# (11) **EP 4 349 700 A1**

(12)

## **EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

(43) Date of publication: 10.04.2024 Bulletin 2024/15

(21) Application number: 23201724.4

(22) Date of filing: 05.10.2023

(51) International Patent Classification (IPC): **B62J 45/00** (2020.01) **F16H 61/32** (2006.01)

B62M 7/02 (2006.01)

B62M 7/02 (2006.01)

(52) Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC): B62M 25/08; F16H 61/32; B62J 11/19; B62K 11/04; B62M 7/02

(84) Designated Contracting States:

AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC ME MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR

**Designated Extension States:** 

BΑ

Designated Validation States:

KH MA MD TN

(30) Priority: **05.10.2022 JP 2022160676 02.06.2023 JP 2023091610** 

(71) Applicant: Yamaha Hatsudoki Kabushiki Kaisha Iwata-shi, Shizuoka 438-8501 (JP)

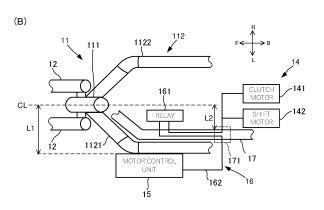
(72) Inventor: OISHI, Nobuaki Iwata-shi, Shizuoka, 438-8501 (JP)

(74) Representative: Stöckeler, Ferdinand et al Schoppe, Zimmermann, Stöckeler Zinkler, Schenk & Partner mbB Patentanwälte Radlkoferstrasse 2 81373 München (DE)

## (54) STRADDLED VEHICLE

A straddled vehicle 1 can have a motor control unit with precautions against heat, the straddled vehicle being capable of shortening an electric cable connected to the motor control unit while achieving effective use of a space. The straddled vehicle 1 includes an actuator mechanism 14 including a clutch motor and/or a shift motor, a motor control unit 15, an electric cable, and a main harness. The motor control unit 15 is attached to a frame holding the main harness, such that a distance from a left-right center line to the motor control unit 15 is longer than a distance from the left-right center line to a motor control unit branch portion, and such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in a backward direction than a front fork 12 and further in a forward direction than the clutch motor and/or the shift motor.

FIG. 1



20

40

45

#### Description

Technical Field

[0001] The present invention relates to a straddled vehicle.

**Background Art** 

[0002] Known as a straddled vehicle as typified by a motorcycle is a straddled vehicle equipped with a motor control unit for controlling various motors. A straddled vehicle equipped with a motor control unit is disclosed in Patent Literature 1 (hereinafter, referred to as PTL 1), for example. In the straddled vehicle according to PTL 1, the motor control unit electronically controls a transmission. To be specific, the motor control unit receives a shift detection signal, which is sent in response to a manipulation on a shift lever. The motor control unit controls a clutch actuator and a shift actuator based on the received shift detection signal, to change the gear of the transmission.

Citation List

Patent Literature

**[0003]** PTL 1: Japanese Patent Application Laid-Open No.2015-077887

Summary of Invention

Technical Problem

**[0004]** A motor control unit, which includes electronic parts, is desirably disposed in a place that is less likely to receive a thermal influence. For example, it is desirable to avoid arranging the motor control unit in a place such as an immediate vicinity of an engine. In the straddled vehicle according to PTL 1, the motor control unit is disposed under a seat, and is distant from an engine, which is disposed more forward than the seat. Therefore, the motor control unit is less likely to receive a thermal influence.

**[0005]** Here, the transmission is disposed adjacent to the engine, and therefore the clutch actuator and the shift actuator are inevitably disposed near the engine. If the motor control unit is disposed far from the engine and the transmission, an electric cable that connects the motor control unit to the clutch actuator and the shift actuator has to be long. The longer the electric cable is, the higher the cost and weight are.

**[0006]** In a straddled vehicle, a region under a seat is used as a space for accommodating miscellaneous articles, or used as a space where onboard equipment (such as onboard equipment for an ETC system) to be manipulated by a user is disposed. Thus, it is desirable that as wide a space as possible is provided under the seat.

[0007] The present invention aims to provide a strad-

dled vehicle that can have a motor control unit with precautions against heat, the straddled vehicle being capable of shortening an electric cable connected to the motor control unit while achieving effective use of a space.

Solution to Problem

[0008] The inventor of the present invention examined precautions against heat of a motor control unit. The inventor of the present invention considered that if the motor control unit can be cooled appropriately, it is not necessary to arrange the motor control unit sufficiently far from an engine, unlike the straddled vehicle of PTL 1 for example. Use of a running airflow is one conceivable means for cooling the motor control unit. In order that the motor control unit can receive a running airflow, the motor control unit needs to be disposed in a front portion of a straddled vehicle. In the front portion of the straddled vehicle, however, a headlight, a front cover, a front fork, and the like are arranged in and around the center with respect to the vehicle width direction. If the motor control unit is disposed right behind these parts, a running airflow is less likely to hit the motor control unit.

**[0009]** The inventor of the present invention conducted studies about shortening of an electric cable that is connected to the motor control unit. The motor control unit is connected to a clutch motor and/or a shift motor by the electric cable. The motor control unit controls the clutch motor and the like based on an input from a shift operator, for example. The length of the electric cable depends on the distance between the motor control unit and a connection destination of the motor control unit.

[0010] In addition, the electric cable connected to the motor control unit is bundled into a main harness for the purpose of improving the ease of assembly. The electric cable, which is bundled in the main harness, branches from the main harness at a location near the motor control unit, and is connected to the motor control unit. In general, the main harness is fixed to a frame. The frame supports a member that is disposed at the center with respect to the vehicle width direction, examples of the member including an engine, a fuel tank, and the like. In many cases, therefore, the frame is divided to the left and right from a head tube before extending to the back. The main harness is fixed to this frame, and consequently is arranged at a position shifted to the left or right with respect to the vehicle width direction. If the motor control unit is disposed at the center with respect to the vehicle width direction, the distance between the main harness and the motor control unit is large, which results in a long interval from a portion of the electric cable branching from the main harness to the motor control unit.

