

(11) **EP 3 673 884 A1**

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:

01.07.2020 Bulletin 2020/27

A61H 3/ A61H 1/

(51) Int Cl.:

A61H 3/00 (2006.01) A61H 1/02 (2006.01) A61H 3/02 (2006.01)

(21) Application number: **18215926.9**

(22) Date of filing: 31.12.2018

(84) Designated Contracting States:

AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR

Designated Extension States:

BA ME

Designated Validation States:

KH MA MD TN

(71) Applicant: Yang, Chin-Sung 103 Taipei City (TW) (72) Inventor: Yang, Chin-Sung 103 Taipei City (TW)

 $(74) \ \ \text{Representative: Viering, Jentschura \& Partner}$

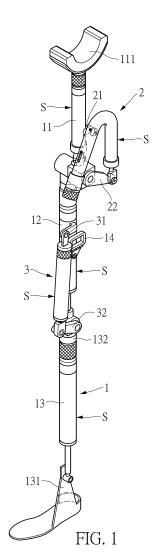
mbB

Patent- und Rechtsanwälte

Am Brauhaus 8 01099 Dresden (DE)

(54) ASSISTANT APPARATUS FOR DEGENERATIVE JOINT

(57)An assistant apparatus for degenerative joint includes an apparatus main body (1), a first leg-lifting mechanism (2), and a second leg-lifting mechanism (3). The apparatus main body (1) has an upper section (11), a middle section (12), and a lower section (13). The middle section (12) is connected between the upper section (11) and the lower section (13). The upper end of the upper section (11) is provided with a supporting member (111). The lower end of the lower section (13) is provided with a carrying member (131). The upper section (11) is bendable relative to the middle section (12), and the middle section (12) is bendable relative to the lower section (13). The upper section (11), the middle section (12), the lower section (13), the first leg-lifting mechanism (1), and the second leg-lifting mechanism (3) each include an elastic buffering mechanism (S) for providing elastic buffering effects.



30

35

40

45

50

FIELD OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0001] The present disclosure relates to an assistant apparatus, and more particularly to an assistant apparatus that helps elderly people suffering from the degenerative joint disease to walk.

1

BACKGROUND OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0002] In an era of aging society, degenerative joint disease is a very common issue for elderly people. Whenever the weather changes drastically or the temperature drops suddenly, they tend to suffer from joint swelling, inflammation and severe pain, which make it difficult for them to walk. This has led to significant restrictions to their mobility and activity, and in certain cases, artificial joints may need to be implanted in elderlies suffering from more severe joint conditions. While conventional assistant apparatuses such as crutches can aid with walking, they cannot effectively reduce the weight of the human body borne by the joints, so that their effects are rather limited.

SUMMARY OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0003] In response to the above-referenced technical inadequacies, the present disclosure provides an assistant apparatus that can effectively share the weight of the human body to reduce the burden on the joints, thereby helping the user in walking and effectively reducing the discomfort of the waist and the joints.

[0004] In one aspect, the present disclosure provides an assistant apparatus for degenerative joint, including an apparatus main body, a first leg-lifting mechanism, and a second leg-lifting mechanism. The apparatus main body has an upper section, a middle section, and a lower section. The middle section is connected between the upper section and the lower section. The upper end of the upper section is provided with a supporting member. The lower end of the lower section is provided with a carrying member. The upper section is bendable relative to the middle section, and the middle section is bendable relative to the lower section. The first leg-lifting mechanism is connected between the upper section and the middle section of the apparatus main body. The second leg-lifting mechanism is connected between the middle section and the middle section of the apparatus main body. The upper section, the middle section, the lower section, the first leg-lifting mechanism, and the second leg-lifting mechanism of the apparatus main body each include an elastic buffering mechanism to provide elastic buffer effects.

[0005] Therefore, the assistant apparatus of the present disclosure is a kind of walking crutch that can support the weight of the human body in a multi-sectional manner and generate elastic buffering effect. It can also

use the weight of the human body to store kinetic energy when it is stepped down on, so as to help users save energy when they lift their thighs and calves. The assistant apparatus of the present disclosure can effectively reduce the discomfort of the waist and the joints, and is suitable for patients with symptoms such as deteriorative joints, osteoporosis, mild stroke, as well as for traffic accident rehabilitation so that patients can walk more effortlessly and easily. Furthermore, the elastic buffering mechanism of the assistant apparatus of the present disclosure has an adjustment function, with which the elastic force can be appropriately adjusted according to the heights of the users and the use conditions.

