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(54) **EFFECTIVE CLUSTERING OF IMMUNOLOGICAL ENTITIES**

(57) The present invention provides a method for classifying immunological entities. The inventors assume that there are commonalities among antigen specificities for which, without a function being specified in advance, bound immunological entities (antigens, epitopes, etc.) are normally handled individually as separate "functions (for example, whether antigen A has the specificity)," and the inventors have discovered that it is possible to classify immunological entities by evaluating the similarities thereof. This method has a high degree of precision with respect to immunity-related illnesses, and the present invention is clinically applicable.

FIG.5

