



(11) **EP 4 387 282 A2**

(12) **EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

(43) Date of publication:
19.06.2024 Bulletin 2024/25

(51) International Patent Classification (IPC):
H04W 4/029 ^(2018.01)

(21) Application number: **24173644.6**

(52) Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC):
**H04L 67/306; H04L 67/52; H04W 4/021;
H04W 4/029**

(22) Date of filing: **22.05.2020**

(84) Designated Contracting States:
**AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB
GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO
PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR**

(30) Priority: **01.06.2019 US 201962856005 P**
30.10.2019 US 201916669187

(62) Document number(s) of the earlier application(s) in
accordance with Art. 76 EPC:
20732041.7 / 3 977 710

(71) Applicant: **Apple Inc.**
Cupertino, CA 95014 (US)

(72) Inventors:
• **BEHZADI, Arian**
Cupertino, 95014 (US)
• **NEEDLE, Rachel**
Cupertino, 95014 (US)

- **RYAN, Nicole R.**
Cupertino, 95014 (US)
- **SKINNER, Katie**
Cupertino, 95014 (US)
- **STORY, Hannah S.**
Cupertino, 95014 (US)
- **VAN OS, Marcel**
Cupertino, 95014 (US)
- **COFFMAN, Patrick L.**
Cupertino, 95014 (US)
- **DE JONG, Frank**
Cupertino, 95014 (US)

(74) Representative: **Zacco Denmark A/S**
Arne Jacobsens Allé 15
2300 Copenhagen S (DK)

Remarks:

This application was filed on 01/05/2024 as a
divisional application to the application mentioned
under INID code 62.

(54) **USER INTERFACES FOR LOCATION-RELATED COMMUNICATIONS**

(57) The present disclosure generally relates to managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account.

EP 4 387 282 A2

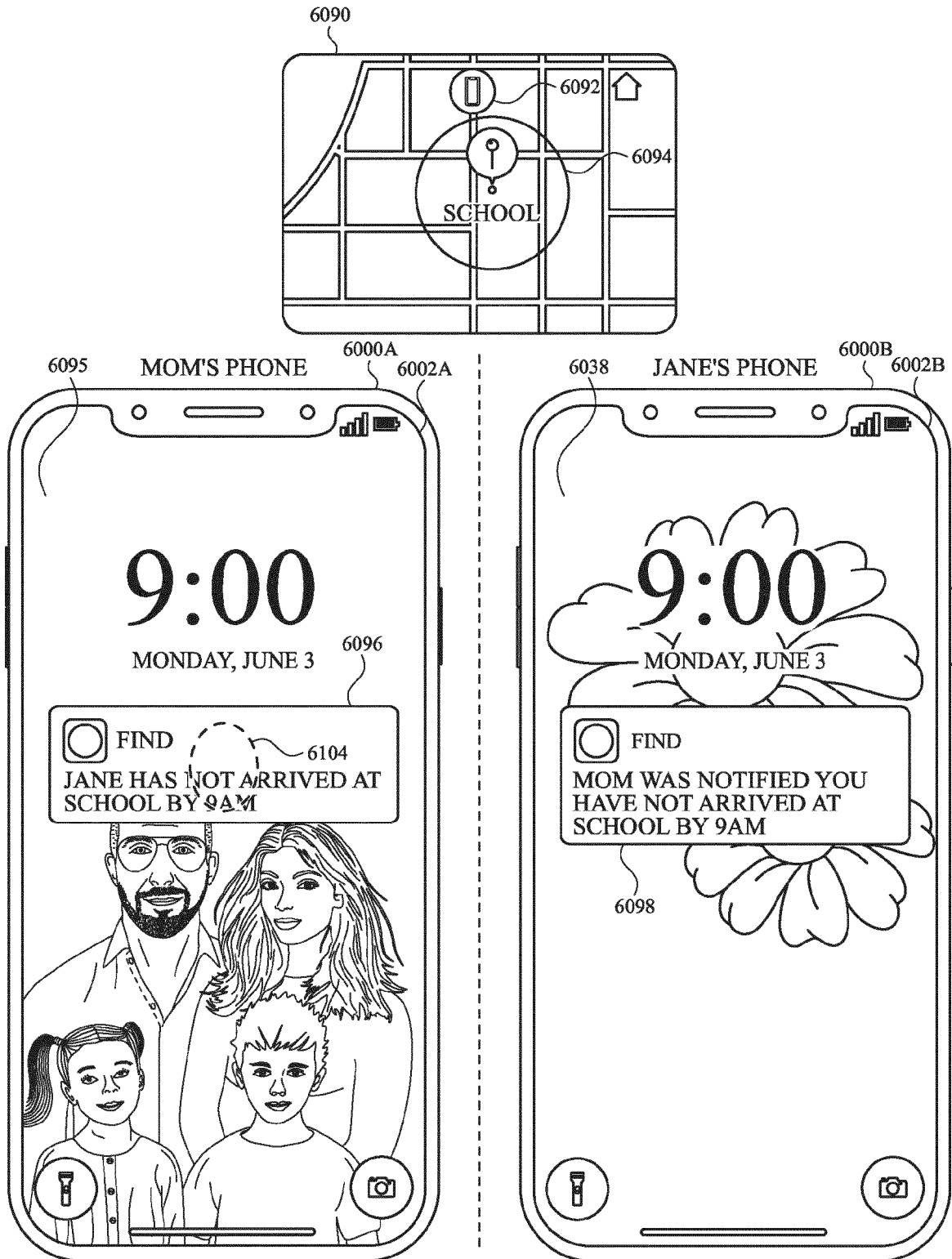


FIG. 60

Description

FIELD

[0001] The present disclosure relates generally to computer user interfaces, and more specifically to techniques for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account.

BACKGROUND

[0002] An electronic device can include hardware and/or software for identifying the current location of the electronic device. Such a device can also communicate its location to one or more other devices.

BRIEF SUMMARY

[0003] Some techniques for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account using electronic devices, however, are generally cumbersome and inefficient. For example, some existing techniques use a complex and time-consuming user interface, which may include multiple key presses or keystrokes. Existing techniques require more time than necessary, wasting user time and device energy. This latter consideration is particularly important in battery-operated devices. Existing techniques may also not provide sufficient notice and security for sensitive, location-related communications.

[0004] Accordingly, the present technique provides electronic devices with faster, more efficient methods and interfaces for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account. Such methods and interfaces optionally complement or replace other methods for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account. Such methods and interfaces reduce the cognitive burden on a user and produce a more efficient human-machine interface. For battery-operated computing devices, such methods and interfaces conserve power and increase the time between battery charges.

[0005] Example methods are described herein. An example method includes, at an electronic device having a display device: while the electronic device is associated with a first user account that shares a location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account: receiving an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in location of the electronic device relative to a first geographic location that satisfy a set of criteria; and after receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria: in accordance with a determination that a set of notification criteria are satisfied, the set of notification criteria including a

criterion that is satisfied when the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified has been received, displaying, via the display device, a notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria.

[0006] Example non-transitory computer-readable storage media are described herein. An example non-transitory computer-readable storage medium stores one or more programs configured to be executed by one or more processors of an electronic device with a display device, the one or more programs including instructions for: while the electronic device is associated with a first user account that shares a location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account: receiving an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in location of the electronic device relative to a first geographic location that satisfy a set of criteria; and after receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria: in accordance with a determination that a set of notification criteria are satisfied, the set of notification criteria including a criterion that is satisfied when the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified has been received, displaying, via the display device, a notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria.

[0007] Example transitory computer-readable storage media are described herein. An example transitory computer-readable storage medium stores one or more programs configured to be executed by one or more processors of an electronic device with a display device, the one or more programs including instructions for: while the electronic device is associated with a first user account that shares a location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account: receiving an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in location of the electronic device relative to a first geographic location that satisfy a set of criteria; and after receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria: in accordance with a determination that a set of notification criteria are satisfied, the set of notification criteria including a criterion that is satisfied when the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified has been received, displaying, via the display device, a notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria.

[0008] Example electronic devices are described herein. An example electronic device includes a display device; one or more processors; and memory storing one or more programs configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including instructions for: while the electronic device is associated with a first user account that shares a location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account: receiving an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in location of the electronic device relative to a first geographic location that satisfy a set of criteria; and after receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria: in accordance with a determination that a set of notification criteria are satisfied, the set of notification criteria including a criterion that is satisfied when the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified has been received, displaying, via the display device, a notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria.

[0009] An example electronic device includes a display device; and means for, while the electronic device is associated with a first user account that shares a location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account: receiving an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in location of the electronic device relative to a first geographic location that satisfy a set of criteria; and after receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria: in accordance with a determination that a set of notification criteria are satisfied, the set of notification criteria including a criterion that is satisfied when the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified has been received, displaying, via the display device, a notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria.

[0010] An example method includes, at an electronic device: while a current location associated with a user account is being evaluated relative to a geographic location and a range of times: in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location; and in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

tionship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

[0011] An example non-transitory computer-readable storage medium stores one or more programs configured to be executed by one or more processors of an electronic device with a display device, the one or more programs including instructions for: while a current location associated with a user account is being evaluated relative to a geographic location and a range of times: in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location; and in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

[0012] An example transitory computer-readable storage medium stores one or more programs configured to be executed by one or more processors of an electronic device with a display device, the one or more programs including instructions for: while a current location associated with a user account is being evaluated relative to a geographic location and a range of times: in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location; and in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

[0013] An example electronic device includes one or more processors; and memory storing one or more programs configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including instructions for: while a current location associated with a user account is being evaluated relative to a geographic location and a range of times: in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location; and in accordance

with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

[0014] An example electronic device includes means for, while a current location associated with a user account is being evaluated relative to a geographic location and a range of times: in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location; and in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

[0015] Executable instructions for performing these functions are, optionally, included in a non-transitory computer-readable storage medium or other computer program product configured for execution by one or more processors. Executable instructions for performing these functions are, optionally, included in a transitory computer-readable storage medium or other computer program product configured for execution by one or more processors.

[0016] Thus, devices are provided with faster, more efficient methods and interfaces for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, thereby increasing the effectiveness, efficiency, and user satisfaction with such devices. Such methods and interfaces may complement or replace other methods for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account.

DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

[0017] For a better understanding of the various described embodiments, reference should be made to the Description of Embodiments below, in conjunction with the following drawings in which like reference numerals refer to corresponding parts throughout the figures.

FIG. 1A is a block diagram illustrating a portable multifunction device with a touch-sensitive display in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 1B is a block diagram illustrating exemplary components for event handling in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 2 illustrates a portable multifunction device having a touch screen in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of an exemplary multifunction device with a display and a touch-sensitive surface in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 4A illustrates an exemplary user interface for a menu of applications on a portable multifunction device in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 4B illustrates an exemplary user interface for a multifunction device with a touch-sensitive surface that is separate from the display in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 5A illustrates a personal electronic device in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 5B is a block diagram illustrating a personal electronic device in accordance with some embodiments.

FIGS. 6A-6U illustrate exemplary user interfaces for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 7 is a flow diagram illustrating a method for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 8 is a flow diagram illustrating a method for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, in accordance with some embodiments.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

[0018] The following description sets forth exemplary methods, parameters, and the like. It should be recognized, however, that such description is not intended as a limitation on the scope of the present disclosure but is instead provided as a description of exemplary embodiments.

[0019] There is a need for electronic devices that provide efficient methods and interfaces for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account. For example, a parent can manage notifications for indicating when another device, such as a child's device that is associated with the child's user account, is not at an expected geographic location for a particular timeframe. Such techniques can reduce the cognitive burden on a user who manages location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, thereby enhancing productivity.

Further, such techniques can reduce processor and battery power otherwise wasted on redundant user inputs.

[0020] Below, FIGS. 1A-1B, 2, 3, 4A-4B, and 5A-5B provide a description of exemplary devices for performing the techniques for managing location-related communications of an electronic device. FIGS. 6A-6U illustrate exemplary user interfaces for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account. FIG. 7 is a flow diagram illustrating methods of managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, in accordance with some embodiments. FIG. 8 is a flow diagram illustrating methods of managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, in accordance with some embodiments. The user interfaces in FIGS. 6A-6U are used to illustrate the processes described below, including the processes in FIGS. 7 and 8.

[0021] Although the following description uses terms "first," "second," etc. to describe various elements, these elements should not be limited by the terms. These terms are only used to distinguish one element from another. For example, a first touch could be termed a second touch, and, similarly, a second touch could be termed a first touch, without departing from the scope of the various described embodiments. The first touch and the second touch are both touches, but they are not the same touch.

[0022] The terminology used in the description of the various described embodiments herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting. As used in the description of the various described embodiments and the appended claims, the singular forms "a," "an," and "the" are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. It will also be understood that the term "and/or" as used herein refers to and encompasses any and all possible combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. It will be further understood that the terms "includes," "including," "comprises," and/or "comprising," when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or components, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, operations, elements, components, and/or groups thereof.

[0023] The term "if" is, optionally, construed to mean "when" or "upon" or "in response to determining" or "in response to detecting," depending on the context. Similarly, the phrase "if it is determined" or "if [a stated condition or event] is detected" is, optionally, construed to mean "upon determining" or "in response to determining" or "upon detecting [the stated condition or event]" or "in response to detecting [the stated condition or event]," depending on the context.

[0024] Embodiments of electronic devices, user interfaces for such devices, and associated processes for using such devices are described. In some embodiments, the device is a portable communications device, such as

a mobile telephone, that also contains other functions, such as PDA and/or music player functions. Exemplary embodiments of portable multifunction devices include, without limitation, the iPhone®, iPod Touch®, and iPad® devices from Apple Inc. of Cupertino, California. Other portable electronic devices, such as laptops or tablet computers with touch-sensitive surfaces (e.g., touch screen displays and/or touchpads), are, optionally, used. It should also be understood that, in some embodiments, the device is not a portable communications device, but is a desktop computer with a touch-sensitive surface (e.g., a touch screen display and/or a touchpad).

[0025] In the discussion that follows, an electronic device that includes a display and a touch-sensitive surface is described. It should be understood, however, that the electronic device optionally includes one or more other physical user-interface devices, such as a physical keyboard, a mouse, and/or a joystick.

[0026] The device typically supports a variety of applications, such as one or more of the following: a drawing application, a presentation application, a word processing application, a website creation application, a disk authoring application, a spreadsheet application, a gaming application, a telephone application, a video conferencing application, an e-mail application, an instant messaging application, a workout support application, a photo management application, a digital camera application, a digital video camera application, a web browsing application, a digital music player application, and/or a digital video player application.

[0027] The various applications that are executed on the device optionally use at least one common physical user-interface device, such as the touch-sensitive surface. One or more functions of the touch-sensitive surface as well as corresponding information displayed on the device are, optionally, adjusted and/or varied from one application to the next and/or within a respective application. In this way, a common physical architecture (such as the touch-sensitive surface) of the device optionally supports the variety of applications with user interfaces that are intuitive and transparent to the user.

[0028] Attention is now directed toward embodiments of portable devices with touch-sensitive displays. FIG. 1A is a block diagram illustrating portable multifunction device 100 with touch-sensitive display system 112 in accordance with some embodiments. Touch-sensitive display 112 is sometimes called a "touch screen" for convenience and is sometimes known as or called a "touch-sensitive display system." Device 100 includes memory 102 (which optionally includes one or more computer-readable storage mediums), memory controller 122, one or more processing units (CPUs) 120, peripherals interface 118, RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, microphone 113, input/output (I/O) subsystem 106, other input control devices 116, and external port 124. Device 100 optionally includes one or more optical sensors 164. Device 100 optionally includes one or more contact intensity sensors 165 for detecting intensity of

contacts on device 100 (e.g., a touch-sensitive surface such as touch-sensitive display system 112 of device 100). Device 100 optionally includes one or more tactile output generators 167 for generating tactile outputs on device 100 (e.g., generating tactile outputs on a touch-sensitive surface such as touch-sensitive display system 112 of device 100 or touchpad 355 of device 300). These components optionally communicate over one or more communication buses or signal lines 103.

[0029] As used in the specification and claims, the term "intensity" of a contact on a touch-sensitive surface refers to the force or pressure (force per unit area) of a contact (e.g., a finger contact) on the touch-sensitive surface, or to a substitute (proxy) for the force or pressure of a contact on the touch-sensitive surface. The intensity of a contact has a range of values that includes at least four distinct values and more typically includes hundreds of distinct values (e.g., at least 256). Intensity of a contact is, optionally, determined (or measured) using various approaches and various sensors or combinations of sensors. For example, one or more force sensors underneath or adjacent to the touch-sensitive surface are, optionally, used to measure force at various points on the touch-sensitive surface. In some implementations, force measurements from multiple force sensors are combined (e.g., a weighted average) to determine an estimated force of a contact. Similarly, a pressure-sensitive tip of a stylus is, optionally, used to determine a pressure of the stylus on the touch-sensitive surface. Alternatively, the size of the contact area detected on the touch-sensitive surface and/or changes thereto, the capacitance of the touch-sensitive surface proximate to the contact and/or changes thereto, and/or the resistance of the touch-sensitive surface proximate to the contact and/or changes thereto are, optionally, used as a substitute for the force or pressure of the contact on the touch-sensitive surface. In some implementations, the substitute measurements for contact force or pressure are used directly to determine whether an intensity threshold has been exceeded (e.g., the intensity threshold is described in units corresponding to the substitute measurements). In some implementations, the substitute measurements for contact force or pressure are converted to an estimated force or pressure, and the estimated force or pressure is used to determine whether an intensity threshold has been exceeded (e.g., the intensity threshold is a pressure threshold measured in units of pressure). Using the intensity of a contact as an attribute of a user input allows for user access to additional device functionality that may otherwise not be accessible by the user on a reduced-size device with limited real estate for displaying affordances (e.g., on a touch-sensitive display) and/or receiving user input (e.g., via a touch-sensitive display, a touch-sensitive surface, or a physical/mechanical control such as a knob or a button).

[0030] As used in the specification and claims, the term "tactile output" refers to physical displacement of a device relative to a previous position of the device, physical dis-

placement of a component (e.g., a touch-sensitive surface) of a device relative to another component (e.g., housing) of the device, or displacement of the component relative to a center of mass of the device that will be detected by a user with the user's sense of touch. For example, in situations where the device or the component of the device is in contact with a surface of a user that is sensitive to touch (e.g., a finger, palm, or other part of a user's hand), the tactile output generated by the physical displacement will be interpreted by the user as a tactile sensation corresponding to a perceived change in physical characteristics of the device or the component of the device. For example, movement of a touch-sensitive surface (e.g., a touch-sensitive display or trackpad) is, optionally, interpreted by the user as a "down click" or "up click" of a physical actuator button. In some cases, a user will feel a tactile sensation such as an "down click" or "up click" even when there is no movement of a physical actuator button associated with the touch-sensitive surface that is physically pressed (e.g., displaced) by the user's movements. As another example, movement of the touch-sensitive surface is, optionally, interpreted or sensed by the user as "roughness" of the touch-sensitive surface, even when there is no change in smoothness of the touch-sensitive surface. While such interpretations of touch by a user will be subject to the individualized sensory perceptions of the user, there are many sensory perceptions of touch that are common to a large majority of users. Thus, when a tactile output is described as corresponding to a particular sensory perception of a user (e.g., an "up click," a "down click," "roughness"), unless otherwise stated, the generated tactile output corresponds to physical displacement of the device or a component thereof that will generate the described sensory perception for a typical (or average) user.

[0031] It should be appreciated that device 100 is only one example of a portable multifunction device, and that device 100 optionally has more or fewer components than shown, optionally combines two or more components, or optionally has a different configuration or arrangement of the components. The various components shown in FIG. 1A are implemented in hardware, software, or a combination of both hardware and software, including one or more signal processing and/or application-specific integrated circuits.

[0032] Memory 102 optionally includes high-speed random access memory and optionally also includes non-volatile memory, such as one or more magnetic disk storage devices, flash memory devices, or other non-volatile solid-state memory devices. Memory controller 122 optionally controls access to memory 102 by other components of device 100.

[0033] Peripherals interface 118 can be used to couple input and output peripherals of the device to CPU 120 and memory 102. The one or more processors 120 run or execute various software programs and/or sets of instructions stored in memory 102 to perform various functions for device 100 and to process data. In some em-

bodiments, peripherals interface 118, CPU 120, and memory controller 122 are, optionally, implemented on a single chip, such as chip 104. In some other embodiments, they are, optionally, implemented on separate chips.

[0034] RF (radio frequency) circuitry 108 receives and sends RF signals, also called electromagnetic signals. RF circuitry 108 converts electrical signals to/from electromagnetic signals and communicates with communications networks and other communications devices via the electromagnetic signals. RF circuitry 108 optionally includes well-known circuitry for performing these functions, including but not limited to an antenna system, an RF transceiver, one or more amplifiers, a tuner, one or more oscillators, a digital signal processor, a CODEC chipset, a subscriber identity module (SIM) card, memory, and so forth. RF circuitry 108 optionally communicates with networks, such as the Internet, also referred to as the World Wide Web (WWW), an intranet and/or a wireless network, such as a cellular telephone network, a wireless local area network (LAN) and/or a metropolitan area network (MAN), and other devices by wireless communication. The RF circuitry 108 optionally includes well-known circuitry for detecting near field communication (NFC) fields, such as by a short-range communication radio. The wireless communication optionally uses any of a plurality of communications standards, protocols, and technologies, including but not limited to Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Enhanced Data GSM Environment (EDGE), high-speed downlink packet access (HSDPA), high-speed uplink packet access (HSUPA), Evolution, Data-Only (EV-DO), HSPA, HSPA+, Dual-Cell HSPA (DC-HSPDA), long term evolution (LTE), near field communication (NFC), wideband code division multiple access (W-CDMA), code division multiple access (CDMA), time division multiple access (TDMA), Bluetooth, Bluetooth Low Energy (BTLE), Wireless Fidelity (Wi-Fi) (e.g., IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11n, and/or IEEE 802.11ac), voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP), Wi-MAX, a protocol for e-mail (e.g., Internet message access protocol (IMAP) and/or post office protocol (POP)), instant messaging (e.g., extensible messaging and presence protocol (XMPP), Session Initiation Protocol for Instant Messaging and Presence Leveraging Extensions (SIMPLE), Instant Messaging and Presence Service (IMPS)), and/or Short Message Service (SMS), or any other suitable communication protocol, including communication protocols not yet developed as of the filing date of this document.

[0035] Audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, and microphone 113 provide an audio interface between a user and device 100. Audio circuitry 110 receives audio data from peripherals interface 118, converts the audio data to an electrical signal, and transmits the electrical signal to speaker 111. Speaker 111 converts the electrical signal to human-audible sound waves. Audio circuitry 110 also receives electrical signals converted by microphone

113 from sound waves. Audio circuitry 110 converts the electrical signal to audio data and transmits the audio data to peripherals interface 118 for processing. Audio data is, optionally, retrieved from and/or transmitted to memory 102 and/or RF circuitry 108 by peripherals interface 118. In some embodiments, audio circuitry 110 also includes a headset jack (e.g., 212, FIG. 2). The headset jack provides an interface between audio circuitry 110 and removable audio input/output peripherals, such as output-only headphones or a headset with both output (e.g., a headphone for one or both ears) and input (e.g., a microphone).

[0036] I/O subsystem 106 couples input/output peripherals on device 100, such as touch screen 112 and other input control devices 116, to peripherals interface 118. I/O subsystem 106 optionally includes display controller 156, optical sensor controller 158, depth camera controller 169, intensity sensor controller 159, haptic feedback controller 161, and one or more input controllers 160 for other input or control devices. The one or more input controllers 160 receive/send electrical signals from/to other input control devices 116. The other input control devices 116 optionally include physical buttons (e.g., push buttons, rocker buttons, etc.), dials, slider switches, joysticks, click wheels, and so forth. In some alternate embodiments, input controller(s) 160 are, optionally, coupled to any (or none) of the following: a keyboard, an infrared port, a USB port, and a pointer device such as a mouse. The one or more buttons (e.g., 208, FIG. 2) optionally include an up/down button for volume control of speaker 111 and/or microphone 113. The one or more buttons optionally include a push button (e.g., 206, FIG. 2).

[0037] A quick press of the push button optionally disengages a lock of touch screen 112 or optionally begins a process that uses gestures on the touch screen to unlock the device, as described in U.S. Patent Application 11/322,549, "Unlocking a Device by Performing Gestures on an Unlock Image," filed December 23, 2005, U.S. Pat. No. 7,657,849, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. A longer press of the push button (e.g., 206) optionally turns power to device 100 on or off. The functionality of one or more of the buttons are, optionally, user-customizable. Touch screen 112 is used to implement virtual or soft buttons and one or more soft keyboards.

[0038] Touch-sensitive display 112 provides an input interface and an output interface between the device and a user. Display controller 156 receives and/or sends electrical signals from/to touch screen 112. Touch screen 112 displays visual output to the user. The visual output optionally includes graphics, text, icons, video, and any combination thereof (collectively termed "graphics"). In some embodiments, some or all of the visual output optionally corresponds to user-interface objects.

[0039] Touch screen 112 has a touch-sensitive surface, sensor, or set of sensors that accepts input from the user based on haptic and/or tactile contact. Touch

screen 112 and display controller 156 (along with any associated modules and/or sets of instructions in memory 102) detect contact (and any movement or breaking of the contact) on touch screen 112 and convert the detected contact into interaction with user-interface objects (e.g., one or more soft keys, icons, web pages, or images) that are displayed on touch screen 112. In an exemplary embodiment, a point of contact between touch screen 112 and the user corresponds to a finger of the user.

[0040] Touch screen 112 optionally uses LCD (liquid crystal display) technology, LPD (light emitting polymer display) technology, or LED (light emitting diode) technology, although other display technologies are used in other embodiments. Touch screen 112 and display controller 156 optionally detect contact and any movement or breaking thereof using any of a plurality of touch sensing technologies now known or later developed, including but not limited to capacitive, resistive, infrared, and surface acoustic wave technologies, as well as other proximity sensor arrays or other elements for determining one or more points of contact with touch screen 112. In an exemplary embodiment, projected mutual capacitance sensing technology is used, such as that found in the iPhone® and iPod Touch® from Apple Inc. of Cupertino, California.

[0041] A touch-sensitive display in some embodiments of touch screen 112 is, optionally, analogous to the multi-touch sensitive touchpads described in the following U.S. Patents: 6,323,846 (Westerman et al.), 6,570,557 (Westerman et al.), and/or 6,677,932 (Westerman), and/or U.S. Patent Publication 2002/0015024A1, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. However, touch screen 112 displays visual output from device 100, whereas touch-sensitive touchpads do not provide visual output.

[0042] A touch-sensitive display in some embodiments of touch screen 112 is described in the following applications: (1) U.S. Patent Application No. 11/381,313, "Multipoint Touch Surface Controller," filed May 2, 2006; (2) U.S. Patent Application No. 10/840,862, "Multipoint Touchscreen," filed May 6, 2004; (3) U.S. Patent Application No. 10/903,964, "Gestures For Touch Sensitive Input Devices," filed July 30, 2004; (4) U.S. Patent Application No. 11/048,264, "Gestures For Touch Sensitive Input Devices," filed January 31, 2005; (5) U.S. Patent Application No. 11/038,590, "Mode-Based Graphical User Interfaces For Touch Sensitive Input Devices," filed January 18, 2005; (6) U.S. Patent Application No. 11/228,758, "Virtual Input Device Placement On A Touch Screen User Interface," filed September 16, 2005; (7) U.S. Patent Application No. 11/228,700, "Operation Of A Computer With A Touch Screen Interface," filed September 16, 2005; (8) U.S. Patent Application No. 11/228,737, "Activating Virtual Keys Of A Touch-Screen Virtual Keyboard," filed September 16, 2005; and (9) U.S. Patent Application No. 11/367,749, "Multi-Functional Hand-Held Device," filed March 3, 2006. All of these applications are incorporated by reference herein in their

entirety.

[0043] Touch screen 112 optionally has a video resolution in excess of 100 dpi. In some embodiments, the touch screen has a video resolution of approximately 160 dpi. The user optionally makes contact with touch screen 112 using any suitable object or appendage, such as a stylus, a finger, and so forth. In some embodiments, the user interface is designed to work primarily with finger-based contacts and gestures, which can be less precise than stylus-based input due to the larger area of contact of a finger on the touch screen. In some embodiments, the device translates the rough finger-based input into a precise pointer/cursor position or command for performing the actions desired by the user.

[0044] In some embodiments, in addition to the touch screen, device 100 optionally includes a touchpad for activating or deactivating particular functions. In some embodiments, the touchpad is a touch-sensitive area of the device that, unlike the touch screen, does not display visual output. The touchpad is, optionally, a touch-sensitive surface that is separate from touch screen 112 or an extension of the touch-sensitive surface formed by the touch screen.

[0045] Device 100 also includes power system 162 for powering the various components. Power system 162 optionally includes a power management system, one or more power sources (e.g., battery, alternating current (AC)), a recharging system, a power failure detection circuit, a power converter or inverter, a power status indicator (e.g., a light-emitting diode (LED)) and any other components associated with the generation, management and distribution of power in portable devices.

[0046] Device 100 optionally also includes one or more optical sensors 164. FIG. 1A shows an optical sensor coupled to optical sensor controller 158 in I/O subsystem 106. Optical sensor 164 optionally includes charge-coupled device (CCD) or complementary metal-oxide semiconductor (CMOS) phototransistors. Optical sensor 164 receives light from the environment, projected through one or more lenses, and converts the light to data representing an image. In conjunction with imaging module 143 (also called a camera module), optical sensor 164 optionally captures still images or video. In some embodiments, an optical sensor is located on the back of device 100, opposite touch screen display 112 on the front of the device so that the touch screen display is enabled for use as a viewfinder for still and/or video image acquisition. In some embodiments, an optical sensor is located on the front of the device so that the user's image is, optionally, obtained for video conferencing while the user views the other video conference participants on the touch screen display. In some embodiments, the position of optical sensor 164 can be changed by the user (e.g., by rotating the lens and the sensor in the device housing) so that a single optical sensor 164 is used along with the touch screen display for both video conferencing and still and/or video image acquisition.

[0047] Device 100 optionally also includes one or more

depth camera sensors 175. FIG. 1A shows a depth camera sensor coupled to depth camera controller 169 in I/O subsystem 106. Depth camera sensor 175 receives data from the environment to create a three dimensional model of an object (e.g., a face) within a scene from a viewpoint (e.g., a depth camera sensor). In some embodiments, in conjunction with imaging module 143 (also called a camera module), depth camera sensor 175 is optionally used to determine a depth map of different portions of an image captured by the imaging module 143. In some embodiments, a depth camera sensor is located on the front of device 100 so that the user's image with depth information is, optionally, obtained for video conferencing while the user views the other video conference participants on the touch screen display and to capture selfies with depth map data. In some embodiments, the depth camera sensor 175 is located on the back of device, or on the back and the front of the device 100. In some embodiments, the position of depth camera sensor 175 can be changed by the user (e.g., by rotating the lens and the sensor in the device housing) so that a depth camera sensor 175 is used along with the touch screen display for both video conferencing and still and/or video image acquisition.

[0048] Device 100 optionally also includes one or more contact intensity sensors 165. FIG. 1A shows a contact intensity sensor coupled to intensity sensor controller 159 in I/O subsystem 106. Contact intensity sensor 165 optionally includes one or more piezoresistive strain gauges, capacitive force sensors, electric force sensors, piezoelectric force sensors, optical force sensors, capacitive touch-sensitive surfaces, or other intensity sensors (e.g., sensors used to measure the force (or pressure) of a contact on a touch-sensitive surface). Contact intensity sensor 165 receives contact intensity information (e.g., pressure information or a proxy for pressure information) from the environment. In some embodiments, at least one contact intensity sensor is collocated with, or proximate to, a touch-sensitive surface (e.g., touch-sensitive display system 112). In some embodiments, at least one contact intensity sensor is located on the back of device 100, opposite touch screen display 112, which is located on the front of device 100.

[0049] Device 100 optionally also includes one or more proximity sensors 166. FIG. 1A shows proximity sensor 166 coupled to peripherals interface 118. Alternately, proximity sensor 166 is, optionally, coupled to input controller 160 in I/O subsystem 106. Proximity sensor 166 optionally performs as described in U.S. Patent Application Nos. 11/241,839, "Proximity Detector In Handheld Device"; 11/240,788, "Proximity Detector In Handheld Device"; 11/620,702, "Using Ambient Light Sensor To Augment Proximity Sensor Output"; 11/586,862, "Automated Response To And Sensing Of User Activity In Portable Devices"; and 11/638,251, "Methods And Systems For Automatic Configuration Of Peripherals," which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. In some embodiments, the proximity sensor turns off and

disables touch screen 112 when the multifunction device is placed near the user's ear (e.g., when the user is making a phone call).