[0006] These and other aspects of the present disclosure will become apparent from the following description of the embodiment taken in conjunction with the following drawings and their captions, although variations and modifications therein may be affected without departing from the spirit and scope of the novel concepts of the disclosure.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0007] The present disclosure will become more fully understood from the following detailed description and accompanying drawings.

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an assistant apparatus for degenerative joint of the present disclosure.

FIG. 2 is a front view of the assistant apparatus for degenerative joint of the present disclosure.

FIG. 3 is a side view of the assistant apparatus for degenerative joint of the present disclosure.

FIG. 4 is a cross-sectional view taken along line IV-IV of FIG. 2.

FIG. 5 is a cross-sectional view taken along line V-V of FIG. 2.

FIG. 6 is a detailed view of section VI of FIG 4.

FIG. 7 is a detailed view of section VII of FIG 4.

FIG. 8 is a detailed view of section VIII of FIG 4.

FIG. 9 is a schematic view of the assistant apparatus for degenerative joint of the present disclosure in operation.

FIG. 10 is another schematic view of the assistant apparatus for degenerative joint of the present disclosure in operation.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EXEMPLARY EMBODIMENTS

[0008] The present disclosure is more particularly described in the following examples that are intended as illustrative only since numerous modifications and variations therein will be apparent to those skilled in the art. Like numbers in the drawings indicate like components throughout the views. As used in the description herein and throughout the claims that follow, unless the context clearly dictates otherwise, the meaning of "a", "an", and

15

"the" includes plural reference, and the meaning of "in" includes "in" and "on". Titles or subtitles can be used herein for the convenience of a reader, which shall have no influence on the scope of the present disclosure.

[0009] The terms used herein generally have their ordinary meanings in the art. In the case of conflict, the present document, including any definitions given herein, will prevail. The same thing can be expressed in more than one way. Alternative language and synonyms can be used for any term(s) discussed herein, and no special significance is to be placed upon whether a term is elaborated or discussed herein. A recital of one or more synonyms does not exclude the use of other synonyms. The use of examples anywhere in this specification including examples of any terms is illustrative only, and in no way limits the scope and meaning of the present disclosure or of any exemplified term. Likewise, the present disclosure is not limited to various embodiments given herein. Numbering terms such as "first", "second" or "third" can be used to describe various components, signals or the like, which are for distinguishing one component/signal from another one only, and are not intended to, nor should be construed to impose any substantive limitations on the components, signals or the like.

[0010] Referring to FIG. 1 to FIG. 4, the assistant apparatus for degenerative joint in accordance with the present disclosure includes an apparatus main body 1, a first leg-lifting mechanism 2, and a second leg-lifting mechanism 3. The apparatus main body 1 has an upper section 11, a middle section 12, and a lower section 13. The upper section 11, the middle section 12, and the lower section 13 are sequentially arranged from top to bottom, and the middle section 12 is connected between the upper section 11 and the lower section 13. The upper end of the middle section 12 can for example be pivotally connected to the lower end of upper section 11 such that the upper section 11 is bendable relative to the middle section 12, and the middle section 12 can swing back and forth using its upper end as the fulcrum. The lower end of middle section 12 can for example be pivotally connected to the upper end of the lower section 13 such that middle section 12 is bendable relative to the lower section 13, and the lower section 13 can swing back and forth using its upper end as the fulcrum. The upper section 11 of the apparatus main body 1 is provided with a supporting member 111. The supporting member 111 can be placed under the armpit of the user so that the apparatus main body 1 can function like a crutch to support the weight of the human body. The lower end of lower section 13 is provided with a carrying member 131, which can be placed inside the user's shoe to uphold the user's foot. In addition, the apparatus main body 1 can also use fastening members 100, 200, 300 and 400 (as shown in FIG. 10) such as Velcro tapes or webbing to be fixed onto the user's body, thighs and calves, so that apparatus main body 1 can be as close to the human body as possible. The apparatus main body 1 may also include a handgrip 14, which may be connected to the

middle section 12 for the user to hold.