**[0011]** The inventor of the present invention contemplated effective use of a space. In a straddled vehicle, a crankshaft and a transmission are generally accommodated in a crank case. Examples of the transmission mounted to the straddled vehicle include a multi-stage transmission and a continuously variable transmission.

The multi-stage transmission is more complicated in structure than the continuously variable transmission. Therefore, it is likely that a straddled vehicle including a multi-stage transmission has a crank case larger than that of a straddled vehicle including a continuously variable transmission. Disposed on the crank case are, for example, a starter motor, a chain tensioner, a thermostat of a cooling system, a throttle valve, and the like. Thus, in the straddled vehicle, various components are disposed in spite of a narrow vehicle width, which results in a limited baggage accommodation space. This is conspicuous especially in a straddled vehicle including a multi-stage transmission.

3

**[0012]** As described above, the inventor of the present invention examined arrangement of the motor control unit that can achieve all of the precautions against heat, the shortening of the electric cable connected to the motor control unit, and the effective use of a space. As a consequence, the inventor of the present invention conceived of the invention of the present application, which will be described below.

(1) A straddled vehicle of the present invention includes a vehicle body including a head tube and a frame, the frame extending backward from the head tube in a top view, the frame being disposed so as to be shifted in the left-right direction from a left-right center line, the left-right center line extending in the forward-backward direction while passing through the head tube; a front fork supported by the head tube; a multi-stage transmission including plural gears; an actuator mechanism for changing a gear of the multi-stage transmission, the actuator mechanism including a clutch motor and/or a shift motor, the clutch motor being disposed further in the backward direction than the head tube, the shift motor being disposed further in the backward direction than the head tube; a motor control unit for controlling the clutch motor and/or the shift motor; an electric cable connecting the motor control unit to the clutch motor and/or the shift motor; and a main harness bundling an intermediate section of the electric cable together with another electric cable. The motor control unit is attached to the frame, which holds the main harness, such that: a distance in the left-right direction from the left-right center line to the motor control unit is longer than a distance in the left-right direction from the left-right center line to a motor control unit branch portion, the motor control unit branch portion being a portion where an end portion of the electric cable connected to the motor control unit branches from the main harness; and at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the backward direction than the front fork and further in the forward direction than the clutch motor and/or the shift motor.

[0013] In the foregoing straddled vehicle, the motor control unit is shifted to the left or right relative to the

center in the left-right direction, and is disposed further in an outward direction in the left-right direction than the motor control unit branch portion where the electric cable branches from the main harness. Examples of such a configuration include a configuration in which the main harness is attached inward of the frame while the motor control unit is attached outward of the frame. This configuration makes the motor control unit likely to receive a running airflow.

[0014] The motor control unit is attached to the frame, which holds the main harness, and is disposed at a position close to the main harness. The motor control unit is disposed between the front fork and the clutch motor (and/or the shift motor) in the forward-backward direction. Therefore, for example, providing the shift operator connected to the motor control unit to a steering handle shortens both the distance in the forward-backward direction between the motor control unit and the shift operator, which is a connection destination of the motor control unit, and the distance in the forward-backward direction between the motor control unit and the clutch motor (and/or the shift motor), which is a connection destination of the motor control unit. Such a configuration shortens the length of the electric cable connected to the motor control unit.

**[0015]** Furthermore, in the foregoing configuration, the motor control unit is not disposed in, for example, a space under a seat, or the like. This can minimize an influence that the motor control unit has on the size of an accommodation space.

**[0016]** Accordingly, the foregoing straddled vehicle can have the motor control unit with precautions against heat, and can shorten the electric cable connected to the motor control unit while achieving effective use of a space.

**[0017]** (2) The straddled vehicle according to (1) above may further include a steering handle supported by the head tube, and a shift operator capable of changing a gear of the multi-stage transmission, the shift operator being provided to the steering handle. The motor control unit may be attached to the frame, which holds the main harness, such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in a downward direction than the shift operator and further in an upward direction than the clutch motor and/or the shift motor.

the motor control unit is disposed between the shift operator and the clutch motor (and/or the shift motor) in an up-down direction. This shortens both the distance in the up-down direction between the motor control unit and the shift operator, which is a connection destination of the motor control unit, and the distance in the up-down direction between the motor control unit and the clutch motor (and/or the shift motor), which is a connection destination of the motor control unit. Thus, not only the length of the electric cable in the forward-backward direction but also the length thereof in the up-down direction is shortened. Accordingly, this straddled vehicle can have

35

the motor control unit with precautions against heat, and can further shorten the electric cable connected to the motor control unit while achieving effective use of a space.

[0019] (3) The straddled vehicle according to (1) or (2) above may include two front forks supported by the head tube, the two front forks being disposed to the left and right relative to the left-right center line. The motor control unit may be attached to the frame, which holds the main harness, such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the outward direction than an outer edge of either one of the two front forks in the left-right direction while the straddled vehicle is in an upright and non-steered state.

**[0020]** In the straddled vehicle according to (3) above, at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in a leftward direction than a left front fork or further in a rightward direction than a right front fork. This makes the motor control unit likely to receive a running airflow. Accordingly, this straddled vehicle can have the motor control unit with further improved precautions against heat, and also can shorten the electric cable connected to the motor control unit while achieving effective use of a space.

