

(11) **EP 4 137 560 A1**

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication: 22.02.2023 Bulletin 2023/08

(21) Application number: 22187396.1

(22) Date of filing: 07.04.2015

(51) International Patent Classification (IPC): C12N 5/077 (2010.01)

(52) Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC):
 C12N 5/0663; A61K 35/28; A61P 7/02; A61P 9/00;
 A61P 9/10; A61P 43/00; C12N 2500/38;
 C12N 2501/39

(84) Designated Contracting States:

AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR

(30) Priority: 07.04.2014 AU 2014901247

(62) Document number(s) of the earlier application(s) in accordance with Art. 76 EPC: 15741940.9 / 3 129 468

(71) Applicant: Mesoblast International Sàrl 1217 Meyrin (CH)

(72) Inventors:

ITESCU, Silviu
 Melbourne 3000 (AU)

 SIMMONS, Paul Melbourne 3000 (AU)

(74) Representative: Thomann, William John ZSP
Patentanwälte PartG mbB
Hansastraße 32

80686 München (DE)

Remarks:

- •This application was filed on 28.07.2022 as a divisional application to the application mentioned under INID code 62.
- •Claims filed after the date of filing of the application / after the date of receipt of the divisional application (Rule 68(4) EPC).

(54) IMPROVED STEM CELL COMPOSITION

(57) The disclosure provides stem cells which express high levels of Angeopoetin-1 (Angl) and methods for their production. Such stem cells may be used in a range of therapeutic applications.

EP 4 137 560 A1

Description

Technical Field

[0001] The present disclosure relates to stem cells which express high levels of Angeopoetin-1 (Ang1) and methods for their production. Such stem cells may be used in a range of therapeutic applications, for example, to promote vascularisation and/or angiogenesis.

Background

10

20

30

35

40

45

50

[0002] Angiopoietin is part of a family of vascular growth factors that play a role in embryonic and postnatal angiogenesis. Ang1 promotes migration of endothelial and some non-endothelial cells such as smooth muscle cells. Ang1 also induces sprouting and reorganisation of endothelial cells into tubules. Ang1 exerts potent antiinflammatory effects on endothelial cells, suppressing Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF) induced upregulation of E-selectin, ICAM- 1 and VCAM-1, and inhibiting leucocyte adhesion and transmigration in response to VEGF and TNF- α (Kim et al. 2001a).

[0003] Many studies have shown that overexpression of Ang1, or the addition of supplemental Ang1, leads to beneficial effects in relieving ischemia and restoring the function of several organs, including limbs, brain, articular joints, kidneys and most significantly, in the heart. Other beneficial effects include reliving thrombosis (Kim et al. 2001b). Accordingly, Ang1 exhibits a number of key properties that would suggest its utility as a therapeutic for cardiovascular disease.

[0004] Amongst the cascade of growth factors required for the development of a functional vascular system, Ang1 and VEGF fulfil central roles. Accordingly, for therapeutic vascularization in the treatment of ischemic myocardium the use of Ang1 in combination with VEGF is also viewed as a highly promising candidate.

[0005] Previously, the combined administration of Ang1 and VEGF-A into myocardial infract or peri-infarct zones in test animals has been shown to increase neovascularization and reduce myocardial apoptosis, leading to increased cardiomyocyte regeneration at the injection sites, as well as improved vascular perfusion and cardiac function. Submaximal doses of Ang1 and VEGF at a ratio of about 20:1 enhanced these effects and was more potent than that of either factor alone (Chae et al. 2000). These results show that combined treatment of Ang1 and VEGF could be used to produce therapeutic vascularization.

[0006] Recently, stem cell therapy has emerged as one of the potential treatments for ischemic heart disease (Huang et al. 2011; Lijie et al. 2007).

[0007] The use of stem cells alone to promote angiogeneisis remains limited because of insufficient expression of angiogenic factors in many types of stem cells. Genetic modification of stem cells, involving transfection of stem cells with a nucleic acid molecule encoding Ang1, has been employed to address this limitation. The use of genetically modified stem cells has its drawbacks, however, due to complexities with the technology and potentially undesirable effects caused by the genetic modification process.

Summary of the Invention

[0008] The present disclosure is based on the unexpected production of a population of stem cells that express Ang1 at high levels without the need for transfection of the cells with a nucleic acid expressing Ang1. In one example, this population of the stem cells also expresses VEGF at low levels and the ratio of Ang1:VEGF produced was consistent with the ratio shown by Chae et al. (2000) to be particularly effective in enhancing vascularization.

[0009] Accordingly, the present disclosure provides a composition comprising genetically unmodified stem cells, wherein said genetically unmodified stem cells express Ang1 in an amount of at least 0.1 μ g/10⁶ cells.

[0010] In another example, the composition comprises stem cells expressing Ang1 in an amount of at least $0.5 \mu g/10^6$ cells. In another example, the stem cells express Ang1 in an amount of at least $0.7 \mu g/10^6$ cells. In another example, the stem cells express Ang1 in an amount of at least $1 \mu g/10^6$ cells.

[0011] In another example, the stem cells express VEGF in an amount less than about 0.05 μ g/10⁶ cells. In another example, the stem cells express VEGF in an amount less than about 0.03 μ g/10⁶ cells. In another example, the stem cells express VEGF in an amount less than about 0.02 μ g/10⁶ cells.

[0012] In another example, the genetically unmodified stem cells express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio of at least about 2:1. In another example, the genetically unmodified stem cells express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio of at least about 10:1. In another example, the stem cells express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio of at least about 20:1. In another example, the stem cells express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio of at least about 30:1. In another example, the stem cells express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio of at least about 50:1.

[0013] In another example, the stem cells are mesenchymal stem cells. In another example, the stem cells are mesenchymal precursor cells. In another example, the stem cells are derived from induced pluripotent stem cells (iPS cells). [0014] In another example, the composition further comprising an acceptable pharmaceutical carrier.

[0015] In another example the composition is produced by culturing genetically unmodified stem cells according to the method described below.

[0016] The present disclosure also provides an *in vitro* method for inducing Ang1 expression in stem cells, the method comprising: culturing a population of stem cells in a cell culture media, wherein the cell culture media:

5

15

20

50

- contains a short acting L-ascorbic acid derivative but does not contain a substantial amount of a long acting L-ascorbic acid derivative; and/or
- is supplemented with less than 10% v/v fetal calf serum.

[0017] The present disclosure also provides an *in vitro* method for inducing Ang1 expression in stem cells, the method comprising: culturing a population of stem cells in a cell culture media, wherein the cell culture media:

- contains a short acting L-ascorbic acid derivative but does not contain a substantial amount of a long acting L-ascorbic acid derivative; and/or
- is supplemented with less than 10% v/v fetal calf serum; and/or
- is supplemented with a non-fetal serum.

[0018] In one example, the above method further comprises measuring the Ang1 levels to determine that Ang1 expression is induced. In another example, Ang1 expression is induced when the stem cells express Ang1 in an amount of at least $0.5~\mu g/10^6$ cells. In another example, Ang1 expression is induced when the stem cells express Ang1 in an amount of at least $0.7~\mu g/10^6$ cells. In another example, Ang1 expression is induced when the stem cells express Ang1 in an amount of at least $0.7~\mu g/10^6$ cells.

[0019] In one example, the above method further comprises selecting cells with induced Ang1 expression. In one example, cells which express Ang1 in an amount of at least $0.5 \mu g/10^6$ cells are selected. In another example, cells which express Ang1 in an amount of at least $0.7 \mu g/10^6$ cells are selected. In another example, cells which express Ang1 in an amount of at least $1 \mu g/10^6$ cells are selected.

[0020] In one example, the method further comprises measuring the Ang1 levels to determine that Ang1 expression is induced and selecting cells with induced Ang1 expression.

[0021] In one example, the short acting ascorbic acid derivative is a L-ascorbic acid salt.

30 [0022] In one example, the short acting ascorbic acid derivative is a L-ascorbic acid sodium salt.

[0023] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with less than 10% v/v fetal calf serum (FCS).

[0024] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with less than 8% v/v fetal calf serum (FCS).

[0025] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with less than 7% v/v fetal calf serum (FCS).

[0026] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with less than 6% v/v fetal calf serum (FCS).

In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with less than 5% v/v fetal calf serum.

[0028] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with one or more stimulatory factors selected from the group consisting of $I\alpha$,25- dihydroxyvitamin D3 (1,25D), platelet derived growth factor (PDGF), tumor necrosis factor α (TNF- α), interleukin -I β (IL-I β) and stromal derived factor I α (SDF-I α).

[0029] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with a non-fetal serum.

[0030] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with mammalian non-fetal serum.

[0031] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with human non-fetal serum.

[0032] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with neo-natal serum.

[0033] In one, example, the cell culture medium is supplemented with mammalian neo-natal serum.

[0034] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with new born calf serum (NBCS).

[0035] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with human neo-natal serum.

[0036] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with human neo-natal serum obtained from umbilical cord blood.

[0037] In another example, the cell culture media is supplemented with adult serum.

[0038] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with mammalian adult serum.

[0039] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with adult bovine serum.

[0040] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with human adult serum.

[0041] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with human AB serum.

[0042] In another example, the cell culture media is supplemented with at least about 5% v/v NBCS.

[0043] In another example, the cell culture media is supplemented with at least about 2% v/v NBCS.

[0044] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with a mixture of NBCS and FCS. For example, the ratio of NBCS to FCS may be about 1:1.

[0045] In one example, the cell culture media is supplemented with at least about 5% v/v FCS and at least about 5% v/v NBCS.

[0046] In one example, the cell culture media is not supplemented with fetal serum.

[0047] The present disclosure also provides a method for obtaining genetically unmodified stem cells suitable for use in promoting vascularisation and/or angiogenesis, comprising: obtaining at least one cell population including stem cells from at least one donor; culturing the stem cells; determining the amount of Ang1 expressed by the stem cells in each of said at least one cell population(s); and selecting stem cells which express Ang1 in an amount of at least 0.1 μ g/10⁶ cells. [0048] In one example the method further comprises determining the amount of VEGF expressed by the stem cells in each of said at least one cell population(s); and selecting stem cells which express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio of at least

[0049] The present disclosure also provides use of a composition described herein for promoting vascularisation and/or angiogenesis. The present disclosure also provides use of a composition described herein as an anti-thrombotic. The present disclosure also provides use of a composition described herein for treating a condition in which increased Ang1 expression is desirable.

2:1, or a ratio of at least 10:1, or a ratio of at least 20:1, or a ratio of at least 30:1, or a ratio of at least 50:1.

[0050] The present disclosure also provides a method for promoting vascularisation and/or angiogenesis in a subject, the method comprising administering to the subject a composition described herein. The present disclosure also provides a method for reducing thrombosis formation in a subject, the method comprising administering to the subject a composition described herein. The present disclosure also provides a method for treating a condition in which increased Ang1 expression is desirable in a subject, the method comprising administering to the subject a composition described herein.

[0051] The present disclosure also provides use of a composition described herein in the manufacture of a medicament for promoting vascularisation and/or angiogenesis. The present disclosure also provides use of a composition described herein in the manufacture of a medicament for reducing thrombosis formation. The present disclosure also provides for use of a composition described herein in the manufacture of a medicament for treating a condition in which increased Ang1 expression is desirable.

[0052] The stem cells described of the present disclosure can be obtained from any mammal. For example, the stem cells may be derived from a primate, a cow, sheep, horse, dog, cat, or goat. In one example, the stem cell are human stem cells.

[0053] In another example, the present disclosure relates to a population of stem cells cultured according to the methods of the present disclosure or obtained by the methods of the present disclosure.

[0054] In another example, the methods of the present disclosure are used in the manufacture of a medicament for promoting vascularisation and/or angiogenesis.

[0055] In another example, the methods of the present disclosure are used in the manufacture of a medicament for treating a condition in which increased Ang1 expression is desirable.

Brief Description of the Accompanying Figures:

35 [0056]

40

45

50

55

10

- Figure 1: MPC Growth with Process A and Process B. Y axis indicates cell numbers; X axis is time in days.
- Figure 2: MPC doubling times with Process A and Process B. Cells were passages from P3 to P5.
- **Figure 3: Population Doubling Time (PDL) of MPCs with Process A and Process B.** MPCs were grown from P3 to P5. MPCs grown with Process A underwent 8 PDL and MPCs grown with Process B underwent 7.33 PDL.