[0011] The upper section 11, the middle section 12, the lower section 13, the first leg-lifting mechanism 2, and the second leg-lifting mechanism 3 of the apparatus main body 1 each include an elastic buffering mechanism S. That is, all above-mentioned devices have elastic members to provide elastic buffering effects. The upper section 11, the middle section 12, and the lower section 13 of the apparatus main body 1 each include the elastic buffering mechanism, which provides the apparatus main body 1 with elasticity. The first leg-lifting mechanism 2 is connected between the upper section 11 and middle section 12 of the apparatus main body 1. The second leg-lifting mechanism 3 is connected between the middle section 12 and the lower section 13 of the apparatus main body 1. The first leg-lifting mechanism 2 and the second leg-lifting mechanism 3 both have the elastic buffering mechanism S, so that the first leg-lifting mechanism 2 can be used to assist the user to lift his thigh, and the second leg-lifting mechanism 3 can be used to assist the user to lift his calf.

[0012] Here, the structures of these elastic buffering mechanisms S are not limited. For example, the structures of these elastic buffering mechanisms S may be the same or different. In this embodiment, the structures of these elastic buffering mechanisms S are substantially the same. Therefore, for the sake of brevity, only the structure of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the upper section 11 of the apparatus main body 1 is specifically described herein. As shown in FIG. 4 to FIG. 8, the elastic buffering mechanism S includes a tube body S1, an adjusting member S2, a bolt S3, a nut S4, a first elastic member S5, a second elastic member S6, a sliding assembly S7, and a connecting rod S8.

[0013] The tube body S1 is a hollow object that can either be straight or curved, and there is no limitation to its shape. In this embodiment, the tube bodies S1 of the elastic buffering mechanisms S of the upper section 11, the middle section 12, the lower section 13, and the second leg-lifting mechanism 3 of the apparatus main body 1 are all straight. The tube body S1 of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the first leg-lifting mechanism 2 is curved.

[0014] The adjusting member S2 is disposed at the upper end of the tube body S1, and the bolt S3 is disposed inside the tube body S1. The adjusting member S2 is fixed at one end of the bolt S3, so that the adjusting member S2 can be used to drive the bolt S3 to rotate. The nut S4 is disposed inside the tube body S1 and screwed to the bolt S3. The nut S4 can include a guiding member S41. The guiding member S41 is slidably fitted in a guiding groove S11 of the tube body S1 and extends along the axial direction of the tube body S1 to guide the movement of the nut S4.

[0015] The first elastic member S5, the second elastic member S6, the sliding assembly S7, and the connecting rod S8 are disposed inside the tube body S1. The first elastic member S5 and the second elastic member S6

40

can both be elastic members such as compression springs. The diameter of first elastic member S5 is larger than that of the second elastic member S6. The sliding assembly S7 is disposed between the first elastic member S5 and the second elastic member S6. The upper end of the connecting rod S8 is connected to the sliding assembly S7. The lower end of the connecting rod S8 extends out of the tube body S1 such that the connecting rod S8 can be connected to the adjacent devices such as the upper end of the middle section 12. The sliding assembly S7 can include one slider S71 and two magnets S72 and S73, and the two magnets S72 and S73 are disposed above the slider S71. The slider S71 and the two magnets S72 and S73 are movably disposed in the tube body S1. The adjacent sides of the magnets S72 and S73 have the same magnetic polarity, so that the magnets S72 and S73 can generate repulsive force, so as to increase the upward pushing force against the first elastic member S5 and the second elastic member S6. The upper end of the connecting rod S8 is connected to the slider S71 of sliding assembly S7.

[0016] When the adjusting member S2 is driving the bolt S3 to rotate, the nut S4 is pushed to move inside the tube body S1 along the axial direction thereof. This drives the nut S4 to push upward against the first elastic member S5, the sliding assembly S7, and the second elastic member S6, thereby changing the lengths of the first elastic member S5 and the second elastic member S6. When the first elastic member S5 and the second elastic member S6 become shorter, their elasticities are reduced. When the first elastic member S5 and the second elastic member S6 become longer, their elasticities increase. In this manner, the elastic buffering mechanism S can have an adjustment function of different elasticity and tightness.

[0017] Specifically, the adjusting member S2 and the connecting rod S8 of the elastic buffering mechanism S can be used to connect the upper section 11, the middle section 12, and the lower section 13 of the apparatus main body 1. For example, the adjusting member S2 of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the middle section 12 can be connected to the connecting rod S8 of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the upper section 11 through a first connecting assembly 121. The connecting rod S8 of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the middle section 12 can be connected to the adjusting member S2 of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the lower section 13 through a second connecting assembly 132. The first connecting assembly 121 and the second connecting assembly 132 may include existing connecting members such as rotating shafts and connecting rods, but are not limited thereto.