[0021] (4) The straddled vehicle according to any of (1) to (3) above may further include a seat on which a driver of the straddled vehicle sits, the seat being attached to the vehicle body. The motor control unit may be attached to the frame, which holds the main harness, such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the backward direction than the front fork and further in the forward direction than the clutch motor and/or the shift motor, the clutch motor being disposed further in the forward direction than the seat, the shift motor being disposed further in the forward direction than the seat.

[0022] A portion of the seat of the straddled vehicle near its front end has a narrowed width in the left-right direction, and is constricted. The main harness bundles electric cables connected to a rear indicator, a taillight, and the like, for example. Thus, the main harness runs from a vehicle front portion, passes through a constricted portion, and reaches a vehicle rear portion. In the straddled vehicle according to (4) above, the clutch motor (and/or the shift motor) is disposed further in the forward direction than the seat, and therefore the electric cable connected to the motor control unit does not pass through the constricted portion. The main harness, which passes through the constricted portion, can be thinned, so that a larger accommodation space can be obtained under the seat. Accordingly, this straddled vehicle can have the motor control unit with precautions against heat, and can shorten the electric cable connected to the motor control unit while achieving more effective use of a space.

**[0023]** (5) In the straddled vehicle according to any of (1) to (4) above, the motor control unit may be attached to the frame, which holds the main harness, such that a length of the electric cable from the motor control unit

branch portion to the motor control unit is shorter than a length of the electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion to the clutch motor and/or the shift motor. [0024] In the straddled vehicle according to (5) above, the distance between the motor control unit and the motor control unit branch portion is short, and consequently the motor control unit is disposed near the main harness. Thus, a section of the electric cable from an end portion of the electric cable, that is, the motor control unit branch portion, to the motor control unit is short. Accordingly, this straddled vehicle can have the motor control unit with precautions against heat, and can further shorten the electric cable connected to the motor control unit while achieving effective use of a space.

15 [0025] (6) In the straddled vehicle according to any of (1) to (5) above, the motor control unit may be attached to the frame, which holds the main harness, such that the motor control unit is entirely shifted to the left or right relative to the left-right center line in the left-right direction of the straddled vehicle.

**[0026]** In the straddled vehicle according to (6) above, the motor control unit is disposed so as to be entirely shifted to the left or right relative to the center in the left-right direction. Accordingly, this straddled vehicle can have the motor control unit with further improved precautions against heat, and also can shorten the electric cable connected to the motor control unit while achieving effective use of a space.

**[0027]** (7) In the straddled vehicle according to any of (1) to (6) above, the motor control unit may be attached to the frame, which holds the main harness, such that an area of the motor control unit in a side view of the straddled vehicle is larger than areas of the motor control unit in front and top views of the straddled vehicle.

[0028] In the straddled vehicle, various components such as an engine, a drive system, and the like, are disposed between the front fork and the clutch motor (and/or the shift motor). There is a demand for downsizing of the straddled vehicle, on the other hand. If, for example, the motor control unit is disposed with its largest surface facing in the up-down direction, the motor control unit largely protrudes from the frame. In this respect, the straddled vehicle according to (7) above has the motor control unit disposed in such a manner as to restrain the protrusion from the frame. Accordingly, this straddled vehicle can exert an effect of suppressing a size increase of the straddled vehicle in addition to the above-described effects. [0029] (8) In the straddled vehicle according to any of (1) to (7) above, the frame may include a left frame and a right frame, the left frame being disposed to the left relative to the left-right center line, the right frame being disposed to the right relative to the left-right center line. The motor control unit may be attached to the left frame, which holds the main harness, such that: a distance in the left-right direction from the left-right center line to the motor control unit is longer than a distance in the leftright direction from the left-right center line to the motor

control unit branch portion; and at least a part of the motor

40

control unit is positioned further in the backward direction than the front fork and further in the forward direction than the clutch motor and/or the shift motor.

**[0030]** Generally, in a straddled vehicle, a brake lever and a pedal are provided in a right portion of the vehicle. Therefore, it is desirable that a hydraulic power unit for controlling a brake pressure is also provided in the right portion of the vehicle. In the straddled vehicle according to (8) above, the motor control unit is provided in a left portion of the vehicle. This consequently makes it possible that a space for arrangement of a hydraulic power unit is provided in a right portion of the vehicle. Accordingly, this straddled vehicle can exert an effect of making a brake system compact in addition to the above-described effects.

**[0031]** Explanations of configurations, terms, and the like, of the present invention will be given below.

[0032] The "straddled vehicle" is transport equipment, for example. The straddled vehicle is a vehicle driven by a human, for example. The straddled vehicle is a vehicle of a type in which a driver sits straddling a seat, for example. In the straddled vehicle, for example, the sitting driver has his/her left leg positioned to the left relative to the center in the left-right direction of the straddled vehicle, and his/her right leg positioned to the right relative to the center in the left-right direction of the straddled vehicle. The straddled vehicle is a motorcycle, for example. The straddled vehicle is not limited to the motorcycle, and may be a motor tricycle, for example. The straddled vehicle has two or three wheels, for example. The straddled vehicle has at least one front wheel and at least one rear wheel, for example. The type of the straddled vehicle is not particularly limited, and examples thereof include a moped type, an off-road type, and an on-road type. The straddled vehicle may have a cabin. The straddled vehicle is an engine vehicle that travels only with power generated by an engine, for example. The straddled vehicle may be a hybrid vehicle equipped with an engine and an electric motor, for example. The straddled vehicle may be an electric vehicle that travels only with power generated by an electric motor, for example.

