

(11) **EP 4 112 346 A1**

(12) EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication: 04.01.2023 Bulletin 2023/01

(21) Application number: 22182486.5

(22) Date of filing: 01.07.2022

(51) International Patent Classification (IPC): **B60J** 5/04 (2006.01) **B60J** 5/10 (2006.01)

(52) Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC): B60J 5/043; B60J 5/042; B60J 5/0477; B60J 5/105

(84) Designated Contracting States:

AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR

Designated Extension States:

BA ME

Designated Validation States:

KH MA MD TN

(30) Priority: 02.07.2021 US 202163217782 P

24.08.2021 US 202163236434 P 26.08.2021 US 202163237393 P

(71) Applicant: Magna Exteriors Inc. Concord, Ontario L4K 4J5 (CA) (72) Inventors:

- Hasl, Paul 460 14 LIBEREC (CZ)
- Kadlec, Vitezslav
 460 15 LIBEREC (CZ)
- Sivek, Martin 460 14 LIBEREC (CZ)
- Bárta, Jan
 46006 LIBEREC (CZ)
- (74) Representative: Glawe, Delfs, Moll Partnerschaft mbB von Patent- und Rechtsanwälten Postfach 13 03 91 20103 Hamburg (DE)

(54) LIFTGATE WITH METAL REINFORCEMENT AND A SWINGDOOR ARRANGMENT

(57) A composite liftgate structure (12) that is strengthened using a metal hybrid reinforcement (22). The metal hybrid reinforcement is connected to the perimeter surface area of an inner panel (20). Another embodiment of the invention is directed to a swing door

(110a, 110b) having an internal tubular frame (112a, 112b) for providing attachment of hinges and latches to the door and at least one inner (118a, 118b) or outer panel (121a, 121b, 121c, 121d) for attaching to the frame.

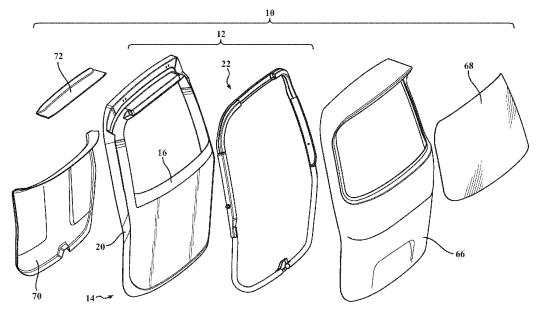


FIG. 1

Description

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to liftgate systems for automobiles. More specifically, to a composite liftgate and method of manufacture. The present invention also relates to a metal reinforcement for swingdoor tailgates, hybrid design, mixture of tubes and stamped sheet.

1

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] One of the current trends in the automobile industry is to lower vehicle weight to help achieve better fuel economy, thus helping to meet fuel economy standards and to offset the higher fuel prices. Another trend is that there is a broader range of vehicle models, which in turn reduces the volume of vehicles produced on a per model basis. Liftgates are traditionally made from stamped steel panels that are heavy and have a high tooling cost and are susceptible to corrosion. Sheet Molding Compound (SMC) is an alternative to steel for the inner and outer panels of the liftgate. Using SMC has several manufacturing concerns related to the material and process. Steel and SMC liftgates have a mass penalty over thermoplastics. There are also styling restrictions with traditional sheet metal and SMC components. [0003] In another aspect of the invention, it is desirable to provide steel wire reinforcements between and connected with the inner and outer panels in order to further strengthen the liftgate. Traditionally steel wires or cables have been used to hold the liftgate together during a collision. However, the traditional steel cables do not provide any type of strengthening features. It is therefore desirable to develop and provide new strengthening features either formed within the inner and outer panels are connected between the inner and outer panels that can be used to strengthen the overall liftgate structure as well as strengthen and support connection accessories such as light modules, door latches etc.

[0004] In yet another aspect of the invention, Rear doors of SUVs, vans and other vehicles are complex to engineer. They tend to be large areas which require hinge attachment points for opening and closing of the doors. The doors must seal to keep the elements out and require stiffness and strength for operating and sealing of the doors but also requiring as light of weight as possible since they have to be supported by hinges. Therefore, robust hinge attachment points capable of holding the weight of doors, dampening struts, latches, and handles are required.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] A vehicle door including an internal tubular frame for providing attachment of hinges and latches to the door and at least one inner or outer panel for attaching to the frame. In a preferred embodiment the door is a

swingdoor which opens from the center to the outside. **[0006]** The door construction of the present invention

provides a vehicle door with very good mechanical performance with respect to torsional and bending stiffness. It provides good crash performance and metal reinforcement at latch, strut, ball joint, and hinge points. The door uses tubes and stamped sheet metal parts and is easier and cheaper to manufacture. Additionally, the complete assembly can be easily adjusted for needed dimensions/tolerance requirements in welding process.

[0007] Another embodiment of the invention relates to a composite liftgate structure having an inner panel formed of composite material and an outside surface with a perimeter surface area that is adjacent a perimeter edge of the structural composite inner panel. There is a metal hybrid reinforcement connected to the perimeter surface area, wherein the metal hybrid reinforcement forms a closed ring around a perimeter of the inner panel thereby providing enhanced strength to the composite liftgate structure. There is also at least one outer panel connected to the inner panel, wherein the metal hybrid reinforcement is positioned between the inner panel and the at least one outer panel.

[0008] Further areas of applicability of the present invention will become apparent from the detailed description provided hereinafter. It should be understood that the detailed description and specific examples, while indicating the preferred embodiment of the invention, are intended for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0009] The present invention will become more fully understood from the detailed description and the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Fig. 1 is an exploded side perspective view of a composite liftgate according to a first embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 2A is a side elevational view of the metal hybrid reinforcement.

Fig. 2B is a first cross-sectional plan view of the metal hybrid reinforcement of Fig. 2A.

Fig. 2C is a second cross-sectional plan view of the metal hybrid reinforcement of Fig. 2A.