Detailed Description

General Techniques and Definitions

[0057] Throughout this specification, unless specifically stated otherwise or the context requires otherwise, reference to a single step, composition of matter, group of steps or group of compositions of matter shall be taken to encompass one and a plurality (i.e. one or more) of those steps, compositions of matter, groups of steps or group of compositions of matter.

[0058] Those skilled in the art will appreciate that the disclosure described herein is susceptible to variations and modifications other than those specifically described. It is to be understood that the disclosure includes all such variations and modifications. The disclosure also includes all of the steps, features, compositions and compounds referred to or indicated in this specification, individually or collectively, and any and all combinations or any two or more of said steps or features.

[0059] The present disclosure is not to be limited in scope by the specific embodiments described herein, which are intended for the purpose of exemplification only. Functionally-equivalent products, compositions and methods are clearly within the scope of the disclosure, as described herein.

[0060] Any example disclosed herein shall be taken to apply mutatis mutandis to any other example unless specifically

stated otherwise.

[0061] Unless specifically defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein shall be taken to have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art (e.g., in cell culture, molecular genetics, stem cell differentiation, immunology, immunohistochemistry, protein chemistry, and biochemistry).

[0062] Unless otherwise indicated, the stem cells, cell culture, and immunological techniques utilized in the present disclosure are standard procedures, well known to those skilled in the art. Such techniques are described and explained throughout the literature in sources such as, J. Perbal, A Practical Guide to Molecular Cloning, John Wiley and Sons (1984), J. Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory Press (1989), T.A. Brown (editor), Essential Molecular Biology: A Practical Approach, Volumes 1 and 2, IRL Press (1991), D.M. Glover and B.D. Hames (editors), and F.M. Ausubel et al. (editors), Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Greene Pub. Associates and Wiley-Interscience (1988, including all updates until present), Ed Harlow and David Lane (editors) Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory, (1988), and J.E. Coligan et al. (editors) Current Protocols in Immunology, John Wiley & Sons (including all updates until present).

[0063] The term "and/or", e.g., "X and/or Y" shall be understood to mean either "X and Y" or "X or Y" and shall be taken to provide explicit support for both meanings or for either meaning.

[0064] As used herein, the term about, unless stated to the contrary, refers to +/- 10%, more preferably +/- 5%, of the designated value.

[0065] Volume percent (v/v %) defines [(volume of solute)/(volume of solution)] \times 100%. Volume percent is relative to the volume of solution. For example, cell culture media supplemented with 5% v/v FCS means there are about 5 ml FCS for every 100 ml of cell culture media.

[0066] Throughout this specification the word "comprise", or variations such as "comprises" or "comprising", will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated element, integer or step, or group of elements, integers or steps, but not the exclusion of any other element, integer or step, or group of elements, integers or steps.

Stem cells

10

25

30

35

50

[0067] As used herein, the term "stem cell" refers to self-renewing cells that are capable of giving rise to phenotypically and genotypically identical daughters as well as at least one other final cell type (e.g., terminally differentiated cells). The term "stem cells" includes totipotential, pluripotential and multipotential cells, as well as progenitor and/or precursor cells derived from the differentiation thereof. The stem cell may be an adult or embryonic stem cell.

[0068] As used herein, the term "totipotent cell" or "totipotential cell" refers to a cell that is able to form a complete embryo (e.g., a blastocyst).

[0069] As used herein, the term "pluripotent cell" or "pluripotential cell" refers to a cell that has complete differentiation versatility, i.e., the capacity to grow into any of the mammalian body's approximately 260 cell types. A pluripotent cell can be self-renewing, and can remain dormant or quiescent within a tissue.

[0070] By "multipotential cell" or "multipotent cell" we mean a cell which is capable of giving rise to any of several mature cell types. As used herein, this phrase encompasses adult progenitor cells and multipotential progeny of these cells. Unlike a pluripotent cell, a multipotent cell does not have the capacity to form all of the cell types.

[0071] As used herein, the term "mesenchymal lineage precursor or stem cell" refers to cells that can differentiate into a mesenchymal cell type. For example, mesenchymal lineage precursor cells and mesenchymal precursor cells can differentiate into bone, cartilage, muscle and fat cells, and fibrous connective tissue.

[0072] In one example the stem cells of the present disclosure are STRO-1+ mesenchymal precursor cells.

[0073] STRO-1+ multipotential cells are cells found in bone marrow, blood, dental pulp, adipose tissue, skin, spleen, pancreas, brain, kidney, liver, heart, retina, brain, hair follicles, intestine, lung, lymph node, thymus, bone, ligament, tendon, skeletal muscle, dermis, and periosteum. Thus, STRO-1+ multipotential cells are capable of differentiating into a large number of cell types including, but not limited to, adipose, osseous, cartilaginous, elastic and fibrous connective tissues. The specific lineage-commitment and differentiation pathway which these cells enter depends upon various influences from mechanical influences and/or endogenous bioactive factors, such as growth factors, cytokines, and/or local microenvironmental conditions established by host tissues. In one embodiment STRO-1+ multipotential cells are non-hematopoietic progenitor cells which divide to yield daughter cells that are either stem cells or are precursor cells which in time will irreversibly differentiate to yield a phenotypic cell.

[0074] In one example, STRO-1+ cells are enriched from a sample obtained from a subject, e.g., a subject to be treated or a related subject or an unrelated subject (whether of the same species or different). The terms "enriched", "enrichment" or variations thereof are used herein to describe a population of cells in which the proportion of one particular cell type or the proportion of a number of particular cell types is increased when compared with an untreated population of the cells (e.g., cells in their native environment). In one example, a population enriched for STRO-1+ cells comprises at least about 0.1% or 0.5% or 1% or 2% or 5% or 10% or 15% or 20% or 25% or 30% or 50% or 75% or 85 % or 95% or 99% STRO-1+ cells. In this regard, the term "population of cells enriched for STRO-1+ cells" will be taken to provide

explicit support for the term "population of cells comprising X% STRO-1+ cells", wherein X% is a percentage as recited herein. The STRO-1+ cells can, in some examples, form clonogenic colonies, e.g. CFU-F (fibroblasts) or a subset thereof (e.g., 50% or 60% or 70% or 80% or 90% or 95%) can have this activity.

[0075] In one example, the stem cells of the present disclosure are enriched from a cell preparation comprising STRO-1+ cells in a selectable form. In this regard, the term "selectable form" will be understood to mean that the cells express a marker (e.g., a cell surface marker) permitting selection of the STRO-1+ cells. The marker can be STRO-1, but need not be. For example, as described and/or exemplified herein, cells (e.g., MPCs) expressing STRO-2 and/or STRO-3 (TNAP) and/or STRO-4 and/or VCAM-1 and/or CD146 and/or 3G5 also express STRO-1 (and can be STRO-1bright). Accordingly, an indication that cells are STRO-1+ does not mean that the cells are selected by STRO-1 expression. In one example, the cells are selected based on at least STRO-3 expression, e.g., they are STRO-3+ (TNAP+). In another example, the cells are selected based on at least STRO-4 expression, e.g., they are STRO-4+.

10

30

35

40

50

55

[0076] Reference to selection of a cell or population thereof does not necessarily require selection from a specific tissue source. As described herein STRO-1+ cells can be selected from or isolated from or enriched from a large variety of sources. That said, in some examples, these terms provide support for selection from any tissue comprising STRO-1+ cells (e.g., MPCs) or vascularized tissue or tissue comprising pericytes (e.g., STRO-1+ pericytes) or any one or more of the tissues recited herein.

[0077] In one example, the stem cells of the present disclosure express one or more markers individually or collectively selected from the group consisting of STRO-1+, TNAP+, VCAM-1+, THY-1+, STRO-2+, STRO-4+ (HSP-90 β), CD45+, CD146+, 3G5+, CC9 or any combination thereof.

[0078] By "individually" is meant that the disclosure encompasses the recited markers or groups of markers separately, and that, notwithstanding that individual markers or groups of markers may not be separately listed herein the accompanying claims may define such marker or groups of markers separately and divisibly from each other.

[0079] By "collectively" is meant that the disclosure encompasses any number or combination of the recited markers or groups of peptides, and that, notwithstanding that such numbers or combinations of markers or groups of markers may not be specifically listed herein the accompanying claims may define such combinations or subcombinations separately and divisibly from any other combination of markers or groups of markers.

[0080] In one example, STRO-1+ cells are STRO-1^{bright} (syn. STRO-1^{bri}). In one example, the STRO-1^{bri} cells are preferentially enriched relative to STRO-1^{dim} or STRO-1^{intermediate} cells.

[0081] In one example, STRO-1^{bright} cells are additionally one or more of TNAP+, VCAM-1+, THY-1+, STRO-2+, STRO-4+ (HSP-90β) and/or CD146+. For example, the cells are selected for one or more of the foregoing markers and/or shown to express one or more of the foregoing markers. In this regard, a cell shown to express a marker need not be specifically tested, rather previously enriched or isolated cells can be tested and subsequently used, isolated or enriched cells can be reasonably assumed to also express the same marker.

[0082] In one example, the STRO-1^{bright} are isolated by immunoselection. In one example, STRO-1^{bright} cells are isolated by immunoselection of cells expressing TNAP. As used herein the term "TNAP" is intended to encompass all isoforms of tissue nonspecific alkaline phosphatase. For example, the term encompasses the liver isoform (LAP), the bone isoform (BAP) and the kidney isoform (KAP). In one example, the TNAP is BAP. In one example, TNAP as used herein refers to a molecule which can bind the STRO-3 antibody produced by the hybridoma cell line deposited with ATCC on 19 December 2005 under the provisions of the Budapest Treaty under deposit accession number PTA-7282.

[0083] In one example, the mesenchymal precursor or stem cells are CD29+, CD54+, CD73+, CD90+, CD102+, CD105+, CD106+, CD166+, MHC1+ mesenchymal stem cells (e.g. remestemcel-L).

[0084] In one example, mesenchymal precursor cells are perivascular mesenchymal precursor cells as defined in WO 2004/85630. For example, the mesenchymal precursor cells express a marker of a perivascular cell, e.g., the cells are STRO-1+ or STRO-1^{bright} and/or 3G5+. In one example, the cells are or were previously or are progeny of cells that were isolated from vascularized tissue or organs or parts thereof.

[0085] A cell that is referred to as being "positive" for a given marker it may express either a low (lo or dim) or a high (bright, bri) level of that marker depending on the degree to which the marker is present on the cell surface, where the terms relate to intensity of fluorescence or other marker used in the sorting process of the cells. The distinction of lo (or dim or dull) and bri will be understood in the context of the marker used on a particular cell population being sorted. A cell that is referred to as being "negative" for a given marker is not necessarily completely absent from that cell. This term means that the marker is expressed at a relatively very low level by that cell, and that it generates a very low signal when detectably labelled or is undetectable above background levels, e.g., levels detected using an isotype control antibody.

[0086] The term "bright", when used herein, refers to a marker on a cell surface that generates a relatively high signal when detectably labelled. Whilst not wishing to be limited by theory, it is proposed that "bright" cells express more of the target marker protein (for example the antigen recognized by STRO-1) than other cells in the sample. For instance, STRO-1^{bri} cells produce a greater fluorescent signal, when labelled with a FITC-conjugated STRO-1 antibody as determined by fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS) analysis, than non-bright cells (STRO-1^{dull/dim}). In one example,

"bright" cells constitute at least about 0.1% of the most brightly labelled bone marrow mononuclear cells contained in the starting sample. In other examples, "bright" cells constitute at least about 0.1%, at least about 0.5%, at least about 1%, at least about 1.5%, or at least about 2%, of the most brightly labelled bone marrow mononuclear cells contained in the starting sample. In an example, STRO-1^{bright} cells have 2 log magnitude higher expression of STRO-1 surface expression relative to "background", namely cells that are STRO-1-. By comparison, STRO-1^{dim} and/or STRO-1^{intermediate} cells have less than 2 log magnitude higher expression of STRO-1 surface expression, typically about 1 log or less than "background".

[0087] In one example, a significant proportion of the STRO-1 + multipotential cells are capable of differentiation into at least two different germ lines. Non-limiting examples of the lineages to which the multipotential cells may be committed include bone precursor cells; hepatocyte progenitors, which are multipotent for bile duct epithelial cells and hepatocytes; neural restricted cells, which can generate glial cell precursors that progress to oligodendrocytes and astrocytes; neuronal precursors that progress to neurons; precursors for cardiac muscle and cardiomyocytes, glucose-responsive insulin secreting pancreatic beta cell lines. Other lineages include, but are not limited to, odontoblasts, dentin-producing cells and chondrocytes, and precursor cells of the following: retinal pigment epithelial cells, fibroblasts, skin cells such as keratinocytes, dendritic cells, hair follicle cells, renal duct epithelial cells, smooth and skeletal muscle cells, testicular progenitors, vascular endothelial cells, tendon, ligament, cartilage, adipocyte, fibroblast, marrow stroma, cardiac muscle, smooth muscle, skeletal muscle, pericyte, vascular, epithelial, glial, neuronal, astrocyte and oligodendrocyte cells.

