

(11) EP 4 201 253 A1

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication: 28.06.2023 Bulletin 2023/26

(21) Application number: 21075019.6

(22) Date of filing: 21.12.2021

(51) International Patent Classification (IPC):

A46B 3/14 (2006.01)

A46D 1/00 (2006.01)

(52) Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC): A46B 3/14; A46B 13/008; A46D 1/023; A46B 2200/3066; A46B 2200/3093

(84) Designated Contracting States:

AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR

Designated Extension States:

BAME

Designated Validation States:

KH MA MD TN

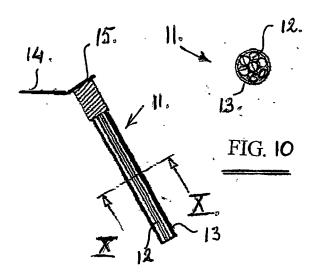
(71) Applicant: Koti Onroerend Goed b.v. 6003 DG Weert (NL)

(72) Inventor: Koti Onroerend Goed b.v. 6003 DG Weert (NL)

(54) DISH BRUSHES WITH NOISE REDUCING SWEEPING ELEMENTS

(57) Dish brushes (1, 10) with noise reducing first and/or second sweeping elements (2, 11) with solid plastic coverings (9, 13). For reasons of removing dirt and weeds, there are two embodiments of dish brushes (1, 10) with environmentally much needed noise reducing

characteristics. The invention represents a safe and economic solution for the existing sweeping dish brushed under sweeping machines. So, a more efficient environmentally friendly sweeping of pavements is made possible.



EP 4 201 253 A1

Description

[0001] The present invention concerns dish brushes with a raised contour brim under angle ϕ noise reducing first and/or second sweeping elements which dish brush is mounted under a sweeping machine for removing dirt and/or weeds from the surface of all kind of pavements such as cobblestones, concrete paving stones or tiles (i.e. all pavements with joints), wherein said first sweeping elements are built up of bending strength threads or as small strips of all kinds of materials to remove dirt or litter from said pavement and said second sweeping elements are built-up from steel cable plugs, wherein said first and second sweeping elements are mostly covered with a plastic material.

1

Background of the invention.

[0002] The state-of-the-art shows EP 19075004, filed 01-03-2019; titled: "Dish Brush for Sweeping Machines", published as EP 3560378, dated 30-10-2019, applicant KOTI Onroerend Goed B.V., Celsiusstraat 18, NL-6003 DG WEERT; inventor Michel, Jozef, Rene, Lambert Huybreckx. EPO unitarian patent is asked for. This European Patent Application is based on NL 1042842, filed 25-04-2018, with the same applicant and inventor. There is also an US patent application based on the same Dutch patent application and published as US 10,813,443; dated 27-10-2020. Mentioned patent application concerns a dish brush for mounting at a rotating vertical driving axle under a conventional sweeping machine for brushing, sweeping or cleaning paved surfaces, wherein the dish brush is built-up of a circular plate with a raised contour edge or rim, wherein at this bottom side sweeping elements are fixed at mutual equally tangential distances. First sweeping elements are flat sweeping elements consisting of a layer or bundle of metal strips. Between said bare (uncovered) flat bundle of metal (steel) strips, steel cable plugs are fixed.

[0003] In practice, the use of bundles bare (uncovered) steel strips and steel cable plugs produces a loud noise during the sweeping activities, but at that time a usable plastic covering had not been developed. In environmental situations such a loud and high-pitched noise rate during sweeping activities is not always permitted.

[0004] Nowadays, this is a serious drawback. The welding procedure which is partly robotically and partly normal welding of this dish brush is also a drawback.

[0005] Furthermore, after search a PCT/NL2009/050509 is found, published as WO2010/024670, priority dated 26-08-2008, international filing date 24-08-2009, titled: "Brush Element for Use in a Brush of a Brushing Machine"; inventor and applicant: Clemens, Johannes, Franciscus, Maria Jorissen in Oosterhout, the Netherlands.

[0006] This brush element for use in a brush of a sweeping machine comprises a piece of a steel wire cable, a surrounding layer, which binds said wires and is

made of a plastic material and a tear inhibitor within said layer, which allows substantial tearing of the layer in accordance with the tear of the inside steel wire cable.

