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(72) Inventors:

- **Nagata, Satoshi
Osaka (JP)**
- **Inoue, Ryuichi
Osaka (JP)**

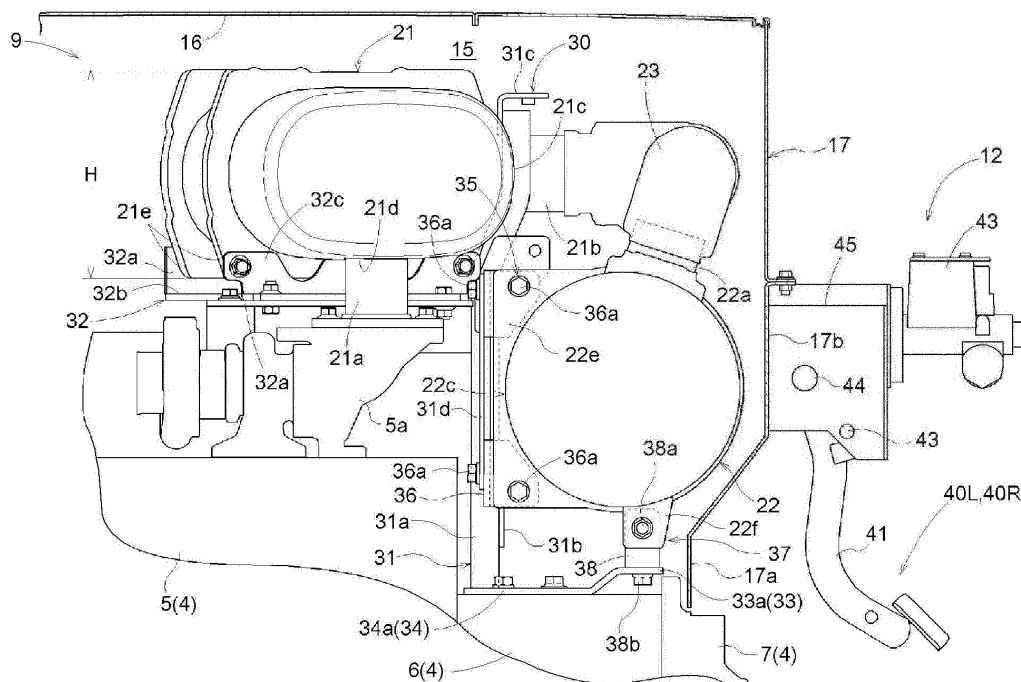
(74) Representative: **Osha BWB
2, rue de la Paix
75002 Paris (FR)**

(71) Applicant: **Kubota Corporation
Osaka-shi, Osaka 556-8601 (JP)**

(54) **TRACTOR**

(57) The first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 is provided above the engine 5, and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 is provided behind the engine 5 of a tractor. The support member 30 supporting the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 is provided with a strut portion 31 that extends upward from the vehicle body frame in a state of conforming to a front portion of

the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 and supports the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22, and a support arm portion 32 that extends in a vehicle-body forward orientation from the strut portion 31 in a state of conforming to a lower portion of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 and supports the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21.

FIG. 2**EP 4 361 415 A1**

Description**[Means for Solving Problem]**

[Field of Art]

[0001] The present invention relates to a tractor.

[Background Art]

[0002] As shown in patent literature 1 and 2, for example, the tractor is equipped with an engine bonnet (bonnet) that forms an engine compartment, and in the engine compartment, an exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus (exhaust-gas cleaning process apparatus) is installed above the engine.

[Prior Art Literature]

[Patent Literature]

[0003]

[Patent Literature 1] JP 2013-112284 A

[Patent Literature 2] JP 2015-143508 A

[Summary of Invention]

[Problem to Be Solved by Invention]

[0004] There is a demand for a tractor to be provided with a plurality of exhaust-gas cleaning apparatuses for cleaning exhaust gas discharged from an engine. Examples of the plurality of exhaust-gas cleaning apparatuses include an exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus that cleans exhaust gas using a cleaning filter and an exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus that cleans exhaust gas using a reducing agent.

[0005] When the conventional art is adopted and the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus are installed in the engine compartment, the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus are located above the engine, and thus, even when the size of one of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus is smaller than the size of the other exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus, the mounting height of the engine bonnet must be set to correspond to the larger exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus. Therefore, the mounting height of the engine bonnet is increased.

[0006] The present invention provides a tractor for which it is possible to provide a first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and a second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus in an engine compartment while keeping the mounting height of the engine bonnet low, keeping the front-back length of the engine compartment short, and supporting the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus onto the vehicle body frame while in an appropriate connection state.

[0007] The tractor of the present invention is provided with:

- 5 an engine bonnet forming an engine compartment; a first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and a second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus provided in the engine compartment for purifying exhaust gas discharged from the engine; and a support arm supported by the vehicle body frame and supporting the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus
- 10 is provided, the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus being provided above the engine and having the longitudinal direction thereof oriented laterally to the vehicle body, and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus being provided at the rear of the engine and having the longitudinal direction thereof oriented laterally to the vehicle body; wherein, the support member is provided with a support part extending upward from the vehicle body
- 15 frame in a state in which the support member extends conforming to the front portion of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus while supporting the front portion and a support arm portion extending forward from the upper portion of the strut portion along a lower portion of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus while supporting the lower portion.
- 20
- 25

[0008] According to this configuration, the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus, which is the smaller of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus, is installed above the engine, and the larger second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus is installed behind the engine, and the mounting height of the engine bonnet can be set based on the size of the small first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus. Furthermore, since the longitudinal direction of both the first and second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatuses is the side of the vehicle body, the first and second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatuses can be accommodated compared to the longitudinal direction of the vehicle body, and it is possible to shorten the length of the space in the vehicle-body front-back direction necessary for the installation of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus, while keeping the mounting height of the engine bonnet low and the longitudinal length of the engine compartment shorter, and a second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus can be provided in the engine compartment.

[0009] Because the positional relationship between the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus is supported by the vehicle body frame in a state where the positional relationship is set by the support member, the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus can be easily connected; for example, even in a connection structure that does not have a function enabling adjustment of the positional relationship between the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus, the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-

gas cleaning apparatus can be connected in a positional relationship advantageous for connection.

[0010] In the present invention, preferably, the vehicle body frame is provided with a flywheel housing extending backward from the back portion of the engine and positioned below the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus, and the strut portion extends upward from the flywheel housing toward the vehicle body.

[0011] According to this configuration, since the strut portion extends upward from the flywheel housing located below the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus, the length of the strut portion can be shortened, and it is possible to firmly support the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus onto the vehicle body frame such that the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus do not readily swing.

[0012] Preferably the present invention is provided with a position adjustment portion that can adjust a support position of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus on the strut portion in the vehicle-body up-down direction, the vehicle-body front-back direction, and the vehicle-body horizontal width direction.

[0013] According to the present configuration, even when there is a positional shift between the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus in the vehicle-body up-down direction, the vehicle-body front-back direction, and the vehicle-body horizontal width direction due to manufacturing errors in the support member, by for example, adjusting the positional shift via the position adjustment portion, for example, the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus can be connected even in a connection structure not provided with a function for correcting the positional shift, and thus the connection structure can be simplified in that a special positional shift adjustment portion is not required in a connection structure that connects the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus.

[0014] Preferably the present invention is provided with a lower support portion that is supported at a lower portion of the strut portion and supports a lower portion of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus.

[0015] According to this configuration, the front portion of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus is supported by the strut portion, and the lower portion of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus is supported by the strut portion, and thus the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus can be firmly supported by the support member.

[0016] Preferably the present invention is provided with a second position adjustment portion that can adjust a support position of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus on the lower support portion in the vehicle-body up-down direction, the vehicle-body front-back direction, and the vehicle-body horizontal width direction.

[0017] According to the present configuration, even when there is a positional shift between the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus in the vehicle-body up-down direction, the vehicle-body front-back direction, and the vehicle-body horizontal width direction due to manufacturing errors in the support member, for example, by adjusting the positional shift via a second position adjustment portion, for example, the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus can be connected even in a connection structure not provided with a function for correcting the positional shift, and thus the connection structure can be simplified in that a special positional shift adjustment portion is not required in a connection structure that connects the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus.

[0018] In the present invention, preferably the lower portion of the strut portion comprises a seat portion supporting the strut portion onto the vehicle body frame by being connected to the vehicle body frame, and the lower support portion is provided to the seat portion.

[0019] According to this configuration, the seat portion serves as a connection member for supporting the lower support portion on the strut portion, and thus the structure of providing the lower support portion on the support post portion can be simplified without requiring a special connection member.