Fig. 2D is a third cross-sectional plan view of the metal hybrid reinforcement of Fig. 2A.

Fig. 2E is a fourth cross-sectional plan view of the metal hybrid reinforcement of Fig. 2A.

Fig. 3 is an exploded side perspective view of the metal hybrid reinforcement of the composite liftgate. Fig. 4 is an exploded perspective view of a swing door according to a second embodiment of the present invention.

Fig. 5 is an exploded view of a swing door according to a third embodiment of the present invention.

Fig. 6 is an end perspective view of the tubular

55

40

4

frames of the swing door.

Fig. 7 is an end perspective view of the tubular frames connected to the inner panels.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0010] The following description of the preferred embodiment is merely exemplary in nature and is in no way intended to limit the invention, its application, or uses.

[0011] Referring now to Fig. 1 an exploded side perspective view of a composite liftgate 10 having a composite liftgate structure 12. The composite liftgate structure 12 is a portion of the composite liftgate 10 that adds structure and strength to the composite liftgate 10. The composite liftgate structure 12 includes an inner panel 14 formed of composite material having an outside surface 16 with a perimeter surface area 18 that is adjacent a perimeter edge 20 of the inner panel 14.

[0012] The composite liftgate structure 12 further includes a metal hybrid reinforcement 22 that is connected to the inner panel 14 using adhesives, welding, or a plurality of mechanical fasteners. The metal hybrid reinforcement 22 is formed of steel, aluminum, or combinations thereof. It is also within the scope of this invention for the metal hybrid reinforcement 22 to be formed of other metals or a combination of metals and composite materials depending on the needs of a particular application. The metal hybrid reinforcement 22 is connected to the perimeter surface area 18. The perimeter surface area 18 is an area on the outside surface 16 that is adjacent the perimeter edge 20 and has a large enough area suitable for connecting to the outside surface 16 of the inner panel 14.

[0013] The term "hybrid" when referring to the metal hybrid reinforcement 22 refers to the variety of different cross-sectional shaped pieces on the metal hybrid reinforcement 22 that allows different components to be attached, which will now be described. Referring also to Figs. 2A-E and 3 the metal hybrid reinforcement 22 includes a first tube section 24 with a first end 23 and a second end 25, and a second tube section 26 with a first end 27 and second end 29. The first tube section 24 and second tube section 26 as shown have a circular crosssection with a hollow bore in the middle, however, it is within the scope of this invention for the cross section to have a different shape. A latch reinforcement 30 is connected between the first tube section 24 and second tube section 26 at the respective second end 25, 29. The connection between the latch reinforcement 30 and the first tube section 24 and second tube section 26 is a welded connection, however, it is within the scope of this invention for another suitable connection to be used such as, but not limited to adhesives and mechanical connections. The latch reinforcement 30 has a latch mounting surface 32 with legs 34, 36 extending therefrom that wrap around and rest against a portion of the outer circumference of the first tube section 24 and second tube section 26. The

legs 34,36 are connected to the outer circumference of the first tube section 24 and second tube section 26 using a connection 38, 38' which can be a weld, adhesives, solder or other suitable connection. The latch mounting surface 32 is then used to connect components of a latch (not shown) to the metal hybrid reinforcement 22. The area of the latch mounting surface 32 as shown can vary in size and have a surface area that is wider than the width of the first tube section 24 and second tube section 26.

[0014] The metal hybrid reinforcement 22 further includes a first ball stud section 40 with a first end 42 and a second end 44 and a second ball stud section 40' with a first end 42' and second end 44'. The first end 42 of the first ball stud section 40 is connected to the first end 23 of the first tube section 24. The first end 42' of the second ball stud section 40' is connected to the first end 27 of the second tube section 26. Both the first ball stud section 40 and the second ball stud section 40' have a U-shaped cross-section with a first leg 52 and second leg 54 that connects to the outer circumference of the respective first tube section 24 or the second tube section 26 using a connection 56, 56' that is a weld, adhesives, solder, or other suitable connection. The first ball stud section 40 and the second ball stud section 40' include a ball joint mounting surface 58, 58' that is used to connect a ball 59, 59' that is part of a ball joint connected between the composite liftgate 10 and the vehicle.

[0015] Connected to the second end 44 of the first ball stud section 40 is a left corner section 45 and connected to the second 44' of the first ball stud section 40' is a right corner section 47. Extending between the left corner section 45 and right corner section 47 is a hinge attachment section 60. The hinge attachment section 60 has a first end 62 and a second end 64. The first end 62 of the hinge attachment section 60 is connected to the left corner section 45 so that the left corner section 45 wraps around and is connected by welding or bonding to the hinge attachment section 60. The second end 64 of the hinge attachment section 60 is connected to the right corner section 47 so that the right corner section 47 wraps around and is connected by welding or bonding to the hinge attachment section 60. The hinge attachment section 60 has an attachment surface area 66 that is used to connect one or more hinges that pivotally connect the composite liftgate 10 to a vehicle. The left corner section 45 and right corner section 47 in a preferred embodiment are two pieces formed of a front left corner piece 49a, back left corner piece 49b, front right corner piece 51a, and back right corner piece 51b that are connected together about the respective ends of the hinge attachment section 60, first ball stud section 40 and second ball stud

[0016] The composite liftgate 10 is completed by connection of an outer panel 66 connected to the inner panel 14. The metal hybrid reinforcement 22 is positioned between the inner panel 14 and the outer panel 66. The outer panel 66 forms the exterior show surface of the

40

composite liftgate 10 and can be a single piece or it can be multiple pieces depending on the needs of a particular application. Additionally, there is a window 68 that is formed of plastic or glass that is connected to either the inner panel, 114 or the outer panel 66. The window 68 is an optional feature since some vehicles do not have a rear window. Additionally, the composite liftgate 10 optionally further includes inner trim piece 70, 72 that are shown as two pieces, however, a greater or lesser number of inner trim pieces can be used. The inner trin pieces 70, 72 form the inside surface of the composite liftgate 10 that is visible from inside the passenger compartment of the vehicle. The metal hybrid reinforcement 22 once fully assembled has a circular shape that adds strength to the composite liftgate 10, while also permitting several other structures such as hinges. ball joints and latch mechanisms to be attached.