[0007] Furthermore, said layer is a plastic material comprising potato starch, biodegradable polyesters etc. Said plastic surrounding layer has some annular thickened portions of the plastic material to prevent tearing and further damaging of said layer.

[0008] In practice, it appears that described layer does not protect the steel wire cable plug during sweeping and so tears off and there is no such thing as a so-called biodegradable layer and all positive effects of this invention have gone.

[0009] Therefore, mentioned solution of this costly protecting layer has serious drawbacks. Moreover, this invention is only a dish brush with steel cable plugs destined for weed removing and not usable for normal sweeping activities.

Object of the invention.

[0010] Therefore, the aim of our invention is to overcome mentioned drawbacks in order to provide a dish brush for sweeping activities and a combi dish brush for sweeping activities in combination with removing weeds from pavements. Our dish brushes also have strong sweeping and noise reduction characteristics. This effect is urgently needed in municipal or urban circumstances.

Summary of the invention.

[0011] The dish brush with noise reducing sweeping elements according to the invention is characterised in that said first sweeping elements are executed as a flat holder, which is folded over 180 degrees into a double squeezed U-form, with two parallel sets in a row with two threads thin highly-graded twisted steel wire covered with a so called plastic material one with a casing thickness t and a working length L and in which said second sweeping elements are executed as usual steel cable plugs also with length L with a so called plastic covering material two with thickness r, wherein said first sweeping elements are fixed under an angle φ at the raised brim and under an angle α of the centre in a first embodiment of said dish brush and under an angle $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ of the centre in which said first sweeping elements can be replaced by said second sweeping elements to form a so-called combi dish brush, wherein angle β is p times angle α .

[0012] The advantage is to create an uncomplicated dish brush, which can easily be transformed from a normal sweeping brush with first sweeping elements for only removing dirt from paved surfaces into a combi sweeping brush with first and second sweeping elements for removing dirt and weeds in one go from said paved surfaces. All these activities are executed with strongly reduced noise values.

[0013] Furthermore, the dish brush according to the invention is developed in such a way, characterised in

40

50

5

15

that said plastic material one is a rubber and said plastic material two is a polyethylene, in which said rubber is an SBR-rubber filled with a percentage X of carbon black and in which said percentage X carbon black is between 20% and 40%, preferably 25%.

[0014] The advantages are that during sweeping activities the covering with plastic materials of the first and second sweeping elements are wearing without tearing, which can be seen when executing a test in practice.

[0015] Then the dish brush according to the invention is further developed in such a way, characterised in that said thickness t is between 0,4 mm and 1,2 mm, preferably 0,8 mm, in which said thickness r is between 1 mm and 2 mm, preferably 1,5 mm.

[0016] The advantages are an economical and environmental execution of the first and second sweeping elements

[0017] Furthermore, the dish brush according to the invention is further developed in a technical way, characterised in that said dish brush is executed only with said first sweeping elements and welded or robotically welded from the top side of the raised contour brim in which said combi dish brush is executed with said first and second sweeping elements and welded or robotically welded from the top side of the raised contour brim, wherein said p is between 2 and 10, in this case preferably 5

[0018] The advantages are, that a robotically welding of the first and second sweeping elements are possible in a very economic way for a normal dish brush, using only the first sweeping element for removing dirt and using a combi dish brush for removing dirt and weeds from paved surfaces.

Brief description of the drawing.

[0019] A preferred first and second embodiment of the present invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawing, in which:

- figure 1 shows a view in oblique projection of an embodiment of the dish brush with only first sweeping elements according to the invention;
- figure 2 shows a front view of the first sweeping elements, indicated with II in figure 1, according to the invention;
- figure 3 shows a side view over the line III-III in figure 2 \cdot
- figure 4 shows a cross-section over the line IV-IV of figure 3;
- figure 5 shows a view in oblique projection of an embodiment of the so-called combi dish brush with first and second sweeping elements according to the invention:
- figure 6 shows a top view over the line VI-VI of figure 5:
- figure 7 shows a side view of the first sweeping element in a mounted (welded) position to the circular

raised brim of the circular plate for mounting under a usual sweeping machine, over the line VII of figure 6, according to the invention;

figure 8 shows a side view of the second sweeping element also in a mounted (welded) position to the circular raised brim of the circular plate for mounting under a usual sweeping machine, according to the invention:

figure 9 shows a cross-section over the line IX-IX in figure 7; and

figure 10 shows a cross-section over the line X-X in figure 8.