[0088] In another example, the STRO-1+ cells are not capable of giving rise, upon culturing, to hematopoietic cells.

[0089] In one example, the presently described stem cells are mesenchymal stem cells. The mesenchymal stem cells (MSC) may be a homogeneous composition or may be a mixed cell population enriched in MSCs. Homogeneous mesenchymal stem cell compositions may be obtained by culturing adherent marrow or periosteal cells, and the mesenchymal stem cells may be identified by specific cell surface markers which are identified with unique monoclonal antibodies. A method for obtaining a cell population enriched in mesenchymal stem cells is described, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,486,359. Alternative sources for mesenchymal stem cells include, but are not limited to, blood, skin, cord blood, muscle, fat, bone, and perichondrium.

[0090] Recognition, selection and purification of stem cells carrying the cell surface markers described above can be effected by a number of different methods. For example, application of a binding agent to the marker concerned followed by a separation of those cells that exhibit binding, being either high level binding, or low level binding or no binding.

[0091] For example binding agents can include antibodies such as monoclonal antibodies or antibody based molecules.

[0092] Antibodies and other binding molecules can be used in various techniques to select and purify stem cells expressing the particular cell surface markers.

[0093] Techniques for selection and purification may include, but are not limited to, magnetic separation, using antibody-coated magnetic beads, affinity chromatography and "panning" with antibody attached to a solid matrix, fluorescence-activated cell sorting (FACS).

[0094] Stem cells of the present disclosure expressing particular markers may be selected or purified from a cell population via positive immunoselection. For example, mesenchymal precursor cells can be isolated and enriched from a cell population based on the cell surface expression of the STRO-1 antibody (see for example Gronthos and Simmons 1995).

[0095] Isolated stem cells according to the present disclosure can be expanded *in vitro* by culture. As will be appreciated by those skilled in the art, the stem cells can be cryopreserved, thawed and subsequently expanded *in vitro* by culture. In one example, the stem cells are seeded in growth medium and allowed to adhere to the culture vessel overnight at 37° C, 20% O₂. The growth medium is subsequently replaced and the cells cultured for a further 68 to 72 hours at 37° C, 5% O₂.

[0096] In an example, isolated stem cells are seeded at 50,000 cells/cm² in serum supplemented growth medium and allowed to adhere to the culture vessel overnight at 37°C, 20% O₂. The growth medium is subsequently replaced with Chondrogenic Basal Medium (CBM; Lonza, Walkersville, MD) supplemented with 0.5% bovine serum albumin (BSA) and the cells cultured for a further 68 to 72 hours at 37°C, 5% O₂.

[0097] Various other methods of primary stem cell culture are known in the art. For example, primary stem cell culture can be carried out using the methods described in Gronthos and Simmons 1995.

[0098] The cultured stem cells are phenotypically different to cells in vivo. They may express, for example, CD44.

[0099] In one embodiment the cultured stem cells are biologically different to cells *in vivo*, having a higher rate of regeneration.

[0100] The cultured stem cells may be cryopreserved prior to administration to a subject. For example, mesenchymal lineage precursor cells may be cryopreserved prior to administration to a subject.

Genetically-Unmodified Cells

10

30

35

50

55

[0101] As used herein, the term "genetically unmodified" refers to cells that have not been modified by transfection

with a nucleic acid expressing or encoding Ang1. For the avoidance of doubt, in the context of the present disclosure a stem cell transfected with a nucleic acid encoding Ang1 would be considered genetically modified. In the context of the present disclosure the "genetically unmodified" cell naturally expresses Ang1 to some extent without transfection with a nucleic acid encoding Ang1.

Expression of Ang1 and/or VEGF

5

10

15

30

35

45

50

55

[0102] The stem cells of the present disclosure are genetically unmodified and express Ang1 in an amount of at least 0.1 μ g/10⁶ cells. However, in various embodiments it is envisaged that the stem cells of the present disclosure may express Ang1 in an amount of at least 0.2 μ g/10⁶ cells, 0.3 μ g/10⁶ cells, 0.4 μ g/10⁶ cells, 0.5 μ g/10⁶ cells, 0.6 μ g/10⁶ cells, 0.7 μ g/10⁶ cells, 0.8 μ g/10⁶ cells, 0.9 μ g/10⁶ cells, 1 μ g/10⁶ cells, 1.1 μ g/10⁶ cells, 1.2 μ g/10⁶ cells, 1.3 μ g/10⁶ cells, 1.5 μ g/10⁶ cells.

[0103] In another aspect, the genetically unmodified stem cells of the present disclosure express VEGF in an amount less than about $0.05~\mu g/10^6$ cells. However, in various embodiments it is envisaged that the stem cells of the present disclosure may express VEGF in an amount less than about $0.05~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.04~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.03~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.009~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.008~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.007~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.006~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.008~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.004~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.004~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.003~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.002~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.004~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.003~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.002~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.004~\mu g/10^6$ cells, $0.003~\mu g/10^6$

[0104] The amount of cellular Ang1 and/or VEGF that is expressed in a composition or culture of stem cells may be determined by methods known to those skilled in the art. Such methods include, but are not limited to, quantitative assays such as quantitative ELISA assays, for example. It is to be understood, however, that the scope of the present disclosure is not to be limited to any particular method for determining the amount or level of Ang1 or VEGF expressed in the stem cells of the present disclosure.

[0105] In one example the level of Ang1 or VEGF expressed by a composition or culture of stem cells is determined by an ELISA assay. In such an assay, a cell lysate from a culture of stem cells is added to a well of an ELISA plate. The well may be coated with a primary antibody, either a monoclonal or a polyclonal antibody(ies), against the Ang1 or VEGF. The well then is washed, and then contacted with a secondary antibody, either a monoclonal or a polyclonal antibody(ies), against the primary antibody. The secondary antibody is conjugated to an appropriate enzyme, such as horseradish peroxidase, for example. The well then may be incubated, and then is washed after the incubation period. The wells then are contacted with an appropriate substrate for the enzyme conjugated to the secondary antibody, such as one or more chromogens. Chromogens which may be employed include, but are not limited to, hydrogen peroxide and tetramethylbenzidine. After the substrate(s) is (are) added, the well is incubated for an appropriate period of time. Upon completion of the incubation, a "stop" solution is added to the well in order to stop the reaction of the enzyme with the substrate(s). The optical density (OD) of the sample is then measured. The optical density of the sample is correlated to the optical densities of samples containing known amounts of Ang1 or VEGF in order to determine the amount of Ang1 or VEGF expressed by the culture of stem cells being tested.

[0106] In another aspect, the genetically unmodified stem cells of the present disclosure express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio of at least about 2:1. However, in various embodiments it is envisaged that the stem cells of the present disclosure may express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio of at least about 10:1, 15:1, 20:1, 21:1, 22:1, 23:1, 24:1, 25:1, 26:1, 27:1, 28:1, 29:1, 30:1, 31:1, 32:1, 33:1, 34:1, 35:1, 50:1.

[0107] Methods for determining the Ang1:VEGF expression ratio will be apparent to one of skill in the art. In an example of a method of determining a ratio of Ang 1 and VEGF expression, Ang1 and VEGF expression levels are quantitated via quantitative ELISA as discussed above. In such an example, after quantifying the levels of Ang1 and VEGF, a ratio based on the quantitated levels of Ang1 and VEGF could be represented as: (level of Ang1 / level of VEGF) = Ang1:VEGF ratio.

Cellular Compositions

[0108] In one example of the present disclosure stem cells are administered in the form of a composition. In one example, such a composition comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and/or excipient.

[0109] The terms "carrier" and "excipient" refer to compositions of matter that are conventionally used in the art to facilitate the storage, administration, and/or the biological activity of an active compound (see, e.g., Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 16th Ed., Mac Publishing Company (1980). A carrier may also reduce any undesirable side effects of the active compound. A suitable carrier is, for example, stable, e.g., incapable of reacting with other ingredients in the carrier. In one example, the carrier does not produce significant local or systemic adverse effect in recipients at the dosages and concentrations employed for treatment.

[0110] Suitable carriers for the present disclosure include those conventionally used, e.g., saline, aqueous dextrose, lactose, Ringer's solution, a buffered solution, hyaluronan and glycols are exemplary liquid carriers, particularly (when isotonic) for solutions. Suitable pharmaceutical carriers and excipients include starch, cellulose, glucose, lactose, su-

crose, gelatin, malt, rice, flour, chalk, silica gel, magnesium stearate, sodium stearate, glycerol monostearate, sodium chloride, glycerol, propylene glycol, water, ethanol, and the like.

[0111] In another example, a carrier is a media composition, e.g., in which a cell is grown or suspended. For example, such a media composition does not induce any adverse effects in a subject to whom it is administered.

[0112] Exemplary carriers and excipients do not adversely affect the viability of a cell and/or the ability of a cell to reduce, prevent or delay metabolic syndrome and/or obesity.

[0113] In one example, the carrier or excipient provides a buffering activity to maintain the cells and/or soluble factors at a suitable pH to thereby exert a biological activity, e.g., the carrier or excipient is phosphate buffered saline (PBS). PBS represents an attractive carrier or excipient because it interacts with cells and factors minimally and permits rapid release of the cells and factors, in such a case, the composition of the disclosure may be produced as a liquid for direct application to the blood stream or into a tissue or a region surrounding or adjacent to a tissue, e.g., by injection.

[0114] Stem cells and/or progeny cells thereof can also be incorporated or embedded within scaffolds that are recipient-compatible and which degrade into products that are not harmful to the recipient. These scaffolds provide support and protection for cells that are to be transplanted into the recipient subjects. Natural and/or synthetic biodegradable scaffolds are examples of such scaffolds.

[0115] A variety of different scaffolds may be used successfully in the practice of the disclosure. Exemplary scaffolds include, but are not limited to biological, degradable scaffolds. Natural biodegradable scaffolds include collagen, fibronectin, and laminin scaffolds. Suitable synthetic material for a cell transplantation scaffold should be able to support extensive cell growth and cell function. Such scaffolds may also be resorbable. Suitable scaffolds include polyglycolic acid scaffolds, e.g., as described by Vacanti, et al. J. Ped. Surg. 23:3-9 1988; Cima, et al. Biotechnol. Bioeng. 38:145 1991; Vacanti, et al. Plast. Reconstr. Surg. 88:753-9 1991; or synthetic polymers such as polyanhydrides, polyorthoesters, and polylactic acid.

[0116] In another example, the cells may be administered in a gel scaffold (such as Gelfoam from Upjohn Company). **[0117]** The cellular compositions described herein may be administered alone or as admixtures with other cells. The cells of different types may be admixed with a composition of the disclosure immediately or shortly prior to administration, or they may be co-cultured together for a period of time prior to administration.

[0118] In one example, the composition comprises an effective amount or a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of cells. For example, the composition comprises about 1×10^5 stem cells with elevated Ang1 levels to about 1×10^7 stem cells with elevated Ang1 levels or about 1×10^6 stem cells to about 5×10^6 stem cells/kg. The exact amount of cells to be administered is dependent upon a variety of factors, including the age, weight, and sex of the subject, and the extent and severity of the disorder being treated.

30

35

50

55

[0119] In one example, a low dose of cells is administered to the subject. Exemplary dosages include between about 0.1×10^4 to about 0.5×10^6 cells per kg, for example, between about 0.1×10^5 to about 0.5×10^6 cells per kg, such as, between about 0.5×10^5 to about 0.5×10^6 cells per kg, for example, between about 0.1×10^6 to about 0.5×10^6 cells per kg, e.g., about 0.2×10^6 or 0.3×10^6 or 0.4×10^6 cells per kg.

[0120] In one example, a high dose of cells is administered to the subject. Exemplary dosages include at least about 1.5×10^6 cells/kg. For example, a high dose comprises between about 1.5×10^6 to about 6×10^6 cells/kg, such as between about 1.5×10^6 to about 5×10^6 cells/kg, for example, between about 1.5×10^6 to about 4×10^6 cells/kg, for example, between about 1.5×10^6 to about 3×10^6 cells/kg. For example, a high dose comprises about 1.5×10^6 or about 2×10^6 cells/kg.

