

EP 3 965 081 A1 (11)

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication: 09.03.2022 Bulletin 2022/10

(21) Application number: 20194004.6

(22) Date of filing: 02.09.2020

(51) International Patent Classification (IPC): G08B 13/196 (2006.01) G08B 19/00 (2006.01) G08B 29/18 (2006.01)

(52) Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC): G08B 19/005; G08B 13/196; G08B 29/188

(84) Designated Contracting States:

AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR

Designated Extension States:

BA ME

Designated Validation States:

KH MA MD TN

(71) Applicant: Climax Technology Co., Ltd. Taipei 114 (TW)

(72) Inventor: CHEN, Yi-Kai Taipei City 10850 (TW)

(74) Representative: Karakatsanis, Georgios Haft Karakatsanis Patentanwaltskanzlei Dietlindenstrasse 18 80802 München (DE)

Remarks:

Amended claims in accordance with Rule 137(2)

(54)**DYNAMIC ALARM PRIORITY SYSTEM AND METHOD**

(57)A dynamic alarm priority system includes plural kinds of alarm devices (11A, 11B, 11C), an alarm signal being generated when the alarm device is triggered; a plurality of image capture devices (12), correspondingly coupled to the alarm devices respectively, the triggered alarm device activating the corresponding image capture device to capture an alarm image; an interface device (13) that receives the alarm signal; an assignment device (14) coupled to receive the alarm signals, which are assigned priorities in order of time, thereby generating an initial alarm signal sequence; and an object detection device (15) that performs object detection on the alarm image to determine whether an associated object is detected in the alarm image. The assignment device dynamically modifies the initial alarm signal sequence according to an object detection result from the object detection device, thereby generating an updated alarm signal sequence.

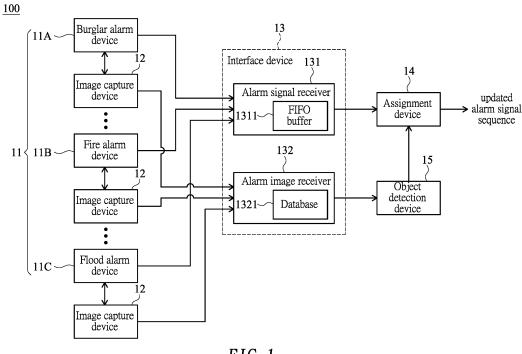


FIG. 1

15

20

40

45

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention generally relates to an alarm system, and more particularly to a dynamical alarm priority system and method.

1

2. DESCRIPTION OF RELATED ART

[0002] An alarm device gives an audible, visual or other form of alarm signals when triggered, which warns a user to do some actions for preventing or reducing danger. A burglar alarm and a fire alarm (such as smoke detector) are some common alarm devices.

[0003] The trigger threshold of the alarm device should be considered comprehensively. A miss alarm may occur if the trigger threshold is high, and, contrarily, a false alarm may occur if the trigger threshold is low. The false alarm may waste and bind resources, which cannot be utilized in an event of a true alarm.

[0004] The conventional alarm control center may usually monitor tens or even thousands of alarm devices distributed over a wide area. Therefore, the control center, in a period, may receive many alarm signals, which are given priorities and processed in order of time when the alarm signals are received. As false alarms are common, opportunity to process the true alarm will be lost.

[0005] A need has thus arisen to propose a novel scheme to overcome drawbacks of the conventional alarm system.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] In view of the foregoing, it is an object of the embodiment of the present invention to provide a dynamic alarm priority system and method capable of dynamically adjusting priorities of alarm signals. Therefore, a true alarm may be processed first and a false alarm may be deferred, thereby substantially enhancing overall efficiency of the alarm system.