[0050] Device 100 optionally also includes one or more tactile output generators 167. FIG. 1A shows a tactile output generator coupled to haptic feedback controller 161 in I/O subsystem 106. Tactile output generator 167 optionally includes one or more electroacoustic devices such as speakers or other audio components and/or electromechanical devices that convert energy into linear motion such as a motor, solenoid, electroactive polymer, piezoelectric actuator, electrostatic actuator, or other tactile output generating component (e.g., a component that converts electrical signals into tactile outputs on the device). Contact intensity sensor 165 receives tactile feedback generation instructions from haptic feedback module 133 and generates tactile outputs on device 100 that are capable of being sensed by a user of device 100. In some embodiments, at least one tactile output generator is collocated with, or proximate to, a touch-sensitive surface (e.g., touch-sensitive display system 112) and, optionally, generates a tactile output by moving the touch-sensitive surface vertically (e.g., in/out of a surface of device 100) or laterally (e.g., back and forth in the same plane as a surface of device 100). In some embodiments, at least one tactile output generator sensor is located on the back of device 100, opposite touch screen display 112, which is located on the front of device 100.

[0051] Device 100 optionally also includes one or more accelerometers 168. FIG. 1A shows accelerometer 168 coupled to peripherals interface 118. Alternately, accelerometer 168 is, optionally, coupled to an input controller 160 in I/O subsystem 106. Accelerometer 168 optionally performs as described in U.S. Patent Publication No. 20050190059, "Acceleration-based Theft Detection System for Portable Electronic Devices," and U.S. Patent Publication No. 20060017692, "Methods And Apparatuses For Operating A Portable Device Based On An Accelerometer," both of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety. In some embodiments, information is displayed on the touch screen display in a portrait view or a landscape view based on an analysis of data received from the one or more accelerometers. Device 100 optionally includes, in addition to accelerometer(s) 168, a magnetometer and a GPS (or GLONASS or other global navigation system) receiver for obtaining information concerning the location and orientation (e.g., portrait or landscape) of device 100.

[0052] In some embodiments, the software components stored in memory 102 include operating system 126, communication module (or set of instructions) 128, contact/motion module (or set of instructions) 130, graphics module (or set of instructions) 132, text input module (or set of instructions) 134, Global Positioning System (GPS) module (or set of instructions) 135, and applications (or sets of instructions) 136. Furthermore, in some embodiments, memory 102 (FIG. 1A) or 370 (FIG. 3) stores device/global internal state 157, as shown in FIGS.

1A and 3. Device/global internal state 157 includes one or more of: active application state, indicating which applications, if any, are currently active; display state, indicating what applications, views or other information occupy various regions of touch screen display 112; sensor state, including information obtained from the device's various sensors and input control devices 116; and location information concerning the device's location and/or attitude.

[0053] Operating system 126 (e.g., Darwin, RTXC, LINUX, UNIX, OS X, iOS, WINDOWS, or an embedded operating system such as VxWorks) includes various software components and/or drivers for controlling and managing general system tasks (e.g., memory management, storage device control, power management, etc.) and facilitates communication between various hardware and software components.

[0054] Communication module 128 facilitates communication with other devices over one or more external ports 124 and also includes various software components for handling data received by RF circuitry 108 and/or external port 124. External port 124 (e.g., Universal Serial Bus (USB), FIREWIRE, etc.) is adapted for coupling directly to other devices or indirectly over a network (e.g., the Internet, wireless LAN, etc.). In some embodiments, the external port is a multi-pin (e.g., 30-pin) connector that is the same as, or similar to and/or compatible with, the 30-pin connector used on iPod® (trademark of Apple Inc.) devices.

[0055] Contact/motion module 130 optionally detects contact with touch screen 112 (in conjunction with display controller 156) and other touch-sensitive devices (e.g., a touchpad or physical click wheel). Contact/motion module 130 includes various software components for performing various operations related to detection of contact, such as determining if contact has occurred (e.g., detecting a finger-down event), determining an intensity of the contact (e.g., the force or pressure of the contact or a substitute for the force or pressure of the contact), determining if there is movement of the contact and tracking the movement across the touch-sensitive surface (e.g., detecting one or more finger-dragging events), and determining if the contact has ceased (e.g., detecting a finger-up event or a break in contact). Contact/motion module 130 receives contact data from the touch-sensitive surface. Determining movement of the point of contact, which is represented by a series of contact data, optionally includes determining speed (magnitude), velocity (magnitude and direction), and/or an acceleration (a change in magnitude and/or direction) of the point of contact. These operations are, optionally, applied to single contacts (e.g., one finger contacts) or to multiple simultaneous contacts (e.g., "multitouch"/multiple finger contacts). In some embodiments, contact/motion module 130 and display controller 156 detect contact on a touchpad.

[0056] In some embodiments, contact/motion module 130 uses a set of one or more intensity thresholds to

determine whether an operation has been performed by a user (e.g., to determine whether a user has "clicked" on an icon). In some embodiments, at least a subset of the intensity thresholds are determined in accordance with software parameters (e.g., the intensity thresholds are not determined by the activation thresholds of particular physical actuators and can be adjusted without changing the physical hardware of device 100). For example, a mouse "click" threshold of a trackpad or touch screen display can be set to any of a large range of predefined threshold values without changing the trackpad or touch screen display hardware. Additionally, in some implementations, a user of the device is provided with software settings for adjusting one or more of the set of intensity thresholds (e.g., by adjusting individual intensity thresholds and/or by adjusting a plurality of intensity thresholds at once with a system-level click "intensity" parameter).

[0057] Contact/motion module 130 optionally detects a gesture input by a user. Different gestures on the touch-sensitive surface have different contact patterns (e.g., different motions, timings, and/or intensities of detected contacts). Thus, a gesture is, optionally, detected by detecting a particular contact pattern. For example, detecting a finger tap gesture includes detecting a finger-down event followed by detecting a finger-up (liftoff) event at the same position (or substantially the same position) as the finger-down event (e.g., at the position of an icon). As another example, detecting a finger swipe gesture on the touch-sensitive surface includes detecting a finger-down event followed by detecting one or more finger-dragging events, and subsequently followed by detecting a finger-up (liftoff) event.

[0058] Graphics module 132 includes various known software components for rendering and displaying graphics on touch screen 112 or other display, including components for changing the visual impact (e.g., brightness, transparency, saturation, contrast, or other visual property) of graphics that are displayed. As used herein, the term "graphics" includes any object that can be displayed to a user, including, without limitation, text, web pages, icons (such as user-interface objects including soft keys), digital images, videos, animations, and the like.

[0059] In some embodiments, graphics module 132 stores data representing graphics to be used. Each graphic is, optionally, assigned a corresponding code. Graphics module 132 receives, from applications etc., one or more codes specifying graphics to be displayed along with, if necessary, coordinate data and other graphic property data, and then generates screen image data to output to display controller 156.

[0060] Haptic feedback module 133 includes various software components for generating instructions used by tactile output generator(s) 167 to produce tactile outputs at one or more locations on device 100 in response to user interactions with device 100.

[0061] Text input module 134, which is, optionally, a

component of graphics module 132, provides soft keyboards for entering text in various applications (e.g., contacts 137, e-mail 140, IM 141, browser 147, and any other application that needs text input).

[0062] GPS module 135 determines the location of the device and provides this information for use in various applications (e.g., to telephone 138 for use in location-based dialing; to camera 143 as picture/video metadata; and to applications that provide location-based services such as weather widgets, local yellow page widgets, and map/navigation widgets).

[0063] Applications 136 optionally include the following modules (or sets of instructions), or a subset or superset thereof:

- Contacts module 137 (sometimes called an address book or contact list);
- Telephone module 138;
- Video conference module 139;
- E-mail client module 140;
- Instant messaging (IM) module 141;
- Workout support module 142;
- Camera module 143 for still and/or video images;
- Image management module 144;
- Video player module;
- Music player module;
- Browser module 147;
- Calendar module 148;
- Widget modules 149, which optionally include one or more of: weather widget 149-1, stocks widget 149-2, calculator widget 149-3, alarm clock widget 149-4, dictionary widget 149-5, and other widgets obtained by the user, as well as user-created widgets 149-6;
- Widget creator module 150 for making user-created widgets 149-6;
- Search module 151;
- Video and music player module 152, which merges video player module and music player module;
- Notes module 153;
- Map module 154; and/or

- Online video module 155.

[0064] Examples of other applications 136 that are, optionally, stored in memory 102 include other word processing applications, other image editing applications, drawing applications, presentation applications, JAVA-enabled applications, encryption, digital rights management, voice recognition, and voice replication.

[0065] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, contacts module 137 are, optionally, used to manage an address book or contact list (e.g., stored in application internal state 192 of contacts module 137 in memory 102 or memory 370), including: adding name(s) to the address book; deleting name(s) from the address book; associating telephone number(s), e-mail address(es), physical address(es) or other information with a name; associating an image with a name; categorizing and sorting names; providing telephone numbers or e-mail addresses to initiate and/or facilitate communications by telephone 138, video conference module 139, e-mail 140, or IM 141; and so forth.

[0066] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, microphone 113, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, telephone module 138 are optionally, used to enter a sequence of characters corresponding to a telephone number, access one or more telephone numbers in contacts module 137, modify a telephone number that has been entered, dial a respective telephone number, conduct a conversation, and disconnect or hang up when the conversation is completed. As noted above, the wireless communication optionally uses any of a plurality of communications standards, protocols, and technologies.

[0067] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, microphone 113, touch screen 112, display controller 156, optical sensor 164, optical sensor controller 158, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, contacts module 137, and telephone module 138, video conference module 139 includes executable instructions to initiate, conduct, and terminate a video conference between a user and one or more other participants in accordance with user instructions.

[0068] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, e-mail client module 140 includes executable instructions to create, send, receive, and manage e-mail in response to user instructions. In conjunction with image management module 144, e-mail client module 140 makes it very easy to create and send e-mails with still or video images taken with camera module 143.

[0069] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the instant messaging module 141 includes executable

instructions to enter a sequence of characters corresponding to an instant message, to modify previously entered characters, to transmit a respective instant message (for example, using a Short Message Service (SMS) or Multimedia Message Service (MMS) protocol for telephony-based instant messages or using XMPP, SIMPLE, or IMPS for Internet-based instant messages), to receive instant messages, and to view received instant messages. In some embodiments, transmitted and/or received instant messages optionally include graphics, photos, audio files, video files and/or other attachments as are supported in an MMS and/or an Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS). As used herein, "instant messaging" refers to both telephony-based messages (e.g., messages sent using SMS or MMS) and Internet-based messages (e.g., messages sent using XMPP, SIMPLE, or IMPS).

[0070] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, GPS module 135, map module 154, and music player module, workout support module 142 includes executable instructions to create workouts (e.g., with time, distance, and/or calorie burning goals); communicate with workout sensors (sports devices); receive workout sensor data; calibrate sensors used to monitor a workout; select and play music for a workout; and display, store, and transmit workout data.

[0071] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, optical sensor(s) 164, optical sensor controller 158, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, and image management module 144, camera module 143 includes executable instructions to capture still images or video (including a video stream) and store them into memory 102, modify characteristics of a still image or video, or delete a still image or video from memory 102.

[0072] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, and camera module 143, image management module 144 includes executable instructions to arrange, modify (e.g., edit), or otherwise manipulate, label, delete, present (e.g., in a digital slide show or album), and store still and/or video images.

[0073] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, browser module 147 includes executable instructions to browse the Internet in accordance with user instructions, including searching, linking to, receiving, and displaying web pages or portions thereof, as well as attachments and other files linked to web pages.

[0074] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, e-mail client module 140, and browser module 147, calendar module 148 includes executable instructions to create, display, modify, and store calendars and data asso-

ciated with calendars (e.g., calendar entries, to-do lists, etc.) in accordance with user instructions.

[0075] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, and browser module 147, widget modules 149 are mini-applications that are, optionally, downloaded and used by a user (e.g., weather widget 149-1, stocks widget 149-2, calculator widget 149-3, alarm clock widget 149-4, and dictionary widget 149-5) or created by the user (e.g., user-created widget 149-6). In some embodiments, a widget includes an HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) file, a CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) file, and a JavaScript file. In some embodiments, a widget includes an XML (Extensible Markup Language) file and a JavaScript file (e.g., Yahoo! Widgets).

[0076] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, and browser module 147, the widget creator module 150 are, optionally, used by a user to create widgets (e.g., turning a user-specified portion of a web page into a widget).

[0077] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, search module 151 includes executable instructions to search for text, music, sound, image, video, and/or other files in memory 102 that match one or more search criteria (e.g., one or more user-specified search terms) in accordance with user instructions.

[0078] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, RF circuitry 108, and browser module 147, video and music player module 152 includes executable instructions that allow the user to download and play back recorded music and other sound files stored in one or more file formats, such as MP3 or AAC files, and executable instructions to display, present, or otherwise play back videos (e.g., on touch screen 112 or on an external, connected display via external port 124). In some embodiments, device 100 optionally includes the functionality of an MP3 player, such as an iPod (trademark of Apple Inc.).

[0079] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, notes module 153 includes executable instructions to create and manage notes, to-do lists, and the like in accordance with user instructions.

[0080] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, GPS module 135, and browser module 147, map module 154 are, optionally, used to receive, display, modify, and store maps and data associated with maps (e.g., driving directions, data on stores and other points of interest at or near a particular location, and other location-based

data) in accordance with user instructions.

[0081] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact/motion module 130, graphics module 132, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, RF circuitry 108, text input module 134, e-mail client module 140, and browser module 147, online video module 155 includes instructions that allow the user to access, browse, receive (e.g., by streaming and/or download), play back (e.g., on the touch screen or on an external, connected display via external port 124), send an e-mail with a link to a particular online video, and otherwise manage online videos in one or more file formats, such as H.264. In some embodiments, instant messaging module 141, rather than e-mail client module 140, is used to send a link to a particular online video. Additional description of the online video application can be found in U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/936,562, "Portable Multifunction Device, Method, and Graphical User Interface for Playing Online Videos," filed June 20, 2007, and U.S. Patent Application No. 11/968,067, "Portable Multifunction Device, Method, and Graphical User Interface for Playing Online Videos," filed December 31, 2007, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

[0082] Each of the above-identified modules and applications corresponds to a set of executable instructions for performing one or more functions described above and the methods described in this application (e.g., the computer-implemented methods and other information processing methods described herein). These modules (e.g., sets of instructions) need not be implemented as separate software programs, procedures, or modules, and thus various subsets of these modules are, optionally, combined or otherwise rearranged in various embodiments. For example, video player module is, optionally, combined with music player module into a single module (e.g., video and music player module 152, FIG. 1A). In some embodiments, memory 102 optionally stores a subset of the modules and data structures identified above. Furthermore, memory 102 optionally stores additional modules and data structures not described above.

[0083] In some embodiments, device 100 is a device where operation of a predefined set of functions on the device is performed exclusively through a touch screen and/or a touchpad. By using a touch screen and/or a touchpad as the primary input control device for operation of device 100, the number of physical input control devices (such as push buttons, dials, and the like) on device 100 is, optionally, reduced.

[0084] The predefined set of functions that are performed exclusively through a touch screen and/or a touchpad optionally include navigation between user interfaces. In some embodiments, the touchpad, when touched by the user, navigates device 100 to a main, home, or root menu from any user interface that is displayed on device 100. In such embodiments, a "menu button" is implemented using a touchpad. In some other

embodiments, the menu button is a physical push button or other physical input control device instead of a touchpad.

[0085] FIG. 1B is a block diagram illustrating exemplary components for event handling in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, memory 102 (FIG. 1A) or 370 (FIG. 3) includes event sorter 170 (e.g., in operating system 126) and a respective application 136-1 (e.g., any of the aforementioned applications 137-151, 155, 380-390).

[0086] Event sorter 170 receives event information and determines the application 136-1 and application view 191 of application 136-1 to which to deliver the event information. Event sorter 170 includes event monitor 171 and event dispatcher module 174. In some embodiments, application 136-1 includes application internal state 192, which indicates the current application view(s) displayed on touch-sensitive display 112 when the application is active or executing. In some embodiments, device/global internal state 157 is used by event sorter 170 to determine which application(s) is (are) currently active, and application internal state 192 is used by event sorter 170 to determine application views 191 to which to deliver event information.

[0087] In some embodiments, application internal state 192 includes additional information, such as one or more of: resume information to be used when application 136-1 resumes execution, user interface state information that indicates information being displayed or that is ready for display by application 136-1, a state queue for enabling the user to go back to a prior state or view of application 136-1, and a redo/undo queue of previous actions taken by the user.

[0088] Event monitor 171 receives event information from peripherals interface 118. Event information includes information about a sub-event (e.g., a user touch on touch-sensitive display 112, as part of a multi-touch gesture). Peripherals interface 118 transmits information it receives from I/O subsystem 106 or a sensor, such as proximity sensor 166, accelerometer(s) 168, and/or microphone 113 (through audio circuitry 110). Information that peripherals interface 118 receives from I/O subsystem 106 includes information from touch-sensitive display 112 or a touch-sensitive surface.

[0089] In some embodiments, event monitor 171 sends requests to the peripherals interface 118 at predetermined intervals. In response, peripherals interface 118 transmits event information. In other embodiments, peripherals interface 118 transmits event information only when there is a significant event (e.g., receiving an input above a predetermined noise threshold and/or for more than a predetermined duration).

[0090] In some embodiments, event sorter 170 also includes a hit view determination module 172 and/or an active event recognizer determination module 173.

[0091] Hit view determination module 172 provides software procedures for determining where a sub-event has taken place within one or more views when touch-

sensitive display 112 displays more than one view. Views are made up of controls and other elements that a user can see on the display.

[0092] Another aspect of the user interface associated with an application is a set of views, sometimes herein called application views or user interface windows, in which information is displayed and touch-based gestures occur. The application views (of a respective application) in which a touch is detected optionally correspond to programmatic levels within a programmatic or view hierarchy of the application. For example, the lowest level view in which a touch is detected is, optionally, called the hit view, and the set of events that are recognized as proper inputs are, optionally, determined based, at least in part, on the hit view of the initial touch that begins a touch-based gesture.

[0093] Hit view determination module 172 receives information related to sub-events of a touch-based gesture. When an application has multiple views organized in a hierarchy, hit view determination module 172 identifies a hit view as the lowest view in the hierarchy which should handle the sub-event. In most circumstances, the hit view is the lowest level view in which an initiating sub-event occurs (e.g., the first sub-event in the sequence of sub-events that form an event or potential event). Once the hit view is identified by the hit view determination module 172, the hit view typically receives all sub-events related to the same touch or input source for which it was identified as the hit view.

[0094] Active event recognizer determination module 173 determines which view or views within a view hierarchy should receive a particular sequence of sub-events. In some embodiments, active event recognizer determination module 173 determines that only the hit view should receive a particular sequence of sub-events. In other embodiments, active event recognizer determination module 173 determines that all views that include the physical location of a sub-event are actively involved views, and therefore determines that all actively involved views should receive a particular sequence of sub-events. In other embodiments, even if touch sub-events were entirely confined to the area associated with one particular view, views higher in the hierarchy would still remain as actively involved views.

[0095] Event dispatcher module 174 dispatches the event information to an event recognizer (e.g., event recognizer 180). In embodiments including active event recognizer determination module 173, event dispatcher module 174 delivers the event information to an event recognizer determined by active event recognizer determination module 173. In some embodiments, event dispatcher module 174 stores in an event queue the event information, which is retrieved by a respective event receiver 182.

[0096] In some embodiments, operating system 126 includes event sorter 170. Alternatively, application 136-1 includes event sorter 170. In yet other embodiments, event sorter 170 is a stand-alone module, or a

part of another module stored in memory 102, such as contact/motion module 130.

[0097] In some embodiments, application 136-1 includes a plurality of event handlers 190 and one or more application views 191, each of which includes instructions for handling touch events that occur within a respective view of the application's user interface. Each application view 191 of the application 136-1 includes one or more event recognizers 180. Typically, a respective application view 191 includes a plurality of event recognizers 180. In other embodiments, one or more of event recognizers 180 are part of a separate module, such as a user interface kit or a higher level object from which application 136-1 inherits methods and other properties. In some embodiments, a respective event handler 190 includes one or more of data updater 176, object updater 177, GUI updater 178, and/or event data 179 received from event sorter 170. Event handler 190 optionally utilizes or calls data updater 176, object updater 177, or GUI updater 178 to update the application internal state 192. Alternatively, one or more of the application views 191 include one or more respective event handlers 190. Also, in some embodiments, one or more of data updater 176, object updater 177, and GUI updater 178 are included in a respective application view 191.

[0098] A respective event recognizer 180 receives event information (e.g., event data 179) from event sorter 170 and identifies an event from the event information. Event recognizer 180 includes event receiver 182 and event comparator 184. In some embodiments, event recognizer 180 also includes at least a subset of: metadata 183, and event delivery instructions 188 (which optionally include sub-event delivery instructions).

[0099] Event receiver 182 receives event information from event sorter 170. The event information includes information about a sub-event, for example, a touch or a touch movement. Depending on the sub-event, the event information also includes additional information, such as location of the sub-event. When the sub-event concerns motion of a touch, the event information optionally also includes speed and direction of the sub-event. In some embodiments, events include rotation of the device from one orientation to another (e.g., from a portrait orientation to a landscape orientation, or vice versa), and the event information includes corresponding information about the current orientation (also called device attitude) of the device.

[0100] Event comparator 184 compares the event information to predefined event or sub-event definitions and, based on the comparison, determines an event or sub-event, or determines or updates the state of an event or sub-event. In some embodiments, event comparator 184 includes event definitions 186. Event definitions 186 contain definitions of events (e.g., predefined sequences of sub-events), for example, event 1 (187-1), event 2 (187-2), and others. In some embodiments, sub-events in an event (187) include, for example, touch begin, touch end, touch movement, touch cancellation, and multiple

touching. In one example, the definition for event 1 (187-1) is a double tap on a displayed object. The double tap, for example, comprises a first touch (touch begin) on the displayed object for a predetermined phase, a first liftoff (touch end) for a predetermined phase, a second touch (touch begin) on the displayed object for a predetermined phase, and a second liftoff (touch end) for a predetermined phase. In another example, the definition for event 2 (187-2) is a dragging on a displayed object. The dragging, for example, comprises a touch (or contact) on the displayed object for a predetermined phase, a movement of the touch across touch-sensitive display 112, and liftoff of the touch (touch end). In some embodiments, the event also includes information for one or more associated event handlers 190.

[0101] In some embodiments, event definition 187 includes a definition of an event for a respective user-interface object. In some embodiments, event comparator 184 performs a hit test to determine which user-interface object is associated with a sub-event. For example, in an application view in which three user-interface objects are displayed on touch-sensitive display 112, when a touch is detected on touch-sensitive display 112, event comparator 184 performs a hit test to determine which of the three user-interface objects is associated with the touch (sub-event). If each displayed object is associated with a respective event handler 190, the event comparator uses the result of the hit test to determine which event handler 190 should be activated. For example, event comparator 184 selects an event handler associated with the sub-event and the object triggering the hit test.

[0102] In some embodiments, the definition for a respective event (187) also includes delayed actions that delay delivery of the event information until after it has been determined whether the sequence of sub-events does or does not correspond to the event recognizer's event type.

[0103] When a respective event recognizer 180 determines that the series of sub-events do not match any of the events in event definitions 186, the respective event recognizer 180 enters an event impossible, event failed, or event ended state, after which it disregards subsequent sub-events of the touch-based gesture. In this situation, other event recognizers, if any, that remain active for the hit view continue to track and process sub-events of an ongoing touch-based gesture.

[0104] In some embodiments, a respective event recognizer 180 includes metadata 183 with configurable properties, flags, and/or lists that indicate how the event delivery system should perform sub-event delivery to actively involved event recognizers. In some embodiments, metadata 183 includes configurable properties, flags, and/or lists that indicate how event recognizers interact, or are enabled to interact, with one another. In some embodiments, metadata 183 includes configurable properties, flags, and/or lists that indicate whether sub-events are delivered to varying levels in the view or programmatic hierarchy.

[0105] In some embodiments, a respective event recognizer 180 activates event handler 190 associated with an event when one or more particular sub-events of an event are recognized. In some embodiments, a respective event recognizer 180 delivers event information associated with the event to event handler 190. Activating an event handler 190 is distinct from sending (and deferred sending) sub-events to a respective hit view. In some embodiments, event recognizer 180 throws a flag associated with the recognized event, and event handler 190 associated with the flag catches the flag and performs a predefined process.

[0106] In some embodiments, event delivery instructions 188 include sub-event delivery instructions that deliver event information about a sub-event without activating an event handler. Instead, the sub-event delivery instructions deliver event information to event handlers associated with the series of sub-events or to actively involved views. Event handlers associated with the series of sub-events or with actively involved views receive the event information and perform a predetermined process.

[0107] In some embodiments, data updater 176 creates and updates data used in application 136-1. For example, data updater 176 updates the telephone number used in contacts module 137, or stores a video file used in video player module. In some embodiments, object updater 177 creates and updates objects used in application 136-1. For example, object updater 177 creates a new user-interface object or updates the position of a user-interface object. GUI updater 178 updates the GUI. For example, GUI updater 178 prepares display information and sends it to graphics module 132 for display on a touch-sensitive display.

[0108] In some embodiments, event handler(s) 190 includes or has access to data updater 176, object updater 177, and GUI updater 178. In some embodiments, data updater 176, object updater 177, and GUI updater 178 are included in a single module of a respective application 136-1 or application view 191. In other embodiments, they are included in two or more software modules.

[0109] It shall be understood that the foregoing discussion regarding event handling of user touches on touch-sensitive displays also applies to other forms of user inputs to operate multifunction devices 100 with input devices, not all of which are initiated on touch screens. For example, mouse movement and mouse button presses, optionally coordinated with single or multiple keyboard presses or holds; contact movements such as taps, drags, scrolls, etc. on touchpads; pen stylus inputs; movement of the device; oral instructions; detected eye movements; biometric inputs; and/or any combination thereof are optionally utilized as inputs corresponding to sub-events which define an event to be recognized.

[0110] FIG. 2 illustrates a portable multifunction device 100 having a touch screen 112 in accordance with some embodiments. The touch screen optionally displays one or more graphics within user interface (UI) 200. In this embodiment, as well as others described below, a user

is enabled to select one or more of the graphics by making a gesture on the graphics, for example, with one or more fingers 202 (not drawn to scale in the figure) or one or more styluses 203 (not drawn to scale in the figure). In some embodiments, selection of one or more graphics occurs when the user breaks contact with the one or more graphics. In some embodiments, the gesture optionally includes one or more taps, one or more swipes (from left to right, right to left, upward and/or downward), and/or a rolling of a finger (from right to left, left to right, upward and/or downward) that has made contact with device 100. In some implementations or circumstances, inadvertent contact with a graphic does not select the graphic. For example, a swipe gesture that sweeps over an application icon optionally does not select the corresponding application when the gesture corresponding to selection is a tap.

[0111] Device 100 optionally also include one or more physical buttons, such as "home" or menu button 204. As described previously, menu button 204 is, optionally, used to navigate to any application 136 in a set of applications that are, optionally, executed on device 100. Alternatively, in some embodiments, the menu button is implemented as a soft key in a GUI displayed on touch screen 112.

[0112] In some embodiments, device 100 includes touch screen 112, menu button 204, push button 206 for powering the device on/off and locking the device, volume adjustment button(s) 208, subscriber identity module (SIM) card slot 210, headset jack 212, and docking/charging external port 124. Push button 206 is, optionally, used to turn the power on/off on the device by depressing the button and holding the button in the depressed state for a predefined time interval; to lock the device by depressing the button and releasing the button before the predefined time interval has elapsed; and/or to unlock the device or initiate an unlock process. In an alternative embodiment, device 100 also accepts verbal input for activation or deactivation of some functions through microphone 113. Device 100 also, optionally, includes one or more contact intensity sensors 165 for detecting intensity of contacts on touch screen 112 and/or one or more tactile output generators 167 for generating tactile outputs for a user of device 100.

[0113] FIG. 3 is a block diagram of an exemplary multifunction device with a display and a touch-sensitive surface in accordance with some embodiments. Device 300 need not be portable. In some embodiments, device 300 is a laptop computer, a desktop computer, a tablet computer, a multimedia player device, a navigation device, an educational device (such as a child's learning toy), a gaming system, or a control device (e.g., a home or industrial controller). Device 300 typically includes one or more processing units (CPUs) 310, one or more network or other communications interfaces 360, memory 370, and one or more communication buses 320 for interconnecting these components. Communication buses 320 optionally include circuitry (sometimes called a chipset)

that interconnects and controls communications between system components. Device 300 includes input/output (I/O) interface 330 comprising display 340, which is typically a touch screen display. I/O interface 330 also optionally includes a keyboard and/or mouse (or other pointing device) 350 and touchpad 355, tactile output generator 357 for generating tactile outputs on device 300 (e.g., similar to tactile output generator(s) 167 described above with reference to FIG. 1A), sensors 359 (e.g., optical, acceleration, proximity, touch-sensitive, and/or contact intensity sensors similar to contact intensity sensor(s) 165 described above with reference to FIG. 1A). Memory 370 includes high-speed random access memory, such as DRAM, SRAM, DDR RAM, or other random access solid state memory devices; and optionally includes non-volatile memory, such as one or more magnetic disk storage devices, optical disk storage devices, flash memory devices, or other non-volatile solid state storage devices. Memory 370 optionally includes one or more storage devices remotely located from CPU(s) 310. In some embodiments, memory 370 stores programs, modules, and data structures analogous to the programs, modules, and data structures stored in memory 102 of portable multifunction device 100 (FIG. 1A), or a subset thereof. Furthermore, memory 370 optionally stores additional programs, modules, and data structures not present in memory 102 of portable multifunction device 100. For example, memory 370 of device 300 optionally stores drawing module 380, presentation module 382, word processing module 384, website creation module 386, disk authoring module 388, and/or spreadsheet module 390, while memory 102 of portable multifunction device 100 (FIG. 1A) optionally does not store these modules.

[0114] Each of the above-identified elements in FIG. 3 is, optionally, stored in one or more of the previously mentioned memory devices. Each of the above-identified modules corresponds to a set of instructions for performing a function described above. The above-identified modules or programs (e.g., sets of instructions) need not be implemented as separate software programs, procedures, or modules, and thus various subsets of these modules are, optionally, combined or otherwise rearranged in various embodiments. In some embodiments, memory 370 optionally stores a subset of the modules and data structures identified above. Furthermore, memory 370 optionally stores additional modules and data structures not described above.

[0115] Attention is now directed towards embodiments of user interfaces that are, optionally, implemented on, for example, portable multifunction device 100.

[0116] FIG. 4A illustrates an exemplary user interface for a menu of applications on portable multifunction device 100 in accordance with some embodiments. Similar user interfaces are, optionally, implemented on device 300. In some embodiments, user interface 400 includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

- Signal strength indicator(s) 402 for wireless communication(s), such as cellular and Wi-Fi signals;
- Time 404;
- Bluetooth indicator 405;
- Battery status indicator 406;
- Tray 408 with icons for frequently used applications, such as:
 - Icon 416 for telephone module 138, labeled "Phone," which optionally includes an indicator 414 of the number of missed calls or voicemail messages;
 - Icon 418 for e-mail client module 140, labeled "Mail," which optionally includes an indicator 410 of the number of unread e-mails;
 - Icon 420 for browser module 147, labeled "Browser;" and
 - Icon 422 for video and music player module 152, also referred to as iPod (trademark of Apple Inc.) module 152, labeled "iPod;" and
- Icons for other applications, such as:
 - Icon 424 for IM module 141, labeled "Messages;"
 - Icon 426 for calendar module 148, labeled "Calendar;"
 - Icon 428 for image management module 144, labeled "Photos;"
 - Icon 430 for camera module 143, labeled "Camera;"
 - Icon 432 for online video module 155, labeled "Online Video;"
 - Icon 434 for stocks widget 149-2, labeled "Stocks;"
 - Icon 436 for map module 154, labeled "Maps;"
 - Icon 438 for weather widget 149-1, labeled "Weather;"
 - Icon 440 for alarm clock widget 149-4, labeled "Clock;"
 - Icon 442 for workout support module 142, labeled "Workout Support;"

- Icon 444 for notes module 153, labeled "Notes;" and
- Icon 446 for a settings application or module, labeled "Settings," which provides access to settings for device 100 and its various applications 136.

