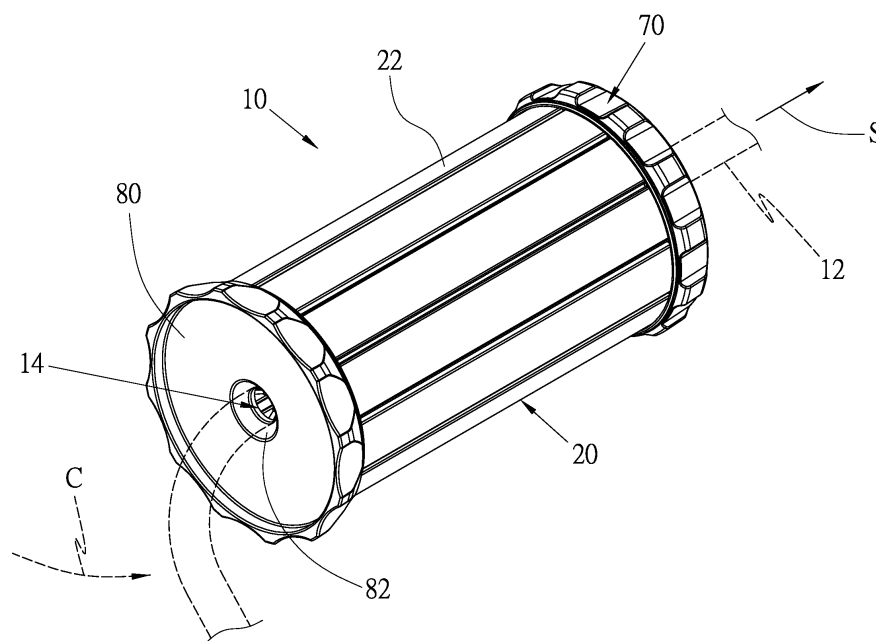


Fig. 9

Description

BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

1. FIELD OF INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to deformation of an elongated object and, more particularly, to an apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object during bending and stretching of the elongated object.

2. RELATED PRIOR ART

[0002] It is sometimes desired to bend an elongated object such as a rod and a tube. For example, a straight plastic tube can be heated and softened before it is bent. A bent plastic tube can be heated and soften before it is stretched. However, such heating is often not even so that a portion of a plastic tube is excessively soft while another portion of the plastic tube is excessively hard. It is troublesome to bend or stretch the portion of the plastic tube that is excessively soft or hard.

[0003] A straight metal tube can be bent by forging or another proper method for fabrication in a mechanical or hydraulic mold. For example, Taiwan Patent Application Publication No. 353988 discloses a mold 10 for use with a machine 6 to bend a tube 5. The mold 10 includes a desired number of pairs of semi-circular leaf springs 1 and 2 provided on two rods 3 and 4 so that the mold 10 is flexible. The tube 5 is inserted in the mold 10 before the tube 5 is bent by the machine 6. The leaf springs 1 and 2 can be removed from the flexible rods 3 and 4 after the tube 5 is bent by the machine 6. However, the use of the mold 10 is not without any problem. Firstly, it is troublesome to place the pairs of leaf springs 1 and 2 on the flexible rods 3 and 4 or remove the pairs of leaf springs 1 and 2 from the flexible rods 3 and 4 because of the large number of pairs of leaf springs 1 and 2. Secondly, the tube 5 might be scratched by some of the leaf springs 1 and 2.

[0004] The present invention is therefore intended to obviate or at least alleviate the problems encountered in prior art.

SUMMARY OF INVENTION

[0005] It is the primary objective of the present invention to provide an apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object during bending and stretching of the elongated object.

[0006] To achieve the foregoing objective, the apparatus includes a shell, sleds and roller sets. The shell includes a wall, support portions longitudinally extending on an internal face of the wall, peripheral tunnels each extending in a corresponding one of the support portions, and grooves separated from one another by the support portions. Each of the sleds is inserted in a corresponding one of the grooves. Each of the roller sets includes rollers

attached to a corresponding one of the sleds. Each of the rollers includes a tread. The treads together provide an axial tunnel. A surface of the elongated object is in contact with the concave treads of the rollers when the elongated object is rolled in the axial tunnel during bending or stretching of the elongated object.

[0007] Other objectives, advantages and features of the present invention will be apparent from the following description referring to the attached drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0008] The present invention will be described via detailed illustration of two embodiments referring to the drawings wherein:

FIG. 1 is an exploded view of an apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object during bending and stretching of the elongated object according to the first embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is an enlarged partial view of the apparatus shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a cross-sectional view of the apparatus shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is another cross-sectional view of the apparatus shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 5 is a cross-sectional view of the apparatus taken along a line A-A shown in FIG. 4;

FIG. 6 is a cross-sectional view of the apparatus taken along a line B-B shown in FIG. 4;

FIG. 7 is a cross-sectional view of the apparatus in another position than shown in FIG. 4;

FIG. 8 is an enlarged partial view of the apparatus shown in FIG. 3;

FIG. 9 is a perspective view of the apparatus shown in FIG. 1; and

FIG. 10 is an enlarged partial cross-sectional view of an apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object during bending and stretching of the elongated object according to the second embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

[0009] Referring to FIGS. 1 through 8, there is an apparatus 10 for protectively holding an elongated object during bending and stretching of the elongated object. The apparatus 10 includes a shell 20, four sleds 30, four roller sets 40, two rings 50 and 60, a lock 70 and a cover 80 according to a first embodiment of the present invention.

[0010] The shell 20 is preferably made of aluminum by extrusion and includes a wall 22, four ribs 21 and four support portions 24. The ribs 21 are evenly arranged and extend on an internal face of the wall 22. The support portions 24 are also evenly arranged and extend on the internal face of the wall 22. Each support portion 24 includes a peripheral tunnel 28 made therein. Each support

portion 24 includes two faces extending parallel to each other on the outside and two flanges 29 each extending on a corresponding face. Each rib 21 is located in a corresponding peripheral tunnel 28. The wall 22 and the support portions 24 together provide a longitudinal space separated from the peripheral tunnels 28. The longitudinal space looks like an "X" in a cross-sectional view, i.e., it includes four grooves 26 in communication with an axial tunnel 14.

[0011] The shell 20 includes, at a first end 25, four screw holes 23 each made in a corresponding support portion 24. The shell 20 includes, at the second end 27, four more screw holes 23 each made in a corresponding support portion 24.

[0012] Each sled 30 includes a back portion 32, two flank portions 34 and a fin 38. The back portion 32 is formed on the flank portions 34. Each flank portion 34 includes four apertures 36. The fin 38 is formed on the back portion 32.

[0013] Each roller set 40 includes four rollers 42 and four axles 48. Each roller 42 includes a concave tread 44 and an axial aperture 46. The rollers 42 of each roller set 40 are placed between the flank portions 34 of a corresponding sled 30. Each axle 48 is inserted the axial aperture 46 of a corresponding roller 42 and a corresponding aperture 36 of a corresponding flank portion 34, thereby connecting each roller set 40 to a corresponding sled 30.

[0014] Each sled 30 is movably inserted in a corresponding groove 26, between two corresponding support portions 24. The concave tread 44 together render the axial tunnel 14 circular in a cross-sectional view.