[0018] The tube body S1 and the connecting rod S8 of the elastic buffering mechanism S can be used to connect the upper section 11, the middle section 12, and the first leg-lifting mechanism 2 of the apparatus main body 1. For example, the tube body S1 of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the first leg-lifting mechanism 2 can be

connected to the tube body S1 of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the upper section 11 through a third connecting assembly 21. The connecting rod S8 of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the first leg-lifting mechanism 2 can be connected to the upper end of middle section 12 through a fourth connecting assembly 22. The third connecting assembly 21 and the fourth connecting assembly 22 may include existing connecting members such as rotating shafts and connecting rods, but are not limited thereto.

[0019] The adjusting member S2 and the connecting rod S8 of the elastic buffering mechanism S can be used to connect the middle section 12, the lower section 13, and the second leg-lifting mechanism 3 of the apparatus main body 1. For example, the adjusting member S2 of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the second leg-lifting mechanism 3 can be connected to the tube body S1 of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the middle section 12 through a fifth connecting assembly 31. The connecting rod S8 of the elastic buffering mechanism S of the second leg-lifting mechanism 3 can be connected to the upper end of the lower section 13 through a sixth connecting assembly 32. The fifth connecting assembly 31 and the sixth connecting assembly 32 may include existing connecting members such as rotating shafts and connecting rods, but are not limited thereto.

[0020] As shown in FIG. 9 and FIG. 10, the assistant apparatus for degenerative joint in accordance with the present disclosure includes the apparatus main body 1, the first leg-lifting mechanism 2, and the second leg-lifting mechanism 3. The assistant apparatus can be worn onto the human body to assist with walking. The apparatus main body 1 has the upper section 11, the middle section 12, and the lower section 13. The assistant apparatus can support the weight of the human body in a multisectional manner and can provide elastic buffering effect using the elastic buffering mechanism S of each section. The assistant apparatus can also store kinetic energy through body weight when stepped down on, and coupled with the designs of the first leg-lifting mechanism 2 and the second leg-lifting mechanism 3, can assist users to lift their thighs and calves.

[0021] In conclusion, the assistant apparatus of the present disclosure is a kind of walking crutch that can support the weight of the human body in a multi-sectional manner and generate elastic buffering effect. It can also use the weight of the human body to store kinetic energy when it is stepped down on, so that users can save energy when they lift their thighs and calves. The assistant apparatus of the present disclosure can effectively reduce the discomfort of the waist and the joints, and is suitable for patients with symptoms such as deteriorative joints, osteoporosis, mild stroke, as well as for traffic accident rehabilitation so that patients can walk more effortlessly and easily. Furthermore, the elastic buffering mechanism of the assistant apparatus of the present disclosure has an adjustment function, with which the elastic force can be appropriately adjusted according to the heights of the

40

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

users and the use conditions.

[0022] The foregoing description of the exemplary embodiments of the disclosure has been presented only for the purposes of illustration and description and is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the disclosure to the precise forms disclosed. Many modifications and variations are possible in light of the above teaching.

[0023] The embodiments were chosen and described in order to explain the principles of the disclosure and their practical application so as to enable others skilled in the art to utilize the disclosure and various embodiments and with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated. Alternative embodiments will become apparent to those skilled in the art to which the present disclosure pertains without departing from its spirit and scope.

Claims

 An assistant apparatus for degenerative joint, comprising:

> an apparatus main body (1) including an upper section (11), a middle section (12), and a lower section (13), wherein the middle section (12) is connected between the upper section (11) and the lower section (13), an upper end of the upper section (11) is provided with a supporting member (111), a lower end of the lower section (13) is provided with a carrying member (131), the upper section (11) is bendable relative to the middle section (12), and the middle section (12) is bendable relative to the lower section (13); a first leg-lifting mechanism (2) connected between the upper section (11) and the middle section (12) of the apparatus main body (1); and a second leg-lifting mechanism (3) connected between the middle section (12) and the lower section (13) of the apparatus main body (1); wherein the upper section (11), the middle section (12), the lower section (13), the first leglifting mechanism (2), and the second leg-lifting mechanism (3) of the apparatus main body (1) each include an elastic buffering mechanism (S) for providing elastic buffering effects.