[0033] The "frame" constitutes a framework of the straddled vehicle, for example. The frame is made of a metal-made pipe, for example. The frame includes at least the head tube and the main frame, for example. The main frame extends in the forward-backward direction of the straddled vehicle in a top view, for example. The main frame may extend obliquely or may be curved in the left-right direction, in the forward-backward direction, and in the up-down direction, respectively, for example. It is just required that, for example, the main frame entirely extends in the forward-backward direction in a top view. The main frame, for example, bifurcates left and right relative to the left-right center line in a top view, and extends backward. The left-right center line passes through the center of the upper end of the head tube in a top view, for example. The main frame supports a power source storage part, for example. The power source storage part is a fuel tank or a battery, for example.

**[0034]** The frame may include a down frame, which is disposed further in the downward direction than the main frame, for example. The down frame bifurcates left and right relative to the left-right center line in a top view, for example. The down frame extends backward and obliquely downward from the head tube, for example. The down frame includes an engine support portion for supporting the engine, for example.

**[0035]** The frame may include a support frame, which connects the main frame to the down frame, for example. The support frame is connected to the main frame at a location further in the forward direction than the clutch motor and/or the shift motor, for example. The support frame is connected to the down frame at a location closer to the head tube than the engine support portion, for example.

**[0036]** In a side view, the frame forms a motor control unit arrangement region, which is defined by the head tube, the main frame, the down frame, and the support frame, for example. The motor control unit is attached to the frame such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned in the motor control unit arrangement region in a side view, for example. The frame to which the motor control unit is attached is not particularly limited. The motor control unit is attached to at least one of the main frame, the down frame, or the support frame, for example.

**[0037]** The frame may include a seat frame for supporting the seat, the seat frame being disposed further in the backward direction than the main frame.

[0038] The "actuator mechanism" performs a gear shift operation based on a signal from the motor control unit, for example. The actuator mechanism constitutes an automatic transmission or a semi-automatic transmission, for example. The actuator mechanism may include both the clutch motor and the shift motor, for example. It may be acceptable that the actuator mechanism includes the clutch motor but does not include the shift motor, for example. It may be acceptable that the actuator mechanism does not include the clutch motor but includes the shift motor, for example. In short, the actuator mechanism includes at least either the clutch motor or the shift motor, for example.

[0039] The clutch motor performs a clutch operation, for example. The clutch motor connects and disconnects a clutch, for example. The clutch motor is disposed such that at least a part of the clutch motor is positioned further in the rightward direction than the left-right center line, for example. The shift motor performs a shift operation, for example. The shift motor selects a gear of the multistage transmission, for example. The shift motor is disposed such that at least a part of the shift motor is positioned further in the leftward direction than the left-right center line, for example. The clutch motor and the shift motor may each include a decelerator, for example. The actuator mechanism is attached to the engine, for example. The actuator mechanism may be provided in a crank

case of the engine. The actuator mechanism may be attached to the frame, for example.

[0040] The "motor control unit" controls the actuator mechanism, for example. The motor control unit is directly connected to the clutch motor and/or the shift motor by the electric cable, for example. The motor control unit is connected to the clutch motor and/or the shift motor by the electric cable without interposition of any other control unit, for example. The other control unit is a device including a processor such as an electronic control unit (ECU), for example. The motor control unit may be connected to the clutch motor and/or the shift motor by the electric cable with interposition of a relay, for example. The motor control unit may be connected to the clutch motor and/or the shift motor by the electric cable with interposition of a relay connector, for example. The motor control unit is directly connected to the shift operator by the electric cable, for example. The motor control unit instructs the actuator mechanism to change the gear of the multi-stage transmission in response to a signal from the shift operator, for example. The motor control unit may be connected to an engine control unit for controlling the engine, a shift sensor, or the like, for example.

**[0041]** The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the forward direction than the multi-stage transmission, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the forward direction than the engine, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the forward direction than a maximum width position at which the frame has the maximum width in the left-right direction, for example.

[0042] The motor control unit is disposed further in the backward direction than a movable range of the front fork, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the backward direction than the head tube, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the backward direction than the steering handle while the straddled vehicle is in the upright and non-steered state, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the backward direction than the shift operator while the straddled vehicle is in the upright and non-steered state, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the backward direction than the front end of the engine, for example.

**[0043]** The motor control unit is attached to the frame such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the outward direction than the frame in the left-right direction, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the outward direction than the motor control unit branch portion in the left-right

direction, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the rightward direction than the left end of the crank case of the engine, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the rightward direction than the left end of a cylinder body of the engine, for example.

[0044] The motor control unit is disposed further in the downward direction than the movable range of the steering handle, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the downward direction than the power source storage part, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the downward direction than the upper end of the front fork, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the downward direction than the upper end of the head tube, for example.

[0045] The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the upward direction than a front wheel, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the upward direction than the lower end of the front fork, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the upward direction than the lower end of the head tube, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the upward direction than the upper end of the engine, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the upward direction than the engine support portion of the frame, for example. The engine support portion is a portion where the engine is attached to the frame, for example. The frame includes plural engine support portions, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is positioned further in the upward direction than the uppermost one of the plural engine support portions, for example.

[0046] The motor control unit has a box-like shape, for example. The motor control unit has a substantially rectangular parallelepiped shape, for example. The motor control unit is disposed so as to lie along the frame, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that its largest surface faces in the left-right direction, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of its largest surface is visually observable in a side view, for example. The motor control unit includes a connector to which the electric cable is connected, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that the connector is visually observable in a top view, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that the connector is visually observable in a front view, for

example.

[0047] The motor control unit is accommodated in a holder, for example. The motor control unit is attached to the frame by the holder being fixed to the frame, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of the motor control unit is covered by a side cowl, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of its outer surface is covered by the side cowl in the left-right direction, for example. The motor control unit is disposed such that at least a part of its front surface is open to the outside in a front view, for example.