[0121] Other exemplary doses include at least about 1×10^6 cells. For example, a dose can comprise between about 1.0×10^6 to about 1×10^{10} cells, for example, between about 1.1×10^6 to about 1×10^9 cells, for example, between about 1.2×10^6 to about 1×10^8 cells, for example, between about 1.3×10^6 to about 1×10^7 cells, for example, between about 1.4×10^6 to about 9×10^6 cells, for example, between about 1.5×10^6 to about 8×10^6 cells, for example, between about 1.7×10^6 to about 1.8×10^6 cells, for example, between about 1.8×10^6 to about

[0122] In one example, the dose comprises between about 5×10^5 to 2×10^7 cells, for example, between about 6×10^6 cells to about 1.8×10^7 cells. The dose may be, for example, about 6×10^6 cells or about 1.8×10^7 cells.

[0123] The mesenchymal lineage precursor or stem cells comprise at least about 5%, at least about 10%, at least about 15%, at least about 25%, at least about 30%, at least about 35%, at least about 40%, at least about 45%, at least about 50%, at least about 55%, at least about 65%, at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 95% of the cell population of the composition.

[0124] In some examples, cells are contained within a chamber that does not permit the cells to exit into a subject's circulation, however that permits factors secreted by the cells to enter the circulation. In this manner soluble factors may be administered to a subject by permitting the cells to secrete the factors into the subject's circulation. Such a chamber may equally be implanted at a site in a subject to increase local levels of the soluble factors, e.g., implanted in or near

the heart.

10

15

30

35

[0125] The stem cells of the present disclosure are administered to an animal in an amount effective to treat a disease or disorder in the animal. The animal may be a mammal, and the mammal may be a primate, including human and non-human primates. The stem cells may be administered systemically, such as, for example, by intravenous, intraarterial, or intraperitoneal administration. The exact dosage of stem cells to be administered is dependent upon a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, the age, weight, and sex of the patient, the disease(s) or disorder(s) being treated, and the extent and severity thereof.

[0126] The composition comprising stem cells of the present disclosure may be cryopreserved. Cryopreservation of stem cells can be carried out using slow-rate cooling methods or 'fast' freezing protocols known in the art. Preferably, the method of cryopreservation maintains similar phenotypes, cell surface markers and growth rates of cryopreserved cells in comparison with unfrozen cells.

[0127] The cryopreserved composition may comprise a cryopreservation solution. The pH of the cryopreservation solution is typically 6.5 to 8, preferably 7.4.

[0128] The cyropreservation solution may comprise a sterile, non-pyrogenic isotonic solution such as, for example, PlasmaLyte $A^{\textcircled{@}}$. 100 mL of PlasmaLyte $A^{\textcircled{@}}$ contains 526 mg of sodium chloride, USP (NaCl); 502 mg of sodium gluconate ($C_6H_{11}NaO_7$); 368 mg of sodium acetate trihydrate, USP ($C_2H_3NaO_2 \cdot 3H_2O$); 37 mg of potassium chloride, USP (KCl); and 30 mg of magnesium chloride, USP (MgCl₂ $\cdot 6H_2O$). It contains no antimicrobial agents. The pH is adjusted with sodium hydroxide. The pH is 7.4 (6.5 to 8.0).

[0129] To facilitate freezing, a cryoprotectant such as, for example, dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO), is usually added to the cryopreservation solution. Ideally, the cryoprotectant should be nontoxic for cells and patients, nonantigenic, chemically inert, provide high survival rate after thawing and allow transplantation without washing. However, the most commonly used cryoprotector, DMSO, shows some cytotoxicity. Hydroxylethyl starch (HES) may be used as a substitute or in combination with DMSO to reduce cytotoxicity of the cryopreservation solution.

[0130] The cryopreservation solution may comprise one or more of DMSO, hydroxyethyl starch, human serum components and other protein bulking agents. In one example, the cryopreserved solution comprises about 5% human serum albumin (HSA) and about 10% DMSO. The cryopreservation solution may further comprise one or more of methycellulose, polyvinyl pyrrolidone (PVP) and trehalose.

[0131] The cryopreserved composition may be thawed and administered directly to the subject. Alternatively, the cryopreserved composition may be thawed and the mesenchymal lineage precursor or stem cells resuspended in an alternate solution prior to administration.

Cell Culture Method

[0132] The compositions of the present disclosure can be produced via various cell culture methods.

[0133] Accordingly, the present disclosure also provides *in vitro* methods for inducing Ang1 expression in stem cells. Surprisingly, the present inventors have identified cell culture media conditions under which Ang1 expression is induced in stem cells. These conditions have also been found to reduce VEGF expression and induce an elevated ANG1:VEGF ratio.

[0134] For example, these conditions include culturing a population of stem cells in a cell culture media, wherein the cell culture media contains:

- i) a short acting L-ascorbic acid derivative but does not contain a substantial amount of a long acting L-ascorbic acid derivative; and/or
- ii) less than 10% v/v fetal calf serum.

[0135] In another example, these conditions include culturing a population of stem cells in a cell culture media, wherein the cell culture media contains:

- i) a short acting L-ascorbic acid derivative but does not contain a substantial amount of a long acting L-ascorbic acid derivative;
- ii) less than 10% v/v fetal calf serum; and/or
- iii) a non-fetal serum.

[0136] Accordingly, in an embodiment, the present disclosure relates to an *in vitro* method for inducing Ang1 expression in stem cells, the method comprising: culturing a population of stem cells in a cell culture media, wherein the cell culture media contains a short acting L-ascorbic acid derivative but does not contain a substantial amount of a long acting L-ascorbic acid derivative; and/or is supplemented with less than 10% v/v fetal calf serum.

[0137] In another embodiment, the present disclosure relates to an in vitro method for inducing Ang1 expression in

10

45

50

stem cells, the method comprising: culturing a population of stem cells in a cell culture media, wherein the cell culture media contains a short acting L-ascorbic acid derivative but does not contain a substantial amount of a long acting L-ascorbic acid derivative; and/or is supplemented with a non-fetal serum.

[0138] In another embodiment, the present disclosure relates to an *in vitro* method for inducing Ang1 expression in stem cells, the method comprising: culturing a population of stem cells in a cell culture media, wherein the cell culture media contains non-fetal serum in the form of human adult serum (for example, human AB serum) and human platelet cell lysate in amount sufficient to support growth of cells.

[0139] The term "media" or "medium" as used in reference to cell culture, includes the components of the environment surrounding the cells. It is envisaged that the media contributes to and/or provides the conditions sufficient to induce expression of Ang1 expression. Media may be solid, liquid, gaseous or a mixture of phases and materials. Media can include liquid growth media as well as liquid media that do not sustain cell growth. Media also include gelatinous media such as agar, agarose, gelatin and collagen matrices. Exemplary gaseous media include the gaseous phase that cells growing on a petri dish or other solid or semisolid support are exposed to. The term "medium" also refers to material that is intended for use in a cell culture, even if it has not yet been contacted with cells.

[0140] The culture media used in the method of the present disclosure can be prepared by using a culture media used for culturing of stem cells as a basal culture medium. The basal culture medium includes, for example, Eagles minimal essential (MEM) culture media, alpha modified MEM culture media, and mixed culture media thereof, and is not particularly restricted providing it can be used for culturing of stem cells.

[0141] Further, the culture medium of the present disclosure can contain any components such as fatty acids or lipids, vitamins, growth factors, cytokines, antioxidants, buffering agents, inorganic salts and the like.

[0142] The cell culture media used in the present disclosure contains all essential amino acids and may also contain non-essential amino acids. In general, amino acids are classified into essential amino acids (Thr, Met, Val, Leu, Ile, Phe, Trp, Lys, His) and non-essential amino acids (Gly, Ala, Ser, Cys, Gln, Asn, Asp, Tyr, Arg, Pro).

Ascorbic Acid

10

30

35

50

[0143] Ascorbic acid is an essential supplement for the growth and differentiation of various kinds of cells in culture. It is now understood that particular ascorbic acid derivatives are "short acting" because they are not stable in solution, especially under the normal cell culture conditions of neutral pH and 37 °C. These short acting derivatives rapidly oxidise into oxalic acid or threonic acid. In culture media (pH 7) at 37 °C, oxidation decreases the level of these short acting ascorbic acid derivatives by approximately 80 - 90 % in 24 hours. Accordingly, short acting ascorbic acid derivatives have been replaced with more stable "long acting" ascorbic acid derivatives in conventional cell culture of various cell types.

[0144] In the context of the present disclosure the term "short acting" encompasses ascorbic acid derivatives that are oxidised by approximately 80 - 90 % following 24 hours of cell culture under culture conditions of neutral pH and 37 oC. In one example, the short acting L-ascorbic acid derivative is a L-ascorbic acid salt. For example, in the context of the present disclosure, L-ascorbic acid sodium salt is a "short acting" ascorbic acid derivative.

[0145] In contrast, the term "long acting" encompasses ascorbic acid derivatives that are not oxidised by approximately 80 - 90 % following 24 hours of cell culture under culture conditions of neutral pH and 37 oC. In one example, in the context of the present disclosure, L-ascorbic acid-2-phospahte is a "long acting" ascorbic acid derivative. Other examples of long acting ascorbic acid derivatives include Tetrahexyldecyl Ascorbate Magnesium Ascorbyl Phosphate and 2-O- α -D-Glucopyranosyl-L-ascorbic acid.

[0146] The present inventors have surprisingly found that the replacement of a long acting ascorbic acid derivative with short acting derivative can induce Ang1 expression in stem cells. Therefore, in an embodiment of the present disclosure the cell culture media is supplemented with a short acting ascorbic acid derivative. For example, the cell culture media may contain at least about 0.005 g/L of a short acting ascorbic acid derivative. In another example, the cell culture media may contain at least about 0.01 g/L of a short acting ascorbic acid derivative. For example, the cell culture media may contain at least about 0.02 g/L of a short acting ascorbic acid derivative. For example, the cell culture media may contain at least about 0.03 g/L of a short acting ascorbic acid derivative. For example, the cell culture media may contain at least about 0.04 g/L of a short acting ascorbic acid derivative. In another example, the cell culture media may contain at least about 0.05 g/L of a short acting ascorbic acid derivative. In another example, the cell culture media may contain at least about 0.06 g/L of a short acting ascorbic acid derivative. In one example of this embodiment, the cell culture media is supplemented with sodium salt of L-ascorbate.

[0147] In another example, the cell culture media contains a short acting ascorbic acid derivative but does not contain a substantial amount of a long acting ascorbic acid derivative. For example, the cell culture media may contain a short acting ascorbic acid derivative but not more than 0.04 g/L of a long acting ascorbic acid derivative. In another example, the cell culture media may contain a short acting ascorbic acid derivative but not more than 0.03 g/L of a long acting ascorbic acid derivative. In another example, the cell culture media may contain a short acting ascorbic acid derivative

but not more than 0.02 g/L of a long acting ascorbic acid derivative. In another example, the cell culture media may contain a short acting ascorbic acid derivative but not more than 0.01 g/L of a long acting ascorbic acid derivative. In another example, the cell culture media may contain a short acting ascorbic acid derivative but not more than 0.005 g/L of a long acting ascorbic acid derivative. In another example, the cell culture media may contain a short acting ascorbic acid derivative but not a long acting ascorbic acid derivative.

[0148] In another example, the cell culture media contains L-ascorbate sodium salt but does not contain a substantial amount of L-ascorbic acid-2-phospahte.

Serum

10

30

35

45

50

[0149] The culture media used in the culture method of the present disclosure can be a serum-containing culture medium or a serum-free culture medium.

[0150] The culture medium of the present disclosure may contain or may not contain a serum replacement. The serum replacement can be, for example, albumin (for example, lipid-rich albumin), transferrin, fatty acid, insulin, collagen precursor, trace element, 2-mercaptoethanol or 3'-thiol glycerol, or those appropriately containing serum equivalents. Such a serum replacement can be prepared, for example, by a method described in International Publication WO 93/30679, and commercially available products can also be used.

[0151] Conventionally, stem cells are maintained in cell culture using media supplemented with at least about 10 - 15% v/v serum, generally fetal calf serum (FCS). However, the present inventors have found that culturing a population of stem cells in a cell culture medium supplemented with less than 10% v/v FCS can also induce Ang1 expression. In an embodiment, a population of stem cells is cultured in a cell culture media supplemented with at least about 9% v/v, at least about 8% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at least about 4% v/v, at least about 4% v/v, at least about 3% v/v, at least about 2% v/v, at least about 1% v/v FCS. It also is envisaged that the term fetal calf serum (FCS) and fetal bovine serum (FBS) can in the context of the present disclosure be used interchangeably.