[0015] Each sled 30 further includes three elastic elements 90 for contact with two corresponding flanges 29 to keep the sled 30 in the corresponding groove 26. Each elastic element 90 includes a coil spring 92 and a rod 94. The coil spring 92 is formed on a corresponding flank portion 34 of a corresponding sled 30 by making a helical slot in the flank portion 34. The rod 94 extends transversely at an end of the coil spring 92. Each rod 94 includes two ends kept in contact with two corresponding flanges 29 because the rod 94 is biased by the corresponding coil spring 92 that is loaded. Each sled 30 is movable in two senses of a direction M in the corresponding groove 26. The coil springs 92 of each sled 30 are further loaded when the rollers 42 of the corresponding roller set 40 are moved deeper in the corresponding groove 26 under a force. The coil springs 92 of each sled 30 recover when the force stops.

[0016] The ring 50 includes a funnel-shaped portion 52 and several peripheral apertures (not numbered). The peripheral apertures are located around the funnel-shaped portion 52 of the ring 50.

[0017] The ring 60 includes a funnel-shaped portion 62 and an annular lip 64. The funnel-shaped portion 62 is formed at a center of the ring 60. The annular lip 64 extends around the funnel-shaped portion 62.

[0018] The lock 70 includes a circular opening 72 and

bosses 74 formed on an internal face. The bosses 74 are preferably in the form of barbs.

[0019] The cover 80 includes a countersink hole 82 and four strip sets. The countersink hole 82 is centrally made in the cover 80. Each strip set includes three strips 83, strips 84 and 85. The strips 83, 84 and 85 extend from a face of the cover 80. The strips 83, 84 and 85 extend longer than the shell 20. The strips 83, 84 and 85 are separated from one another by slits 88. Each of the strips 83, 84 and 85 includes a groove 81 in an internal face of the back portion. Each of the strips 83, 84 and 85 includes a recess 86 in an external face of the back portion.

[0020] Referring to FIG. 5, each of the strips 83, 84 and 85 includes a back portion extending perpendicularly between two flank portions. The flank portions of each strip 83 are made with height H1. The flank portions of each strip 84 are made with height H2. The flank portions of each strip 85 are made with height H3. The height H1 is smaller than the height H2, and the height H2 is smaller than the height H3. Reasons for difference in the height of the flank portions of the strips 83, 84 and 85 are to be described.

[0021] Several screws 16 are inserted in the screw holes 23 at the first end 25 of the shell 20 via the ring 50, thereby detachably connecting the ring 50 to the first end 25 of the shell 20. The sleds 30 and the roller sets 40 are kept in the shell 20 by the ring 50. The funnel-shaped portion 52 of the ring 50 is in communication with the axial tunnel 14.

[0022] Selectively, the fins 38 of the sleds 30 are inserted in the grooves 81 of the strips 83, 84 or 85 before the strips 83, 84 or 85 are inserted in the grooves 26. For example, the fins 38 are inserted in the grooves 81 of the strips 83 before the strips 83 are inserted in the grooves 26 and the strips 84 and 85 are inserted in the peripheral tunnels 28. Each of the ribs 21 is inserted in a selected one of the slits 88 so that the cover 80 cannot be rotated relative to the shell 20. Now, the recesses 86 are placed out of the shell 20. The sleds 30 are movable in a radial position of the shell 22 within a small range because the thickness of the strips 83 is marginally smaller than a gap between the wall 22 and the sleds 30. The cover 80 protects the ring 50 as the cover 80 is connected to the first end 25 of the shell 20. The countersink hole 82 of the cover 80 is in communication with the funnel-shaped portion 52 of the ring 50.

[0023] The lock 70 is placed at the second end 27 of the shell 20. The bosses 74 of the lock 70 can be inserted in the recesses 86 of the strips 83, 84 and 85 to lock the cover 80 to the lock 70. Thus, the cover 80 can be locked to the shell 20 by the lock 70.

[0024] Other screws 16 are inserted in the screw holes 23 at the second end 27 of the shell 20 via the ring 60, thereby detachably connecting the ring 60 to the second end 27 of the shell 20. The ring 60 retains the lock 70 near the second end 27 of the shell 20 but allows the lock 70 to rotate between a locking position and an unlocking

position. The annular lip 64 is inserted in the circular opening 72 to guide the lock 70. The diameter of the funnel-shaped portion 62 gets smaller as the funnel-shaped portion 62 extends toward the cover 80.

[0025] Referring to FIGS. 3 and 6, the lock 70 is in the locking position. The bosses 74 are inserted in the recesses 86, thereby locking the cover 80 to the shell 20.

[0026] Referring to FIGS. 4 and 7, the lock 70 is in the unlocking position. The bosses 74 are located out of the recesses 86 to allow detachment of the cover 80 from the shell 20.

[0027] Referring to FIGS. 3 and 9, in a sense of direction indicated by an arrow head S, a first section of an elongated object 12 is inserted in the axial tunnel 14 via the countersink hole 82 of the cover 80. The first section of the elongated object 12 is moved out of the axial tunnel 14 via the funnel-shaped portion 62 of the ring 60.

[0028] A second section of the elongated object 12 is inserted in the axial tunnel 14. The second section of the elongated object 12 is in contact with the concave treads 44 of the rollers 42 of the roller sets 40.

[0029] A third section of the elongated object 12 is bent in a sense of direction as indicated by an arrow head C. Thus, the elongated object 12 can be smoothly bent to a desired angle. The elongated object 12 can be metal tube or a metal rod.

[0030] The back portions 32 of the sleds 30 are supported by the flank portions of the strips 83 and the fins 38 are inserted in the grooves 81 of the strips 83 if the diameter or external diameter of the elongated object 12 is large. The back portions 32 of the sleds 30 are supported by the flank portions of the strips 84 and the fins 38 are inserted in the grooves 81 of the strips 84 if the diameter or external diameter of the elongated object 12 is medium. The back portions 32 of the sleds 30 are placed against the flank portions of the strips 85 and the fins 38 are inserted in the grooves 81 of the strips 85 if the diameter or external diameter of the elongated object 12 is small. Thus, the apparatus 10 is useful for protectively holding elongated objects of various sizes.

[0031] Referring to FIG. 10, there is an apparatus 10 for protectively holding an elongated object 12 during bending and stretching of the elongated object 12 according to a second embodiment of the present invention. The second embodiment is identical to the first embodiment except for several things. Firstly, each sled 30 does not include any coil spring. Secondly, each flank portion 34 includes three grooves 98 near the flanges 29. Thirdly, compression springs 96 are used instead of the elastic elements 90. The compression springs 96 are inserted in the grooves 98. Each compression spring 96 includes an end abutted against the flanges 29 and another end in contact with a closed end of a corresponding groove 98. The elastic elements 90 can bias and hence turn the sleds 30 back to the normal position in the sense of direction indicated by the arrow head M.

[0032] The present invention has been described via the illustration of the embodiments. Those skilled in the

art can derive variations from the embodiments without departing from the scope of the present invention. Therefore, the embodiments shall not limit the scope of the present invention defined in the claims.