[0048] The "main harness" is configured as a bundle of plural electric cables. The plural electric cables include electric cables that are connected to various kinds of electrical equipment such as a lighting device and a control unit, for example. The main harness is thicker than the electric cables, for example. The main harness extends in the forward-backward direction of the straddled vehicle, for example. The main harness passes through the constricted portion of the straddled vehicle, for example. The constricted portion is located at the front end of the seat, for example. The main harness is provided inside the vehicle body, for example. The main harness is provided further in the inward direction than the frame, for example. The main harness may be held by the left frame, or may be held by the right frame, for example.

**[0049]** The "distance in the left-right direction from the left-right center line to the motor control unit" is identified as the shortest distance in the left-right direction from the left-right center line to the motor control unit, for example. The same is true for the distance in the left-right direction from the left-right center line to the motor control unit branch portion.

Advantageous Effects of Invention

**[0050]** The present invention can provide a motor control unit with precautions against heat, and can shorten an electric cable connected to the motor control unit while achieving effective use of a space.

**Brief Description of Drawings** 

## [0051]

[FIG. 1] FIG. 1(A) is a left side view of a straddled vehicle according to an embodiment, and FIG. 1(B) is a top view schematically showing a vehicle body structure of the straddled vehicle according to the embodiment.

[FIG. 2] FIG. 2 is a right side view showing a vehicle body structure of the straddled vehicle according to the embodiment.

[FIG. 3] FIG. 3 is a left side view showing a vehicle body structure of the straddled vehicle according to the embodiment.

[FIG. 4] FIG. 4 is a front view showing a vehicle body

structure of the straddled vehicle according to the embodiment.

Description of Embodiments

**[0052]** In the following, a straddled vehicle according to an embodiment of the present invention will be described with reference to the drawings. The embodiment described below is just an example. The interpretation of the present invention should not be limited in any way by the embodiment described below. In the drawings, the reference signs F, B, U, D, L, and R indicate the forward (front), back (rear), up, down, left, and right, respectively.

[0053] FIG. 1(A) is a left side view of a straddled vehicle according to the embodiment. A straddled vehicle 1 is a motorcycle. The straddled vehicle 1 includes a vehicle body 11, a front fork 12, a multi-stage transmission 13, an actuator mechanism 14, and a motor control unit 15. [0054] FIG. 1(B) is a top view schematically showing a vehicle body structure of the straddled vehicle according to the embodiment. The vehicle body 11 includes a head tube 111 and a frame 112. The head tube 111 supports a steering handle in a steerable manner.

[0055] The frame 112 extends backward from the head tube 111 in a top view. The frame 112 is disposed so as to be shifted in a left-right direction relative to a left-right center line CL, which extends in a forward-backward direction while passing through the head tube 111. More specifically, the frame 112 includes a left frame 1121 and a right frame 1122, the left frame 1121 being disposed so as to be shifted to the left relative to the left-right center line CL, the right frame 1122 being disposed so as to be shifted to the right relative to the left-right center line CL. [0056] The front fork 12 is supported by the head tube 111 via a bracket. The front fork 12 extends in an updown direction. The front fork 12 supports a front wheel (not shown).

[0057] Referring to FIG. 1(A), the multi-stage transmission 13 includes plural gears having different gear ratios. The multi-stage transmission 13 transmits power of an engine 21 to a driving wheel via a gear selected by a driver. The driver manipulates a shift operator 181, which is provided to a steering handle 18, to select a gear of the multi-stage transmission 13. The actuator mechanism 14 changes a gear of the multi-stage transmission 13 in response to the driver's manipulation on the shift operator 181.

**[0058]** Referring to FIG. 1(B), the actuator mechanism 14 includes a clutch motor 141 and a shift motor 142. Both the clutch motor 141 and the shift motor 142 are disposed further in the backward direction than the head tube 111.

**[0059]** The motor control unit 15 controls the clutch motor 141 and the shift motor 142. The motor control unit 15 includes a processor such as a central processing unit (CPU). The processor reads and executes one or more programs recorded in a non-volatile memory, so

that the motor control unit 15 performs various controls. [0060] The straddled vehicle 1 further includes an electric cable 16 and a main harness 17. The electric cable 16 connects the motor control unit 15 to the clutch motor 141. The electric cable 16 connects the motor control unit 15 to the shift motor 142. In this embodiment, the electric cable 16 connects the motor control unit 15 to the clutch motor 141, and the motor control unit 15 to the shift motor 142, via a relay 161. The relay 161 is connected to a battery (not shown). The motor control unit 15, by controlling the relay 161, controls electricity to be supplied from the battery to the clutch motor 141 and the shift motor 142. The electric cable 16 may have a relay connector disposed between the motor control unit 15 and the clutch motor 141. The electric cable 16 may have a relay connector disposed between the motor control unit 15 and the shift motor 142.

[0061] The main harness 17 bundles an intermediate section of the electric cable 16 together with other electric cables. More specifically, the main harness 17 bundles an intermediate section of the electric cable 16 from the motor control unit 15 to the relay 161 and an intermediate section of the electric cable 16 from the relay 161 to the clutch motor 141 and the shift motor 142. The main harness 17 is held by the left frame 1121 with a holder such as a cable tie.

[0062] The motor control unit 15 is attached to the left frame 1121, which holds the main harness 17. The motor control unit 15 is disposed so as to be entirely shifted to the left relative to the left-right center line CL. Here, it may be acceptable that the motor control unit 15 is disposed so as to be partially shifted to the left relative to the left-right center line CL. The motor control unit 15 is disposed such that a distance L1 in the left-right direction from the left-right center line CL to the motor control unit 15 is longer than a distance L2 in the left-right direction from the left-right center line CL to a motor control unit branch portion 171. The motor control unit branch portion 171. The motor control unit branch portion 171 is a portion where an end portion 162 of an electric cable connected to the motor control unit 15 branches from the main harness 17.