[0152] In an embodiment, the cell culture media is supplemented with a non-fetal serum. It is envisaged that the culture media may be supplemented with at least about 1% v/v, at least about 2% v/v, at least about 3% v/v, at least about 4% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at least about 6% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 8% v/v, at least about 9%, at least about 10%, at least about 11%, at least about 12%, at least about 13%, at least about 14%, at least about 15%, at least about 16%, at least about 20%, at least about 21%, at least about 22%, at least about 23%, at least about 24%, at least about 25% v/v non-fetal serum.

[0153] For example, the culture media can be supplemented with mammalian non-fetal serum.

[0154] For example, the culture media can be supplemented with human non-fetal serum.

[0155] For example, the culture media can be supplemented with neo-natal serum. It is envisaged that the culture media may be supplemented with at least about 1% v/v, at least about 2% v/v, at least about 3% v/v, at least about 4% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at least about 6% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 8% v/v, at least about 9%, at least about 10%, at least about 11%, at least about 12%, at least about 13%, at least about 14%, at least about 15%, at least about 16%, at least about 17%, at least about 18%, at least about 20%, at least about 21%, at least about 22%, at least about 23%, at least about 24%, at least about 25% v/v neo-natal serum.

[0156] In an embodiment, the cell culture media is supplemented with mammalian neo-natal serum.

[0157] For example, the culture media can be supplemented with new born calf serum (NBCS). It is envisaged that the culture media may be supplemented with at least about 1% v/v, at least about 2% v/v, at least about 3% v/v, at least about 4% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at least about 6% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 8% v/v, at least about 9%, at least about 10%, at least about 11%, at least about 12%, at least about 13%, at least about 14%, at least about 15%, at least about 16%, at least about 20%, at least about 20%, at least about 21%, at least about 25% v/v NBCS.

[0158] In an embodiment, the cell culture medium is supplemented with human neo-natal serum.

[0159] For example, the cell culture medium can be supplemented with at least about 1% v/v, at least about 2% v/v, at least about 3% v/v, at least about 4% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at least about 6% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 8% v/v, at least about 9% v/v human neo-natal serum. For example, human neo-natal serum obtained from umbilical cord blood "cord blood".

[0160] In an embodiment, the culture media is supplemented with adult serum. It is envisaged that the culture media may be supplemented with at least about 1% v/v, at least about 2% v/v, at least about 3% v/v, at least about 4% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at least about 6% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 8% v/v, at least about 9%, at least about 10%, at least about 11%, at least about 12%, at least about 13%, at least about 14%, at least about 15%, at least about 16%, at least about 27%, at least about 21%, at least about 22%, at least about 23%, at least about 24%, at least about 25% v/v adult serum.

[0161] In an embodiment, the cell culture media is supplemented with mammalian adult serum.

[0162] For example, the cell culture medium can be supplemented with at least about 1% v/v, at least about 2% v/v,

at least about 3% v/v, at least about 4% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at least about 6% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 10%, at least about 11%, at least about 12%, at least about 13%, at least about 14%, at least about 15%, at least about 16%, at least about 17%, at least about 18%, at least about 19%, at least about 20%, at least about 21%, at least about 22%, at least about 23%, at least about 24%, at least about 25% v/v mammalian adult serum.

[0163] For example, the cell culture medium can be supplemented with at least about 1% v/v, at least about 2% v/v, at least about 3% v/v, at least about 4% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at least about 6% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 8% v/v, at least about 9%, at least about 10%, at least about 11%, at least about 12%, at least about 13%, at least about 14%, at least about 15%, at least about 16%, at least about 17%, at least about 18%, at least about 19%, at least about 20%, at least about 21%, at least about 25% v/v adult bovine serum.

[0164] In an embodiment, the cell culture medium is supplemented with human adult serum.

[0165] For example, the cell culture medium can be supplemented with at least about 1% v/v, at least about 2% v/v, at least about 3% v/v, at least about 4% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at least about 6% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 8% v/v, at least about 9% v/v human adult serum.

[0166] For example, the cell culture medium can be supplemented with at least about 1% v/v, at least about 2% v/v, at least about 3% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at least about 6% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 8% v/v, at least about 9% v/v human AB serum.

[0167] In an example, the cell culture medium is supplemented with at least about 3% human AB serum.

[0168] In an embodiment the culture media is supplemented with a mixture of FCS and NBCS.

[0169] For example, the culture media can be supplemented with a mixture of FCS and NBCS so that the FCS:NBCS ratio is at least about 0.4:1, at least about 0.5:1, at least about 0.6:1, at least about 0.7:1, at least about 0.8:1, at least about 0.9:1, at least about 1:1, at least about 1.5:1, at least about 2:1.

[0170] For example, it is envisaged that the mixture of FCS and NBCS can comprise at least about 1% v/v, at least about 2% v/v, at least about 3% v/v, at least about 4% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at least about 6% v/v, at least about 7% v/v, at least about 8% v/v, at least about 9%, at least about 10%, at least about 11%, at least about 12%, at least about 13%, at least about 14%, at least about 15%, at least about 16%, at least about 17%, at least about 18%, at least about 19%, at least about 20%, at least about 21%, at least about 22%, at least about 23%, at least about 24%, at least about 25% v/v of the cell culture media. However, in this example, the cell culture media is supplemented with at least about 1% v/v, at least about 2% v/v, at least about 5% v/v, at le

[0171] In an embodiment, the cell culture medium is FCS serum free.

[0172] In an embodiment, the cell culture medium is fetal serum free.

[0173] In an embodiment, the cell culture medium is supplemented with non-fetal serum.

[0174] In one embodiment the culture medium is fetal serum free and supplemented with non-fetal serum.

Stimulatory Factors

10

30

35

40

55

[0175] In another embodiment the cell culture media is supplemented with one or more stimulatory factors selected from the group consisting of $I\alpha$,25- dihydroxyvitamin D3 (1,25D), platelet derived growth factor (PDGF) such as PDGF-BB, tumor necrosis factor α (TNF- α), interleukin -I β (IL-1 β),stromal derived factor $I\alpha$ (SDF- $I\alpha$) and EGF.

[0176] In another embodiment, cells may also be cultured in the presence of at least one cytokine in an amount sufficient to support growth of the cells.

[0177] In another embodiment, cells are cultured in the presence of platelet cell lysate in an amount sufficient to support growth of the cells. For example, cells can be cultured in human platelet cell lysate in an amount sufficient to support growth of the cells.

[0178] In an example, cells are cultured with human AB serum and human platelet cell lysate in an amount sufficient to support growth of the cells.

50 Assaying Therapeutic/Prophylactic Potential of Cells

[0179] Methods for determining the ability of the cells of the present disclosure to treat or prevent or delay the onset or progression of disorders will be apparent to one of skill in the art. For example, the present stem cells can be assessed for their ability to increase Ang1 levels.

[0180] In one example, genetically unmodified stem cells expressing Ang1 in an amount of at least 0.1 μ g/10⁶ cells are tested for their ability to increase Ang1 levels *in vitro* and/or *in vivo* in cardiac tissue. In these examples, Ang1 levels are assessed in cell culture medium or tissue after the administration of the presently described stem cells.

[0181] It will be apparent to the skilled artisan from the foregoing that the present disclosure also provides a method

for identifying or isolating a cell for the treatment, prevention or delay of a disorder, the method comprising:

- (i) administering a cell to a test subject suffering from a disorder associated and assessing a symptom of the disorder in the subject;
- (ii) comparing the symptom of a disorder of the subject at (i) to the symptom of the disorder or activity of a control subject suffering from the disorder to which the cell has not been administered, wherein an improvement in the symptom in the test subject compared to the control subject indicates that the stem cell treats the disorder. The cell may be any cell described herein according to any example.
- [0182] It will be appreciated by persons skilled in the art that numerous variations and/or modifications may be made to the above-described embodiments, without departing from the broad general scope of the present disclosure. The present embodiments are, therefore, to be considered in all respects as illustrative and not restrictive.

Examples

5

15

20

30

35

45

50

55

Example 1: Immunoselection of MPCs by selection of STRO-3+ cells

[0183] Bone marrow (BM) is harvested from healthy normal adult volunteers (20-35 years old). Briefly, 40 ml of BM is aspirated from the posterior iliac crest into lithium-heparin anticoagulant-containing tubes.

[0184] BMMNC are prepared by density gradient separation using Lymphoprep[™] (Nycomed Pharma, Oslo, Norway) as previously described (Zannettino et al. 1998). Following centrifugation at $400 \times g$ for 30 minutes at 4°C, the buffy layer is removed with a transfer pipette and washed three times in "HHF", composed of Hank's balanced salt solution (HBSS; Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD), containing 5% fetal calf serum (FCS, CSL Limited, Victoria, Australia). **[0185]** STRO-3⁺ (or TNAP⁺) cells were subsequently isolated by magnetic activated cell sorting as previously described (Gronthos et al. 2003; Gronthos and Simmons 1995). Briefly, approximately 1-3 × 10⁸ BMMNC are incubated in blocking buffer, consisting of 10% (v/v) normal rabbit serum in HHF for 20 minutes on ice. The cells are incubated with 200 μl of a 10 μg/ml solution of STRO-3 mAb in blocking buffer for 1 hour on ice. The cells are subsequently washed twice in HHF by centrifugation at 400 × g. A 1/50 dilution of goat anti-mouse γ-biotin (Southern Biotechnology Associates, Birmingham, UK) in HHF buffer is added and the cells incubated for 1 hour on ice. Cells are washed twice in MACS buffer (Ca²⁺ - and Mn²⁺ -free PBS supplemented with 1% BSA, 5 mM EDTA and 0.01% sodium azide) as above and resuspended in a final volume of 0.9 ml MACS buffer.

[0186] One hundred μ l streptavidin microbeads (Miltenyi Biotec; Bergisch Gladbach, Germany) are added to the cell suspension and incubated on ice for 15 minutes. The cell suspension is washed twice and resuspended in 0.5 ml of MACS buffer and subsequently loaded onto a mini MACS column (MS Columns, Miltenyi Biotec), and washed three times with 0.5 ml MACS buffer to retrieve the cells which did not bind the STRO-3 mAb (deposited on 19 December 2005 with American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) under accession number PTA-7282 - see International Publication No.WO 2006/108229). After addition of a further 1 ml MACS buffer, the column is removed from the magnet and the TNAP+ cells are isolated by positive pressure. An aliquot of cells from each fraction can be stained with streptavidin-FITC and the purity assessed by flow cytometry.

40 [0187] The MPCs isolated in this manner are STRO-1^{bright} MPCs.

Example 2: Starting culture media - Process A

[0188] The Alpha modification of Eagle's minimum essential media (MEM) with Earle's balanced salts, commonly referred to as Eagle's Alpha MEM, contains non-essential amino acids, sodium pyruvate, and additional vitamins. These modifications were first described for use in growing hybrid mouse and hamster cells (Stanners et al. 1971).

[0189] Eagle's Alpha MEM media suitable for culturing primary stem cells can be obtained from a variety of sources, including Life Technologies and Sigma.

[0190] A detailed method of establishing primary stem cell cultures, including the required growth factors used in the Exemplified processes is described in Gronthos and Simmons 1995.

[0191] In Process A, Eagle's Alpha MEM media supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum, L-ascorbate-2-phosphate (100 μ M), dexamethasone (10-7 M) and/or inorganic phosphate (3 mM) was used for culturing stem cells.

Example 3: Modified culture media - Process B

[0192] In Process B, the Eagle's Alpha MEM culture media used in Process A was modified (modified Alpha MEM) by:

- replacing the long acting ascorbic acid derivative L-ascorbic acid-2-phosphate with a short acting ascorbic acid

derivative Sodium L-ascorbate (50 mg/L);

- reducing FCS from 10% v/v to 5% v/v;
- supplementing with non-fetal serum (5% v/v).

5

10

15

20

25

Table 1: Summary of the differences between Processes A and B

Process A	Process B		
Media (Change applicable to Thaw Feed, Passage)			
Alpha MEM 10% v/v FCS	Modified media 50 mg/L Sodium L-ascorbate replaces L-ascorbic acid-2-phosphate 5% v/v FCS 5% v/v non-fetal serum		
Cryopreservation Formulation (50% A	pha-MENV42.5% ProFreeze/7.5% DMSO)		
Alpha MEM 10% v/v FCS	Modified Alpha MEM 50 mg/L Sodium L-ascorbate replaces L-ascorbic acid-2-phosphate 5% v/v FCS 5% v/v non-fetal serum		

Example 4: Cell culture

[0193] Mesenchymal precursor cells (MPCs) were obtained from a single donor and stored following cryopreservation.