[0117] It should be noted that the icon labels illustrated in FIG. 4A are merely exemplary. For example, icon 422 for video and music player module 152 is labeled "Music" or "Music Player." Other labels are, optionally, used for various application icons. In some embodiments, a label for a respective application icon includes a name of an application corresponding to the respective application icon. In some embodiments, a label for a particular application icon is distinct from a name of an application corresponding to the particular application icon.

[0118] FIG. 4B illustrates an exemplary user interface on a device (e.g., device 300, FIG. 3) with a touch-sensitive surface 451 (e.g., a tablet or touchpad 355, FIG. 3) that is separate from the display 450 (e.g., touch screen display 112). Device 300 also, optionally, includes one or more contact intensity sensors (e.g., one or more of sensors 359) for detecting intensity of contacts on touch-sensitive surface 451 and/or one or more tactile output generators 357 for generating tactile outputs for a user of device 300.

[0119] Although some of the examples that follow will be given with reference to inputs on touch screen display 112 (where the touch-sensitive surface and the display are combined), in some embodiments, the device detects inputs on a touch-sensitive surface that is separate from the display, as shown in FIG. 4B. In some embodiments, the touch-sensitive surface (e.g., 451 in FIG. 4B) has a primary axis (e.g., 452 in FIG. 4B) that corresponds to a primary axis (e.g., 453 in FIG. 4B) on the display (e.g., 450). In accordance with these embodiments, the device detects contacts (e.g., 460 and 462 in FIG. 4B) with the touch-sensitive surface 451 at locations that correspond to respective locations on the display (e.g., in FIG. 4B, 460 corresponds to 468 and 462 corresponds to 470). In this way, user inputs (e.g., contacts 460 and 462, and movements thereof) detected by the device on the touch-sensitive surface (e.g., 451 in FIG. 4B) are used by the device to manipulate the user interface on the display (e.g., 450 in FIG. 4B) of the multifunction device when the touch-sensitive surface is separate from the display. It should be understood that similar methods are, optionally, used for other user interfaces described herein.

[0120] Additionally, while the following examples are given primarily with reference to finger inputs (e.g., finger contacts, finger tap gestures, finger swipe gestures), it should be understood that, in some embodiments, one or more of the finger inputs are replaced with input from another input device (e.g., a mouse-based input or stylus input). For example, a swipe gesture is, optionally, replaced with a mouse click (e.g., instead of a contact) fol-

lowed by movement of the cursor along the path of the swipe (e.g., instead of movement of the contact). As another example, a tap gesture is, optionally, replaced with a mouse click while the cursor is located over the location of the tap gesture (e.g., instead of detection of the contact followed by ceasing to detect the contact). Similarly, when multiple user inputs are simultaneously detected, it should be understood that multiple computer mice are, optionally, used simultaneously, or a mouse and finger contacts are, optionally, used simultaneously.

[0121] FIG. 5A illustrates exemplary personal electronic device 500. Device 500 includes body 502. In some embodiments, device 500 can include some or all of the features described with respect to devices 100 and 300 (e.g., FIGS. 1A-4B). In some embodiments, device 500 has touch-sensitive display screen 504, hereafter touch screen 504. Alternatively, or in addition to touch screen 504, device 500 has a display and a touch-sensitive surface. As with devices 100 and 300, in some embodiments, touch screen 504 (or the touch-sensitive surface) optionally includes one or more intensity sensors for detecting intensity of contacts (e.g., touches) being applied. The one or more intensity sensors of touch screen 504 (or the touch-sensitive surface) can provide output data that represents the intensity of touches. The user interface of device 500 can respond to touches based on their intensity, meaning that touches of different intensities can invoke different user interface operations on device 500.

[0122] Exemplary techniques for detecting and processing touch intensity are found, for example, in related applications: International Patent Application Serial No. PCT/US2013/040061, titled "Device, Method, and Graphical User Interface for Displaying User Interface Objects Corresponding to an Application," filed May 8, 2013, published as WIPO Publication No. WO/2013/169849, and International Patent Application Serial No. PCT/US2013/069483, titled "Device, Method, and Graphical User Interface for Transitioning Between Touch Input to Display Output Relationships," filed November 11, 2013, published as WIPO Publication No. WO/2014/105276, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

[0123] In some embodiments, device 500 has one or more input mechanisms 506 and 508. Input mechanisms 506 and 508, if included, can be physical. Examples of physical input mechanisms include push buttons and rotatable mechanisms. In some embodiments, device 500 has one or more attachment mechanisms. Such attachment mechanisms, if included, can permit attachment of device 500 with, for example, hats, eyewear, earrings, necklaces, shirts, jackets, bracelets, watch straps, chains, trousers, belts, shoes, purses, backpacks, and so forth. These attachment mechanisms permit device 500 to be worn by a user.

[0124] FIG. 5B depicts exemplary personal electronic device 500. In some embodiments, device 500 can include some or all of the components described with respect to FIGS. 1A, 1B, and 3. Device 500 has bus 512

that operatively couples I/O section 514 with one or more computer processors 516 and memory 518. I/O section 514 can be connected to display 504, which can have touch-sensitive component 522 and, optionally, intensity sensor 524 (e.g., contact intensity sensor). In addition, I/O section 514 can be connected with communication unit 530 for receiving application and operating system data, using Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, near field communication (NFC), cellular, and/or other wireless communication techniques. Device 500 can include input mechanisms 506 and/or 508. Input mechanism 506 is, optionally, a rotatable input device or a depressible and rotatable input device, for example. Input mechanism 508 is, optionally, a button, in some examples.

[0125] Input mechanism 508 is, optionally, a microphone, in some examples. Personal electronic device 500 optionally includes various sensors, such as GPS sensor 532, accelerometer 534, directional sensor 540 (e.g., compass), gyroscope 536, motion sensor 538, and/or a combination thereof, all of which can be operatively connected to I/O section 514.

[0126] Memory 518 of personal electronic device 500 can include one or more non-transitory computer-readable storage mediums, for storing computer-executable instructions, which, when executed by one or more computer processors 516, for example, can cause the computer processors to perform the techniques described below, including processes 700 and 800 (FIGS. 7 and 8). A computer-readable storage medium can be any medium that can tangibly contain or store computer-executable instructions for use by or in connection with the instruction execution system, apparatus, or device. In some examples, the storage medium is a transitory computer-readable storage medium. In some examples, the storage medium is a non-transitory computer-readable storage medium. The non-transitory computer-readable storage medium can include, but is not limited to, magnetic, optical, and/or semiconductor storages. Examples of such storage include magnetic disks, optical discs based on CD, DVD, or Blu-ray technologies, as well as persistent solid-state memory such as flash, solid-state drives, and the like. Personal electronic device 500 is not limited to the components and configuration of FIG. 5B, but can include other or additional components in multiple configurations.

[0127] As used here, the term "affordance" refers to a user-interactive graphical user interface object that is, optionally, displayed on the display screen of devices 100, 300, and/or 500 (FIGS. 1A, 3, and 5A-5B). For example, an image (e.g., icon), a button, and text (e.g., hyperlink) each optionally constitute an affordance.

[0128] As used herein, the term "focus selector" refers to an input element that indicates a current part of a user interface with which a user is interacting. In some implementations that include a cursor or other location marker, the cursor acts as a "focus selector" so that when an input (e.g., a press input) is detected on a touch-sensitive surface (e.g., touchpad 355 in FIG. 3 or touch-sensitive

surface 451 in FIG. 4B) while the cursor is over a particular user interface element (e.g., a button, window, slider, or other user interface element), the particular user interface element is adjusted in accordance with the detected input. In some implementations that include a touch screen display (e.g., touch-sensitive display system 112 in FIG. 1A or touch screen 112 in FIG. 4A) that enables direct interaction with user interface elements on the touch screen display, a detected contact on the touch screen acts as a "focus selector" so that when an input (e.g., a press input by the contact) is detected on the touch screen display at a location of a particular user interface element (e.g., a button, window, slider, or other user interface element), the particular user interface element is adjusted in accordance with the detected input. In some implementations, focus is moved from one region of a user interface to another region of the user interface without corresponding movement of a cursor or movement of a contact on a touch screen display (e.g., by using a tab key or arrow keys to move focus from one button to another button); in these implementations, the focus selector moves in accordance with movement of focus between different regions of the user interface. Without regard to the specific form taken by the focus selector, the focus selector is generally the user interface element (or contact on a touch screen display) that is controlled by the user so as to communicate the user's intended interaction with the user interface (e.g., by indicating, to the device, the element of the user interface with which the user is intending to interact). For example, the location of a focus selector (e.g., a cursor, a contact, or a selection box) over a respective button while a press input is detected on the touch-sensitive surface (e.g., a touchpad or touch screen) will indicate that the user is intending to activate the respective button (as opposed to other user interface elements shown on a display of the device).

[0129] As used in the specification and claims, the term "characteristic intensity" of a contact refers to a characteristic of the contact based on one or more intensities of the contact. In some embodiments, the characteristic intensity is based on multiple intensity samples. The characteristic intensity is, optionally, based on a predefined number of intensity samples, or a set of intensity samples collected during a predetermined time period (e.g., 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10 seconds) relative to a predefined event (e.g., after detecting the contact, prior to detecting liftoff of the contact, before or after detecting a start of movement of the contact, prior to detecting an end of the contact, before or after detecting an increase in intensity of the contact, and/or before or after detecting a decrease in intensity of the contact). A characteristic intensity of a contact is, optionally, based on one or more of: a maximum value of the intensities of the contact, a mean value of the intensities of the contact, an average value of the intensities of the contact, a top 10 percentile value of the intensities of the contact, a value at the half maximum of the intensities of the contact, a value at the

90 percent maximum of the intensities of the contact, or the like. In some embodiments, the duration of the contact is used in determining the characteristic intensity (e.g., when the characteristic intensity is an average of the intensity of the contact over time). In some embodiments, the characteristic intensity is compared to a set of one or more intensity thresholds to determine whether an operation has been performed by a user. For example, the set of one or more intensity thresholds optionally includes a first intensity threshold and a second intensity threshold. In this example, a contact with a characteristic intensity that does not exceed the first threshold results in a first operation, a contact with a characteristic intensity that exceeds the first intensity threshold and does not exceed the second intensity threshold results in a second operation, and a contact with a characteristic intensity that exceeds the second threshold results in a third operation. In some embodiments, a comparison between the characteristic intensity and one or more thresholds is used to determine whether or not to perform one or more operations (e.g., whether to perform a respective operation or forgo performing the respective operation), rather than being used to determine whether to perform a first operation or a second operation.

[0130] In some embodiments, a portion of a gesture is identified for purposes of determining a characteristic intensity. For example, a touch-sensitive surface optionally receives a continuous swipe contact transitioning from a start location and reaching an end location, at which point the intensity of the contact increases. In this example, the characteristic intensity of the contact at the end location is, optionally, based on only a portion of the continuous swipe contact, and not the entire swipe contact (e.g., only the portion of the swipe contact at the end location). In some embodiments, a smoothing algorithm is, optionally, applied to the intensities of the swipe contact prior to determining the characteristic intensity of the contact. For example, the smoothing algorithm optionally includes one or more of: an unweighted sliding-average smoothing algorithm, a triangular smoothing algorithm, a median filter smoothing algorithm, and/or an exponential smoothing algorithm. In some circumstances, these smoothing algorithms eliminate narrow spikes or dips in the intensities of the swipe contact for purposes of determining a characteristic intensity.

[0131] The intensity of a contact on the touch-sensitive surface is, optionally, characterized relative to one or more intensity thresholds, such as a contact-detection intensity threshold, a light press intensity threshold, a deep press intensity threshold, and/or one or more other intensity thresholds. In some embodiments, the light press intensity threshold corresponds to an intensity at which the device will perform operations typically associated with clicking a button of a physical mouse or a trackpad. In some embodiments, the deep press intensity threshold corresponds to an intensity at which the device will perform operations that are different from operations typically associated with clicking a button of a physical

mouse or a trackpad. In some embodiments, when a contact is detected with a characteristic intensity below the light press intensity threshold (e.g., and above a nominal contact-detection intensity threshold below which the contact is no longer detected), the device will move a focus selector in accordance with movement of the contact on the touch-sensitive surface without performing an operation associated with the light press intensity threshold or the deep press intensity threshold. Generally, unless otherwise stated, these intensity thresholds are consistent between different sets of user interface figures.

[0132] An increase of characteristic intensity of the contact from an intensity below the light press intensity threshold to an intensity between the light press intensity threshold and the deep press intensity threshold is sometimes referred to as a "light press" input. An increase of characteristic intensity of the contact from an intensity below the deep press intensity threshold to an intensity above the deep press intensity threshold is sometimes referred to as a "deep press" input. An increase of characteristic intensity of the contact from an intensity below the contact-detection intensity threshold to an intensity between the contact-detection intensity threshold and the light press intensity threshold is sometimes referred to as detecting the contact on the touch-surface. A decrease of characteristic intensity of the contact from an intensity above the contact-detection intensity threshold to an intensity below the contact-detection intensity threshold is sometimes referred to as detecting liftoff of the contact from the touch-surface. In some embodiments, the contact-detection intensity threshold is zero. In some embodiments, the contact-detection intensity threshold is greater than zero.

[0133] In some embodiments described herein, one or more operations are performed in response to detecting a gesture that includes a respective press input or in response to detecting the respective press input performed with a respective contact (or a plurality of contacts), where the respective press input is detected based at least in part on detecting an increase in intensity of the contact (or plurality of contacts) above a press-input intensity threshold. In some embodiments, the respective operation is performed in response to detecting the increase in intensity of the respective contact above the press-input intensity threshold (e.g., a "down stroke" of the respective press input). In some embodiments, the press input includes an increase in intensity of the respective contact above the press-input intensity threshold and a subsequent decrease in intensity of the contact below the press-input intensity threshold, and the respective operation is performed in response to detecting the subsequent decrease in intensity of the respective contact below the press-input threshold (e.g., an "up stroke" of the respective press input).

[0134] In some embodiments, the device employs intensity hysteresis to avoid accidental inputs sometimes termed "jitter," where the device defines or selects a hysteresis intensity threshold with a predefined relationship

to the press-input intensity threshold (e.g., the hysteresis intensity threshold is X intensity units lower than the press-input intensity threshold or the hysteresis intensity threshold is 75%, 90%, or some reasonable proportion of the press-input intensity threshold). Thus, in some embodiments, the press input includes an increase in intensity of the respective contact above the press-input intensity threshold and a subsequent decrease in intensity of the contact below the hysteresis intensity threshold that corresponds to the press-input intensity threshold, and the respective operation is performed in response to detecting the subsequent decrease in intensity of the respective contact below the hysteresis intensity threshold (e.g., an "up stroke" of the respective press input). Similarly, in some embodiments, the press input is detected only when the device detects an increase in intensity of the contact from an intensity at or below the hysteresis intensity threshold to an intensity at or above the press-input intensity threshold and, optionally, a subsequent decrease in intensity of the contact to an intensity at or below the hysteresis intensity, and the respective operation is performed in response to detecting the press input (e.g., the increase in intensity of the contact or the decrease in intensity of the contact, depending on the circumstances).

[0135] For ease of explanation, the descriptions of operations performed in response to a press input associated with a press-input intensity threshold or in response to a gesture including the press input are, optionally, triggered in response to detecting either: an increase in intensity of a contact above the press-input intensity threshold, an increase in intensity of a contact from an intensity below the hysteresis intensity threshold to an intensity above the press-input intensity threshold, a decrease in intensity of the contact below the press-input intensity threshold, and/or a decrease in intensity of the contact below the hysteresis intensity threshold corresponding to the press-input intensity threshold. Additionally, in examples where an operation is described as being performed in response to detecting a decrease in intensity of a contact below the press-input intensity threshold, the operation is, optionally, performed in response to detecting a decrease in intensity of the contact below a hysteresis intensity threshold corresponding to, and lower than, the press-input intensity threshold.

[0136] Attention is now directed towards embodiments of user interfaces ("UI") and associated processes that are implemented on an electronic device, such as portable multifunction device 100, device 300, or device 500.

[0137] FIGS. 6A-6U illustrate exemplary user interfaces for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, in accordance with some embodiments. The user interfaces in these figures are used to illustrate the processes described below, including the processes in FIGS. 7 and 8. As discussed in greater detail below, it should be appreciated that these processes involve various steps that can be performed across different electronic devices.

Non-limiting examples of such steps can include calculations, determinations, instructions to grant, revoke, or deny permission for an account to use data in a particular manner, and instructions to display an object such as a notification or alert. In some embodiments, one or more steps can be performed at a first electronic device (e.g., electronic device 6000A) that includes one or more features of device 100, device 300, and device 500. In some embodiments, one or more steps can be performed at a second electronic device (e.g., electronic device 6000B) that includes one or more features of device 100, device 300, and device 500. In some embodiments, one or more steps can be performed at a third electronic device such as, for example, a server. In some embodiments, one or more steps are performed at any combination of the first electronic device, the second electronic device, and the third electronic device.

[0138] FIGS. 6A-6U illustrate exemplary user inputs and corresponding changes to a user interface, which can be displayed on an electronic device, such as electronic device 6000, having display 6002, which in some cases is a touch-sensitive display (e.g., 112). In the present disclosure, the described electronic device can be referenced using reference numbers 6000, 6000A, or 6000B. In general, reference number 6000A is used to refer to a first electronic device (e.g., a parent's electronic device), reference number 6000B is used to refer to a second electronic device that is different from the first electronic device (e.g., a child's electronic device), and reference number 6000 is used to refer indiscriminately to the first electronic device, the second electronic device, or both. Similarly, various features of electronic device 6000 can be referenced with an "A" or "B" designation to differentiate between two instances of a similar feature. For example, reference number 6002A is used to refer to a display component of electronic device 6000A, reference number 6002B is used to refer to a display component of electronic device 6000B, and reference number 6002 is generally used to refer to a display of electronic device 6000, which, in turn, refers indiscriminately to the display of the first electronic device, the display of the second electronic device, or both.

[0139] In some embodiments, the electronic devices are associated with user accounts. For example, electronic device 6000A is an electronic device that is associated with a parent's user account, and electronic device 6000B is an electronic device that is associated with a child's user account. It should be appreciated that the user accounts do not require a particular relationship to one another, other than an authorization to share data with at least one of the accounts. For the sake of simplicity, however, the following disclosure uses embodiments in which one user account is a parent's user account and the other user account is a child's user account. Specifically, the parent is referred to as "Mom" and the child is referred to as "Jane." Accordingly, electronic device 6000A can be referred to herein as Mom's device 6000A, and electronic device 6000B can be referred to herein

as Jane's device 6000B. Similarly, the parent's account can be referred to as "Mom's account," and the child's account can be referred to as "Jane's account." Similar nomenclature is used in other instances where appropriate.

[0140] In some embodiments, the user accounts can be authorized to share location data between the user accounts. For example, in accordance with the present disclosure, Jane has set up her user account in a manner that authorizes Mom's account to receive, at one or more electronic devices associated with Mom's account, location data indicating a location (e.g., GPS coordinates) of one or more electronic devices associated with Jane's account. Thus, Jane is said to have authorized Mom to receive location data for Jane's electronic devices. Accordingly, Mom's account is authorized (by Jane's account) to manage location data associated with Jane's account.

[0141] The following disclosure describes various embodiments in which Mom manages location-related communications relating to Jane, which is presumed to be represented by the location of one or more of Jane's electronic devices (e.g., Jane's device 6000B or Jane's device 6100B), by establishing a geofence (e.g., a virtual boundary based on a particular geographic location (e.g., a particular geographic area)) for a particular timeframe. In such embodiments, Mom is managing Jane's location in order to be notified (e.g., by receiving notifications at Mom's device 6000A) when Jane is not at an expected location during a particular range of times. This enables Mom to be alerted to a situation in which Jane is not at an expected location, such as at school, for example, without the need for Mom to constantly monitor Jane's location using, for example, a map application. In effect, Mom can assume that Jane is at school during the specified timeframe, unless she is notified otherwise.

[0142] Referring now to FIG. 6A, Mom's device 6000A is shown displaying locations management user interface 6005. Locations management user interface 6005 includes Jane's account information 6004, which includes information available at Mom's device 6000A pertaining to Jane's account. Jane's account information 6004 includes devices listing 6006 for indicating devices associated with Jane's user account, and notifications listing 6008 for viewing and managing location-based notifications (e.g., geofence notifications) created for Jane's account. As shown in FIG. 6A, Jane's listed devices include Jane's Phone 6006-1, which refers to Jane's device 6000B shown in FIG. 6F, and Jane's Watch 6006-2, which refers to Jane's device 6100B shown in FIG. 6I. Notifications listing 6008 includes first geofence identifier 6008-1 corresponding to an existing geofence notification for notifying Mom's account when Jane (e.g., Jane's device 6000B) arrives at home. Notifications listing 6008 also includes notification creation affordance 6009, which can be selected to create a new geofence notification.

[0143] As shown in FIG. 6A, Mom's device 6000A de-

texts input 6010 (e.g., a user input such as, for example, a tap gesture) on notification creation affordance 6009 and, in response, displays notification creation user interface 6012 shown in FIG. 6B.

[0144] Notification creation user interface 6012 is a user interface for creating a geofence notification for Jane's account. As shown in FIG. 6B, notification creation user interface 6012 includes location-based notification type region 6014, location selection region 6016, time selection region 6018, and day customization region 6020. In some embodiments, notification creation user interface 6012 can include recurrence affordance 6022 for setting the geofence notification to be a recurring notification. In some embodiments, the geofence notification defaults to a recurring notification unless specified otherwise.

[0145] Location-based notification type region 6014 includes selectable options for setting a notification condition for the geofence. For example, arrival notification type 6014-1 sets a condition that is satisfied when Jane arrives at a particular location (e.g., during a particular period of time). Thus, an arrival notification type will notify Mom (e.g., by displaying a notification on Mom's device 6000A) when Jane arrives at the specified location. Departure notification type 6014-2 sets a condition that is satisfied when Jane leaves a particular location (e.g., during a particular period of time). Thus, a departure notification type will notify Mom when Jane leaves the specified location. Expected location notification type 6014-3 sets a condition that is satisfied when Jane is not at a particular location during a particular time period. Thus, an expected location notification type will notify Mom when Jane is not at the specified location at any time during the specified period of time. For example, a notification will be triggered if Jane is not at the specified location when the time starts, or if Jane leaves the specified location after the time period starts but before the time period ends. As shown in FIG. 6B, the selected geofence notification type is expected location notification type 6014-3.

[0146] Location selection region 6016 includes selectable options for setting a location component for the selected geofence notification type (expected location notification type 6014-3). In some embodiments, the location options are user-defined locations that indicate a location that is within the boundary of the geofence (e.g., a central point for the geofence). In FIG. 6B, the location options include home 6016-1 and school 6016-2. Location options also include location creation option 6016-3, which can be selected to create a new location. In some embodiments, a user can create a new location option by selecting location creation option 6016-3 and specifying the new location, which is then added to location selection region 6016. In some embodiments, specifying the new location can include entering location information (e.g., address information, coordinates, etc.) and/or selecting a location on a map. As shown in FIG. 6B, the selected location option is school 6016-2. Thus, the geofence notification is configured to notify Mom if Jane is

not located at school during the set timeframe.

[0147] In some embodiments, the boundary of the geofence can be adjusted relative to any of the selected locations (e.g., home, school, or other created location) by adjusting the boundary of the geofence on a map showing the selected location. For example, Mom can select one of the location options to view a map of the location with a representation of the geofence boundary (see, for example, FIG. 6S), and can adjust the boundary (e.g., diameter) of the geofence by adjusting a zoom level of the displayed map while the geofence boundary remains stationary with respect to the map display area.

[0148] Time selection region 6018 includes options for setting the timeframe for the selected geofence notification type (expected location notification type 6014-3). In some embodiments, the time selection options include start time 6018-1 and end time 6018-2. As shown in FIG. 6B, the start time is 9:00 AM, and the end time is 3:00 PM. In this embodiment, the geofence notification is configured to notify Mom if Jane is not at school between 9:00 AM and 3:00 PM.

[0149] Day customization region 6020 includes selectable options for setting particular days of the week that the geofence is active. As shown in FIG. 6B, options 6020-1 through 6020-5 are selected and correspond to Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday. Options 6020-6 and 6020-7, corresponding to Saturday and Sunday, respectively, are not selected. Accordingly, the geofence notification is active on weekdays, and is inactive on weekends. Thus, the geofence notification is configured to notify Mom if Jane is not located at school between 9:00 AM and 3:00 PM on weekdays. If Jane is not located at school at any time outside of 9:00 AM to 3:00 PM on a weekday, Mom will not be notified.

[0150] Recurrence affordance 6022 is set to "ON," indicating that the geofence notification is a recurring notification that will repeat indefinitely or until specified otherwise. For example, the geofence will repeat on a weekly basis.

[0151] In FIG. 6B, Mom's device 6000A detects input 6024 on done affordance 6026 and, in response, displays confirmation user interface 6028, as shown in FIG. 6C. Confirmation user interface 6028 summarizes the conditions of the geofence and displays create notification affordance 6030 for confirming creation of the geofence and cancel affordance 6032 for canceling creation of the geofence. If the geofence is confirmed (e.g., by selection of create notification affordance 6030) an invitation is sent to Jane's account to accept the conditions of the geofence, as discussed in greater detail below with reference to FIGS. 6F-6K.

[0152] In FIG. 6C, Mom's device 6000A detects input 6034 on create notification affordance 6030 and, in response, displays, in FIG. 6D, Jane's account information 6004 with notifications listing 6008 updated to show second geofence identifier 6008-2 corresponding to the geofence notification created in FIGS. 6A-6C. As shown in FIG. 6D, second geofence identifier 6008-2 is shown with

an "Invitation Sent" status identifier 6036 when the geofence is pending acceptance by Jane's account. This indicates that Jane's account has been sent an invitation to accept the terms of the geofence notification, but Jane's account has not yet accepted the terms of the geofence. If Jane's account does not accept the terms of the geofence, Mom's account is not authorized to receive a notification if Jane's device breaches the geofence (e.g., if Jane is not located at school between 9AM and 3PM on weekdays), and the geofence will not be activated and, in some embodiments, second geofence identifier 6008-2 will be removed from notifications listing 6008. In some embodiments, Mom's account continues to receive location information for Jane's account, even if Jane's account does not accept the terms of the geofence notification request. After Jane's account has accepted the terms of the geofence, status identifier 6036 is removed, as shown in FIG. 6E.

[0153] FIGS. 6F-6K illustrate various embodiments in which the invitation to accept the terms of the geofence notification is displayed for Jane's acceptance. In some embodiments, the invitation can be displayed on Jane's device 6000B, as shown in FIGS. 6F-6H and 6K. In some embodiments, the invitation can be displayed on Jane's device 6100B, as shown in FIGS. 6I and 6J. In some embodiments, Jane's device 6100B is a wearable device (e.g., a smartwatch) having display 6102B.

[0154] In some embodiments, display of the invitation (e.g., as a notification) is triggered by various conditions. For example, in some embodiments, such as that shown in FIG. 6F, the invitation is displayed when the geofence is created by Mom's account (e.g., upon selection of create notification affordance 6030, as shown in FIG. 6C). In some embodiments, the invitation is displayed upon creation of the geofence if the geofence is not a recurring event (e.g., a one-time geofence). In FIG. 6F, Jane's device 6000B displays lock screen user interface 6038. Lock screen user interface 6038 includes notification 6040 displayed at 10:09 AM on Saturday, June 1st, which is approximately the same time that Mom's account created the geofence in FIGS. 6A-6C. Notification 6040 invites Jane's account to accept the conditions of the geofence created by Mom's account, thereby authorizing Mom's account to receive a notification if Jane's device (e.g., 6000B or 6100B, depending on which device is configured to represent Jane's location, for example, as configured at device option 6078 in FIG. 6M) breaches the geofence (e.g., if Jane is not located at school between 9AM and 3PM on weekdays). In some embodiments, Jane can interact with notification 6040 to accept or decline the invitation to authorize the geofence notification. If Jane accepts the invitation, Jane's account continues to share location data with Mom's account and authorizes Mom's account to receive a notification if Jane's device breaches the geofence. If Jane declines the invitation (or otherwise does not accept the invitation), Jane's account continues to share location data with Mom's account based on prior authorization of the loca-

tion data sharing, but does not authorize Mom's account to receive a notification if Jane's device breaches the geofence.

[0155] In some embodiments, the invitation is displayed when one or more of the components (e.g., the location component, the time component) specified by the geofence are satisfied. For example, FIG. 6G illustrates an embodiment in which notification 6040 is displayed on lock screen user interface 6038 when the start time component of the geofence is satisfied. FIG. 6G shows two instances of Jane's device 6000B, wherein each instance of Jane's device corresponds to a particular time. Jane's device 6000B-1 represents the state of Jane's device 6000B at 8:59 AM on Monday, June 3rd. Jane's device 6000B-2 represents the state of Jane's device 6000B at 9:00 AM on Monday, June 3rd. As shown in FIG. 6G, notification 6040 is not displayed at Jane's device 6000B until 9:00 AM on Monday, June 3rd, which corresponds to the start time (e.g., 9:00 AM on a weekday) set in FIG. 6B.

[0156] As another example, FIG. 6H illustrates an embodiment in which notification 6040 is displayed when the location component of the geofence is satisfied. FIG. 6H shows two instances of a map and Jane's device, wherein each instance of the map corresponds to an instance of Jane's device. Jane's device 6000B-3 represents a state of Jane's device 6000B for a detected location of the device, which is represented by map 6042-1. Jane's device 6000B-4 represents a state of Jane's device 6000B for a detected location of the device, which is represented by map 6042-2. Each instance of the map (e.g., map 6042-1 and map 6042-2) includes geofence boundary 6044 (representing the location component specified for the geofence) and representation 6046 of Jane's device 6000B on the map. As shown in map 6042-1, representation 6046 is not located within geofence boundary 6044, indicating that Jane's device 6000B is not located at the location specified by the geofence. Accordingly, Jane's device 6000B-3 does not display notification 6040 on lock screen user interface 6038, because the location of Jane's device 6000B does not satisfy the location component of the geofence. As shown in map 6042-2, however, representation 6046 is located within geofence boundary 6044, indicating that Jane's device 6000B is located at the location specified by the geofence. Accordingly, Jane's device 6000B-4 displays notification 6040 (e.g., on lock screen user interface 6038), because the location of Jane's device 6000B satisfies the location component of the geofence. In some embodiments, notification 6040 is displayed when both the time component and the location component of the geofence are satisfied.

[0157] In some embodiments, the invitation can be displayed on various electronic devices associated with Jane's account. For example, FIGS. 6I and 6J illustrate an embodiment in which the invitation is displayed on Jane's device 6100B, which is shown as a wearable device such as, for example, a smartwatch. In FIG. 6I, the

invitation is displayed as notification 6048, which is similar to notification 6040. Notification 6048 includes text region 6048-1 displaying text inviting Jane to accept the conditions of the geofence created by Mom's account in FIGS. 6A-6C. Notification 6048 also includes accept affordance 6048-2, which can be selected to accept the invitation (thereby authorizing Mom's account to receive a notification if Jane's device breaches the geofence), and dismiss affordance 6048-3, which can be selected to dismiss the invitation without authorizing Mom's account to receive a notification if Jane's device breaches the geofence. In some embodiments, such as that shown in FIG. 6J, Jane's device 6100B displays user interface 6050 in response to detecting selection of accept affordance 6048-2. User interface 6050 includes map 6052 showing a representation of the location of the geofence and text 6054 indicating the terms of the geofence and confirming to Jane that she has accepted the terms of the geofence, authorizing Mom's account to receive a notification if Jane (e.g., Jane's device 6100B or Jane's device 6000B) is not located at school between 9AM and 3PM on weekdays.

[0158] In some embodiments, notification 6040 (or notification 6048) can be dismissed without immediately accepting the invitation. In such embodiments, the invitation can be accessed (and subsequently accepted or declined) from a locations management user interface associated with Jane's account such as, for example, locations management user interface 6056 shown in FIG. 6K. In some embodiments, Jane's device 6000B displays locations management user interface 6056 in response to detecting one or more inputs directed to a notification. For example, Jane's device 6000B displays locations management user interface 6056 in FIG. 6K in response to detecting a tap input on notification 6040 in FIG. 6H.