[0063] The length of an electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion 171 to the motor control unit 15 is shorter than the length of an electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion 171 to the clutch motor 141. Here, the length of the electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion 171 to the clutch motor 141 is the sum of the length of an electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion 171 to the relay 161 and the length of an electric cable from the relay 161 to the clutch motor 141. Here, it may be acceptable that the length of the electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion 171 to the motor control unit 15 is equal to or longer than the length of the electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion 171 to the clutch motor 141.

[0064] The length of the electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion 171 to the motor control unit 15 is shorter than the length of an electric cable from the

motor control unit branch portion 171 to the shift motor 142. Here, the length of the electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion 171 to the shift motor 142 is the sum of the length of the electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion 171 to the relay 161 and the length of an electric cable from the relay 161 to the shift motor 142. Here, it may be acceptable that the length of the electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion 171 to the motor control unit 15 is equal to or longer than the length of the electric cable from the motor control unit branch portion 171 to the shift motor 142.

[0065] FIG. 2 is a right side view showing a vehicle body structure of the straddled vehicle according to the embodiment. The clutch motor 141 is disposed further in the upward direction than the multi-stage transmission 13. The clutch motor 141 is disposed such that at least a part of the clutch motor 141 is positioned further in the rightward direction than the left-right center line. The clutch motor 141 is disposed further in the forward direction than a seat 20, on which the driver sits. The straddled vehicle 1 further includes another control unit 19, which is attached to the right frame 1122. The other control unit 19 is, though not particularly limited, a group control unit or the like, for example.

[0066] FIG. 3 is a left side view showing a vehicle body structure of the straddled vehicle according to the embodiment. The shift motor 142 is disposed further in the upward direction than the multi-stage transmission 13. The shift motor 142 is disposed such that at least a part of the shift motor 142 is positioned further in the leftward direction than the left-right center line. The shift motor 142 is disposed further in the forward direction than the seat 20. Here, it may be acceptable that the clutch motor 141 and the shift motor 142 are disposed such that at least a part of the clutch motor 141 and the shift motor 142 is positioned further in the forward direction than the seat 20. The motor control unit 15 is attached to the left frame 1121 such that at least a part of the motor control unit 15 is positioned further in the backward direction than the front fork 12 and further in the forward direction than the clutch motor 141 and the shift motor 142.

[0067] More specifically, the left frame 1121 includes a main frame 1122, a down frame 1123, and a support frame 1124. The motor control unit 15 is attached to the left frame 1121 such that at least a part of the motor control unit 15 is positioned in a motor control unit arrangement region, which is defined by the head tube 111, the main frame 1122, the down frame 1123, and the support frame 1124.

[0068] The motor control unit 15 is attached to the left frame 1121 such that at least a part of the motor control unit 15 is positioned further in the downward direction than the shift operator 181. The motor control unit 15 is attached to the left frame 1121 such that at least a part of the motor control unit 15 is positioned further in the upward direction than the clutch motor 141 and the shift motor 142. Here, it may be acceptable that the motor control unit 15 is attached to the left frame 1121 such

40

15

20

25

that at least a part of the motor control unit 15 is positioned further in the downward direction than the clutch motor 141 and the shift motor 142.

[0069] The motor control unit 15 has a substantially rectangular parallelepiped shape. The motor control unit 15 is attached to the left frame 1121 such that the area of the motor control unit in a side view is larger than the areas of the motor control unit in the front and top views of the straddled vehicle.

[0070] FIG. 4 is a front view showing a vehicle body structure of the straddled vehicle according to the embodiment. In the drawing, the straddled vehicle 1 is in an upright and non-steered state. The motor control unit 15 is attached to the left frame 1121 such that at least a part of the motor control unit 15 is positioned further in the leftward direction than a left edge 1211 of a left front fork 121 in the left-right direction. Here, it may be acceptable that the motor control unit 15 is attached to the right frame 1122 such that at least a part of the motor control unit 15 is positioned further in the rightward direction than a right edge 1221 of a right front fork 122 in the left-right direction.

## Reference Signs List

## [0071]

: straddled vehicle 11 : vehicle body 111 : head tube 30 112 : frame 1121 : left frame 1122 : right frame 12 : front fork 121 : left front fork 35 122 : right front fork 13 : multi-stage transmission 14 : actuator mechanism 141 : clutch motor 142 : shift motor 40 15 : motor control unit 16 : electric cable 161 : relay 162 : end portion of electric cable connected to motor

45 control unit

17 : main harness

171 : motor control unit branch portion

18 : steering handle 181 : shift operator 19 : another control unit 20 : seat

21 : engine

CL : left-right center line

L1 : distance in the left-right direction from the leftright center line to the motor control unit

L2 : distance in the left-right direction from the leftright center line to the motor control unit branch portion