- 2. The assistant apparatus for degenerative joint according to claim 1, wherein an upper end of the middle section (12) is pivotally connected to a lower end of the upper section (11), a lower end of the middle section (12) is pivotally connected to an upper end of the of the lower section (13), the middle section (12) is swingable back and forth using its upper end as a fulcrum, and the lower section (13) is swingable back and forth using its upper end as a fulcrum.
- 3. The assistant apparatus for degenerative joint ac-

cording to claim 1, wherein the elastic buffering mechanism (S) includes a tube body (S1), an adjusting member (S2), a bolt (S3), a nut (S4), a first elastic member (S5), a second elastic member (S6), a sliding assembly (S7), and a connecting rod (S8); wherein the adjusting member (S2) is disposed at an upper end of the tube body (S1), the bolt (S3) is disposed inside the tube body (S1), the adjusting member (S2) is fixed at one end of the bolt (S3), and the nut (S4) is disposed inside the tube body (S1) and screwed to the bolt (S3); wherein the first elastic member (S5), the second elastic member (S6), the sliding assembly (S7) and the connecting rod (S8) are disposed inside the tube body (S1), and the sliding assembly (S7) is disposed between the first elastic member (S5) and the second elastic member (S6); wherein an upper end of the connecting rod (S8) is connected to the sliding assembly (S7), and a lower end of the connecting rod (S8) extends out of the tube body (S1); and wherein when the adjusting member (S2) is driving the bolt (S3) to rotate, the bolt (S3) can push the nut (S4) to move inside the tube body (S1) along an axial direction thereof to drive the nut (S4) to push the first elastic member (S5), the sliding assembly (S7), and the second elastic member (S6) such that the elastic buffering mechanism (S) is adjustable.

- 4. The assistant apparatus for degenerative joint according to claim 3, wherein the nut (S4) is provided with a guiding member (S41), the guiding member (S41) is slidably fitted in a guiding groove (S11) of the tube body (S1), and the guiding groove (S11) extends along an axial direction of the tube body (S1) to guide a movement of the nut (S4).
- 5. The assistant apparatus for degenerative joint according to claim 3, wherein the first elastic member (S5) and the second elastic member (S6) are both compression springs, and a diameter of first elastic member (S5) is larger than that of the second elastic member (S6).
- 6. The assistant apparatus for degenerative joint according to claim 3, wherein the sliding assembly (S7) includes one slider (S71) and two magnets (S72)(S73), the two magnets (S72)(S73) are disposed above the slider (S71), the slider (S71) and the two magnets (S72)(S73) are movably disposed in the tube body (S1), adjacent sides of the two magnets (S72)(S73) have the same magnetic polarity, and an upper end of the connecting rod (S8) is connected to the slider (S71) of the sliding assembly (S7).
- 7. The assistant apparatus for degenerative joint according to claim 3, wherein the adjusting member (S2) of the elastic buffering mechanism (S) of the

middle section (12) is connected to the connecting rod (S8) of the elastic buffering mechanism (S) of the upper section (11) through a first connecting assembly (121), and the connecting rod (S8) of the elastic buffering mechanism (S) of the middle section (12) is connected to the adjusting member (S2) of the elastic buffering mechanism (S) of the lower section (13) through a second connecting assembly (132).

8. The assistant apparatus for degenerative joint according to claim 7, wherein the tube body (S1) of the elastic buffering mechanism (S) of the first leg-lifting mechanism (2) is connected to the tube body (S1) of the elastic buffering mechanism (S) of the upper section (11) through a third connecting assembly (21), and the connecting rod (S8) of the elastic buffering mechanism (S) of the first leg-lifting mechanism (2) is connected to the upper end of the middle section (12) through a fourth connecting assembly (22).

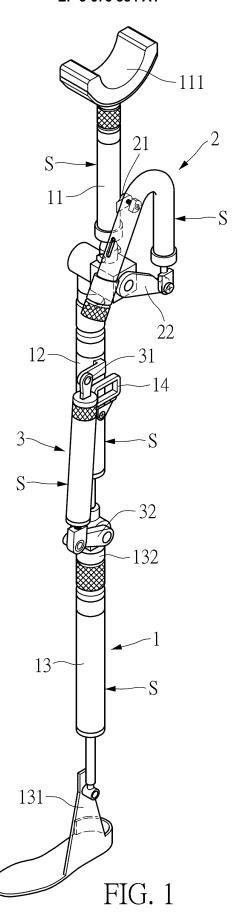
9. The assistant apparatus for degenerative joint according to claim 8, wherein the adjusting member (S2) of the elastic buffering mechanism (S) of the second leg-lifting mechanism (3) is connected to the tube body (S1) of the elastic buffering mechanism (S) of the middle section (12) through a fifth connecting assembly (31), and the connecting rod (S8) of the elastic buffering mechanism (S) of the second leg-lifting mechanism (3) is connected to the upper end of the lower section (13) through a sixth connecting assembly (32).