[0194] In general terms, cell culture involved the following steps:

[0195] Cryopreserved MPCs were thawed, seeded at 10,000 cells/cm², and grown in either starting culture medium (Process A; n=3) or modified culture medium (Process B; n=3) to 90% confluence at 20% O₂, 37°C.

[0196] To generate conditioned medium, growth medium was replaced with EBM-2 basal medium (Lonza) supplemented with FCS at a volume of 200 μ l medium/cm². Cells were cultured for an additional 3 days after which medium was collected and centrifuged to remove any cells and the resulting supernatant collected and stored at - 80°C.

[0197] Growth factor concentrations were measured using the Luminex platform using commercially available kits (Millipore).

[0198] Following cell culture, MPC growth dynamics were assessed (see Figures 1 - 3). No significant changes in cell growth, MPC doubling times or population doubling times were observed following cell culture Processes A and B.

[0199] MPCs were also characterised in terms of their expression levels of cellular markers STRO-1, CC9 and STRO-4 as well as pro-angiogenic growth factors Ang1 and VEGF.

[0200] STRO-1, CC9 and STRO-4 levels were comparable in MPCs following cell culture Processes A and B. [0201] However, culture Process B:

- increased Ang1 levels;
 - reduced VEGF levels;
 - provided a ratio of Ang1:VEGF that was consistent with Ang1:VEGF ratios previously shown to be particularly
 effective in enhancing vascularization.

[0202] Measurement of the levels (ug/10⁶ cells) of Ang1 and VEGF in the conditioned medium of MPCs cultured in Processes A or B are shown in Table 2.

Table 2: Characterisation of MPCs obtained from a single donor (three replicates) following Process A and B.

Culture Process	Replicate	Ang 1 level ug/ 10 ⁶ cells	Average	VEGF level ug/ 10 ⁶ cells	Average	Ratio Angl level/VEGF level	Average
Α	1	0.048	0.045	0.134	0.14	0.358 : 1	0.328 : 1
А	2	0.059		0.172		0.343 : 1	
А	3	0.029		0.102		0.284 : 1	
В	1	0.733	0.72	0.027	0.025	27.1 : 1	29.6 : 1

55

(continued)

Culture Process	Replicate	Ang 1 level ug/ 10 ⁶ cells	Average	VEGF level ug/ 10 ⁶ cells	Average	Ratio Angl level/VEGF level	Average
В	2	0.717		0.020		35.9 : 1	
В	3	0.723		0.028		25.8 : 1	

Example 5: Modified culture conditions - Processes C and D

[0203] To control for the replacement of the long acting ascorbic acid derivative L-ascorbic acid-2-phosphate with a short acting ascorbic acid derivative Sodium L-ascorbate, MPC's from 3 different donors were serially propagated in alpha-MEM + 10% FCS + 50 mg/L Sodium L-ascorbate (Process C) or alpha-MEM + 3% human AB serum + 50 mg/L Sodium L-ascorbate (Process D) + growth factors such as PDGF and EGF.

[0204] Ang1 and VEGF levels were assessed following cell culture in Processes C and D. The levels (ug/ml) of Ang1 and VEGF in the conditioned medium of MPCs cultured in Processes C or D are shown in Table 3.

[0205] Compared with Process C, culture Process D:

increased Ang1 levels;

5

15

25

30

35

40

50

55

- reduced VEGF levels;
- increased the ratio of Ang1:VEGF.

[0206] Compared with Process A, Processes C and D resulted in progressive increases in the expression levels of Ang1. This suggests that the presence of a short acting ascorbic acid derivative and non-fetal serum each independently result in increased Ang1 expression and together exhibit a synergistic effect in increasing Ang1 expression.

Table 3: Characterisation of MPCs from 3 different donors following Process C and D.

Culture Process	Donor Sample	Ang 1 level ug/10 ⁶ cells	Average	VEGF level cells	Average	Ratio Ang1 level / VEGF level	Average
С	1	0.143	0.136	0.430	0.328	0.333:1	0.409 : 1
С	2	0.164		0.266		0.523:1	
С	3	0.102		0.287		0.370:1	
D	1	0.266	0.191	0.164	0.109	1.73:1	2.11:1
D	2	0.164		0.061		3.20:1	
D	3	0.143		0.102		1.40:1	

[0207] It will be appreciated by persons skilled in the art that numerous variations and/or modifications may be made to the disclosure as shown in the specific embodiments without departing from the spirit or scope of the disclosure as broadly described. The present embodiments are, therefore, to be considered in all respects as illustrative and not restrictive.

[0208] The present application claims priority from AU 2014901247 filed 7 April 2014, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

[0209] All publications discussed and/or referenced herein are incorporated herein in their entirety.

[0210] Any discussion of documents, acts, materials, devices, articles or the like which has been included in the present specification is solely for the purpose of providing a context for the present disclosure. It is not to be taken as an admission that any or all of these matters form part of the prior art base or were common general knowledge in the field relevant to the present disclosure as it existed before the priority date of each claim of this application.

References

[0211]

- 1. Bongso et al. 1889, Improved quality of human embryos when co-cultured with human ampullary cells. Human Reprod., 4(6), 706 13.
- 2. Chae et al. 2000, Coadministration of angiopoietin-1 and vascular endothelial growth factor enhances collateral vascularization. Arterioscler. Thromb. Vasc. Biol. 20, 2573 2578.
- 3. Eisenberg & Bader, 1996, Establishment of the mesodermal cell line QCE-6. A model system for cardiac cell differentiation. Circ Res., 78(2), 205 16.
 - 4. Gnecchi et al. 2008, Paracrine mechanisms in adult stem cell signalling and therapy. Circ Res., 103(11), 1204 1219.
 - 5. Huang et al. 2011, Transplantation of Sendai Viral Angiopoietin-1-Modified Mesenchymal Stem Cells for Ischemic Heart Disease. Targets in Gene Therapy, Prof. Yongping You (Ed.), ISBN: 978-953-307-540-2, InTech, DOI: 10.5772/19590. Available from: http://www.intechopen.com/books/targets-in-gene-therapy/transplantation-of-sendai-viral-angiopoietin-1-modified-mesenchymal-stem-cells-for-ischemic-heart-di.
 - 6. Gronthos and Simmons 1995, The growth factor requirements of STRO-1-positive human bone marrow derived stromal precursors under serum-deprived conditions in vitro. Blood, 85, 929-940.
- 7. Gronthos et al. (2003) Molecular and cellular characterisation of highly purified stromal stem cells derived from human bone marrow. Journal of Cell Science 116: 1827-1835
 - 8. Kanatsu-Shinohara et al. 2003, Long-term proliferation in culture and germline transmission of mouse male germline stem cells, Biol. Reprod., 69(2), 612 616.
 - 9. Kim et al. 2001a, Angiopoietin-1 reduces VEGF-stimulated leukocyte adhesion to endothelial cells by reducing ICAM-1, VCAM-1, and E-selectin expression. Circ Res., 89(6), 477-479.
 - 10. Kim et al. 2001b, Angiopoietin-1 negatively regulates expression and activity of tissue factor in endothelial cells. FASEB J., 16(1), 126-128.
 - 11. Lijie et al. 2007, Mesenchymal stem cells modified with angiopoietin-1 improve remodelling in a rat model of acute myocardial infarction. Biochem Biophys Res Commun., 357(3), 779 84.
- 25 12. Matsui et al. 1992, Derivation of pluripotential embryonic stem cells from murine primordial germ cells in culture. Cell, 70(5): 841 7.
 - 13. Mummery et al. 2002, Cardiomyocyte differentiation of mouse and human embryonic stem cells. J Anat., 200(3), 233 242.
 - 14. Passier R et al. 2005, Increased cardiomyocyte differentiation from human embryonic stem cells in serum-free cultures. Stem Cells, 23(6), pg 772 80.
 - 15. Resnick et al. 1992, Long-term proliferation of mouse primordial germ cells in culture. Nature, 359(6395), 550 551.
 - 16. Reubinoff et al. 2000, Embryonic stem cell lines from human blastocysts: somatic differentiation in vitro. Nat Biotechnol., 18(4), 399 404.
 - 17. Shamblott et al. 1998, Derivation of pluripotent stem cells from cultured human primordial germ cells, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 95(23), 13726 31.
 - 18. Shinohara et al. 2004, Generation of pluripotent stem cells from neonatal mouse testis, Cell, 119(7), 1001 -1012.
 - 19. Stanners et al., 1971, Two Types of Ribosome in Mouse-Hamster Hybrid Cells. Nat New Biol., 230, 52 54.
 - 20. Takebayashi et al. 2008, Experimental Medicine, 26(5) (Suppl.), 41 -46, YODOSHA (Tokyo, Japan).
 - 21. Thomson et al. 1995, Isolation of a primate embryonic stem cell line, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA, 92(17), 7844 8.

 22. Thomson et al. 1996, Plurinotent cell lines derived from common marmoset (Callithrix jacchus) blastocysts. Biol.
 - 22. Thomson et al. 1996, Pluripotent cell lines derived from common marmoset (Callithrix jacchus) blastocysts. Biol. Reprod., 55(254), 254 9.
 - 23. Thomson et al. 1998, Embryonic stem cell lines derived from human blastocysts. Science, 282, 1145 7.
 - 24. Vacanti, et al. 1991, Synthetic polymers seeded with chondrocytes provide a template for new cartilage formation. Plast. Reconstr. Surg. 88, 753-9.
 - 25. Yoshiaki et al. 2012, Human periodontal ligament fibroblasts are the optimal cell source for induced pluripotent stem cells. Histochemistry & Cell Biology, 137(6), 719 -732.
 - 26. Zannettino, A.C. et al. 1998, The Sialomucin CD164 (MGC-24v) Is an Adhesive Glycoprotein Expressed by Human Hematopoietic Progenitors and Bone Marrow Stromal Cells That Serves as a Potent Negative Regulator of Hematopoiesis. Blood 92: 2613-2628.

[0212] The invention provides, in particular, the following:

10

20

30

35

40

45

50

- 1. A composition comprising genetically unmodified stem cells wherein said genetically unmodified stem cells express angiopoietin-1 (Ang1) in an amount of at least 0.1 μ g/10⁶ cells.
- 2. The composition of item 1 wherein said stem cells express Ang1 in an amount of at least $0.5 \mu g/10^6$ cells.

- 3. The composition of item 1 wherein said stem cells express Ang1 in an amount of at least 0.7 μg/10⁶ cells.
- 4. The composition of item 1 wherein said stem cells express Ang1 in an amount of at least 1 μg/10⁶ cells.
- 5 5. The composition of any one of items 1 to 4, wherein said stem cells express Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF) in an amount less than about $0.05 \mu g/10^6$ cells.
 - 6. The composition of any one of items 1 to 5, wherein said stem cells express VEGF in an amount less than about $0.05 \mu g/10^6$ cells.
 - 7. The composition of any one of items 1 to 5, wherein said stem cells express VEGF in an amount less than about $0.03 \mu g/10^6$ cells.
 - 8. The composition of any one of items 1 to 7, wherein said stem cells express Ang1: VEGF at a ratio of at least about 2:1.
 - 9. The composition of any one of items 1 to 7, wherein said stem cells express Ang1: VEGF at a ratio of at least about 10:1.
- 10. The composition of any one of items 1 to 7, wherein said stem cells express Ang1 :VEGF at a ratio of at least about 20:1.
 - 11. The composition of any one of items 1 to 7, wherein said stem cells express Ang1 :VEGF at a ratio of at least about 30:1.
 - 12. The composition of any one of items 1 to 7, wherein said stem cells express Ang1: VEGF at a ratio of at least about 50:1.
 - 13. The composition of any one of items 1 to 12, wherein said stem cells are mesenchymal stem cells.
 - 14. The composition of item 13 wherein said stem cells are mesenchymal precursor cells.
 - 15. The composition of any one of items 1 to 14, further comprising an acceptable pharmaceutical carrier.
- 35 16. An in vitro method for inducing Ang1 expression in stem cells, the method comprising: culturing a population of stem cells in a cell culture media, wherein the cell culture media
 - contains a short acting L-ascorbic acid derivative but does not contain a substantial amount of a long acting Lascorbic acid derivative: and/or
 - is supplemented with less than 10% v/v fetal calf serum (FCS); and/or is supplemented with non-fetal serum.
 - 17. The method of item 16, wherein the method further comprises measuring the Ang1 levels to determine that Ang1 expression is induced.
 - 18. The method of item 16 or 17, wherein the method further comprises selecting cells with induced Ang1 expression.
 - 19. The method of any one of items 16 to 18, wherein the short acting L-ascorbic acid derivative is a L-ascorbic acid
 - 20. The method of item 19, wherein the short acting L-ascorbic acid salt is L-ascorbic acid sodium salt.
 - 21. The method of any one of items 16 to 20, wherein the cell culture media is supplemented with at least about 5% v/v FCS.
 - 22. The method of any one of items 16 to 21, wherein the cell culture media is supplemented with one or more stimulatory factors selected from the group consisting of $I\alpha$, 25- dihydroxyvitamin D_3 (1,25D), platelet derived growth factor (PDGF), tumor necrosis factor α (TNF- α), interleukin -l β (IL-l β) and stromal derived factor l α (SDF-l α).