#### Claims

1. A straddled vehicle (1) comprising:

a vehicle body (11) including a head tube (111) and a frame (112), the frame (112) extending backward from the head tube (111) in a top view, the frame (112) being disposed so as to be shifted in the left-right direction from a left-right center line (CL), the left-right center line (CL) extending in the forward-backward direction while passing through the head tube (111);

a front fork (12) supported by the head tube

a multi-stage transmission (13) including plural gears:

an actuator mechanism (14) for changing a gear of the multi-stage transmission (13), the actuator mechanism (14) including a clutch motor (141) and/or a shift motor (142), the clutch motor (141) being disposed further in the backward direction than the head tube (111), the shift motor (142) being disposed further in the backward direction than the head tube (111);

a motor control unit (15) configured to control the clutch motor (141) and/or the shift motor (142);

an electric cable (16) connecting the motor control unit (15) to the clutch motor (141) and/or the shift motor (142); and

a main harness (17) bundling an intermediate section of the electric cable (16) together with another electric cable,

the motor control unit (15) being attached to the frame (112), which holds the main harness (17), such that

a distance in the left-right direction from the left-right center line (CL) to the motor control unit (15) is longer than a distance in the leftright direction from the left-right center line (CL) to a motor control unit branch portion (171), the motor control unit branch portion (171) being a portion where an end portion (162) of the electric cable (16) connected to the motor control unit (15) branches from the main harness (17), and

at least a part of the motor control unit (15) is positioned further in the backward direction than the front fork (12) and further in the forward direction than the clutch motor (141) and/or the shift motor (142).

The straddled vehicle (1) according to claim 1, further comprising:

> a steering handle (18) supported by the head tube (111); and

50

20

30

40

45

50

a shift operator (181) capable of changing a gear of the multi-stage transmission (13), the shift operator (181) being provided to the steering handle (18), wherein

the motor control unit (15) is attached to the frame (112), which holds the main harness (17), such that at least a part of the motor control unit (15) is positioned further in the downward direction than the shift operator (181) and further in the upward direction than the clutch motor (141) and/or the shift motor (142).

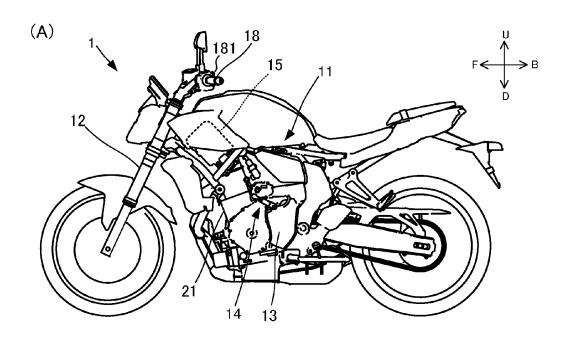
- 3. The straddled vehicle (1) according to claim 1 or 2, comprising two front forks (121, 122) supported by the head tube (111), the two front forks (121, 122) being disposed to the left and right relative to the left-right center line (CL), wherein the motor control unit (15) is attached to the frame (112), which holds the main harness (17), such that at least a part of the motor control unit (15) is positioned further in an outward direction than an outer edge of either one of the two front forks (121, 122) in the left-right direction while the straddled vehicle (1) is in an upright and non-steered state.
- 4. The straddled vehicle (1) according to any one of claims 1 to 3, further comprising a seat (20) on which a driver of the straddled vehicle (1) can be seated, the seat (20) being attached to the vehicle body (11), wherein the motor control unit (15) is attached to the frame (112), which holds the main harness (17), such that at least a part of the motor control unit (15) is positioned further in the backward direction than the front fork (12) and further in the forward direction than the clutch motor (141) and/or the shift motor (142), the clutch motor (141) being disposed further in the forward direction than the seat (20), the shift motor (142) being disposed further in the forward direction than the seat (20).
- 5. The straddled vehicle (1) according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the motor control unit (15) is attached to the frame (112), which holds the main harness (17), such that a length of the electric cable (16) from the motor control unit branch portion (171) to the motor control unit (15) is shorter than a length of the electric cable (16) from the motor control unit branch portion (171) to the clutch motor (141) and/or the shift motor (142).
- 6. The straddled vehicle (1) according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the motor control unit (15) is attached to the frame (112), which holds the main harness (17), such that the motor control unit (15) is entirely shifted to the left or right relative to the left-right center line (CL) in the left-right direction of the straddled vehicle (1).

- 7. The straddled vehicle (1) according to any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the motor control unit (15) is attached to the frame (112), which holds the main harness (17), such that an area of the motor control unit (15) in a side view of the straddled vehicle (1) is larger than areas of the motor control unit (15) in front and top views of the straddled vehicle (1).
- 8. The straddled vehicle (1) according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the frame (112) includes a left frame (1121) and a right frame (1122), the left frame (1121) being disposed to the left relative to the left-right center line (CL), the right frame (1122) being disposed to the right relative to the left-right center line (CL), and

the motor control unit (15) is attached to the left frame (1121), which holds the main harness (17), such that:

a distance in the left-right direction from the left-right center line (CL) to the motor control unit (15) is longer than a distance in the left-right direction from the left-right center line (CL) to the motor control unit branch portion (171); and at least a part of the motor control unit (15) is positioned further in the backward direction than the front fork (12) and further in the forward direction than the clutch motor (141) and/or the shift motor (142).