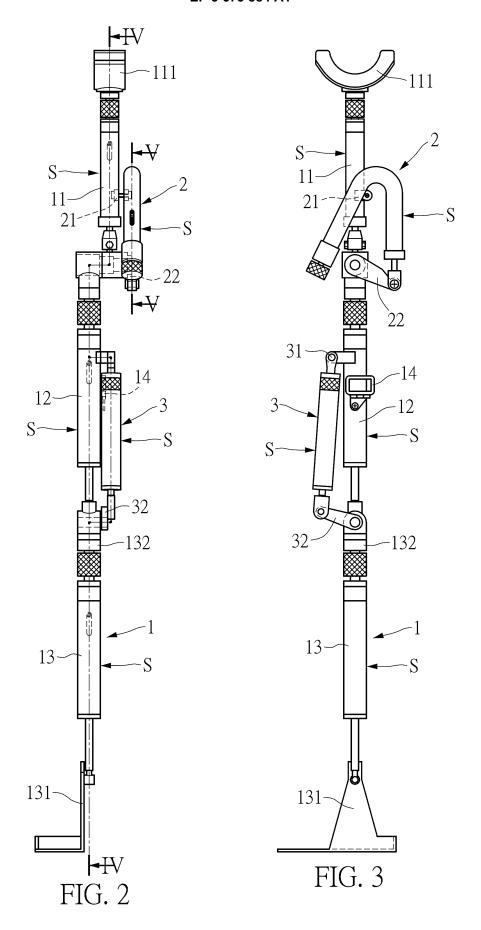
10. The assistant apparatus for degenerative joint according to claim 3, wherein the tube bodies (S1) of the elastic buffering mechanisms (S) of the upper section (11), the middle section (12), the lower section (13), and the second leg-lifting mechanism (3) are all straight, and the tube body (S1) of the elastic buffering mechanism (S) of the first leg-lifting mechanism (2) is curved.