[Brief Description of Drawings]

[0020]

[FIG. 1] A left side view illustrating an entirety of a tractor.

[FIG. 2] A left side view illustrating a first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and a second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus.

[FIG. 3] A plan view illustrating the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus.

[FIG. 4] A back view illustrating a support member.

[FIG. 5] A perspective view of the support member in an exploded state.

[FIG. 6] A right side view illustrating left and right brake operation devices.

[FIG. 7] An explanatory diagram illustrating a summary of assembly of the brake pedal.

[FIG. 8] A back view illustrating a steering-post cover and a panel cover.

[FIG. 9] A back view of a panel cover provided with another embodiment.

[FIG. 10] A perspective view of a steering-post cover provided with another embodiment.

[Embodiments of Invention]

[0021] An embodiment that is one example of the

present invention is described below based on the drawings.

[0022] Note that in the following description, in regards to a traveling vehicle body of a tractor, the direction of arrow F illustrated in FIG. 1 is defined as "vehicle-body front", the direction of arrow B is defined as "vehicle-body back", the direction of arrow U is defined as "vehicle-body up", the direction of arrow D is defined as "vehicle-body down", the direction heading toward the surface of the page is defined as "vehicle-body left", and the direction heading toward the reverse face of the page is defined as "vehicle-body right".

[Overall Configuration of Tractor]

[0023] As illustrated in FIG. 1, the tractor is provided with a traveling vehicle body 3 supported by a pair of left and right front wheels 1, which can be steered and driven, and a pair of left and right back wheels 2, which can be driven. A vehicle body frame 4 of the traveling vehicle body 3 is constituted by an engine 5, a flywheel housing 6 connected to a back portion of the engine 5, a clutch housing 7 connected to a back portion of the flywheel housing 6, a transmission case 7a connected to a back portion of the clutch housing 7, and a front frame 8 connected to a lower portion of the engine 5. A motor unit 9 provided with the engine 5 is formed in a front portion of the traveling vehicle body 3. A driver's seat 10 and a driving unit 12, which is provided with a steering wheel 11 whereby a steering operation of the front wheels 1 is performed, are formed in a back portion of the traveling vehicle body 3. A linking mechanism 13, which connects a work apparatus such as a rotary tilling apparatus (not illustrated) in a manner enabling a raising and lowering operation of the work apparatus, and a power takeoff shaft 14, which takes power from the engine 5 and outputs this to the connected work apparatus, are provided in a back portion of the transmission case 7a. Reference numeral 20 illustrated in FIG. 1 is a ROPS frame.

[Configuration of Motor Unit]

[0024] As illustrated in FIGS. 1 and 2, the motor unit 9 is provided with an engine compartment 15. The engine compartment 15 is formed by an engine bonnet 16, which covers the engine compartment 15 from above and the front; a partition member 17 that forms a partition between the engine compartment 15 and the driving unit 12; and the like.

[0025] As illustrated in FIGS. 1 and 2, the engine 5, a radiator 18 that cools the engine 5, and a first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus (DPF) 21 and second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus (scr) 22 that perform cleaning processes of exhaust gas exhausted by the engine 5 are provided in the engine compartment 15.

[Configuration of Radiator]

[0026] As illustrated in FIG. 1, the radiator 18 is provided in front of the engine 5. A blowing action of a rotary fan 19 positioned between the radiator 18 and the engine 5 introduces cooling air from outside the engine compartment 15 to inside the engine compartment and supplies the cooling air to the radiator 18. The cooling air is supplied to the radiator 18 in a state of the cooling air passing through the radiator 18 from front to back. In the radiator 18, engine cooling water is cooled by heat exchange between the supplied cooling air and the engine cooling water. The engine 5 is cooled by the cooled engine cooling water being supplied to the engine 5.

[Configurations of First Exhaust-Gas Cleaning Apparatus and Second Exhaust-Gas Cleaning Apparatus]

[0027] The engine 5 is a diesel engine. As illustrated in FIGS. 2 and 3, the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 is provided above the engine 5 in a state wherein a longitudinal direction of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus adopts a vehicle-body horizontal orientation. A maximum length H in a vehicle-body up-down direction of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 is set to be shorter than a maximum length W in a vehicle-body front-back direction of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21. As illustrated in FIGS. 2 and 3, an exhaust-gas suctioning portion 21a, which is provided to a part on one end side, in a vehicle-body horizontal width direction, of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21, and an exhaust-gas exhausting portion 5a, which is provided to the engine 5, are connected. An exhaust-gas discharging portion 21b is provided to a part on another end side, in the vehicle-body horizontal width direction, of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21. In the present embodiment, the exhaust-gas suctioning portion 21a protrudes downward from a lower portion of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 at an end portion on a vehicle-body left horizontal side of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21, and the exhaust-gas discharging portion 21b protrudes backward from an end portion on a vehicle-body right horizontal side of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21.

[0028] In the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21, the exhaust gas exhausted by the engine 5 from the exhaust-gas exhausting portion 5a is suctioned by the exhaust-gas suctioning portion 21a into the apparatus, and diesel microparticles included in the suctioned exhaust gas are collected by a collection filter (not illustrated). This performs an exhaust-gas cleaning process of decreasing the diesel microparticles. The exhaust gas subjected to the cleaning process is discharged from the exhaust-gas discharging portion 21b.

[0029] As illustrated in FIGS. 2 and 3, the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 is provided behind the engine 5 in a state wherein a longitudinal direction of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus adopts the ve-

hicle-body horizontal orientation. An exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a, which is provided to a part on one end side, in the vehicle-body horizontal width direction, of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22, and the exhaust-gas discharging portion 21b of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 are connected by a connecting pipe 23. An exhaust-gas discharging portion 22b is provided to a part on another end side, in the vehicle-body horizontal width direction, of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22. In the present embodiment, the exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a is provided to an end portion on a vehicle-body left horizontal side of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22, and the exhaust-gas discharging portion 22b is provided to an end portion on a vehicle-body right horizontal side of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22.

[0030] In the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22, the exhaust gas discharged by the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 from the exhaust-gas discharging portion 21b is supplied by the connecting pipe 23 to the exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a and introduced by the exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a into the apparatus, and the introduced exhaust gas is subjected to the cleaning process by a reducing agent. Specifically, aqueous urea as the reducing agent is injected into the introduced exhaust gas, hydrolyzing the exhaust gas. This performs an exhaust-gas cleaning process of decreasing nitrogen oxides included in the exhaust gas. The exhaust gas subjected to the cleaning process is exhausted from the exhaust-gas discharging portion 22b to a vehicle-body horizontal outer side.

[0031] As illustrated in FIG. 3, the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 is supported in an attachment disposition wherein the part on the other end side, in the vehicle-body horizontal width direction, is swung and displaced to a vehicle-body front side of the part on the one end side, in the vehicle-body horizontal width direction, in a state wherein the exhaust-gas suctioning portion 21a is the center of the swinging. That is, the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 is supported in a disposition wherein in a plan view, the longitudinal direction thereof is inclined relative to the vehicle-body horizontal width direction. As illustrated in FIG. 2, the exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 extends diagonally backward and upward from the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22. A positional relationship between the exhaust-gas discharging portion 21b of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 and the exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 can be made to be a positional relationship appropriate for adopting a connecting pipe 23 having no bellows or other adjustment means of adjusting the positional relationship between the exhaust-gas discharging portion 21b and the exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a. This can be done by bringing the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 in proximity to each other in the vehicle-body

front-back direction and by directly connecting the exhaust-gas suctioning portion 21a of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 to the exhaust-gas exhausting portion 5a of the engine 5.

[0032] As illustrated in FIGS. 2 and 3, a back portion 21c of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 is positioned on a vehicle-body back side of a back end portion of the engine 5. In a plan view, the back portion 21c of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 overlap.

[0033] As illustrated in FIGS. 2 and 3, the partition member 17 that forms the partition between the engine compartment 15 and the driving unit 12 is provided across a back location of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 and a lower location of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22. The partition member 17 is configured so a part 17a—positioned in the lower location of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22—of the partition member 17 is positioned on a vehicle-body front side of a part 17b—positioned in the back location of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22—of the partition member 17. The part 17a—positioned in the lower location of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22—of the partition member 17 is provided with a portion in an inclined state that, in moving toward its lower end side, is positioned more to a vehicle-body front side. A footwell of the driving unit 12 can be extended below the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22.