[0017] Referring now to Figs. 4-6 are two embodiments of a vehicle door wherein like numbers differing by 100 are like components in the embodiments. In accordance with the present invention there is provided a vehicle door 110a, 110b, 210a, 210b that is a swing door having a first vehicle door 110a, 210a and second vehicle door 110b, 210b that are left and right side doors that meet together when in the closed position. The vehicle door 110a, 110b, 210a, 210b includes a left side door (see vehicle door 110b, 210b) and right side door (see vehicle door 110a, 210a), which can be arranged in a different orientation such as top and bottom or one side can be larger than the other. The vehicle door 110b, 110b, 210a, 210b each include a frame member 112a, 112b, 212a, 212b respectively, which is an internal tubular frame for providing attachment of hinges 114a, 114b, 214a, 214b and attachment surfaces 116a, 116b, 216a, 216b, 216c, 216d for connecting latches to the frame 112a, 112b, 212a, 212b.

[0018] Each vehicle door 110a, 110b, 210a, 210b further includes at least one inner panel 118a, 118b, 218a, 218b and outer panel 120a, 120b, 220a, 220b for attaching respectively to the frame 112a, 112b, 212a, 212b. Frame members 112a, 212a, inner panel 118a, 218a and outer panel 120a, 220a are respective mirror images of frame members 112b, 212b, inner panel 118b, 218b and outer panel 120b, 220b. The outer panel 120a, 120b in Fig.4 includes multiple outer panels 121a, 121b, 121c, 121d, while the outer panel 220a 220b includes multiple outer panels 221a, 221b, 221c, 221d; however, it is within the scope of the invention for the multiple outer panels in both embodiments a lesser or greater number of panels depending on the needs of particular application. Multiple inner panels are also within the scope of the invention. In one embodiment the inner panels 18, 18a, 118 and 118a are connected to the respective frame 12a, 12b, 112a, 112b by adhesives, fastener or the like and the outer panels 20a, 20b, 20c, 20d, 120a, 120b, 120c, 120d are connected to the inner panels.

[0019] Each of the frame members 112a, 112b, 212a, 212b the frame includes a first leg 122a, 122b, 222a,

222b, a middle connection leg 124a, 124b, 224a, 224b and a second leg 126a, 126b, 226a, 226b for forming a "C" shaped or "U" shaped frame member. The first leg 122a, 122b, 222a, 222b and second leg 126a, 126b, 226a, 226b have terminal outer ends 128a, 128b, 130a, 130b, 228a, 228b, 230a, 230b. Typically, these are extruded or other tubular members and are made out of aluminum or steel which allows welding attachment of hardpoints for hinges and latches. The tubes are typically bent but could be pieces welded together to from a "C" or "U" shape. With respect to the embodiment in Figs. 5-7 there is provided an additional reinforcement member 232a, 232b, referred to as a first reinforcement member and a second reinforcement member. Each reinforcement member 232a, 232b has an upper end 233a, 233b and a lower end 235a, 235b that are connected respectively to the terminal ends 228a, 228b, 230a, 230b to provide additional strength and rigidity if needed. Referring also to Figs. 6 and 7 the upper end 233a, 233b of the reinforcement 232a, 232b and terminal end 228a, 228b of second leg 226a, 226b are each connected to a respective an upper bracket 236a, 236b that also includes one of the attachment surfaces 216a, 216b. The lower end 235a, 235b of the reinforcement 232a, 232b and terminal end 230a, 230b of first leg 222a, 222b are each connected to a respective a lower bracket 238a, 238b that also includes one of the attachment surfaces 216c, 216d. The upper bracket 236a, 236b and lower bracket 238a, 238b provide the attachment surfaces 216a-d for attaching latches, locks and other features. The upper bracket 236a, 236b and lower bracket 238a, 238b also help reduce assembly complexity because they the reinforcements 232a, 232b and the tubular frame 212a, 212b will be connected with less bends.

[0020] When the reinforcements 238a, 238b are connected with the respective first leg 222a, 222b and second leg 226a, 226b the tubular frame 212a, 212b has an "O" profile. The reinforcement members are typically "L" shaped stampings and are formed of one or multiple pieces depending on the requirements of the particular door. If multiple pieces are used, they are connected together by welding, adhesives fasteners or other ways of joining the pieces. This reinforcement member could also include other cross-sectional shapes such as a tube or the like. The reinforcement member 232a, 232b is has a contoured portion 231a, 231b that contours to the respective inner panel 218a, 218b or outer panel 220a, 220b at a spoiler 234a, 234b area of the outer panel. This provides an even more robust structure if it is needed.

[0021] As shown in the Figures the doors are hinged toward meeting in the terminal end area for opening and closing.

[0022] The following is a numbered list of various aspects of the invention:

1. A vehicle door comprising:

a vehicle door having a tubular frame for providing attachment of hinges and latches to the vehicle door

55

40

10

15

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

and an inner panel and an outer panel attached to the tubular frame.

- 2. The vehicle door of aspect 1, wherein the tubular frame is positioned between the inner panel and the outer panel internally within the vehicle door.
- 3. The vehicle door of aspect 1 or 2, further including a plurality of outer panels; and/or further including more than one inner panel.
- 4. The vehicle door of any one of aspects 1 to 3, further comprising:

and a second vehicle door for meeting the first vehicle door, the second vehicle door includes a tubular frame for providing attachment of hinges

wherein the vehicle door is a first vehicle door.

and latches to the vehicle door and an inner panel and an outer panel attached to the tubular frame, such that the tubular frame is positioned between the inner panel and the outer panel internally within the vehicle door.