[0007] According to one embodiment, a dynamic alarm priority system includes plural kinds of alarm devices, a plurality of image capture devices, an interface device, an assignment device and an object detection device. An alarm signal is generated when the alarm device is triggered. The image capture devices are correspondingly coupled to the alarm devices respectively, the triggered alarm device activating the corresponding image capture device to capture an alarm image. The interface device receives the alarm signal. The assignment device is coupled to receive the alarm signals, which are assigned priorities in order of time, thereby generating an initial alarm signal sequence. The object detection device performs object detection on the alarm image to determine whether an associated object is detected in the

alarm image. The assignment device dynamically modifies the initial alarm signal sequence according to an object detection result from the object detection device, thereby generating an updated alarm signal sequence.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[8000]

FIG. 1 shows a block diagram illustrating a dynamic alarm priority system according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 shows a flow diagram illustrating a dynamic alarm priority method according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 3 shows an example of a plurality of alarm devices that transmit alarm signals to a control center in order of time; and

FIG. 4 shows a block diagram illustrating a dynamic alarm priority system according to another embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0009] FIG. 1 shows a block diagram illustrating a dynamic alarm priority system 100 according to one embodiment of the present invention, and FIG. 2 shows a flow diagram illustrating a dynamic alarm priority method 200 according to one embodiment of the present invention. The dynamic alarm priority system (system hereinafter) 100 of FIG. 1 or the dynamic alarm priority method (method hereinafter) 200 of FIG. 2 may dynamically determine priorities of alarms.

[0010] As shown in FIG. 1, the system 100 may include plural kinds of alarm devices 11 (step 21). When the alarm device 11 is triggered or actuated (step 22), an alarm signal may be generated (step 23). In one embodiment, the alarm devices 11 may include (but not exclusively) burglar alarm devices 11A, fire alarm devices 11B and flood alarm devices 11C.

[0011] In the embodiment, the system 100 may include image capture devices 12 (step 21) such as still cameras or video cameras. The image capture devices 12 may be correspondingly coupled (in wired or wireless manner) to the alarm devices 11, respectively. When the alarm device 11 is triggered (step 22), the triggered alarm device 11 may activate a corresponding image capture device 12 to capture an alarm image or video (step 23). In one embodiment, some alarm devices 11 have no corresponding image capture deices 12.

[0012] In the embodiment, the system 100 may include a (communication) interface device 13, which may include an alarm signal receiver 131 and an alarm image receiver 132, which are configured to receive the alarm signal (from the alarm device 11) and the alarm image (from the image capture device 12), respectively (step 24). It is noted that the alarm signal and the corresponding alarm image may have the same event identification

(ID). In one embodiment, the interface device 13 may be disposed in a control center (e.g., central monitor system or CMS) of an alarm system.

[0013] In one embodiment, the alarm signal receiver 131 may include a first-in-first-out (FIFO) buffer 1311 for storing the received alarm signals. The alarm image receiver 132 may include a database 1321 for storing the received alarm images. It is noted that the alarm image receiver 132 may receive the alarm image in a wired or wireless manner. Moreover, the alarm image receiver 132 may receive the alarm image directly from the image capture device 112, or may receive the alarm image indirectly from the image capture device 12, for example, via the Internet.

[0014] The system 100 of the embodiment may include an assignment device 14 (for example, disposed in the control center) coupled to receive the alarm signals from the alarm signal receiver 131 (of the interface device 13), and the received alarm signals are assigned priorities in order of time, thereby generating an initial alarm signal sequence (or queue) (step 25). The time mentioned above may be the time when the interface device 13 (or the assignment device 14) receives the alarm signals, or the time when the alarm signals are generated by the alarm devices 11. In another embodiment, the order of the initial alarm signal sequence may be in order of time, but may also be based on predetermined priorities of the alarm devices 11. For example, the alarm device 11 in a specific area may be given predetermined priority.

[0015] According to one aspect of the embodiment, the system 100 may include an object detection device 15 (for example, disposed in the control center), coupled to receive the alarm image from the alarm image receiver 132 (of the interface device 13), and performing object detection on the received alarm image (step 26) to determine whether an associated object is detected in the alarm image. For example, the object detection device 15 determines whether a person is detected in the alarm image captured by the burglar alarm device 11A, whether smoke or fire is detected in the alarm image captured by the fire alarm device 11B, or whether water is detected in the alarm image captured by the flood alarm 11C.