[0034] As illustrated in FIG. 6, electrical wires 24 are provided across the engine compartment 15 and the driving unit 12. In the present embodiment, a plurality of electrical wires 24 is provided. However, it is also possible for only one to be provided. The electrical wires 24 enter from the engine compartment 15 into the footwell of the driving unit 12 by passing below a part positioned in a central portion in the vehicle-body horizontal width direction of the partition member 17. The electrical wires 24 transmit information relating to actuation of the engine 5 to gauges of the driving unit 12. A portion of the electrical wires 24 that is positioned on a driving-unit side of the partition member 17 is wired in a state of conforming to the part 17a—positioned in the lower location of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22—of the partition member 17 in the footwell of the driving unit 12. The electrical wires 24 pass through a conduit 25. The conduit 25 is supported on the partition member 17 by a clamp 26.

[Support Member of Exhaust-Gas Cleaning Apparatuses]

[0035] As illustrated in FIGS. 2, 3, and 4, the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 are supported on the vehicle body frame 4 via a support member 30. The first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 and the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 are supported by the vehicle body frame 4 in a state wherein the positional relationship between the exhaust-gas discharging por-

tion 21b of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 and the exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 is set by the support member 30.

[0036] As illustrated in FIGS. 2, 3, 4, and 5, the support member 30 is provided with a strut portion 31 that extends upward from the vehicle body frame 4 in a state of conforming to a front portion 22c of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 and supports the front portion 22c of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22, a support arm portion 32 that extends in a vehicle-body forward orientation from an upper portion of the strut portion 31 in a state of conforming to a lower portion 21d of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 and supports the lower portion 21d of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21, and a lower support portion 33 that is provided to a lower portion of the strut portion 31 and supports a lower portion 22d of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22.

[0037] As illustrated in FIGS. 2, 4, and 5, the strut portion 31 has a seat portion 34 provided to the lower portion of the strut portion 31 and is supported on the vehicle body frame 4 by the seat portion 34 being connected to the vehicle body frame 4. The connection of the seat portion 34 to the vehicle body frame 4 is performed by the flywheel housing 6 constituting the vehicle body frame 4. The flywheel housing 6 is positioned below the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 and can keep a length of the strut portion 31 short.

[0038] As illustrated in FIGS. 2, 4, and 5, the strut portion 31 is provided with left and right strut rods 31a lined up at an interval in the vehicle-body horizontal width direction. A lower strut-portion reinforcing rod 31b, which connects lower portions of the strut rods 31a, and an upper strut-portion reinforcing rod 31c, which connects upper portions of the strut rods 31a, are provided across the left and right strut rods 31a. The left and right strut rods 31a are constituted by steel pipes.

[0039] As illustrated in FIGS. 2, 4, and 5, a front support portion 31d supporting the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 is provided to each of the left and right strut rods 31a. The front portion 22c of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 is supported by the strut portion 31 by front connecting portions 22e-provided in two locations, left and right, in the front portion 22c of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22-being connected to the front support portion 31d.

[0040] As illustrated in FIGS. 2, 4, and 5, seat plate portions 34a provided to respective lower portions of the left and right strut rods 31a are provided to the seat portion 34. In the seat portion 34, the left and right seat plate portions 34a being connected to the flywheel housing 6 by a plurality of connecting bolts provides a detachable connection to the flywheel housing 6.

[0041] As illustrated in FIGS. 2, 4, and 5, the lower support portion 33 is provided with lower support pieces 33a provided to the lower portions of the left and right strut rods 31a. The left and right lower support pieces

33a are provided to the strut rods 31a by being formed on the seat plate portions 34a. The lower support portion 33 is provided to the seat portion 34. The lower portion 22d of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 is supported by the lower support portion 33 by lower connecting portions 22f-provided in two locations, left and right, in the lower portion 22d of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22-being connected to the lower support pieces 33a.

[0042] As illustrated in FIGS. 2, 4, and 5, the support arm portion 32 is provided with arm bodies 32a that extend in the vehicle-body forward orientation from respective upper portions of the left and right strut rods 31a. An arm reinforcing rod 32b connecting the left and right arm bodies 32a is provided across distal end portions of the left and right arm bodies 32a. Among the left and right arm bodies 32a, the left arm body 32a is configured to connect via a relay member 32c to a lower connecting portion 21e provided to the lower portion 21d of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21. The right arm body 32a is configured to connect directly to the lower connecting portion 21e of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21.

[Configuration of Position Adjustment of Exhaust-Gas Cleaning Apparatuses]

[0043] As illustrated in FIGS. 2, 4, and 5, the support member 30 is provided with a position adjustment portion 35 that can adjust a support position-in the vehicle-body up-down direction, the vehicle-body front-back direction, and the vehicle-body horizontal width direction-of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 on the strut portion 31 and with a second position adjustment portion 37 that can adjust a support position-in the vehicle-body up-down direction, the vehicle-body front-back direction, and the vehicle-body horizontal width direction-of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 on the lower support portion 33.

[0044] When there is a position shift between the exhaust-gas discharging portion 21b of the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 21 and the exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22, so the positional relationship between the exhaust-gas discharging portion 21b and the exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a becomes appropriate and the exhaust-gas discharging portion 21b and the exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a can be appropriately connected by the connecting pipe 23 having no position adjustment function, the positional relationship between the exhaust-gas discharging portion 21b and the exhaust-gas introduction portion 22a can be adjusted by the position adjustment portion 35 and the second position adjustment portion 37.

[0045] Specifically, as illustrated in FIGS. 2, 4, and 5, the position adjustment portion 35 is provided with an adjustment member 36 positioned between the front connection portion 22e of the second exhaust-gas cleaning

apparatus 22 and the front support portion 31d of the strut portion 31, a first connecting bolt 36a connecting the front connecting portion 22e and the adjustment member 36, and a second connecting bolt 36b connecting the front support portion 31d and the adjustment member 36.

[0046] As illustrated in FIGS. 2, 4, and 5, the second position adjustment portion 37 is provided with a second adjustment member 38 positioned between the lower connecting portion 22f of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 and the lower support piece 33a of the strut portion 31, a third connecting bolt 38a connecting the lower connecting portion 22f and the second adjustment member 38, and a fourth connecting bolt 38b connecting the lower support piece 33a and the second adjustment member 38.

[0047] A hole diameter of a through hole (not illustrated) of the adjustment member 36 into which the first connecting bolt 36a is inserted is made greater than an outer diameter of the first connecting bolt 36a for a configuration enabling position shifting of the front connecting portion 22e relative to the adjustment member 36. A through hole (not illustrated) of the position adjustment member 36 into which the second connecting bolt 36b is inserted is made greater than an outer diameter of the second connecting bolt 36b for a configuration enabling position shifting of the adjustment member 36 relative to the front support portion 31d.

[0048] A hole diameter of a through hole (not illustrated) of the second adjustment member 38 into which the third bolt 38a is inserted is made greater than an outer diameter of the third connecting bolt 38a for a configuration enabling position shifting of the adjustment member 36 relative to the front support portion 31d. A hole diameter of a through hole (not illustrated) of the second adjustment member 38 into which the fourth connecting bolt 38b is inserted is made greater than an outer diameter of the fourth connecting bolt 38b for a configuration enabling position shifting of the adjustment member 36 relative to the front support portion 31d.

[0049] In the position adjustment portion 35, among the first connecting bolt 36a, the second connecting bolt 36b, the third connecting bolt 38a, and the fourth connecting bolt 38b, tightening of a connecting bolt corresponding to desired position adjustment is loosened. Performing an operation of moving the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 shifts the position of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 relative to the support member 30. This changes the support position in the vehicle-body up-down direction, the vehicle-body front-back direction, and the vehicle-body horizontal width direction of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 on the strut portion 31 in a manner corresponding to the operation that is performed of moving the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22.

[0050] In the second position adjustment portion 37, among the first connecting bolt 36a, the second connecting bolt 36b, the third connecting bolt 38a, and the fourth

connecting bolt 38b, tightening of a connecting bolt corresponding to desired position adjustment is loosened. Performing an operation of moving the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 shifts the position of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 relative to the support member 30. This changes the support position in the vehicle-body up-down direction, the vehicle-body front-back direction, and the vehicle-body horizontal width direction of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22 on the lower support portion 33 in a manner corresponding to the operation that is performed of moving the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus 22.

[Configuration of Driving Unit]

[0051] As illustrated in FIG. 1, the driving unit 12 is provided behind the engine compartment 15. As illustrated in FIGS. 1, 3, and 8, the driving unit 12 is provided with the driver's seat 10, the steering wheel 11 whereby the steering operation of the front wheels 1 is performed, a left brake operation unit 40L whereby brakes (not illustrated) for the left back wheel are operated, and a right brake operation unit 40R whereby brakes (not illustrated) for the right back wheel are operated.