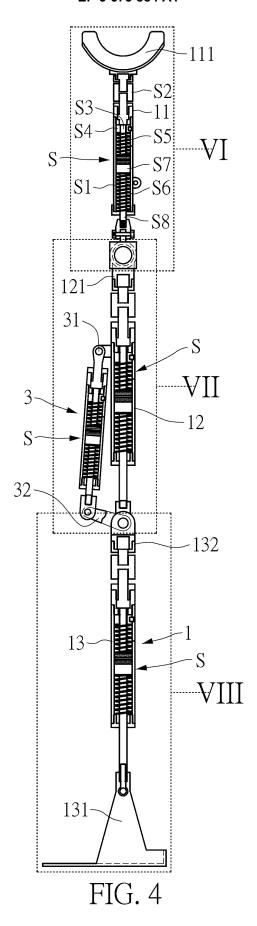
40

45

50







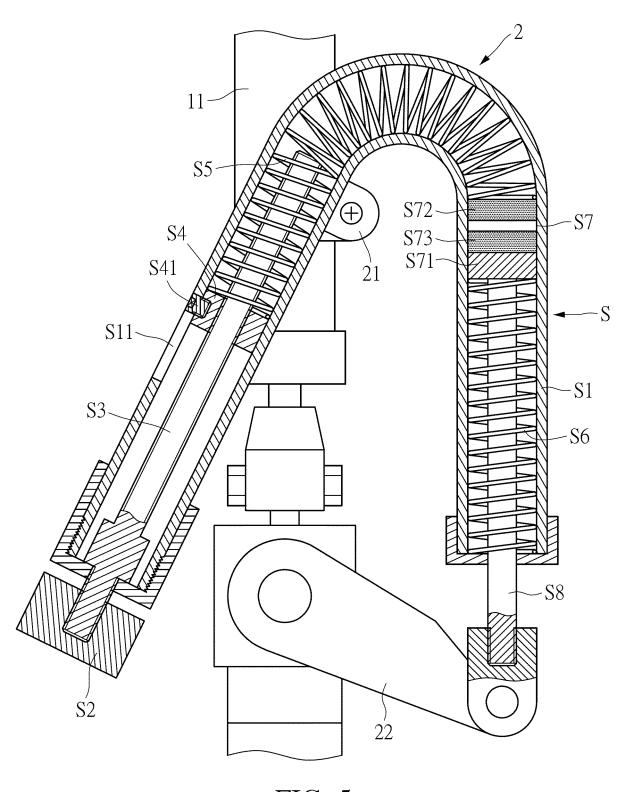


FIG. 5

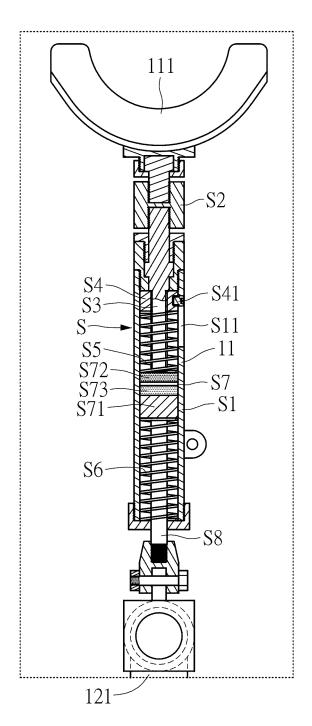


FIG. 6

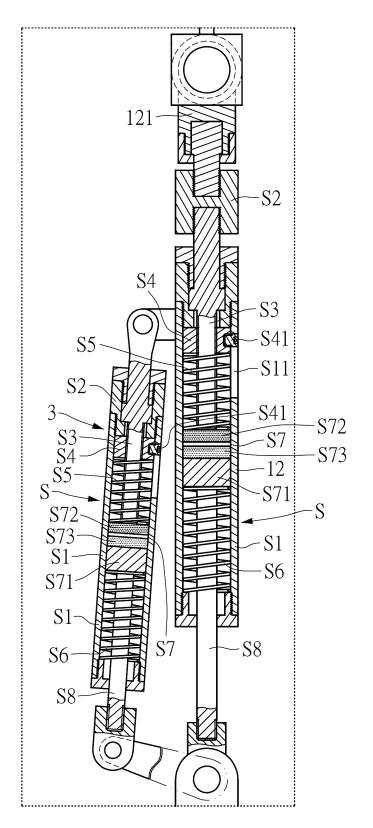
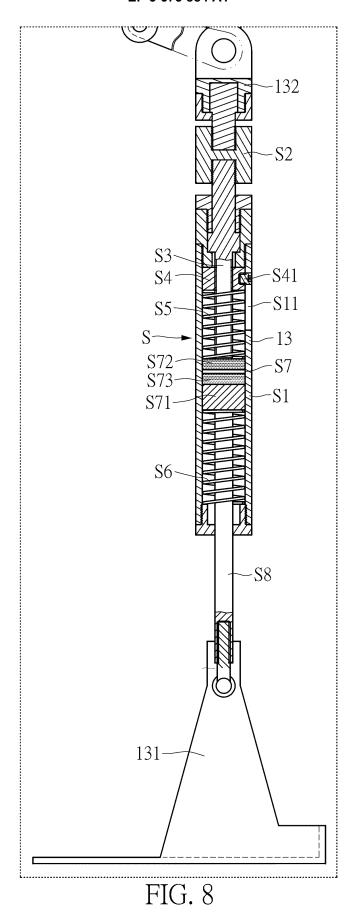
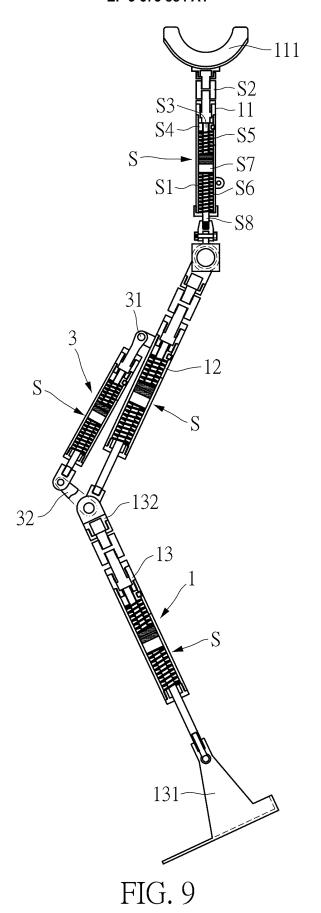
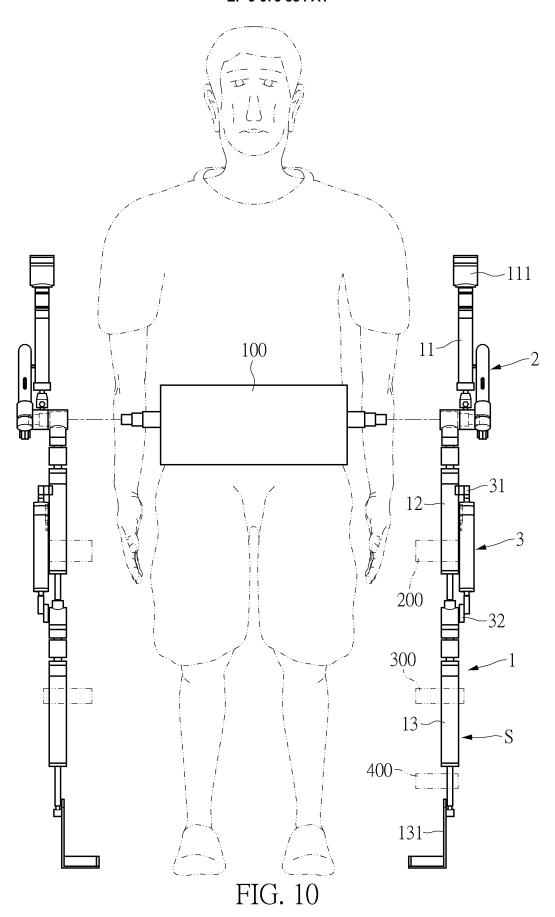