Detailed description.

[0020] Figure 1 represents a view in oblique projection of an embodiment of the dish brush 1 with only first sweeping elements 2 according to the invention. The circular plate 3 of the dish brush 1 has a raised contour brim 4 under an angle ϕ (see figure 7). The circular plate 3 is mounted under a vertical sucking tube of a sweeping machine (not shown). The first sweeping elements 2 are situated at angles α of the centre of the circular plate 3. [0021] Figure 2 shows a front view of mentioned first sweeping elements 2. The first sweeping elements 2 are formed as a flat holder 5, which is folded over 180 degrees to a double squeezed U-form. So, there are two parallel sets 6, 7 with six in a row with two threads thin highlygraded twisted steel wire. The covering material one 9 is a rubber with a percentage X of black carbon (see also figures 7 and 9).

[0022] Figure 3 shows a side view over the line III-III of figure 2. Same parts always have the same numbers.
[0023] Figure 4 shows a cross-section over the line IV-IV of figure 3. The sets 6, 7 of the first sweeping elements 2 are a set of two threads 8 with a rubber covering 9.
Usually, set 6, 7 has six sweeping elements 2.

[0024] Figure 5 shows a view in oblique projection of an embodiment of the so-called combi dish brush 10 with first and second sweeping elements 2 and 11. The second sweeping elements 11 are steel cable plugs 12 with a polyethylene cover 13 (see also figures 8 and 10). For the welding procedure, the circular plate 13 has also the same raised contour brim 15 with two different openings 16, 17 adapted to the steel head covers of the first and second sweeping elements 2, 11. Now, a robotic welding procedure is possible (not shown).

[0025] Figure 6 shows a top view over the line VI-VI of figure 5. The same parts have the same numbers.

[0026] Figure 7 shows a side view of the first sweeping element 2, which has already been described and has the same numbers.

[0027] Figure 9 shows the sweeping elements 6, 7 more in detail.

[0028] Figure 8 also shows a side view of the second sweeping element 11, which has already been described in more detail. The covers 9 and 13 greatly reduce the noise during sweeping activities.

40

5

10

[0029] Figure 10 shows a cross-section over the line X-X of figure 8. The same elements have the same numbers.

[0030] However, it is obvious that more modifications and/or additions to the afore mentioned dish brushed can be made, but these shall remain within the field and scope of the invention.

Claims

- 1. Dish brush with a raised contour brim under angle φ with noise reducing first and/or second sweeping elements which dish brush is mounted under a sweeping machine for removing dirt and/or weeds from the surface of all kind of pavements such as cobblestones, concrete paving blocks or tiles (usually all pavements with joints), wherein said first sweeping elements are built-up of bending strength threads or as small strips of all kinds of materials to remove dirt or litter from said pavement and said second sweeping elements are built-up from steel cable plugs, wherein said first and second sweeping elements are mostly covered with a plastic material, characterised in that said first sweeping elements (2) are executed as a flat holder (5), which is folded over 180 degrees into a double squeezed U-from, with two parallel sets in a row with two threads thin highlygraded twisted steel wire (8) covered with a so called plastic material one (9) with a casing thickness t and a working length L and in which said second sweeping elements (11) are executed as usual steel cable plugs (12) also with length L with a so called plastic covering material two (13) with thickness r, wherein said first sweeping elements (2) are fixed under an angle ϕ at the raised brim (4) and under an angle α of the centre in a first embodiment of said dish brush (1) and under an angle β of the centre in which said first sweeping elements (2) can be replaced by said second sweeping elements (11) to form a so called combi dish brush (10), wherein angle β is p times angle a.
- 2. Dish brush as in claim 1, wherein said plastic material one (9) is a rubber and said plastic material two (13) is a polyethylene.
- Dish brush as in claim 2, wherein said rubber is an SBR-rubber filled with a percentage X of carbon black.
- Dish brush as in claim 3, wherein said percentage X carbon black is between 20% and 40%, preferably 25%.
- **5.** Dish brush as in claim 1, **wherein** said thickness t is between 0,4 mm and 1,2 mm, preferably 0,8 mm.