[Configurations of Left Brake Operation Unit and Right Brake Operation Unit]

[0052] As illustrated in FIG. 8, the left brake operation unit 40L and the right brake operation unit 40R are provided to the right and below the steering wheel 11. As illustrated in FIGS. 3, 6, and 8, the left brake operation unit 40L and the right brake operation unit 40R are each provided with a brake pedal 41, a return spring 42 that subjects the brake pedal 41 to an operation of being returned to an initial position ("off"), and a master cylinder 43 connected to the brake pedal 41.

[0053] As illustrated in FIG. 6, the brake pedal 41 is provided with a pedal arm portion 41a and with a foot-board portion 41b provided at a lower end portion of the pedal arm portion 41a. A support shaft 44 is provided at an upper portion of the pedal arm portion 41a. The support shaft 44 is supported by a support portion 45 provided to the traveling vehicle body 3. The brake pedal 41 is supported on the traveling vehicle body 3 in a state of being able to swing between the initial position ("off") and a braking position ("on") by using a shaft core P of the support shaft 44 as a swinging fulcrum. The brake pedal 41 is positioned to the initial position ("off") by the pedal arm portion 41a abutting a stopper 47.

[0054] As illustrated in FIG. 6, the partition member 17 forming the partition between the engine compartment 15 and the driving unit 12 is provided on a vehicle-body front side of the brake pedal 41. The return spring 42 is engaged to the pedal arm portion 41a and a spring support portion 17d provided to the partition member 17. The return spring 42 biases the brake pedal 41 to swing to the initial position ("off") by using the partition member

17 as a counterforce member.

[0055] As illustrated in FIG. 6, the partition member 17 is configured so the part 17a, which corresponds to the footboard portion 41b, of the partition member 17 is positioned on a vehicle-body front side of the part 17b, which corresponds to the support shaft 44, of the partition member 17. A front portion of the footwell of the driving unit 12 can be extended forward past the support shaft 44.

[0056] As illustrated in FIG. 6, the master cylinder 43 is provided on a vehicle-body back side of the support shaft 44 of the brake pedal 41. The master cylinder 43 is fixed in a detachable manner to the support portion 45. A slidable operation shaft 43a of the master cylinder 43 and an operation arm portion 41c provided to the brake pedal 41 are interconnected. The operation arm portion 41c extends from the pedal arm portion 41a toward an opposite side of a side whereon the footboard portion 41b is positioned relative to the support shaft 44.

[0057] In both the left brake operation unit 40L and the right brake operation unit 40R, when the brake pedal 41 is subjected to a stepping operation against the return spring 42 and enters the braking position ("on"), the operation shaft 43a of the master cylinder 43 is subjected to a sliding operation to a pushed-in side by the operation arm portion 41c. The master cylinder 43 supplies operational hydraulic pressure to the brakes (not illustrated), and the brakes perform an operation of switching to a braking state. When the stepping operation of the brake pedal 41 is released, the brake pedal 41 is subjected to an operation of returning to the initial position ("off") by the return spring 42, and the operation shaft 43a of the master cylinder 43 is subjected to a sliding operation to a pulled-out side by the operation arm portion 41c. The imparting of the operational hydraulic pressure by the master cylinder 43 to the brakes is released, and the brakes perform an operation of switching to an initial state.

[Configuration of Return Spring]

[0058] As illustrated in FIGS. 3 and 6, the return spring 42 is constituted by a torsion coil spring and is provided with a coil portion 42a, an arm portion 42b extending from one end side of the coil portion 42a, and an arm portion 42c extending from another end side of the coil portion 42a. The coil portion 42a is fitted onto the support shaft 44, and the return spring 42 is supported by the support shaft 44. The arm portion 42b on the one end side is engaged to the spring support portion 17d of the partition member 17. The arm portion 42c on the other end side is engaged to the pedal arm portion 41a.

[0059] As illustrated in FIG. 6, a bent end portion 42d engaged to the pedal arm portion 41a is provided to the arm portion 42c on the other end side. A through hole 46 where to the bent end portion 42d is engaged is provided to the pedal arm portion 41a. A shape of the through hole 46 is made to be a shape into which the bent end portion 42d, which moves along the shaft core P of the support

shaft 44, can be inserted. The return spring 42 and the brake pedal 41 can be assembled by the following assembly outline.

[0060] As illustrated in FIG. 7, the coil portion 42a fits the return spring 42 onto the support shaft 44, and the arm portion 42b on the one end side is placed in a state of being engaged to the partition member 17. The return spring 42 is in a free state. The stopper 47 is removed from the support portion 45. The brake pedal 41 is attached to the support shaft 44 and swung up, and the brake pedal 41 is operated in a disposition opposing the support shaft, wherein the footboard portion 41b is positioned in a position higher than when the brake pedal 41 is positioned in the initial position ("off"). The brake pedal 41 in this attitude of opposing the support shaft is guided to the support shaft 44 and moved toward the return spring 42. By moving the brake pedal 41, the bent end portion 42d of the return spring 42 moves toward the pedal arm portion 41a in a direction along the shaft core P of the support shaft 44, is inserted into the through hole 46 from an inner side of the pedal arm portion 41a, and moves to an outer side of the pedal arm portion 41a. Next, the brake pedal 41 is swung down. At this time, the operation arm portion 41c enters a slit 17e provided in the partition member 17. The stopper 47 is attached to the support portion 45, and the brake pedal 41 is moved to the initial position ("off"). This causes the brake pedal 41 to be stopped by the stopper 47. As illustrated in FIG. 6, the bent end portion 42d engages to the pedal arm portion 41a, the return spring 42 is provided with an elastic restoring force, and the brake pedal 41 enters a state of being biased and swung to the initial position ("off") by the return spring 42. The slit 17e is closed off once assembly of the brake pedal 41 is finished.

[Configurations of Steering-Post Cover and Panel Cover]

[0061] The steering wheel 11 is supported in a state of being able to change positions in the front-back direction and the up-down direction. As illustrated in FIG. 8, a steering-post cover 50 is inserted into a through hole 52 of a panel cover 51 supported on the traveling vehicle body 3. When the steering wheel 11 changes positions in the front-back direction, the steering-post cover 50 follows the steering wheel 11 and swings in the front-back direction relative to the panel cover 51. A bellows-shaped expandable cover 53 is connected across a proximal-side lower portion of the steering-post cover 50 and a lower portion 51a of the panel cover 51. The expandable cover 53 expands and contracts according to the swinging of the steering-post cover 50 but, regardless of the swinging of the steering-post cover 50, places a gap between the steering-post cover 50 and the lower portion 51a of the panel cover 51 in a closed state. Between a part opposing a distal-side wall portion of the steering-post cover 50 of the panel cover 51 and the distal-side wall portion of the steering-post cover 50, a gap that allows the steering-post cover 50 to swing is provided.

However, above the gap and on the distal-side wall portion of the steering-post cover 50, a bulging portion that bulges toward a cover outer side and makes the gap difficult to see from above is provided. In the panel cover 51, a face portion 51b corresponding to a side portion of the steering-post cover 50 is raised to the proximal side. Even if the steering-post cover 50 swings, the face portion 51b makes it difficult to see the gap between the steering-post cover 50 and the panel cover 51 on a horizontal side of the steering-post cover 50.

[Other Embodiments]

[0062]

(1) FIG. 9 is a back view of a panel cover 55 provided with another embodiment. FIG. 10 is a perspective view of a steering post cover 56 provided with another embodiment. In the panel cover 55 provided with another embodiment, below a through hole 57 into which the steering-post cover 56 is inserted, an opening 58 and a proximal wall 59 extending upward from a lower edge portion of the opening 58 are provided. In the steering-post cover 56, on a proximal-side lower portion, a proximal extended portion 61 that extends lower than a lower end 60a of a horizontal wall portion 60 is provided, and on a distal-side lower portion, a distal extended portion 62 that extends lower than the lower end 60a of the horizontal wall portion 60 is provided. The proximal wall 59, the proximal extended portion 61, and the distal extended portion 62 serve as hiding walls that make it difficult to see into an area below the panel cover 55 via a gap arising between the steering-post cover 56 and the panel cover 55 on a proximal side and horizontal side of the steering-post cover 56.

(2) In the embodiment described above, a configuration in which the strut portion 31 extends from the flywheel housing 6 is given, but the configuration is not limited thereto, and the strut portion 31 may extend from any portion of the vehicle body frame 4.