Claims

1. An apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object, the apparatus comprising:

a shell (20) comprising a wall (22), support portions (24) longitudinally extending on an internal face of the wall (22), and grooves (26) separated from one another by the support portions (24); sleds (30) each inserted in a corresponding one of the grooves (26); and

roller sets (40) each comprising rollers (42) attached to a corresponding one of the sleds (30), wherein each of the rollers (42) comprises a tread (44) so that the treads (44) together provide an axial tunnel (14), and a surface of the elongated object (12) is in contact with the treads (44) of the rollers (42) when the elongated object (12) is rolled in the axial tunnel (14) during bending or stretching of the elongated object (12).

2. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 1, wherein the treads (44) of the rollers (42) are concave and together render the axial tunnel (14) substantially circular in a cross-sectional view.

3. The apparatus for bending and stretching an elongated object according to claim 1, further comprising a first ring (50) attached to an end (25) of the shell (20) and a second ring (60) attached to another end (27) of the shell (20) to keep the sleds (30) and the roller sets (40) in the shell (20), wherein each of the first and second rings (50, 60) comprises a funnel-shaped portion (52, 62) in communication with the axial tunnel (14).

4. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 3, further comprising a cover (80) detachably connected to the shell (20) to cover the first ring (50).

5. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 4, wherein the cover (80) comprises strip sets each comprising at least one strip (83) extending throughout a corresponding one of the grooves (26) and placed against a corresponding one of the sleds (30).

6. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 5, wherein each of the strips (83) comprises a groove (81), and each of the sleds

(30) comprises a fin (38) inserted in a corresponding one of the grooves (81).

7. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 5, further comprising a lock (70) rotationally supported on the second ring (60) between a locking position for locking the strips (83) of the cover (80) to the shell (20) and an unlocking position for unlocking the strips (83) of the cover (80) relative to the shell (20).

8. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 7, wherein each of the strips (83) comprises a recess (86), and the lock (70) comprises bosses (74) inserted in the recesses (86) when the lock (70) is in the locking position and movable in slits (88) between the strips (83) when the lock (70) is in the unlocking position.

9. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 8, wherein the shell (20) comprises peripheral tunnels (28) each made in a corresponding one of the support portions (24), each of the strip sets comprises strips (83, 84, 85) of various thickness, and a selected one of the strips (83) of each of the strip sets extends throughout the grooves (26) while the other strips (84, 85) of each of the strip sets extend throughout a corresponding one of the peripheral tunnels (28).

10. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 9, wherein the shell (20) comprises ribs (21) each formed in a corresponding one of the peripheral tunnels (28) and placed between the strips (84, 85) inserted in the corresponding peripheral tunnel (28).

11. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 7, wherein the lock (70) comprising a circular opening (72), and the second ring (60) comprises an annular lip (64) inserted in the circular opening of the lock (70) to render the lock (70) smoothly rotatable on the second ring (60).

12. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 1, wherein the shell (20) further comprises flanges (29) for keeping the sleds (30) in the grooves (26).

13. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 12, further comprising elastic elements (90) for biasing the sleds (30) away from the flanges (29).

14. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 13, wherein each of the elastic elements (90) comprises a coil spring (92) formed on the corresponding sled (30) and a rod (94)

formed on the coil spring (92) and abutted against the flanges (29).

15. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 12, further comprising compression springs (96) each comprising an end abutted against the corresponding sled (30) and another end placed against the corresponding flanges (29).

Amended claims in accordance with Rule 137(2) EPC.

1. An apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object, the apparatus comprising a shell (20) with a wall (22)

characterised in that

the shell (20) further comprises support portions (24) longitudinally extending on an internal face of the wall (22) and grooves (26) separated from one another by the support portions (24);

and the apparatus further comprises

sleds (30) each inserted in a corresponding one of the grooves (26); and roller sets (40) each comprising rollers (42) attached to a corresponding one of the sleds (30), wherein each of the rollers (42) comprises a tread (44) so that the treads (44) together provide an axial tunnel (14), and a surface of the elongated object (12) is in contact with the treads (44) of the rollers (42) when the elongated object (12) is rolled in the axial tunnel (14) during bending or stretching of the elongated object (12).

2. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 1, wherein the treads (44) of the rollers (42) are concave and together render the axial tunnel (14) substantially circular in a cross-sectional view.

3. The apparatus for bending and stretching an elongated object according to claim 1, further comprising a first ring (50) attached to an end (25) of the shell (20) and a second ring (60) attached to another end (27) of the shell (20) to keep the sleds (30) and the roller sets (40) in the shell (20), wherein each of the first and second rings (50, 60) comprises a funnel-shaped portion (52, 62) in communication with the axial tunnel (14).

4. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 3, further comprising a cover (80) detachably connected to the shell (20) to cover the first ring (50).

5. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 4, wherein the cover (80) comprises strip sets each comprising at least one strip (83) extending throughout a corresponding one

of the grooves (26) and placed against a corresponding one of the sleds (30).

6. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 5, wherein each of the strips (83) comprises a groove (81), and each of the sleds (30) comprises a fin (38) inserted in a corresponding one of the grooves (81). 5
7. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 5, further comprising a lock (70) rotationally supported on the second ring (60) between a locking position for locking the strips (83) of the cover (80) to the shell (20) and an unlocking position for unlocking the strips (83) of the cover (80) relative to the shell (20). 10 15
8. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 7, wherein each of the strips (83) comprises a recess (86), and the lock (70) comprises bosses (74) inserted in the recesses (86) when the lock (70) is in the locking position and movable in slits (88) between the strips (83) when the lock (70) is in the unlocking position. 20 25
9. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 8, wherein the shell (20) comprises peripheral tunnels (28) each made in a corresponding one of the support portions (24), each of the strip sets comprises strips (83, 84, 85) of various thickness, and a selected one of the strips (83) of each of the strip sets extends throughout the grooves (26) while the other strips (84, 85) of each of the strip sets extend throughout a corresponding one of the peripheral tunnels (28). 30 35
10. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 9, wherein the shell (20) comprises ribs (21) each formed in a corresponding one of the peripheral tunnels (28) and placed between the strips (84, 85) inserted in the corresponding peripheral tunnel (28). 40
11. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 7, wherein the lock (70) comprising a circular opening (72), and the second ring (60) comprises an annular lip (64) inserted in the circular opening of the lock (70) to render the lock (70) smoothly rotatable on the second ring (60). 45 50
12. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 1, wherein the shell (20) further comprises flanges (29) for keeping the sleds (30) in the grooves (26). 55
13. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 12, further comprising elastic elements (90) for biasing the sleds (30) away from

the flanges (29).

14. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 13, wherein each of the elastic elements (90) comprises a coil spring (92) formed on the corresponding sled (30) and a rod (94) formed on the coil spring (92) and abutted against the flanges (29).
15. The apparatus for protectively holding an elongated object according to claim 12, further comprising compression springs (96) each comprising an end abutted against the corresponding sled (30) and another end placed against the corresponding flanges (29).