- 5. The vehicle door of aspect 4, wherein the tubular frame of the first vehicle door and the tubular frame of the second vehicle door both include a first leg, a second leg and a middle connection leg for forming a "C" shape.
- 6. The vehicle door of aspect 5, further comprising:

wherein the first leg and the second leg of the tubular frame of the first vehicle door each have a terminal end and the first leg and the second leg of the tubular frame of the second vehicle door each have a terminal end;

a first reinforcement member having an upper end and a lower end connected to the tubular frame of the first vehicle door between the terminal end of the first leg and the terminal end of the second leg, and

a second reinforcement member having an upper end and a lower end connected to the tubular frame of the second vehicle door between the terminal end of the first leg and the terminal end of the second leg.

7. The vehicle door of aspect 6 further comprising:

wherein the first reinforcement member of the first door is contoured for matching and supporting an outer contoured surface of the outer panel of the first door, and

wherein the second reinforcement member of the second door is contoured for matching and supporting an outer contoured surface of the outer panel of the second door.

- 8. The vehicle door of aspect 7, wherein the outer contoured surface of the outer panel of the first door and the outer contoured surface of the outer panel of the second door is a spoiler.
- 9. The vehicle door of any one of aspects 6 to 8, wherein the tubular frame of the first vehicle door and the tubular frame of the second vehicle door are made from a tubular metal material and the reinforcement member of the first vehicle door and the reinforcement member of the second vehicle door are made from a stamped material.
- 10. The vehicle door of any one of aspects 6 to 9, wherein the first reinforcement member and the second reinforcement member is a one-piece stamping.
- 11. The vehicle door of any one of aspects 6 to 10, wherein the first reinforcement member and the second reinforcement member are made from more than one piece of material which are connected together by welding, adhesives, fasteners and combinations thereof.
- 12. The vehicle door of any one of aspects 1 to 11, wherein the inner panel is attached to the tubular frame and the outer panel is attached to the inner panel.
- 13. The vehicle door of any one of aspects 1 to 12, wherein the tubular frame includes a first leg, a second leg and a middle connection leg for forming a "C" shape.
- 14. The vehicle door of aspect 13, wherein the first leg and second leg each has a terminal end, and a reinforcement member connects each of said terminal ends.
- 15. The vehicle door of aspect 14 wherein the reinforcement member is contoured for matching and supporting an outer contoured surface of the outer panel doors.
- 16. The vehicle door of aspect 15 wherein said outer contoured surface is a spoiler formed on the outer panel.
- 17. The vehicle door of any one of aspects 14 to 16 wherein the tubular frame is made from a tubular metal material and the reinforcement member is made from a stamped material.
- 18. The vehicle door of any one of aspects 14 to 17, wherein the reinforcement member is a one-piece stamping.

10

30

35

45

- 19. The vehicle door of any one of aspects 14 to 18, wherein the reinforcement member is made from more than one piece of material which are connected together by welding, adhesives, fasteners and combinations thereof.
- 20. The vehicle door of any one of aspects 1 to 19, wherein the inner panel is attached to the tubular frame and the outer panel is attached to the inner panel.
- 21. A vehicle door comprising:
- a tubular frame for providing attachment of hinges and latches to a vehicle door and at least one inner or outer panel for attaching to the tubular frame, the tubular frame including three legs for forming a "C" shaped member and being made of a metal material with at least one hinge or latch welded thereto.
- 22. The vehicle door of aspect 21, wherein an upper outer panel and a lower outer panel being attached to an inner panel, wherein the inner panel is connected to the tubular frame.
- 23. The vehicle door of aspect 21 or 22, wherein two of the three legs of the tubular frame each have a terminal end, and a reinforcement connects between each terminal end.
- 24. The vehicle door of aspect 23 wherein the reinforcement has a tubular or "L" shaped cross-section; and/or.
- 25. The vehicle door of aspect 22 wherein the reinforcement has a contoured portion to support at least a spoiler of the vehicle door, the contoured portion preferably following a contour portion of the outer upper panel.
- 26. The vehicle door of any one of aspects 21 to 25, further comprising:

wherein the vehicle door is a first vehicle door, and

a second vehicle door for meeting the first vehicle door, the second vehicle door includes a second tubular frame for providing attachment of hinges and latches to the vehicle door and an inner panel and an outer panel attached to the second tubular frame, such that the second tubular frame is positioned between the inner panel and the outer panel internally within the vehicle door, and

wherein the first vehicle door and the second vehicle door are hinged toward meeting in the terminal end area for opening and closing.

27. A composite liftgate structure, comprising:

an inner panel formed of composite material and having an outside surface with a perimeter surface area that is adjacent a perimeter edge of the structural composite inner panel;

a metal hybrid reinforcement connected to the perimeter surface area, wherein the metal hybrid reinforcement forms a closed ring around a perimeter of the inner panel thereby providing enhanced strength to the composite liftgate structure:

at least one outer panel connected to the inner panel, wherein the metal hybrid reinforcement is positioned between the inner panel and the at least one outer panel.

- 28. The composite liftgate structure of aspect 27, wherein the metal hybrid reinforcement includes:
 - a latch reinforcement section connected to the tube section;
 - a first ball stud section with a first end and a second end:
 - a second ball stud section with a first end and a second end, and
 - a hinge attachment section having a first end and a second end.
- 29. The composite liftgate structure of aspect 28 further comprising:
- a latch mechanism connected to the latch reinforcement section of the metal hybrid reinforcement.
- 30. The composite liftgate structure of aspect 28 or 29, further comprising:
- at least one hinge connected between the hinge attachment section and an opening of a vehicle, thereby allowing the composite liftgate structure to pivot about the hinge between an open position and a closed position.
- 31. The composite liftgate structure of any one of aspects 28 to 30, wherein the metal hybrid reinforcement includes:
 - a first ball stud and a second ball stud section, and
 - a ball portion formed on one of the first ball stud section and the second ball stud section, wherein the ball portion forms part of a ball joint for connecting the composite liftgate structure to a vehicle.
- 32. The composite liftgate structure of any one of aspects 28 to 31, wherein the metal hybrid reinforcement includes:
 - a tube section having a first end and a second end;

15

wherein the latch reinforcement section is connected to the tube section;

the first end of the first ball stud section is connected to the first end of the tube section;

the first end of the second ball stud section is connected to the second end of the tube section; a left corner section connected to the second end of the first ball stud section;

a right corner section connected to the second end of the second ball stud section, and the first end of the hinge attachment section is connected to the left corner section and the second end of the hinge attachment section is connected to the right corner section.