FIG. 1



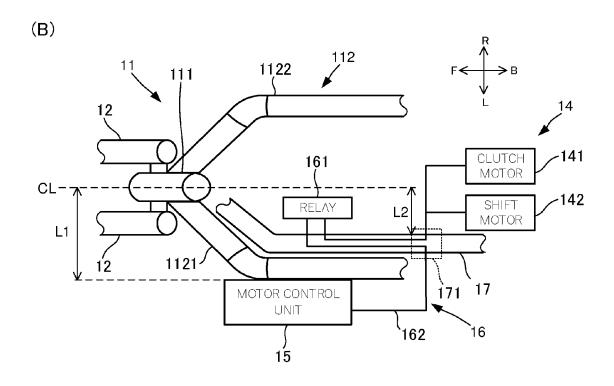


FIG. 2

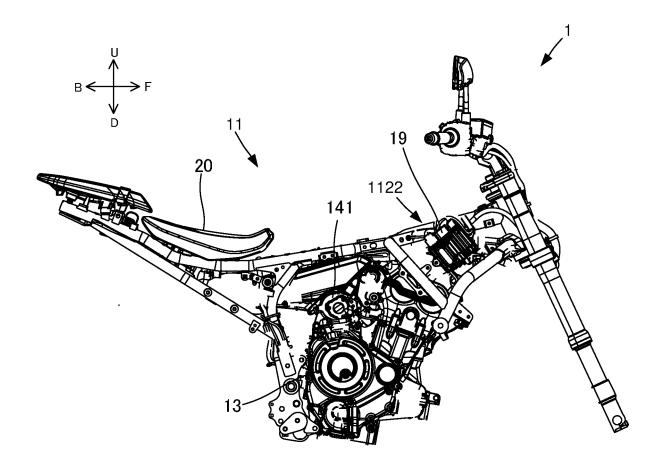


FIG. 3

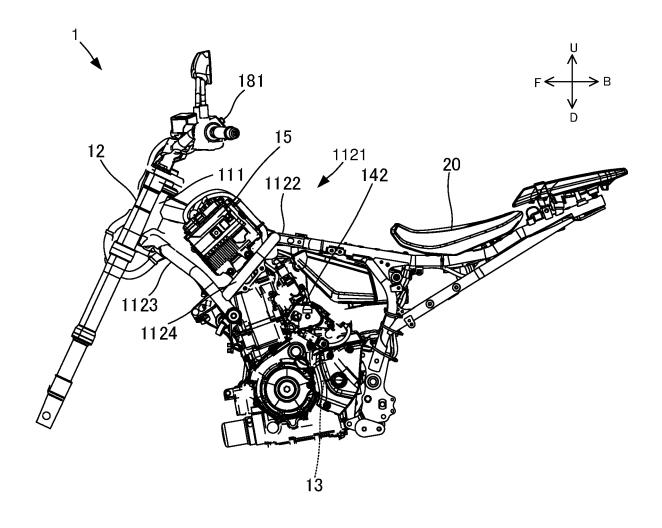
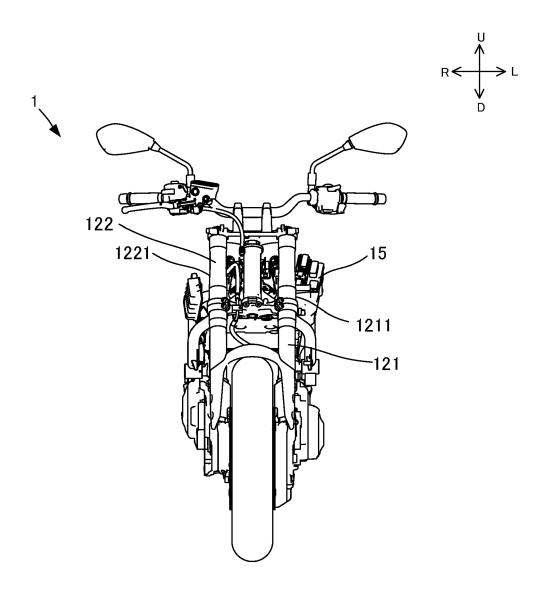


FIG. 4





# **EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT**

**Application Number** 

EP 23 20 1724

10	
15	
20	
25	
30	
35	
40	
45	
50	

55

Category	Citation of document with indication of relevant passages	, where appropriate,	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)	
A	JP 2015 077887 A (SUZUKI 23 April 2015 (2015-04-2 * claim 1; figures 1-20	3)	1	INV. B62J45/00 B62M25/08 F16H61/32	
A	US 6 131 682 A (WALKER D 17 October 2000 (2000-10 * claim 1; figures 1-5	-17)	1	ADD. B62K11/04 B62M7/02	
A	US 2011/073433 A1 (TSUKA ET AL) 31 March 2011 (20 * figures 1-7 *		1	B02M7/ 02	
A	JP 4 936805 B2 (YAMAHA M 23 May 2012 (2012-05-23) * claim 1; figures 1-19	·	1		
				TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)	
				B62J B62M B62K F16H	
	The present search report has been dra	wn up for all claims			
	Place of search  The Hague	Date of completion of the search  10 January 202		Examiner Lina Encabo, Aito	
The Hague  CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS  X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background		T : theory or print E : earlier paten after the filling D : document cit	T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D: document cited in the application L: document cited for other reasons		

# EP 4 349 700 A1

## ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 23 20 1724

5

55

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

10-01-2024

								10 01 202
10	cit	Patent document ted in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)		Publication date
	JP	2015077887	A	23-04-2015	JP JP	6232915 2015077887		22-11-2017 23-04-2015
15	us	6131682	 A	17-10-2000	NONE			
	US	2011073433	 A1	31-03-2011	 BR	PI1004249	 A2	22-01-2013
					IT	1400905	в1	02-07-2013
					JP	5190430		24-04-2013
20					JP	2011075042	A	14-04-2011
					US	2011073433	A1	31-03-2011
	JP	4936805	в2	23-05-2012	JР	4936805	в2	23-05-2012
					JP	2006275293		12-10-2006
25								
30								
35								
40								
40								
45								
50								
	65							
	IM P0459							
	≲							

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82

# EP 4 349 700 A1

## REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

This list of references cited by the applicant is for the reader's convenience only. It does not form part of the European patent document. Even though great care has been taken in compiling the references, errors or omissions cannot be excluded and the EPO disclaims all liability in this regard.

# Patent documents cited in the description

• JP 2015077887 A [0003]