[0159] In FIG. 6K, Jane's device 6000B displays locations management user interface 6056, which includes map 6058 showing locations associated with user accounts that are authorized to share location data with Jane's account. For example, map 6058 shows representation 6060 indicating a location on map 6058 that is associated with Mom's account (for example, a location of Mom's device 6000A). Locations management user interface 6056 also includes user accounts region 6062, which includes data related to the user accounts authorized to share location data with Jane's account. As shown in FIG. 6K, user accounts region 6062 includes item 6064 representing the invitation to accept the terms of the geofence notification created by Mom's account in FIGS. 6A-6C. Item 6064 specifies the terms of the geofence notification and includes accept affordance 6064-1 for accepting the terms of the geofence notification and decline affordance 6064-2 for declining the terms of the geofence notification. If Jane accepts the terms of the geofence notification, Jane's account continues to share location data with Mom's account and authorizes Mom's account to receive a notification if Jane's device breaches the geofence. If Jane declines the terms of the geofence

notification, Jane's account continues to share location data with Mom's account based on prior authorization of the location data sharing, but does not authorize Mom's account to receive a notification if Jane's device breaches the geofence.

[0160] FIG. 6K depicts Jane's acceptance of the terms of the geofence notification. Specifically, Jane's device 6000B detects input 6066 on accept affordance 6064-1 and, in response, updates item 6064, as shown in FIG. 6L, to display text 6064-3 confirming to Jane that she has accepted the terms of the geofence and indicating that Mom's account is authorized to receive a notification if Jane (e.g., Jane's device 6100B or Jane's device 6000B) is not located at school between 9AM and 3PM on weekdays.

[0161] FIGS. 6L-6N illustrate various embodiments for managing geofence notifications associated with Jane's account.

[0162] In FIG. 6L, Jane's device 6000B detects input 6068 on "Me" affordance 6070 and, in response, displays notification management user interface 6072, as shown in FIG. 6M. Notification management user interface 6072 includes location-based notification information associated with Jane's account such as, for example, location information 6074 indicating a detected location associated with Jane's account (e.g., a location of Jane's device 6000B), map settings option 6076, and device option 6078 for selecting a specific device that is used to determine the location associated with Jane's account. For example, in FIG. 6M, device option 6078 indicates that Jane's location is associated with the location of Jane's device 6000B. However, in some embodiments, device option 6078 can be updated to select Jane's device 6100B or other electronic devices associated with Jane's user account, such that the location of the selected device is associated with the location of Jane.

[0163] As shown in FIG. 6M, notification management user interface 6072 also includes authorized geofence notifications listing 6080, which indicates geofence notifications that Jane's account has authorized for other user accounts. As shown in FIG. 6M, the geofence notification listings are grouped by the user accounts for which the geofence notifications have been authorized. For example, geofence notifications listing 6080-1 represents a set of four geofence notifications that have been authorized for Mom's account. Similarly, geofence notifications listing 6080-2 represents a set of two geofence notifications that have been authorized for Dad's account, and geofence notifications listing 6080-3 represents a single geofence notification that has been authorized for Brother's account.

[0164] In FIG. 6M, Jane's device 6000B detects input 6082 on geofence notifications listing 6080-1 and, in response, displays notifications details user interface 6084, which shows details for the geofence notifications that have been authorized for Mom's account, as depicted in FIG. 6N.

[0165] Notifications details user interface 6084 in-

cludes additional details for the geofence notifications authorized for Mom's account. In FIG. 6N, the authorized geofence notifications are grouped based on the user account that created the respective notifications. For example, region 6086 includes representations of authorized geofence notifications that were created by Jane's account. These correspond to geofence notifications created by Jane's account (e.g., in a manner similar to that discussed above with respect to FIG. 6B) and authorizing Mom's account to be notified when the conditions of the geofence notification are satisfied. For example, representation 6086-1 corresponds to a geofence notification created by Jane's account that notifies Mom's account when Jane's device 6000B leaves its current location. Additionally, representation 6086-2 corresponds to a geofence notification created by Jane's account that notifies Mom's account when Jane's device 6000B is not located at home between 11PM and 7AM.

[0166] Notifications details user interface 6084 also includes region 6088 with representations of authorized geofence notifications that were created by Mom's account. These correspond to geofence notifications created by Mom's account (e.g., in a manner similar to that discussed above with respect to FIG. 6B) and authorized by Jane's account so that Mom's account is notified when the conditions of the geofence notification are satisfied. For example, representation 6088-1 corresponds to the geofence notification created by Mom's account in FIGS. 6A-6C (and authorized by Jane's account) that notifies Mom's account when Jane's device 6000B is not located at school between 9AM and 3PM weekdays. Additionally, representation 6088-2 corresponds to a geofence notification created by Mom's account (and authorized by Jane's account) that notifies Mom's account when Jane's device 6000B arrives at home.

[0167] In some embodiments, the geofence notifications represented in notifications details user interface 6084 can be de-authorized by Jane's account and removed from notifications detail user interface 6084. For example, in response to Jane's device 6000B detecting a swipe input on representation 6088-2, Jane's account removes authorization for the corresponding geofence notification. Accordingly, Jane's device 6000B removes representation 6088-2 from notifications details user interface 6084 and updates geofence notifications listing 6080-1 to reflect the removal of the geofence notification (e.g., updating geofence notification listing 6080-1 to indicate a set of three geofence notifications are authorized for Mom's account).

[0168] FIGS. 6O-6U depict various embodiments illustrating how detected changes in Jane's location (e.g., the location of Jane's device 6000B) satisfy, or fail to satisfy, the conditions of the geofence created in FIGS. 6A-6C and authorized by Jane's account in FIG. 6K, and illustrating notifications that are displayed (e.g., on Mom's device 6000A, Jane's device 6000B, or both) as a result of the detected changes in location breaching the geofence.

[0169] FIGS. 6O-6Q illustrate an embodiment in which Jane's location breaches the geofence because Jane's device 6000B is not located at the specified location of the geofence (e.g., school) at the specified start time (e.g., 9AM on a weekday). FIG. 6O includes map 6090, which is similar to map 6042 shown in FIG. 6H. Map 6090 includes representation 6092 of Jane's device 6000B, and geofence boundary 6094. As shown in FIG. 6O, representation 6092 of Jane's device is outside geofence boundary 6094 at 9:00 AM on Monday. Accordingly, Jane's location breaches the geofence. As a result, Mom's device 6000A displays notification 6096 (e.g., on lock screen user interface 6095) indicating that Jane did not arrive at school by 9AM.

[0170] In some embodiments, Jane's device 6000B displays notification 6098 (e.g., on lock screen user interface 6038) to alert Jane that she breached the geofence and that Mom's account was notified of the breach. In some embodiments, notification 6098 is displayed only the first time Jane breaches the geofence.

[0171] In some embodiments, Mom's device 6000A can display different user interfaces in response to detecting different inputs on a displayed notification (e.g., notification 6096, notification 6120, or notification 6122).

For example, in some embodiments, in response to detecting a tap gesture input on the notification, Mom's device 6000A displays locations management user interface 6005. An example of such an embodiment is discussed in greater detail below with reference to FIG. 6S.

In some embodiments, in response to detecting a long press input on the notification, Mom's device 6000A displays a popup user interface showing various options that are available in response to Jane's breach of the geofence. An example of such an embodiment is discussed in greater detail below with reference to FIG. 6O.

It should also be appreciated that the notifications can be displayed as other user interface objects such as, for example, a banner. The notifications can also be displayed on user interfaces other than lock screen user interfaces. For example, the user interface can be associated with an application operating on electronic device 6000 and the notification is displayed as a banner appearing over the user interface at the top of display 6002.

[0172] As illustrated in FIG. 6O, Mom's device 6000A detects long press input 6104 on notification 6096 and, in response, displays popup user interface 6106, as shown in FIG. 6P. Popup user interface 6106 includes various selectable options for responding to notification 6096. For example, popup user interface 6106 includes map option 6108, contact option 6110, mute option 6112, "Notify when Jane Arrives" option 6114, and delete option 6116. Map option 6108 includes map 6108-1, which is similar to map 6090 shown in FIG. 6O, having representation 6108-2 of Jane's device 6000A and geofence boundary 6108-3. Map option 6108 shows Jane's location on a map (e.g., at the time notification 6096 was displayed or at the time input 6104 was detected).

[0173] In some embodiments, popup user interface

6106 is a user interface that displays a set of options without fully launching an application for performing the options. However, the options available in popup user interface 6106 can be selected to launch the application for performing the selected option. For example, in some embodiments, map option 6108 corresponds to an option for launching an application for displaying a map user interface showing a live representation of Jane's location on an expanded map. For example, in response to detecting selection of map option 6108, Mom's device 6000A displays locations management user interface 6005 to show a map user interface (e.g., similar to map 6130 shown in locations management user interface 6005 illustrated in FIG. 6S) depicting a live representation of Jane's location on a map.

[0174] In some embodiments, in response to detecting selection of contact option 6110, Mom's device 6000A displays one or more options for contacting Jane's device 6000B (e.g., via phone call, messaging, email, or a video communication session).

[0175] In some embodiments, in response to detecting selection of mute option 6112, Mom's device 6000A does not display alerts for the geofence for the remainder of the day. This can be useful for a scenario in which Mom is aware that Jane's location will again breach, or will continue to breach, the geofence (e.g., Jane is on vacation with Mom) and Mom wishes to not be notified of any such future breaches for the remainder of the day.

[0176] In some embodiments, in response to detecting selection of delete option 6116, Mom's device 6000A dismisses notification 6096 and, in some embodiments, deletes the geofence altogether.

[0177] In some embodiments, in response to detecting selection of "Notify when Jane Arrives" option 6114, Mom's device 6000A dismisses notification 6096 and later displays a notification if Jane's location matches the location specified in the conditions of the geofence. This can be useful in a scenario in which Mom is aware that Jane will be late to school (e.g., Jane has a doctor's appointment), but wants to know that Jane eventually makes it to school as expected. FIGS. 6P and 6Q illustrate an embodiment in which "Notify when Jane Arrives" option 6114 is selected.

[0178] As shown in FIG. 6P, Mom's device 6000A detects input 6118 on "Notify when Jane Arrives" option 6114, at 9:00 AM. FIG. 6Q shows Jane arriving at school an hour later (e.g., at 10:00AM), and Mom's device 6000A displaying notification 6120 informing Mom that Jane has arrived at school. In some embodiments, Jane's device 6000B does not display any notifications in this scenario (e.g., lock screen user interface 6038 does not include a notification).

[0179] FIGS. 6R and 6S illustrate an embodiment in which Jane's location breaches the geofence because Jane's device 6000B leaves the specified location of the geofence (e.g., school) before the specified end time (e.g., 3PM on a weekday). As shown in FIG. 6R, representation 6092 of Jane's device 6000B is outside ge-

ofence boundary 6094 at 2:30 PM on Monday. Accordingly, Jane's location breaches the geofence. As a result, Mom's device 6000A displays notification 6122 indicating that Jane left school before 3PM.

[0180] In some embodiments, Jane's device 6000B displays notification 6124 to alert Jane that she breached the geofence and that Mom's account was notified of the breach. In some embodiments, notification 6124 is displayed only the first time Jane breaches the geofence.

[0181] As mentioned above, in some embodiments, Mom's device 6000A can display different user interfaces in response to detecting different inputs on a displayed notification. In FIG. 6R, Mom's device 6000A detects tap gesture input 6126 on notification 6122 and, in response, displays locations management user interface 6005 associated with Mom's account, as shown in FIG. 6S. Locations management user interface 6005 is similar to locations management user interface 6056, which is a locations management user interface associated with Jane's account. Thus, Mom's device 6000A can perform operations similar to those discussed above with respect to locations management user interface 6056. For example, locations management user interface 6005 includes map 6130 showing locations associated with user accounts that are authorized to share location data with Mom's account, including representation 6132 indicating a location on map 6130 that is associated with Jane's account (e.g., a location of Jane's device 6000B), and geofence boundary 6134. As illustrated in FIG. 6S, map 6130 shows that Jane's location is outside the boundary of the geofence.

[0182] Locations management user interface 6005 also includes item 6128 associated with Jane's account. In some embodiments, in response to detecting a selection of item 6128, Mom's device 6000A displays Jane's account information 6004 (e.g., see FIG. 6A).

[0183] FIG. 6T illustrates an embodiment in which Jane's location is inside the boundaries of the geofence during the specified time range and, therefore, is not breaching the geofence. As shown in FIG. 6T, representation 6092 of Jane's device 6000B is inside geofence boundary 6094 at 2:30 PM on Monday. Because the geofence is active from 9:00 AM to 3:00 PM on weekdays, Jane's presence at school conforms with the constraints of the geofence. As such, Jane is not breaching the geofence. As a result, neither Mom's device 6000A, nor Jane's device 6000B, display any notifications concerning a breach of the geofence. Accordingly, lock screen user interface 6095 and lock screen user interface 6038 do not include any notifications.

[0184] FIG. 6U illustrates an embodiment in which Jane's location is outside the boundaries of the geofence, but because the time is outside the specified range, Jane is not breaching the geofence. As shown in FIG. 6U, representation 6092 of Jane's device 6000B is outside geofence boundary 6094 at 3:30 PM on Monday. Because the geofence is active from 9:00 AM to 3:00 PM on weekdays, Jane is not breaching the geofence. As a result,

neither Mom's device 6000A, nor Jane's device 6000B, display any notifications concerning a breach of the geofence. Accordingly, lock screen user interface 6095 and lock screen user interface 6038 do not include any notifications.

[0185] It should be appreciated that one or more of the operations disclosed herein (including those discussed below with respect to method 700 and method 800) can be performed across various combinations of the electronic devices discussed herein. For example, in some embodiments, Jane's device 6000B (or Jane's device 6100B) evaluates location data for Jane's device, determines when the geofence is breached, and causes the corresponding notification(s) to be displayed at Mom's device 6000A and, optionally, at Jane's device 6000B. For example, Jane's device can send the notification directly to Mom's device 6000A for display, or can send the notification indirectly by sending information to a server which, in turn, causes the notification to be displayed at Mom's device 600. In some embodiments, Mom's device 6000A evaluates location data for Jane's device, determines when the geofence is breached, and causes the corresponding notification(s) to be displayed at Mom's device 6000A and, optionally, at Jane's device 6000B (e.g., directly or indirectly through a server). In some embodiments, a server evaluates location data for Jane's device, determines when the geofence is breached, and causes the corresponding notification(s) to be displayed at Mom's device 6000A and, optionally, at Jane's device 6000B.

[0186] FIG. 7 is a flow diagram illustrating a method for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, using an electronic device, in accordance with some embodiments. Method 700 is performed at a device (e.g., 100, 300, 500, 6000, 6100B) with a display (e.g., 112). Some operations in method 700 are, optionally, combined, the orders of some operations are, optionally, changed, and some operations are, optionally, omitted.

[0187] As described below, method 700 provides an intuitive way for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account. The method reduces the cognitive burden on a user for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, thereby creating a more efficient human-machine interface. For battery-operated computing devices, enabling a user to manage location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account faster and more efficiently conserves power and increases the time between battery charges.

[0188] While an electronic device (e.g., 6000; 6100) is associated with a first user account (e.g. Jane's account) that shares a location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account, the electronic device performs (702) the steps described below.

[0189] The electronic device receives (704) an indica-

tion (e.g., data associated with a request; receiving directly from an external electronic device associated with the second user account; receiving from a location-tracking server that received the request from the external electronic device) that a second user account (e.g., Mom's account) (e.g., a remote user or device that has been authorized (e.g., by the first user account associated with the electronic device) to receive location data for the electronic device) is requesting to be notified about changes in location of the electronic device relative to a first geographic location (e.g., school) (e.g., a physical address, a coordinate, a defined area or geographic landmark) that satisfy a set of criteria (e.g., a set of location-based criteria) (e.g., a set of criteria that are evaluated with respect to a predetermined time period (e.g., a range of times)). In some embodiments, the range of times is set by the second user account (e.g., using an external electronic device associated with the second user account). In some embodiments, the set of criteria are satisfied when a current location of the electronic device does not match (or is transitioning from matching to not matching) the first geographic location. In some embodiments, the set of criteria are satisfied when a current location of the electronic device matches (or is transitioning from not matching to matching) the first geographic location. In some embodiments, the set of criteria are evaluated based on the current location of the electronic device during the predetermined time period.

[0190] In some embodiments, the set of criteria include a criterion that is satisfied when the location of the electronic device (e.g., 6000B; 6100B) does not have a predefined relationship to the first geographic location (e.g., the electronic device is not located at the first geographic location) during a range of times (e.g., a range of times specified by the first user account) (e.g., a range of times specified by the second user account).

[0191] In some embodiments, the method further comprises: while the electronic device (e.g., 6000B; 6100B) is associated with the first user account that shares the location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account, and while the location of the electronic device is being evaluated (e.g., by the electronic device; by a server; by a second electronic device associated with the second user account) relative to the first geographic location and the range of times, performing one or more of the following steps. In accordance with a determination that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location during the range of times (e.g., the electronic device is not located at the first geographic location at any point during the range of times), generating an alert (e.g., 6096; 6098; 6122; 6124) indicating that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location. In some embodiments, generating the alert includes displaying the alert on the electronic device. In some embodiments, generating the alert includes causing the alert to be displayed on an electronic device as-

sociated with the second user account (e.g., Mom's device 6000A). In accordance with a determination that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times (e.g., the electronic device is not located at the first geographic location at a time that is outside the range of times), forgoing generating the alert indicating that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location (e.g., see FIG. 6U). Selectively generating an alert indicating that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location provides feedback to a user to indicate when the conditions being evaluated fail to meet a specified criteria. Providing improved feedback enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and efficiently.

[0192] In some embodiments, while the electronic device is associated with the first user account that shares the location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account, and while the location of the electronic device is being evaluated (e.g., by the electronic device; by a server; by a second electronic device associated with the second user account) relative to the first geographic location and the range of times, the method further comprises: in accordance with a determination that the location of the electronic device has the predefined relationship to the first geographic location during the range of times (e.g., the electronic device is located at the first geographic location at a time that is within the range of times), forgoing generating the alert indicating that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location (e.g., see FIG. 6T). Forgoing generating an alert indicating that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location when the location of the electronic device has the predefined relationship during a range of times provides feedback to a user to indicate when the conditions being evaluated fail to meet a specified location criteria during a specified range of times. Providing improved feedback enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and efficiently.

[0193] In some embodiments, displaying the notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria occurs at a time corresponding

to the range of times (e.g., at or near the start of the range of times) (e.g., see display of notification 6040 in FIG. 6G). In some embodiments, the notification is displayed only the first time the start time of the range of times is reached. In some embodiments, displaying the notification at a time that matches the start time in the range of times provides an enhanced layer of security and preserves privacy of the tracked user by providing information that the location of the device is being tracked, which is particularly useful in a scenario in which a malicious actor has access to the tracked user's device, and the malicious actor sets the geofence and timeframe parameters and, without the tracked user's knowledge or consent, confirms the geofence and timeframe on the tracked user's device.

[0194] In some embodiments, the set of criteria includes a criterion that is satisfied when the location of the electronic device does not match (e.g., or is transitioning from matching to not matching) the first geographic location. In some embodiments, the second user account requests to be notified when the location of the electronic device is not at the first geographic location (e.g., during the range of times) (e.g., see FIGS. 6O and 6R).

[0195] In some embodiments, the set of criteria includes a criterion that is satisfied when the location of the electronic device matches (e.g., or is transitioning from not matching to matching) the first geographic location (e.g., see FIG. 6Q). In some embodiments, the second user account is notified (e.g., 6096) when the location of the electronic device does not match the first geographic location (e.g., during a range of times) and, in response, the second user account requests to be notified when the electronic device arrives at the first geographic location (e.g., during the range of times) (e.g., see input 6118 selecting "Notify when Jane Arrives" option 6114 in FIG. 6P).

[0196] Method 700 further includes: after the electronic device receives the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria, the electronic device performs (706) one or more of the following steps.

[0197] In accordance with a determination that a set of notification criteria are satisfied, the set of notification criteria including a criterion that is satisfied when the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified has been received, the electronic device displays (708), via the display device, a notification (e.g., 6040, 6048) (e.g., an alert, a banner) indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria. In some embodiments, the indication includes text identifying the second user account and/or text describing the set of criteria. In some embodiments, the set of notification criteria are met by receiving the indication. In some embod-

iments, the set of notification criteria are met when a location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria after receiving the indication. Displaying a notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria provides feedback to the user indicating that a remote user account is requesting to use location data for notification purposes. Providing improved feedback enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and efficiently.

[0198] In some embodiments, the one or more user accounts other than the first user account includes the second user account (e.g., Mom's account) (e.g., the first user account shares the location of the electronic device with the second user account), and the method further comprises one or more of the following steps. After displaying the notification (e.g., 6040, 6048) indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria and before authorizing (e.g., granting) the request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria (e.g., in some embodiments, after explicitly rejecting the request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria): sharing, with the second user account, a location of the electronic device. In some embodiments, the first user account continues to share the location of the electronic device with the second user account, even after the electronic device declines the request to notify the second user account about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographical location that satisfy the set of criteria. Sharing a location of the electronic device with the second user account after displaying the notification, and prior to authorizing the request to be notified (or after explicitly rejecting the request), permits the user to continue sharing location data with the second user account without requiring the user to provide additional input to resume location data sharing with the second user account. This reduces the number of inputs needed to resume location data sharing with the second user account. Reducing the number of inputs needed to perform an operation enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and

efficiently.

[0199] In some embodiments, after displaying the notification (e.g., 6040, 6048) indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device (e.g., 6000B, 6100B) relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria, the method includes one or more of the following steps. In accordance with a determination that a current location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria (e.g., during the range of times) and in accordance with a determination that authorization (e.g., explicit authorization for the particular request; pre-authorization based on the identity of the requesting device) has been received to notify the second user account when a location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria, notifying (e.g., displaying notification 6096) (e.g., transmitting data to a device associated with the second user account; transmitting data to a notification server that notifies the second user account) the second user account that the current location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria (e.g., during the range of times (e.g., the location of the electronic device is not at the first geographic location at any point during the range of times)). In accordance with a determination that a current location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria and in accordance with a determination that authorization has not been received to notify the second user account when a location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria, forgoing notifying the second user account that the current location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria. Notifying the second user account that the current location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies a set of criteria, when the set of criteria are satisfied and authorization has been received to notify the second user account, provides an enhanced layer of security and preserves privacy of the first user account by requiring authorization for the second user account to receive a notification related to the location associated with the first user account. Similarly, foregoing notifying the second user account that the current location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies a set of criteria, when the set of criteria are satisfied and authorization has not been received to notify the second user account, provides an enhanced layer of security and preserves privacy of the first user account by requiring authorization for the second user account to receive a notification related to the location associated with the first user account.

[0200] In some embodiments, displaying the notification (e.g., 6040, 6048) indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria occurs when

the location of the electronic device has a predefined relationship to the first geographic location (e.g., when the electronic device is located at the first geographic location) (e.g., see FIG. 6H). In some embodiments, the notification is displayed only the first time the electronic device is located at the first geographic location. In some embodiments, displaying the notification when the device has the predefined relationship to the first geographic location provides an enhanced layer of security and preserves privacy of the tracked user by providing information that the location of the device is being tracked, which is particularly useful in a scenario in which a malicious actor has access to the tracked user's device, and the malicious actor sets the geofence and timeframe parameters and, without the tracked user's knowledge or consent, confirms the geofence and timeframe on the tracked user's device.

[0201] In some embodiments, displaying the notification (e.g., 6040, 6048) indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria occurs in response to receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria (e.g., see FIG. 6F). In some embodiments, the second user account (e.g., Mom's account) sets the conditions for the geofence (e.g., as shown in FIGS. 6A-6C) and the electronic device receives the indication (and displays the notification) shortly (e.g., immediately) after the geofence is created.

[0202] In some embodiments, after displaying the notification (e.g., 6040, 6048) indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria, the method further comprises one or more of the following. In accordance with a determination that authorization (e.g., explicit authorization for the particular request; pre-authorization based on the identity of the requesting device) has been received to notify the second user account when a location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria, and that a second set of notification criteria are satisfied, the second set of notification criteria including a first criterion that is satisfied when the set of criteria are satisfied (e.g., the current location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria (e.g., during the range of times)), displaying, via the display device (e.g., 6002), a notification (e.g., 6098, 6124) indicating that the location (e.g., current location) of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria. In some embodiments, the notification includes text identifying the second user account and/or text describing the set of criteria. In some embodiments, displaying the notification informs the user that a notification concerning the location of the electronic

device is being sent to the second user account. This provides an element of privacy for the user by keeping the user informed of instances in which the user's personal information (e.g., location information) is being shared with other user accounts. In accordance with a determination that authorization has been received to notify the second user account when a location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria, and that the second set of notification criteria are not satisfied, forgoing displaying the notification indicating that the location (e.g., current location) of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria.

[0203] In some embodiments, the second set of notification criteria include a second criterion that is satisfied when the set of criteria are satisfied for a first time (e.g., the notification is displayed only the first time the set of criteria are satisfied).

[0204] In some embodiments, the set of criteria are satisfied when a current location of the electronic device does not have a predefined relationship to the first geographical location (e.g., the electronic device is not located at the first geographic location) at a start time within a range of times (e.g., see FIG. 60).

[0205] In some embodiments, after the electronic device receives the indication that the second user account (e.g., Mom's account) is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria, and in accordance with a determination that the set of notification criteria are not satisfied (e.g., a current location of the electronic device (e.g., 6000B, 6100B) relative to the first geographic location fails to satisfy the set of criteria after receiving the indication), the electronic device forgoes (710) displaying the notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria (e.g., see Jane's device 6000B-1 in FIG. 6G) (e.g., see Jane's device 6000B-3 in FIG. 6H).

[0206] In some embodiments, the method further comprises displaying (e.g., before receiving the indication; after receiving the indication), via the display device (e.g., 6002), a notification management interface (e.g., 6072) that includes a set (e.g., 6080) of one or more indications (e.g., 6080-1, 6080-2, 6080-3) that each correspond to a request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location.

[0207] In some embodiments, the notification management interface includes location-based notification information (e.g., 6074, 6076, 6078) (e.g., address information, map settings, options for sharing location information associated with the first user account) for the first user account (e.g., Jane's account).

[0208] In some embodiments, the set of one or more indications that each correspond to a request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location is organized according

to the user account corresponding (e.g., the user account making the request to be notified; the user account that will be notified) to each indication of the set of one or more indications (e.g., in FIG. 6M, 6080-1 corresponds to Mom's account, 6080-2 corresponds to Dad's account, 6080-3 corresponds to Brother's account). In some embodiments, the set of indications include a representation of the user account corresponding to set of indications, and a representation indication of a number of notifications that are associated with the user account. Organizing the set of one or more indications according to the user account corresponding to each indication of the set of one or more indications provides an organized and easily navigable user interface that reduces the number of inputs needed for a user to locate the indications. Reducing the number of inputs needed for a user to locate the indications enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and efficiently.

[0209] In some embodiments, the set of one or more indications that each correspond to a request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location includes one or more of the following. A first sub-set of one or more indications (e.g., 6086-1, 6086-2) that each correspond to a request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location that was created by the first user account (e.g., Jane's account). A second sub-set of one or more indications (e.g., 6088-1, 6088-2) that each correspond to a request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location that was created by a user account other than the first user account (e.g., Mom's account) (e.g., a user account of the one or more user accounts other than the first user account). In some embodiments, the first sub-set of one or more indications are grouped together (e.g., in region 6086) and the second sub-set of one or more indications are grouped together (e.g., in region 6088) (e.g., and separate from the first sub-set of one or more indications). Grouping together the first and second sub-sets of one or more indications provides an organized and easily navigable user interface that reduces the number of inputs needed for a user to locate the indications in each sub-set. Reducing the number of inputs needed for a user to locate the indications enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and efficiently.

[0210] In some embodiments, the method further comprises one or more of the following. While displaying the

notification management interface (e.g., notifications details user interface 6084) (e.g., in some embodiments, notification management user interface 6072 includes notifications details user interface 6084), receiving a first set of one or more inputs corresponding to a request to de-authorize a first request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location. In response to receiving the first set of one or more inputs: removing authorization for notifications about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location. In some embodiments, removing authorization for the notifications includes ceasing to display an indication (e.g., 6086-1, 6086-2, 6088-1, 6088-2, 6080-1, 6080-2, 6080-3) of the set of one or more indications that corresponds to the first request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location. In some embodiments, the first set of one or more inputs is a swipe input. In some embodiments, the first set of one or more inputs is a swipe input on the indication of the set of one or more indications that corresponds to a request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location followed by a tap gesture on a delete affordance. Removing authorization for notifications about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location, in response to receiving the first set of one or more inputs, provides a quick and convenient method that reduces the number of inputs for removing authorization for the notification. Reducing the number of inputs needed for removing authorization for the notification enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and efficiently.

[0211] Note that details of the processes described above with respect to method 700 (e.g., FIG. 7) are also applicable in an analogous manner to the methods described below. For example, method 800 optionally includes one or more of the characteristics of the various methods described above with reference to method 700. For example, various steps of method 800 are performed after the notification displayed in step 708 has been accepted. For brevity, these details are not repeated below.

[0212] FIG. 8 is a flow diagram illustrating a method for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, using an electronic device, in accordance with some embodiments. Method 800 is performed at a device (e.g., 100, 120, 300, 310, 500, 516, 6000, 6100B). Some operations in method 800 are, optionally, combined, the orders of some operations are, optionally, changed, and some operations are, optionally, omitted.

[0213] As described below, method 800 provides an intuitive way for managing location-related communica-

tions of an electronic device associated with a user account. The method reduces the cognitive burden on a user for managing location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account, thereby creating a more efficient human-machine interface. For battery-operated computing devices, enabling a user to manage location-related communications of an electronic device associated with a user account faster and more efficiently conserves power and increases the time between battery charges.

[0214] Method 800 includes performing one or more of the following steps at an electronic device (e.g., a server) (e.g., an electronic device having a display device (e.g., a touch-sensitive display) (e.g., Jane's device 6000B; Jane's device 6100B) (e.g., Mom's device 6000A). In some embodiments, the electronic device is associated with a user account (e.g., a child's account; Jane's account) for which a current location is being evaluated. In some embodiments, the electronic device is associated with a second user account (e.g., a parent's user account; Mom's account) that is authorized to receive location data for an electronic device (e.g., Jane's device 6000B; Jane's device 6100B) associated with the user account (e.g., the child's user account) for which the current location is being evaluated. In some embodiments, the electronic device is a server that is authorized to receive location data for an electronic device (e.g., Jane's device 6000B; Jane's device 6100B) associated with the user account (e.g., Jane's account) for which the current location is being evaluated.

[0215] Method 800 includes performing (802) one or more of the following steps while a current location associated with a user account (e.g., Jane's account) (e.g., a current location of an electronic device associated with the user account) is being evaluated (e.g., tracked or monitored) relative to a geographic location (e.g., school) (e.g., a physical address, a coordinate, a defined area, or a geographic landmark) and a range of times (e.g., between 9:00 AM and 3:00 PM on weekdays) (e.g., a range of times specified by the user account) (e.g., a range of times specified by the second user account (e.g., Mom's account)).

[0216] In accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times (e.g., the electronic device associated with the user account is not located at the geographic location at any point during the range of times), the electronic device generates (804) an alert (e.g., a notification such as a pop up or a banner) (e.g., 6096, 6098, 6122, 6124) indicating that the current location associated with the user account (e.g., Jane's account) does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location (e.g., school) (e.g., see FIG. 6O) (e.g., see FIG. 6R). In some embodiments, generating the alert includes displaying the alert on the electronic device (e.g., when the electronic device is associated with the user account (e.g., child account) or is associated with

the second user account (e.g., parent account)). In some embodiments, generating the alert includes causing an external electronic device to display the alert (e.g., when the electronic device is a server). In some embodiments, the external electronic device is an electronic device associated with the user account. In some embodiments, the external electronic device is an electronic device associated with the second user account. Generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location, when the current location does not have the predefined relationship at a time within the range of times, provides feedback to a user indicating that the conditions being evaluated violate a specified criteria. Providing improved feedback enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and efficiently.

[0217] In some embodiments, the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location when the current location associated with the user account matches (e.g., or is transitioning from not matching to matching) the geographic location (e.g., see FIG. 6T).

[0218] In some embodiments, the alert is generated on a first date (e.g., Monday, June 3rd, as shown in FIG. 60), and the alert includes a first user interface object (e.g., a "Mute for Today" affordance; mute option 6112) that, when selected, initiates a process for preventing display of subsequent alerts generated on the first date and associated with the evaluation of the current location associated with the user account relative to the geographic location during the range of times (e.g., when the first user interface object is selected, future alerts for the geofence and range of times are not displayed for the remainder of the day). In some embodiments, the first user interface object is displayed in response to long press input 6104 on notification 6096.