33. A composite liftgate structure, comprising:

an inner panel formed of composite material and having an outside surface with a perimeter surface area that is adjacent a perimeter edge of the structural composite inner panel;

a metal hybrid reinforcement connected to the perimeter surface area, wherein the metal hybrid reinforcement includes:

a tube section having a first end and a second end:

a latch reinforcement section connected to the tube section;

a first ball stud section with a first end and a second end, wherein the first end of the first ball stud section is connected to the first end of the tube section;

a second ball stud section with a first end and a second end, wherein the first end of the second ball stud section is connected to the second end of the tube section:

a left corner section connected to the second end of the first ball stud section;

a right corner section connected to the second end of the second ball stud section;

a hinge attachment section having a first end and a second end, wherein the first end of the hinge attachment section is connected to the left corner section and the second end of the hinge attachment section is connected to the right corner section;

at least one outer panel connected to the inner panel, wherein the metal hybrid reinforcement is positioned between the inner panel and the at least one outer panel.

34. The composite liftgate structure of aspect 33, further comprising:

a ball portion formed on one of the first ball stud section and the second ball stud section, wherein the ball portion forms part of a ball joint for connecting the composite liftgate structure to a vehicle.

35. The composite liftgate structure of aspect 33 or 34, further comprising:

at least one hinge connected between the hinge attachment section and an opening of a vehicle, thereby allowing the composite liftgate structure to pivot about the hinge between an open position and a closed position.

36. The composite liftgate structure of any one of aspects 33 to 35, further comprising: a latch mechanism connected to the latch reinforce-

ment section of the metal hybrid reinforcement.

37. The composite liftgate structure of any one of aspects 33 to 36, wherein the metal hybrid reinforcement forms a closed ring around a perimeter of the inner panel thereby providing enhanced strength to the composite liftgate structure.

[0023] The description of the invention is merely exemplary in nature and, thus, variations that do not depart from the gist of the invention are intended to be within the scope of the invention. Such variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the scope of the claims.

Claims

25

1. A vehicle door comprising:

a vehicle door having a tubular frame for providing attachment of hinges and latches to the vehicle door and an inner panel and an outer panel attached to the tubular frame.

2. The vehicle door of claim 1, wherein the tubular frame is positioned between the inner panel and the outer panel internally within the vehicle door; and/or

further including a plurality of outer panels;

further including more than one inner panel; and/or

wherein the inner panel is attached to the tubular frame and the outer panel is attached to the inner panel.

 The vehicle door of claim 1 or 2, wherein an upper outer panel and a lower outer panel being attached to an inner panel, wherein the inner panel is connected to the tubular frame; and/or

wherein the inner panel is attached to the tubular frame and the outer panel is attached to the inner panel.

55 4. The vehicle door of any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the tubular frame includes a first leg, a second leg and a middle connection leg for forming a "C" shape.

7

10

15

25

30

35

5. The vehicle door of claim 4, wherein the first leg and second leg each has a terminal end, and a reinforcement member connects each of said terminal ends.

13

6. The vehicle door of claim 5, the reinforcement member is contoured for matching and supporting an outer contoured surface of the outer panel doors, the outer contoured surface preferably being a spoiler formed on the outer panel; and/or

> wherein the tubular frame is made from a tubular metal material and the reinforcement member is made from a stamped material; and/or wherein the reinforcement member is a onepiece stamping: and/or wherein the reinforcement member is made from more than one piece of material which are connected together by welding, adhesives, fasteners and combinations thereof; and/or wherein the reinforcement has a tubular or "L" shaped cross-section; and/or wherein the reinforcement has a contoured portion to support at least a spoiler of the vehicle door, the contoured portion preferably following a contour portion of the outer upper panel.

7. The vehicle door of any one of claims 1 to 6, further comprising:

> and a second vehicle door for meeting the first vehicle door, the second vehicle door includes a tubular frame for providing attachment of hinges and latches to the vehicle door and an inner panel and an outer panel attached to the tubular frame, such that the tubular frame is positioned between the inner panel and the outer panel in-

> wherein the vehicle door is a first vehicle door,

8. The vehicle door of claim 7, wherein the first vehicle door and the second vehicle door are hinged toward meeting in the terminal end area for opening and closing.

ternally within the vehicle door.

- **9.** The vehicle door of claim 7 or 8, wherein the tubular frame of the first vehicle door and the tubular frame of the second vehicle door both include a first leg, a second leg and a middle connection leg for forming a "C" shape.
- **10.** The vehicle door of claim 9, further comprising:

wherein the first leg and the second leg of the tubular frame of the first vehicle door each have a terminal end and the first leg and the second leg of the tubular frame of the second vehicle door each have a terminal end;

a first reinforcement member having an upper end and a lower end connected to the tubular frame of the first vehicle door between the terminal end of the first leg and the terminal end of the second leg, and a second reinforcement member having an up-

per end and a lower end connected to the tubular frame of the second vehicle door between the terminal end of the first leg and the terminal end of the second leg.

