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(54) **ELECTRONIC SUBASSEMBLY FOR A PERSONAL CARE PRODUCT**

ELEKTRONISCHE BAUGRUPPE FÜR EIN KÖRPERPFLEGEPRODUKT

SOUS-ENSEMBLE ÉLECTRONIQUE DESTINÉ À UN PRODUIT DE SOINS PERSONNELS

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EP 3 370 929 B1

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Description

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to electronic personal care products and more particularly to heated razors for wet shaving.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Personal care products are becoming more advanced and thus often require the incorporation of electronic components to deliver new and/or improved consumer benefits. Electronic components are subject to failure when exposed to a wet environment, such as the bathroom. Furthermore, electronic components must be small to fit within a personal care product, such as a razor or a toothbrush. Accordingly, electrical components and fittings are typically very delicate and can break easily. In order to provide a safe and functional personal care product, the electrical components must be assembled and sealed against water ingress in a reliable cost effective manner.

[0003] Accordingly, there is a need to efficiently assemble and seal the electronic components of a personal care product in a simple and reliable manner.

[0004] KR 2007 0089345 A discloses a shaver to protect the skin of a user and to improve efficiency of shaving by heating a shaving blade to an appropriate temperature. The shaver includes a handle, and a head with a shaving blade for shaving the skin of a user. The handle is equipped with a power supply unit and a controller for controlling power supply. The head is equipped with a heater which is electrically connected to the controller and applies heat to the shaving blade. Shaving is performed at the state where the shaving blade is heated to a predetermined temperature. The heater receives power through contact portions thereof which are connected to a head attachment/detachment portion of the handle.

[0005] US 2009/071010 A1 discloses a powered wet razor having a handle and a cartridge selectively detachable from the handle. The cartridge has at least one blade with a sharp cutting edge and is characterized by an expected shaving utility. An electrical arrangement detects and tracks utility of the razor and determines a remaining shaving utility based on the expected utility and the tracked utility. The razor includes an indicator for providing a remaining shaving utility signal to a user.

[0006] US 2015/197019 A1 discloses a shaving razor cartridge with a housing having a guard, a cap, and one or more blades located between the guard and the cap. The guard is positioned in front of the one or more blades and the cap is positioned behind said one or more blades. A heat delivering element is mounted to the housing for transferring heat during a shaving stroke. The heat delivering element includes a skin contacting surface and an opposing bottom surface defined by a perimeter wall. An insulating member is positioned within the perimeter

wall.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] The invention features, in general, a simple, efficient method of assembling an electronic subassembly for a personal care product by manufacturing a hollow housing defining a chamber having a first open end and an opposing second open end. A rigid end of a first circuit board is inserted into the first open end of the housing. A second circuit board subassembly having a second circuit board is inserted into the chamber through the second open end. The first circuit board is connected to the second circuit board within the chamber of the housing.

[0008] The invention also features, in general, a simple, efficient electronic subassembly for a personal care product according to claim 1 with a housing defining a chamber having an open end. A first circuit board has a rigid end positioned within the chamber and a flexible portion positioned outside the chamber. A second circuit board is positioned within the chamber. The second circuit board has a connector dimensioned to receive the rigid end of the first circuit board.

[0009] The details of one or more embodiments of the invention are set forth in the accompanying drawings and the description below. It is understood that certain embodiments may combine elements or components of the invention, which are disclosed in general, but not expressly exemplified or claimed in combination, unless otherwise stated herein. Other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the description and drawings, and from the claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0010] While the specification concludes with claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter that is regarded as the present invention, it is believed that the invention will be more fully understood from the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of one possible embodiment of a personal care product.

FIG. 2A is an assembly view of an electronic subassembly, which may be incorporated into the personal care product of FIG. 1.

FIG. 2B is a side view of the electronic subassembly of FIG. 2A.

FIG. 2C is a cross section view of the electronic subassembly, taken generally along the line 2C-2C of FIG. 2A.

FIG. 3 is an assembly view of a second electronic subassembly, which may be incorporated into the personal care product of FIG. 1.

FIG. 4 is an assembly view of the electronic subassembly of FIG. 3 and the electronic sub assembly

of FIG. 2B.

FIG. 5 is a partial cross section view of the personal care product, taken generally along the line 5-5 of FIG. 1.

FIG. 6 is a partial cross section view of the personal care product, taken generally along the line 6-6 of FIG. 1.

FIG. 7 is a partial cross section view of the personal care product, taken generally along the line 7-7 of FIG. 1.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0011] Referring to FIG. 1, one possible embodiment of the present disclosure is shown illustrating a personal care product 10 having an electronic subassembly 12. Although the personal care product 10 shown is a wet shaving razor system, it is understood that other personal care products may include, but are not limited to a foil type shaving razor, a toothbrush, a shaving brush, a powered cleansing apparatus, an epilator, and other powered personal products. These products may be used in a wet environment, such as the bathroom. In certain embodiments, the personal care product 10 may include a cartridge 14 (e.g., a shaving razor cartridge) mounted to a housing 16. The housing 16 may act as a handle for a consumer to hold the personal care product 10. The housing 16 may be injection molded, machined or extruded.

[0012] As will be described in further detail below, the electronic subassembly 12 may comprises a first circuit board subassembly 18 and a second circuit board subassembly (not shown). The first circuit board subassembly 18 may include a first circuit board 22 having a flexible portion 24 and the housing 16 (e.g., a portion of the housing 16). At least a portion of the first circuit board 22 may be positioned inside the housing 16 and at least a portion of the first circuit board 22 (e.g., the flexible portion 24) may be positioned outside the housing 16. In certain embodiments, the first circuit board 22 may be secured within the housing 16 by a plug 26. As will be explained in greater detail below, the plug 26 may be part of the housing 16 and created as part of an injection molding process when the first circuit board 22 is assembled to the housing 16. The second circuit board subassembly (not shown) may be completely contained within the housing 16. Various electrical components may be contained within the housing 16 as part of the second circuit board subassembly (not shown). For example, the housing 16 may hold a power source, such as one or more batteries (not shown) that supply power from the second circuit board subassembly (not shown), to the first circuit board subassembly 18 and then to an electrical component 28 located outside the housing 16. In certain embodiments, the electrical component 28 may be a heating element located on a surface of the cartridge 14 or the housing 16 to deliver heat to the skin during shaving. However, the battery in addition to, or alternatively, may supply

power to other electrical components including, but not limited to motors, cooling systems and/or lights.