[0219] In some embodiments, the alert includes a second user interface object (e.g., a "Contact" affordance; contact option 6110) that, when selected, initiates a process for contacting (e.g., calling, emailing, messaging, video conferencing) an external electronic device (e.g., Jane's device 6000B; Jane's device 6100B) associated with the user account (e.g., Jane's account). In some embodiments, the second user interface object is displayed in response to long press input 6104 on notification 6096.

[0220] In some embodiments, the alert includes a third user interface object (e.g., a "Notify when Jane Arrives" affordance; "Notify when Jane Arrives" option 6114) that, when selected, initiates a process for: while the current location associated with the user account is being evaluated relative to the geographic location during the range of times and in accordance with a determination that the

current location associated with the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location (e.g., during the range of times) (e.g., at a time outside the range of times), generating a second alert (e.g., 6120) indicating that the current location associated with the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location (e.g., generating the second alert when the electronic device associated with the user account is located at the geographic location or is transitioning from a location that does not match the geographic location to a location that does match the geographic location) (e.g., see FIG. 6Q). In some embodiments, the third user interface object is displayed in response to long press input 6104 on notification 6096. Generating a second alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location provides feedback to a user indicating that the conditions being evaluated are now satisfied, when they previously were not satisfied. Providing improved feedback enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and efficiently.

[0221] In some embodiments, the alert includes a fourth user interface object (e.g., a map affordance; map option 6108) that, when selected, initiates a process for displaying a map representing the current location associated with the user account (e.g., associated with an external electronic device associated with the user account). In some embodiments, the alert includes a representation of the map (e.g., 6108-1) (e.g., the fourth user interface object is the representation of the map representing a location associated with the user account), and the map displayed in response to selecting the fourth user interface object includes an expanded map or an option to view an expanded map. In some embodiments, the fourth user interface object is displayed in response to long press input 6104 on notification 6096.

[0222] In some embodiments, the alert (e.g., 6096) is generated when the current location associated with the user account does not match the geographic location at a start time of the range of times (e.g., the alert is generated when the time period starts and the electronic device associated with the user account is not located within the geofence) (e.g., see FIG. 60). In some embodiments, the determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times includes a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not match the geographic location at a start time of the range of times.

[0223] In some embodiments, the alert (e.g., 6122, 6124) is generated when the current location associated with the user account transitions from having the predefined relationship to the geographic location during the

range of times to not having the predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times (e.g., the alert is generated when the electronic device associated with the user account leaves the geofence during the time period) (e.g., see FIG. 6R). In some embodiments, the determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times includes a determination that the current location associated with the user account has transitioned from having the predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times to not having the predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times.

[0224] In accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times (e.g., the electronic device associated with the user account is not located at the geographic location at a time that is outside the range of times), the electronic device forgoes (806) generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location (e.g., see FIG. 6U). Foregoing generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location, when the current location does not have the predefined relationship at a time outside of the range of times, provides feedback (by not generating the alert) to a user indicating that the conditions being evaluated do not violate a specified criteria. Providing improved feedback enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and efficiently.

[0225] In some embodiments, while the current location associated with the user account (e.g., Jane's account) is being evaluated (e.g., tracked or monitored) relative to the geographic location (e.g., school) and the range of times (e.g., between 9:00 AM and 3:00 PM on weekdays), in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account has a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times (e.g., the electronic device associated with the user account is located at the geographic location at a time that is outside the range of times) (e.g., Jane's device 6000B is located at school at 3:30 PM on Monday), the electronic device foregoes (808) generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location. Foregoing generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location,

when the current location does have the predefined relationship at a time outside of the range of times, provides feedback (by not generating the alert) to a user indicating that the conditions being evaluated do not violate a specified criteria. Providing improved feedback enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and efficiently.

[0226] In some embodiments, while the current location associated with the user account is being evaluated (e.g., tracked or monitored) relative to the geographic location and the range of times, in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account has a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times (e.g., the electronic device associated with the user account is located at the geographic location at a time that is within the range of times), the electronic device foregoes (810) generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location (e.g., see FIG. 6T). Foregoing generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location, when the current location does have the predefined relationship at a time within of the range of times, provides feedback (by not generating the alert) to a user indicating that the conditions being evaluated do not violate a specified criteria. Providing improved feedback enhances the operability of the device and makes the user-device interface more efficient (e.g., by helping the user to provide proper inputs and reducing user mistakes when operating/interacting with the device) which, additionally, reduces power usage and improves battery life of the device by enabling the user to use the device more quickly and efficiently.

[0227] In some embodiments, the electronic device (e.g., 6000) has a display device (e.g., 6002) (e.g., a touch-sensitive display) (e.g., at an electronic device associated with a second user account (e.g., Mom's device 6000A), and the method further comprises performing one or more of the following steps. Prior to the current location associated with the user account (e.g., Jane's account) being evaluated relative to the geographic location and the range of times (e.g., and while the user account shares a location of an electronic device associated with the user account with one or more user accounts other than the user account (e.g., Mom's account)), displaying, via the display device, the following: 1) a location user interface object (e.g., 6016-2) that, when selected, initiates a process for specifying the geographic location; 2) a date user interface object (e.g., 6020-1 through 6020-7) that, when selected, initiates a process for specifying a date component of the range of

times; and 3) a time user interface object (e.g., 6018-1, 6018-2) that, when selected, initiates a process for specifying a time component of the range of times. In some embodiments, the boundary of the geofence is setup by detecting user selection of the location user interface object. In some embodiments, this includes receiving user input including location information such as an address, a coordinate, a defined area on a map, or a geographic landmark. In some embodiments, the user can view the geographic location on a map and manipulate the map to adjust the boundaries of the geofence (e.g., by adjusting a zoom level of the map). In some embodiments, the range of times is set up by detecting user selection of the date user interface object and time user interface object. In some embodiments, this includes detecting a user selection of a date on which the range of times should begin. In some embodiments, this includes detecting a user selection of particular days of the week for which the range of times should repeat (e.g., selecting options for repeating the range of times from Monday through Friday, but not on Saturday or Sunday). In some embodiments, this includes detecting a user selection of a start time and an end time for the range of times (e.g., start at 9:00 AM and end at 3:00 PM).

[0228] In some embodiments, prior to the current location associated with the user account (e.g., Jane's account) being evaluated relative to the geographic location and the range of times (e.g., and while the user account shares a location of an electronic device associated with the user account with one or more user accounts other than the user account), the electronic device generates (and, in some embodiments, transmits; causes to be transmitted) a notification (e.g., 6040, 6048) for display at an external electronic device (e.g., Jane's device 6000B, Jane's device 6100B) associated with the user account, the notification including an indication (e.g., text 6048-1) that a second user account (e.g., a remote user or device that has been authorized (e.g., by the user account associated with the electronic device) to receive location data associated with the user account; a user account associated with the electronic device) is requesting to be notified about changes in the location associated with the user account relative to the geographic location during the range of times. In some embodiments, the electronic device associated with the user account is a first electronic device (e.g., Jane's device 6000B). In some embodiments, the electronic device associated with the user account is a second electronic device (e.g., Jane's device 6100B) different from the first electronic device. In some embodiments, the notification is the notification displayed in step 708 discussed above with respect to method 700. Generating a notification including an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location associated with the user account relative to the geographic location during the range of times provides an enhanced layer of security and preserves privacy of the tracked user by providing an indication to the user that another user ac-

count is intending to receive notifications related to the location associated with the user account.

[0229] In some embodiments, the notification (e.g., 6040, 6048) is generated in response to a determination that the current location associated with the user account (e.g., Jane's account) has the predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times (e.g., the electronic device associated with the user count is located at the geographic location without consideration of the range of times) (e.g., see FIG. 6H). In some embodiments, the notification is generated only the first time the location of the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location. In some embodiments, generating the notification when the device has the predefined relationship to the geographic location provides an enhanced layer of security and preserves privacy of the tracked user by providing information that the location of the device is being tracked, which is particularly useful in a scenario in which a malicious actor has access to the tracked user's device, and the malicious actor sets the geofence and timeframe parameters and, without the tracked user's knowledge or consent, confirms the geofence and timeframe on the tracked user's device.

[0230] In some embodiments, the notification is generated at a time that corresponds to (e.g., matches the start of) the range of times (e.g., the notification is generated at, or near, the start of the range of times) (e.g., see FIG. 6G). In some embodiments, the notification is generated only the first time the start time of the range of times is reached. In some embodiments, generating the notification at a time that matches the start time in the range of times provides an enhanced layer of security and preserves privacy of the tracked user by providing information that the location of the device is being tracked, which is particularly useful in a scenario in which a malicious actor has access to the tracked user's device, and the malicious actor sets the geofence and timeframe parameters and, without the tracked user's knowledge or consent, confirms the geofence and timeframe on the tracked user's device.

[0231] Note that details of the processes described above with respect to method 800 (e.g., FIG. 8) are also applicable in an analogous manner to the methods described above. For example, method 700 optionally includes one or more of the characteristics of the various methods described above with reference to method 800. For example, various steps of method 800 are performed after acceptance of the notification displayed in step 708 of method 700. For brevity, these details are not repeated below.

[0232] The foregoing description, for purpose of explanation, has been described with reference to specific embodiments. However, the illustrative discussions above are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise forms disclosed. Many modifications and variations are possible in view of the above teachings. The embodiments were chosen and described in order

to best explain the principles of the techniques and their practical applications. Others skilled in the art are thereby enabled to best utilize the techniques and various embodiments with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.

[0233] Although the disclosure and examples have been fully described with reference to the accompanying drawings, it is to be noted that various changes and modifications will become apparent to those skilled in the art. Such changes and modifications are to be understood as being included within the scope of the disclosure and examples as defined by the claims.

[0234] As described above, one aspect of the present technology is the gathering and use of data available from various sources to improve the management of location-related communications of electronic devices. The present disclosure contemplates that in some instances, this gathered data may include personal information data that uniquely identifies or can be used to contact or locate a specific person. Such personal information data can include demographic data, location-based data, telephone numbers, email addresses, twitter IDs, home addresses, data or records relating to a user's health or level of fitness (e.g., vital signs measurements, medication information, exercise information), date of birth, or any other identifying or personal information.

[0235] The present disclosure recognizes that the use of such personal information data, in the present technology, can be used to the benefit of users. For example, the personal information data can be used to track locations of a user device. Further, other uses for personal information data that benefit the user are also contemplated by the present disclosure. For instance, health and fitness data may be used to provide insights into a user's general wellness, or may be used as positive feedback to individuals using technology to pursue wellness goals.

[0236] The present disclosure contemplates that the entities responsible for the collection, analysis, disclosure, transfer, storage, or other use of such personal information data will comply with well-established privacy policies and/or privacy practices. In particular, such entities should implement and consistently use privacy policies and practices that are generally recognized as meeting or exceeding industry or governmental requirements for maintaining personal information data private and secure. Such policies should be easily accessible by users, and should be updated as the collection and/or use of data changes. Personal information from users should be collected for legitimate and reasonable uses of the entity and not shared or sold outside of those legitimate uses. Further, such collection/sharing should occur after receiving the informed consent of the users. Additionally, such entities should consider taking any needed steps for safeguarding and securing access to such personal information data and ensuring that others with access to the personal information data adhere to their privacy policies and procedures. Further, such entities can subject themselves to evaluation by third parties

to certify their adherence to widely accepted privacy policies and practices. In addition, policies and practices should be adapted for the particular types of personal information data being collected and/or accessed and adapted to applicable laws and standards, including jurisdiction-specific considerations. For instance, in the US, collection of or access to certain health data may be governed by federal and/or state laws, such as the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA); whereas health data in other countries may be subject to other regulations and policies and should be handled accordingly. Hence different privacy practices should be maintained for different personal data types in each country.

[0237] Despite the foregoing, the present disclosure also contemplates embodiments in which users selectively block the use of, or access to, personal information data. That is, the present disclosure contemplates that hardware and/or software elements can be provided to prevent or block access to such personal information data. For example, in the case of tracking the location of an electronic device, the present technology can be configured to allow users to select to "opt in" or "opt out" of participation in the collection of personal information data during registration for services or anytime thereafter. In another example, users can select not to provide certain location data for specified timeframes. In addition to providing "opt in" and "opt out" options, the present disclosure contemplates providing notifications relating to the access or use of personal information. For instance, a user may be notified upon downloading an app that their personal information data will be accessed and then reminded again just before personal information data is accessed by the app.

[0238] Moreover, it is the intent of the present disclosure that personal information data should be managed and handled in a way to minimize risks of unintentional or unauthorized access or use. Risk can be minimized by limiting the collection of data and deleting data once it is no longer needed. In addition, and when applicable, including in certain health related applications, data de-identification can be used to protect a user's privacy. De-identification may be facilitated, when appropriate, by removing specific identifiers (e.g., date of birth, etc.), controlling the amount or specificity of data stored (e.g., collecting location data a city level rather than at an address level), controlling how data is stored (e.g., aggregating data across users), and/or other methods.

[0239] Therefore, although the present disclosure broadly covers use of personal information data to implement one or more various disclosed embodiments, the present disclosure also contemplates that the various embodiments can also be implemented without the need for accessing such personal information data. That is, the various embodiments of the present technology are not rendered inoperable due to the lack of all or a portion of such personal information data.

[0240] Exemplary methods, electronic devices, and

non-transitory computer-readable storage media are set out in the following items.

1. A method, comprising:

at an electronic device having a display device: while the electronic device is associated with a first user account that shares a location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account:

receiving an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in location of the electronic device relative to a first geographic location that satisfy a set of criteria; and

after receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria:

in accordance with a determination that a set of notification criteria are satisfied, the set of notification criteria including a criterion that is satisfied when the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified has been received, displaying, via the display device, a notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria.

2. The method of item 1, further comprising:

after receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria: in accordance with a determination that the set of notification criteria are not satisfied, forgoing display of the notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria.

3. The method of any of items 1-2, wherein the one or more user accounts other than the first user account includes the second user account, the method further comprising:

after displaying the notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria and before authorizing the request to be to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria:

sharing, with the second user account, a location of the electronic device.

4. The method of any of items 1-3, wherein the set of criteria include a criterion that is satisfied when the location of the electronic device does not have a predefined relationship to the first geographic location.

5. The method of item 4, further comprising:
while the electronic device is associated with the first user account that shares the location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account, and while the location of the electronic device is being evaluated relative to the first geographic location and the range of times:

in accordance with a determination that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location during the range of times, generating an alert indicating that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location; and
in accordance with a determination that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generating the alert indicating that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location.

6. The method of item 4, further comprising:
while the electronic device is associated with the first user account that shares the location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account, and while the location of the electronic device is being evaluated relative to the first geographic location and the range of times:
in accordance with a determination that the location of the electronic device has the predefined relationship to the first geographic location during the range of times, forgoing generating the alert indicating that the location of the electronic device does not have the predefined relationship to the first geographic location.

7. The method of item 4, wherein displaying the notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria occurs at a time corresponding to the range of times.

8. The method of any of items 1-7, wherein the set of criteria includes a criterion that is satisfied when the location of the electronic device does not match the first geographic location.

9. The method of any of items 1-7, wherein the set

of criteria includes a criterion that is satisfied when the location of the electronic device matches the first geographic location.

10. The method of any one of items 1-9, further comprising:
after displaying the notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria:

in accordance with a determination that a current location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria and in accordance with a determination that authorization has been received to notify the second user account when a location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria, notifying the second user account that the current location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria; and
in accordance with a determination that a current location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria and in accordance with a determination that authorization has not been received to notify the second user account when a location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria, forgoing notifying the second user account that the current location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria.

11. The method of any of items 1-10, wherein displaying the notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria occurs when the location of the electronic device has a predefined relationship to the first geographic location.

12. The method of any of items 1-10, wherein displaying the notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria occurs in response to receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria.

13. The method of any of items 1-12, further comprising:

after displaying the notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria:

in accordance with a determination that authorization has been received to notify the second user account when a location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria, and that a second set of notification criteria are satisfied, the second set of notification criteria including a first criterion that is satisfied when the set of criteria are satisfied, displaying, via the display device, a notification indicating that the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria; and in accordance with a determination that authorization has been received to notify the second user account when a location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria, and that the second set of notification criteria are not satisfied, foregoing displaying the notification indicating that the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location satisfies the set of criteria.

14. The method of item 13, wherein the second set of notification criteria include a second criterion that is satisfied when the set of criteria are satisfied for a first time.

15. The method of item 14, wherein the set of criteria are satisfied when a current location of the electronic device does not have a predefined relationship to the first geographical location at a start time within a range of times.

16. The method of any of items 1-15, further comprising:

displaying, via the display device, a notification management interface that includes a set of one or more indications that each correspond to a request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location.

17. The method of item 16, wherein the notification management interface includes location-based notification information for the first user account.

18. The method of item 16, wherein the set of one or more indications that each correspond to a request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location is organized according to the user account corresponding to each indication of the set of one or more

indications.

19. The method of item 18, wherein the set of one or more indications that each correspond to a request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location includes:

a first sub-set of one or more indications that each correspond to a request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location that was created by the first user account; and

a second sub-set of one or more indications that each correspond to a request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location that was created by a user account other than the first user account;

wherein the first sub-set of one or more indications are grouped together and the second sub-set of one or more indications are grouped together.

20. The method of any one of items 16-19, further comprising:

while displaying the notification management interface, receiving a first set of one or more inputs corresponding to a request to de-authorize a first request to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location; and

in response to receiving the first set of one or more inputs:

removing authorization for notifications about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to a geographic location.

21. A non-transitory computer-readable storage medium storing one or more programs configured to be executed by one or more processors of an electronic device with a display device, the one or more programs including instructions for performing the method of any of items 1-20.

22. An electronic device, comprising:

a display device;

one or more processors; and

memory storing one or more programs configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including instructions for performing the method of any of items 1-20.

23. An electronic device, comprising:

a display device; and
means for performing the method of any of items 1-20.

24. A non-transitory computer-readable storage medium storing one or more programs configured to be executed by one or more processors of an electronic device with a display device, the one or more programs including instructions for:
while the electronic device is associated with a first user account that shares a location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account:

receiving an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in location of the electronic device relative to a first geographic location that satisfy a set of criteria; and
after receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria:
in accordance with a determination that a set of notification criteria are satisfied, the set of notification criteria including a criterion that is satisfied when the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified has been received, displaying, via the display device, a notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria.

25. An electronic device, comprising:

a display device;
one or more processors; and
memory storing one or more programs configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including instructions for:
while the electronic device is associated with a first user account that shares a location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account:

receiving an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in location of the electronic device relative to a first geographic location that satisfy a set of criteria; and
after receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic

location that satisfy the set of criteria:
in accordance with a determination that a set of notification criteria are satisfied, the set of notification criteria including a criterion that is satisfied when the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified has been received, displaying, via the display device, a notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria.

26. An electronic device, comprising:

a display device; and
means for, while the electronic device is associated with a first user account that shares a location of the electronic device with one or more user accounts other than the first user account:

receiving an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in location of the electronic device relative to a first geographic location that satisfy a set of criteria; and
after receiving the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria:
in accordance with a determination that a set of notification criteria are satisfied, the set of notification criteria including a criterion that is satisfied when the indication that the second user account is requesting to be notified has been received, displaying, via the display device, a notification indicating that the second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location of the electronic device relative to the first geographic location that satisfy the set of criteria.

27. A method, comprising:

at an electronic device:
while a current location associated with a user account is being evaluated relative to a geographic location and a range of times:

in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the ge-

ographic location; and

in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

28. The method of item 27, including while the current location associated with the user account is being evaluated relative to the geographic location and the range of times:

in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account has a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

29. The method of any of items 27-28, including while the current location associated with the user account is being evaluated relative to the geographic location and the range of times:

in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account has a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

30. The method of any of items 27-29, wherein the electronic device has a display device, the method further comprising:

prior to the current location associated with the user account being evaluated relative to the geographic location and the range of times:
displaying via the display device:

a location user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for specifying the geographic location;

a date user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for specifying a date component of the range of times; and

a time user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for specifying a time component of the range of times.

31. The method of any of items 27-30, further comprising:

prior to the current location associated with the user account being evaluated relative to the geographic

location and the range of times:

generating a notification for display at an external electronic device associated with the user account, the notification including an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location associated with the user account relative to the geographic location during the range of times.

32. The method of item 31, wherein the notification is generated in response to a determination that the current location associated with the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times.

33. The method of item 31, wherein the notification is generated at a time that corresponds to the range of times.

34. The method of any of items 27-33, wherein:

the alert is generated on a first date, and the alert includes a first user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for preventing display of subsequent alerts generated on the first date and associated with the evaluation of the current location associated with the user account relative to the geographic location during the range of times.

35. The method of any of items 27-34, wherein the alert includes a second user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for contacting an external electronic device associated with the user account.

36. The method of any of items 27-35, wherein the alert includes a third user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for:

while the current location associated with the user account is being evaluated relative to the geographic location during the range of times and in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location, generating a second alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

37. The method of any of items 27-36, wherein the alert includes a fourth user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for displaying a map representing the current location associated with the user account.

38. The method of any of items 27-37, wherein the alert is generated when the current location associated with the user account does not match the geo-

graphic location at a start time of the range of times.

39. The method of any of items 27-38, wherein the alert is generated when the current location associated with the user account transitions from having the predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times to not having the predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times.

40. The method of any of items 27-39, wherein the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location when the current location associated with the user account matches the geographic location.

41. A non-transitory computer-readable storage medium storing one or more programs configured to be executed by one or more processors of an electronic device, the one or more programs including instructions for performing the method of any of items 27-40.

42. An electronic device, comprising:

one or more processors; and
memory storing one or more programs configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including instructions for performing the method of any of items 27-40.

43. An electronic device, comprising:
means for performing the method of any of items 27-40.

44. A non-transitory computer-readable storage medium storing one or more programs configured to be executed by one or more processors of an electronic device, the one or more programs including instructions for:
while a current location associated with a user account is being evaluated relative to a geographic location and a range of times:

in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location; and
in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associ-

ated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

45. An electronic device, comprising:

one or more processors; and
memory storing one or more programs configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including instructions for:
while a current location associated with a user account is being evaluated relative to a geographic location and a range of times:

in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location; and

in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

46. An electronic device, comprising:
means for, while a current location associated with a user account is being evaluated relative to a geographic location and a range of times:

in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location; and
in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

[0241] The foregoing description, for purpose of expla-

nation, has been described with reference to specific embodiments. However, the illustrative discussions above are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise forms disclosed. Many modifications and variations are possible in view of the above teachings. The embodiments were chosen and described in order to best explain the principles of the invention and its practical applications, to thereby enable others skilled in the art to best utilize the invention and various embodiments with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.

Claims

1. A method, comprising:
at an electronic device:
while a current location associated with a user account is being evaluated relative to a geographic location and a range of times:

in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location; and
in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

2. The method of claim 1, including while the current location associated with the user account is being evaluated relative to the geographic location and the range of times:

in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account has a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

3. The method of any of claims 1-2, including while the current location associated with the user account is being evaluated relative to the geographic location and the range of times:
in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account has a pre-

defined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, forgoing generation of an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

4. The method of any of claims 1-3, wherein the electronic device has a display device, the method further comprising:
prior to the current location associated with the user account being evaluated relative to the geographic location and the range of times:
displaying via the display device:

a location user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for specifying the geographic location;
a date user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for specifying a date component of the range of times; and
a time user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for specifying a time component of the range of times.

5. The method of any of claims 1-4, further comprising:
prior to the current location associated with the user account being evaluated relative to the geographic location and the range of times:

generating a notification for display at an external electronic device associated with the user account, the notification including an indication that a second user account is requesting to be notified about changes in the location associated with the user account relative to the geographic location during the range of times.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein the notification is generated in response to a determination that the current location associated with the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times.

7. The method of any of claims 1-6, wherein:

the alert is generated on a first date, and
the alert includes a first user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for preventing display of subsequent alerts generated on the first date and associated with the evaluation of the current location associated with the user account relative to the geographic location during the range of times.

8. The method of any of claims 1-7, wherein the alert includes a second user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for contacting an external electronic device associated with the user account.

9. The method of any of claims 1-8, wherein the alert includes a third user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for:
while the current location associated with the user account is being evaluated relative to the geographic location during the range of times and in accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location, generating a second alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location. 5 10
10. The method of any of claims 1-9, wherein the alert includes a fourth user interface object that, when selected, initiates a process for displaying a map representing the current location associated with the user account. 15
11. The method of any of claims 1-10, wherein the alert is generated when the current location associated with the user account does not match the geographic location at a start time of the range of times. 20
12. The method of any of claims 1-11, wherein the alert is generated when the current location associated with the user account transitions from having the predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times to not having the predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times. 25 30
13. The method of any of claims 1-12, wherein the user account has the predefined relationship to the geographic location when the current location associated with the user account matches the geographic location. 35
14. A computer-readable storage medium storing one or more programs configured to be executed by one or more processors of an electronic device, the one or more programs including instructions for performing the method of any of claims 1-13. 40
15. An electronic device, comprising: 45
 - one or more processors; and
 - memory storing one or more programs configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including instructions for performing the method of any of claims 1-13. 50
55