11. The vehicle door of claim 10, further comprising:

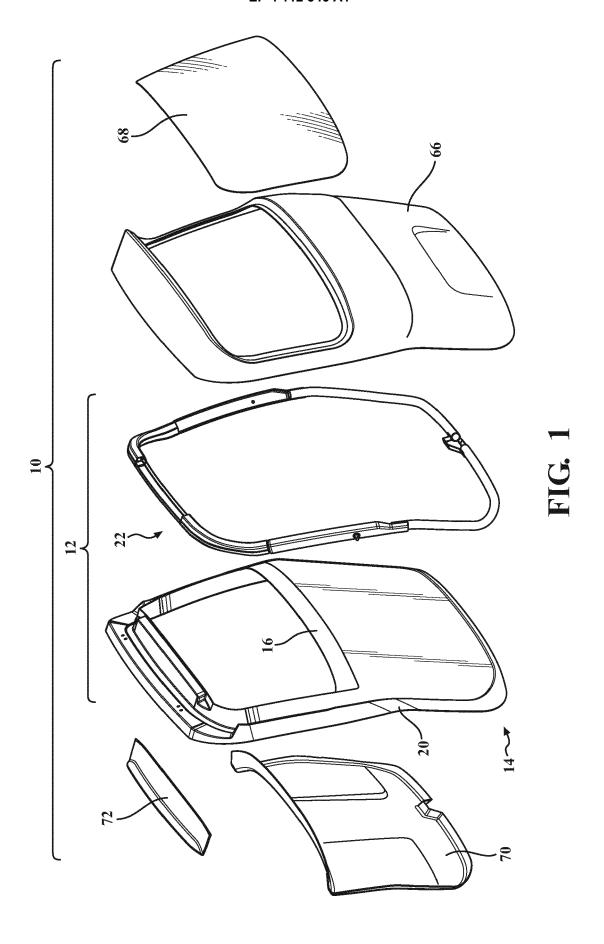
wherein the first reinforcement member of the first door is contoured for matching and supporting an outer contoured surface of the outer panel of the first door, and wherein the second reinforcement member of the second door is contoured for matching and supporting an outer contoured surface of the

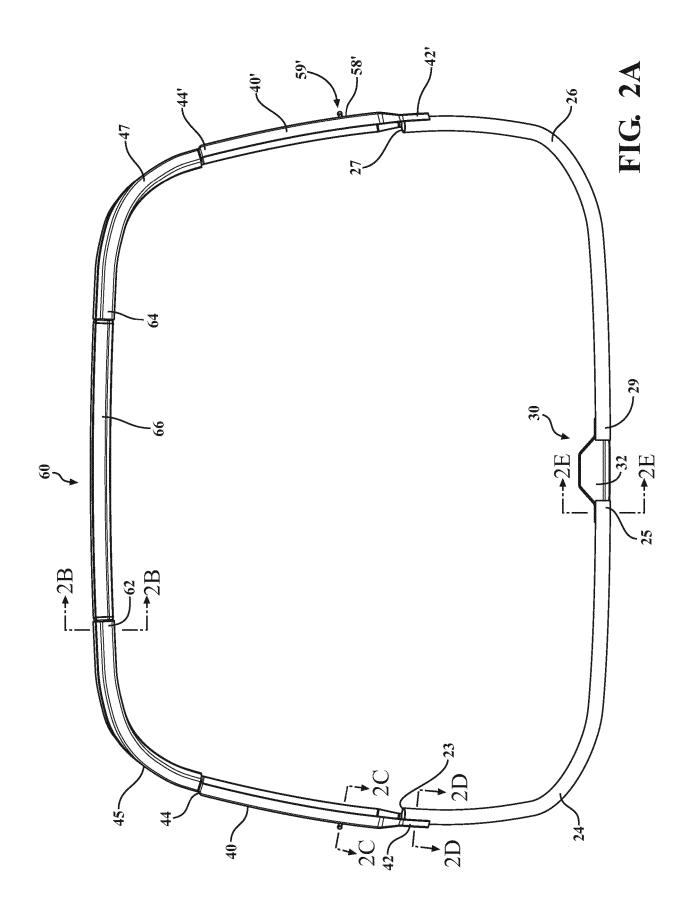
12. The vehicle door of claim 11, wherein the outer contoured surface of the outer panel of the first door and the outer contoured surface of the outer panel of the second door is a spoiler.

outer panel of the second door.

- 13. The vehicle door of any one of claims 10 to 12, wherein the tubular frame of the first vehicle door and the tubular frame of the second vehicle door are made from a tubular metal material and the reinforcement member of the first vehicle door and the reinforcement member of the second vehicle door are made from a stamped material.
- 14. The vehicle door of any one of claims 10 to 13, wherein the first reinforcement member and the second reinforcement member is a one-piece stamping.
- 40 15. The vehicle door of any one of claims 10 to 14, wherein the first reinforcement member and the second reinforcement member are made from more than one piece of material which are connected together by welding, adhesives, fasteners and combinations 45 thereof.