[0013] The cartridge 14 may be permanently attached or removably mounted to the housing 16, thus allowing the cartridge 14 to be replaced. The cartridge 14 may have a guard 30, a cap 32 and one or more blades 34 mounted to the cartridge 14 between the cap 32 and the guard 30. The guard 30 may be toward a front portion of the cartridge 14 and the cap 30 may be toward a rear portion of the cartridge 14 (i.e., the guard 30 is in front of the blades 34 and the cap 32 is behind the blades 34). The guard 30 and the cap 32 may define a shaving plane that is tangent to the guard 30 and the cap 32. The guard 30 may be a solid or segmented bar that extends generally parallel to the blades 34.

[0014] In certain embodiments, the guard 30 may comprise a skin-engaging member 36 (e.g., a plurality of fins) in front of the blades 34 for stretching the skin during a shaving stroke. The skin-engaging member 36 may be insert injection molded or co-injection molded to the cartridge 14. However, other known assembly methods may also be used such as adhesives, ultrasonic welding, or mechanical fasteners. The skin engaging member 36 may be molded from a softer material (i.e., lower durometer hardness) than the cartridge 14. For example, the skin engaging member 36 may have a Shore A hardness of about 20, 30, or 40 to about 50, 60, or 70. A softer material may enhance skin stretching, as well as provide a more pleasant tactile feel against the skin of the user during shaving. A softer material may also aid in masking the less pleasant feel of the harder material of the cartridge 14 against the skin of the user during shaving.

[0015] In certain embodiments, the blades 34 may be mounted to the cartridge 14 and secured by one or more clips 38a and 38b. Other assembly methods known to those skilled in the art may also be used to secure and/or mount the blades 34 to the cartridge 14 including, but not limited to, wire wrapping, cold forming, hot staking, insert molding, ultrasonic welding, and adhesives. The clips 38a and 38b may comprise a metal, such as aluminum for acting as a sacrificial anode to help prevent corrosion of the blades 34. Although five blades 34 are shown, the cartridge 14 may have more or fewer blades depending on the desired performance and cost of the cartridge 14.

[0016] In certain embodiments, it may be desirable to provide heat in front of the blades 34. For example, the heating element 28 may be positioned in front of the guard 30 and/or the skin engaging member 36. The heating element 28 may comprise a skin contacting surface (e.g., a face plate) that delivers heat to a consumer's skin during a shaving stroke for an improved shaving experience. However, it is understood the heating element 28 may in addition to or alternatively supply heat to the blades 34, either directly or indirectly. The heating element 28 may be mounted to either the cartridge 14 or to a portion of the housing 16.

[0017] FIGS. 2A, 2B, and 2C illustrate the first circuit board assembly 18. Referring to FIG. 2A, an assembly

view of the first circuit board subassembly 18 is shown, which may be incorporated into the electronic subassembly 12 of the personal care product 10 shown in FIG. 1. The housing 16 may be hollow with a first open end 40 and a second open end 42. As will be explained in greater detail below, the second open end 42 may allow for assembly of various other electrical components within the housing 16. For example, the housing 16 may define a chamber 44 such that the second open end 42 receives the second circuit board assembly (not shown). The first open end 40 may allow for assembly of the first circuit board 22.

[0018] In certain embodiments, the housing 16 may be first manufactured by an injection molding process. The housing 16 and the first circuit board 22 may then be interconnected as part of a second manufacturing operation. The first circuit board 22 may have a rigid end 46 at one end of the flexible portion 24. The rigid end 46 may be a separate component that is mounted to the flexible portion to add stiffness and rigidity. A portion of the first circuit board 22 (e.g., the rigid end 46) may be placed in an injection mold along with the housing 16 and plastic (e.g., the plug 26) may be injected around a portion (e.g., the rigid end 46) of the first circuit board 22. The plug 26 and the housing 16 may comprise the same material such that the two components form a strong bond when molded together.

[0019] As shown in FIGS. 2B and 2C, the plastic plug 26 interconnects and seals the area between the first circuit board 22 (e.g., rigid end 46) and the housing 16. Accordingly, the flexible portion 24 may extend outside of the housing 16 to allow for connection to other electrical components.

[0020] FIG. 2C is a cross section view of the first circuit board subassembly 18, taken generally along the line 2C-2C of FIG. 2B. As shown in FIG. 2C, a portion of the rigid end 46 may be exposed within the housing 16 (e.g., not covered in plastic) to allow for the connection with other electronic components. The rigid end 46 may be suspending (e.g., unsupported) and extend into the chamber 44 of the housing 16. The rigid end 46 may be sufficiently stiff such that it does not deflect once assembled (e.g., via insert molding) within the housing 16. If the rigid end 46 deflects, it may be difficult to align and/or connect other electrical components to the rigid end 46 from within the housing 16. This process may allow not only for sealing one end of the housing 16 from water ingress, but may also allow for the precise positioning of the rigid end 46 within the housing 16. If the rigid end 46 is not positioned properly within the housing 16, other electrical components may be impossible to assemble to the first circuit board 22.

[0021] However, there are alternative embodiments of how to assembly the first circuit board subassembly 18. For example, the first circuit board 22 may be placed in a mold and the housing 16 and the plug 26 may be molded to the first circuit board 22 in a single step. Alternatively, the first circuit board 22 may be insert molded with the

plug 26 and then assembled to the housing 16 in a later assembly step. For example, the plug 26 may be inserted into the opening of the housing 16 and sealed using an O-ring (not shown). The first circuit board 22 may also be insert molded with the housing 16 in a single step.

[0022] Referring to FIG. 3, an assembly view of a portion of the second circuit board subassembly 20 is illustrated. The second circuit board subassembly 20 may include a second circuit board 52 and a chassis 54. The chassis 54 may have a first end 56 and a second end 58. The first end 56 may include a platform 60 and the second end 58 may include a battery housing 62. The platform 60 may be flat such that the second circuit board 52 can be securely mounted to the chassis 54 (i.e., the platform 60). The battery housing 62 may be generally cylindrical and define an opening 64 dimensioned to receive one or more batteries 66. The opening 64 may face in an opposite direction of the platform 60 to maximize space. In certain embodiments, the battery 66 may include a rechargeable battery. One or more electrical connectors 68, 70 may be used to transfer current from the battery 66 to the second circuit board 52. The one or more electrical connectors 68, 70 may include power rails, clips and/or wires. The battery housing 62 may define a channel 72 dimensioned to receive one of the electrical connectors 68. A first end 74 of the electrical connector 68 may couple to the second circuit board 52 and a second end 76 of the electrical connector 68 may couple to a terminal 78 of the battery 66. The other connector 70 may be used to provide an electrical connection between a second terminal 80 of the battery 66 and the circuit board 52. A proximal end 82 of the second circuit board 52 may have a connector 84 with an opening 86 dimensioned to receive the rigid end 46 of the first circuit board 18 (not shown).