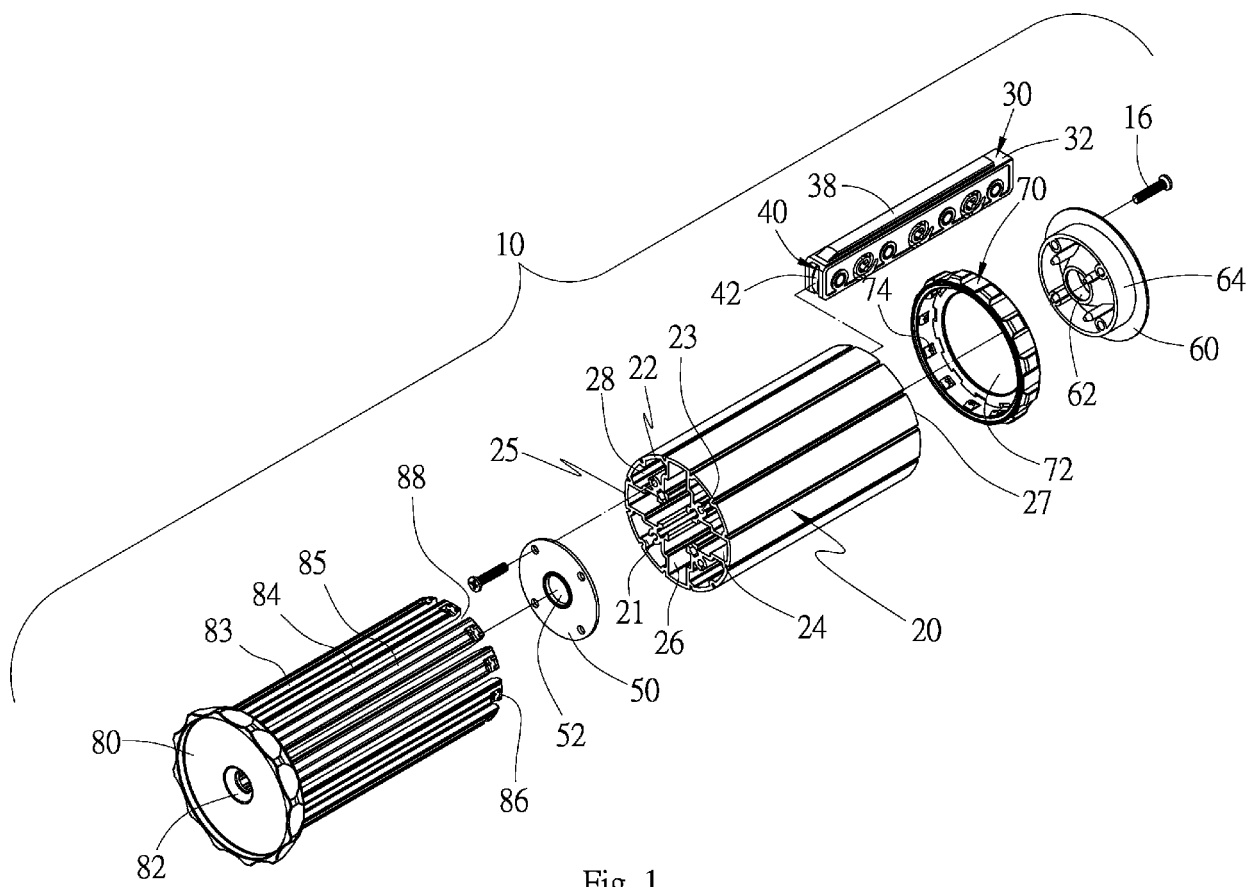


Fig. 1

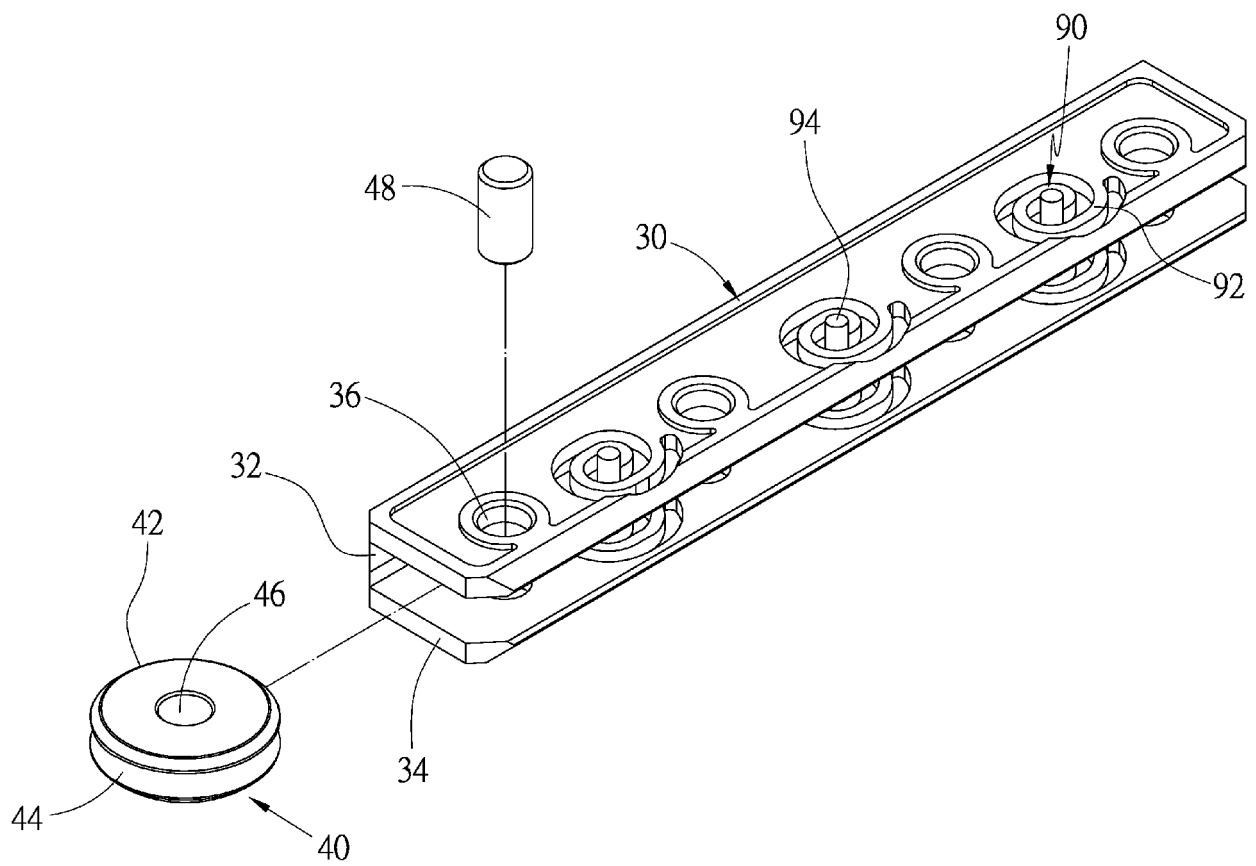


Fig. 2

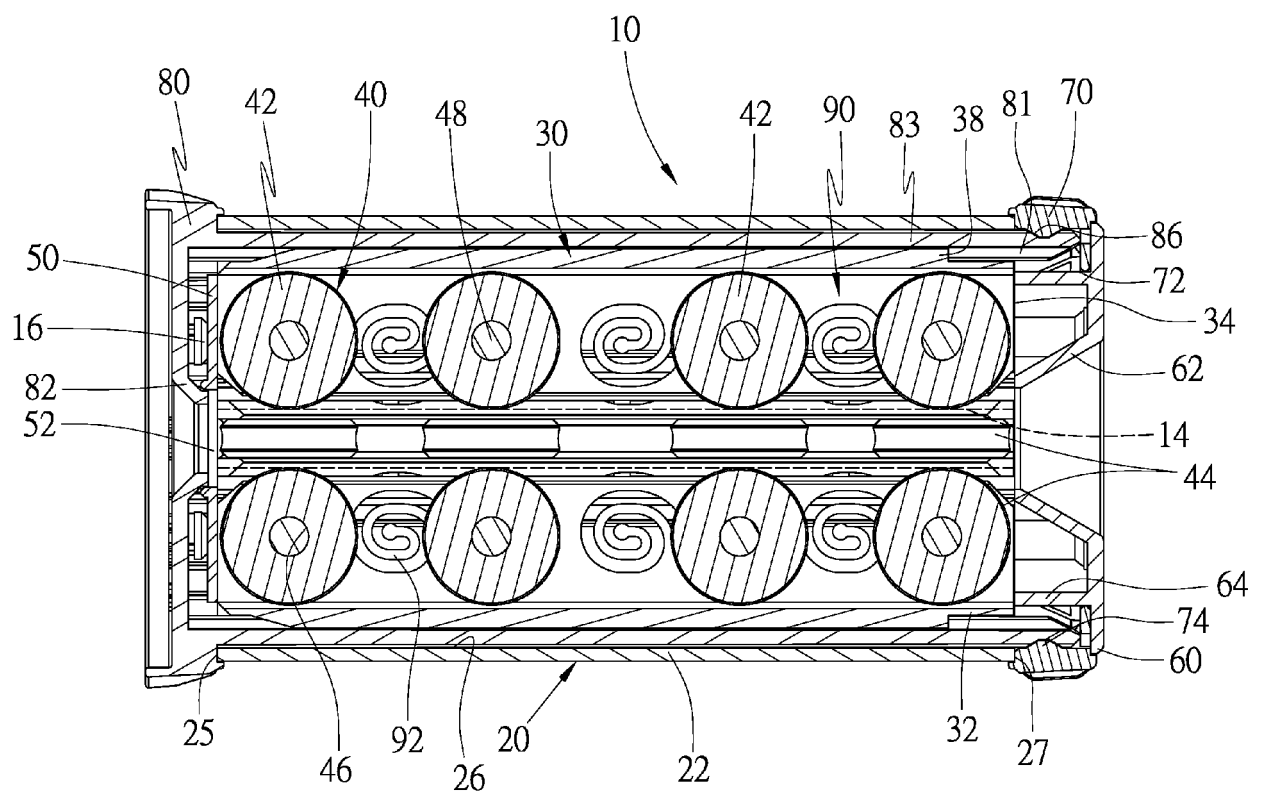


Fig. 3

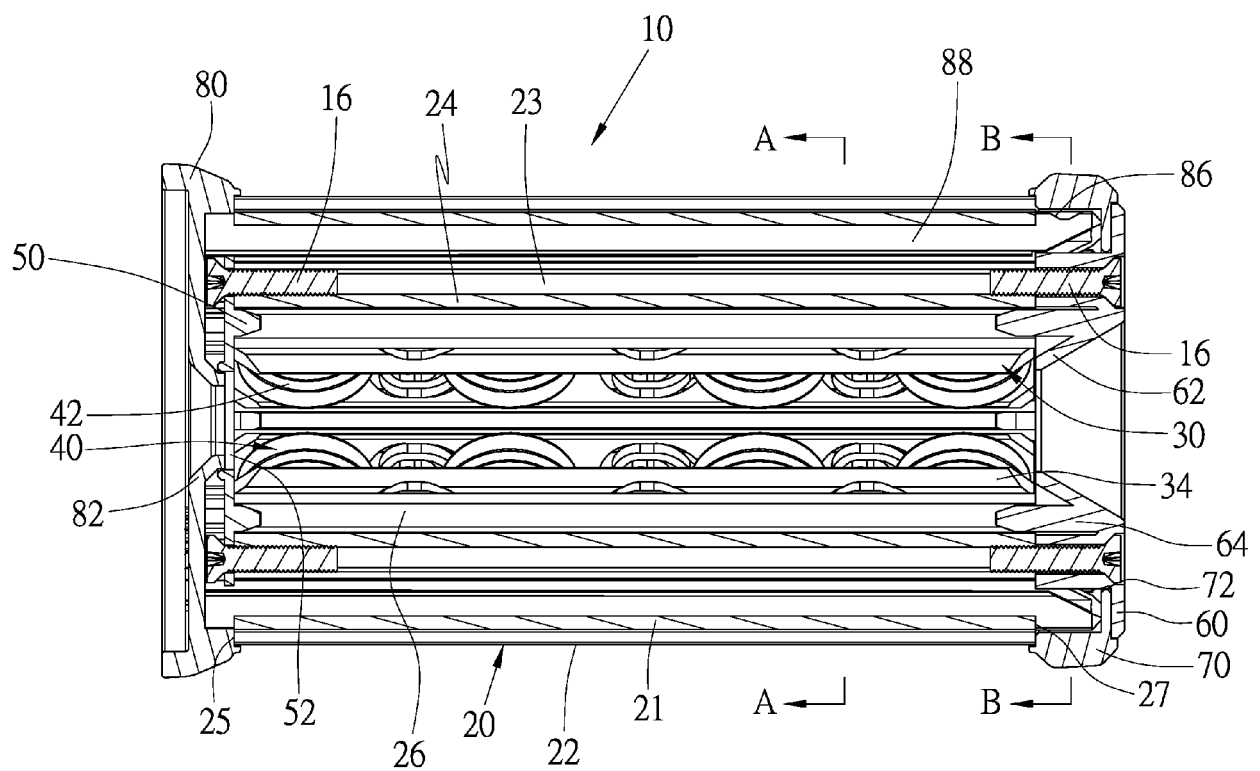


Fig. 4

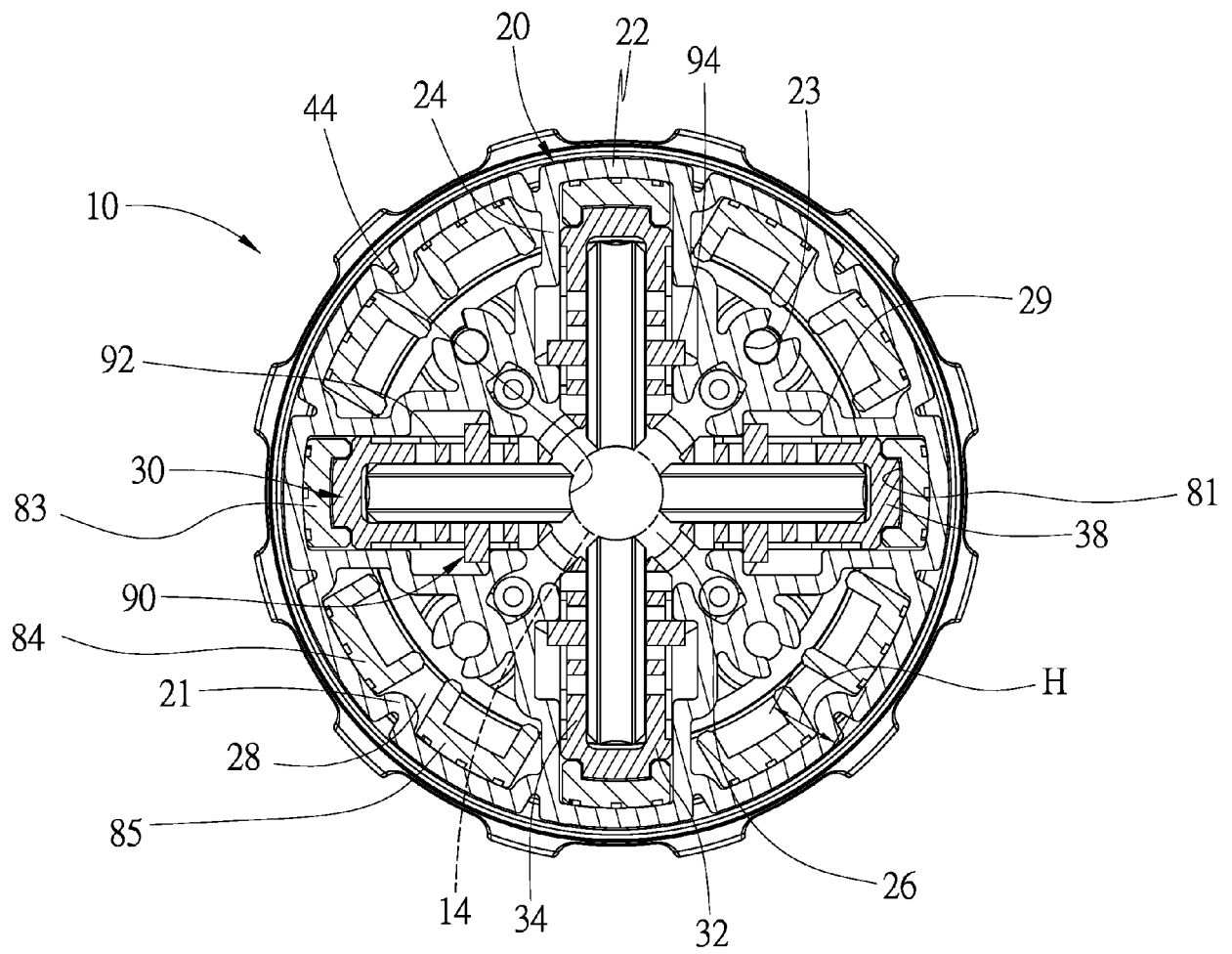


Fig. 5

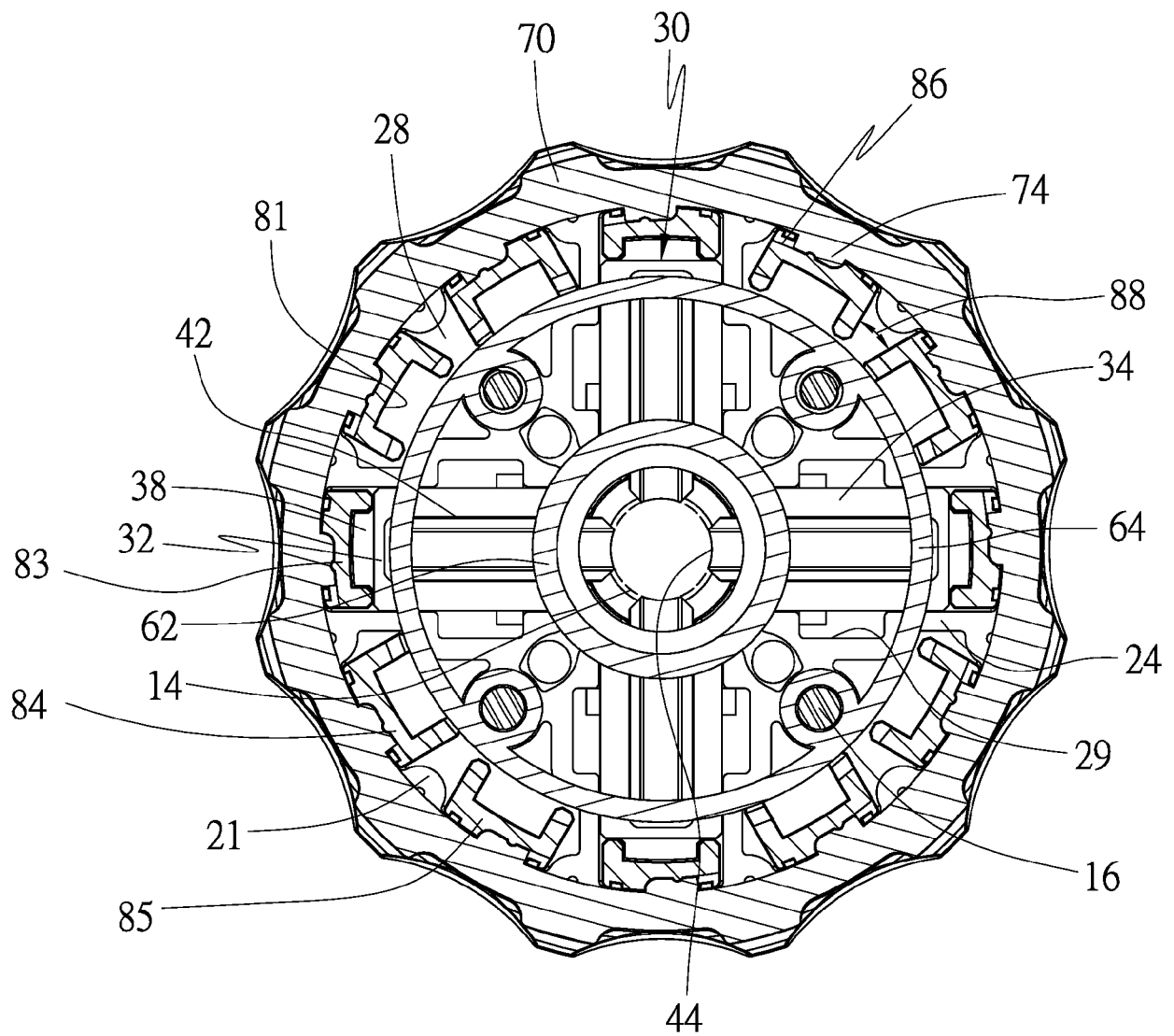


Fig. 6

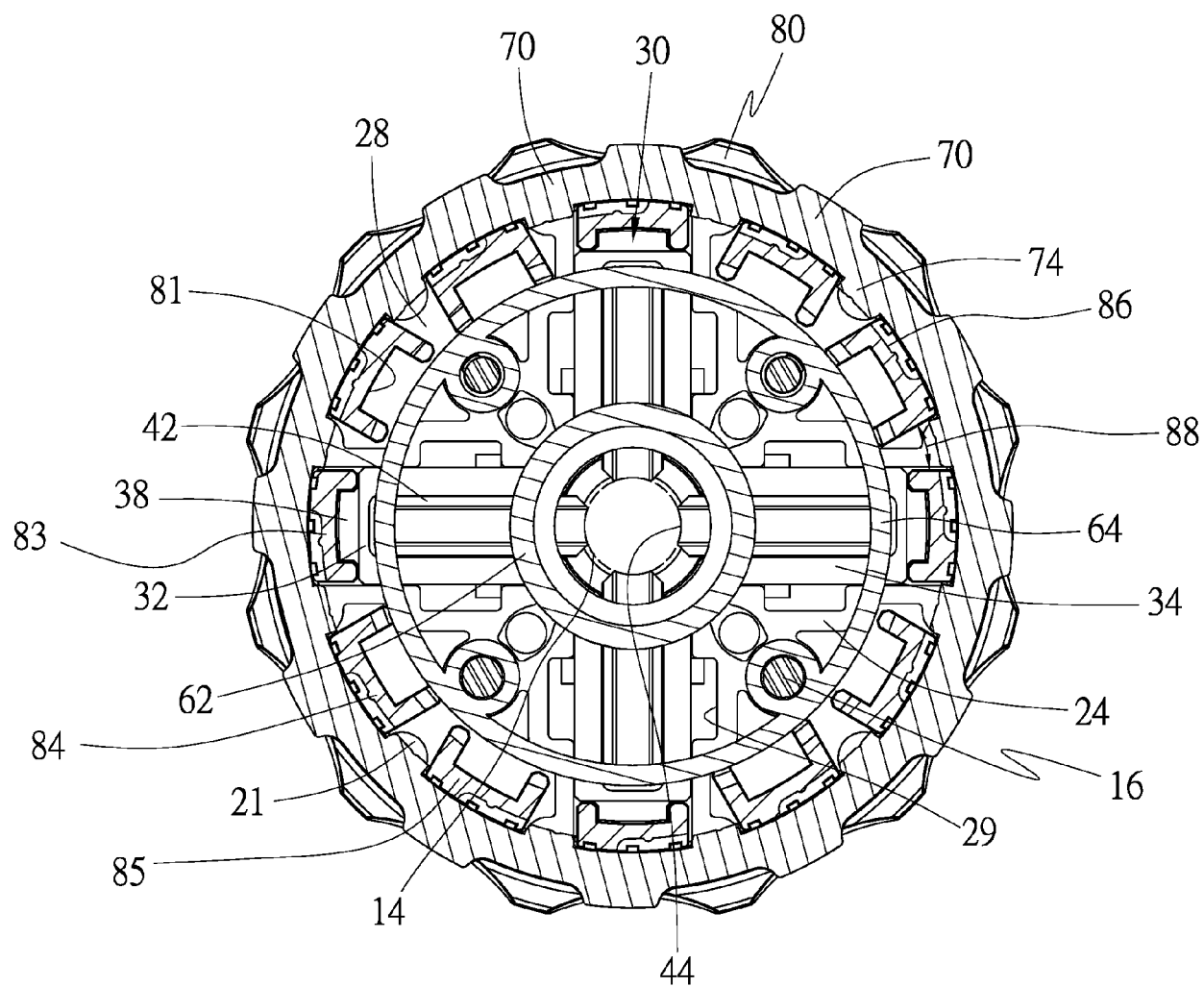


Fig. 7

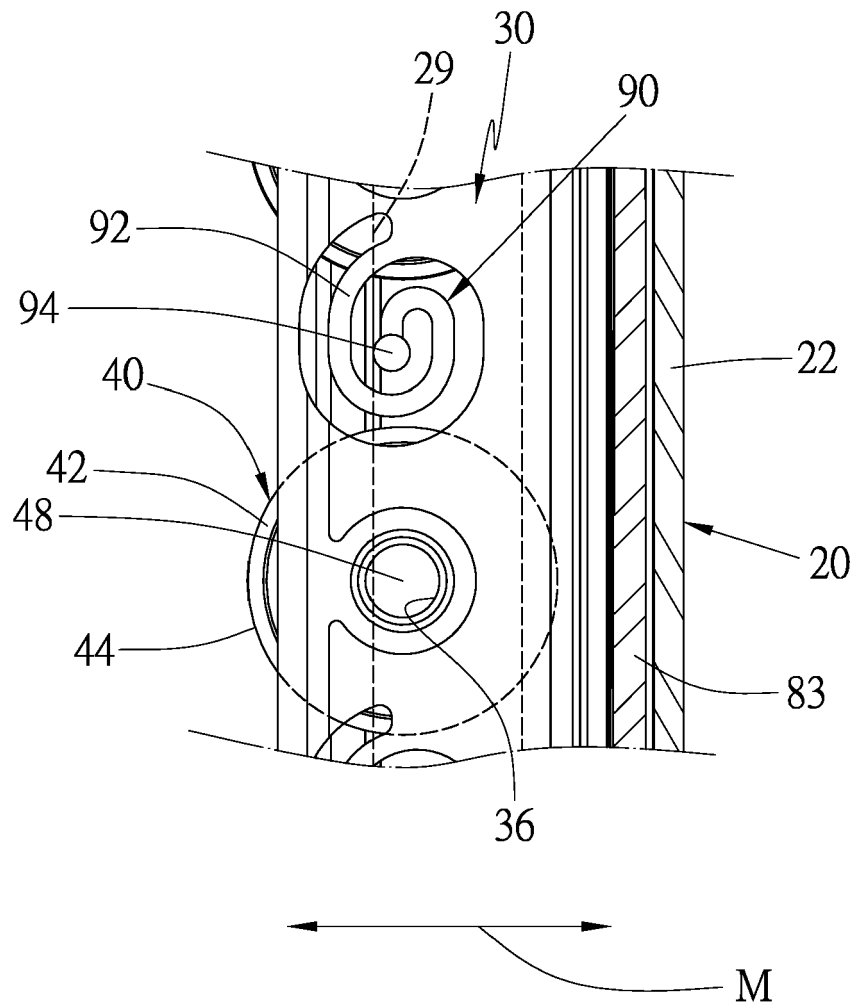


Fig. 8

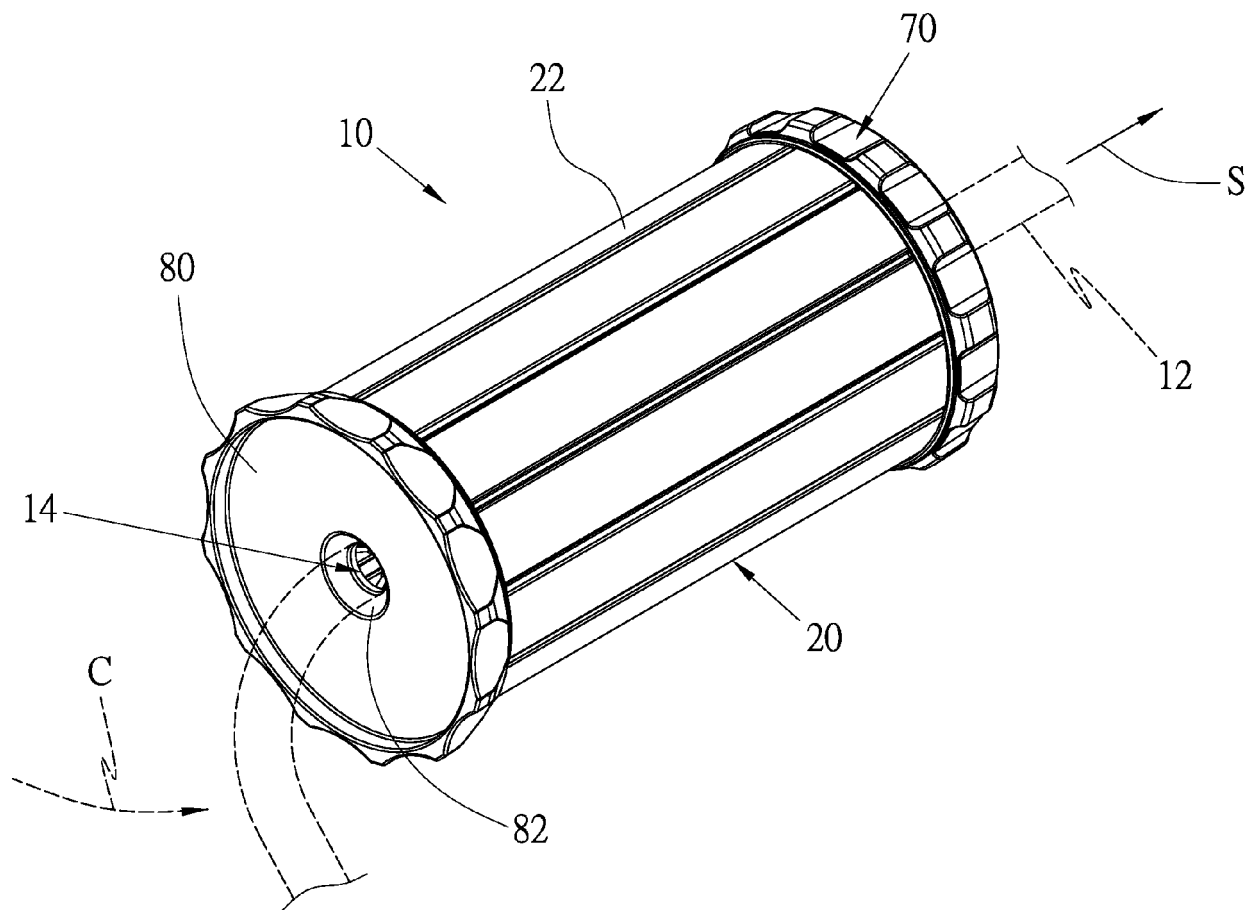


Fig. 9

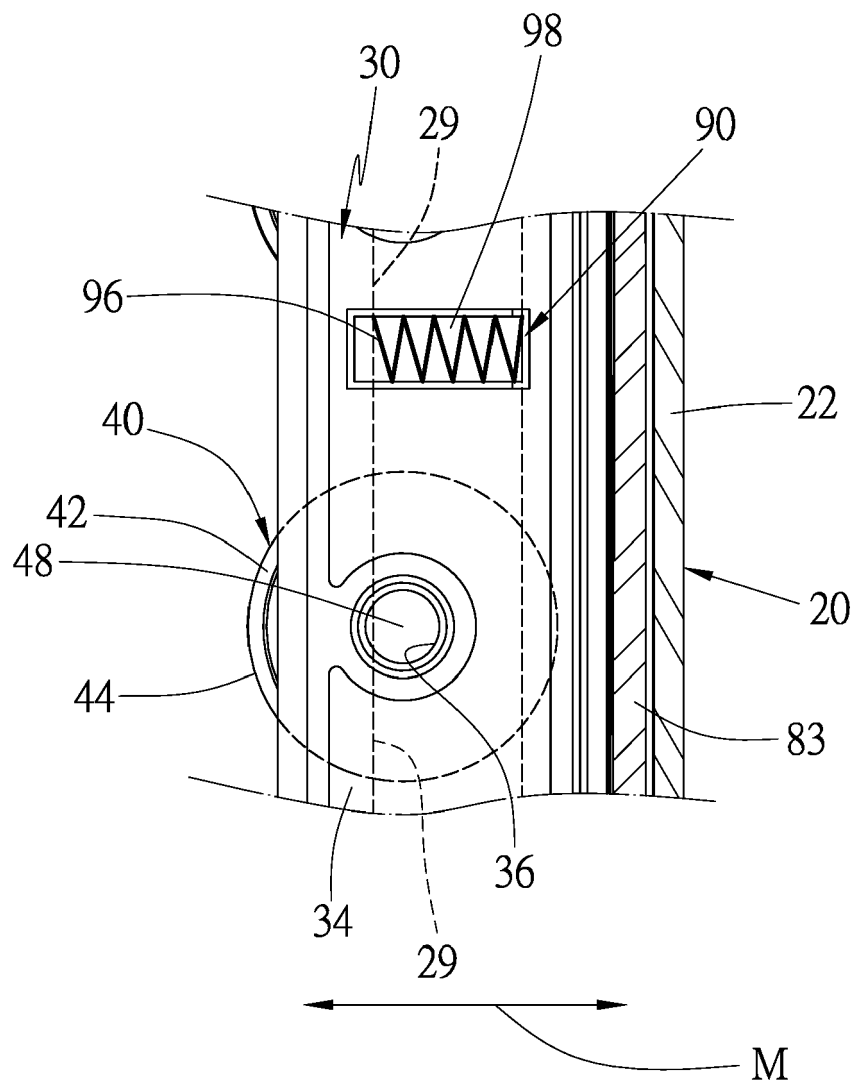