8





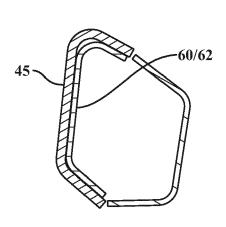


FIG. 2B

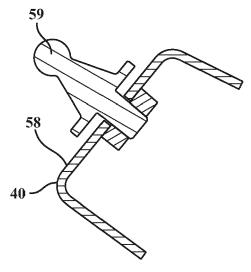


FIG. 2C

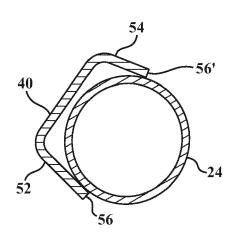


FIG. 2D

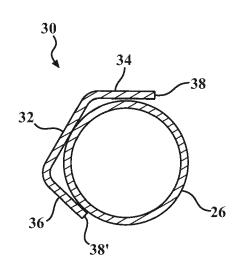
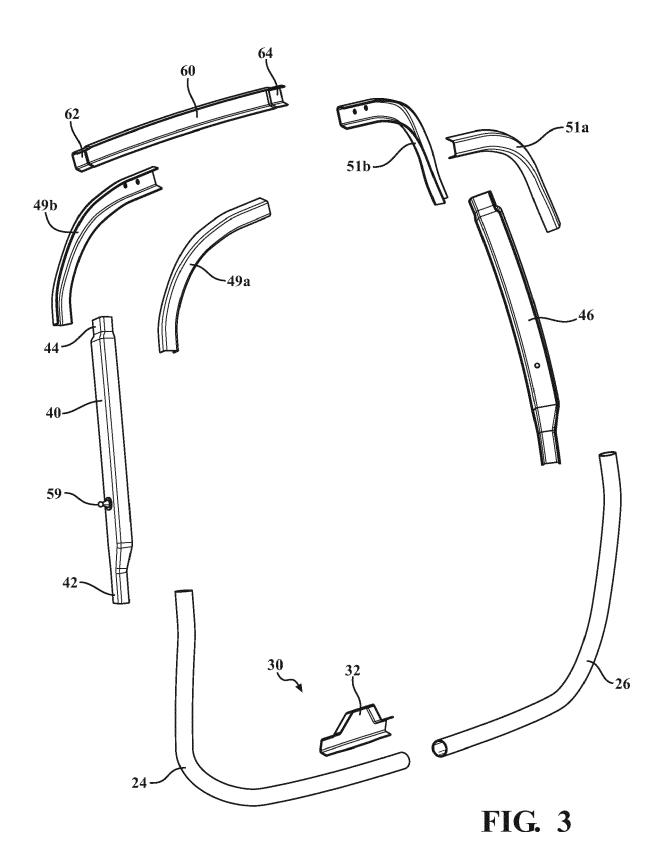
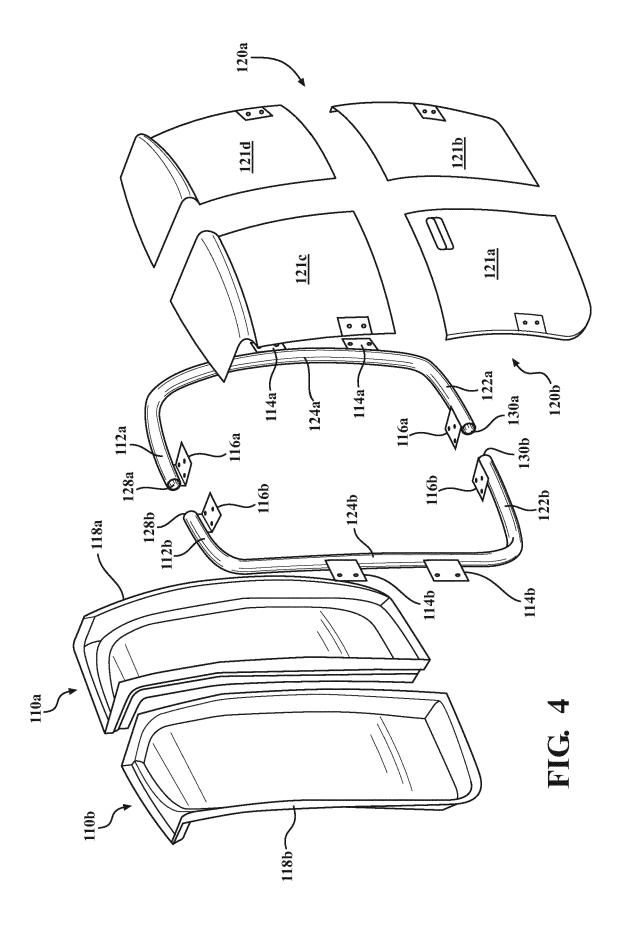
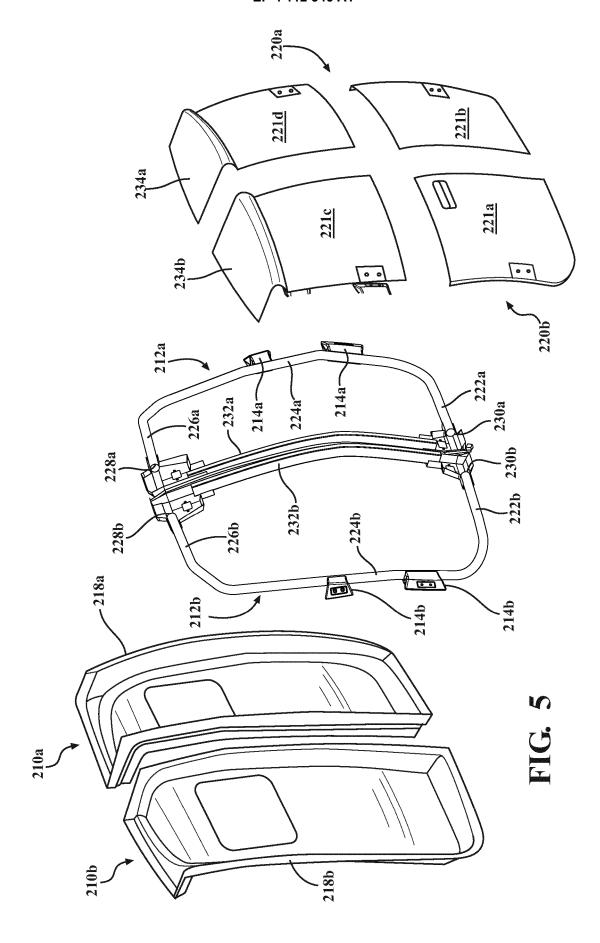