18

10

15

20

25

30

40

45

50

- 23. The method of any one of items 16 to 22, wherein the cell culture media is supplemented with non-fetal serum.
- 24. The method of item 23 wherein the non-fetal serum is neo-natal serum.
- 5 25. The method of item 24 wherein the neo-natal serum is new born calf serum (NBCS).
 - 26. The method of item 24 wherein the neo-natal serum is human serum.
 - 27. The method of item 23 wherein the non-fetal serum is adult serum.
 - 28. The method of item 23 wherein the adult serum is human serum.

10

15

25

30

35

40

- 29. The method of any one of items 16 to 25, wherein the cell culture media contains NBCS at a level of at least about 5% v/v.
- 30. The method of any one of items 16 to 25, wherein the cell culture media contains NBCS at a level of at least about 2% v/v.
- 31. The method of any one of items 16 to 25, wherein the cell culture media is supplemented with a mixture of NBCS and FCS.
 - 32. The method of item 31, wherein the ratio of NBCS to FCS is about 1:1.
 - 33. The method of item 31 or 32, wherein the media is supplemented with 5% v/v FCS and 5% v/v NBCS.
 - 34. A method for obtaining genetically unmodified stem cells suitable for use in promoting vascularisation and/or angiogenesis, comprising:
 - obtaining at least one cell population including stem cells from at least one donor; culturing the stem cells; determining the amount of Ang1 expressed by the stem cells in each of said at least one cell population(s); and selecting stem cells which express Ang1 in an amount of at least $0.1 \mu g/10^6$ cells.
 - 35. The method of item 34 which further comprises:
 - determining the amount of VEGF expressed by the stem cells in each of said at least one cell population(s); and selecting stem cells which express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio of at least 10:1.
 - 36. The method of item 35 wherein the stem cells express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio of at least 20:1 are selected.
 - 37. The method of item 35 wherein the stem cells express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio of at least 30:1 are selected.
 - 38. The method of item 35 wherein the stem cells express Ang1: VEGF at a ratio of at least 50:1 are selected.
- 39. Use of the composition of any one of items 1 to 15, for promoting vascularisation and/or angiogenesis.
 - 40. Use of the composition of any one of items 1 to 15, for treating a condition in which increased Ang1 expression is desirable.
- 41. A method for promoting vascularisation and/or angiogenesis in a subject, the method comprising administering the composition of any one of items 1 to 15 to subject.
 - 42. A method for treating a condition in which increased Ang1 expression is desirable in a subject, the method comprising administering to the subject the composition of any one of items 1 to 15.
 - 43. A population of stem cells cultured according to the methods of any one of items 16 to 33 or obtained by the methods of any one of items 34 to 38.

- 44. A composition according to any one of items 1 to 15, wherein the stem cells are produced by culturing a population of stem cells according to the methods of any one of items 16 to 33 or obtained by the methods of any one of items 34 to 38.
- 45. Use of the composition of any one of items 1 to 15 or the methods of any one of items 16 to 38 in the manufacture of a medicament for promoting vascularisation and/or angiogenesis.
 - 46. Use of the composition of any one of items 1 to 15 or the methods of any one of items 16 to 38 in the manufacture of a medicament for treating a condition in which increased Ang1 expression is desirable.

Claims

10

15

20

30

35

40

45

50

55

- 1. A composition comprising genetically unmodified stem cells, wherein said genetically unmodified stem cells express angiopoietin-1 (Ang1) and vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) at a ratio [Ang1:VEGF] between 2:1 and 30:1.
- 2. The composition of claim 1, wherein said stem cells express Ang1:VEGF at a ratio between 10:1 and 20:1.
- 3. The composition of claim 1 or claim 2 wherein said stem cells express Ang 1 in an amount between 0.1 μ g/10⁶ cells and 1.0 μ g/10⁶ cells.
 - 4. The composition of any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein said stem cells express VEGF in an amount less than about $0.05 \mu g/10^6$ cells.
- 5. The composition of any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein said stem cells express VEGF in an amount less than about $0.03 \mu g/10^6$ cells.
 - **6.** A composition according to any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the stem cells are produced by culture expanding a population of stem cells in vitro, wherein the culture expanding comprises:

culturing a population of stem cells in a cell culture medium, wherein the cell culture medium contains a short acting L-ascorbic acid derivative but does not contain a substantial amount of a long acting L-ascorbic acid derivative; and/or

is supplemented with less than 10% v/v fetal calf serum (FCS); and/or is supplemented with non-fetal serum.

- **7.** A method for obtaining genetically unmodified stem cells suitable for use in promoting vascularisation and/or angiogenesis, comprising:
- obtaining at least one cell population including stem cells from at least one donor;

culturing the stem cells;

determining the amount of Ang1 and VEGF expressed by the stem cells in each of said at least one cell population(s); and

selecting stem cells which express Ang1 and VEGF at a ratio [Ang1: VEGF] between 2:1 and 30:1.

8. The method of claim 7 wherein the stem cells which express Ang1:VEGF at ratio of at least 10:1, at least 20:1 or at least 30:1 are selected.

9. The method of claim 7 or claim 8, wherein the cell culture media is supplemented with:

non-fetal serum;

neo-natal serum;

NBCS;

human neo-natal serum:

non-fetal adult serum; or,

human adult serum.

10. The composition of any one of claims 1 to 9 for use in a method for promoting vascularization, promoting angiogenesis,

and/or treating a condition in which increased Ang 1 expression is desirable.

11. The composition of any one of claims 1 to 6, or the method of any one of claims 7 to 9, or the composition for use of claim 10, wherein said stem cells are mesenchymal stem cells or mesenchymal precursor cells.
12. The composition, method, or composition for use of claim 11, wherein said stem cells are mesenchymal precursor.
13. The composition, method, or composition for use of claim 11, wherein said stem cells are mesenchymal precursor.

13. The composition, method, or composition for use of claim 11, wherein said stem cells are mesenchymal precursor

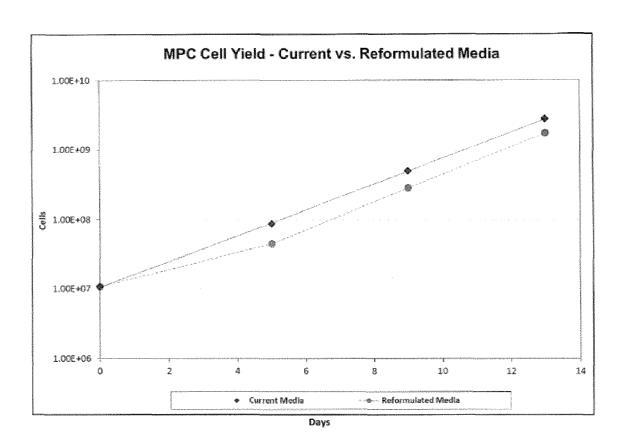


Figure 1

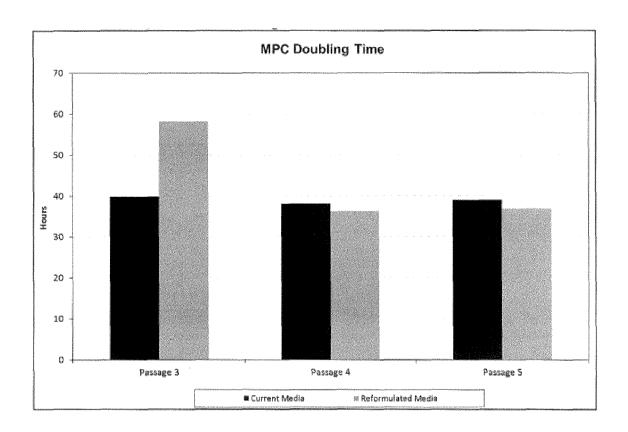


Figure 2

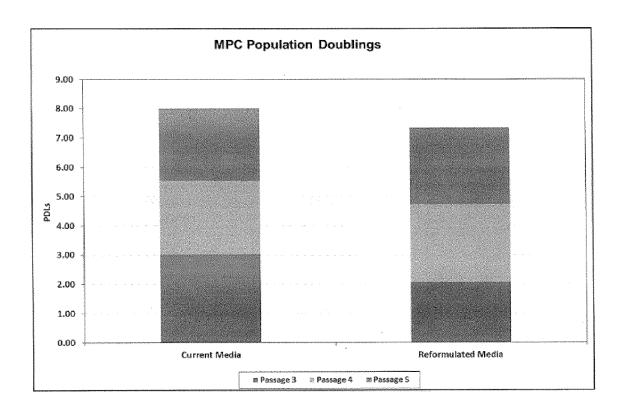


Figure 3



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 22 18 7396

5		
10		
15		
20		
25		
30		
35		
40		
45		

5

Category	Citation of document with it of relevant pass	ndication, where appropriate, ages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)
A	mesenchymal stromal EXPERIMENTAL HEMATO	CD146<+> multipotent cells", LOGY, ELSEVIER INC, US, august 2008 (2008-08-01) XP022940507, DI: 08.03.004	1-13	INV. C12N5/077
A	Protein Permeabilit	ells Restore Epithelial y in Cultured Human ells by Secretion of CAL CHEMISTRY, 0-08-20), pages 07663, 01: 9917	1-13	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)
A,P	human mesenchymal cinto adipogenic cel BMC CELL BIOLOGY, E GB, vol. 15, no. 1,	ein secretion during tell differentiation .ls", EIOMED CENTRAL, LONDON, 2014-12-20), page 46, DI:	1-13	
	The present search report has	been drawn up for all claims	_	
	Place of search	Date of completion of the search	<u> </u>	Examiner
	Munich	5 January 2023	Arn	mandola, Elena
X : part Y : part docu A : tech O : non	ATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS iccularly relevant if taken alone iccularly relevant if combined with anotument of the same category inological background written disclosure rmediate document	T : theory or principl E : earlier patent do- after the filling dat b: document cited i L : document cited fi	cument, but publ te n the application or other reasons	ished on, or

EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C01)

1

50

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Citation of document with indication, where appropriate,

CN 102 899 293 A (SHANGHAI PULMONARY

HOSPITAL) 30 January 2013 (2013-01-30)

D.S. BISCHOFF ET AL: "Angiogenic CXC

JOURNAL OF CELLULAR BIOCHEMISTRY,

1 January 2008 (2008-01-01), pages

differentiation of human mesenchymal stem cells towards the osteoblastic lineage",

ISSN: 0730-2312, DOI: 10.1002/jcb.21450

SHIRLEY H. J. MEI ET AL: "Prevention of

LPS-Induced Acute Lung Injury in Mice by Mesenchymal Stem Cells Overexpressing

of relevant passages

chemokine expression during

vol. 103, no. 3,

Angiopoietin 1", CIRCULATION RESEARCH,

812-824, XP055207432,



Category

A

A

Α

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 22 18 7396

CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)