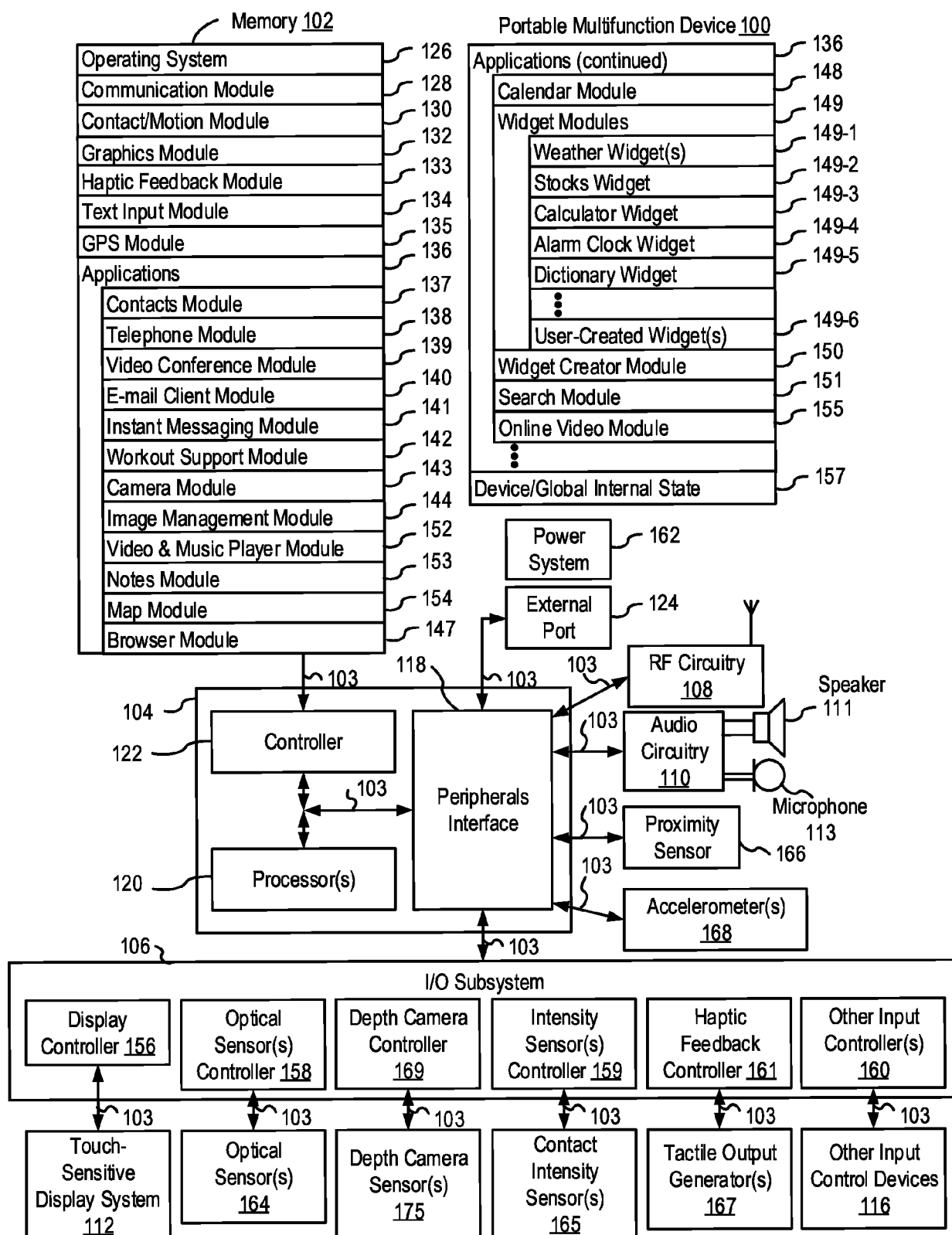


FIG. 1A

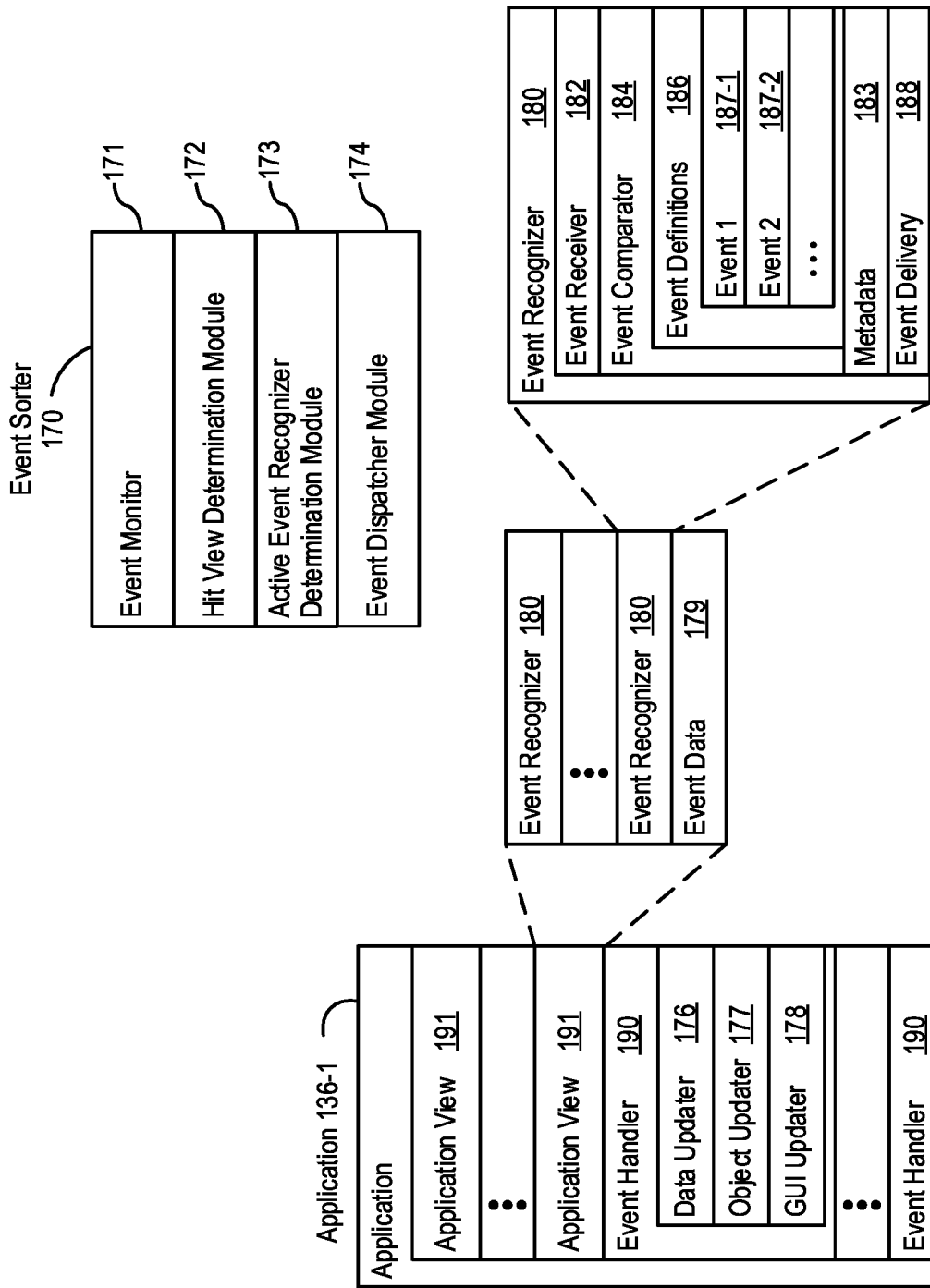


FIG. 1B

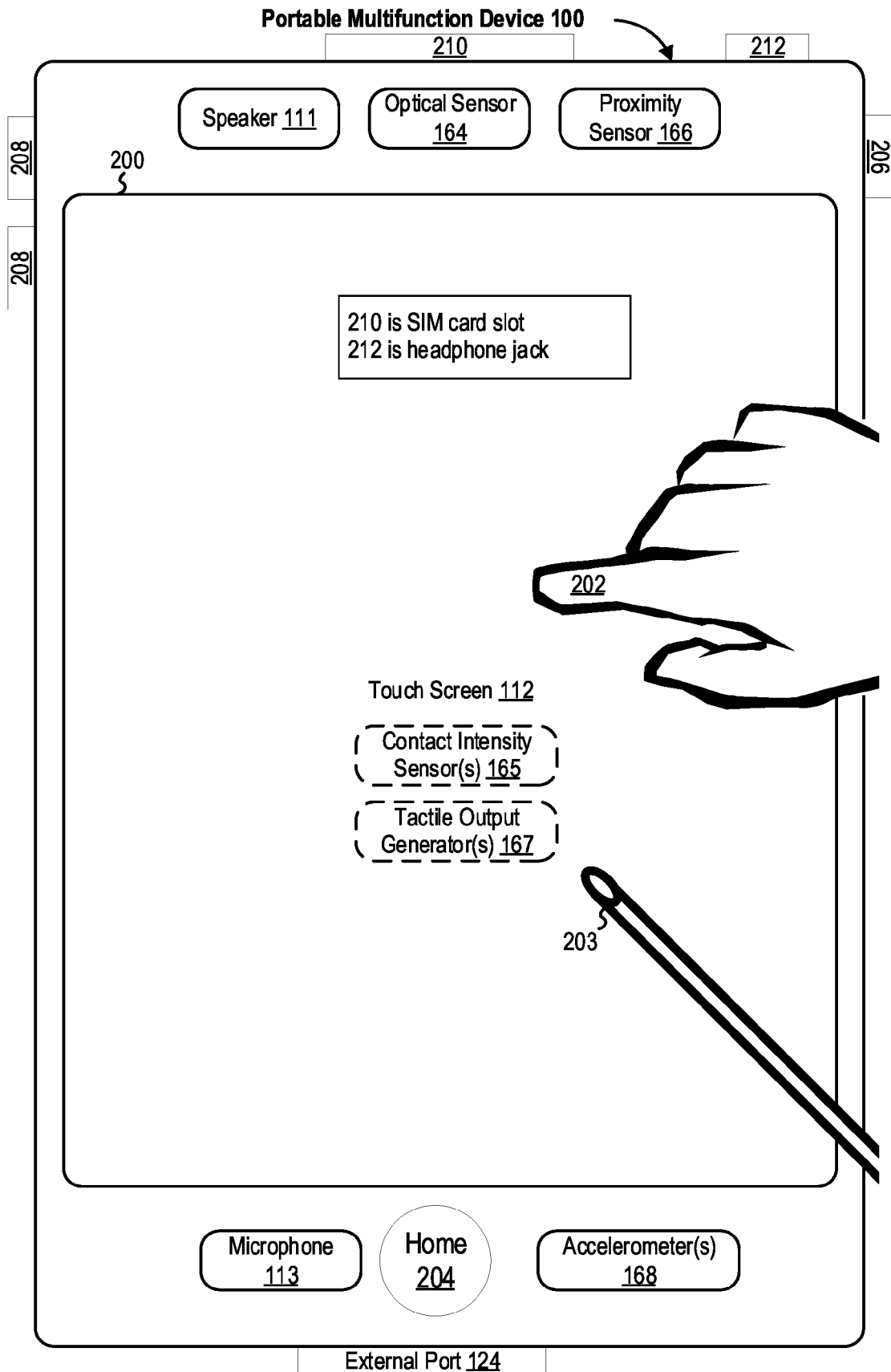


FIG. 2

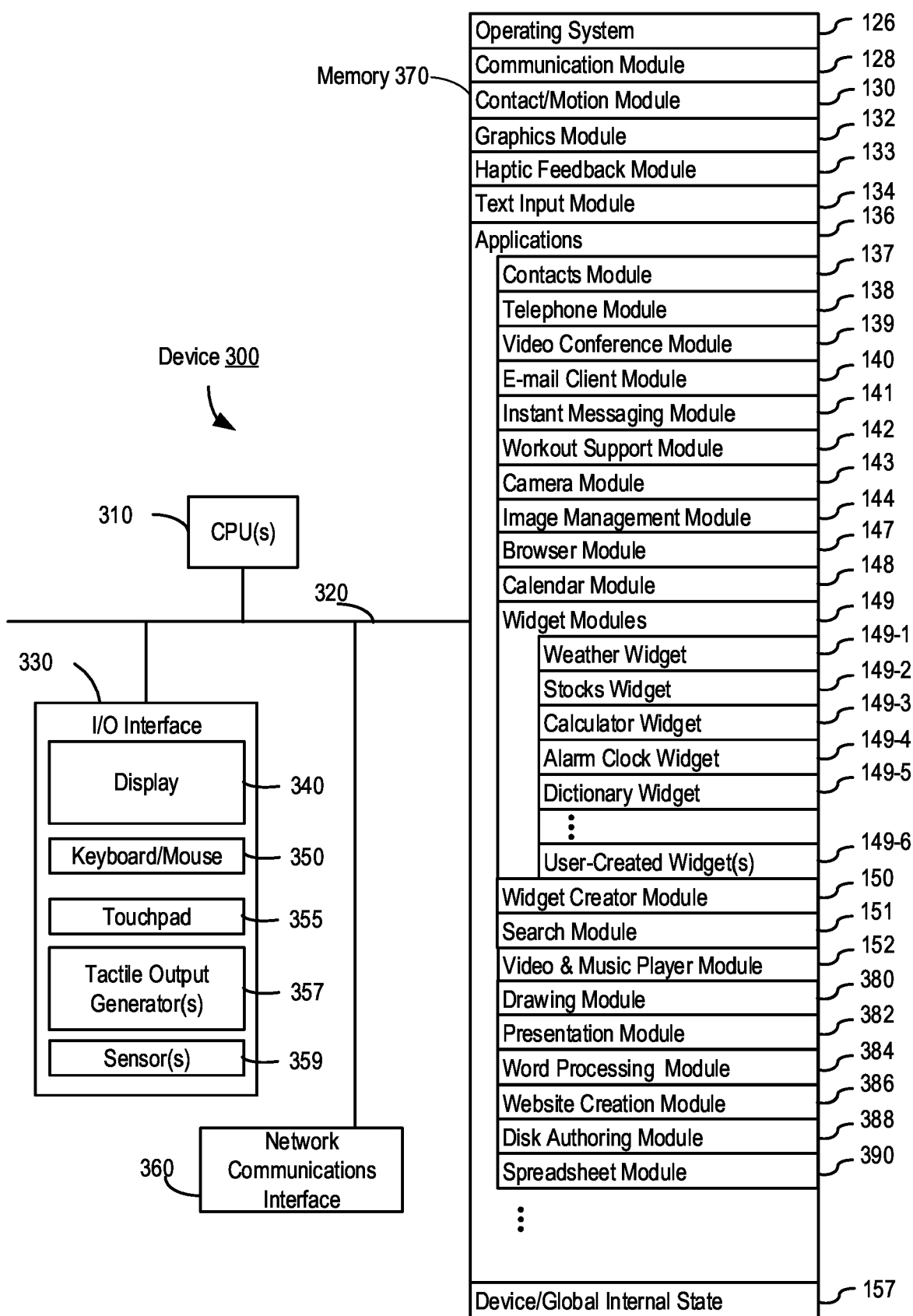


FIG. 3

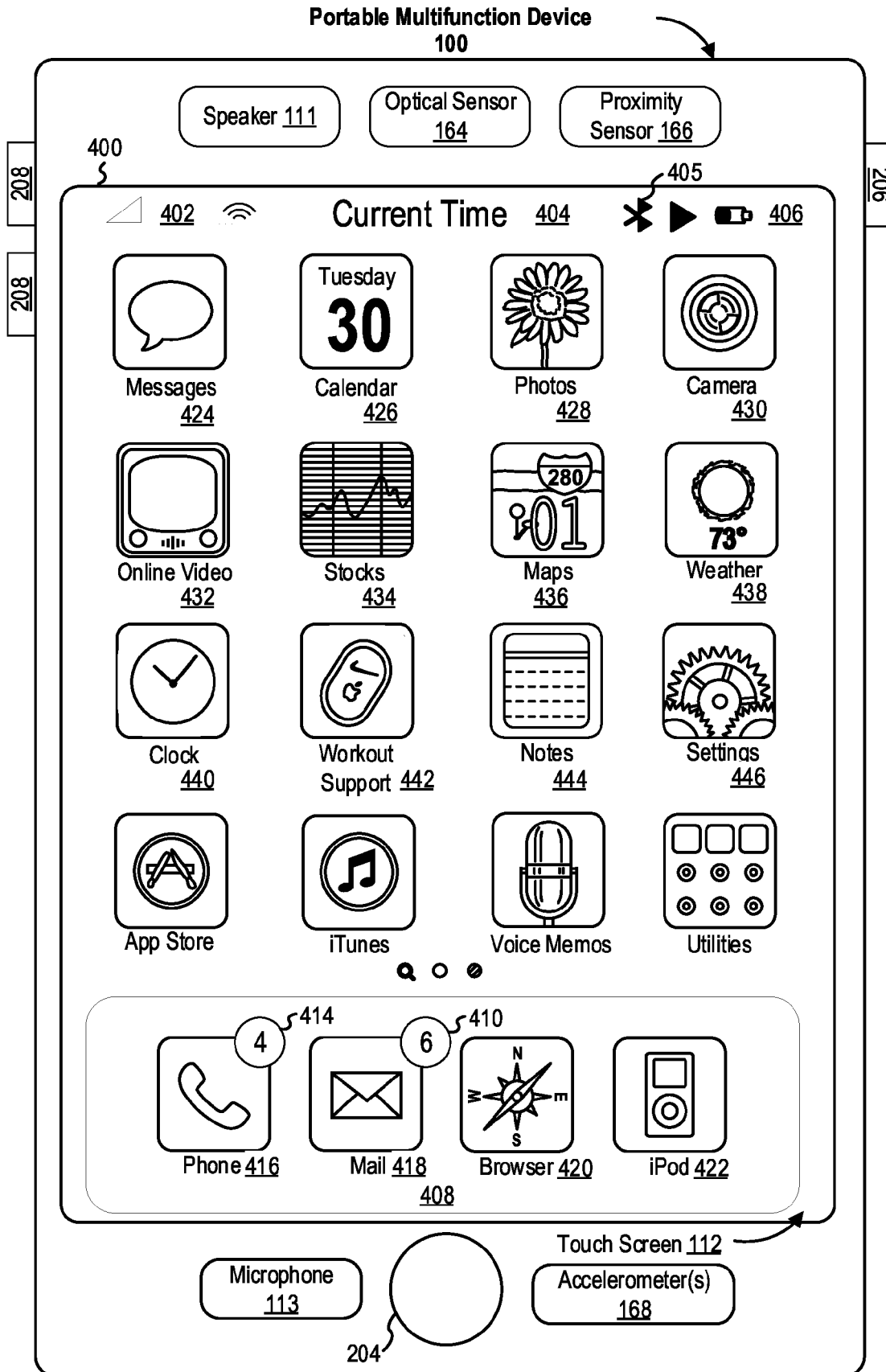


FIG. 4A

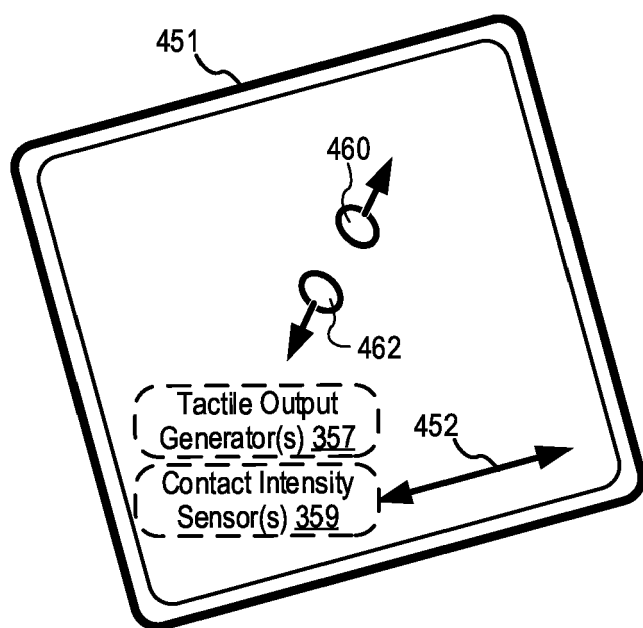
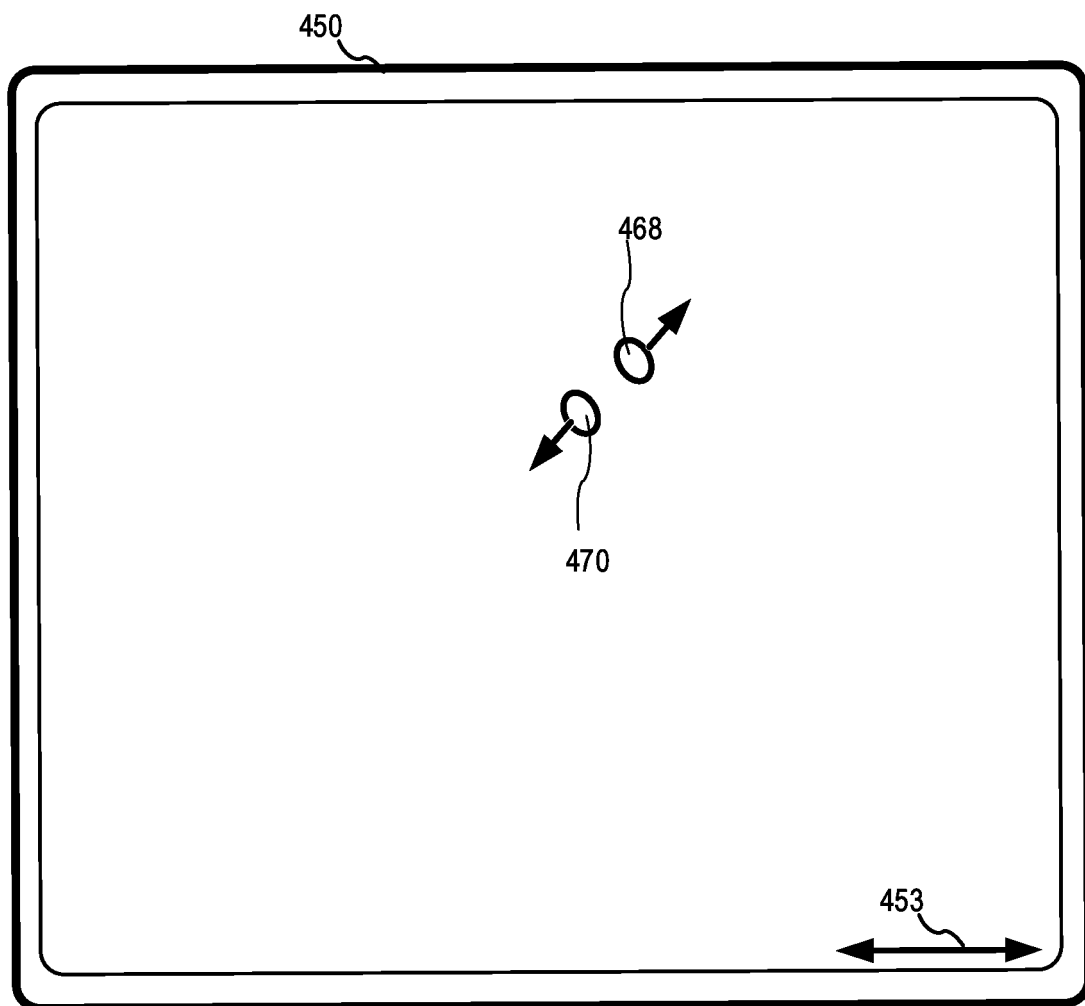