Fig. 10



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

 Application Number
 EP 16 20 2527

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)
X	DE 298 09 163 U1 (BLANKE RUDOLF [DE]) 1 October 1998 (1998-10-01) * claim 1; figures *	1-15	INV. B21D7/00 B21D43/09 B21F99/00
A	US 2014/150512 A1 (MURPHY MATTHEW [GB]) 5 June 2014 (2014-06-05) * figures *	1-15	
A	WO 2006/100012 A2 (THYSSENKRUPP STEEL AG [DE]; MEWAG MASCHINENFABRIK AG [CH]; FLEHMIG THO) 28 September 2006 (2006-09-28) * figures *	1-15	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)
			B21D B21F B21B B25B
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search Munich		Date of completion of the search 8 June 2017	Examiner Knecht, Frank
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C01)

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 16 20 2527

5 This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report.
The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on
The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

08-06-2017

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
DE 29809163 U1	01-10-1998	NONE	
US 2014150512 A1	05-06-2014	EP 2712333 A1	02-04-2014
		US 2014150512 A1	05-06-2014
		WO 2012153129 A1	15-11-2012
WO 2006100012 A2	28-09-2006	AT 439921 T	15-09-2009
		CN 101146629 A	19-03-2008
		DE 102005013750 B3	30-11-2006
		EP 1863604 A2	12-12-2007
		JP 5209464 B2	12-06-2013
		JP 2008534282 A	28-08-2008
		KR 20070118113 A	13-12-2007
		US 2009126441 A1	21-05-2009
		WO 2006100012 A2	28-09-2006

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

This list of references cited by the applicant is for the reader's convenience only. It does not form part of the European patent document. Even though great care has been taken in compiling the references, errors or omissions cannot be excluded and the EPO disclaims all liability in this regard.

Patent documents cited in the description

- TW 353988 [0003]