(3) In the embodiment described above, an example in which the position adjustment portion 35 is provided is given, but the position adjustment portion 35 need not be provided.

(4) In the embodiment described above, an example in which the lower support portion 33 and the second position adjustment portion 37 is provided is given, but the lower support portion 33 need not be provided. Also, the lower support portion 33 may be provided, and the second position adjustment portion 37 need not be provided.

(5) In the embodiment described above, an example in which the lower support portion 33 is provided on the seat portion 34 is given, but the lower support portion 33 need not be provided on the seat portion 34 and may be provided directly on the strut portion 31.

[Industrial Applicability]

[0063] The present invention can be applied to a tractor provided with an engine bonnet forming an engine compartment.

Claims

1. A tractor, comprising:
 - an engine bonnet forming an engine compartment;
 - a first exhaust-gas purification device and a second exhaust-gas purification device provided in the engine compartment for purifying exhaust gas discharged from the engine; and a support arm supported by the vehicle body frame and supporting the first exhaust-gas purification device and the second exhaust-gas purification device is provided,
 - the first exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus being provided above the engine and having the longitudinal direction thereof oriented laterally to the vehicle body,
 - and the second exhaust-gas purification device being provided at the rear of the engine and having the longitudinal direction thereof oriented laterally to the vehicle body;
 - wherein, the support member is provided with a support part extending upward from the vehicle body frame in a state in which the support member extends conforming to the front portion of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus while supporting the front portion and a support arm portion extending forward from the upper portion of the strut portion along a lower portion of the first exhaust-gas purifying device while supporting the lower portion.
2. The tractor according to claim 1, wherein the vehicle body frame comprises a flywheel housing extending backward from the back portion of the engine and positioned below the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus, and the strut portion extends upward from the flywheel housing toward the vehicle body.
3. The tractor according to claim 2, further comprising a position adjustment portion that can adjust a support position of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus on the strut portion in the vehicle-body up-down direction, the vehicle-body front-back direction, and the vehicle-body horizontal width direction.
4. The tractor according to any one of claims 1 to 3, further comprising a lower support portion that is supported at a lower portion of the strut portion and sup-

ports a lower portion of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus.

5. The tractor according to claim 4, further comprising a second position adjustment portion that can adjust a support position of the second exhaust-gas cleaning apparatus on the lower support portion in the vehicle-body up-down direction, the vehicle-body front-back direction, and the vehicle-body horizontal width direction. 5 10
6. The tractor according to claim 4 or 5, wherein the lower portion of the strut portion comprises a seat portion supporting the strut portion onto the vehicle body frame by being connected to the vehicle body frame, and the lower support portion is provided to the seat portion. 15

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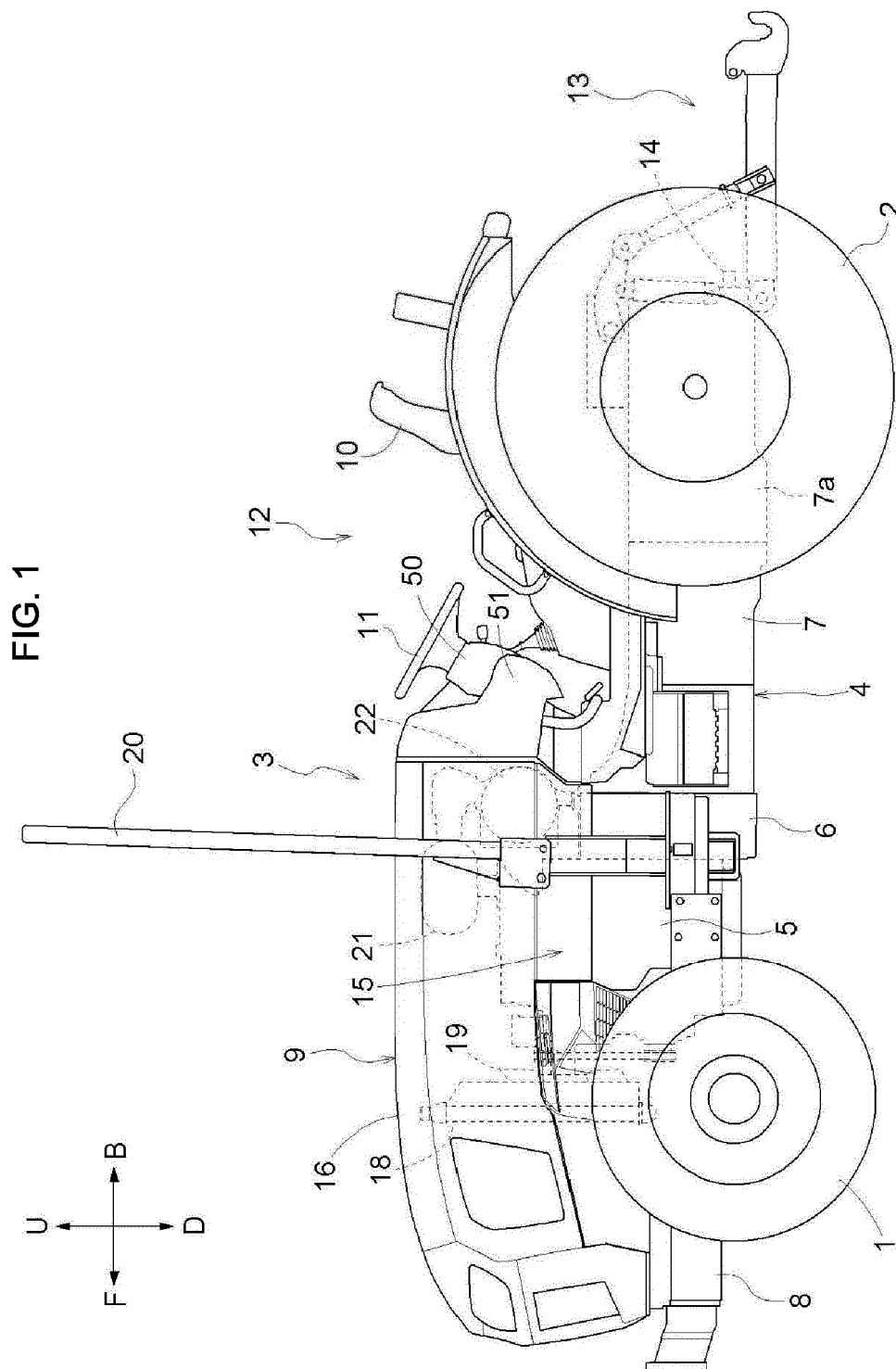