FIG. 4B

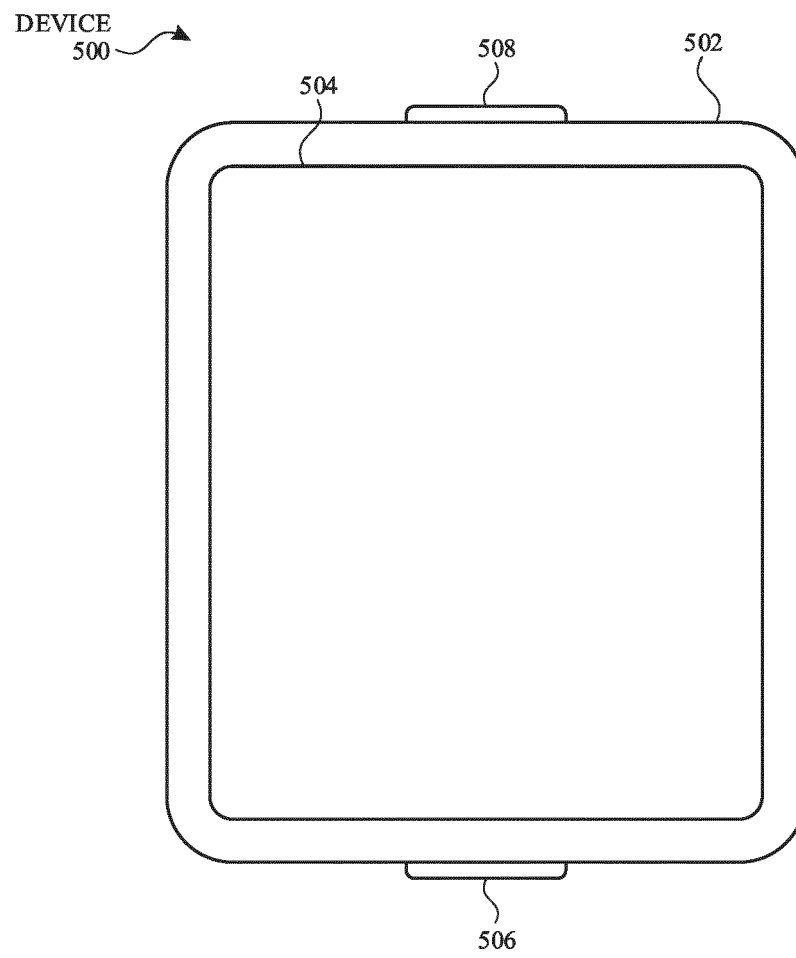


FIG. 5A

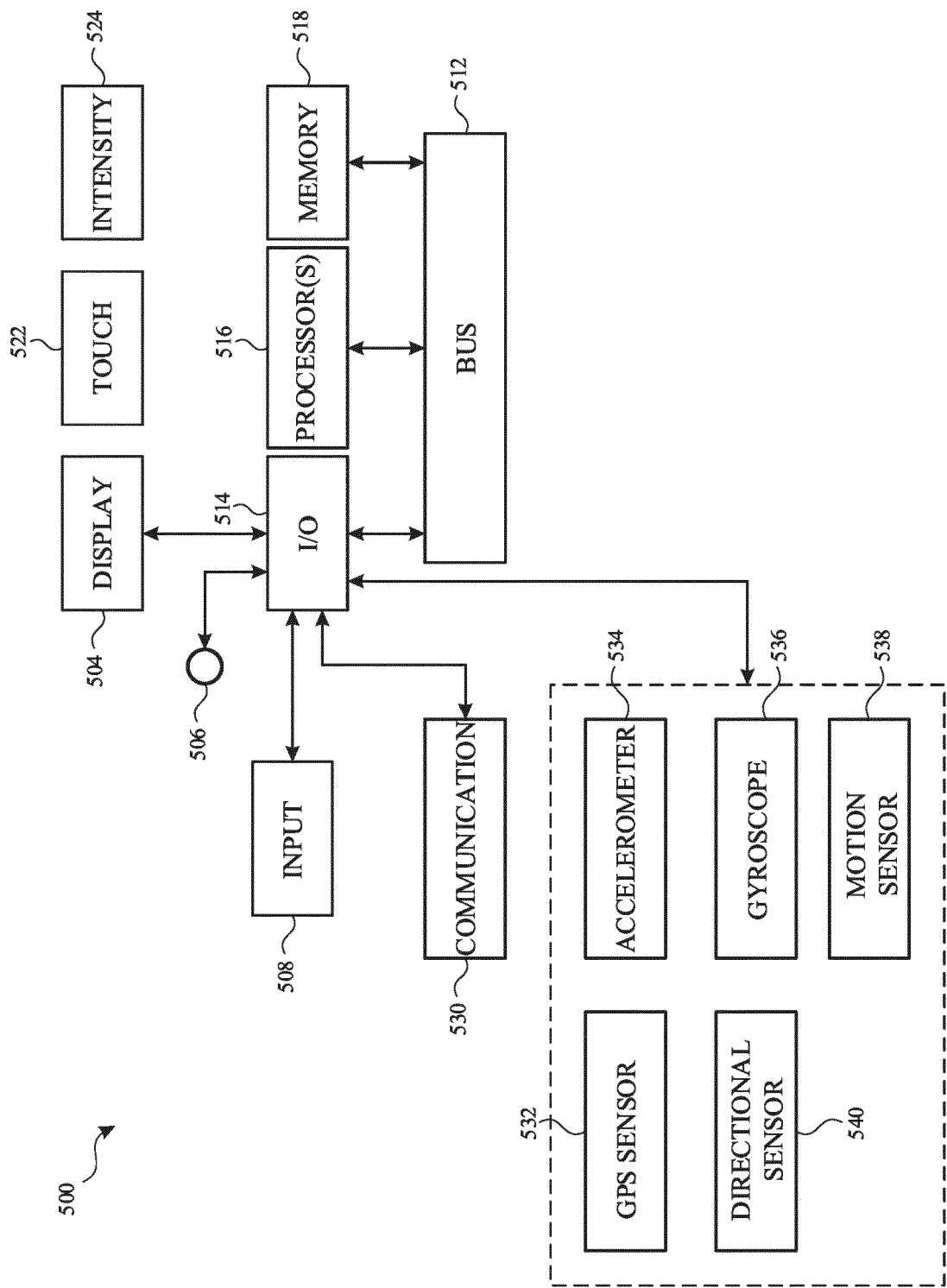


FIG. 5B

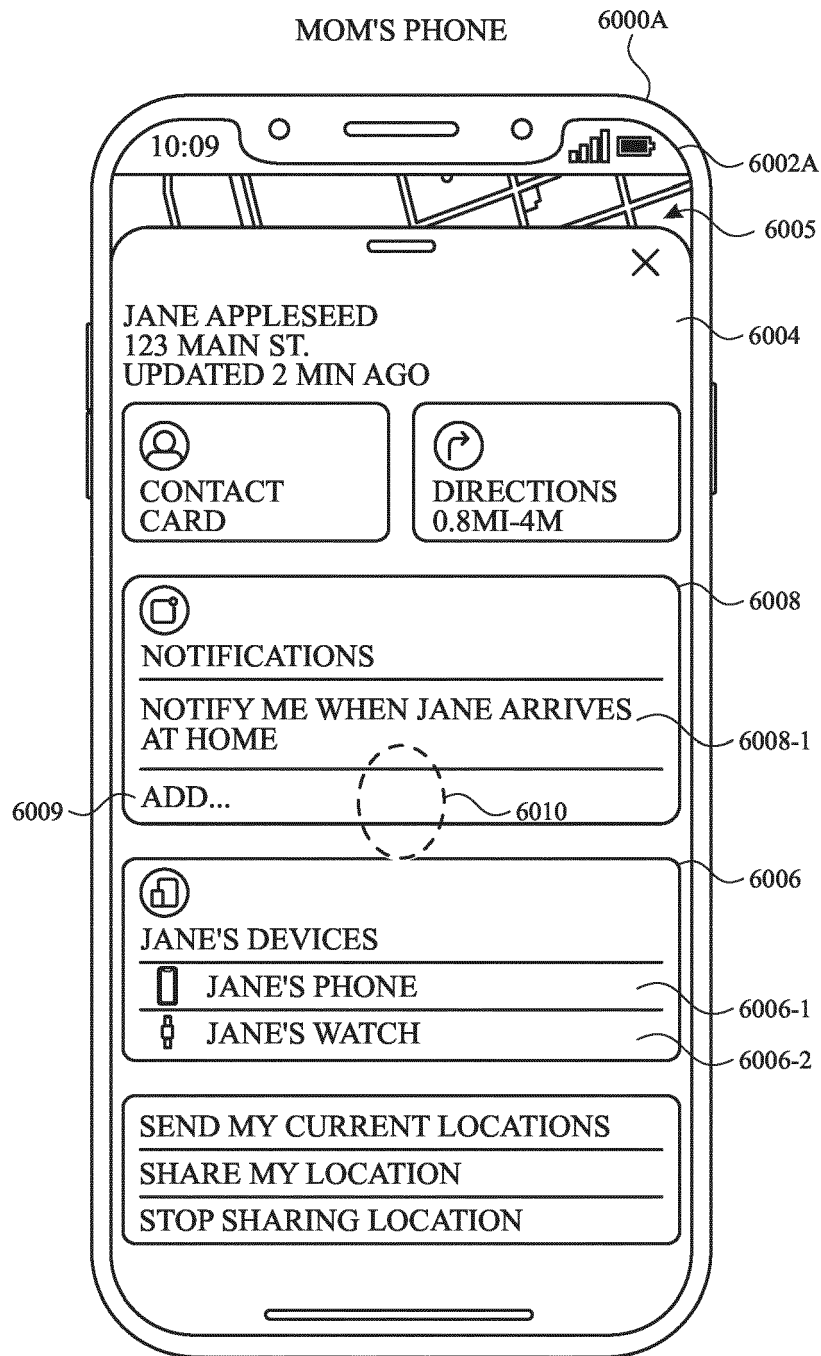


FIG. 6A

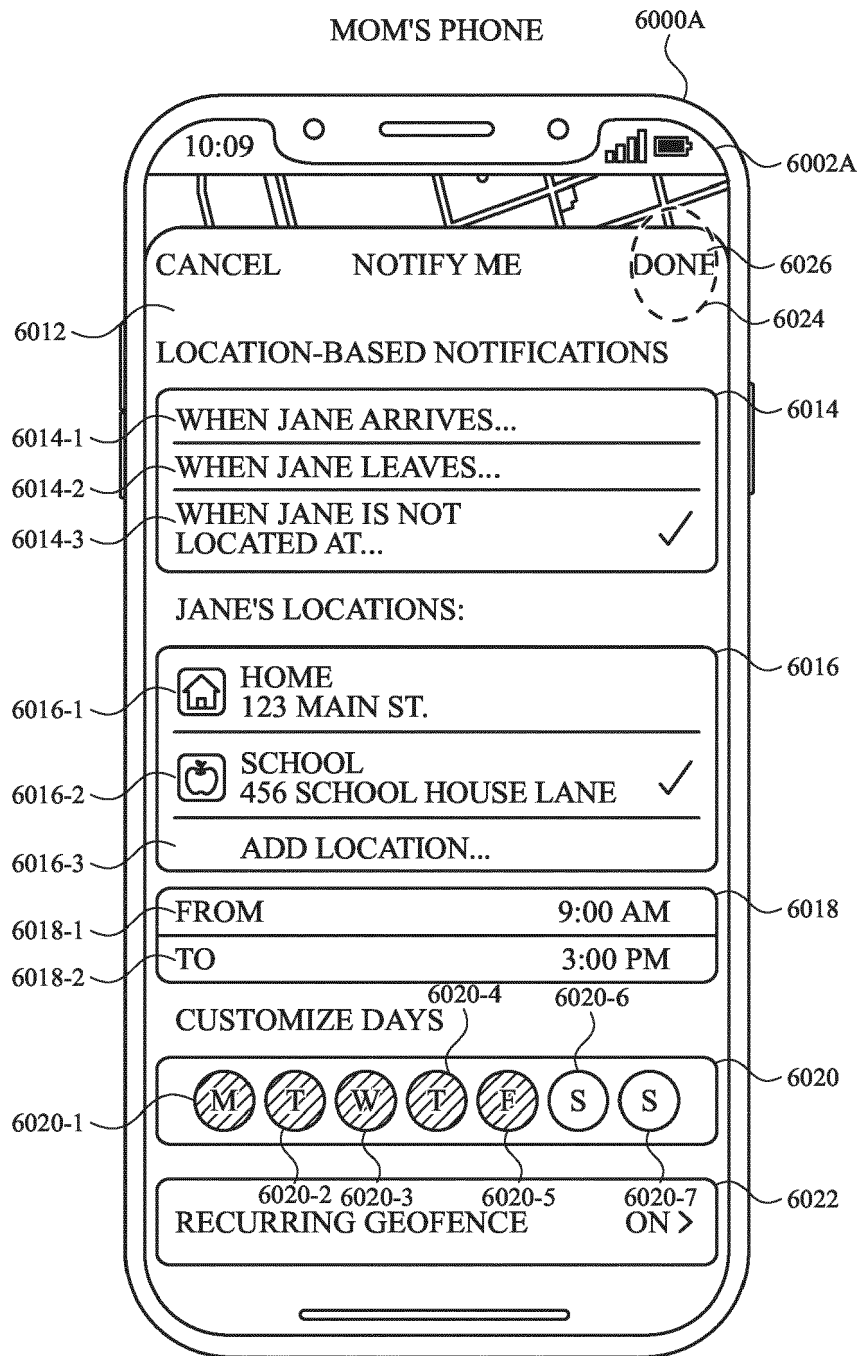


FIG. 6B

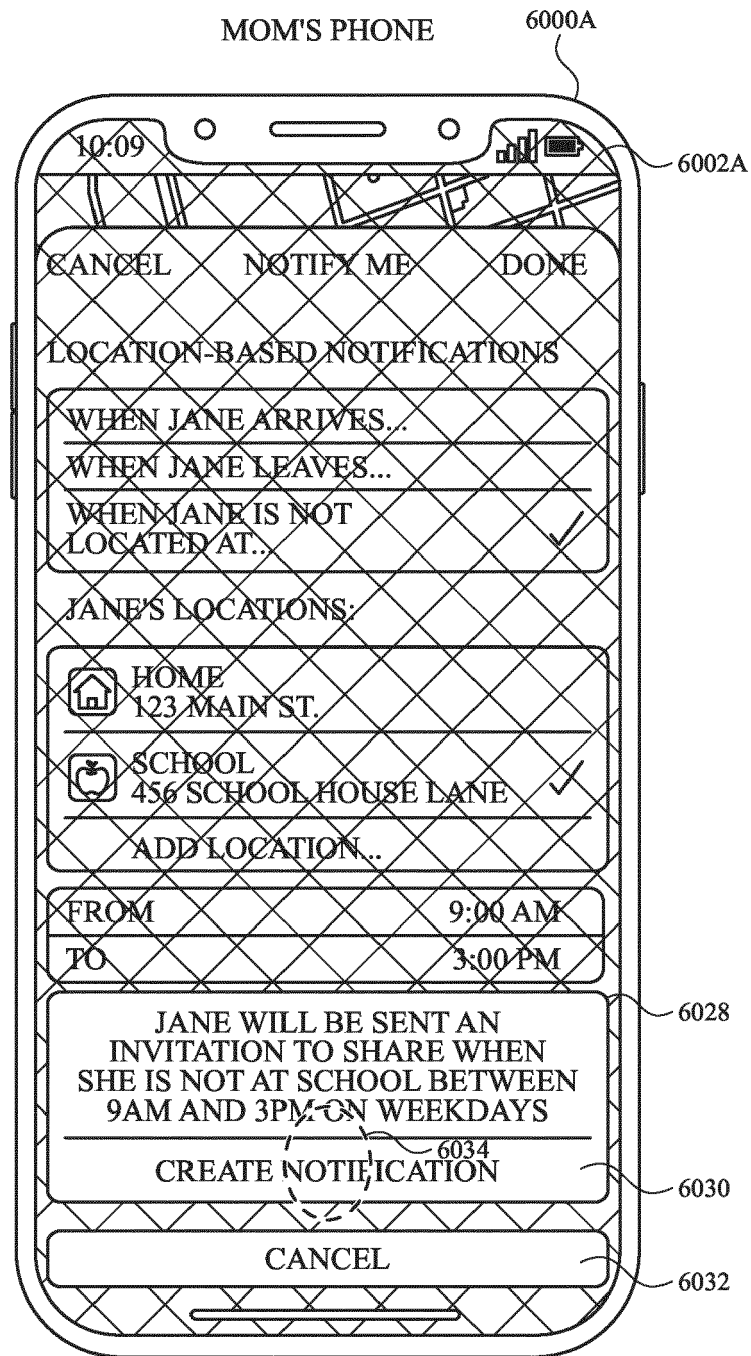


FIG. 6C

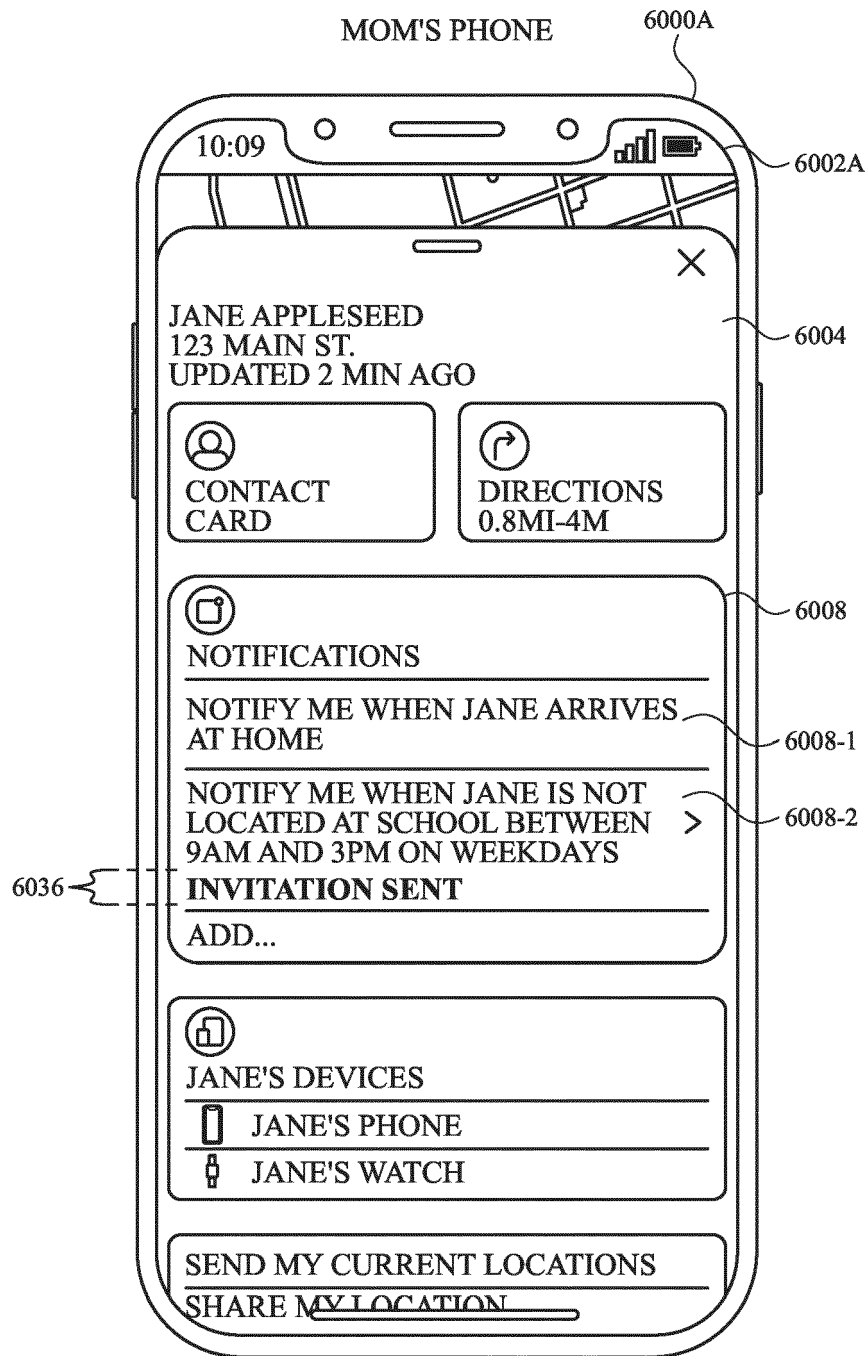


FIG. 6D

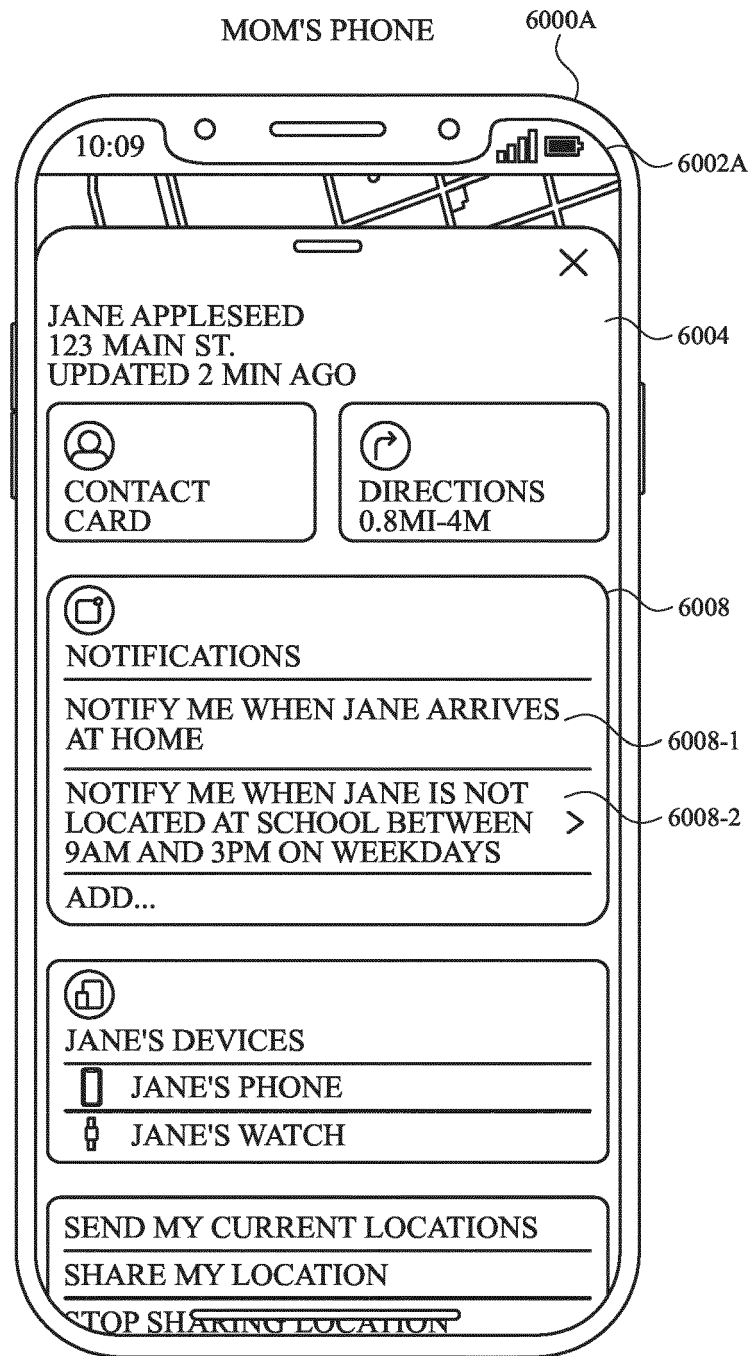


FIG. 6E

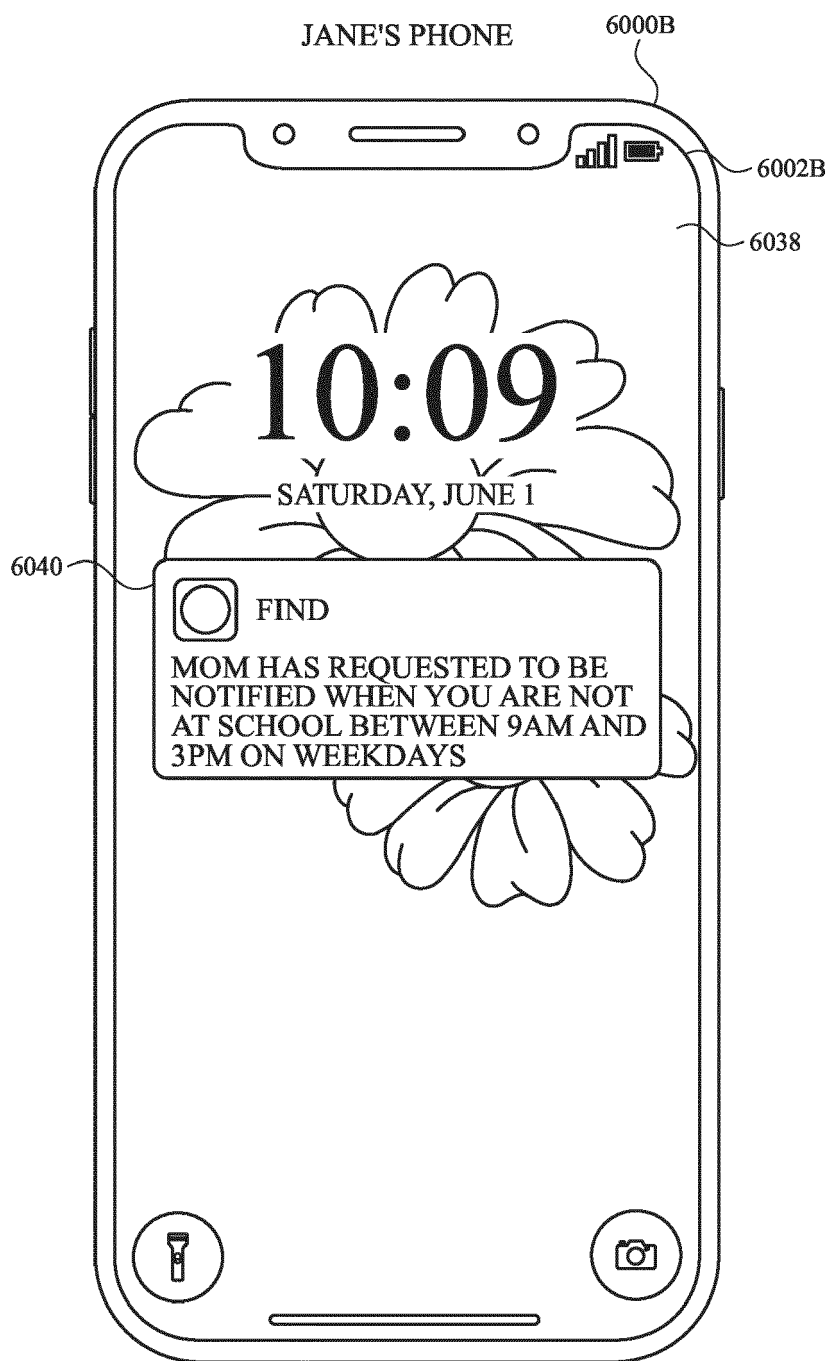


FIG. 6F

JANE'S PHONE



FIG. 6G

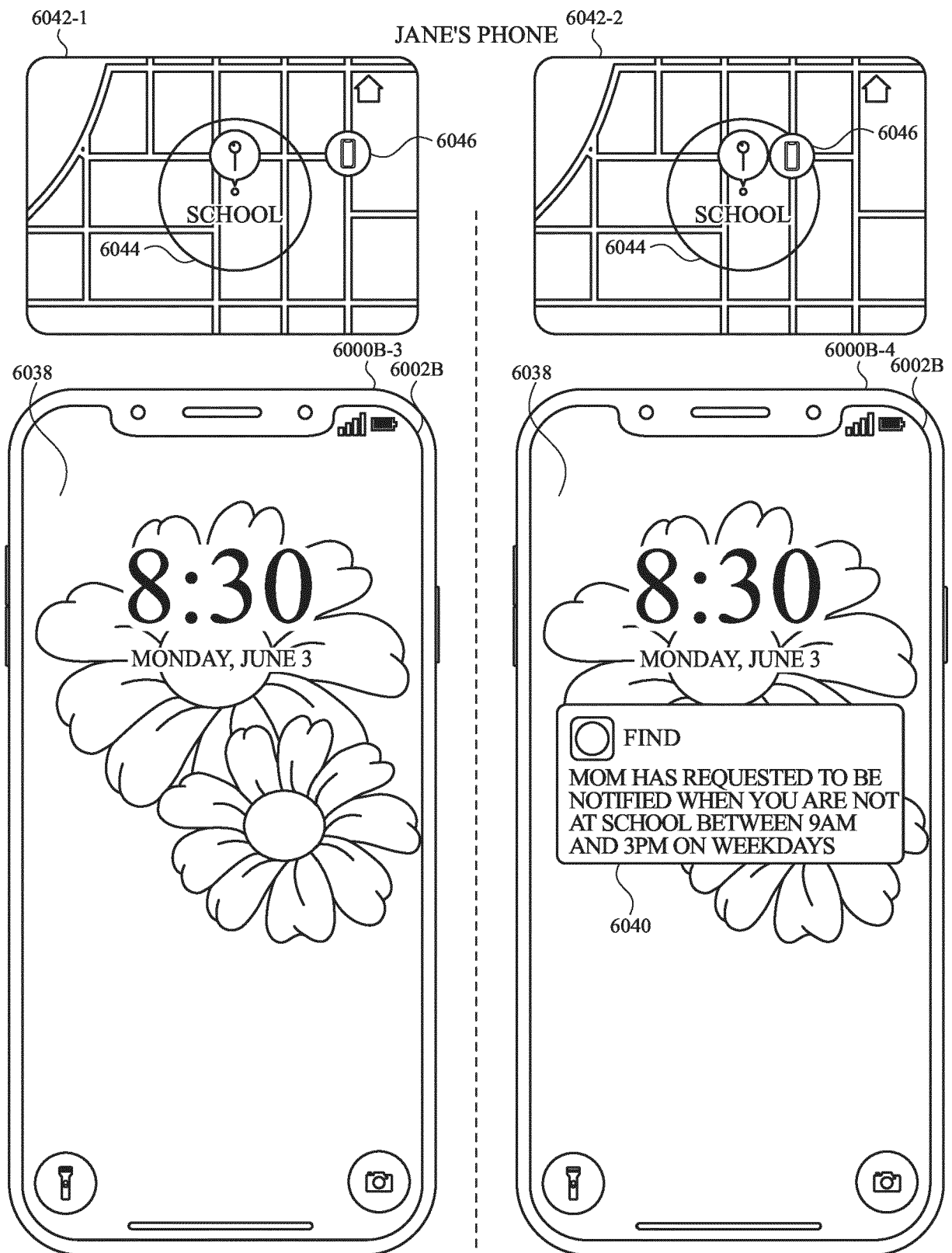


FIG. 6H

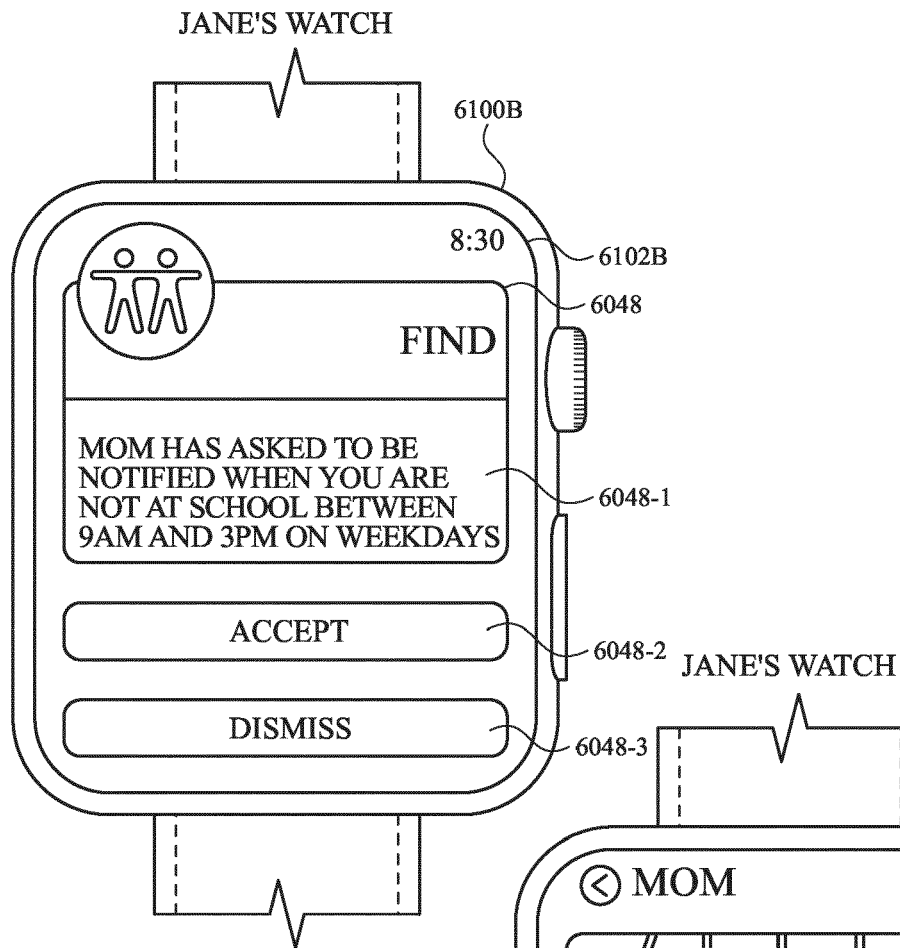


FIG. 6I

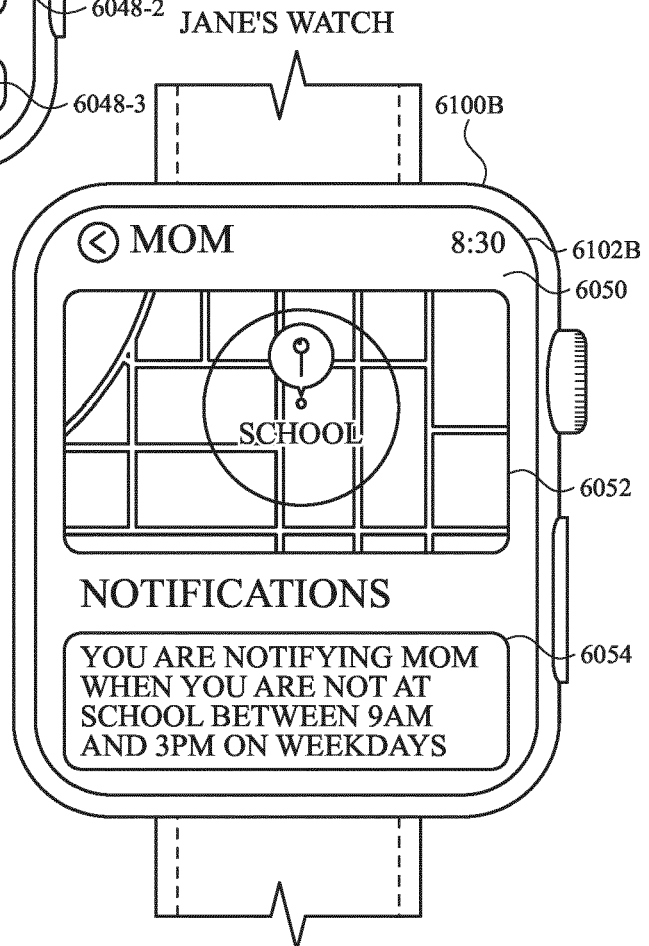


FIG. 6J

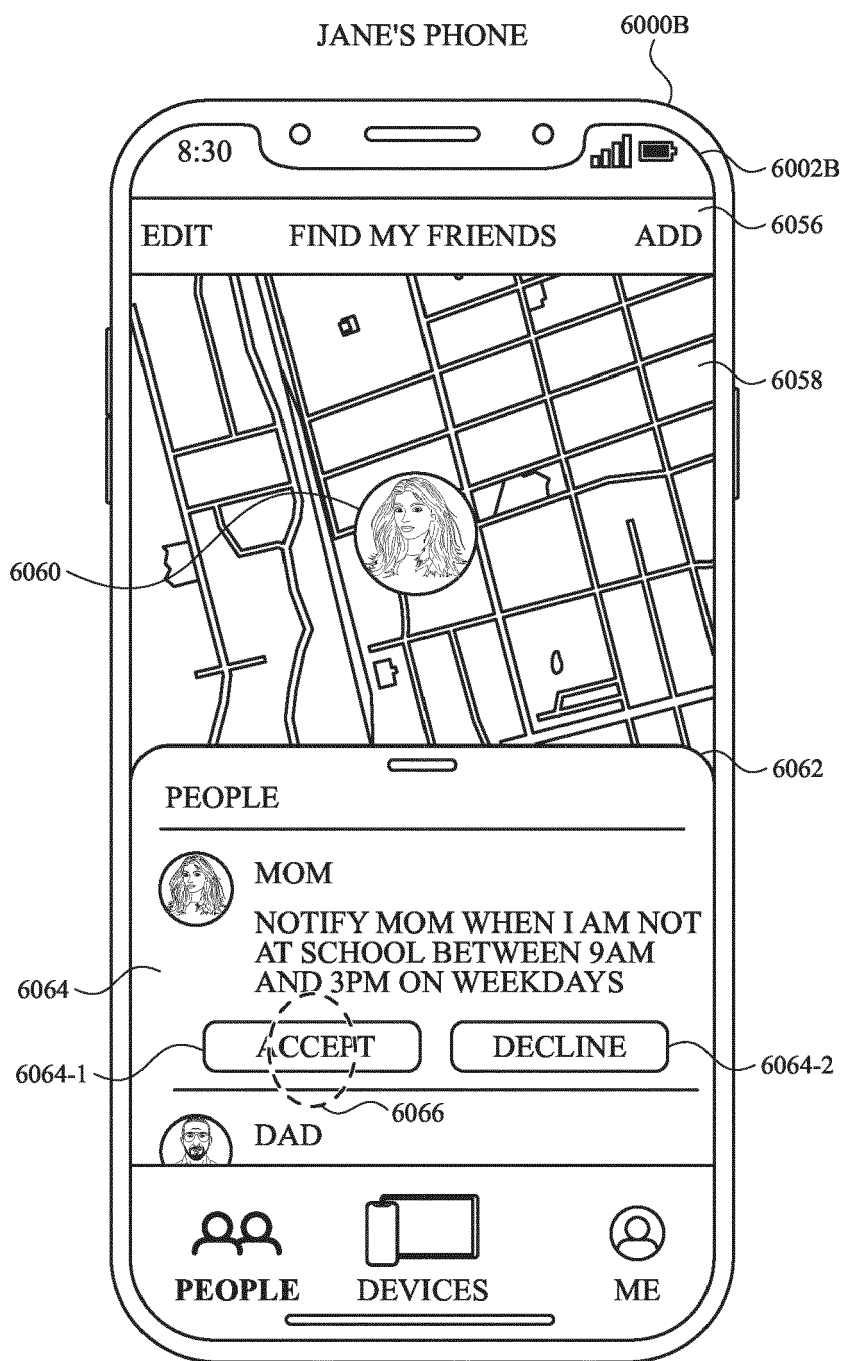


FIG. 6K

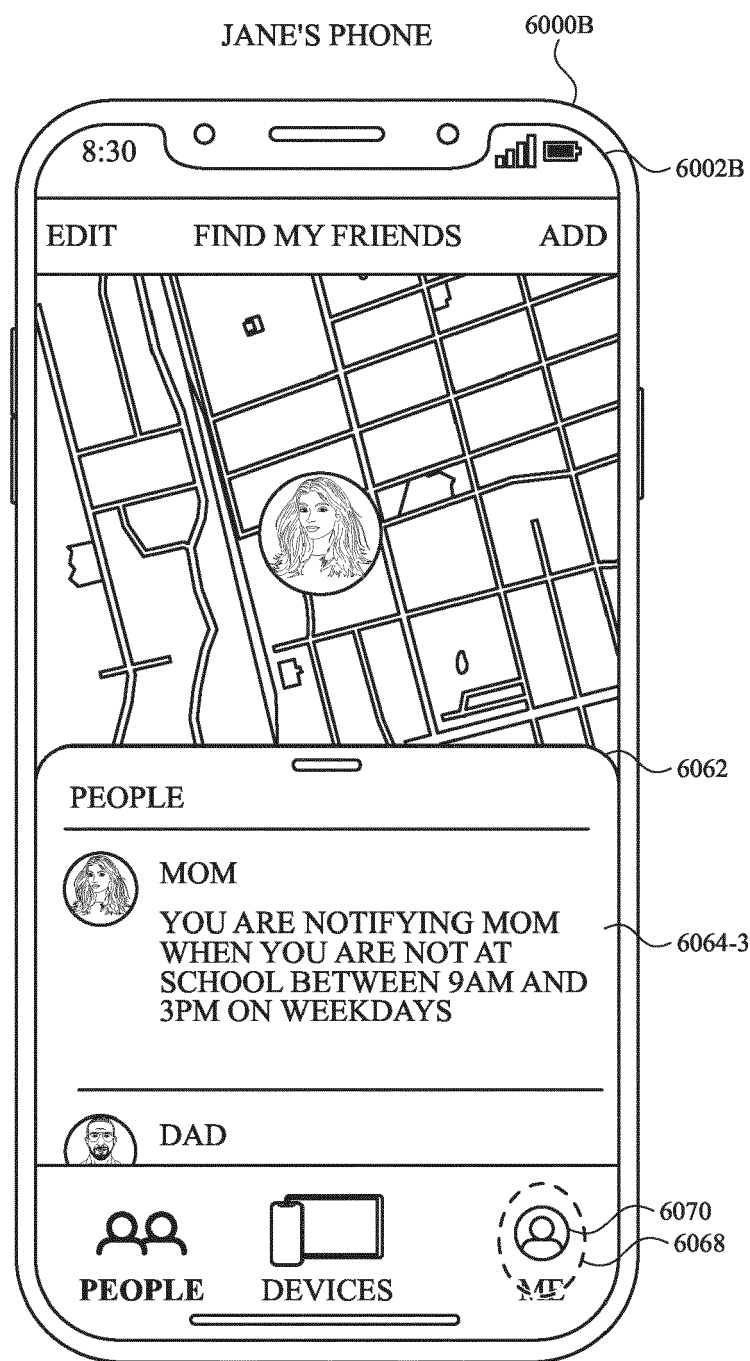


FIG. 6L

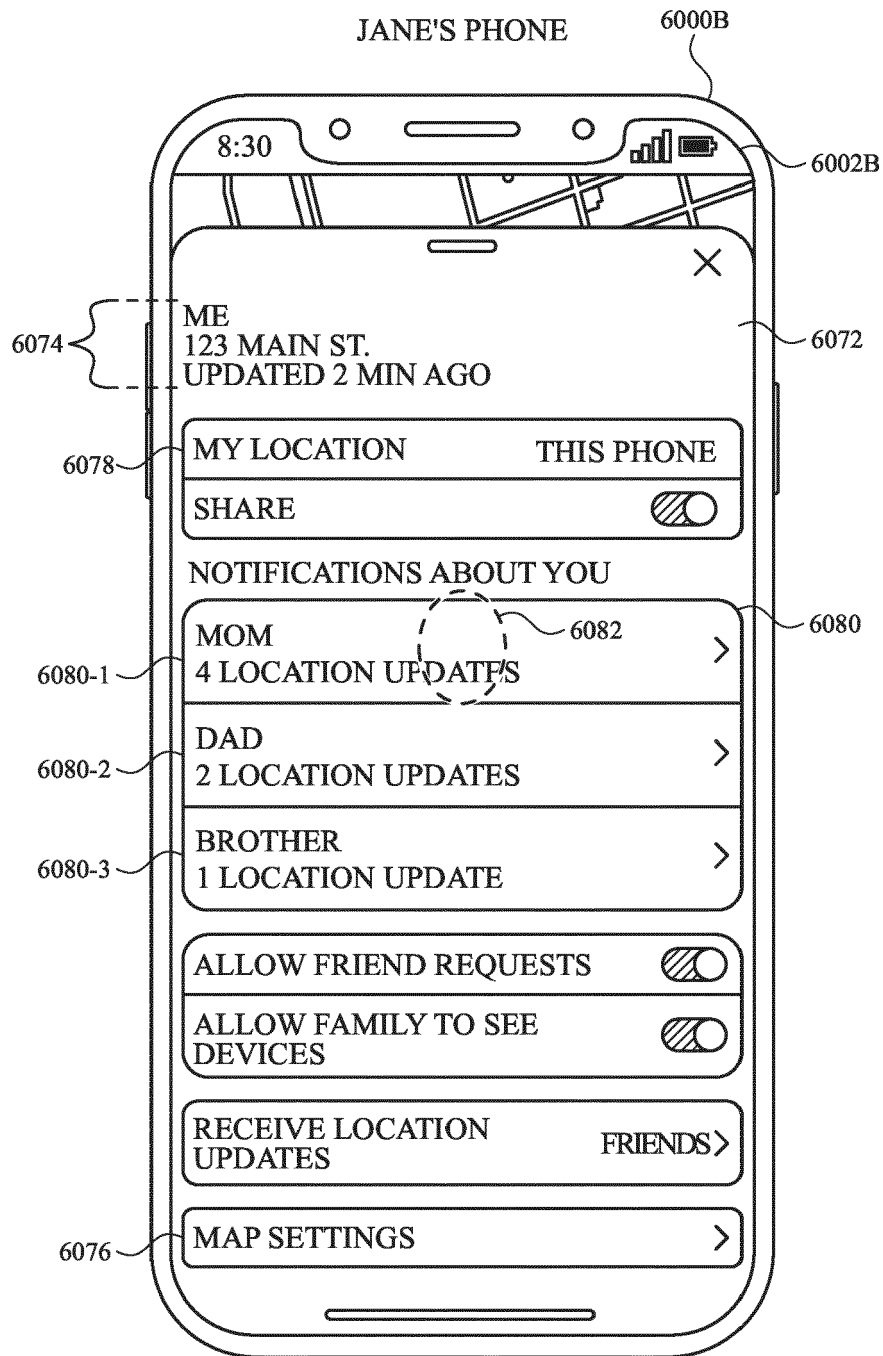


FIG. 6M

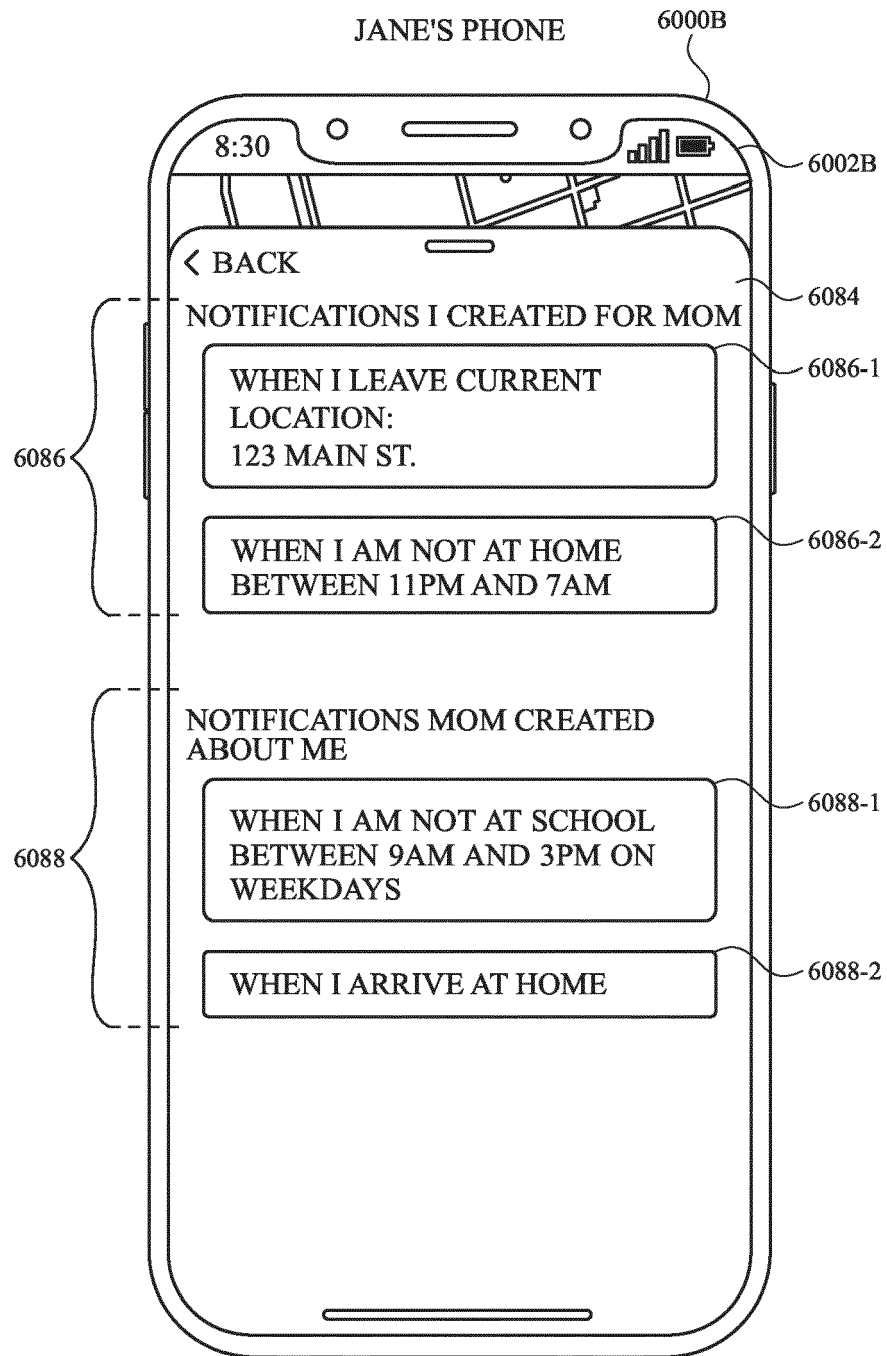


FIG. 6N

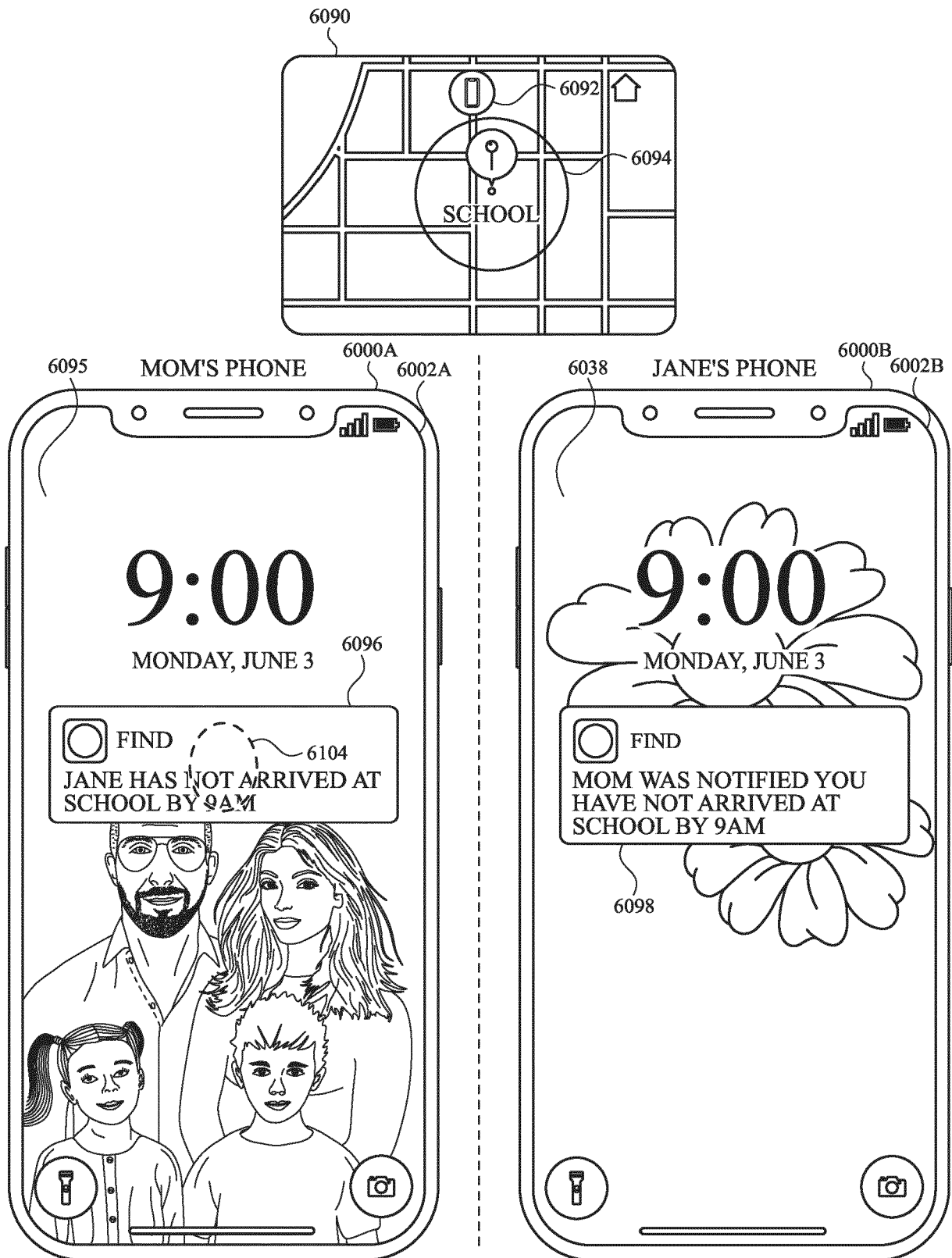


FIG. 60

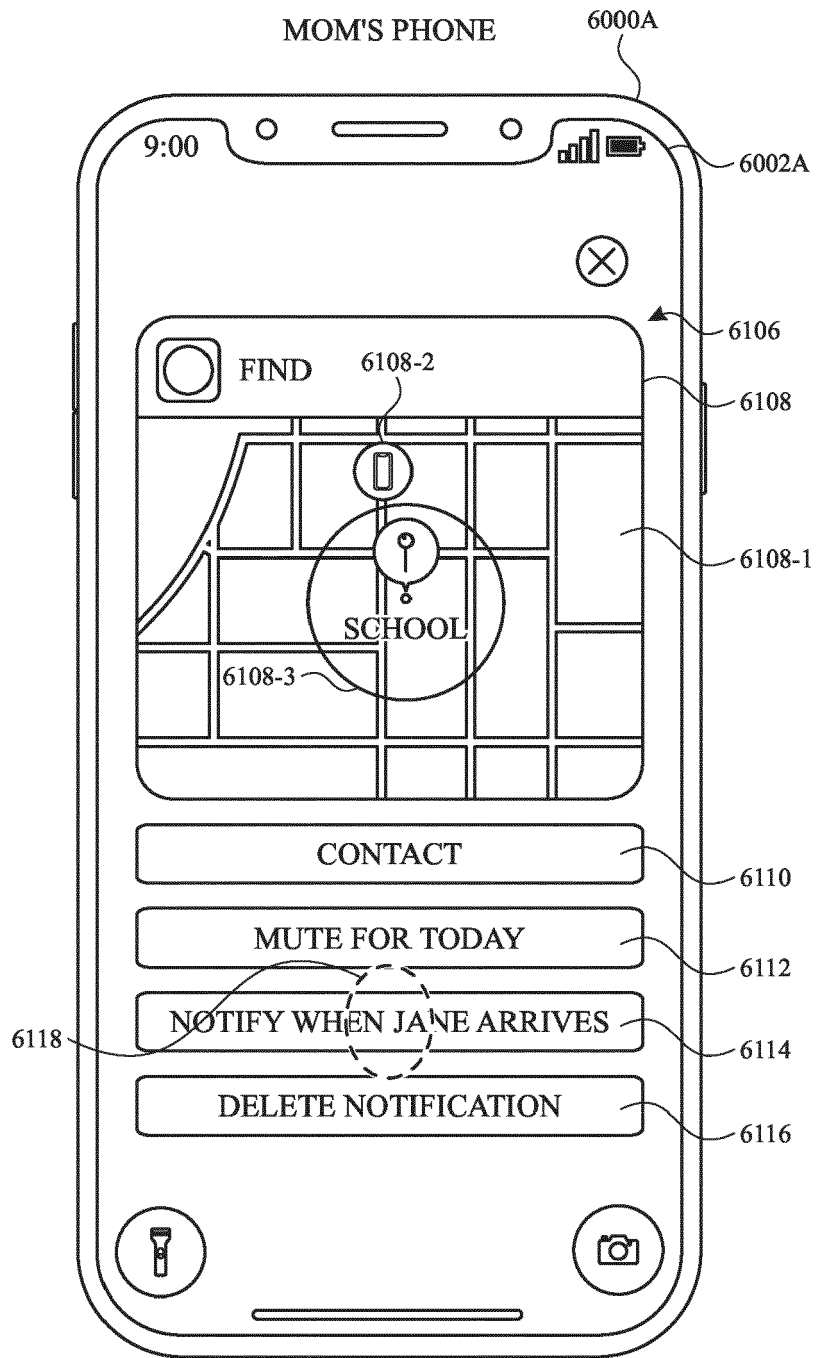


FIG. 6P

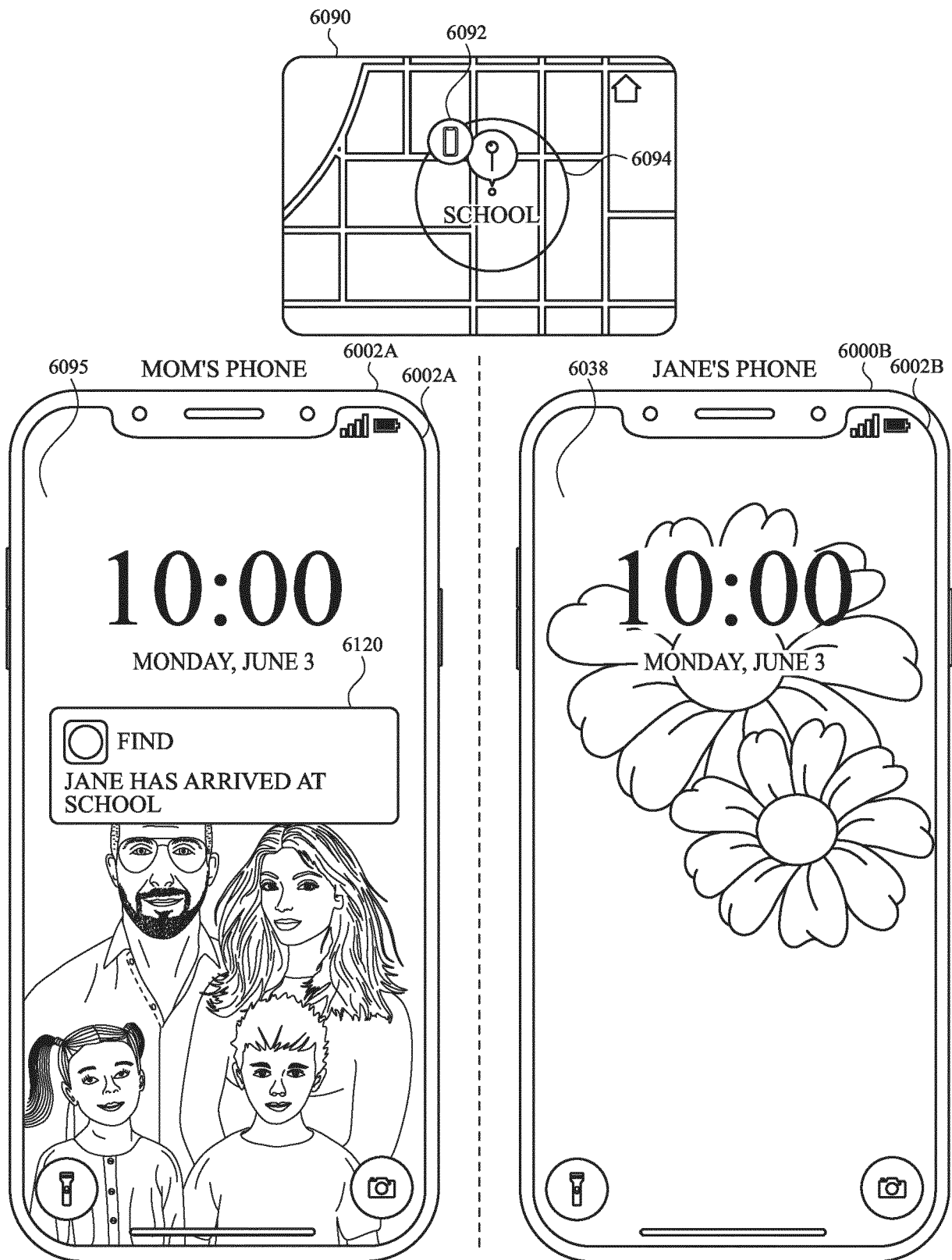


FIG. 6Q

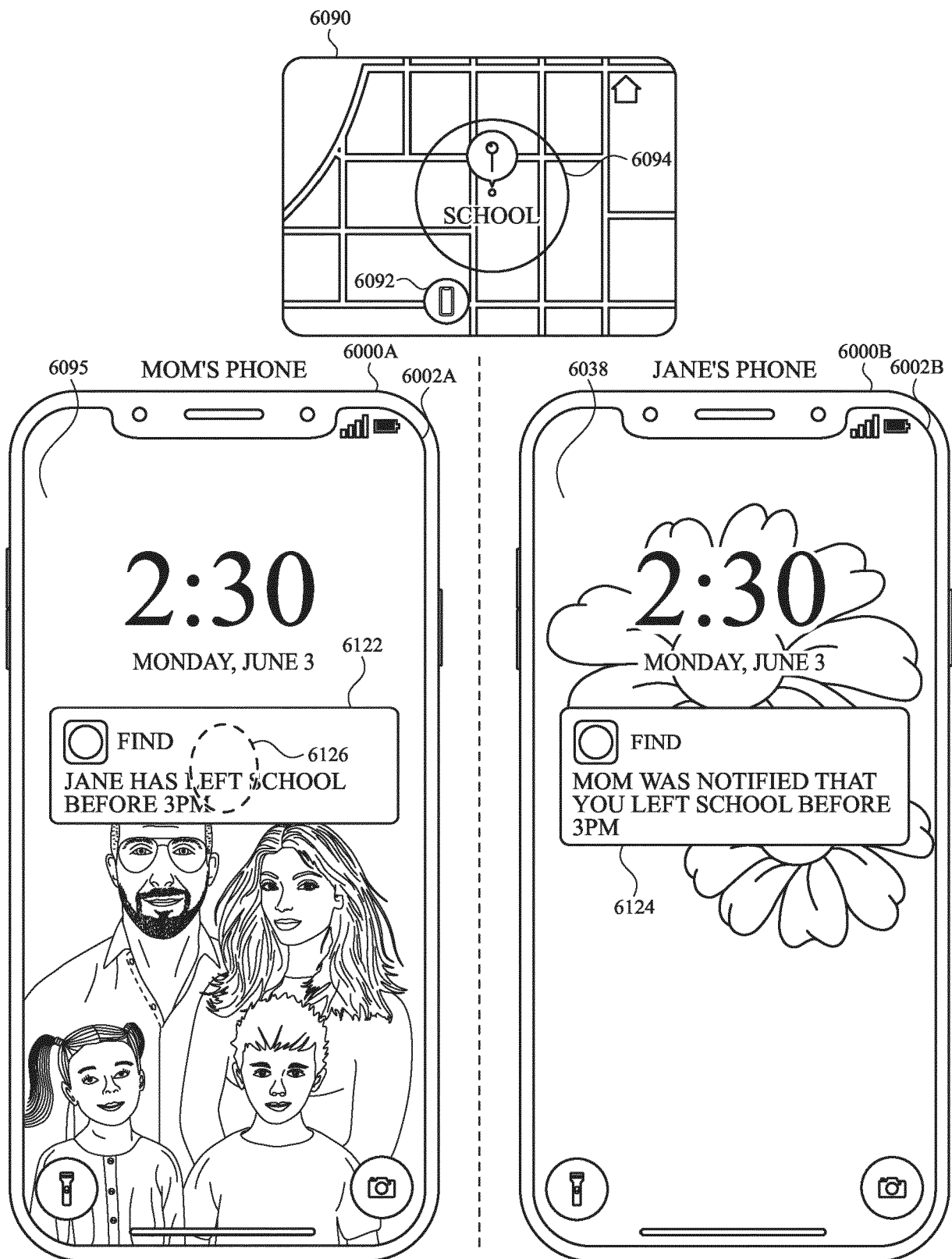


FIG. 6R

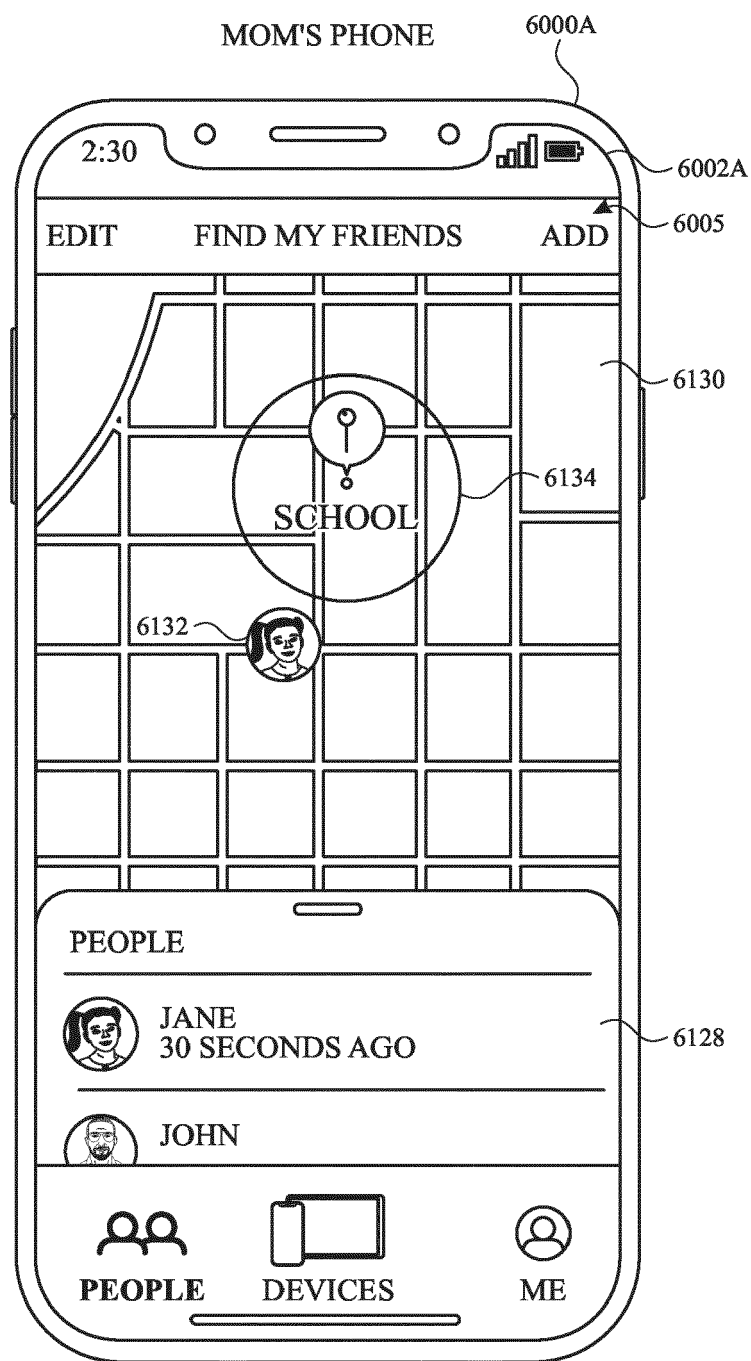


FIG. 6S

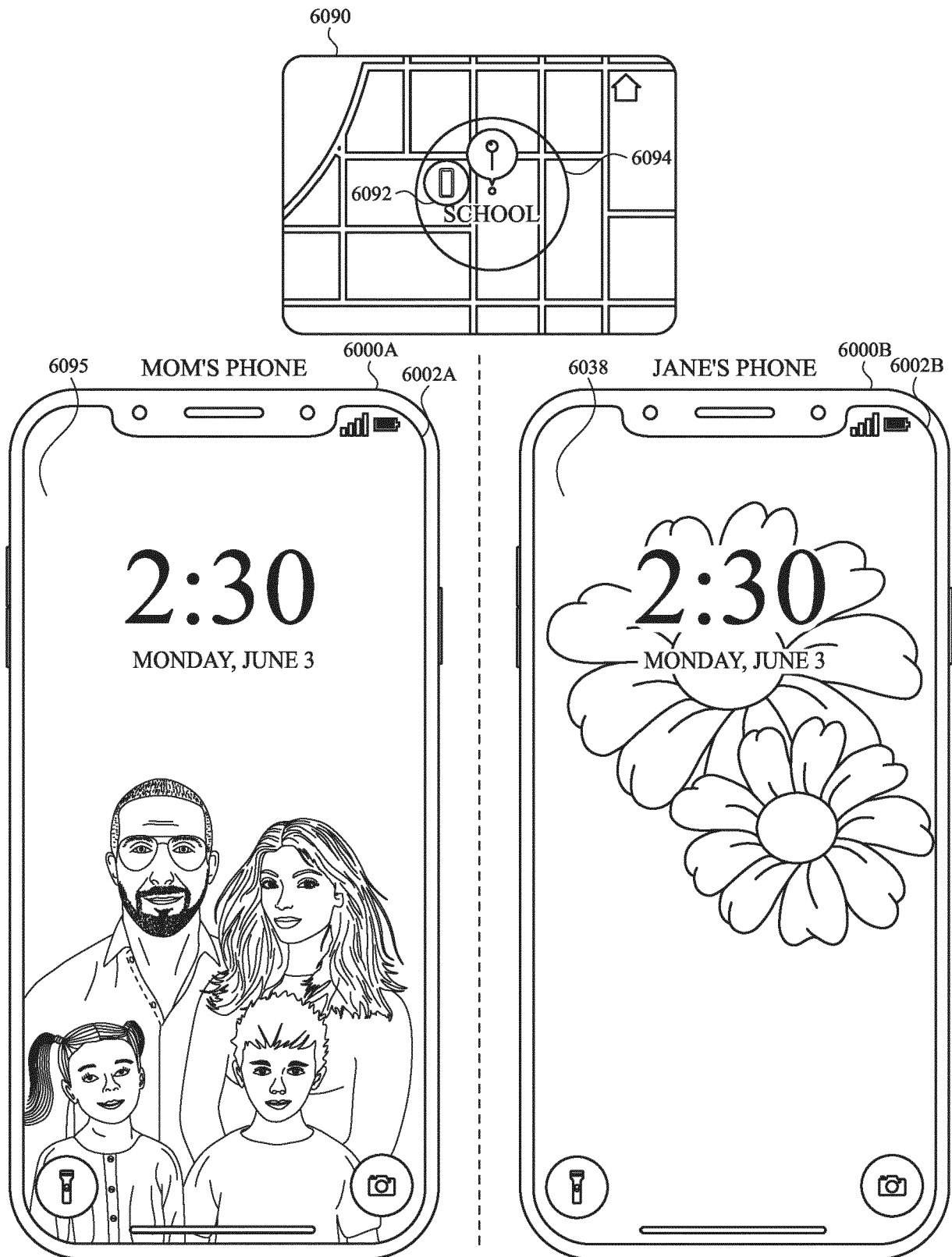


FIG. 6T

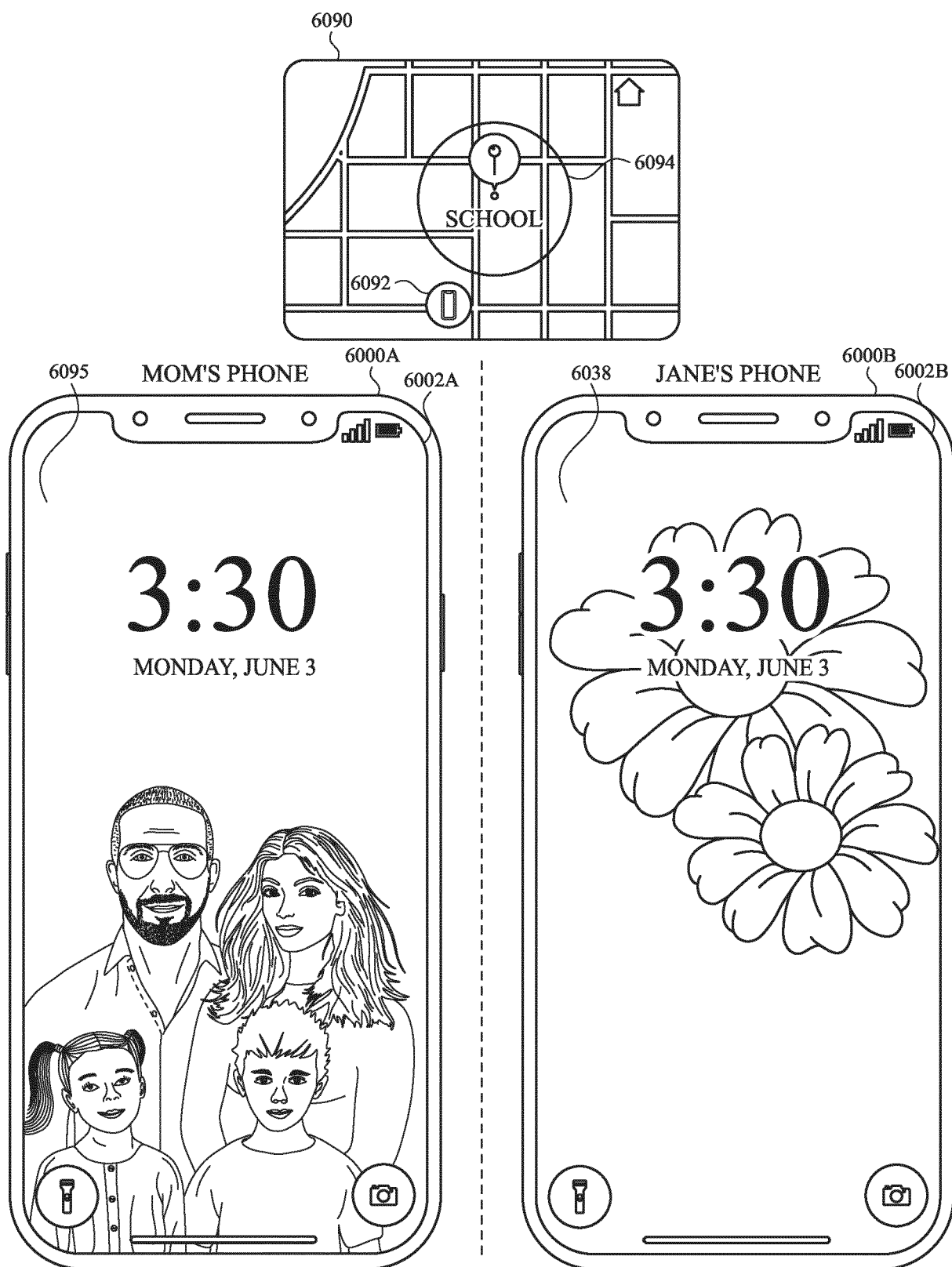
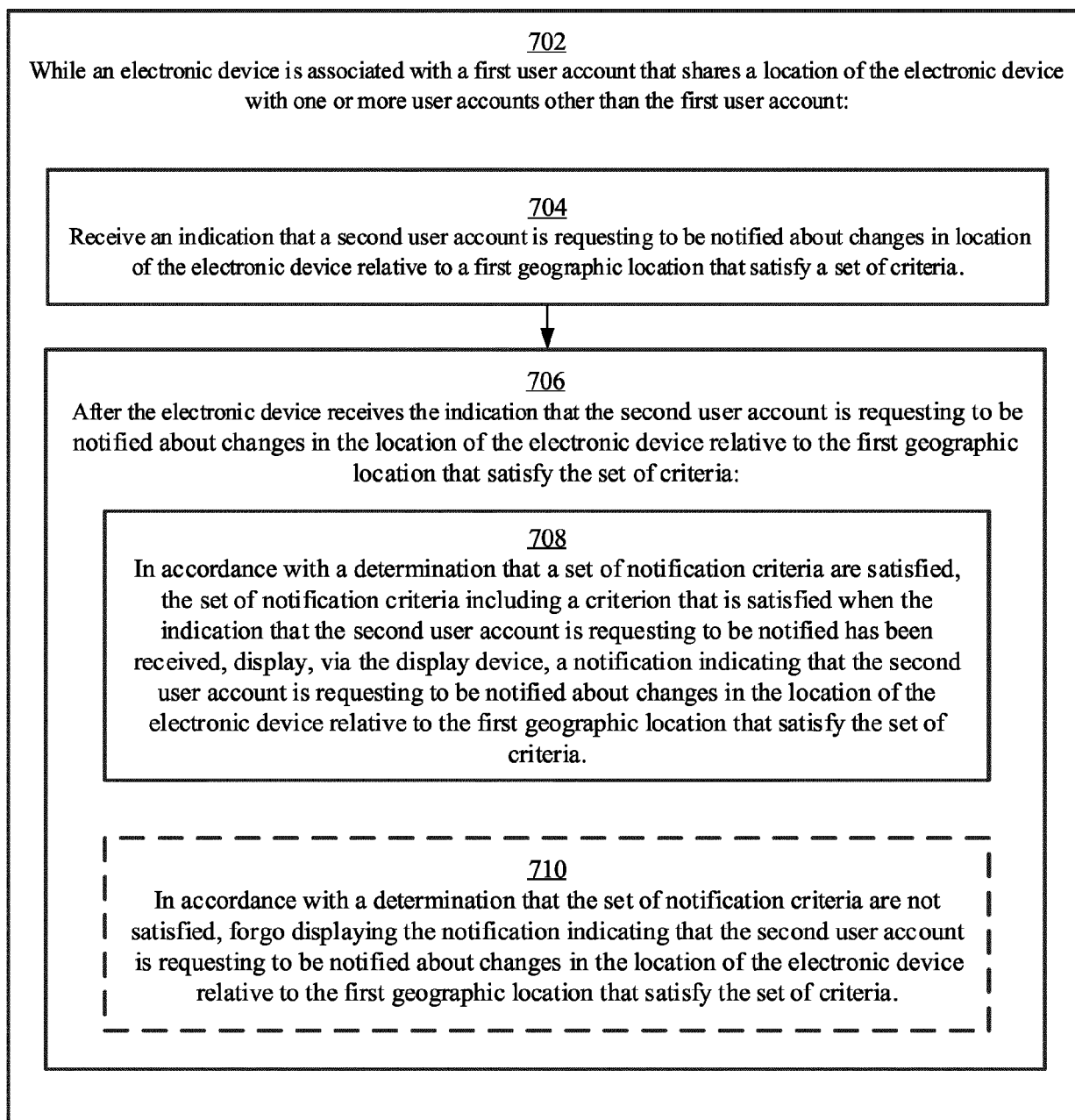


FIG. 6U

700 →

**FIG. 7**

800 →

802

While a current location associated with a user account is being evaluated relative to a geographic location and a range of times:

804

In accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, generate an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

806

In accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account does not have a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgo generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