[0016] The object detection device 15 of the embodiment may perform object detection by a conventional computer vision or image processing technique. In one embodiment, the object detection device 15 adopts a machine learning-based technique to perform object detection according to feature. In another embodiment, the object detection device 15 adopts a deep learning-based technique, such as convolutional neural network (CNN), to perform object detection.

[0017] According to another aspect of the embodiment, the assignment device 14 may dynamically modify the initial alarm signal sequence according to an object detection result from the object detection device 15, thereby generating an updated alarm signal sequence (or queue) (step 27). For example, a high treat queue (HTQ) is generated by modifying the FIFO queue. In the

embodiment, when the object detection result of the object detection device 15 is positive (that is, an associated object has been detected), the assignment device 14 may assign highest priority to the corresponding alarm signal, and assign other alarm signals from the second-highest priority. Accordingly, the system 100/method 200 may dynamically adjust priorities of alarm signals such that a true alarm may be processed first and a false alarm may be deferred, thereby substantially enhancing overall efficiency of the alarm system.

[0018] FIG. 3 shows an example of a plurality of alarm devices 11A-11C that respectively transmit alarm signals 1 to N to a control center in order of time. Specifically, the assignment device 14 of the control center generates an initial alarm signal sequence according to the alarm signals 1 to N in order of time. Subsequently, the object detection device 15 of the control center performs object detection, and the assignment device 14 dynamically modifies the initial alarm signal sequence according to an object detection result from the object detection device 15, thereby generating an updated alarm signal sequence. In the example, a person is detected in the captured alarm image corresponding to the burglar alarm device 2 (11A), and the assignment device 14 thus reassigns highest priority to the corresponding alarm signal 2, and re-assign second-highest priority to the alarm signal 1.

[0019] FIG. 4 shows a block diagram illustrating a dynamic alarm priority system 400 according to another embodiment of the present invention. The dynamic alarm priority system 400 is similar to the system 100 of FIG. 1 with the exception that (local) object detection devices 15 are correspondingly set with the alarm devices 11. When the alarm device 11 is triggered, the corresponding object detection device 15 receives and performs object detection on the alarm image captured by the corresponding image capture device 12. Subsequently, the alarm device 11 transmits the alarm signal and the objection detection result (but not the alarm image) to the interface device 13 (which requires no alarm image receiver 132).

[0020] According to a further embodiment (not shown) of the invention, the system 100 of FIG. 1 and the system 400 of FIG. 4 are combined. Specifically, some alarm devices 11 are associated with corresponding object detection devices 15 to perform object detection; while other alarm devices 11 are not associated with corresponding object detection devices 15, in which the object detection is performed by the object detection device 15 of the control center.

Claims

1. A dynamic alarm priority system, comprising:

plural kinds of alarm devices, an alarm signal being generated when the alarm device is triga plurality of image capture devices, correspondingly coupled to the alarm devices respectively, the triggered alarm device activating the corresponding image capture device to capture an alarm image;

5

an interface device that receives the alarm sig-

an assignment device coupled to receive the alarm signals, which are assigned priorities in order of time, thereby generating an initial alarm signal sequence; and

an object detection device that performs object detection on the alarm image to determine whether an associated object is detected in the alarm image;

wherein the assignment device dynamically modifies the initial alarm signal sequence according to an object detection result from the object detection device, thereby generating an updated alarm signal sequence.

- 2. The system of claim 1, wherein the interface device comprises an alarm signal receiver and an alarm image receiver, which receive the alarm signal and the alarm image, respectively.
- 3. The system of claim 2, wherein the alarm signal receiver comprises a first-in-first-out (FIFO) buffer for storing the alarm signal.
- 4. The system of claim 2, wherein the alarm image receiver comprises a database for storing the alarm image.
- 5. The system of claim 1, wherein the object detection device adopts a machine learning-based technique to perform object detection according to feature.
- **6.** The system of claim 1, wherein the object detection device adopts a deep learning-based technique to perform object detection.
- 7. The system of claim 1, wherein the assignment device assigns highest priority to the alarm signal when the associated object is detected in the corresponding alarm image.
- 8. The system of claim 1, wherein the interface device, the assignment device and the object detection device are disposed inside a control center, and the interface device receives the alarm image.
- 9. The system of claim 1, wherein the interface device and the assignment device are disposed inside a control center, but the object detection device is disposed outside the control center, and the interface device does not receive the alarm image.