FIG. 7









EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 18 21 5926

	DOCUMENTS CONSID	DERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category	Citation of document with of relevant pass	indication, where appropriate, sages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)		
X	WO 2015/148576 A1 (LEVITATE TECHNOLOGIES INC [US]) 1 October 2015 (2015-10-01) * page 5, line 5 - page 7, line 17; claim 1-25; figures 1-5B *		1,2 3-10	INV. A61H3/00 A61H3/02 A61H1/02		
X	US 2 267 848 A (TA) 30 December 1941 (1 * claims 1-8; figur	1941-12-30)	1,2 3-10			
X	CN 105 310 866 A (UNIV WENZHOU) 10 February 2016 (2016-02-10) * claims 1-9; figures 1-4 * CN 205 988 396 U (YUAN BO) 1 March 2017 (2017-03-01) * claims 1-10; figures 1-32 *		1,2 3-10			
X			1,2 3-10			
X	CN 204 147 143 U (F 11 February 2015 (2 * claims 1-9; figur	 KAIYING ZHANG) 2015-02-11)	1,2			
X	S 2015/209213 A1 (KLINE LARRY PAUL [US]) 0 July 2015 (2015-07-30) paragraph [0023] - paragraph [0029]; igures 1-6 *		1,2 3-10	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC) A61F A61H B62D		
Υ	CN 106 821 684 A (UNITED NET MELLIN INTELLIGENT MELLINGENT MELLING	-06-13)	3-10	B25J		
Y	EP 2 959 869 A1 (BF 30 December 2015 (2 * claims 1-12; figu	2015-12-30)	3-10			
1	The present search report has I	been drawn up for all claims Date of completion of the search				
4C01)	Munich	23 April 2019	Shm	Shmonin, Vladimir		
X: parti Y: parti docu A: tech O: non-	ATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS cularly relevant if taken alone cularly relevant if combined with another ment of the same category nological background written disclosure mediate document	T: theory or principle E: earlier patent docu after the filing date D: document cited in L: document cited for	T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D: document cited in the application L: document cited for other reasons 8: member of the same patent family, corresponding			

EP 3 673 884 A1

ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 18 21 5926

5

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

23-04-2019

10	Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
15	WO 2015148576	A1 01-10-2015	EP 3122521 A1 JP 2017511180 A US 2015306762 A1 WO 2015148576 A1	01-02-2017 20-04-2017 29-10-2015 01-10-2015
	US 2267848	A 30-12-1941	NONE	
20	CN 105310866	A 10-02-2016	NONE	
	CN 205988396	U 01-03-2017	NONE	
	CN 204147143	U 11-02-2015	NONE	
25	US 2015209213	A1 30-07-2015	NONE	
	CN 106821684	A 13-06-2017	NONE	
	EP 2959869	A1 30-12-2015	EP 2959869 A1 EP 2974701 A2	30-12-2015 20-01-2016
30				
35				
40				
45				
50	65			
55	FORM P0459			

© | For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82