FIG. 2

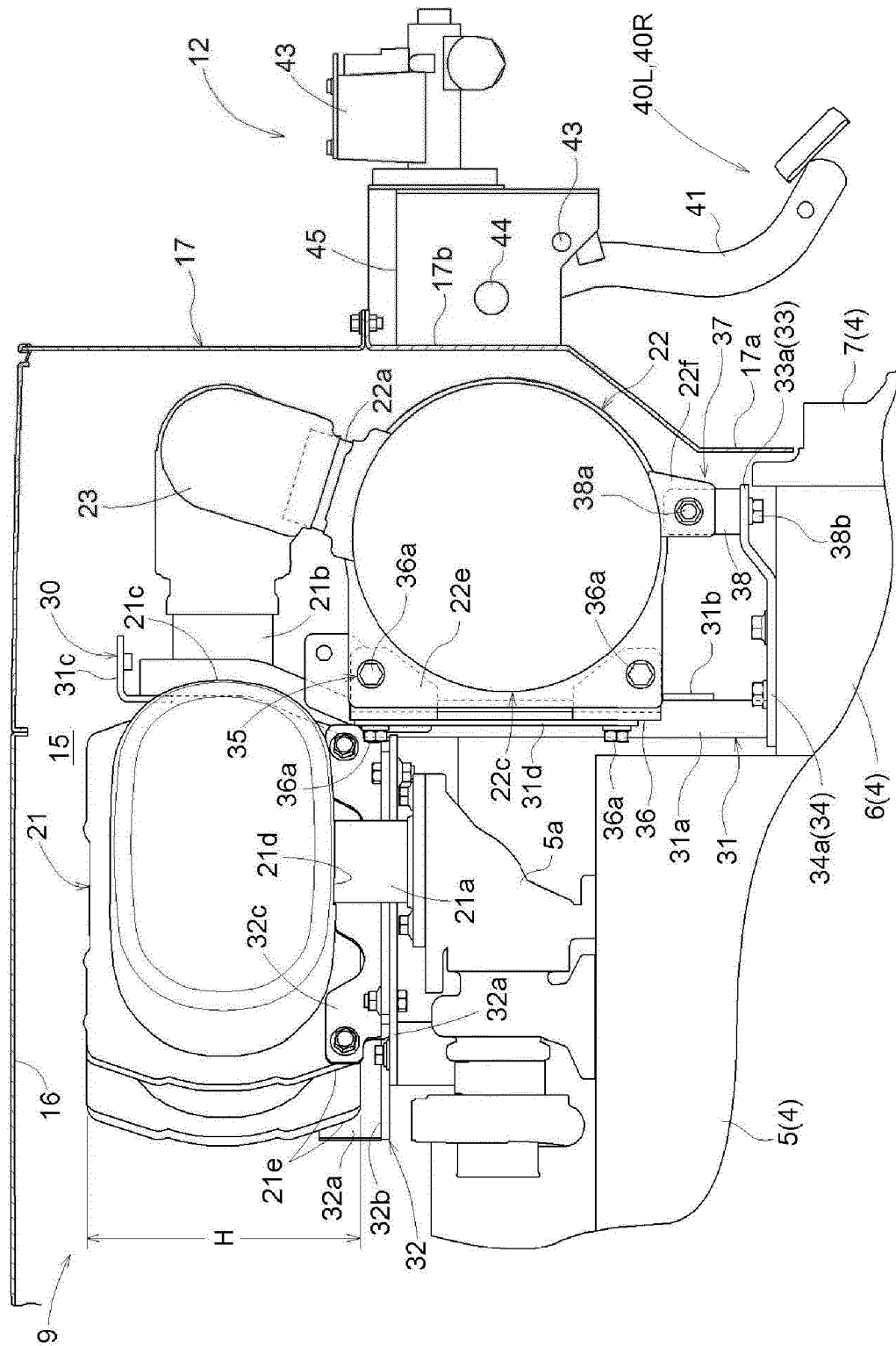


FIG. 3

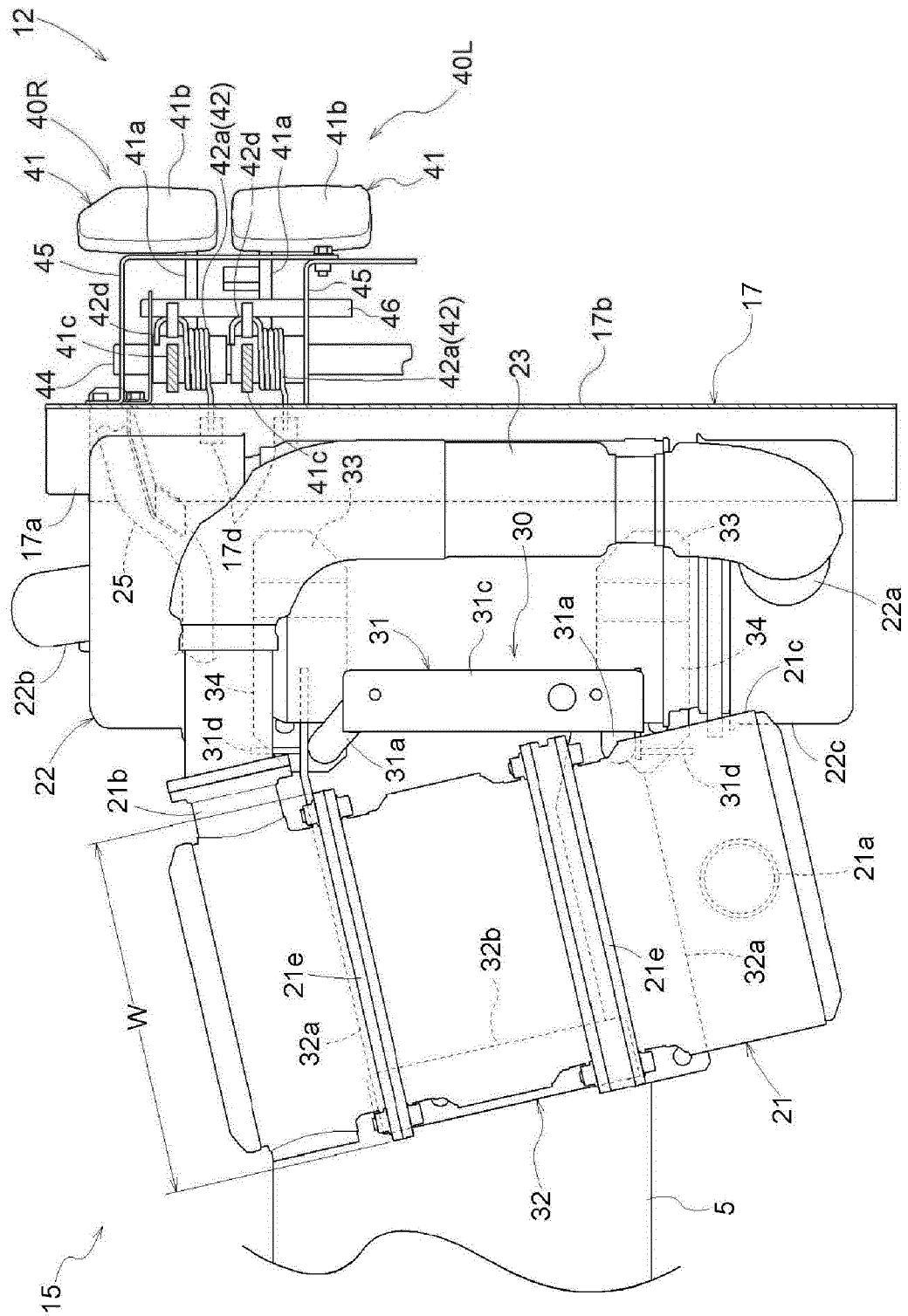


FIG. 5