10. A dynamic alarm priority method, comprising:

providing plural kinds of alarm devices, an alarm signal being generated when the alarm device is triggered;

providing a plurality of image capture devices, correspondingly coupled to the alarm devices respectively, the triggered alarm device activating the corresponding image capture device to capture an alarm image;

receiving the alarm signal and assigning priorities in order of time, thereby generating an initial alarm signal sequence;

performing object detection on the alarm image to determine whether an associated object is detected in the alarm image; and

dynamically modifying the initial alarm signal sequence according to an object detection result, thereby generating an updated alarm signal sequence.

- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the object detection adopts a machine learning-based technique to perform object detection according to feature.
- 12. The method of claim 10, wherein the object detection adopts a deep learning-based technique to perform object detection.
- 13. The method of claim 10, wherein highest priority is assigned to the alarm signal when the associated object is detected in the corresponding alarm image.
 - 14. The method of claim 10, wherein the object detection is performed inside a control center, and the control center receives the alarm image.
 - 15. The method of claim 10, wherein the object detection is performed outside a control center, and the control center does not receive the alarm image.

Amended claims in accordance with Rule 137(2) EPC.

- 1. A dynamic alarm priority system (100), comprising:
 - plural kinds of alarm devices (11), an alarm signal being generated when the alarm device is triggered;

a plurality of image capture devices (12), correspondingly coupled to the alarm devices respectively, the triggered alarm device activating the corresponding image capture device to capture an alarm image;

an interface device (13) that receives the alarm

an assignment device (14) coupled to receive

35

45

50

40

30

35

40

45

50

the alarm signals, which are assigned priorities in order of time, thereby generating an initial alarm signal sequence; and **characterized in that**

an object detection device (15) that performs object detection on the alarm image by image processing technique to determine whether an associated object is detected in the alarm image; wherein the assignment device dynamically modifies the initial alarm signal sequence according to an object detection result from the object detection device, thereby generating an updated alarm signal sequence.

- 2. The system of claim 1, wherein the interface device comprises an alarm signal receiver (131) and an alarm image receiver (132), which receive the alarm signal and the alarm image, respectively.
- The system of claim 2, wherein the alarm signal receiver comprises a first-in-first-out (FIFO) buffer (1311) for storing the alarm signal.
- **4.** The system of claim 2, wherein the alarm image receiver comprises a database (1321) for storing the alarm image.
- 5. The system of claim 1, wherein the object detection device adopts a machine learning-based technique to perform object detection according to feature.
- **6.** The system of claim 1, wherein the object detection device adopts a deep learning-based technique to perform object detection.
- The system of claim 1, wherein the assignment device assigns highest priority to the alarm signal when the associated object is detected in the corresponding alarm image.
- 8. The system of claim 1, wherein the interface device, the assignment device and the object detection device are disposed inside a control center, and the interface device receives the alarm image.
- 9. The system of claim 1, wherein the interface device and the assignment device are disposed inside a control center, but the object detection device is disposed outside the control center, and the interface device does not receive the alarm image.
- **10.** A dynamic alarm priority method (200), comprising:

providing plural kinds of alarm devices (11), an alarm signal being generated when the alarm device is triggered; (21 and 22) providing a plurality of image capture devices (12), correspondingly coupled to the alarm de-

vices respectively, the triggered alarm device activating the corresponding image capture device to capture an alarm image; (23)

receiving the alarm signal and assigning priorities in order of time, thereby generating an initial alarm signal sequence; (24 and 25) **characterized in that**