[0023] Referring to FIG. 4, an assembly view of the second circuit board subassembly 20 into the housing 16 is shown. The chassis 54 may be dimensioned to allow for easy insertion of the second circuit board subassembly 20 into the open end 42 of the housing 16. For example, the first and second ends 56 and 58 of the chassis 54 may both have a convex surface 90 and 92 that corresponds to the geometry of the chamber 44 (not shown) of the housing 16 to help align the connector 84 of the second circuit board 52 with the rigid end 46 (not shown) of the first circuit board assembly 18 hidden within the housing 16. The convex surfaces 90 and 92 may face in opposite directions to allow for additional room for the mounting of the second circuit board 52 to the platform 60. In addition, the first end 56 of the chassis 54 may be tapered to guide the second circuit board subassembly 20 into the second opening 42 of the housing 16 and properly align connector 84 within the housing 16. As will be described in greater detail below, the chassis 54 (e.g., the second circuit board 52 and/or the platform 60) may include one or more guide members 94, 96, such as rails and/or grooves to facilitate the precise positioning of the chassis 54, and thus the connector 84 within the housing

16 (not shown).

[0024] FIG. 5 is a partial cross section view of the personal care product 10, taken generally along the line 5-5 of FIG. 1. The housing 16 may define the chamber 44 dimensioned to receive the second circuit board sub-assembly 20. The guide members 94 and 96 may engage a pair of respective guide members 98 and 100, such as channels defined by an inner surface of the housing 16. The channels 98 and 100 may provide sufficient clearance to allow the chassis 54 to easily slide within the housing 16 and guide the connector 84 (see FIG. 4) in very close proximity to the rigid end 46 (see FIG. 2C) of the first circuit board 22 (not shown). Accordingly, as previously shown, the guide members 98 and 100 facilitate the self alignment of the second circuit board 52 and the connector 84 (see FIG. 4) within the chamber 44 of the housing 16. As will be explained in greater detail below, the final position of the connector 84 within the housing 16 may be facilitated by other features of the housing 16.

[0025] Referring to FIGS. 6 and 7, the rigid end 46 is illustrated in its final assembled position within the connector 84. FIG. 6 is a partial cross section view of the personal care product 10, taken generally along the line 6-6 of FIG. 1. FIG. 7 is a partial cross section view of the personal care product 10, taken generally along the line 7-7 of FIG. 1. The second circuit board 52 is positioned within the chamber 44 of the housing 16 by sliding it in through the opening 42 (e.g., see FIG. 2A) and along the rails 98 and 100 (e.g., see FIG. 5). The housing 16 and the second circuit board 52 may self align during assembly such that the connector 84 is placed in close proximity with that the rigid end 46 of the first circuit board 22. As shown in FIG. 6, the housing 16 may have a plurality of ribs 102, 104, 106, 108 that support and guide the final connection of the second circuit board 52 (i.e., the connector 84) to the rigid end 46 of the first circuit board 22. The ribs 102 and 104 may guide a top surface 112 of the connector 84. The ribs 106 and 108 may guide a pair of side surfaces 114, 116 of the connector 84 and the rib 110 may guide a bottom surface 118 of the connector 84. The ribs 102, 104, 106, 108 and 110 facilitate precise alignment of the opening of the connector 84 with the rigid end 46. Accordingly, a technician can easily connect the first circuit board 22 to the second circuit board 52 without any visual aids (i.e., seeing the first circuit board 22 and the second circuit board 52 during the assembly process). The technician or assembly machine simply inserts the second circuit board into the chamber 44 of the housing 16 through the second opening 42 and the connector 84 is precisely aligned so the rigid end 46 slides within the opening of the connector 84. No special fixtures or equipment is needed to aid in assembly. The electronic subassembly 20 also eliminates the need to utilize a more complex and costly clam shell type housing, i.e. in two halves, to connect the electronic components because a technician does not need to see the first circuit board and the second circuit board in order to properly connect the two components. In addition, insert molding

a portion of the first circuit board 22 within the housing 16, not only facilitates in alignment of the first circuit board 22 and the second circuit board 54 during assembly, but also creates a fluid seal preventing water ingress into the housing 16. In certain embodiments, the second electronic subassembly 20 may be spaced apart from the housing 16 to allow the rigid end 46 of the first circuit board 22 to fully seat within the opening 86 of the connector 84, thus providing a secure and reliable electrical connection. After the connector 84 and the rigid end 46 are connected, the end cap 95 (see FIG. 4) may be mounted to the housing 16 to provide a fluid seal.

15 Claims

1. An electronic subassembly (12) for a personal care product (10) comprising:
a hollow housing (16) defining a chamber (44) having a first open end (40) and an opposing second open end (42); a first circuit board (22) having a rigid end (46) positioned within the chamber (44) and a flexible portion (24) positioned outside the chamber, the rigid end (46) being inserted into the first open end (40); and a second circuit board (52) is positioned within the chamber through the second open end (42), the second circuit board having a connector (84) dimensioned to receive the rigid end of the first circuit board; and at least a portion of the first circuit board (22) is fluidly sealed within the housing (16); and the electronic subassembly (12) further comprises an end cap (95) mounted to the end (42) of the housing (16) to provide a fluid seal.
2. The electronic sub assembly (12) according to claim 1 further comprising a plurality of ribs (102, 104, 106, 108, 110) supporting the connector (84) that facilitate the alignment of the connector (84) with the rigid end (46) of the first circuit board (22).
3. The electronic sub assembly (12) of claim 2 wherein at least one of the ribs (102, 104, 106, 108, 110) directly contacts the connector (84).
4. The electronic subassembly (12) according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the housing (16) has at least one guide member (98, 100) that slidably engages the second circuit board (52).
5. The electronic subassembly (12) of claim 4 wherein the guide member (98, 100) of the housing comprises a pair of channels.
6. The electronic subassembly (12) of claim 4 wherein the second circuit board (52) comprises a pair of rails (94, 96) that slidably engages a pair of corresponding guide members (98, 100) of the housing (16).