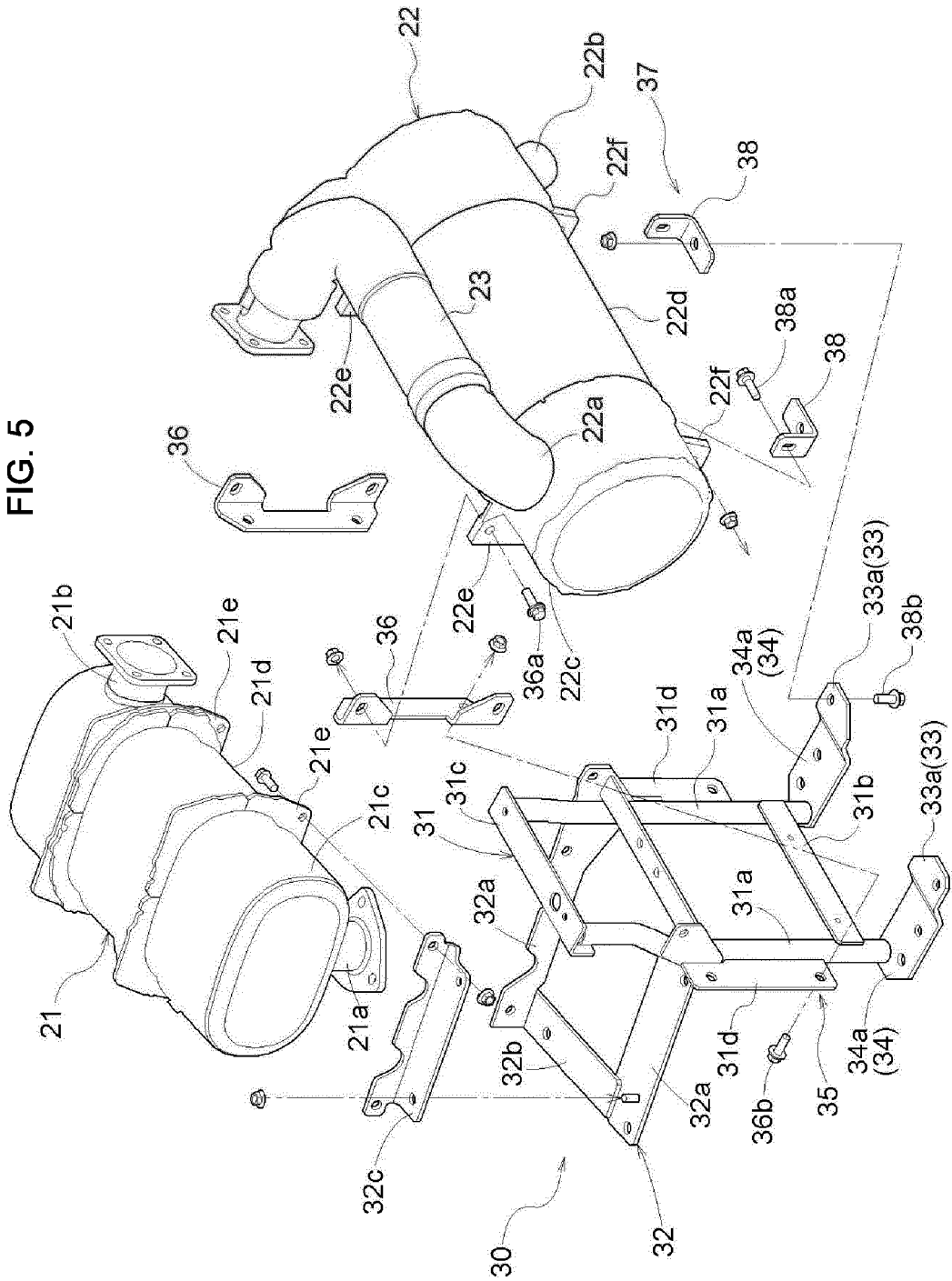


FIG. 6

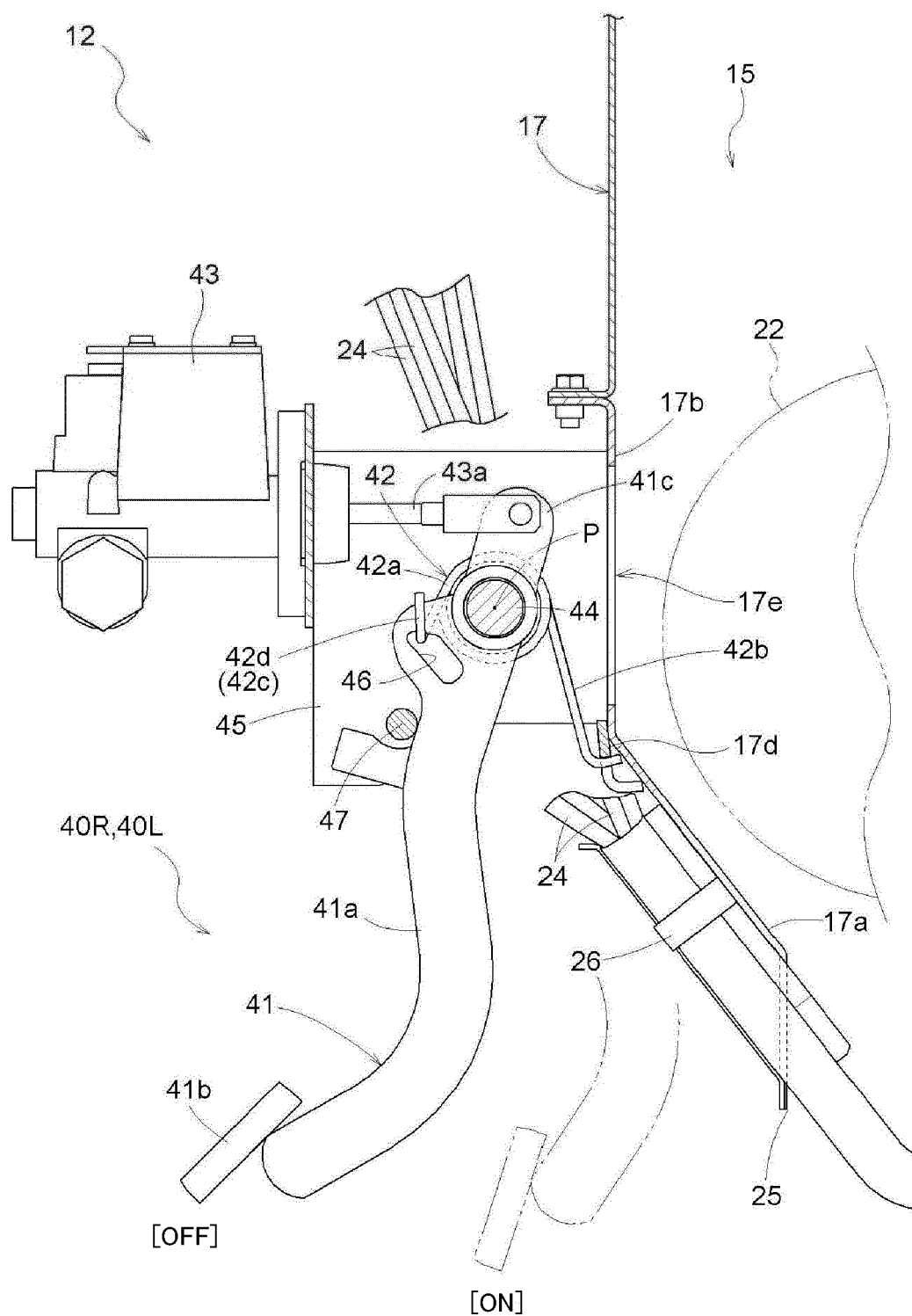
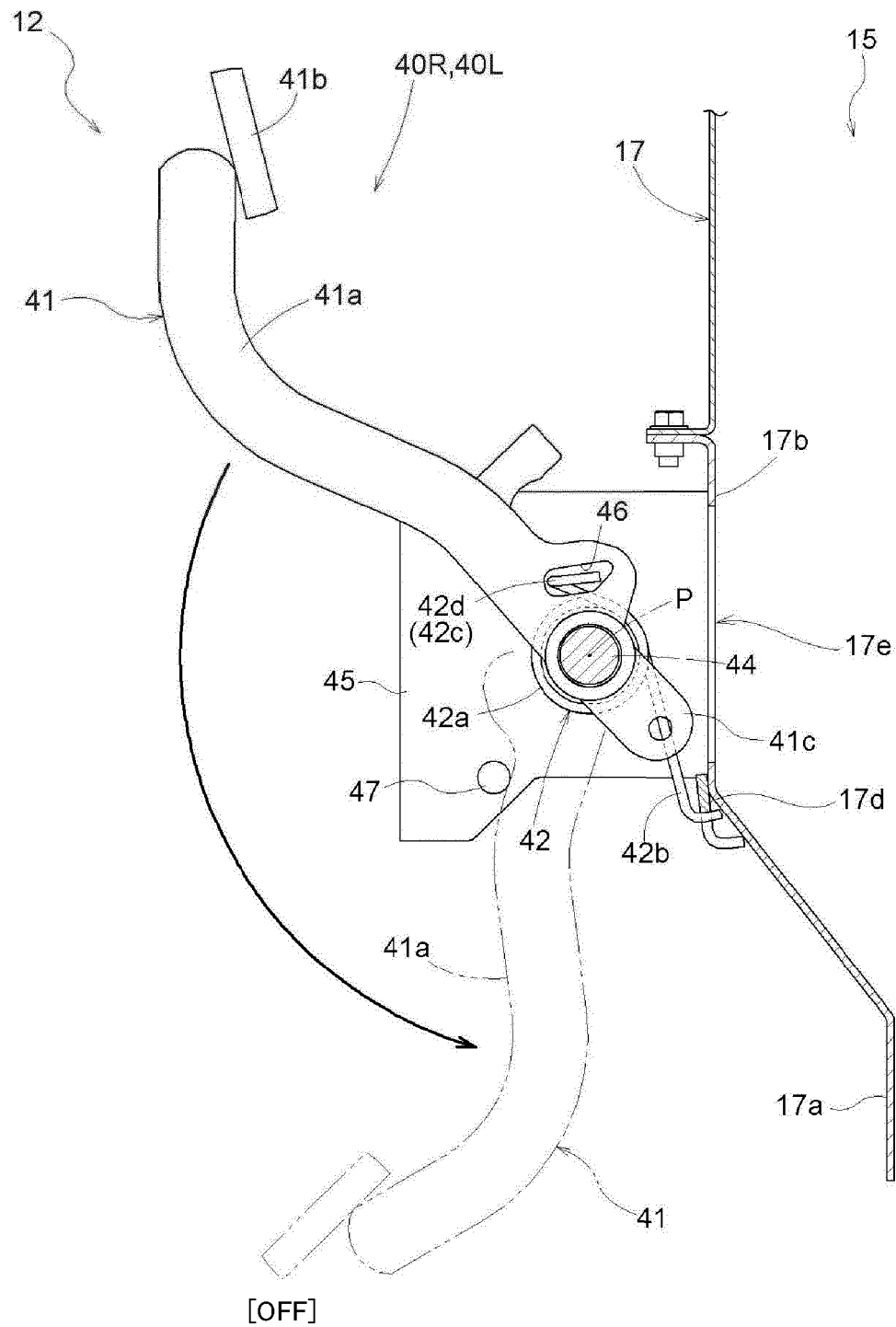