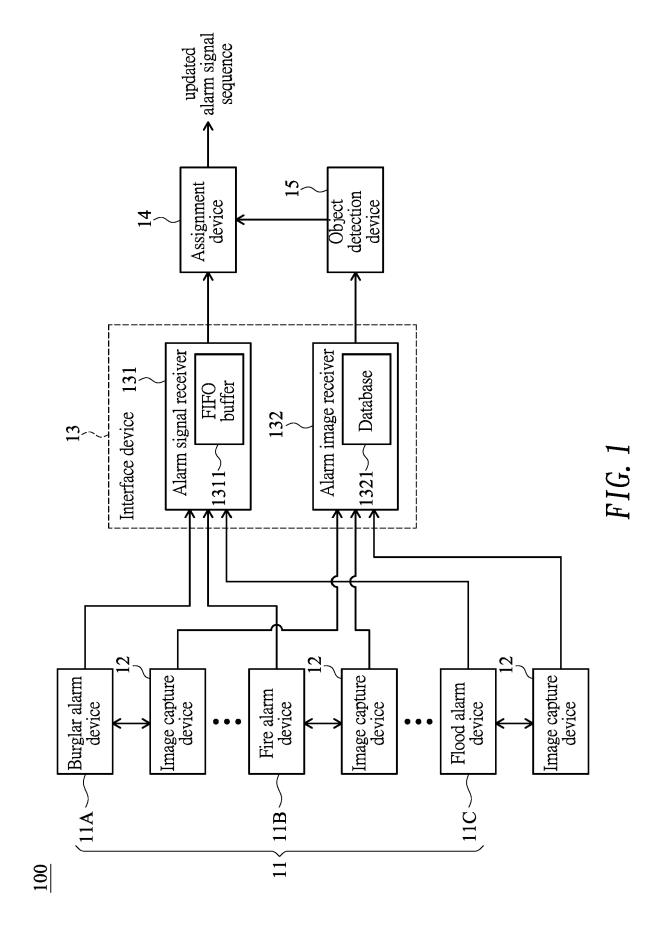
performing object detection on the alarm image by image processing technique to determine whether an associated object is detected in the alarm image; (26) and dynamically modifying the initial alarm signal sequence according to an object detection result, thereby generating an updated alarm signal se-

11. The method of claim 10, wherein the object detection adopts a machine learning-based technique to perform object detection according to feature.

quence. (27)

- **12.** The method of claim 10, wherein the object detection adopts a deep learning-based technique to perform object detection.
- 13. The method of claim 10, wherein highest priority is assigned to the alarm signal when the associated object is detected in the corresponding alarm image.
 - **14.** The method of claim 10, wherein the object detection is performed inside a control center, and the control center receives the alarm image.
 - **15.** The method of claim 10, wherein the object detection is performed outside a control center, and the control center does not receive the alarm image.