7. The electronic sub assembly (12) according to any one of the preceding claims further comprising a chassis (54) having a first end (56) and a second end (58) both positioned within the chamber (44).
8. The electronic sub assembly (12) of claim 7 wherein the first end (56) is tapered.
9. The electronic sub assembly (12) of claim 7 wherein the first end (56) comprises a platform (60) and the second circuit board (52) is mounted to the platform.
10. The electronic sub assembly of claim 7 wherein the second end (58) comprises a battery housing (62) dimensioned to receive a battery (66).
11. The electronic subassembly (12) of claim 10 further comprising a power rail (68) connecting the battery (66) to the second circuit board (52) and the power rail is mounted within a channel (72) on the chassis (62).
12. The electronic subassembly (12) according to any one of the preceding claims further comprising a generally cylindrical chassis (54) positioned within the chamber (44), the chassis comprising a platform (60) for mounting the second circuit board (52) and a battery housing (64) dimensioned to receive a battery (68).
13. The electronic subassembly (12) according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the flexible portion (24) of the first circuit board (22) is connected to a heating element (28).

Patentansprüche

1. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) für ein Körperpflegeprodukt (10), umfassend:
ein hohles Gehäuse (16), das eine Kammer (44) mit einem ersten offenen Ende (40) definiert; und einem gegenüberliegenden zweiten offenen Ende (42); eine erste Leiterplatte (22) mit einem starren Ende (46), das innerhalb der Kammer (44) positioniert ist, und einem flexiblen Abschnitt (24), der außerhalb der Kammer positioniert ist, wobei das starre Ende (46) in das erste offene Ende (40) eingeführt wird; und eine zweite Leiterplatte (52), die innerhalb der Kammer durch das zweite offene Ende (42) positioniert ist, wobei die zweite Leiterplatte einen Verbinder (84) aufweist, der so bemessen ist, dass er das starre Ende der ersten Leiterplatte aufnimmt; und wenigstens ein Teil der ersten Leiterplatte (22) innerhalb des Gehäuses (16) fluidisch abgedichtet ist; und die elektronische Baugruppe (12) ferner eine Endkappe (95) umfasst, die an dem Ende (42) des Gehäuses (16) montiert ist, um eine Fluidabdichtung

bereitzustellen.

2. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) nach Anspruch 1, ferner umfassend eine Vielzahl von Rippen (102, 104, 106, 108, 110), die den Verbinder (84) abstützen, welche die Ausrichtung des Verbinders (84) mit dem starren Ende (46) der ersten Leiterplatte (22) erleichtern.
3. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) nach Anspruch 2, wobei wenigstens eine der Rippen (102, 104, 106, 108, 110) direkt mit dem Verbinder (84) in Kontakt steht.
4. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, wobei das Gehäuse (16) wenigstens ein Führungselement (98, 100) aufweist, das verschiebbar in die zweite Leiterplatte (52) eingreift.
5. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) nach Anspruch 4, wobei das Führungselement (98, 100) des Gehäuses ein Paar Kanäle umfasst.
6. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) nach Anspruch 4, wobei die zweite Leiterplatte (52) ein Paar Schienen (94, 96) umfasst, die verschiebbar in ein Paar entsprechender Führungselemente (98, 100) des Gehäuses (16) eingreift.
7. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, ferner umfassend einen Rahmen (54) mit einem ersten Ende (56) und einem zweiten Ende (58), die beide innerhalb der Kammer (44) positioniert sind.
8. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) nach Anspruch 7, wobei das erste Ende (56) verjüngt ist.
9. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) nach Anspruch 7, wobei das erste Ende (56) eine Plattform (60) umfasst und die zweite Leiterplatte (52) an der Plattform montiert ist.
10. Elektronische Baugruppe nach Anspruch 7, wobei das zweite Ende (58) ein Batteriegehäuse (62) umfasst, das so bemessen ist, dass es eine Batterie (66) aufnimmt.
11. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) nach Anspruch 10, ferner umfassend eine Stromschiene (68), welche die Batterie (66) mit der zweiten Leiterplatte (52) verbindet, und die Stromschiene ist innerhalb eines Kanals (72) auf dem Rahmen (62) montiert.
12. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, ferner umfassend einen im Allgemeinen zylindrischen Rahmen (54), der innerhalb der Kammer (44) positioniert ist, wobei der Rah-

men une plateforme (60) zum Montieren der zweiten Leiterplatte (52) und ein Batteriegehäuse (64), das so bemessen ist, dass es eine Batterie (68) aufnimmt, umfasst.

13. Elektronische Baugruppe (12) nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, wobei der flexible Abschnitt (24) der ersten Leiterplatte (22) mit einem Heizelement (28) verbunden ist.

Revendications

1. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) pour un produit de soins personnels (10) comprenant :
un logement creux (16) définissant une chambre (44) ayant une première extrémité ouverte (40) et une deuxième extrémité ouverte opposée (42) ; une première carte de circuit (22) ayant une extrémité rigide (46) positionnée à l'intérieur de la chambre (44) et une partie flexible (24) positionnée à l'extérieur de la chambre, l'extrémité rigide (46) étant insérée dans la première extrémité ouverte (40) ; et une deuxième carte de circuit (52) est positionnée à l'intérieur de la chambre à travers la deuxième extrémité ouverte (42), la deuxième carte de circuit ayant un connecteur (84) dimensionné pour recevoir l'extrémité rigide de la première carte de circuit ; et au moins une partie de la première carte de circuit (22) est scellée fluidiquement au sein du logement (16) ; et le sous-ensemble électronique (12) comprend en outre une coiffe d'extrémité (95) montée à l'extrémité (42) du logement (16) pour fournir un joint étanche aux fluides.
2. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) selon la revendication 1 comprenant en outre une pluralité de nervures (102, 104, 106, 108, 110) supportant le connecteur (84) lesquelles facilitent l'alignement du connecteur (84) avec l'extrémité rigide (46) de la première carte de circuit (22).
3. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) selon la revendication 2 dans lequel au moins l'une des nervures (102, 104, 106, 108, 110) vient directement en contact avec le connecteur (84).
4. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes dans lequel le logement (16) a au moins un élément de guidage (98, 100) qui vient en prise de façon coulissante avec la deuxième carte de circuit (52).
5. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) selon la revendication 4 dans lequel l'élément de guidage (98, 100) du logement comprend une paire de canaux.
6. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) selon la revendication 4 dans lequel la deuxième carte de circuit (52) comprend une paire de rails (94, 96) qui s'engage de façon coulissante avec une paire d'éléments de guidage correspondants (98, 100) du logement (16).

7. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes comprenant en outre un châssis (54) ayant une première extrémité (56) et une deuxième extrémité (58) l'une et l'autre positionnées à l'intérieur de la chambre (44).

8. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) selon la revendication 7 dans lequel la première extrémité (56) est effilée.
9. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) selon la revendication 7 dans lequel la première extrémité (56) comprend une plate-forme (60) et la deuxième carte de circuit (52) est montée à la plate-forme.
10. Sous-ensemble électronique selon la revendication 7 dans lequel la deuxième extrémité (58) comprend un logement de batterie (62) dimensionné pour recevoir une batterie (66).
11. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) selon la revendication 10 comprenant en outre un rail d'alimentation (68) connectant la batterie (66) à la deuxième carte de circuit (52) et le rail d'alimentation est monté au sein d'un canal (72) sur le châssis (62).
12. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes comprenant en outre un châssis généralement cylindrique (54) positionné à l'intérieur de la chambre (44), le châssis comprenant une plate-forme (60) pour montage de la deuxième carte de circuit (52) et un logement de batterie (64) dimensionné pour recevoir une batterie (68).
13. Sous-ensemble électronique (12) selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes dans lequel la partie flexible (24) de la première carte de circuit (22) est connectée à un élément chauffant (28).

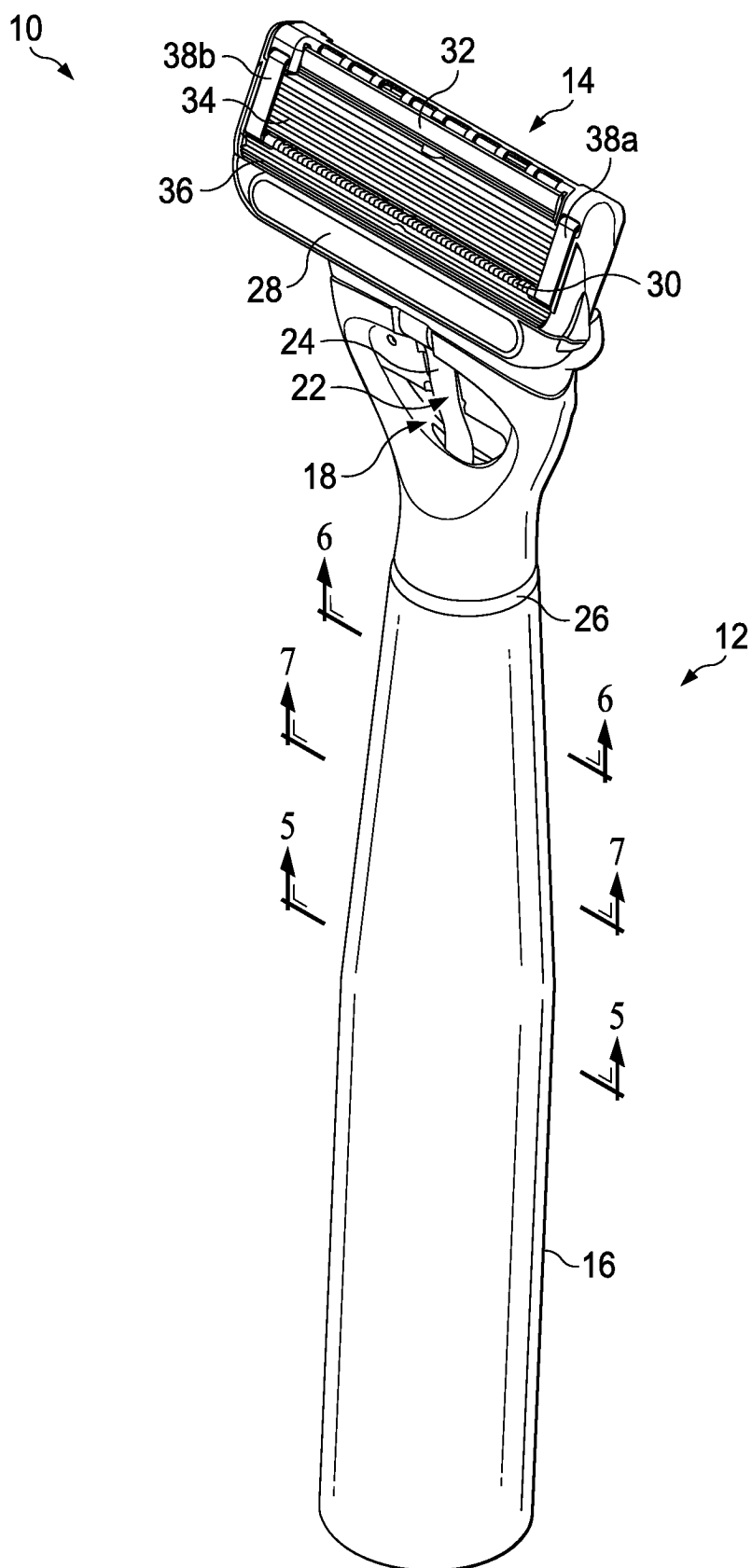


FIG. 1

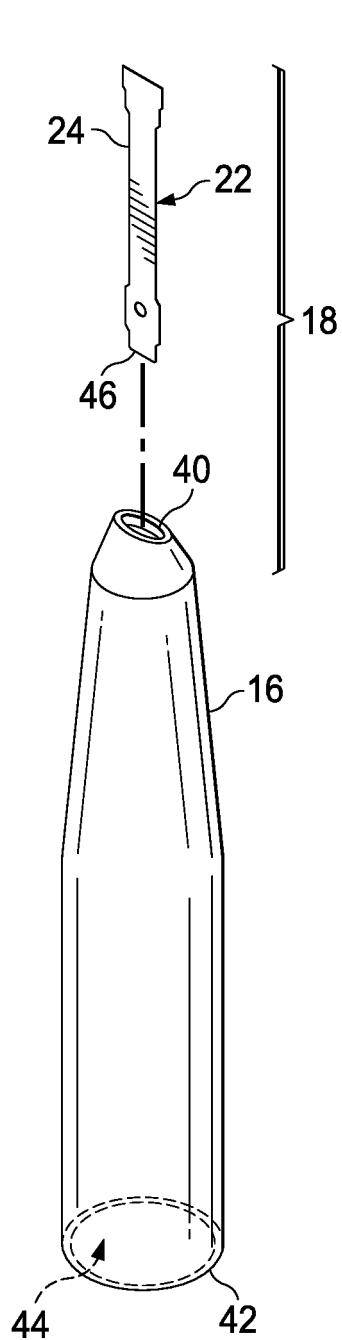