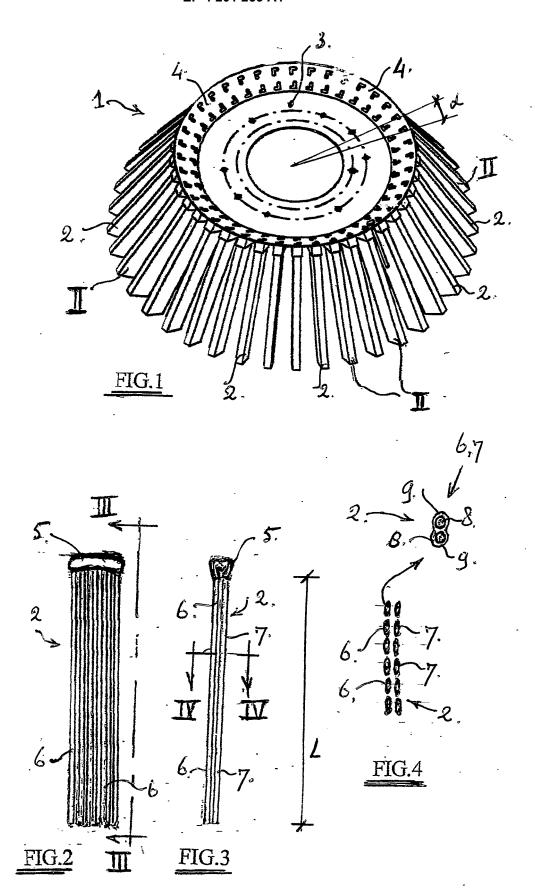
- **6.** Dish brush as in claim 1, **wherein** said thickness r is between 1 mm and 2 mm, preferably 1,5 mm.
- Dish brush as in claim 1, wherein said dish brush (1) is executed only with said first sweeping elements
 and welded or robotically welded from the top side of the raised contour brim (4, 15).
- 8. Dish brush as in claim 1, wherein said combi dish brush (10) is executed with said first and second sweeping elements (2, 11) and welded or robotically welded from the top side of the raised contour brim (15), wherein said p is between 2 and 10, preferably 5 in this case.