808

In accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account has a predefined relationship to the geographic location at a time that is outside of the range of times, forgo generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location

810

In accordance with a determination that the current location associated with the user account has a predefined relationship to the geographic location during the range of times, forgo generating an alert indicating that the current location associated with the user account does not have the predefined relationship to the geographic location.

FIG. 8

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

This list of references cited by the applicant is for the reader's convenience only. It does not form part of the European patent document. Even though great care has been taken in compiling the references, errors or omissions cannot be excluded and the EPO disclaims all liability in this regard.

Patent documents cited in the description

- US 32254905 [0037]
- US 7657849 B [0037]
- US 6323846 B, Westerman [0041]
- US 6570557 B, Westerman [0041]
- US 6677932 B, Westerman [0041]
- US 20020015024 A1 [0041]
- US 38131306 [0042]
- US 84086204 [0042]
- US 90396404 [0042]
- US 04826405 [0042]
- US 03859005 [0042]
- US 22875805 [0042]
- US 22870005 [0042]
- US 22873705 [0042]
- US 36774906 [0042]
- US 241839 [0049]
- US 11240788 B [0049]
- US 11620702 B [0049]
- US 11586862 B [0049]
- US 11638251 B [0049]
- US 20050190059 A [0051]
- US 20060017692 A [0051]
- US 93656207 [0081]
- US 96806707 [0081]
- US 2013040061 W [0122]
- WO 2013169849 A [0122]
- US 2013069483 W [0122]
- WO 2014105276 A [0122]