FIG. 2A

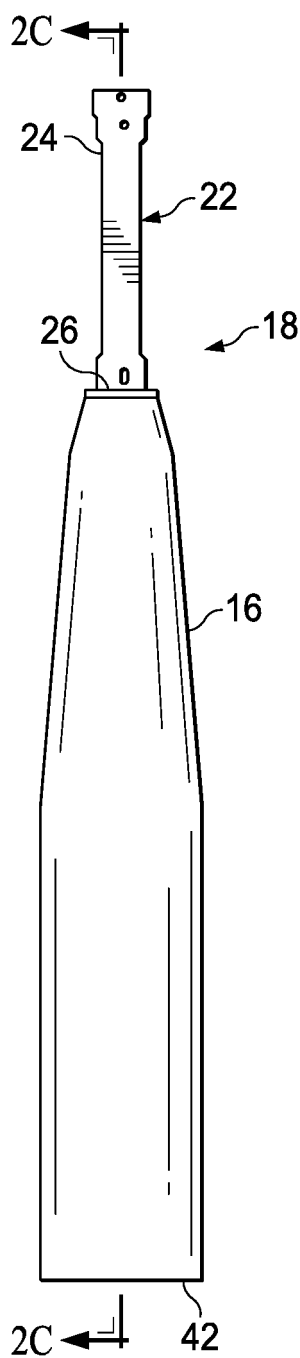


FIG. 2B

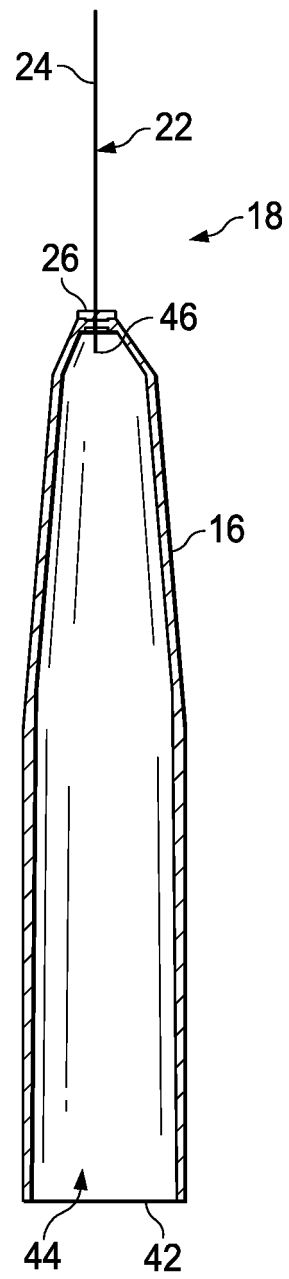


FIG. 2C

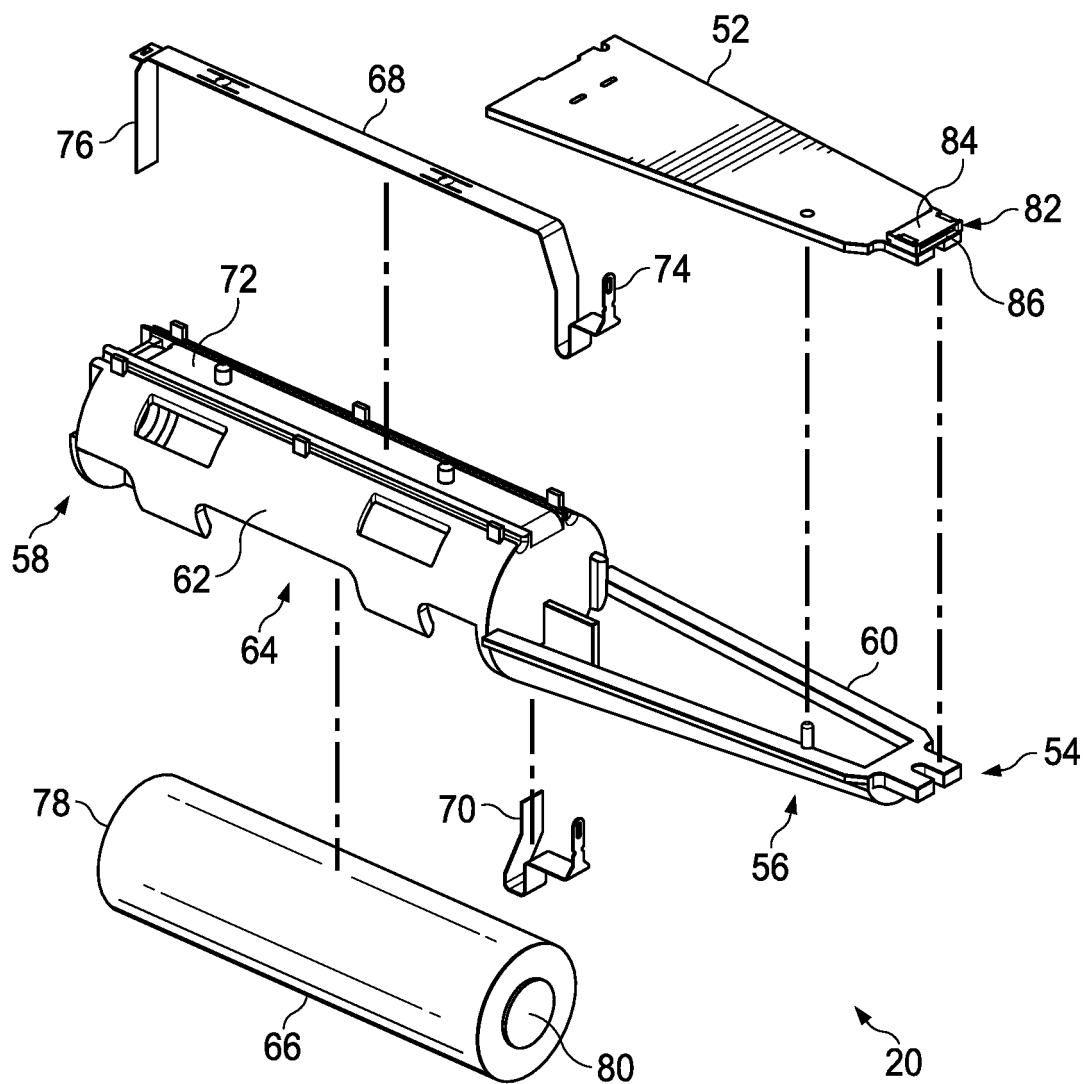


FIG. 3

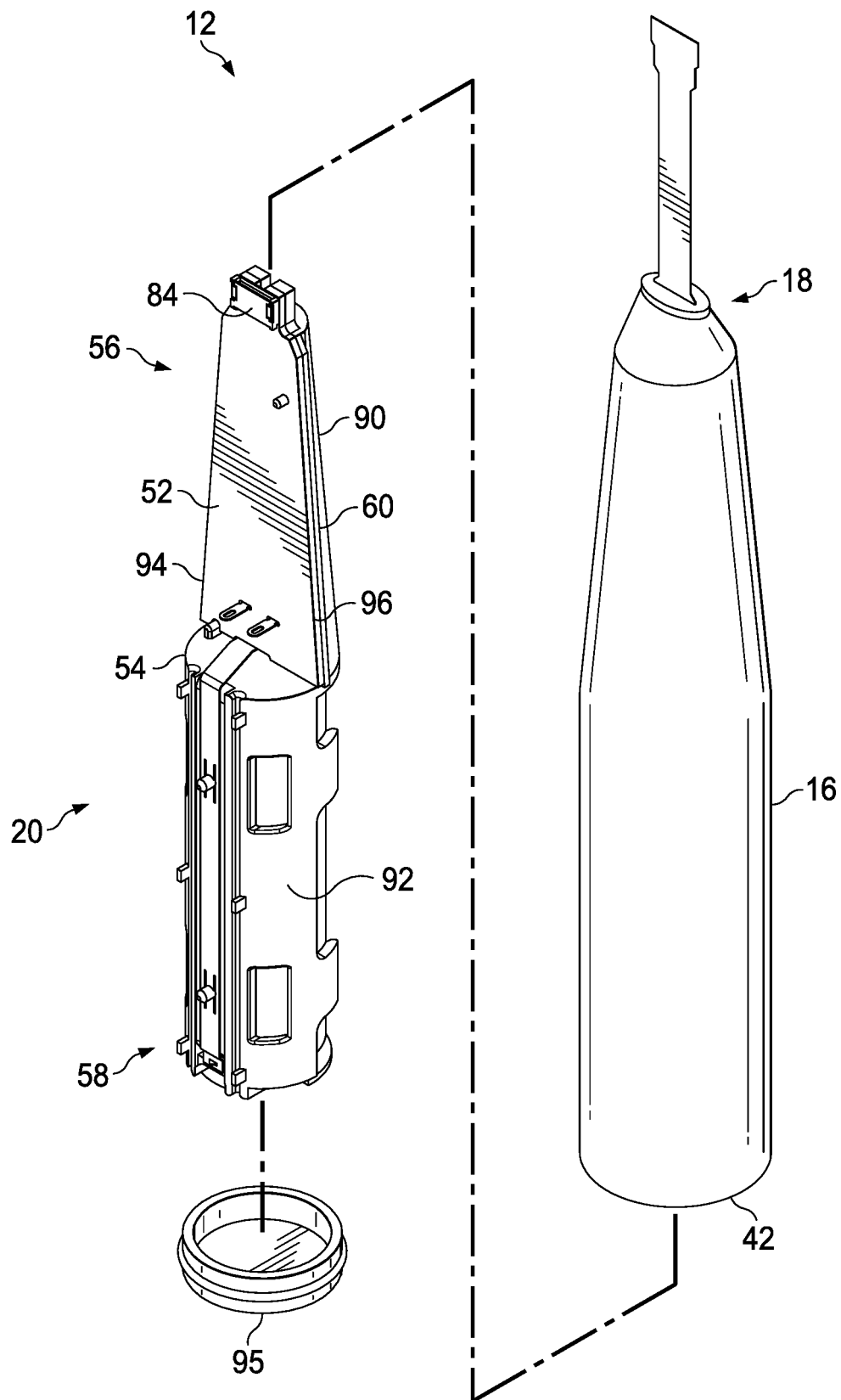


FIG. 4

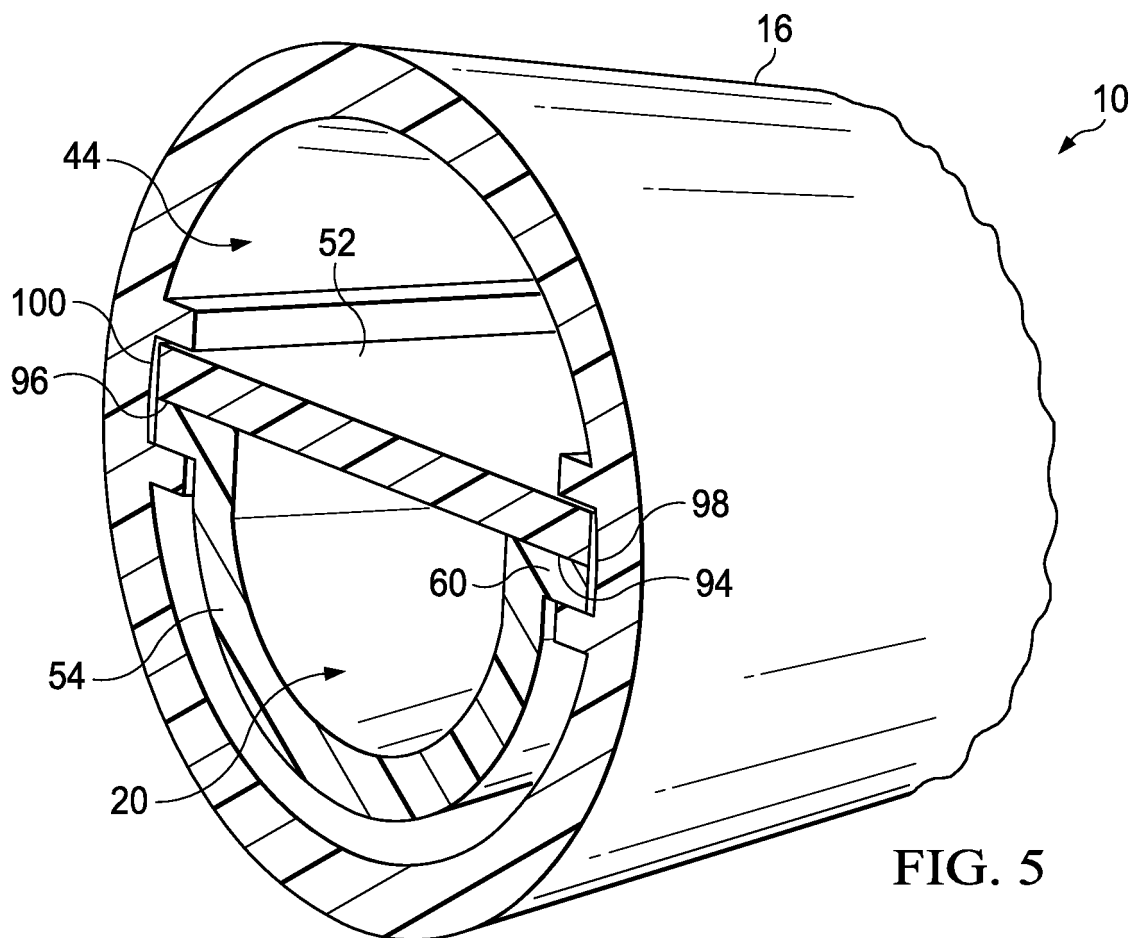


FIG. 5

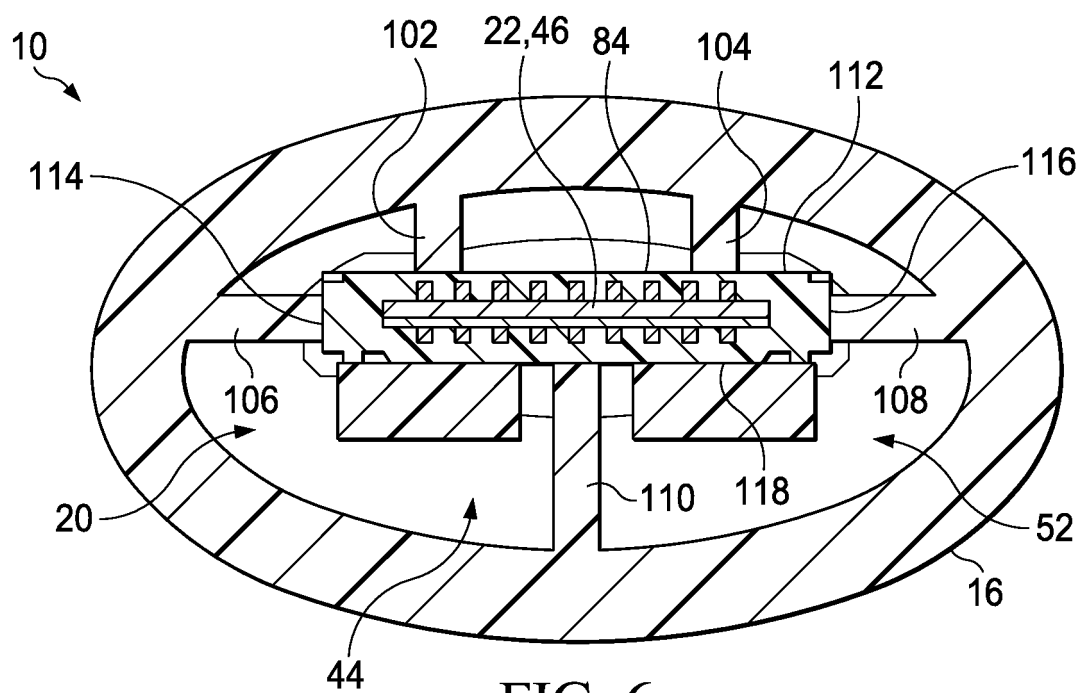


FIG. 6

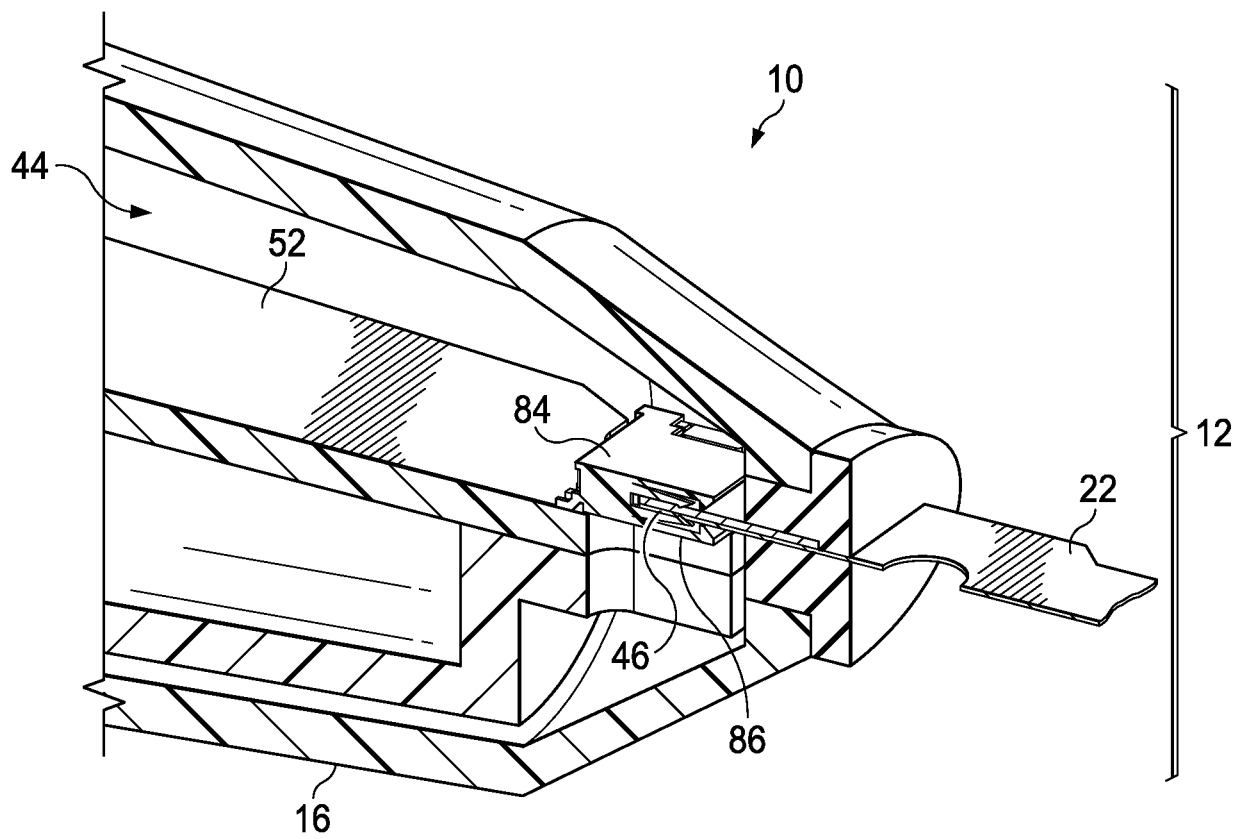


FIG. 7

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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