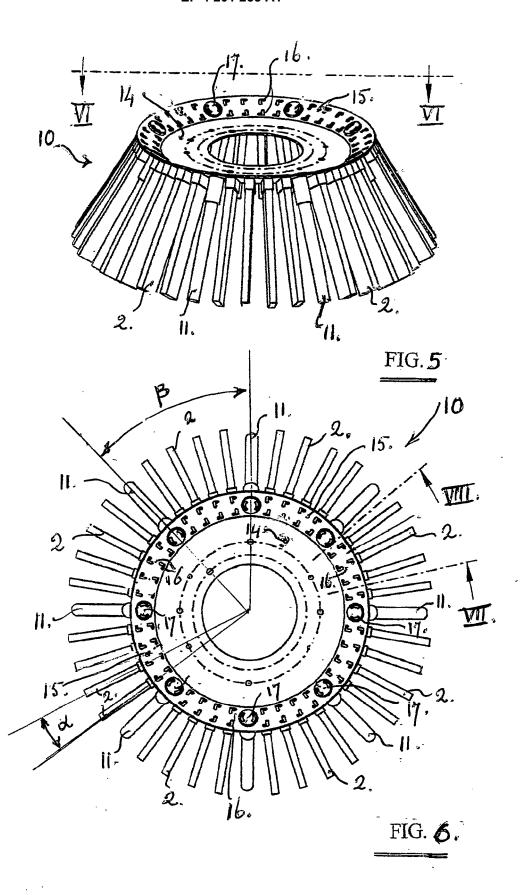
40

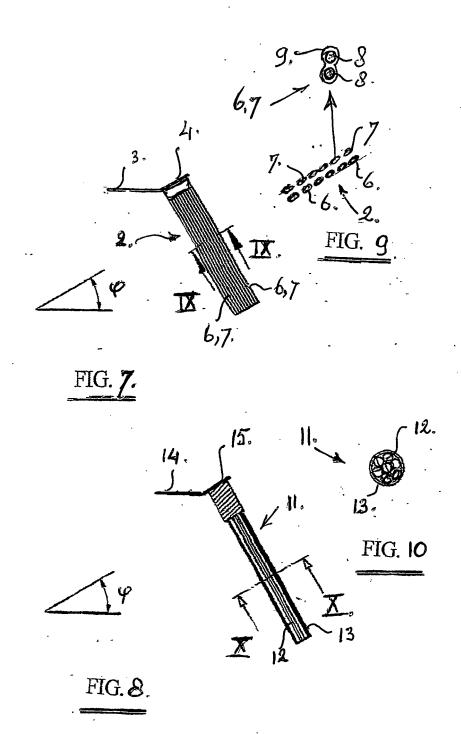
45

50

55









EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 21 07 5019

1	0		

	DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED			
Category	Citation of document with indicatio of relevant passages	n, where appropriate,	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)
A,D	EP 3 560 378 A1 (KOTI O [NL]) 30 October 2019 (* the whole document *		1-8	INV. A46B3/14 A46B13/00 A46D1/00
A,D	WO 2010/024670 A1 (JORI JOHANNES FRANCISCUS MAR 4 March 2010 (2010-03-0 * the whole document *	IA [NL])	1-8	
A	US 4 356 587 A (HOLDING 2 November 1982 (1982-1 * the whole document *	•	1-8	
A	CH 182 003 A (HELDT FRI 31 January 1936 (1936-0 * the whole document *		1-8	
A	EP 1 623 652 A1 (KOTI O [NL]) 8 February 2006 (* the whole document *		1-8	
A	EP 1 356 750 A1 (VR CON	 STRUCT BV MET	1-8	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)
	BEPERKTE A [BE]) 29 October 2003 (2003-1	0.201		A46B A46D
	* the whole document *	0-29)		A46D A61D
	The present search report has been de	rawn up for all claims Date of completion of the search	_	Examiner
Munich		8 June 2022	· ·	
X : part Y : part doci	ATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS icularly relevant if taken alone icularly relevant if combined with another ument of the same category inological background	T : theory or principle E : earlier patent dor after the filing dat D : document cited in L : document cited for	cument, but publi te n the application or other reasons	shed on, or

EP 4 201 253 A1

ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 21 07 5019

5

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

08-06-2022

10			Patent document ed in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)		Publication date
		EP	3560378	A 1	30-10-2019	EP US	3560378 2019328124	A1	30-10-2019 31-10-2019
15		WO	2010024670	A1	04-03-2010	EP	2330942		15-06-2011
						NL	1035872	С	16-03-2010
						NL	2004259	C2	02-11-2010
						WO	2010024670	A1	04-03-2010
20		US	4356587	A	02-11-1982	AT	11728		15-02-1985
						CA	1153514		13-09-1983
						EP	0023844		11-02-1981
						GB	2055565		11-03-1981
						JP	S5666204		04-06-1981
25						JP	S6359683		21-11-1988
						SG	34785		15-11-1985
						US 	4356587 		02-11-1982
		CH	182003	A	31-01-1936	NONE			
30		EP	1623652	A1	08-02-2006	NONE			
		EP	1356750	A1	29-10-2003	AT	418891	T	15-01-2009
						BE	1014801	A 3	06-04-2004
						DK	1356750	т3	11-05-2009
35						EP 	1356750	A1 	29-10-2003
40									
40									
45									
50									
	FORM P0459								
55	요								

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82

EP 4 201 253 A1

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

This list of references cited by the applicant is for the reader's convenience only. It does not form part of the European patent document. Even though great care has been taken in compiling the references, errors or omissions cannot be excluded and the EPO disclaims all liability in this regard.

Patent documents cited in the description

- EP 19075004 A [0002]
- EP 3560378 A, Michel, Jozef, Rene, Lambert Huybreckx [0002]
- NL 1042842 **[0002]**

- US 10813443 B [0002]
- NL 2009050509 W [0005]
- WO 2010024670 A [0005]