FIG. 7



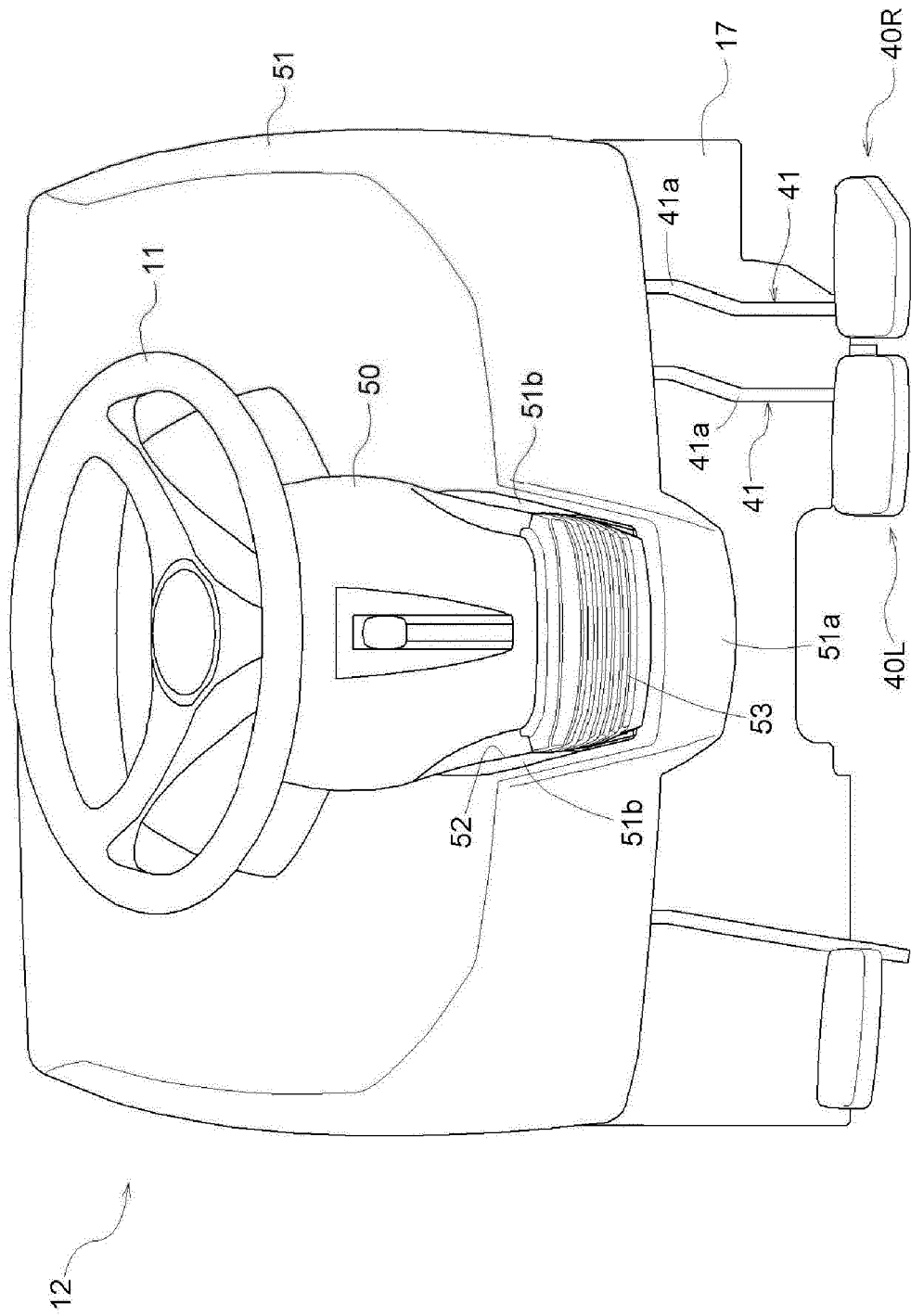


FIG. 8

FIG. 9

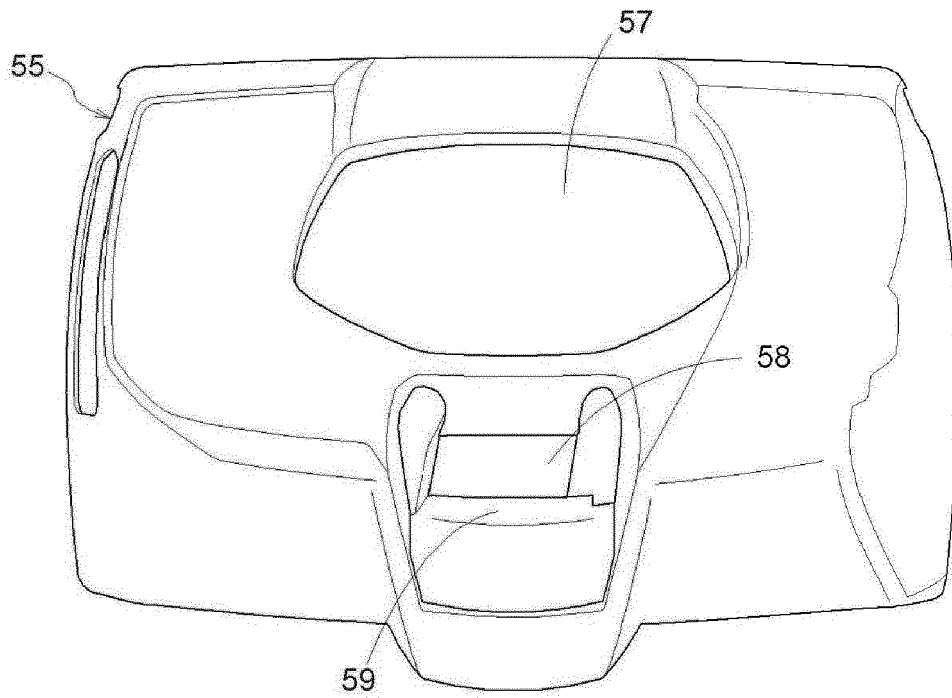
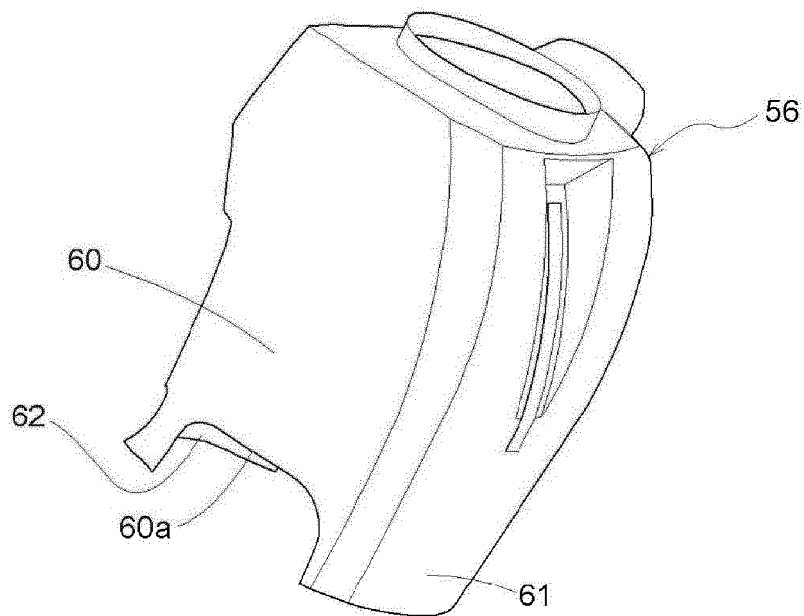


FIG. 10





EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 22 20 3932

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X	WO 2015/093375 A1 (YANMAR CO LTD [JP]) 25 June 2015 (2015-06-25)	1, 2, 4, 6	INV. F01N13/00 F01N13/08
Y	* paragraphs [0003] - [0011], [0016] - [0035] * * figures 1-6 *	3, 5	
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Y	* column 1, line 1 - column 7, line 13 * * figures 1-14 *	3, 5	
Y	US 8 191 668 B2 (KEANE MARTIN JOSEPH [US]; ARCHEY SCOTT IRA [US] ET AL.) 5 June 2012 (2012-06-05) * column 1, line 1 - column 8, line 38 * * figures 1-10 *	3, 5	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC) F01N
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Place of search

Munich

Date of completion of the search

20 March 2023

Examiner

Buecker, Christian

CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS

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**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
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