FIG. 2E







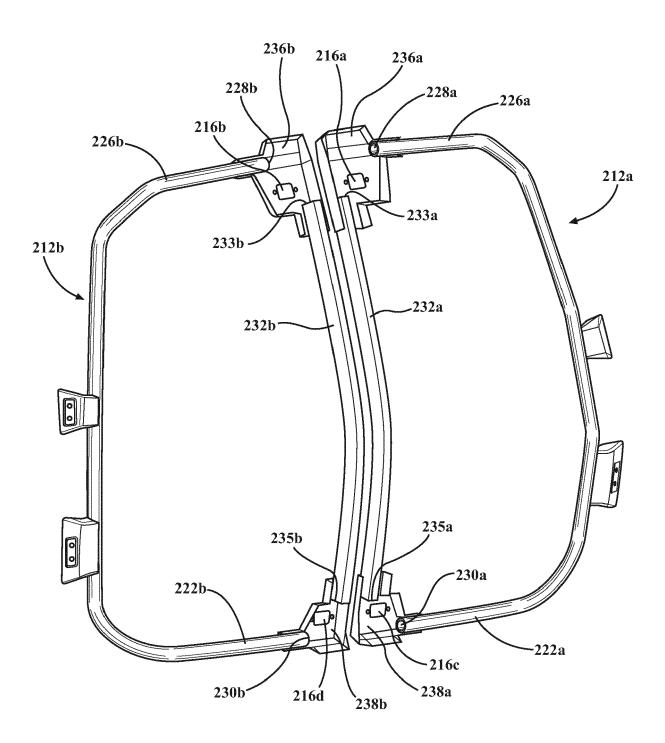
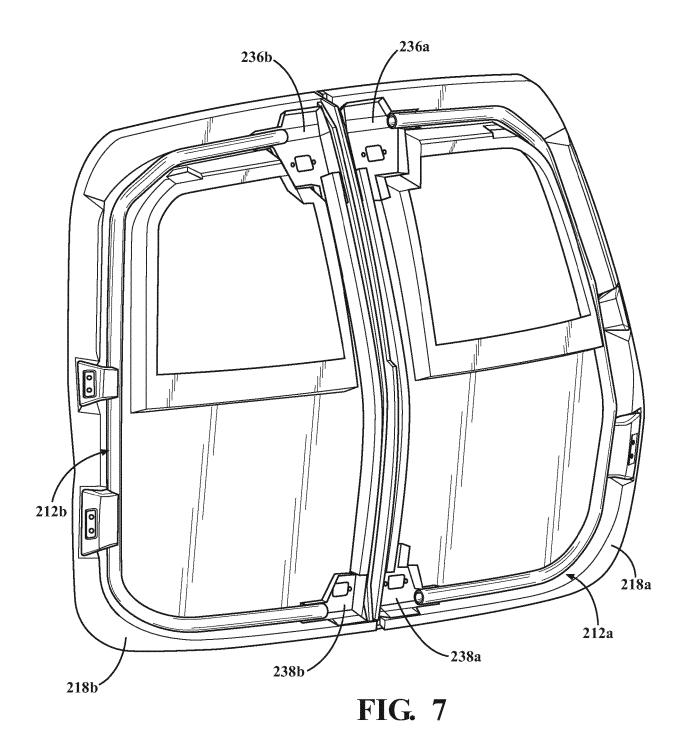


FIG. 6



DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages



Category

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 22 18 2486

CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)

Relevant

to claim

5

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

2

55

EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C01)	Place of search
	The Hague
	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X: particularly relevant if taken alone Y: particularly relevant if combined with and document of the same category A: technological background O: non-written disclosure P: intermediate document

& : member of the same patent family, corresponding document

х	EP 0 835 775 A1 (YM [DE]) 15 April 1998 * column 3, lines 2	(1998-04-15)	1	INV. B60J5/04 B60J5/10		
x	WO 02/08004 A1 (ALC DINESH C [US]; COBE 31 January 2002 (20 * abstract; figures	02-01-31)	1-6			
x	US 6 053 562 A (BED 25 April 2000 (2000 * column 2, lines 1	-	1,2,4-6			
x	EP 1 728 664 A2 (DU PLETTENBERG [DE]) 6 December 2006 (20 * paragraphs [0030] figures 1-7 *	06-12-06)	1,2,4-15			
x		1 (PEGUFORM GMBH & CO er 2004 (2004-09-30)	1	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)		
				В60Ј		
	The present search report has be	peen drawn up for all claims Date of completion of the search		Examiner		
	The Haque	19 October 2022	Ver	kerk, Ewout		
X : par Y : par doc	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date Y: particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A: technological background T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D: document cited in the application L: document cited for other reasons					

EP 4 112 346 A1

ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 22 18 2486

5

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

19-10-2022

10			Patent document ed in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)		Publication date
		EP	0835775	A1	15-04-1998	DE EP	196 4 1360 0835775		23-04-1998 15-04-1998
15		 WO	0208004	 A1	31-01-2002	AT	 329779	т	15-07-2006
					V - VV -	AU	7795101		05-02-2002
						CA	2415691		31-01-2002
						DE	60120707		16-05-2007
						EP	1305178		02-05-2003
20						ES	2266223		01-03-2007
20						JP	2004504215		12-02-2004
						KR	20030031562		21-04-2003
						US	6508035		21-01-2003
						US	2002046505		25-04-2002
						US	2003101656		05-06-2003
25						WO	0208004		31-01-2002
		US 	6053562	A	25-04-2000	NON	NE 		
		EP	1728664	A2	06-12-2006	DE	102005021306	A1	16-11-2006
30						EP	1728664	A2	06-12-2006
						JP	2006315670	A	24-11-2006
						US	2006249981	A1	09-11-2006
		DE	202004011851	 U1	30-09-2004	 AT	425886		15-04-2009
25						DE	202004011851	U1	30-09-2004
35						EP	1621384	A1	01-02-2006
						ES	2320233	т3	20-05-2009
						JP	2006036191	A	09-02-2006
						PT	1621384		03-04-2009
						US	2006022486	A1	02-02-2006
40									
45									
50									
-									
	65								
	P046								
55	FORM P0459								
55	요								

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82