5



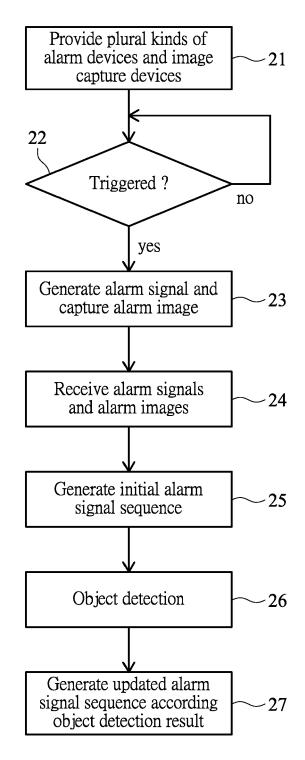
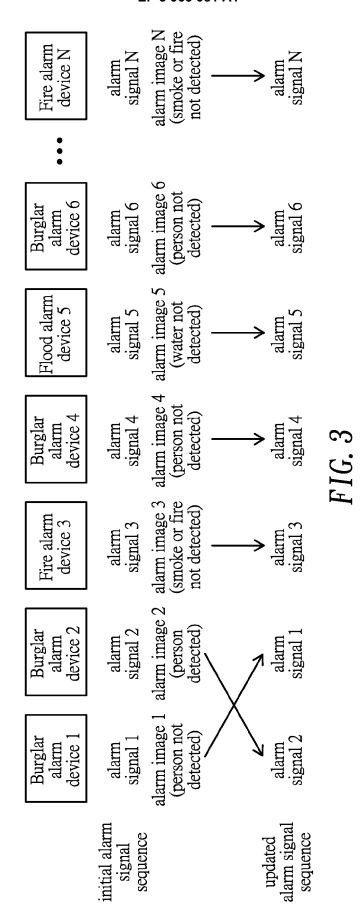
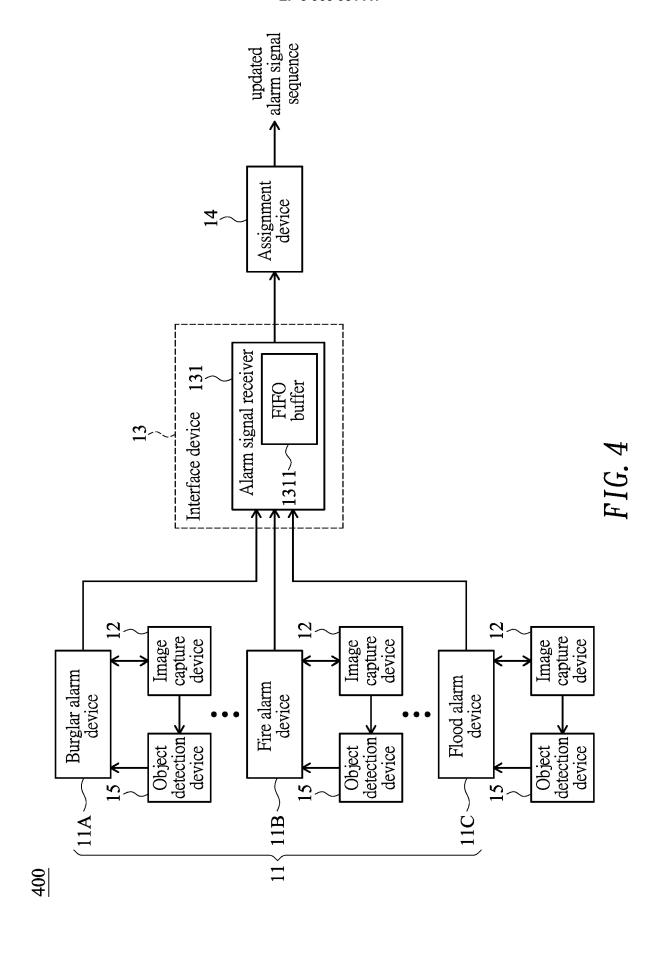


FIG. 2







EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Application Number

EP 20 19 4004

10	

\sim	
-	
\sim	
\times	Munich
\circ	Munich
4C01)	

- A: technological background
 O: non-written disclosure
 P: intermediate document

Category	Citation of document with ir of relevant pass	ndication, where appropriate, ages	Relev to cla		CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)
Y	EP 2 492 883 A1 (GU TECHNOLOGY CO LTD [29 August 2012 (201 * paragraph [0041] figures 1,2 * * paragraph [0052]	[CN]) 2-08-29) - paragraph [0045];		<i>A</i>	NV. G08B19/00 ADD. G08B13/196 G08B29/18
Y	US 6 353 385 B1 (MC 5 March 2002 (2002-* column 3, line 3 figures 1,2 * * column 5, line 16 * column 6, line 15 * column 10, line 4 figure 2 *	03-05) - column 4, line 49 - line 41 * - column 7, line 6); 5 *		
				(TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)
	The present search report has Place of search	peen drawn up for all claims Date of completion of the s	counts I		Examiner
	Munich	16 February		Hoß	
X : part Y : part docu A : tech O : non	ATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS icularly relevant if taken alone icularly relevant if combined with another iment of the same category nological backgroundwritten disclosure rmediate document	T : theory of E : earlier pafter the D : docume L : documer	Ebruary 2021 HeB, Rüdiger T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filling date D: document oited in the application L: document oited for other reasons 8: member of the same patent family, corresponding document		

EP 3 965 081 A1

ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 20 19 4004

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

16-02-2021

Data at da como cut		Date it and the con-	D-tt	Dutilia etian
Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP 2492883	A1	29-08-2012	CN 102176270 A EP 2492883 A1 JP 2012178134 A	07-09-201 29-08-201 13-09-201
US 6353385	B1	05-03-2002	NONE	

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82