Relevant

to claim

1-13

1-13

1-13

Ü		
10		
15		
20		
25		
30		
35		
40		
45		

50

55

The present search report has been drawn up for all claims Place of search Munich Place Munich Date of completion of the search S January 2023 Armandola, Eler	Р	Place of search	Date of completion of the search	Arr	
215-225, XP028597234, ISSN: 1873-5061, DOI: 10.1016/J.SCR.2011.01.004/ The present search report has been drawn up for all claims		<u> </u>	·		Examiner
215-225, XP028597234, ISSN: 1873-5061, DOI: 10.1016/J.SCR.2011.01.004	T	The present search report has been	drawn up for all claims		
ISSN: 0009-7330, DOI: 0009-7330(2006)098[1002:SCAASO]2.0.CO;2 OSKOWITZ ADAM ET AL: "Serum-deprived 1-13 human multipotent mesenchymal stromal cells (MSCs) are highly angiogenic", STEM CELL RESEARCH, ELSEVIER, NL, vol. 6, no. 3,	1: 0: 0: hr cr sr vr 3: 2: 1:	XP055207381, ISSN: 0009-7330, DOI: 0009-7330(2006)098[100 OSKOWITZ ADAM ET AL: human multipotent mese cells (MSCs) are highl STEM CELL RESEARCH, EL vol. 6, no. 3, 31 January 2011 (2011- 215-225, XP028597234, ISSN: 1873-5061, DOI:	22:SCAASO]2.0.CO;2 "Serum-deprived enchymal stromal y angiogenic", SEVIER, NL, -01-31), pages	1-13	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Citation of document with indication, where appropriate,

Expression of Angiopoietin-1 and Other Markers by Cultured Pericytes: Phenotypic Similarities to a Subpopulation of Cells in Maturing Vessels During Later Stages of

vol. 82, no. 4, 1 April 2002 (2002-04-01),

of relevant passages

Angiogenesis In Vivo", LABORATORY INVESTIGATION,

pages 387-401, XP055207434, ISSN: 0023-6837, DOI: 10.1038/labinvest.3780433

CHRISTIAN SUNDBERG ET AL: "Stable



Category

A

A

A

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 22 18 7396

CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)

Relevant

to claim

1-13

10	
15	
20	
25	
30	
35	
40	

45

50

55

1
(P04C01)
03.82
93

盃	A : technological backgri
ē	O : non-written disclosur
	P : intermediate docume
2	1 . Intormodiate docarrie
-	

A	angiopoietin-1 gene injury induced by 1 mice", THE JOURNAL OF PATH vol. 214, no. 4, 11 March 2008 (2008 XP055202756, ISSN: 0022-3417, DC CHAE J K ET AL: "C ANGIOPOIETIN-1 AND GROWTH FACTOR ENHAN VASCULARIZATION", ARTERIOSCLEROSIS, T	-03-11), pages 472-481, or: 10.1002/path.2302 COADMINISTRATION OF VASCULAR ENDOTHELIAL CES COLLATERAL CHROMBOSIS, AND VASCULAR WILLIAMS & WILKINS,	1-13	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)
	The present search report has	been drawn up for all claims Date of completion of the search		Examiner
	Munich	5 January 2023	Arm	andola, Elena
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X: particularly relevant if taken alone Y: particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A: technological background O: non-written disclosure P: intermediate document		E : earliér patent doc after the filing dat her D : document cited in L : document cited fo	nciple underlying the invention t document, but published on, or g date ted in the application	



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 22 18 7396

5		
10		
15		
20		
25		
30		
35		
40		
45		
50		

Category	Citation of document with inc			levant claim		CATION OF THE
	of relevant passa	ges	10	Cialili	ALLEGA	1014 (11 0)
A	CAO LE ET AL: "Expe	erimental repair o	f 1-1	3		
	segmental bone defec	ts in rabbits by				
	angiopoietin-1 gene	transfected MSCs				
	seeded on porous bet	a-TCP scaffolds",				
	JOURNAL OF BIOMEDICA	DICAL MATERIALS RESEARCH,				
	vol. 100B, no. 5, Ju	ly 2012 (2012-07)	,			
	pages 1229-1236, XPC	002743316,				
	SUN ET AL: "Mesench	-	1-1	3		
	modified with angior	-				
	remodeling in a rat					
	myocardial infarction					
	BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOF					
	COMMUNICATIONS, ACAD	DEMIC PRESS INC.				
	ORLANDO, FL, US,					
	vol. 357, no. 3, 27 April 2007 (2007-	-04-27\ 770	_704			
	XP022138311,	-/04,				
	ISSN: 0006-291X, DOI	•				
	10.1016/J.BBRC.2007.					
	10.1010, 0.2210.200.					AL FIELDS
	KIM H ET AL: "Dexam	ethasone increase	s 1-1	3	SEARCH	ED (IPC)
	angiopoietin-1 and quiescent hematopoietic					
	stem cells: A novel	mechanism of				
	dexamethasone-induce	ed hematoprotectio	n",			
	FEBS LETTERS, ELSEVI	ER, AMSTERDAM, NL	,			
	vol. 582, no. 23-24,					
	15 October 2008 (200					
	3509-3514, XP0256095	· ·				
	ISSN: 0014-5793, DOI					
	10.1016/J.FEBSLET.20					
	[retrieved on 2008-0	9-18]				
		-/				
	The present search report has be	een drawn up for all claims				
	Place of search	Date of completion of the	search		Examiner	
	Munich	5 January 2	023	Arm	andola,	Elena
С	ATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS		or principle under			
X: particularly relevant if taken alone Y: particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A: technological background O: non-written disclosure P: intermediate document			E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons			
		er D : docum				
		L : docume	ent cited for other	reasons		

EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C01)

55

1

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages



Category

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 22 18 7396

CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)

Relevant to claim

1	0	

5

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

Ē	00	
Š		

1 EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C01)

A	Corning Life Science Recommended Medium Cell Culture Vessel, 15 September 2008 (XP055207654, Retrieved from the URL:http://csmedia2 es/Media/pdf/cc_sur [retrieved on 2015-	Volumes for s", 2008-09-15) Internet: .corning.conface_areas.	Corning , pages 1-4, m/LifeScienc	1-13	
					TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)
	The present search report has	been drawn up for a	all claims		
	Place of search	Date of co	mpletion of the search		Examiner
	Munich	5 Ja:	nuary 2023		andola, Elena
X : pari Y : pari doc A : tech	ATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS ticularly relevant if taken alone ticularly relevant if combined with anol ument of the same category noological background 1-written disclosure	her	T: theory or principle E: earlier patent doc after the filing dat D: document cited ir L: document cited fo	ument, but publise the application r other reasons	shed on, or
P : intermediate document			document	patoni ianiny	, 55 50pontaing

ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 22 18 7396

5

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

05-01-2023

10	Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
	CN 102899293 A	30-01-2013	NONE	
15				
20				
25				
30				
35				
40				
45				
45				
50				
	459			
55	For more details about this annex : se	Official Inc. of the St.	D. 1. 10 (Fr. 1) 10 (Fr. 1)	
	■ For more details about this annex : se	ee Official Journal of the Eur	opean Patent Office, No. 12/82	

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

This list of references cited by the applicant is for the reader's convenience only. It does not form part of the European patent document. Even though great care has been taken in compiling the references, errors or omissions cannot be excluded and the EPO disclaims all liability in this regard.

Patent documents cited in the description

- WO 200485630 A [0084]
- US 5486359 A [0089]
- WO 9330679 A [0150]

- WO 2006108229 A [0186]
- AU 2014901247 [0208]

Non-patent literature cited in the description

- J. PERBAL. A Practical Guide to Molecular Cloning.
 John Wiley and Sons, 1984 [0062]
- J. SAMBROOK et al. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual. Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory Press, 1989 [0062]
- Essential Molecular Biology: A Practical Approach. IRL Press, 1991, vol. 1 and 2 [0062]
- Current Protocols in Molecular Biology. Greene Pub. Associates and Wiley-Interscience, 1988 [0062]
- Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual. Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory, 1988 [0062]
- Current Protocols in Immunology. John Wiley & Sons [0062]
- Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences. Mac Publishing Company, 1980 [0109]
- VACANTI et al. J. Ped. Surg., 1988, vol. 23, 3-9
 [0115]
- CIMA et al. Biotechnol. Bioeng., 1991, vol. 38, 145
 [0115]
- VACANTI et al. Plast. Reconstr. Surg., 1991, vol. 88, 753-9 [0115]
- **BONGSO et al.** Improved quality of human embryos when co-cultured with human ampullary cells. *Human Reprod.*, vol. 4 (6), 706-13 [0211]
- CHAE et al. Coadministration of angiopoietin-1 and vascular endothelial growth factor enhances collateral vascularization. Arterioscler. Thromb. Vasc. Biol., 2000, vol. 20, 2573-2578 [0211]
- EISENBERG; BADER. Establishment of the mesodermal cell line QCE-6. A model system for cardiac cell differentiation. *Circ Res.*, 1996, vol. 78 (2), 205-16 [0211]
- GNECCHI et al. Paracrine mechanisms in adult stem cell signalling and therapy. Circ Res., 2008, vol. 103 (11), 1204-1219 [0211]
- HUANG et al. Transplantation of Sendai Viral Angiopoietin-1-Modified Mesenchymal Stem Cells for Ischemic Heart Disease. Targets in Gene Therapy, 2011 [0211]

- GRONTHOS; SIMMONS. The growth factor requirements of STRO-1-positive human bone marrow derived stromal precursors under serum-deprived conditions in vitro. *Blood*, 1995, vol. 85, 929-940 [0211]
- GRONTHOS et al. Molecular and cellular characterisation of highly purified stromal stem cells derived from human bone marrow. *Journal of Cell Science*, 2003, vol. 116, 1827-1835 [0211]
- KANATSU-SHINOHARA et al. Long-term proliferation in culture and germline transmission of mouse male germline stem cells. *Biol. Reprod.*, 2003, vol. 69 (2), 612-616 [0211]
- KIM et al. ngiopoietin-1 reduces VEGF-stimulated leukocyte adhesion to endothelial cells by reducing ICAM-1, VCAM-1, and E-selectin expression. *Circ* Res., 2001, vol. 89 (6), 477-479 [0211]
- KIM et al. Angiopoietin-1 negatively regulates expression and activity of tissue factor in endothelial cells. FASEB J., 2001, vol. 16 (1), 126-128 [0211]
- LIJIE et al. Mesenchymal stem cells modified with angiopoietin-1 improve remodelling in a rat model of acute myocardial infarction. Biochem Biophys Res Commun., 2007, vol. 357 (3), 779-84 [0211]
- MATSUI et al. Derivation of pluripotential embryonic stem cells from murine primordial germ cells in culture. Cell, 1992, vol. 70 (5), 841-7 [0211]
- MUMMERY et al. Cardiomyocyte differentiation of mouse and human embryonic stem cells. *J Anat.*, 2002, vol. 200 (3), 233-242 [0211]
- PASSIER R et al. Increased cardiomyocyte differentiation from human embryonic stem cells in serum-free cultures. Stem Cells, 2005, vol. 23 (6), 772-80 [0211]
- RESNICK et al. Long-term proliferation of mouse primordial germ cells in culture. *Nature*, 1992, vol. 359 (6395), 550-551 [0211]
- REUBINOFF et al. Embryonic stem cell lines from human blastocysts: somatic differentiation in vitro. Nat Biotechnol., 2000, vol. 18 (4), 399-404 [0211]

- SHAMBLOTT et al. Derivation of pluripotent stem cells from cultured human primordial germ cells. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 1998, vol. 95 (23), 13726-31 [0211]
- SHINOHARA et al. Generation of pluripotent stem cells from neonatal mouse testis. Cell, 2004, vol. 119 (7), 1001-1012 [0211]
- STANNERS et al. Two Types of Ribosome in Mouse-Hamster Hybrid Cells. Nat New Biol., 1971, vol. 230, 52-54 [0211]
- TAKEBAYASHI et al. Experimental Medicine, 2008, vol. 26 (5), 41-46 [0211]
- THOMSON et al. Isolation of a primate embryonic stem cell line. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA*, 1995, vol. 92 (17), 7844-8 [0211]
- THOMSON et al. Pluripotent cell lines derived from common marmoset (Callithrix jacchus) blastocysts.
 Biol. Reprod., 1996, vol. 55 (254), 254-9 [0211]

- **THOMSON et al.** Embryonic stem cell lines derived from human blastocysts. *Science*, 1998, vol. 282, 1145-7 **[0211]**
- VACANTI et al. Synthetic polymers seeded with chondrocytes provide a template for new cartilage formation. *Plast. Reconstr. Surg.*, 1991, vol. 88, 753-9 [0211]
- YOSHIAKI et al. Human periodontal ligament fibroblasts are the optimal cell source for induced pluripotent stem cells. Histochemistry & Cell Biology, 2012, vol. 137 (6), 719-732 [0211]
- ZANNETTINO, A.C. et al. The Sialomucin CD164 (MGC-24v) Is an Adhesive Glycoprotein Expressed by Human Hematopoietic Progenitors and Bone Marrow Stromal Cells That Serves as a Potent Negative Regulator of Hematopoiesis. *Blood*, 1998, vol. 92, 2613-2628 [0211]